

SIEMENS



Siemens BACnet ATEC Owner's Manual

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How To Use This Manual

This manual is written for the owner and user of the Siemens BACnet Actuating Terminal Equipment Controller (ATEC). It is designed to help you become familiar with the Siemens BACnet ATEC and its applications.

This section covers manual organization, manual conventions, symbols used in the manual, and other information that will help you use this manual.

Manual Organization


This manual contains the following chapters:

- *Chapter 1 - Hardware*, describes the hardware components and the accessories that are used with the BACnet ATEC.
- *Chapter 2 - Applications*, describes the control applications available in the model of the BACnet ATEC that includes a terminal block for wireable input/output connections.
- *Chapter 3 - Point Database*, defines the point database descriptors and includes address and applications.
- *Chapter 4 - Troubleshooting*, describes basic corrective measures you can take should you encounter a problem when using the BACnet ATEC. For issues not covered in this chapter, consult your local Siemens Industry representative.
- The *Glossary* describes the terms and acronyms used in this manual.
- The *Index* helps you locate information presented in this manual.

Manual Conventions




The following table lists conventions to help you use this manual in a quick and efficient manner.

Convention	Examples
Numbered Lists (1, 2, 3...) indicate a procedure with sequential steps.	1. Turn OFF power to the field panel. 2. Turn ON power to the field panel. 3. Contact the local Siemens Industry representative.
Conditions that must be completed or met before beginning a task are designated with a ▷. Intermediate results (what will happen following the execution of a step), are designated with a ⇒. Results, which inform the user that a task was completed successfully, are designated with a ⇨.	▷Composer software is properly installed. ▷A Valid license is available. 1. Select Start > Programs > Siemens > GMS > Composer . ⇒The Project Management window displays. 2. Open an existing project or create a new one. ⇨The project window displays.
Actions that should be performed are specified in boldface font.	Type F for Field panels. Click OK to save changes and close the dialog box.
Error and system messages are displayed in Courier New font.	The message <code>Report Definition successfully renamed</code> displays in the status bar.
New terms appearing for the first time are italicized.	The field panel continuously executes a user-defined set of instructions called the <i>control</i> .

Convention	Examples
	<i>program.</i>
	This symbol signifies Notes. Notes provide additional information or helpful hints.
Cross references to other information are indicated with an arrow and the page number, enclosed in brackets: [→92]	For more information on creating flowcharts, see Flowcharts [→92].
Placeholders indicate text that can vary based on your selection. Placeholders are specified by italicized letters, and enclosed with brackets [].	Type A C D H [<i>username</i>] [<i>field panel #</i>].

Manual Symbols

The following table lists the safety symbols used in this manual to draw attention to important information.

Symbol	Meaning	Description
NOTICE	CAUTION	Equipment damage may occur if a procedure or instruction is not followed as specified. (For online documentation, the NOTICE displays in white with a blue background.)
	CAUTION	Minor or moderate injury may occur if a procedure or instruction is not followed as specified.
	WARNING	Personal injury or property damage may occur if a procedure or instruction is not followed as specified.
	DANGER	Electric shock, death, or severe property damage may occur if a procedure or instruction is not followed as specified.

Getting Help

For more information about the Siemens BACnet Actuating Terminal Equipment Controller (ATEC), contact your local Siemens Industry representative.

Where to Send Comments

Your feedback is important to us. If you have comments about this manual, please submit them to SBT_technical.editor.us.sbt@siemens.com

Chapter 1 – Product Overview

The BACnet Actuating Terminal Equipment Controller (ATEC) is the Siemens Industry FLN controller used in pressure independent Variable Air Volume applications. It provides Direct Digital Control (DDC) for eight applications, and can operate independently as a stand-alone DDC room controller or networked with a field panel. The controller provides all input/output, system, and local communication connections. Hardware consists of the controller and the mounting bracket.

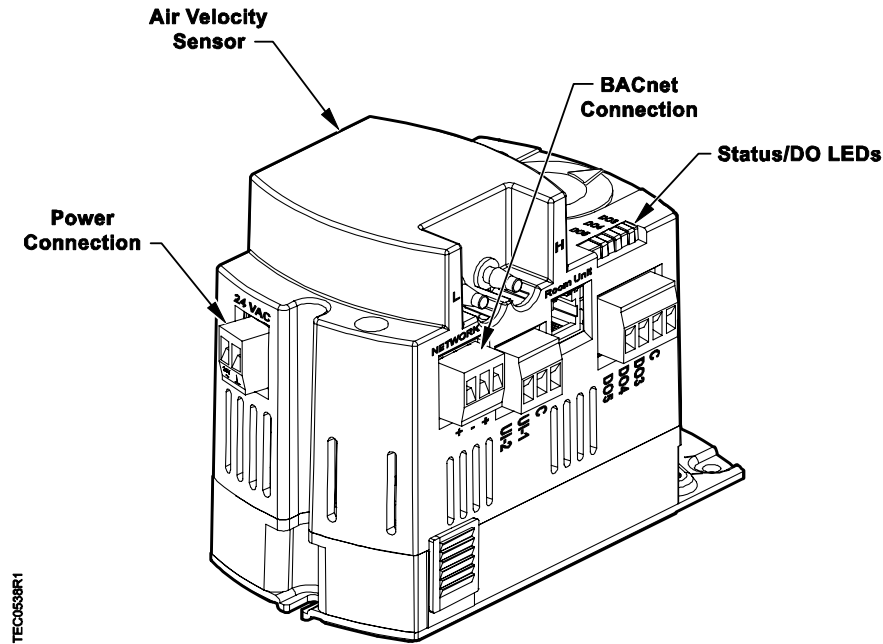
Table 1 lists the BACnet ATEC products that are covered:

Table 1. BACnet ATEC – Electronic Output Applications.	
Application Number	Application Description
2860	VAV Cooling Only
2861	VAV Cooling or Heating
2862	VAV with Electronic Reheat or Baseboard Radiation
2863	VAV with Hot Water Reheat
2864	VAV Series Fan Powered with Electric Reheat
2865	VAV Series Fan Powered with Hot Water Reheat
2866	VAV Parallel Fan Powered with Electric Reheat
2867	VAV Parallel Fan Powered with Hot Water Reheat
2897	Slave Mode

Ordering Notes

BACnet ATEC Models

Part Number	Description
550-440	BACnet ATEC Model 0001, cooling only (GDE)
550-441	BACnet ATEC Model 0001, cooling only (GLB)
550-445	BACnet ATEC Model 2301, full feature (GDE)
550-446	BACnet ATEC Model 2301, full feature (GLB)



Siemens BACnet ATEC.

Hardware Inputs

Analog

Air velocity sensor	Application 2860 Application 2862
Room temperature sensor	Application 2860 Application 2861 Application 2862 Application 2863 Application 2864 Application 2865 Application 2866 Application 2867
Room temperature setpoint dial (optional)	Application 2860 Application 2861 Application 2862 Application 2863 Application 2864 Application 2865 Application 2866 Application 2867
Duct temperature sensor (optional)	Application 2861
Spare UI 1 (temperature sensor (10K thermistor) or percentage (0-10V/4-20 mA))*	Application 2860 Application 2861 Application 2862 Application 2863 Application 2864 Application 2865 Application 2866 Application 2867
Spare UI 2 (temperature sensor (10K	Application 2860

thermistor) or percentage (0-10V/4-20 mA))*	Application 2861 Application 2862 Application 2863 Application 2864 Application 2865 Application 2866 Application 2867
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Digital

Night mode override (optional)	Application 2860 Application 2861 Application 2862 Application 2863 Application 2864 Application 2865 Application 2866 Application 2867
Wall switch (optional) or Spare UI 2*	Application 2860 Application 2861 Application 2862 Application 2863 Application 2864 Application 2865 Application 2866 Application 2867
Spare UI 1*	Application 2860 Application 2861 Application 2862 Application 2863 Application 2864 Application 2865 Application 2866 Application 2867

* Feature available on the full feature BACnet ATEC only.

Hardware Outputs

Analog

None	Application 2860 Application 2861 Application 2862 Application 2863 Application 2864 Application 2865 Application 2866 Application 2867
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Digital

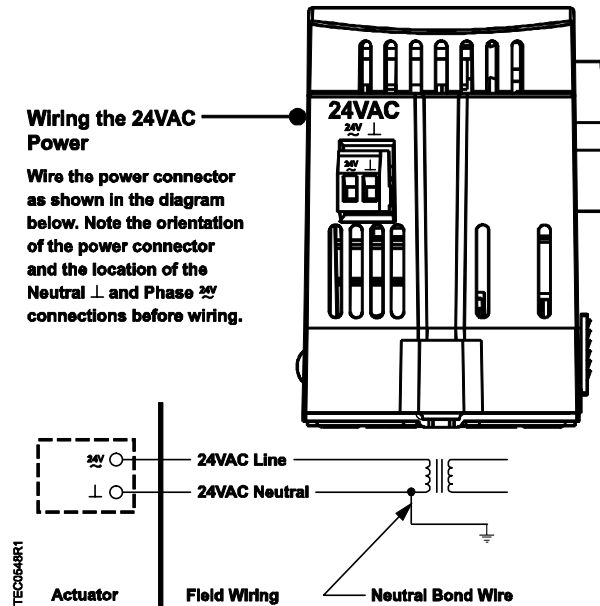
Damper actuator	Application 2860 Application 2861 Application 2862
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	Application 2863 Application 2864 Application 2865 Application 2866 Application 2867
Valve actuator (DO 3/DO 4)	Application 2863 Application 2865 Application 2867
Stage 1 electric heat or 2-position heating valve (or Spare DO 3)	Application 2862 Application 2864 Application 2866
Stage 2 electric heat (or Spare DO 4)	Application 2862 Application 2864 Application 2866
Stage 3 electric heat (or Spare DO 5)	Application 2862
Spare DO 3, DO 4 or (DO 3/DO 4 spare floating actuator)*	Application 2860 Application 2861
Spare DO 5*	Application 2860 Application 2861 Application 2863
Series Fan (DO 5/ DO 6)	Application 2864 Application 2865
Parallel Fan (DO 5/DO 6)	Application 2866 Application 2867

* Feature available on the full feature BACnet ATEC only.

Power Wiring

The controller is powered by 24 Vac. Power wiring connects to the two screw terminals on the controller labeled "C" (Common) and "H" (Hot) on the terminal block labeled "24 VAC". No earth ground connection is required.

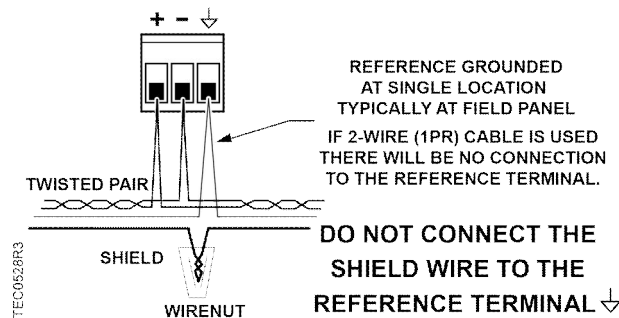


Power Wiring.

Communication Wiring

The controller connects to the field panel by means of a Floor Level Network (FLN) trunk. Communication wiring connects to the three screw terminals on the controller labeled "+" (positive), "-" (negative), and "↓" (Reference ground).

3-WIRE FLN TRUNK



Controller LED Indicators

The controller has six Light Emitting Diode (LED) indicators (see the figure *Siemens BACnet ATEC*).

Controller LEDs.			
LED Type	Label (if present)*	LED Number	Indication
DO	LED 3 - LED 5	3 - 5	Indicates the ON/OFF status of the DO associated with it. A glowing LED indicates that

Controller LEDs.			
LED Type	Label (if present)*	LED Number	Indication
			the DO is energized.
Transmit	TX	0	Indicates, when flashing, that the controller is transmitting information to the field panel.
Receive	RX	1	Indicates, when flashing, that the controller is receiving information from the field panel.
BST "Basic Sanity Test"	BST	2	Indicates, when flashing ON and OFF once per second, that the controller is functioning properly.

* Some LED labels and numerals may be hidden by the controller cover.

Temperature Sensors

Room Temperature Sensor

The controller room temperature sensor connects to the controller by means of a cable terminated at both ends with a six-conductor RJ-11 plug-in connector.

Duct Temperature Sensor

An optional duct temperature sensor provides duct air temperature sensing inputs to the controller.

For more information about temperature sensors, contact your local Siemens Industry representative.

Related Equipment

- Relay Module
- Damper Actuator(s)
- Duct Temperature Sensor (optional)
- Room Temperature Sensor

Contact your local Siemens Industry representative for product numbers and more information.

Chapter 2 – Applications

Basic Operation

The BACnet ATEC provides Direct Digital Control (DDC) for Variable Air Volume (VAV) terminal box applications. Temperature control varies with the application. If present, heating can be provided by hot water, up to three stages of electric reheat, or optional baseboard radiation.

Sequencing Logic (optional)

This application has the additional capability to sequence the flow and mechanical heating when heated supply air is available.

Control Temperature Setpoints

The controller maintains a specified temperature setpoint based on Day/Night mode, or the heating/cooling mode, or the setpoint dial (if used).

Day/Night Mode

The controller maintains the specified day setpoint temperature during daytime hours and the specified night setpoint at night.

Night Mode Override Switch

If the ROOM TEMPERATURE SENSOR has an override switch , it can be used to command the controller into day mode for an adjustable period of time. This only affects a controller in night mode .

Control Loops

Temperature Loop – Heating Loop – Cooling Loop

Maintain temperature setpoint by changing the flow setpoint or modulating the heat source (valve/electric heat).

Flow Loop

Maintains flow setpoint by modulating the damper actuator.

Calibration

Air Velocity Sensor

Calibration of the controller's internal air velocity sensor is periodically required to maintain accurate air velocity readings. Calibration may be set to take place automatically or manually.

Hot Water Valve

Calibration of a hot water valve (if used) is done by briefly commanding the valve closed. Application 2863, 2865, 2867.

Damper Status Operation

It is possible, after a period of operation, for the calculated damper position to differ from the actual (physical) damper position.

If this occurs, the controller will *automatically* compensate for any difference by readjusting the calculated damper position. This calculated position may not match the actual position.

Fail-safe Operation

If the air velocity sensor fails, the controller uses pressure dependent control. The temperature loop controls the operation of the damper.

If the room temperature sensor fails, then the controller operates using the last known temperature value.

Heating and Cooling Switchover

The heating/cooling switchover determines whether the controller is in heating or cooling mode by monitoring the room temperature and the demand for heating and cooling (as determined by the temperature control loops).

Modulate Damper During Heating Mode (optional)



⚠ CAUTION

If the damper is set to modulate in heating mode, make sure the controller is in the appropriate mode for the current supply air temperature.

Applications that have a heating source (valve/electric) can be configured to modulate the flow setpoint in sequence with the heating source.

Hot Water Reheat



⚠ CAUTION

Do not set HTG FLOW MIN to 0 cfm (0 lps). A minimum airflow should be provided across the heating coils when the heating valve is open.

When the controller is in cooling mode, the heating valve(s) are closed.

The heating loop modulates the heating valve(s) to warm up the room. In cooling mode, the heating valve is closed.

Electric Reheat



⚠ CAUTION

Verify that the equipment is supplied with safeties by others to ensure that there is airflow across the heating coils when they are to be energized.

The heating loop controls up to three stages of electric reheat to warm up the room. The electric reheat is time modulated using a duty cycle. When the controller is in cooling mode, the electric heat is OFF at all times.

Notes

1. If the temperature swings in the room are excessive or if there is trouble in maintaining the setpoint, contact your local Siemens Industry representative for more information.
2. The BACnet ATEC, as shipped from the factory, keeps all associated equipment OFF. The controller and its equipment are released to application control at start-up.
3. "Safeties by Others": This note implies that the associated equipment has safety features installed, for example adding mechanical stops to the dampers.

Application 2860 VAV Cooling Only

In Application 2860, the controller modulates the supply air damper of the terminal box for cooling. In order for it to work properly, the central air-handling unit must provide cool supply air.

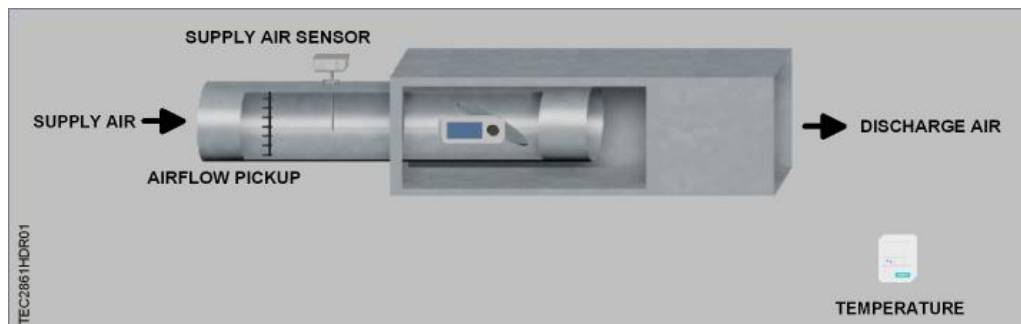
See the following figure.



Application 2861 VAV Cooling or Heating

In Application 2861, the controller modulates the supply air damper of the terminal box for cooling and heating. In order for it to work properly, the central air-handling unit must provide cool supply air in cooling mode and warm air during heating mode.

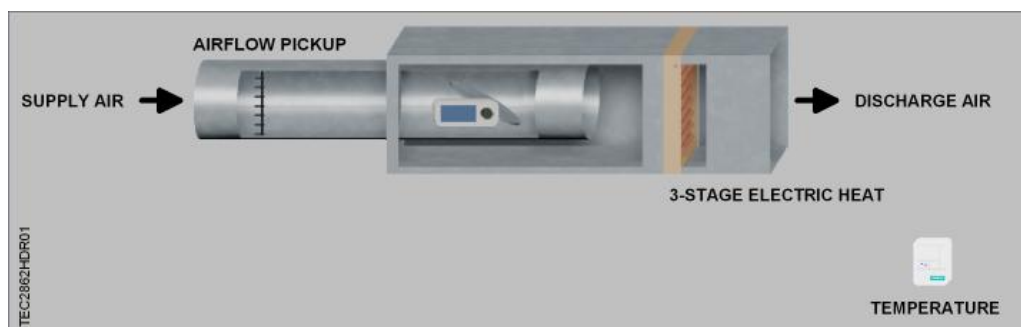
See the following figure.



Application 2862 VAV with Electric Reheat or Baseboard Radiation

In Application 2862, the controller modulates the supply air damper of the terminal box for cooling and controls stages of electric reheat or baseboard radiation for heating. When in heating, the terminal box either maintains minimum airflow or modulates the supply air damper. In order for the terminal box to work properly, the central air-handling unit must provide supply air.

See the following figure.



Baseboard Radiation

Baseboard radiation can be a two-position valve or electrical resistance heating.

If the controller is in cooling mode, the heating valve is closed. When in heating mode, the controller will operate the heating valve to maintain the heating setpoint.

Electric Heat Interlock



CAUTION

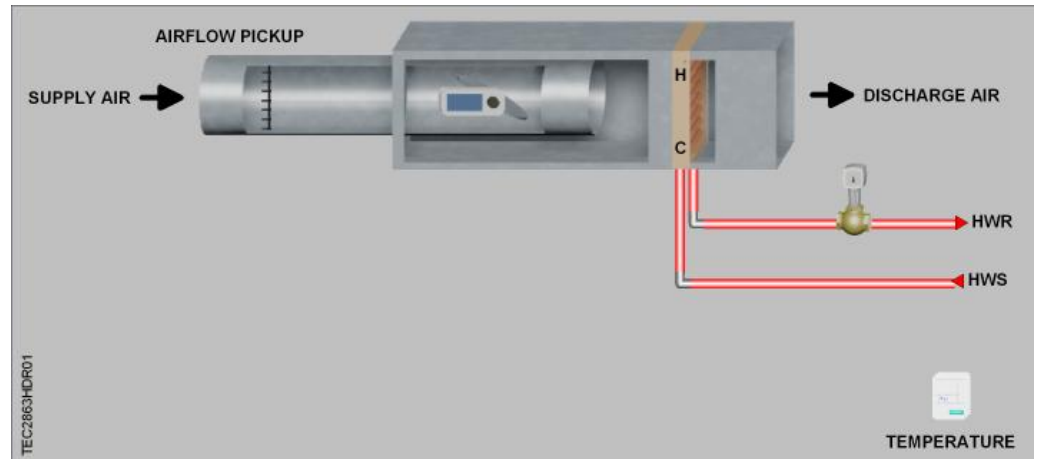
Do not set EHEAT FLOW (the defined minimum) to less than 5%; otherwise, the electric heat interlock will be disabled.

The electric heat stages will be disabled (turned off) when the electric heat airflow is less than the defined minimum.

Application 2863 VAV with Hot Water Reheat

In Application 2863, the controller modulates the supply air damper of the terminal box for cooling and controls a hot water valve or baseboard radiation for heating. When in heating, the terminal box either maintains minimum airflow or modulates the supply air damper. In order for the terminal box to work properly, the central air-handling unit must provide supply air for cooling.

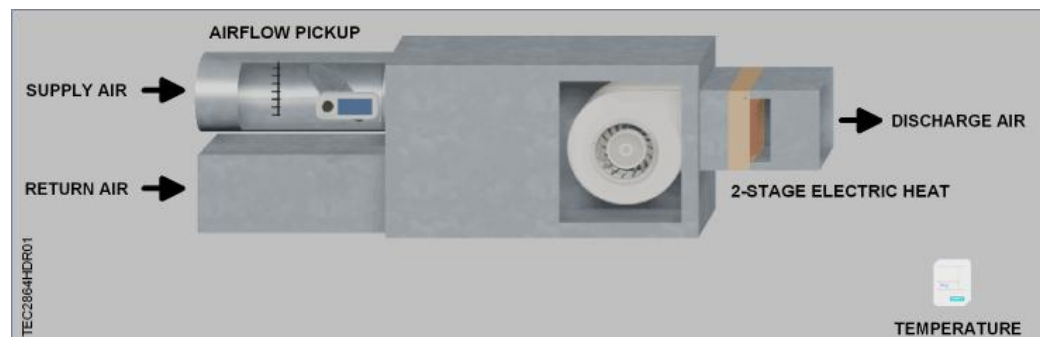
See the following figures.



Application 2864 VAV Series Fan Powered with Electric Reheat

In Application 2864, the controller modulates the supply air damper of the terminal box for cooling and controls stages of electric reheat for heating. When in heating, the terminal box either maintains minimum airflow or modulates the supply air damper. Application 2864 has a series fan for air circulation. In order for the terminal box to work properly, the central air-handling unit must provide supply air.

See the following figure.



Fan Operation



CAUTION

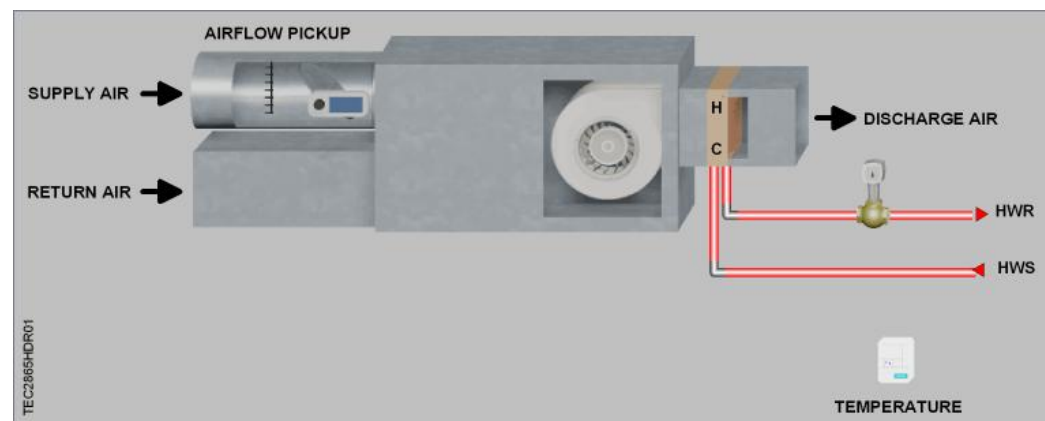
On series fan powered terminal boxes, the terminal box fan must be controlled/interlocked to start either before or at the same time as the central air handler. Failure to do so may cause the terminal box fan to rotate backwards and cause consequent damage at start up.

In day mode, the fan is ON all the time. In night mode, the fan cycles on when heating or cooling is required.



Application 2865 VAV Series Fan Powered with Hot Water Reheat

In Application 2865, the controller modulates the supply air damper of the terminal box for cooling and modulates a hot water valve for heating. When in heating, the terminal box either maintains minimum airflow or modulates the supply air damper. Application 2865 has a series fan for air circulation. In order for the terminal box to work properly, the central air-handling unit must provide supply air.

See the following figure.



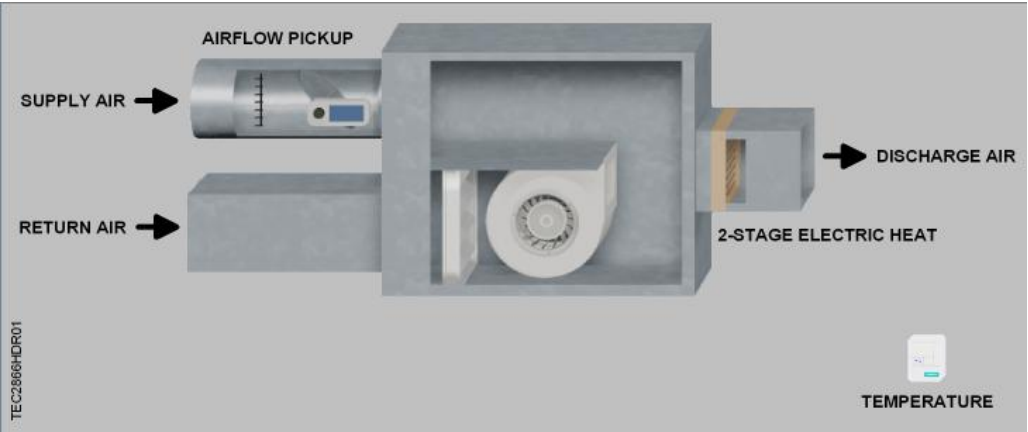
Fan Operation

	 CAUTION
	On series fan powered terminal boxes, the terminal box fan must be controlled/interlocked to start either before or at the same time as the central air handler. Failure to do so may cause the terminal box fan to rotate backwards and cause consequent damage at start up.

In day mode, the fan is ON all the time. In night mode, the fan cycles on when heating or cooling is required.

Application 2866 VAV Parallel Fan Powered with Electric Reheat

In Application 2866, the controller modulates the supply air damper of the terminal box for cooling and controls stages of electric reheat for heating. When in heating, the terminal box either maintains minimum airflow or modulates the supply air damper. Application 2866 has a parallel fan that re-circulates the room air. In order for the terminal box to work properly, the central air-handling unit must provide supply air. See the following figure.



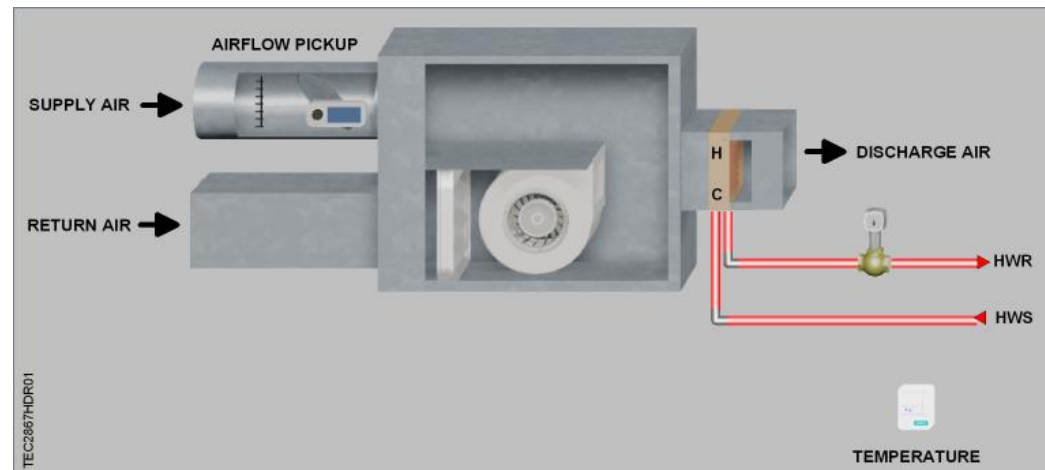
Fan Operation

The fan turns on when heating is required.

Application 2867 VAV Parallel Fan Powered with Hot Water Reheat

In Application 2867, the controller modulates the supply air damper of the terminal box for cooling and modulates a hot water valve for heating. When in heating, the terminal box either maintains minimum airflow or modulates the supply air damper. Application 2867 has a parallel fan that re-circulates the room air. In order for the terminal box to work properly, the central air-handling unit must provide supply air.

See the following figure.



Fan Operation

The fan turns on when heating is required.

Application 2897 Slave Mode

Application 2897 is the slave mode application for the BACnet ATEC (see Ordering Notes [→ 7] for product numbers). Slave mode is the default application that comes up when power is first applied to the controller. Slave mode provides no control. Its purpose is to allow the operator to perform equipment checkout before a control application is put into effect and to set some basic controller parameters (CTRLR ADDRESS, APPLICATION, etc.). A controller in default state can also be used as a point extension device by unbundling spare I/O points at the field panel.

Using Auxiliary Points

It is possible to have extra points available on a BACnet VAV Controller — Electronic Output in addition to the ones used by the current application that is running in the controller. If these extra points are to be controlled by a field panel, then they must be unbundled at the field panel.

Using the Controller as a Point Extension Device

If the controller is only used as a point extension device, with no control application in affect, its application must be set to slave mode and points must be unbundled at the field panel. All points must be controlled from the field panel in order to be used.

DO 3, DO 4, and DO 5 may be used as separate DOs or in pairs to control a motor as shown in the example.



NOTE:

If using either a motor or DOs as auxiliary points, be sure to set MTR SETUP to the correct value. If using a pair of DOs to control a motor, then the DOs cannot be unbundled. Only MTR COMD can be unbundled to control the motors.

Contact your local Siemens Industry representative for other combinations of DOs and motors.

Chapter 3 – Point Database

Chapter 3 presents a description of the BACnet VAV Controller — Electronic Output point database, including point descriptors, point addresses, and a listing of applications in which each point is found.

Descriptor	Address ¹	Application	Description
CTLR ADDRESS	01	All	Identifies the controller on the FLN trunk.
APPLICATION	02	All	Identification number of the program running in the controller.
RMTMP OFFSET	03	All	Compensates for deviations between the value of ROOM TEMP and the actual room temperature. This corrected value is displayed in CTL TEMP. $RMTMP\ OFFSET + ROOM\ TEMP = CTL\ TEMP$
ROOM TEMP	{04} ²	All	Actual reading from the room temperature sensor.
HEAT.COOL	{05}	All except 2860, 2897	Current mode of operation for applications that can be in either a heating mode or a cooling mode.
DAY CLG STPT	06	All except 2897	The temperature setpoint in degrees that the controller maintains during day periods in cooling mode if a room temperature sensor setpoint dial is not present or is not used. See <i>STPT DIAL</i> .
DAY HTG STPT	07	All except 2860, 2897	The temperature setpoint in degrees that the controller maintains during day periods in heating mode if a room temperature sensor setpoint dial is not present or is not used. See <i>STPT DIAL</i> .
NGT CLG STPT	08	All except 2897	The temperature setpoint in degrees that the controller maintains during the night periods in cooling mode.
NGT HTG STPT	09	All except 2860, 2897	The temperature setpoint in degrees that the controller maintains during the night periods in heating mode.
RM STPT MIN	11	All except 2897	The minimum temperature setpoint in degrees that the controller can use from the setpoint dial. This overrides any temperature setpoint from the setpoint dial that falls below this minimum.
RM STPT MAX	12	All except 2897	The maximum temperature setpoint in degrees that the controller can use from the setpoint dial. This overrides any temperature setpoint from the setpoint dial that falls above this maximum.
RM STPT DIAL	{13} ²	All	The temperature setpoint in degrees from the room temperature sensor (not available on all temperature sensor models). This setpoint will be used for control in day mode (heating or cooling) when enabled by STPT DIAL.
STPT DIAL	14	All except 2897	YES indicates that there is a room setpoint dial on the room temperature sensor and it should be used as the temperature setpoint for control in day/occupied mode. NO indicates that the appropriate preset setpoint will be used as the temperature setpoint for control in day/occupied heating or cooling mode. Valid input: YES or NO.
AUX TEMP UI 1	{15}	All except 2861	Actual reading from a 10K thermistor connected to the controller's UI 1 input.
SUPPLY TEMP	{15}	2861	Actual reading from a 10K thermistor connected to the controller's UI 1 input. The controller uses this value to

Descriptor	Address ¹	Application	Description
			determine whether it is in heating or cooling mode.
FLOW START	16	All <i>except</i> 2860, 2861, 2897	Determines how the damper modulation will be sequenced while in heating mode. When HTG LOOPOUT is above this value, then FLOW STPT starts to increase.
FLOW END	17	All <i>except</i> 2860, 2861, 2897	Determines how the damper modulation will be sequenced while in heating mode. When HTG LOOPOUT is below this value, then FLOW STPT starts to decrease.
WALL SWITCH	18	All	YES indicates that the controller is to monitor the status of a wall switch that is connected to UI 2. NO indicates that the controller will not monitor the status of a wall switch, even if one is connected. Valid input: YES or NO.
DI OVRD SW	{19} ²	All	Actual indication of the status of the override switch (not physically available on all temperature sensor models) at the room temperature sensor. ON indicates that the switch is being pressed. OFF indicates that the switch is released. Valid input: ON or OFF.
OVRD TIME	20	All <i>except</i> 2897	The amount of time in hours that the controller will operate in day/occupied mode when the override switch is pressed while the controller is in night/unoccupied mode.
NGT OVRD	{21} ²	All <i>except</i> 2897	Indicates the mode that the controller is operating in with respect to the override switch. NIGHT indicates that the switch has not been pressed and the override timer is not active. DAY indicates that the switch has been pressed and the override timer is active. The controller then uses a day mode temperature setpoint. This point is only in effect when DAY.NGT indicates night mode.
REHEAT START	22	All <i>except</i> 2860, 2861, 2897	Determines how the reheat modulation will be sequenced while in heating mode. When HTG LOOPOUT is above this value, then the reheat modulates upward.
REHEAT END	23	All <i>except</i> 2860, 2861, 2897	Determines how the reheat modulation will be sequenced while in heating mode. When HTG LOOPOUT is below this value, then the reheat modulates downward.
DIGITAL UI 2	{24}	All	Actual status of a contact connected to the controller at UI 2. ON indicates that the contact is closed; OFF indicates that the contact is open. If a wall switch is used, it is connected to UI 2. See <i>WALL SWITCH</i> .
DIGITAL UI 1	{28} ²	All <i>except</i> 2861	Actual status of a contact connected to the controller UI 1. ON indicates that the contact is closed; OFF indicates that the contact is open. When a contact is connected as a digital input, the analog input is not available. See <i>AUX TEMP</i> .
SERIES ON	26	2864, 2865	When flow rises above this value, the series fan will turn ON.
SERIES OFF	27	2864, 2865	When flow drops below this value and other conditions have been met, the series fan will turn OFF.
PARALLEL ON	28	2866, 2867	When flow drops below this value and other conditions have been met, the parallel fan will turn ON.
DAY.NGT	{29}	All	Indicates the mode in which the controller is operating. Day temperature setpoints will be used in day mode. Night temperature setpoints will be used in night mode. This point is normally set by the field panel.
PARALLEL OFF	30	2866, 2867	When flow rises above this value, the parallel fan will turn OFF.

Descriptor	Address ¹	Application	Description
CLG FLOW MIN	31	<i>All except 2897</i>	The minimum amount of air in CFM (LPS) to be supplied to the space in cooling mode.
CLG FLOW MAX	32	<i>All except 2897</i>	The maximum amount of air in CFM (LPS) to be supplied to the space in cooling mode.
HTG FLOW MIN	33	<i>All except 2860, 2897</i>	The minimum amount of air in CFM (LPS) to be supplied to the space in heating mode.
HTG FLOW MAX	34	<i>All except 2860, 2897</i>	The maximum amount of air in CFM (LPS) to be supplied to the space in heating mode.
AIR VOLUME	{35} ²	All	Actual amount of air in CFM (LPS) currently passing through the air velocity sensor.
FLOW COEFF	36	All	Calibration factor for the airflow sensor.
DO 3	{43}	<i>All except 2862, 2864, 2866</i>	Digital output 3 controls a 24 Vac load with an ON or OFF status. If Motor 2 is enabled, DO 3 is coupled with DO 4 to control an actuator.
HEAT STAGE 1	{43}	2862, 2864, 2866	This point is DO 3 in applications with electric reheat. This digital output controls the contact for the first stage of heating and has a status of ON or OFF.
DO 4	{44}	<i>All except 2862, 2864, 2866</i>	Digital output 4 controls a 24 Vac load with an ON or OFF status. If Motor 2 is enabled, DO 4 is coupled with DO 3 to control an actuator.
HEAT STAGE 2	{44}	2862, 2864, 2866	This point is DO 4 in applications with electric reheat. This digital output controls the contact for the second stage of heating and has a status of ON or OFF.
DO 5	{45}	2860, 2861, 2863, 2897	Digital output 5 controls a 24 Vac load with an ON or OFF status.
HEAT STAGE 3	{45} ²	2862	This point is a digital output used to control the contact for the third stage of heating and has a status of ON or OFF.
FAN	{45}	2864, 2865, 2866, 2867	This point is a digital output used to control the fan. ON indicates that the DO is energized; OFF indicates that the DO is de-energized.
DMPR COMD	{48}	<i>All except 2897</i>	The value to which the damper motor is commanded in percent of full travel.
MTR1 COMD	{48}	2897	The value to which the Motor 1 actuator is commanded in percent of full travel.
DMPR POS	{49}	<i>All except 2897</i>	The current position of the damper motor in percent of full travel. This value is calculated based on motor run time.
MTR1 POS	{49}	2897	The current position of Motor 1 in percent of full travel. This value is calculated based on motor run time. See <i>MTR1 TIMING</i> .
MTR1 TIMING	51	All	The time required for the Motor 1 actuator to travel from full closed to the full open position.
MTR2 COMD	{52} ²	2860, 2861, 2897	The value to which the Motor 2 actuator is commanded in percent of full travel (for use as an auxiliary slave point).
VLV COMD	{52}	2865, 2867	The value to which the valve actuator is commanded in percent of full travel for applications using a water valve.
VLV1 COMD	{52}	2863	The value to which the valve 1 actuator is commanded in percent of full travel for applications using a water valve.
MTR2 POS	{53}	2860, 2861, 2897	The current position of the Motor 2 actuator in percent of full

Descriptor	Address ¹	Application	Description
			travel (for use as an auxiliary slave point). This value is calculated based on motor run time. See <i>MTR2 TIMING</i> .
VLV POS	{53}	2865	The current position of the valve in percent of full travel for applications using a water valve. This value is calculated based on motor run time.
VLV1 POS	{53}	2863	The current position of valve 1 in percent of full travel for applications using a water valve. This value is calculated based on motor run time.
MTR2 TIMING	55	All except 2862, 2864, 2866	The time required for the Motor 2 actuator to travel from full closed to the full open position.
DMPR ROT ANG	56	All except 2897	The number of degrees the damper is free to travel.
DPR1 ROT ANG	56	2897	The number of degrees that damper 1 is free to travel.
DPR2 ROT ANG	57	2897	The number of degrees that damper 2, the hot duct damper, is free to travel.
MTR SETUP	58	All	The configuration setup code for Motors 1 and 2. This enables the motors individually and sets each motor to be either direct or reverse acting. Note: When a motor is enabled, its associated DOs are enabled.
DO DIR.REV	59	All	The configuration setup code for DOs. Allows the DOs to be direct or reverse acting (enabled equals energized or disabled equals de-energized).
EHEAT FLOW	60	2862	The flow required before the electric heat will be enabled.
COOL TEMP	61	2861	The discharge air temperature where the controller will switch from heating to cooling mode. Used only in applications with SUPPLY TEMP.
HEAT TEMP	62	2861	The discharge air temperature where the controller will switch from cooling to heating mode. Used only in applications with SUPPLY TEMP.
CLG P GAIN	63	All except 2897	The proportional gain value for the cooling temperature control loop.
CLG I GAIN	64	All except 2897	The integral gain value for the cooling temperature control loop.
CLG D GAIN	65	All except 2897	The derivative gain value for the cooling temperature control loop.
HTG P GAIN	67	All except 2860, 2897	The proportional gain value for the heating temperature control loop.
HTG I GAIN	68	All except 2860, 2897	The integral gain value for the heating temperature control loop.
HTG D GAIN	69	All except 2860, 2897	The derivative gain value for the heating temperature control loop.
FLOW P GAIN	71	All except 2897	The proportional gain value for the flow control loop.
FLOW I GAIN	72	All except 2897	The integral gain value for the flow control loop.
FLOW D GAIN	73	All except 2897	The derivative gain value for the flow control loop.
FLOW BIAS	74	All except 2897	The biasing of the flow control loop.
FLOW	{75} ²	All except 2897	Indicates the amount of air currently passing the air velocity sensor. The value is calculated as a percentage based on where the value of AIR VOLUME is in the range between 0

Descriptor	Address ¹	Application	Description
			and CTL FLOW MAX.
CTL FLOW MIN	{76} ²	All except 2897	The active minimum flow used as a limit for the flow control loop. This value is the same as CLG FLOW MIN if the controller is in cooling mode, or is the same as HTG FLOW MIN if the controller is in heating mode, unless it is overridden.
CTL FLOW MAX	{77}	All except 2897	The active maximum flow used as a limit for the flow control loop. This value is the same as CLG FLOW MAX if the controller is in cooling mode, or is the same as HTG FLOW MAX if the controller is in heating mode unless, it is overridden.
CTL TEMP	{78}	All except 2897	The temperature used as input for the temperature control loops. This value is the same as the value in ROOM TEMP and RM TEMP OFFSET unless it is overridden.
CLG LOOPOUT	{79}	All except 2897	The cooling temperature control loop output value in percent.
HTG LOOPOUT	{80}	All except 2860, 2897	The heating temperature control loop output value in percent.
AVG HEAT OUT	{81} ²	2862, 2864, 2866	This point is used to determine what stages of electric heat are used for a given loop output value. The ranges for the value are determined by the number of stages used: 0 to 100 for 1 stage of electric heat, 0 to 200 for 2 stages of electric heat, and 0 to 300 for 3 stages of electric heat. With electric heat, this value is equal to: HTG LOOPOUT × STAGE COUNT.
STAGE MAX	82	2862, 2864, 2866	The value, in percent, which the heating loop must exceed for the electric heat to be ON for the full duty cycle (STAGE TIME).
STAGE FAN	83	2865, 2867	The valve must be opened greater than this value before the fan will turn ON.
STAGE MIN	83	2862, 2864, 2866	The value, in percent, which the heating loop must go below for the electric heat to be OFF for the full duty cycle (STAGE TIME).
DMPR STATUS	{84} ²	2860, 2861, 2862, 2863	This point is used only when CAL MODULE set to YES. It readjusts the damper position if the command value is not equal to the actual position of the damper. CAL indicates that the damper is operating normally. RECAL indicates that the damper position was adjusted (recalibrated) by 28% because the desired airflow was not obtainable under its current status.
SWITCH LIMIT	85	All except 2860, 2861, 2897	The active temperature control loop output must be less than this value to switch between cooling mode and heating mode. Actual switchover depends on SWITCH DBAND being exceeded and is subject to SWITCH TIME being expired.
SWITCH TIME	86	All except 2860, 2861, 2897	The time, in minutes, before the heat/cool mode can change over when the other parameters are appropriate.
STAGE COUNT	88	2862, 2864, 2866	The number of electric heating stages used by the application. DOs associated with unused stages may be used as spare DOs.
VALVE COUNT	88	2863	The number of heating valves available.
STAGE TIME	89	2862, 2864, 2866	The cycle time in minutes for the electric reheat stages. For example, if there are three stages of electric heat and STAGE TIME = 10 minutes, STAGE COUNT = 3, and AVG HEAT OUT = 150% then, Stage 1 is ON for 10 minutes (100% of the time), Stage 2 is ON for 5 minutes (50% of 10 minutes) and

Descriptor	Address ¹	Application	Description
			OFF for 5 minutes, and Stage 3 is OFF.
SWITCH DBAND	90	All <i>except</i> 2860, 2861, 2897	The temperature range in degrees which is compared to the difference between CTL TEMP and CTL STPT. The difference must exceed this value for temperature control mode to change over. Changeover is also subject to the active temperature control loop output being below SWITCH LIMIT and SWITCH TIME being expired.
CTL STPT	{92}	All <i>except</i> 2897	The actual setpoint value being used as input for the active temperature control loop.
FLOW STPT	{93}	All <i>except</i> 2897	The setpoint of the flow control loop.
CAL AIR	{94}	All	YES commands the controller to go through calibration sequence for the air velocity transducers. YES is also displayed when the calibration sequence is started automatically. CAL AIR automatically returns to NO after the calibration sequence is completed. Valid input: YES or NO.
CAL SETUP	95	All	The configuration setup code for the calibration sequence options.
CAL TIMER	96	All	Time interval, in hours, between the calibration sequence initiations if a timed calibration option is selected in CAL SETUP.
DUCT AREA	97	All	Area, in square feet (square meters), of the duct where the air velocity sensor is located. This is a calculated value (calculated by the field panel or computer being used) that depends on duct shape and size. It is used in calculating all points in units of CFM, CF, LPS and L. Valid input: .028 ft ² (.002 m ²) through 6.375 ft ² (.5923 m ²).
LOOP TIME	98	All <i>except</i> 2897	The time, in seconds, between control loop calculations.
ERROR STATUS	{99} ²	All	The status code indicating any errors detected during controller power up. A status of 0 indicates there are no problems.
UI 1 CFG	102	All	Configuration point for universal input 1 (digital, analog – thermistor, 0 to 10V or 4 to 20 mA).
PERCENT UI1	{103}	All	Universal input 1 when configured as 0 to 10V or 4 to 20 mA.
UI2 CFG	104	All	Configuration point for universal input 2 (digital, analog – thermistor, 0 to 10V or 4 to 20 mA).
PERCENT UI2	{105}	All	Universal input 2 when configured as 0 to 10V or 4 to 20 mA.
AIR ALTITUDE	106	All	Optional correction factor for flow sensor based on altitude.
TUBE LEN	107	All	Optional correction factor for flow sensor based on tube length of air tube pickup.
TUBE DIAMETE	108	All	Tube diameter (inside) of air tube pickup.
AUX TEMP UI2	{109}	All	Temperature sensor (when UI 2 is configured for 10K thermistor).
STAT SUPV	126	All	Room unit configuration point, values are additive.
RM RH	127	All	Room humidity when room unit is provided with humidity sensing.

¹⁾ Points not listed are not used in this application.

²⁾ Point numbers that appear in brackets { } may be unbundled at the field panel.

Chapter 4 – Troubleshooting

This chapter describes corrective measures you can take should you encounter a problem when using a BACnet ATEC.

You are not required to do any controller troubleshooting. You may want to contact your local Siemens Industry representative if a problem occurs or you have any questions about the controller.



NOTE:

When troubleshooting, record the problem and what actions were performed immediately before the problem occurred. Being able to describe the problem in detail is important should you need assistance from your local Siemens Industry representative.

Basic Service Information

Always remove power to the BACnet ATEC when installing or replacing it. Since the controller does not have a power switch, the recommended method of removing power to a locally powered controller is to turn OFF the power to the 24 Vac transformer. The recommended method of removing power to a controller on a power cable (even to service a single controller) is to turn OFF the power at the transformer.



NOTE:

When removing power to a controller to perform maintenance or service, make sure that the person in charge of the facility is aware of this and that appropriate steps are taken to keep the building in control.

Never remove the cover from the BACnet ATEC. There are no serviceable parts inside. If a problem is found with this device, contact your local Siemens Industry representative for replacement. An anti-static wrist strap is recommended when installing or replacing controllers.

Preventive Maintenance

Most controller components are designed so that, under normal circumstances, they do not require preventive maintenance. Periodic inspections, voltage checks, and point checks are normally not required. The rugged design makes most preventive maintenance unnecessary. However, devices that are exposed to dusty or dirty environments may require periodic cleaning to function properly.

Safety Features

The controller board stores the controller's address, applications, and point values. In the event of a power failure or a reset, these values are retrieved from the controller's permanent memory and are used by the controller unless overridden by a field panel. If one of the following conditions occurs, the controller will activate safety features present in its fail-safe mode.

- Sensor failure.
- Loss of power. Upon controller power loss, communication with the controller is also lost. The controller will appear as failed (*F*) at the field panel.

Controller LEDs



NOTE:

The TX and RX LEDs indicate communication over the FLN.

To determine if the controller is powered up and working, verify that the Basic Sanity Test (BST) Light Emitting Diode (LED) is flashing ON/OFF once per second. The controller contains eleven LEDs located on the circuit board. See the Controller LED Indicators section of Chapter 1 - Product Overview [→ 7] for more information about LEDs.

Glossary

The glossary contains terms and acronyms that are used in this manual. For definitions of point database descriptors, see Chapter 3 - Point Database, in this manual.

airflow

Rate at which a volume of air moves through a duct. Usually expressed in cubic feet per minute (cfm) or liters per second (lps).

algorithm

Mathematical formula that uses varying inputs to calculate an output value.

AVS

Air Velocity Sensor.

centralized control

Type of control offered by a controller that is connected by means of Field Level Network (FLN).

cfm

Cubic Feet per Minute.

control loop

PID algorithm that is used to control an output that is based on a setpoint and an input reading from a sensor.

DDC

Direct Digital Control.

DO

Digital Output. Physical output point that sends a two-state signal (ON/OFF, OPEN/CLOSED, YES/NO).

English units

The foot-pound-second system of units for weights and measurements.

equipment controller

FLN device that provides additional point capacity to a field panel or provides individual room or mechanical equipment control.

field panel

A device containing a microprocessor for centralized control of system components and equipment controllers.

FLN

Field Level Network. Network consisting of equipment controllers, FLN end devices, fume hoods, etc.

lps

Liters per Second.

loopout

Output of the control loop expressed as a percentage.

HMI

Human Machine Interface. Terminal and its interface program that allows you to communicate with a field panel or equipment controller.

override switch

Button on a room temperature sensor that an occupant can press to change the status of a room from unoccupied to occupied (or from night to day) for a predetermined time.

pressure independent

Variable Air Volume (VAV) room temperature control system in which the temperature drives an airflow setpoint.

PID

Proportional, Integral, Derivative.

RTS

Room Temperature Sensor.

setpoint

Virtual point that stores a point value such as a temperature setting. Points that monitor inputs, such as temperature, report actual values.

SI units

Système International d'Unités. The international metric system.

slave mode

Default application that displays when power is first applied to an equipment controller. No control action is initiated in the slave mode.

stand-alone control

Type of control offered by a controller that is providing independent DDC control to a space.

Terminal Equipment Controller

Siemens Industry, Inc. product family of equipment controllers (one is the Siemens BACnet Actuating Terminal Equipment Controller (ATEC)) that house the applications software used to control terminal units, such as heat pumps, VAV terminal boxes, fan coil units, unit ventilators, etc.

UI

Universal Input. Can be used as an AI or DI. An AI input is a point receiving a signal that represents a condition that has more than two states. A DI input is a physical input point that receives a two-state signal.

unbundle

Term used to describe the entering of a point that resides in a controller's database into the field panel's database so that it can be monitored and controlled from the field panel.

VAV

Variable air volume. Ventilation system that changes the amount of air supplied to and exhausted from the rooms served.

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Siemens Industry, Inc.
Building Technologies Division
1000 Deerfield Pkwy
Buffalo Grove IL 60089
Tel. +1 847-215-1000

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