

Legal information

Use of application examples

Application examples illustrate the solution of automation tasks through an interaction of several components in the form of text, graphics and/or software modules. The application examples are a free service by Siemens AG and/or a subsidiary of Siemens AG ("Siemens"). They are non-binding and make no claim to completeness or functionality regarding configuration and equipment. The application examples merely offer help with typical tasks; they do not constitute customer-specific solutions. You yourself are responsible for the proper and safe operation of the products in accordance with applicable regulations and must also check the function of the respective application example and customize it for your system.

Siemens grants you the non-exclusive, non-sublicensable and non-transferable right to have the application examples used by technically trained personnel. Any change to the application examples is your responsibility. Sharing the application examples with third parties or copying the application examples or excerpts thereof is permitted only in combination with your own products. The application examples are not required to undergo the customary tests and quality inspections of a chargeable product; they may have functional and performance defects as well as errors. It is your responsibility to use them in such a manner that any malfunctions that may occur do not result in property damage or injury to persons.

Disclaimer of liability

Siemens shall not assume any liability, for any legal reason whatsoever, including, without limitation, liability for the usability, availability, completeness and freedom from defects of the application examples as well as for related information, configuration and performance data and any damage caused thereby. This shall not apply in cases of mandatory liability, for example under the German Product Liability Act, or in cases of intent, gross negligence, or culpable loss of life, bodily injury or damage to health, non-compliance with a guarantee, fraudulent non-disclosure of a defect, or culpable breach of material contractual obligations. Claims for damages arising from a breach of material contractual obligations shall however be limited to the foreseeable damage typical of the type of agreement, unless liability arises from intent or gross negligence or is based on loss of life, bodily injury or damage to health. The foregoing provisions do not imply any change in the burden of proof to your detriment. You shall indemnify Siemens against existing or future claims of third parties in this connection except where Siemens is mandatorily liable.

By using the application examples you acknowledge that Siemens cannot be held liable for any damage beyond the liability provisions described.

Other information

Siemens reserves the right to make changes to the application examples at any time without notice. In case of discrepancies between the suggestions in the application examples and other Siemens publications such as catalogs, the content of the other documentation shall have precedence.

The Siemens terms of use (https://support.industry.siemens.com) shall also apply.

Security information

Siemens provides products and solutions with industrial security functions that support the secure operation of plants, systems, machines and networks.

In order to protect plants, systems, machines and networks against cyber threats, it is necessary to implement – and continuously maintain – a holistic, state-of-the-art industrial security concept. Siemens' products and solutions constitute one element of such a concept.

Customers are responsible for preventing unauthorized access to their plants, systems, machines and networks. Such systems, machines and components should only be connected to an enterprise network or the Internet if and to the extent such a connection is necessary and only when appropriate security measures (e.g. firewalls and/or network segmentation) are in place. For additional information on industrial security measures that may be implemented, please visit https://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity.

Siemens' products and solutions undergo continuous development to make them more secure. Siemens strongly recommends that product updates are applied as soon as they are available and that the latest product versions are used. Use of product versions that are no longer supported, and failure to apply the latest updates may increase customer's exposure to cyber threats.

To stay informed about product updates, subscribe to the Siemens Industrial Security RSS Feed at: https://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity.

SINAMICS G120C: Speed Control with S7-1200 via Modbus RTU Entry-ID: 109764624, V1.0, 02/2019

Table of contents

Lega	l informat	ion	. 2
1	Task		. 4
2	Solution		. 5
	2.1 2.1.1 2.1.2	Hardware and Software Components Validity Used Components	. 6
3	Basics o	of USS introduction	. 7
	3.1 3.2 3.2.1	Implementation with SIMATIC S7-1200 USS system instructions USS_PORT (S7-1200) Description	. 8 . 8 . 8
	3.2.2	Parameters	. 9 . 9
	3.3 3.3.1 3.3.2 3.4	Parameters Details of G120C USS function Control word 1 (STW1) Status word 1 (ZSW1) Installation	11 11 12
4	Configu	ration	15
	4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Configure PLC project G120C configuration Program PLC logic Operation	19 28
5	Related	literature	37
6	Contact.		37
7	History		37

1 Task

NOTICE

This reference only can be used in China and India.

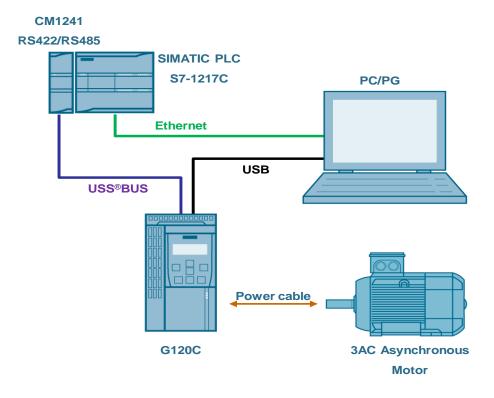
Introduction

SINAMICS G120C drives are able to exchange data via the RS485 interface and via USS with a SINAMICS S7-1200 controller.

Overview of the automation task

The figure below provides an overview of the automation task.

Figure 1-1: Overview of the automation task

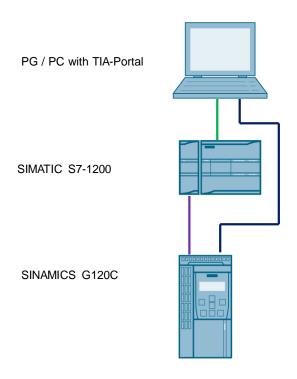


2 Solution

Schema Display

The following figure displays the most important components of the solution:

Figure 2-1: Overview of the most important components



Delimitation

This application does not include a description of

- SINAMICS G120C version
- BOP-2 operation of SINAMICS G120C

Basic knowledge of these topics is assumed.

Required knowledge

Basic knowledge on TIA Portal is assumed.

2.1 Hardware and Software Components

2.1.1 Validity

This application example is valid for

- TIA Portal V15 Professional
- S7-1200 CPU V4.1
- SINAMICS G120C USS V4.7.6

2.1.2 Used Components

The application was generated with the following components:

Hardware components

Table 2-1: Hardware components

Component	No.	Article number	Note
SIMATIC S7-1200 1217C DC/DC/DC	1	6ES7 217-1AG40-0XB0	V4.1
CM1241 RS422/RS485	1	6ES7 241-1CH32-0XB0	V2.1
SINAMICS G120C	1	6SL3210-1KE15-8UB1	V4.7.6

Standard software components

Table 2-2: Standard software components

Component	No.	Article number	Note
TIA Portal Professional	1	6AV2103-0AA05-0AA7	V15
Startdrive	1	6SL3072-4FA02-0XA0	V15

Sample files and projects

The following list includes all files and projects that are used in this example.

Table 2-3: Sample files and projects

Component	Note
109764624_G120C_USS-communication_PROJ_V10	Project file
109764624_G120C_USS-communication_DOC_V10_en.pdf	Reference document

3 Basics of USS introduction

The USS protocol uses a master/slave network for communication via a serial bus. The mater (SIMATIC controller) sends the message to the selected slave (SINAMICS G120C). A slave cannot send without having received a request for sending. Direct information transmission between the slaves is not possible. USS communication takes place in half duplex operation.

3.1 Implementation with SIMATIC S7-1200

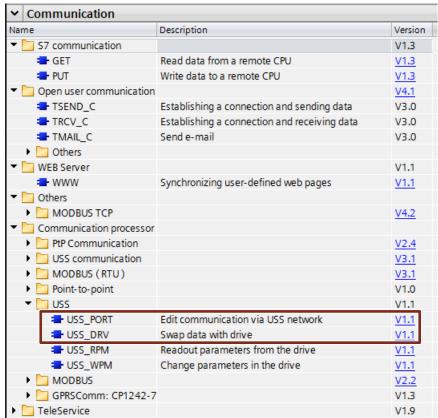
Use the following system instructions:

- USS_PORT
 To process communication via the USS network
- USS_DRV

To prepare the send data and evaluate the response data

These system instructions can be found in the *Instructions* task card,

Figure 3-1: USS instructions for S7-1200



3.2 USS system instructions

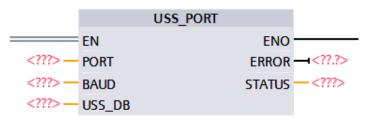
3.2.1 USS_PORT (S7-1200)

Description

The *USS_PORT* instruction handles communication over the USS network. In the program, use one *USS_PORT* instruction per PtP communications port to control the transmission.

All USS instructions that are assigned to the same USS network and same PtP communications port must use the same instance data block.

Figure 3-2: USS_PORT system instruction



Parameters

The following table shows the parameters of the USS_PORT

Table 3-1: Parameter list of USS_PORT

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Memory area	Description
PORT	Input	PORT	D,L or constant	PtP communication port identifier. Constant that can be referenced within the Constants tab of the default tag table.
BAUD	Input	DINT	I,Q,M,D,L or constant	Baud rate for USS communication. For example: 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800, 115200
USS_DB	InOut	USS_BASE	D	Reference to the instance DB of the USS_DRIVE instruction.
ERROR	Output	BOOL	I,Q,M,D,L	ERROR is set to TRUE if an error occurs.
STATUS	Output	WORD	I,Q,M,D,L	Status value of the request. Additional information is available in the USS_Extended_Error tag for some status codes.

NOTE

The input value used in this application will described in chapter 3.4.

3.2.2 USS_DRV (S7-1200)

Description

The *USS_DRV* instruction exchanges data with the drive. A separate instruction must be used for each drive, but all USS instructions assigned to the same USS network and same PtP communications module must use the same instance data block. You must create the DB name when you call the first *USS_DRV* instruction.

When the *USS_DRV* instruction is executed the first time, the drive indicated by the USS address (parameter DRIVE) is initialized in the instance DB. After this initialization, subsequent *USS_PORT* instructions can start communication with the drive at this drive number.

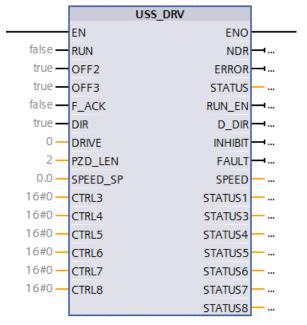
You can control the drive direction of rotation using either the DIR (BOOL) input or using the sign (positive or negative) at the SPEED_SP (REAL) input. The following table explains how these inputs work together to determine the drive direction, assuming the motor is wired for forward rotation.

Table 3-2: Drive direction

SPEED_SP	DIR	Direction of rotation of drive
Value > 0	0	Reverse
Value > 0	1	Forward
Value < 0	0	Forward
Value < 0	1	Reverse

Figure 3-3: USS_DRV system instruction

%DB1
"USS_DRV_DB"



Parameters

The following table shows the parameters of the USS_DRV instruction:

Table 3-3: Parameter list of USS_DRV

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Memory area	Description
RUN	Input	BOOL	I,Q,M,D,L or constant	Drive start, On/OFF1
OFF2	Input	BOOL	I,Q,M,D,L or constant	Coast stop
OFF3	Input	BOOL	I,Q,M,D,L or constant	Fast stop
F_ACK	Input	BOOL	I,Q,M,D,L or constant	Fault acknowledge
DIR	Input	BOOL	I,Q,M,D,L or constant	Drive direction
DRIVE	Input	USINT	I,Q,M,D,L or constant	Drive address
PZD_LEN	Input	USINT	I,Q,M,D,L or constant	Word length
SPEED_SP	Input	REAL	I,Q,M,D,L or constant	Speed setpoint
NDR	Output	BOOL	I,Q,M,D,L	New data ready
ERROR	Output	BOOL	I,Q,M,D,L	Error occurred
STATUS	Output	WORD	I,Q,M,D,L	Status value of the request
RUN_EN	Output	BOOL	I,Q,M,D,L	Run enabled
D_DIR	Output	BOOL	I,Q,M,D,L	Drive direction
INHIBIT	Output	BOOL	I,Q,M,D,L	Drive inhibited
FAULT	Output	BOOL	I,Q,M,D,L	Drive fault
SPEED	Output	REAL	I,Q,M,D,L	Drive actual speed

NOTE

The input value used in this application will described in chapter 3.4.

3.3 Details of G120C USS function

3.3.1 Control word 1 (STW1)

Table 3-4: Control word 1 (STW1)

Bit	Significance	Explanation	Signal intercom- nection in the inverter
0	0 = OFF1	The motor brakes with the ramp-down time p1121 of the ramp-function generator. The inverter switches off the motor at standstill.	p0840[0]=r2090.0
	0 → 1 = ON	The inverter goes into the "ready" state. If, in addition bit 3 = 1, then the inverter switches on the motor.	
1	0 = OFF2	Switch off the motor immediately, the motor then coasts down to a standstill	p0844[0]=r2090.1
	1 = No OFF2	The motor can be switched on (ON command).	
2	0 = Quick stop (OFF3)	Quick stop: The motor brakes with the OFF3 ramp-down time p1135 down to standstill.	p0848[0]=r2090.2
	1 = No quick stop (OFF3)	The motor can be switched on (ON command)	
3	0 = Inhibit operation	Immediately switch-off motor (cancel pulses).	p0852[0]=r2090.3
	1 = Enable operation	Switch-on motor (pulses can be enabled).	
4	0 = Disable RFG	The inverter immediately sets its ramp-function generator output to 0.	p1140[0]= r2090.4
	1 = Do not disable RFG	The ramp-function generator can be enabled.	
5	0 = Stop RFG	The output of the ramp-function generator stops at the actual value.	p1141[0]=r2090.3
	1 = Enable RFG	The output of the ramp-function generator follows the setpoint.	
6	0 = Inhibit setpoint	The inverter brakes the motor with the ramp-down time p1121 of the ramp-function generator	p1142[0]=r2090.6
	1 = Enable setpoint	Motor accelerates with the ramp-up time p1120 to the setpoint.	
7	0 → 1 = Acknowledge faults	Acknowledge fault. If the ON command is still active, the inverter switches to the "switching on inhibited" state.	p2103[0]=r2090.7
8,9	Reserved		
10	0 = No control via PLC	Inverter ignores the process data from the fieldbus.	p0854[0]=r2090.10
	1 = Control via PLC	Control via fieldbus, inverter accepts the process data from the fieldbus.	
11	1 = Direction reversal	Invert setpoint in the inverter.	p1113[0]=r2090.11
12	Reserved		
13	1 = MOP up	Increase the setpoint saved in the motorized potentiometer.	p1035[0]=r2090.13

Bit	Significance	Explanation	Signal intercom- nection in the inverter
14	1 = MOP down	Reduce the setpoint saved in the motorized potentiometer	p1036[0]=r2090.14
15	Reserved		

3.3.2 Status word 1 (ZSW1)

Table 3-5: Status word 1 (ZSW1)

Bit	Significance	Remarks	Signal intercom nection in the inverter
0	1 = Ready for switching on	Power supply switched on; electronics initialized; pulses locked.	p2080[0]=r0899.0
1	1 = Ready	Motor is switched on (ON/OFF = 1), no fault is active. With the command "Enable operation" (STW1.3), the inverter switches on the motor.	p2080[1]=r0899.1
2	1 = Operation enabled	Motor follows setpoint. See control word 1, bit 3.	p2080[2]=r0899.2
3	1 = Fault active	The inverter has a fault. Acknowledge fault using STW1.7.	p2080[3]=r2139.3
4	1 = OFF2 inactive	Coast down to standstill is not active.	p2080[4]=r0899.4
5	1 = OFF3 inactive	Quick stop is not active.	p2080[5]=r0899.5
6	1 = Switching on inhibited active	It is only possible to switch on the motor after an OFF1 followed by ON.	p2080[6]=r0899.6
7	1 = Alarm active	Motor remains switched on; no acknowledgement is necessary.	p2080[7]=r2139.7
8	1 = Speed deviation within the tolerance range	Setpoint / actual value deviation within the tolerance range.	p2080[8]=r2197.7
9	1 = Master control requested	The automation system is requested to accept the inverter control.	p2080[9]=r0899.0
10	1 = Comparison speed reached or exceeded	Speed is greater than or equal to the corresponding maximum speed.	p2080[0]=r2199.1
11	1 = Torque limit not reached	Comparison value for current or torque has been fallen below.	p2080[11]=r0056.13 /r1407.7
12	Reserved		p2080[12]=r0899.12
13	0 = Alarm, motor over temperature		p2080[13]=r2135.14
14	1 = Motor rotates clockwise	Internal inverter actual value > 0	p2080[14]=r2197.3
	0 = Motor rotates counterclockwise	Internal inverter actual value < 0	
15	0 = Alarm, inverter thermal overload		p2080[15]=r2135.15

3.4 Installation

The figure below shows the hardware configuration of the application:

CAUTION

Wrong wiring can damage the drive!

In this application, the three phase 400V power supply is used. It is a must for you to check the supply voltage; otherwise, the drive can be damaged!

Figure 3-4

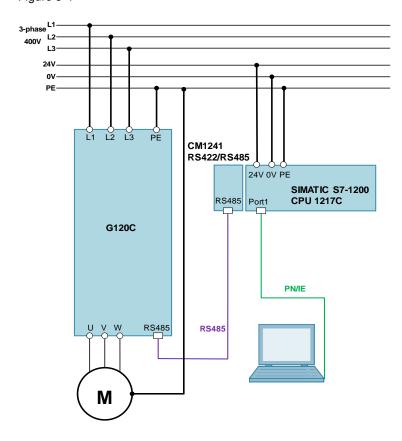


Figure 3-2: USS communication between CM1241 and G120C

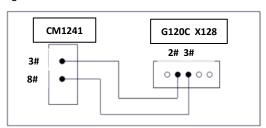
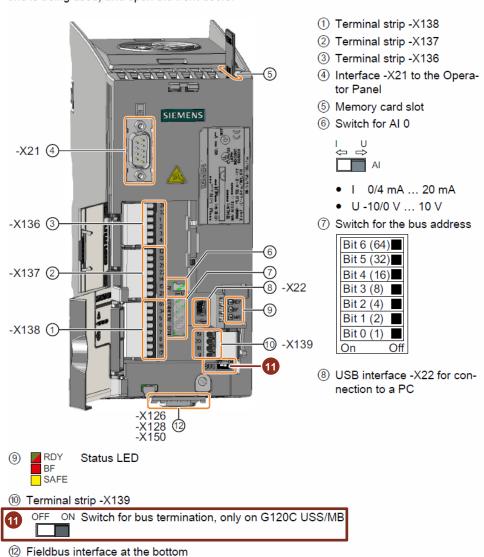


Figure 3-4: Position of the terminal bus switch (Frame sizes FSAA ... FSC)

To access the interfaces at the front of the Control Unit, you must lift the Operator Panel (if one is being used) and open the front doors.



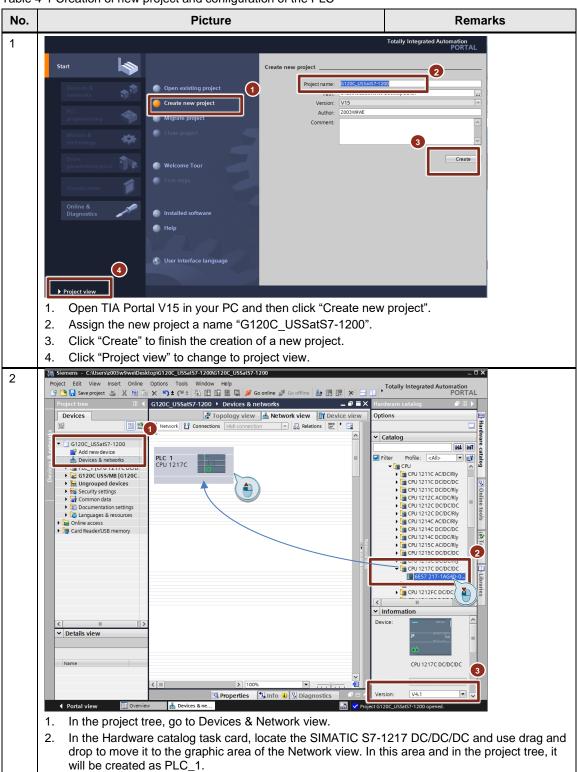
NOTE

The position of the bus termination switch for the frame sizes FSD - FSF can be found in the G120C manual $\$

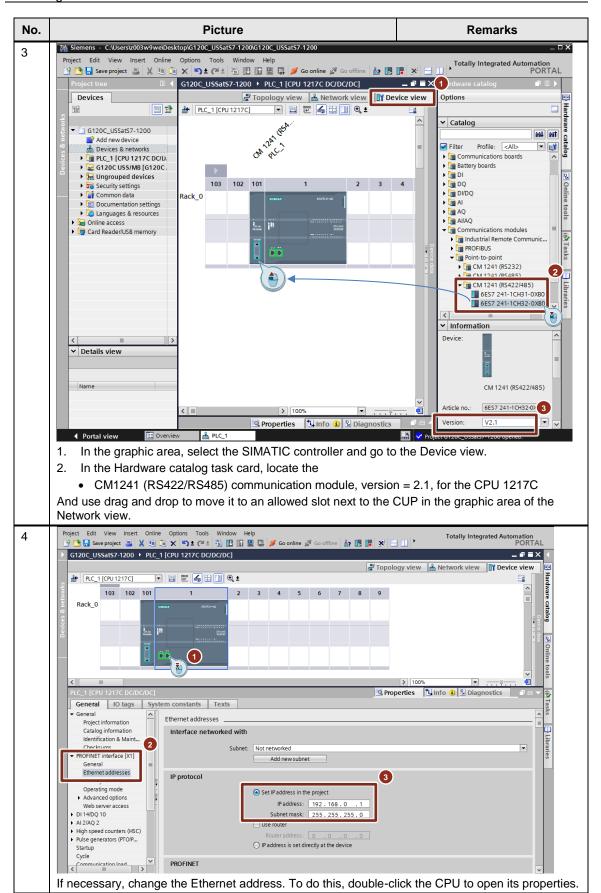
4 Configuration

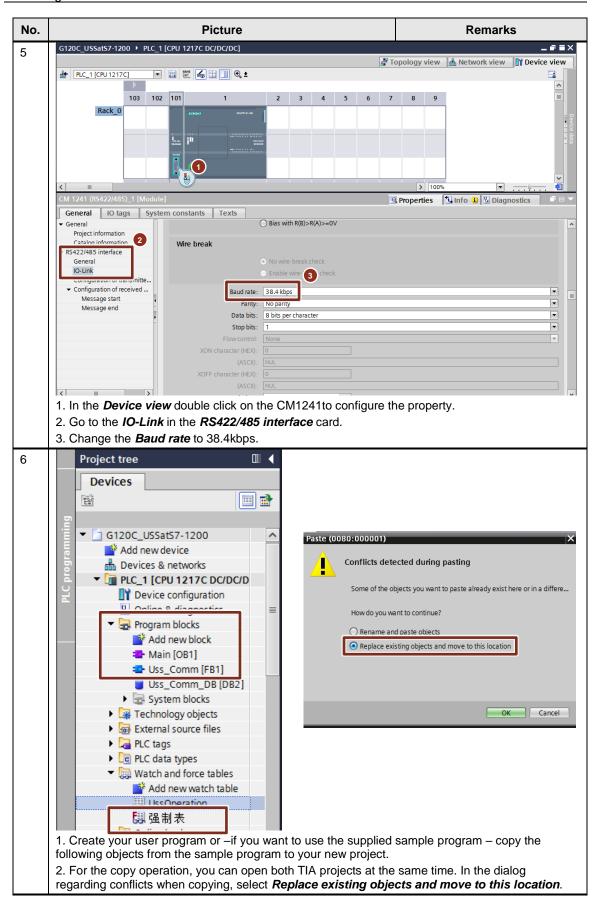
4.1 Configure PLC project

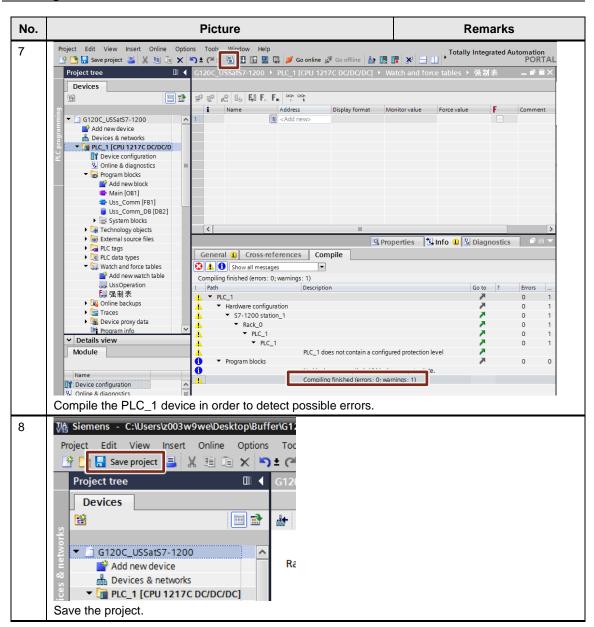
Table 4-1 Creation of new project and configuration of the PLC



Select the CPU with a version = 4.1 (S7-1200).

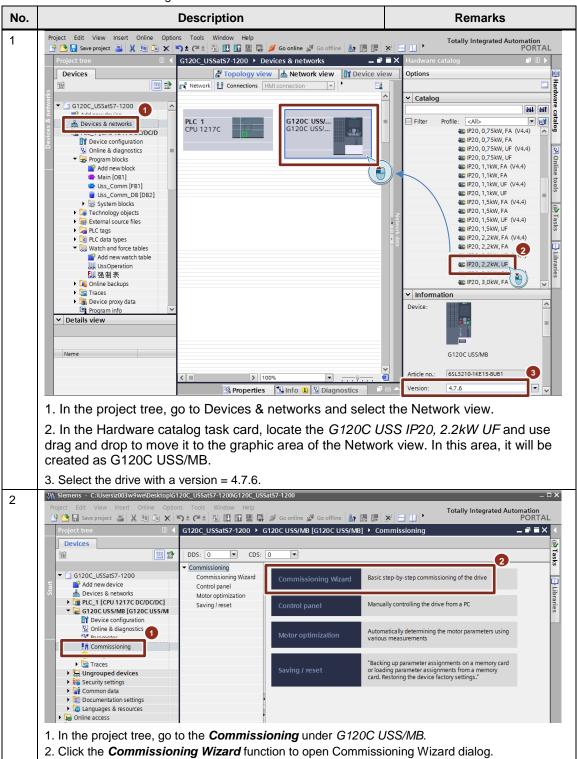


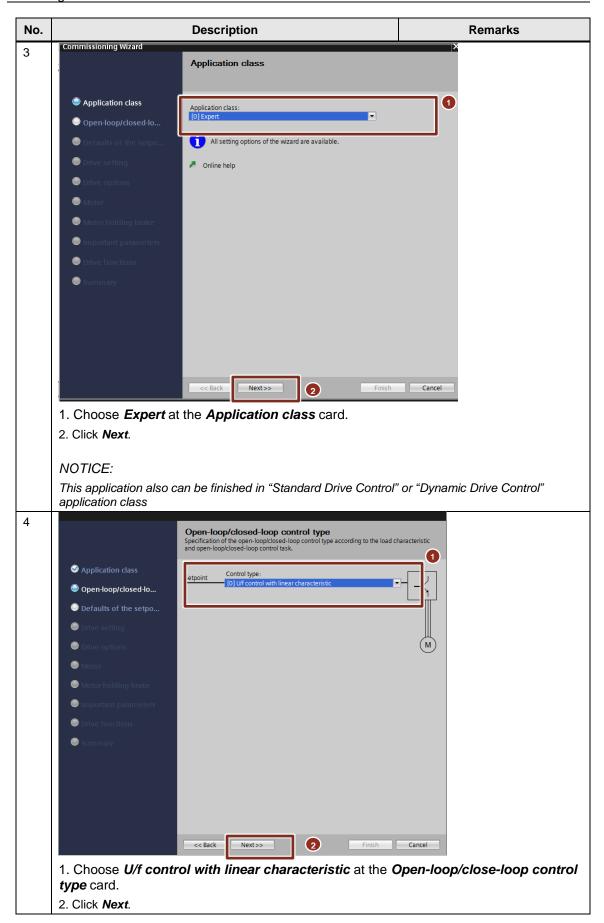


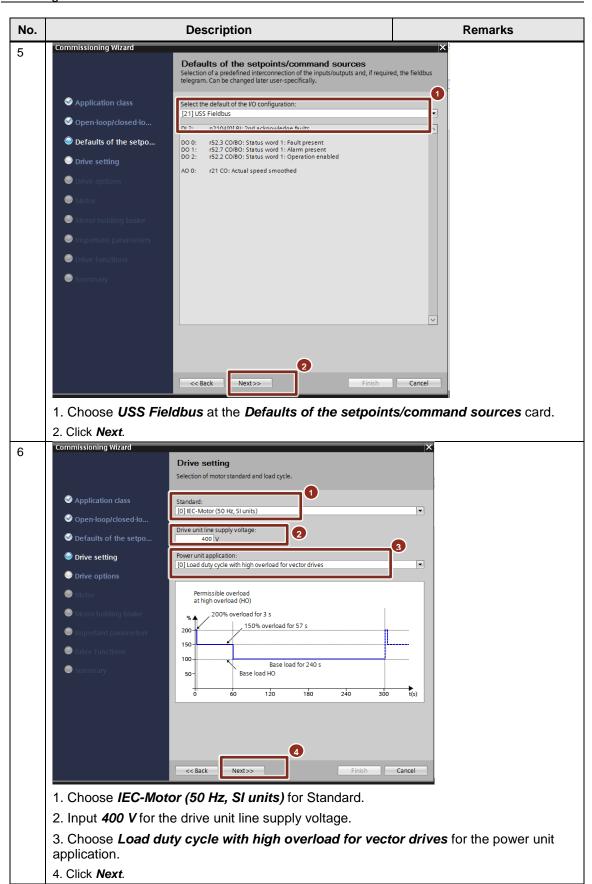


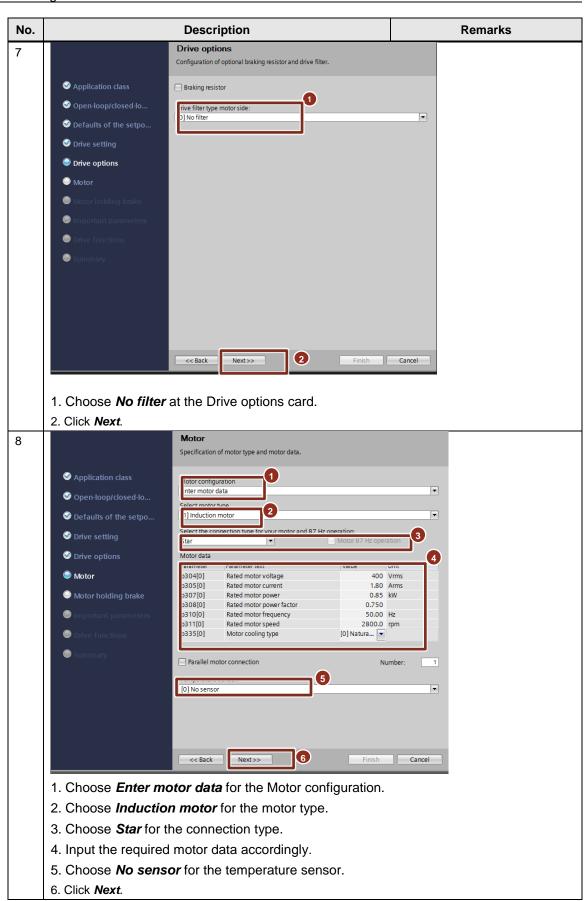
4.2 G120C configuration

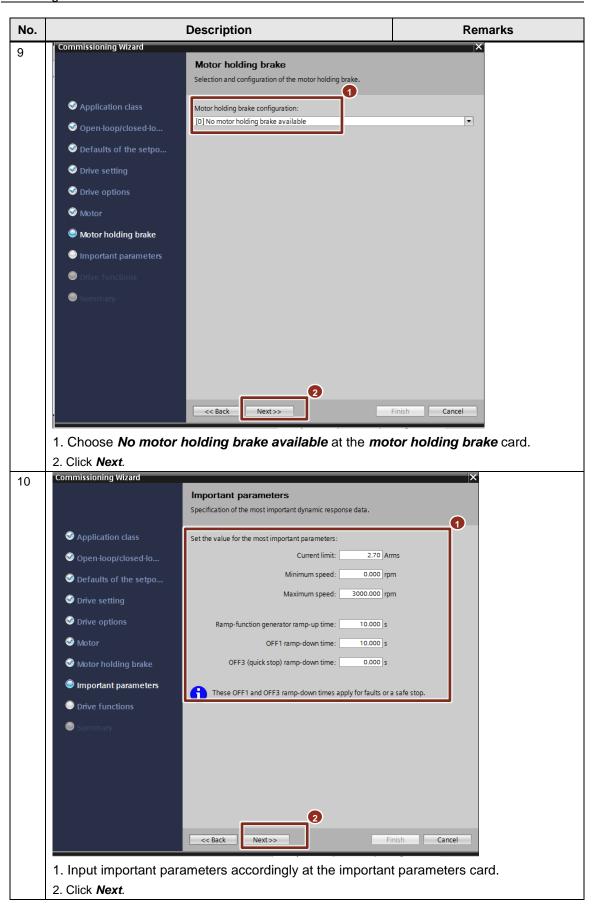
Table 4-2 Quick Commissioning via Startdrive in TIA Portal V15

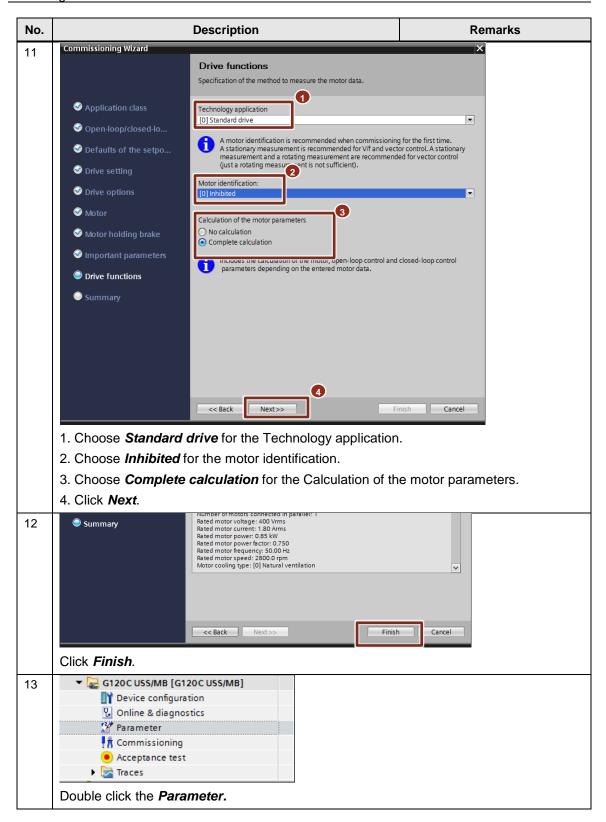


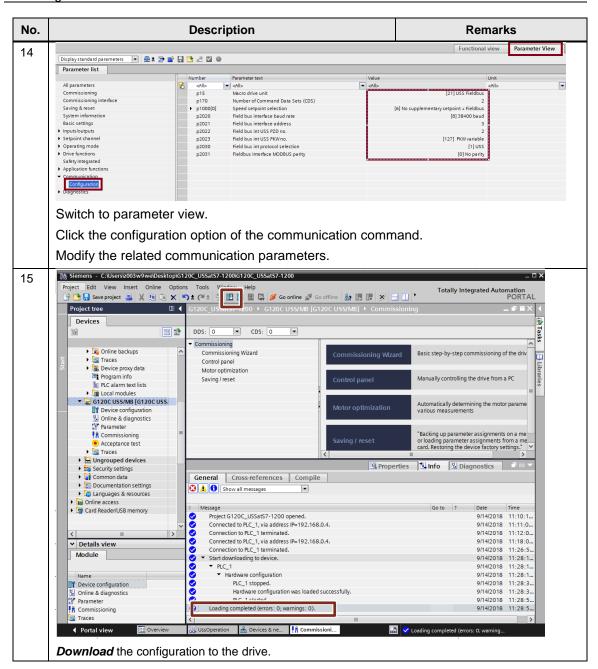


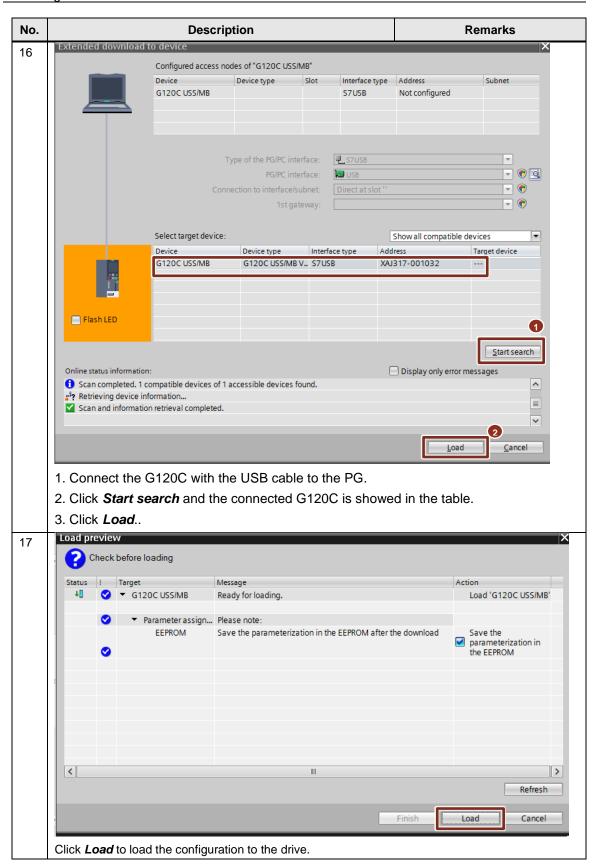


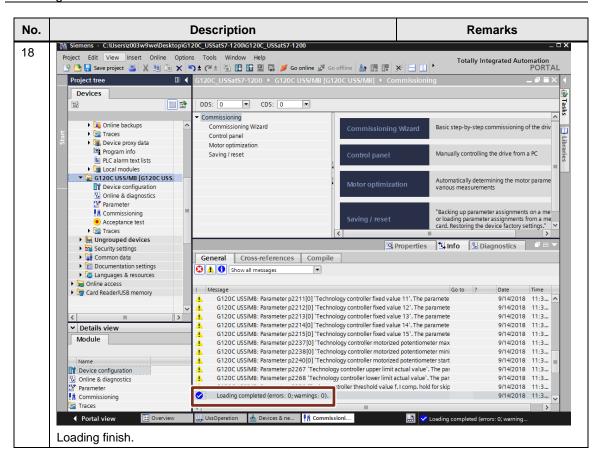












4.3 Program PLC logic

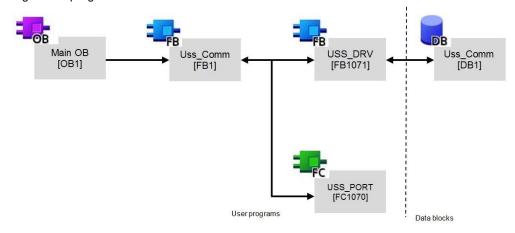
In this application example, the SINAMICS G120C drive is controlled by S7-1217 CPU via USS communication. To achieve this control, the following instructions have been added to the program:

- USS_DRV(FB1071)
- USS_PORT(FC1070)

This FB and FC are called in the "Uss_Comm"(FB1) function block.

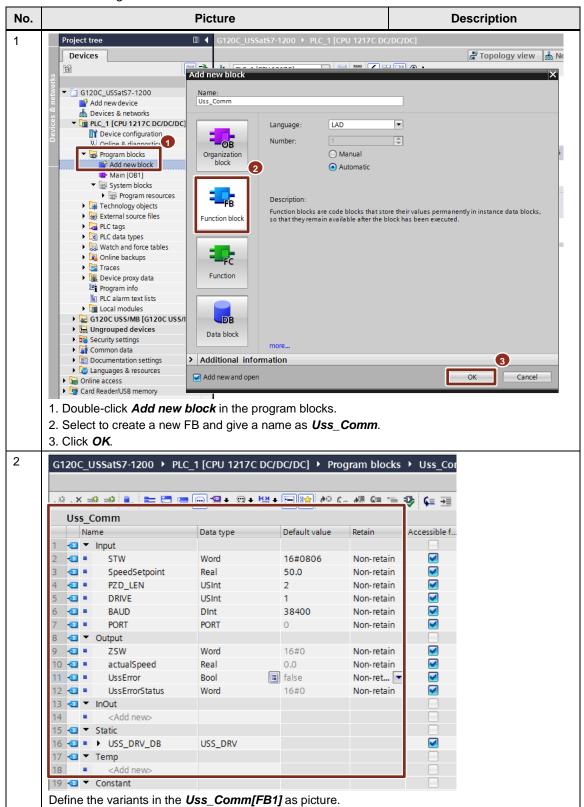
The figure 4-1 shows the program structure.

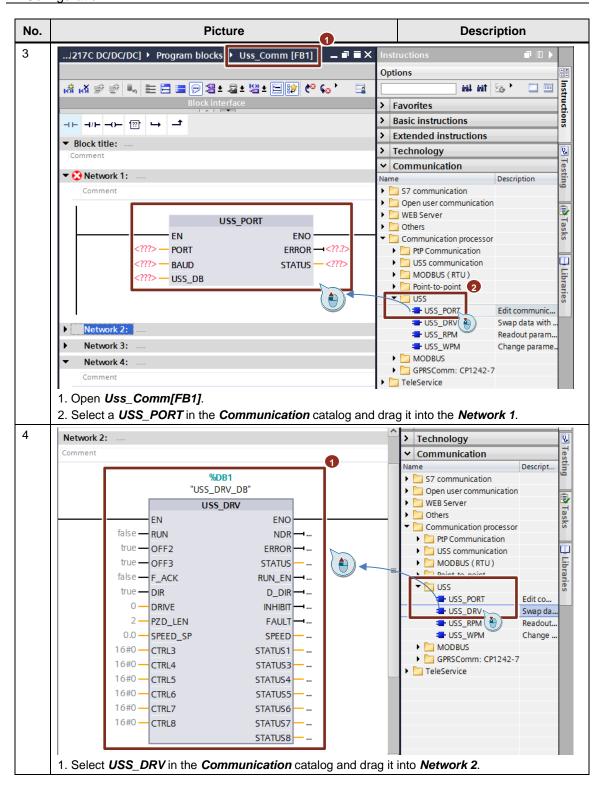
Figure 4-1 program structure

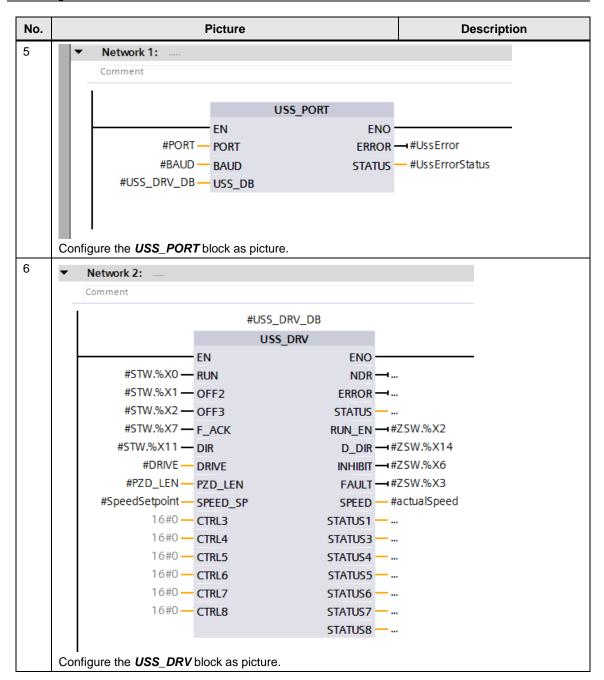


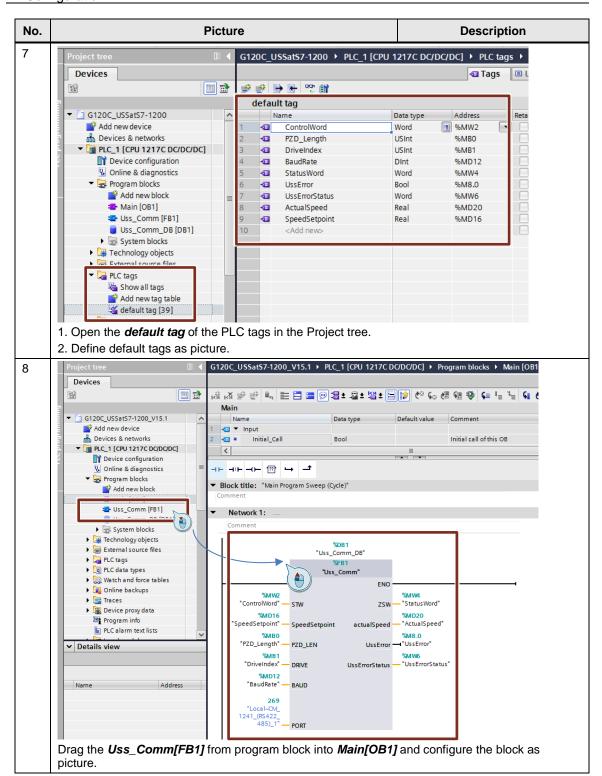
And in the Table 4-3 is about the PLC programming.

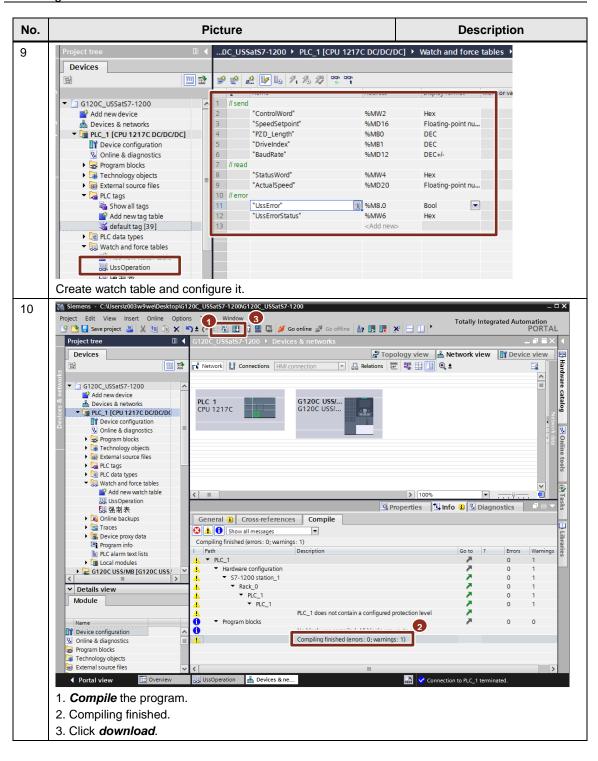
Table 4-3 PLC Program

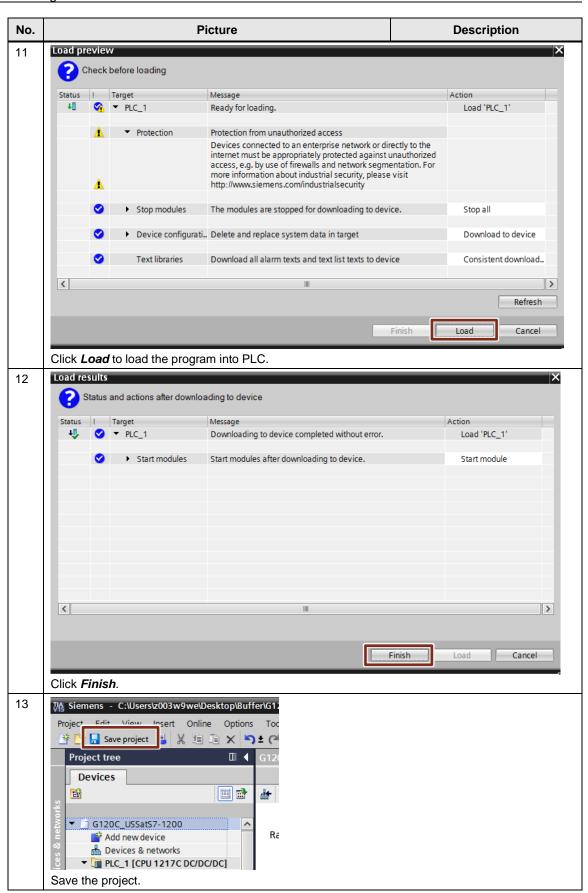






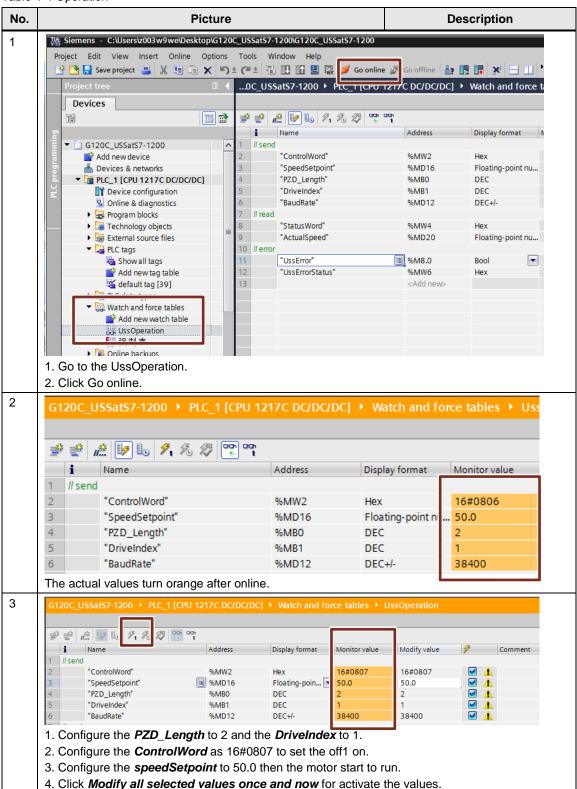


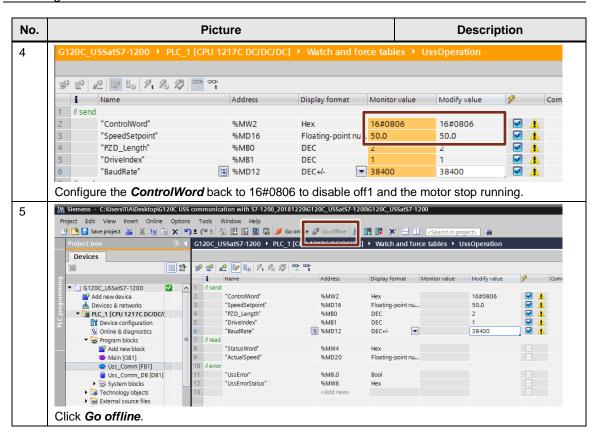




4.4 Operation

Table 4-4 Operation





5 Related literature

Table 5-1 Reference documents

	Торіс
\1\	Siemens Industry Online Support http://support.industry.siemens.com
\2\	Download page of this entry https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109764624
/3/	Simple speed control of a V20 with S7-1200/1500 using the USS protocol https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109480894
\4\	G120C manual FW 4.7.10 https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109757226

6 Contact

Siemens Ltd., China DF MC GMC-G

No. 18 Siemens Road Jiangning Development Zone

Nanjing, 211100

mailto: mc_gmc_mp_asia.cn@siemens.com

7 History

Table 7-1

Version	Date	Modifications
V1.0	02/2019	First version