SIEMENS

SIMATIC

ET 200SP Technology Module TM Count 1x24V (6ES7138-6AA00-0BA0)

Preface	
Documentation guide	1
Product overview	2
Wiring	3
Configuring/address space	4
Interrupts/diagnostic messages	5
Technical specifications	6
Parameter data records	Α

Legal information

Warning notice system

This manual contains notices you have to observe in order to ensure your personal safety, as well as to prevent damage to property. The notices referring to your personal safety are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol, notices referring only to property damage have no safety alert symbol. These notices shown below are graded according to the degree of danger.

▲ DANGER

indicates that death or severe personal injury will result if proper precautions are not taken.

AWARNING

indicates that death or severe personal injury may result if proper precautions are not taken.

ACAUTION

indicates that minor personal injury can result if proper precautions are not taken.

NOTICE

indicates that property damage can result if proper precautions are not taken.

If more than one degree of danger is present, the warning notice representing the highest degree of danger will be used. A notice warning of injury to persons with a safety alert symbol may also include a warning relating to property damage.

Qualified Personnel

The product/system described in this documentation may be operated only by **personnel qualified** for the specific task in accordance with the relevant documentation, in particular its warning notices and safety instructions. Qualified personnel are those who, based on their training and experience, are capable of identifying risks and avoiding potential hazards when working with these products/systems.

Proper use of Siemens products

Note the following:

AWARNING

Siemens products may only be used for the applications described in the catalog and in the relevant technical documentation. If products and components from other manufacturers are used, these must be recommended or approved by Siemens. Proper transport, storage, installation, assembly, commissioning, operation and maintenance are required to ensure that the products operate safely and without any problems. The permissible ambient conditions must be complied with. The information in the relevant documentation must be observed.

Trademarks

All names identified by ® are registered trademarks of Siemens AG. The remaining trademarks in this publication may be trademarks whose use by third parties for their own purposes could violate the rights of the owner.

Disclaimer of Liability

We have reviewed the contents of this publication to ensure consistency with the hardware and software described. Since variance cannot be precluded entirely, we cannot guarantee full consistency. However, the information in this publication is reviewed regularly and any necessary corrections are included in subsequent editions.

Preface

Purpose of the documentation

This manual includes module-specific information on wiring, diagnostics and the technical specifications of the technology module.

General information regarding design and commissioning of the ET 200SP is available in the ET 200SP system manual.

The counting and measuring functions of the TM Count 1x24V technology module are described in more detail in the Counting, Measurement and Position Detection (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59709820) function manual.

Conventions

Please observe notes marked as follows:

Note

A note contains important information on the product described in the documentation, on the handling of the product and on the section of the documentation to which particular attention should be paid.

Security information

Siemens provides automation and drive products with industrial security functions that support the secure operation of plants or machines. They are an important component in a holistic industrial security concept. With this in mind, our products undergo continuous development. We therefore recommend that you keep yourself informed with respect to our product updates. Please find further information and newsletters on this subject at: http://support.automation.siemens.com.

To ensure the secure operation of a plant or machine it is also necessary to take suitable preventive action (e.g. cell protection concept) and to integrate the automation and drive components into a state-of-the-art holistic industrial security concept for the entire plant or machine. Any third-party products that may be in use must also be taken into account. Please find further information at: http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity

Copyright notice for the open-source software used

Open-source software is used in the firmware of the product described. The open-source software is provided free of charge. We are liable for the product described, including the open-source software contained in it, pursuant to the conditions applicable to the product. Siemens accepts no liability for the use of the open source software over and above the intended program sequence, or for any faults caused by modifications to the software.

For legal reasons, we are obliged to publish the original text of the following copyright notices.

© Copyright William E. Kempf 2001

Permission to use, copy, modify, distribute and sell this software and its documentation for any purpose is hereby granted without fee, provided that the above copyright notice appear in all copies and that both that copyright notice and this permission notice appear in supporting documentation. William E. Kempf makes no representations about the suitability of this software for any purpose. It is provided "as is" without express or implied warranty.

Copyright © 1994 Hewlett-Packard Company

Permission to use, copy, modify, distribute and sell this software and its documentation for any purpose is hereby granted without fee, provided that the above copyright notice appear in all copies and that both that copyright notice and this permission notice appear in supporting documentation. Hewlett-Packard Company makes no representations about the suitability of this software for any purpose. It is provided ``as is' without express or implied warranty.

Table of contents

	Preface	e	
1	Docum	nentation guide	
2	Produc	ct overview	
	2.1	Properties	
	2.2 2.2.1 2.2.2 2.2.3 2.2.4 2.2.5	Functions Detection of counting signals Measured value determination Switching the outputs at comparison values Position input for Motion Control Additional functions	
3	Wiring		17
	3.1	Pin assignment	17
4	Configu	uring/address space	23
	4.1	Configuring	23
	4.2	Reaction to CPU STOP	25
	4.3	Address space	26
	4.4 4.4.1 4.4.2	Control and feedback interfaceAssignment of the control interfaceAssignment of the feedback interface	27
5	Interru	pts/diagnostic messages	3
	5.1	Status and error displays	3
	5.2	Diagnostic messages	32
	5.3 5.3.1 5.3.2 5.3.3 5.3.4	Interrupts Trigger a diagnostic interrupt Cause of the error triggering a diagnostic interrupt Triggering of a Hardware Interrupt Events which can trigger a hardware interrupt	
6	Techni	ical specifications	4
Α	Parame	eter data records	49

Documentation guide

Introduction

This modular documentation of the SIMATIC products covers diverse topics concerning your automation system.

The complete documentation for the ET 200SP and S7-1500 systems consists of the respective system manuals, function manuals and device manuals.

The STEP 7 information system (TIA Portal) also helps you configure and program your automation system.

Overview of the documentation provided for technology module TM Count 1x24V

The following table lists further documentation that you will need when using the TM Count 1x24V technology module.

Table 1-1 Documentation for technology module TM Count 1x24V

Topic	Documentation	Most important contents
System description	System manual ET 200SP distributed I/O system (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/58649293)	Application planningInstallingConnecting
	System manual S7-1500 Automation System (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59191792)	Commissioning
	Device manual ET 200SP Interface Module (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/55683316/133300)	 Connecting Interrupts, diagnostics, error, and system alarms Technical specifications Dimensional drawing
	Device manual ET 200SP BaseUnits (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/58532597/133300)	Technical specifications
Interference-free installation of control systems	Function manual Interference-free Installation of Control Systems (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59193566)	BasicsElectromagnetic compatibilityLightning protection

Topic	Documentation	Most important contents
Counting and measuring	Function manual Counting, Measurement and Position Detection (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59709820)	 Counting functions Measuring functions Position detection Control and feedback interface
Motion Control	Function manual S7-1500 Motion Control (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59381279)	ConfigurationProgrammingCommissioningDiagnostics

SIMATIC manuals

All current manuals for the SIMATIC products are available for download free of charge from the Internet (http://www.siemens.com/automation/service&support).

Product overview

2.1 Properties

Order number

6ES7138-6AA00-0BA0

View of the module



Figure 2-1 View of the TM Count 1x24V module

2.1 Properties

Properties

The TM Count 1x24V technology module has the following properties:

- Technical properties
 - One channel
 - Interfaces:

24 V encoder signals A, B and N from sourcing, sinking or push pull encoders and sensors

24 V encoder supply output, short-circuit proof

DI0, DI1 and DI2 digital input signals

DQ0 and DQ1 digital output signals

- L+ supply voltage
- Count range: 32 bits
- Monitoring of encoder signals for wire break
- Hardware interrupts configurable
- Input filters for suppression of interferences at encoder inputs and digital inputs can be configured
- Supported encoder/signal types
 - 24 V incremental encoder with and without N signal
 - 24 V pulse encoder with direction signal
 - 24 V pulse encoder without direction signal
 - 24 V pulse encoders for up & down pulses
- Supported system functions
 - Isochronous mode
 - Firmware Update
 - Identification data I&M

Accessories

The following accessories can be used with the module and are not included in the scope of delivery:

- Labeling strip
- Color identification labels
- Reference identification labels
- Shield connector

A BaseUnit of the A0 type is required to operate the technology module. For an overview of the BaseUnits that you can use with the technology module, please refer to the product information on the documentation for the ET 200SP Distributed I/O System (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/73021864).

For detailed information on the installation procedure, refer to the ET 200SP Distributed I/O System (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/58649293) system manual.

2.2 Functions

2.2.1 Detection of counting signals

Counting refers to the detection and summation of events. The counters of the technology module detect encoder signals and pulses and evaluate them accordingly. The count direction can be specified using encoder or pulse signals or through the user program.

You can control the counting processes with the digital inputs.

You can specify the counter characteristics using the functions described below.

Counting limits

The counting limits define the counter value range used. The counting limits are configurable and can be modified during runtime with the user program.

The maximum possible counting limit is 2147483647 ($2^{31}-1$). The minimum possible counting limit is -2147483648 (-2^{31}).

You can configure the response of the counter at the counting limits:

- Continue or stop counting upon violation of a counting limit (automatic gate stop)
- Set counter value to start value or to other counting limit upon violation of a counting limit

Start value

You can configure a start value within the counting limits. The start value can be modified during runtime with the user program.

Depending on the parameter assignment, the technology module can set the current counter value to the start value upon synchronization, upon Capture function activation, upon violation of a counting limit or when the gate is opened.

Gate control

Opening and closing the hardware gate and software gate defines the period of time during which the counting signals are captured.

The control of the hardware gate takes place externally via the digital inputs of the technology module. Control of the software gate takes place via the user program. The hardware gate can be enabled through parameter assignment. The software gate (bit in the control interface of the cyclic I/O data) cannot be disabled.

Capture

You can configure an external reference signal edge that triggers the saving of the current counter value as Capture value. The following external signals can trigger the Capture function:

- Rising or falling edge of a digital input
- · Both edges of a digital input
- · Rising edge of the N signal at the encoder input

You can configure whether counting continues from the current counter value or from the start value after the Capture function.

Synchronization

You can configure the edge of an external reference signal to load the counter with the specified start value. The following external signals can trigger a synchronization:

- Rising or falling edge of a digital input
- · Rising edge of the N signal at the encoder input
- Rising edge of the N signal at the encoder input depending on the level of the assigned digital input

Hysteresis

You can specify hysteresis for the comparison values, within which a digital output will be prevented from switching again. An encoder can come to a standstill at a specific position, and slight movements may make the counter value fluctuate around this position. If a comparison value or a counting limit lies within this fluctuation range, the corresponding digital output will be switched on and off with corresponding frequency if hysteresis is not used. The hysteresis prevents these unwanted switching operations.

2.2.2 Measured value determination

The following measuring functions are available:

Measurement type	Description
Frequency measurement	The mean frequency is calculated at set measuring intervals on the basis of the time profile of the count pulses and returned in hertz as the floating point number.
Period measurement	The mean period duration is calculated at set measuring intervals on the basis of the time profile of the count pulses and returned in seconds as the floating point number.
Velocity measurement	The mean velocity is calculated at set measuring intervals on the basis of the time profile of the count pulses and other parameters, and returned in the configured unit of measurement.

The measured value and the counter value are available concurrently in the feedback interface.

Update time

You can configure the interval at which the technology module updates the measured values cyclically as the update time. Setting longer update time intervals allows uneven measured variables to be smoothed and increases measuring accuracy.

Gate control

Opening and closing the hardware gate and software gate defines the period of time during which the counting signals are captured. The update time is asynchronous to the opening of the gate, which means that the update time is not started when the gate is opened. After closing, the last measured value captured continues to be returned.

Measuring ranges

The measuring functions have the following measuring range limits:

Measurement type	Low measuring range limit	High measuring range limit	
Frequency measurement	0.04 Hz	800 kHz*	
Period measurement	1.25 μs* 25 s		
Velocity measurement	Depends on the configured number of "increments per unit" and the "time base for velocity measurement"		

^{*} Applies to 24 V incremental encoders and "quadruple" signal evaluation.

All measured values are returned as signed values. The sign indicates whether the counter value increased or decreased during the relevant time period.

2.2.3 Switching the outputs at comparison values

You define two comparison values that can control the two digital outputs independent of the user program. The comparison values are configurable and can be modified during runtime with the user program.

Comparison values in the Counting mode

You define two comparison values in the Counting mode. If the current counter value meets the configured comparison condition, the corresponding digital output can be set to directly initiate control processes in the process.

Comparison values in the Measuring mode

You define two comparison values in the Measuring mode. If the current measured value meets the configured comparison condition, the corresponding digital output can be set to directly initiate control processes in the process.

2.2.4 Position input for Motion Control

You can use the technology module with an incremental encoder for position detection with S7-1500 Motion Control . Position detection is based on the counting function of the technology module which evaluates the captured encoder signals and sends them to the S7-1500 Motion Control.

In the device configuration of the technology module in STEP 7 (TIA Portal), select "Position detection for Motion Control".

Additional information

A detailed description of the use of Motion Control and its configuration is available in the function manual S7-1500 Motion Control as a download from the Internet (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59381279).

2.2.5 Additional functions

Hardware interrupts

The technology module can trigger a hardware interrupt in the CPU, for example, if a compare event occurs, in the event of overflow or underflow, in the event of a zero crossing of the counter and/or of a change of count direction (direction reversal). You can specify which events (Page 39) are to trigger a hardware interrupt during operation.

Diagnostic interrupt

The technology module can trigger a diagnostic interrupt in the event of a missing supply voltage or an error at the digital outputs, for example. Select the diagnostic interrupts (Page 37) in the device configuration freely.

Input filter

To suppress interference, you can configure an input filter for the 24 V encoder inputs and for the digital inputs.

Distributed application

You can use the technology module in a distributed system by means of an interface module in the ET 200SP distributed I/O device. The following applications are possible:

- Distributed operation in an S7-1500 system
- Distributed operation in an S7-1200 system
- Distributed operation in an S7-300/400 system
- Distributed operation in a third-party system

Isochronous mode

The technology module supports the system function "Isochronous mode". This system function enables counter values and measured values to be acquired in a defined system cycle.

In isochronous mode, the cycle of the user program, the transmission of the input signals and processing in the technology module are synchronized. The output signals switch immediately if the relevant comparison condition is met. A change in the state of a digital input immediately affects the planned reaction of the technology module and changes the status bit of the digital input in the feedback interface (Page 29).

Data processing

The data that was transmitted to the technology module in the current bus cycle via the control interface takes effect when it is processed in the internal technology module cycle. The counter value and the measured value as well as status bits are captured at time T_i and made available in the feedback interface for retrieval in the current bus cycle.

In isochronous mode, there is always data consistency across all bytes in the feedback interface.

Wiring 3

3.1 Pin assignment

The TM Count 1x24V is used with a BaseUnit of the A0 type.

The encoder signals, the digital input and output signals and the encoder supply are connected to the BaseUnit of the technology module. The supply voltage feed on the light BaseUnit BU...D of the associated potential group supplies the module and the digital outputs, and generates the encoder supply voltage.

BaseUnit

The BaseUnit is not included in the scope of delivery of the module and must be ordered separately.

For an overview of the BaseUnits to be used with the technology module, refer to the product information on the documentation for the ET 200SP Distributed I/O System (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/73021864).

You can find information about selecting a suitable BaseUnit in the ET 200SP Distributed I/O System (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/58649293) system manual and ET 200SP BaseUnits

(http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/58532597/133300) device manual.

You can find information on wiring the BaseUnit, connecting cable shields, etc. in the Connecting section of the ET 200SP Distributed I/O System (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/58649293) system manual.

3.1 Pin assignment

Terminal assignment of the BaseUnit

The table below shows the pin assignment, using the BaseUnit BU15-P16+A0+2B as an example.

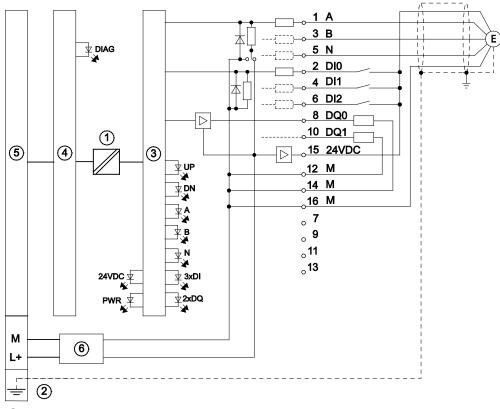
Table 3- 1 Pin assignment of the BaseUnit BU15-P16+A0+2B

View	Sigr	nal name	Designation				
			24 V incremental encoder 24		24 V pulse encoder	4 V pulse encoder	
			With signal N	Without signal N	with direction signal	without direction signal	up/down
	1	Α	Encod	ler signal A	Counti	ng signal A	Up counting signal A
1 C C D 4 4 5 C C D 6	3	В	Encod	ler signal B	Direction signal B	_	Down counting signal B
7	5	N	Encoder — signal N				
9 4 10	2	DI0	Digital input DI0				
11 12 12	4	DI1	Digital input DI1				
13	6	DI2			Digital input D	DI2	
15 16	8	DQ0			Digital output [DQ0	
L+ 6 6 6 6 M	10	DQ1	Digital output DQ1				
	7	_	_				
	9	_			<u> </u>		
	11	_					
	13	_	_				
	Suppl	1	e, encoder supply and ground				
15 24VDC			24 V encoder supply				
	12	M Consider a second digital installing to an additional and digital sectors.					
	14	М	Ground for encoder supply, digital inputs and digital outputs				
	16	M					
		L+	DC 24V Supply voltage				
		M	Ground for supply voltage				

Block diagram

The figure below shows the block diagram of the technology module with a connected incremental encoder.

You must ground the shields of the cables between encoder and technology module both through the shield terminal on the BaseUnit (shield bracket and terminal) and also on the encoder.



- ① Electrical isolation
- 2 Shield terminal on the BaseUnit
- 3 Technology
- 4 Backplane bus interface module of the technology module
- ⑤ Backplane bus
- 6 Input filter

Figure 3-1 Block diagram with incremental encoder

3.1 Pin assignment

L+/M supply voltage

Connect the supply voltage (DC 24V) to the L+ and M connections. An internal protective circuit protects the technology module from polarity reversal of the supply voltage. The technology module monitors the connection of the supply voltage.

24VDC encoder supply

To supply the encoder and sensors at the digital inputs, the technology module supplies the DC 24V supply voltage at the 24VDC output with reference to M. Voltage is supplied from the L+/M supply voltage and monitored for short circuits and overload.

24 V encoder signals/count signals

The 24 V encoder signals are designated A, B and N. You can connect the following encoder types:

• Incremental encoder with signal N:

The signals A, B and N are connected by means of the correspondingly labeled terminals. Signals A and B are the two incremental signals phase-shifted by 90°. N is the zero mark signal which returns one pulse per revolution.

Incremental encoder without signal N:

The signals A and B are connected by means of the correspondingly labeled terminals. Signals A and B are the two incremental signals phase-shifted by 90°. The N terminal remains disconnected.

Pulse encoders without direction signal:

The counting signal is connected to the A terminal. The count direction is specified via the control interface. The B and N terminals remain disconnected.

• Pulse encoders with direction signal:

The counting signal is connected to the A terminal. The direction signal is connected to the B terminal. The N terminal remains disconnected.

Pulse encoders with counting signal up/down:

The up counting signal is connected to the A terminal. The down counting signal is connected to the B terminal. The N terminal remains disconnected.

The inputs are not electrically isolated from each other. The inputs are isolated against the backplane bus.

You can connect the following encoders or sensors at inputs A, B and N:

- Sourcing output:
 The inputs A, B and N are switched by the encoder or sensor after 24VDC.
- Sinking output:
 The inputs A, B and N are switched by the encoder or sensor after ground M.
- Push pull:

The inputs A, B and N are switched by the encoder or sensor alternately after 24VDC and ground M . Monitoring for wire break is possible with this type of encoder/sensor. The wire break detection procedure (alternate switching) allows the counter value to change in the event of an error (wire break) even without count pulses until the wire break is detected.

Input filter for 24 V encoder signals

To suppress interferences, you can configure an input filter for the counting inputs A, B and N. The selected filter frequency is based on a pulse-break ratio of between 40:60 and 60:40. This produces a set minimum pulse/break time. Signal changes with a duration shorter than the minimum pulse/break time are suppressed.

You can specify the following values for the filter frequency:

Table 3-2 Filter frequency and respective minimum pulse/break time

Filter frequency	Minimum pulse/break time
100 Hz	4.0 ms
200 Hz	2.0 ms
500 Hz	800 μs
1 kHz	400 μs
2 kHz	200 μs
5 kHz	80 μs
10 kHz	40 μs
20 kHz	20 μs
50 kHz	8.0 µs
100 kHz	4.0 μs
200 kHz (default)	2.0 μs

Digital inputs DI0, DI1 and DI2

There are three digital inputs. The digital inputs are used for gate control, synchronization and the Capture function. Alternatively, you can use one or more digital inputs without the mentioned functions and read the signal state of the respective digital input via the feedback interface.

The digital inputs are not electrically isolated from each other.

3.1 Pin assignment

Input filters for digital inputs

To suppress interferences, you can configure an input filter for the digital inputs.

You can specify the following values for the filter time:

- None
- 0.05 ms
- 0.1 ms (default)
- 0.4 ms
- 0.8 ms
- 1.6 ms
- 3.2 ms
- 12.8 ms
- 20 ms

Note

If you select the "None" or "0.05 ms" option, you have to use shielded cables for connection of the digital inputs.

Digital outputs DQ0 and DQ1

There are two digital outputs. The two digital outputs DQ0 and DQ1 can be activated/switched directly by the specified comparison values or by the user program.

The digital outputs are not isolated from each other.

The digital outputs are 24 V sourcing outputs in reference to M and can carry a rated load current of 0.5 A. They are protected from overload and short-circuit.

Note

Relays and contactors can be connected direct without external circuitry. You can find information on the maximum possible operating frequencies and the inductive loads at the digital outputs in the section Technical specifications (Page 41).

Configuring/address space

4.1 Configuring

Introduction

The technology module is configured and assigned parameters with the configuration software.

The technology module functions are controlled and monitored by the user program.

System environment

The technology module can be used in the following system environments:

Applications Components required		Configuration software	In the user program	
Distributed operation in an S7-1500 system	 S7-1500 automation system ET 200SP distributed I/O system TM Count 1x24V 	STEP 7 (TIA Portal): Device configuration with hardware configuration (HWCN) Parameter setting with High_Speed_Counter technology object	Counting and measuring functions: High_Speed_Counter instruction for the technology object	
		STEP 7 (TIA Portal): Device configuration with hardware configuration (HWCN) in operating mode "Position Detection for Motion Control"	Control by means of a technology object	
Distributed operation in an S7-300/400 or S7-1200 system	S7-300/400 or S7-1200 automation system ET 200SP distributed I/O system TM Count 1x24V	STEP 7 (TIA Portal): Device configuration and parameter settings with hardware configuration (HWCN) STEP 7: Device configuration and parameter settings with HSP	Direct access to the control and feedback interface (Page 27) of the TM Count 1x24V in the I/O data	
Distributed operation in a third-party system	Third-party automation system ET 200SP distributed I/O system TM Count 1x24V	Third-party configuration software: Device configuration and parameter settings with GSD file	Direct access to the control and feedback interface (Page 27) of the TM Count 1x24V in the I/O data	

4.1 Configuring

Additional information

A detailed description of the counting and measuring functions and their configuration is available:

- In the Counting, Measurement and Position Input Function Manual available as download on the Internet (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59709820)
- In the STEP 7 (TIA Portal) information system under "Using technology functions
 Counting, measurement and position detection" > Counting, measurement and position detection (S7-1500)"

A detailed description of the use of Motion Control and its configuration is available:

- In the S7-1500 Motion Control function manual available as a download from the Internet (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59381279)
- In the STEP 7 (TIA Portal) information system under "Using technology functions
 Motion Control > Motion Control (S7-1200, S7-1500)"

Hardware Support Package

The Hardware Support Packages (HSP) are available for download from the Internet (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/72341852).

Note

If you integrate the TM Count 1x24V via HSP in an S7-300/400 system, you can use the "Isochronous mode" system function.

GSD file

The GSD files for the ET 200SP distributed I/O system are available for download from the Internet (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/57138621).

4.2 Reaction to CPU STOP

Reaction to CPU STOP

You set the response of the technology module to CPU STOP for each channel in the basic parameters of the device configuration.

Table 4-1 Response of the technology module to CPU STOP depending on parameter assignment

Basic parameters	Reaction to CPU STOP
Continue operation	The technology module remains fully functional. Incoming count pulses are processed. The digital outputs continue to switch according to the parameter assignment.
Output substitute value	The technology module outputs the configured substitute values at the digital outputs until the next CPU STOP-RUN transition.
	The technology module is returned to its startup state after a STOP-RUN transition: The counter value is set to the start value and the digital outputs switch according to the parameter assignment.
Keep last value	The technology module outputs the values at the digital outputs that were valid when the transition to STOP took place until the next CPU STOP-RUN transition.
	The technology module is returned to its startup state after a STOP-RUN transition: The counter value is set to the start value and the digital outputs switch according to the parameter assignment.

4.3 Address space

4.3 Address space

Address space of the technology module

Table 4-2 Range of the input addresses and output addresses of the TM Count 1x24V

	Inputs	Outputs
Range	16 bytes	12 bytes

Table 4- 3 Range of the input and output addresses of the TM Count 1x24V in the "Position detection for Motion Control" mode

	Inputs	Outputs
Range	16 bytes	4 bytes

Additional information

A description on how to use the control and feedback interface of TM Count 1x24V can be found in the section Control and feedback interface (Page 27).

4.4 Control and feedback interface

Information on using the control and feedback interface can be found in the section Configuring (Page 23).

A detailed description of the TM Count 1x24V control and feedback bits is available in the Counting, Measurement and Position Detection function manual which can be downloaded from the Internet (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59709820).

Note

The control and feedback interface is compatible with the control and feedback interface of the TM Count 2x24V technology module of the S7-1500 automation system.

4.4.1 Assignment of the control interface

The user program uses the control interface to influence the behavior of the technology module.

Control interface

The following table shows control interface assignment:

Offset to the start address	Parameter	Meaning				
Bytes 0 to 3	Slot 0	Load value (the significance of the value is specified in LD_SLOT_0)				
Bytes 4 to 7	Slot 1	Load value (the significance of the value is specified in LD_SLOT_1)				
Byte 8	LD_SLOT_0*	Specifies the significance of the value in Slot 0				value in Slot 0
		Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
		0	0	0	0	No action, idle
		0	0	0	1	Load counter value
		0	0	1	0	Reserve
		0	0	1	1	Load start value
		0	1	0	0	Load comparison value 0
		0	1	0	1	Load comparison value 1
		0	1	1	0	Load low counting limit
		0	1	1	1	Load high counting limit
		1	0	0	0	Reserve
		to	to			
		1	1	1	1	

4.4 Control and feedback interface

Offset to the start address	Parameter	Meaning						
Byte 8	LD_SLOT_1*	Specifies the significance of the value in Slot 1						
		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4			
		0	0	0	0	No action, idle		
		0	0	0	1	Load counter value		
		0	0	1	0	Reserve		
		0	0	1	1	Load start value		
		0	1	0	0	Load comparison value 0		
		0	1	0	1	Load comparison value 1		
		0	1	1	0	Load low counting limit		
		0	1	1	1	Load high counting limit		
		1	0	0	0	Reserve		
		to						
		1	1	1	1			
Byte 9	EN_CAPTURE	Bit 7: Capture function enable						
	EN_SYNC_DN	Bit 6: E	Bit 6: Enable synchronization down					
	EN_SYNC_UP	Bit 5: Enable synchronization up						
	SET_DQ1	Bit 4: Set DQ1						
	SET_DQ0	Bit 3: Set DQ0						
	TM_CTRL_DQ1	Bit 2: Enable technological function DQ1						
	TM_CTRL_DQ0	Bit 1: Enable technological function DQ0						
	SW_GATE	Bit 0: Software gate						
Byte 10	SET_DIR	Bit 7: Count direction (for encoders without direction signal)						
	_	Bits 2 to	Bits 2 to 6: Reserve; bits must be set to 0					
	RES_EVENT	Bit 1: R	Reset of	saved ev	ents/			
	RES_ERROR	Bit 0: R	Reset of	saved er	ror state	es		
Byte 11	_	Bits 0 to 7: Reserve; bits must be set to 0						

^{*} If values are loaded simultaneously via LD_SLOT_0 and LD_SLOT_1, the first value is taken internally from Slot 0 and then the value from Slot 1 is taken. This may lead to unexpected intermediate states.

4.4.2 Assignment of the feedback interface

The user program receives current values and status information from the technology module by means of the feedback interface.

Feedback interface

The following table shows the assignment of the feedback interface:

Offset to the start address	Parameter	Meaning
Bytes 0 to 3	COUNT VALUE	Current counter value
Bytes 4 to 7	CAPTURED VALUE	The last acquired Capture value
Bytes 8 to 11	MEASURED VALUE	Current measured value
Byte 12	_	Bits 3 to 7: Reserve; set to 0
	LD_ERROR	Bit 2: Error when loading via control interface
	ENC_ERROR	Bit 1: Incorrect encoder signal
	POWER_ERROR	Bit 0: Supply voltage L+ too low
Byte 13	_	Bits 6 to 7: Reserve; set to 0
	STS_SW_GATE	Bit 5: Software gate state
	STS_READY	Bit 4: Technology module started up and configured
	LD_STS_SLOT_1	Bit 3: Load request for Slot 1 detected and carried out (toggling)
	LD_STS_SLOT_0	Bit 2: Load request for Slot 0 detected and carried out (toggling)
	RES_EVENT_ACK	Bit 1: Reset of event bits active
	_	Bit 0: Reserve; set to 0
Byte 14	STS_DI2	Bit 7: Status DI2
	STS_DI1	Bit 6: Status DI1
	STS_DI0	Bit 5: Status DI0
	STS_DQ1	Bit 4: Status DQ1
	STS_DQ0	Bit 3: Status DQ0
	STS_GATE	Bit 2: Status of internal gate
	STS_CNT	Bit 1: Count pulse detected within the last 0.5 s
	STS_DIR	Bit 0: Direction of last counter value change
Byte 15	STS_M_INTERVAL	Bit 7: Count pulse detected in previous measurement interval
	EVENT_CAP	Bit 6: Capture event has occurred
	EVENT_SYNC	Bit 5: Synchronization has occurred
	EVENT_CMP1	Bit 4: Comparison event for DQ1 has occurred
	EVENT_CMP0	Bit 3: Comparison event for DQ0 has occurred
	EVENT_OFLW	Bit 2: An overflow has occurred
	EVENT_UFLW	Bit 1: An underflow has occurred
	EVENT_ZERO	Bit 0: A zero pass has occurred

4.4 Control and feedback interface

Interrupts/diagnostic messages

5.1 Status and error displays

LEDs

The figure below shows you the LED displays (status and error displays) of TM Count 1x24V.

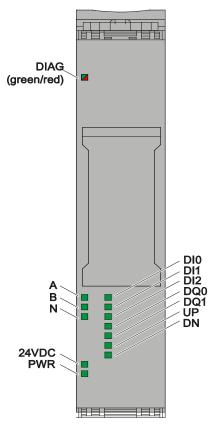


Figure 5-1 LEDs of the TM Count 1x24V

5.1 Status and error displays

Meaning of the LED displays

The following tables explain the meaning of the status and error displays. Remedial measures for diagnostic messages can be found in the section Diagnostic messages (Page 34).

Table 5- 1 Status and error displays DIAG

LED DIAG	Meaning	To correct or avoid errors
Off	Backplane bus supply of the ET 200SP not OK	Check or switch on the supply voltage on the CPU or on the interface module.
兴 Flashes	Technology module not configured	
On	Technology module configured but no module diagnostics	
洪 Flashes	Technology module configured and module diagnostics (at least one error pending)	Evaluate the diagnostic messages and eliminate the error.

Table 5- 2 PWR/24VDC status displays

LE	Ds	Meaning	To correct or avoid errors
PWR	24VDC		
Off	Off	Supply voltage missing	Check the supply voltage.Check the BaseUnit type and the wiring of the BaseUnit.
On	On	Supply voltage is present and OK	
On	Off	Short-circuit or overload at the encoder supply or supply voltage too low	 Check the encoder wiring. Check the loads connected to the encoder supply. Check the supply voltage.

ChannelLEDs

The LEDs A, B, N and DIm indicate the current level of the associated signals. The LEDs of the digital outputs DQm indicate the desired state.

The LEDs UP and DN indicate the logical counting direction.

The flashing frequency of the channel LEDs is limited to ca. 12 Hz. If higher frequencies are present, the channel LEDs will flash at 12 Hz instead of indicating the current status.

Table 5-3 A/B/N/DIm/DQm status displays

A/B/N/Dlm/DQm LEDs	Meaning
Off	Counter input / digital input / digital output at 0 level
On	Counter input / digital input / digital output at 1 level

Table 5-4 Status displays UP/DN

LEDs		Meaning
UP	DN	
Off	Off	No count pulse has been detected for the last 0.5 s.
On	Off	The last count pulse has incremented the counter and took place no more than 0.5 s ago.
Off	• On	The last count pulse has decremented the counter and took place no more than 0.5 s ago.

5.2 Diagnostic messages

Diagnostic alarms

If a diagnostic alarm is pending, the DIAG LED flashes red.

The diagnostic alarms are displayed as clear text in STEP 7 (TIA Portal) in the online and diagnostics view. You can evaluate the error codes with the user program.

The following diagnostics can be signaled:

Table 5- 5 Diagnostic alarms, their meaning and remedies

Diagnostic alarm	Error code	Meaning	To correct or avoid errors
Error	9н	 Internal module error occurred Possible cause: Technology module defective 	Replace technology module
Load voltage missing	11н	No technology module L+ supply voltage	 Check BaseUnit type Check the wiring of the supply voltage L+ on the BaseUnit
Hardware interrupt lost	16н	Technology module cannot send an interrupt because a previous interrupt has not been processed Possible causes: Parameter assignment error Too many hardware interrupts in too short a time	Change interrupt processing in the CPU and re-assign technology module parameters correspondingly
Module temporarily unavailable	1F _H	 No normal operation of the technology module possible Possible cause: Technology module is performing a firmware update 	Wait until technology module is available again
Internal error	100н	Technology module defective	Replace technology module
Watchdog tripped.	103н	Firmware error	Run firmware update
Module is defective.		Technology module defective	Replace technology module
Short circuit or overload at external encoder supply	10Ен	Error at encoder supply Possible causes: Short circuit Overload	Check encoder wiring Check consumers connected to encoder supply
Error at digital outputs	10Fн	 Error at the digital outputs Possible causes: Short circuit Overload External feed 	Check wiring at the digital outputs Check consumers connected to the digital outputs

Diagnostic alarm	Error	Meaning	To correct or avoid errors
Faulty external auxiliary voltage	110 _H	 Error at supply voltage L+ Possible causes: Low voltage Wiring of L+ supply voltage defective 	 Check the L+ supply voltage Check the wiring of the supply voltage L+ on the BaseUnit
Illegal A/B signal ratio	500н	 Time profile of signals A and B of the incremental encoder does not meet certain specifications Possible causes: Signal frequency too high Encoder faulty Process wiring faulty 	 Check process wiring Check encoder/sensor Check parameter assignment
Wire break at digital input A, B or N	505н	Channel not connected Resistance of encoder circuit too high	Use a different encoder type or modify the wiring, for example, use shorter cables with larger cross-sections Check encoders
		Interruption of the line between technology module and encoder Sensor used is sourcing output or sinking output only	Check process wiring Correct parameter assignment
Overheating	506н	Possible causes: Short circuit or overload at the digital outputs or output of the encoder supply Ambient temperature outside specifications	Check process wiringImprove coolingCheck connected loads

5.3 Interrupts

5.3.1 Trigger a diagnostic interrupt

Enabling the diagnostic interrupts

You enable the diagnostic interrupt for wire break and the diagnostic interrupts for additional errors in the basic parameters during device configuration.

A list of all errors that can trigger a diagnostic interrupt is available at Cause of the error triggering a diagnostic interrupt (Page 37).

Reactions to a diagnostic interrupt

The following happens when an event occurs that triggers a diagnostic interrupt:

- The DIAG LED flashes red.
 - Once you have remedied the error, the DIAG LED goes out.
- The S7-1500 CPU interrupts the processing of the user program. The diagnostic interrupt OB (e.g. OB 82) is called. The event that triggered the interrupt is entered in the start information of the diagnostic interrupt OB.
- The S7-1500 CPU remains in RUN, even if no diagnostic interrupt OB is present in the CPU. The technology module continues working unchanged if this is possible despite the error.

Detailed information on the error event is available with the instruction "RALRM" (read additional interrupt information).

Default setting

These diagnostic interrupts are not enabled in the default setting.

5.3.2 Cause of the error triggering a diagnostic interrupt

Which errors can trigger a diagnostic interrupt?

The technology module can trigger the following diagnostic interrupts:

Table 5- 6 Possible diagnostic interrupts

Diagnostic interrupt	Monitoring
Internal errorWatchdog tripped. Module is defective.	Monitoring is always active. A diagnostic interrupt is triggered each time an error is detected.
Wire break at digital input A, B or N	Monitoring is active if a push-pull switching encoder has been configured. A detected error only triggers a diagnostic interrupt if "Enable diagnostic interrupt for wire break" has been enabled in the device configuration.
 Error Load voltage missing Hardware interrupt lost Module temporarily unavailable Short circuit or overload at external encoder supply Error at digital outputs Faulty external auxiliary voltage Illegal A/B signal ratio Overheating 	Monitoring is always active. A detected error only triggers a diagnostic interrupt if "Enable additional diagnostic interrupts" has been enabled in the device configuration.

5.3 Interrupts

5.3.3 Triggering of a Hardware Interrupt

Introduction

For the technology module, you can configure which events are to trigger a hardware interrupt during operation.

What is a Hardware Interrupt?

The technology module will trigger a hardware interrupt as configured in response to specific events/states. When a hardware interrupt occurs, the CPU interrupts execution of the user program and processes the assigned hardware interrupt OB. The event that triggered the interrupt is entered in the start information of the assigned hardware interrupt OB by the CPU.

Activating the hardware interrupts

You activate the hardware interrupts in STEP 7 (TIA Portal) under "Basic parameters > Hardware interrupts" during device configuration of the technology module.

A list of the individual hardware interrupts is available at Events which can trigger a hardware interrupt (Page 39).

Lost hardware interrupt

If an event occurs which is supposed to trigger a hardware interrupt but there is an identical, previous event which has not yet been processed, no further hardware interrupt will be triggered. The hardware interrupt is lost. This may lead to the "Hardware interrupt lost" diagnostic interrupt, depending on the parameter assignment.

Default setting

No hardware interrupts are activated in the default setting.

5.3.4 Events which can trigger a hardware interrupt

Which events can trigger a hardware interrupt?

A hardware interrupt is triggered if the condition for changing the respective status bit or event bit in the feedback interface is fulfilled.

The EventType tag, among others, is entered in the start information of the assigned hardware interrupt OB when a hardware interrupt is triggered. The EventType tag specifies the number of the event type to which the event triggering the interrupt belongs.

You can configure hardware interrupts to be triggered for the following event types:

Hardware interrupt	EventType number
Internal gate opening (Gate start)	1
Internal gate closing (Gate stop)	2
Overflow (high counting limit violated)	3
Underflow (low counting limit violated)	4
Compare event for DQ0 has occurred	5
Compare event for DQ1 has occurred	6
Zero pass	7
New Capture value available ¹⁾	8
Synchronization of the counter by an external signal	9
Direction reversal ²⁾	10

¹⁾ Can only be configured in Counting mode

You can activate any combination of events to trigger hardware interrupts.

²⁾ The feedback bit STS_DIR has the default value "0". A hardware interrupt is not triggered when the first counter value is changed immediately after switching on the technology module in the *down direction*.

5.3 Interrupts

Technical specifications

	6ES7138-6AA00-0BA0
Product type designation	TM Count 1x24V
General information	
BaseUnits that can be used	BU type A0
Product function	
I&M data	Yes; I&M0 to I&M3
Engineering with	
STEP 7 TIA Portal can be configured/integrated as of version	V12 SP1 / V13
STEP 7 can be configured/integrated as of version	V5.5 SP3 / V5.5 SP4
Supply voltage	
Load voltage L+	
Rated value (DC)	24 V
Low limit of valid range (DC)	19.2 V
High limit of valid range (DC)	28.8 V
Reverse polarity protection	Yes
Input current	
Current consumption, max.	60 mA; without load
Encoder supply	
Number of outputs	1
24 V encoder supply	
24 V	Yes; L+ (-0.8 V)
Short-circuit protection	Yes
Output current, max.	300 mA
Power loss	
Power loss, typ.	1 W
Address area	
Occupied address area	
Inputs	16 bytes
Outputs	12 bytes; 4 bytes with Motion Control
Digital inputs	
Number of inputs	3
Digital inputs, configurable	Yes
Input characteristics to IEC 61131, Type 3	Yes

	6ES7138-6AA00-0BA0				
Digital input functions, configurable					
Gate start/stop	Yes				
Capture	Yes				
Synchronization	Yes				
Freely assignable digital input	Yes				
Input voltage					
Rated value, DC	24 V				
For signal "0"	-30 V to +5 V				
For signal "1"	+11 V to +30 V				
Permitted voltage at input, min.	-30 V				
Permitted voltage at input, max.	30 V				
Input current					
for signal "1", typ.	2.5 mA				
Input delay (at rated value of input voltage)					
For standard inputs					
Configurable	Yes; none / 0.05 / 0.1 / 0.4 / 0.8 / 1.6 / 3.2 / 12.8 / 20 ms				
• at "0" to "1", min.	6 μs; with parameter assignment "none"				
• at "1" to "0", min.	6 μs; with parameter assignment "none"				
For counters/technological functions					
Configurable	Yes				
Cable length					
Cable length shielded, max.	1000 m				
Cable length unshielded, max.	600 m				
Digital outputs					
Type of digital output	Transistor				
Number of outputs	2				
Digital outputs, configurable	Yes				
Short-circuit protection	Yes; electronic/thermal				
Response threshold, typ.	1 A				
Limiting of inductive shutdown voltage to	L+ (-33 V)				
Control of a digital input	Yes				
Digital output functions, configurable					
Switch at comparison values	Yes				
Freely assignable digital output	Yes				
Output switching capacity					
With resistive load, max.	0.5 A; per digital output				
With lamp load, max.	5 W				
Load resistance range					
Low limit	48 Ω				
High limit	12 kΩ				

Output voltage for signal "1", min. Output current for signal "1" permissible range, max. for signal "1" minimum load current for signal "0" residual current, max. Output delay with resistive load "0" to "1", max. Switching frequency With resistive load, max. With inductive load, max. Vith lamp load, max. Total current of outputs Max. current per module Output voltage for signal "1", min. 23.2 V; L+ (-0.8 V) 0.5 A; per digital output 2 mA 0.6 A; per digital output 2 mA 0.5 mA Output delay with resistive load "0" to "1", max. 50 µs 50 µs With resistive load, max. 10 kHz Vith inductive load, max. 10 Hz Total current of outputs Max. current per module 1 A
for signal "1", min. Output current for signal "1" rated value for signal "1" permissible range, max. for signal "1" minimum load current for signal "0" residual current, max. Output delay with resistive load "0" to "1", max. "1" to "0", max. Switching frequency With resistive load, max. With inductive load, max. With lamp load, max. Max. current per module 23.2 V; L+ (-0.8 V) 0.5 A; per digital output 2 mA 0.5 mA 0.5 mA 50 μs 50 μs 10 kHz 10 kHz 10 Hz 10 Hz
Output current0.5 A; per digital outputfor signal "1" rated value0.5 A; per digital outputfor signal "1" permissible range, max.0.6 A; per digital outputfor signal "1" minimum load current2 mAfor signal "0" residual current, max.0.5 mAOutput delay with resistive load50 μs"0" to "1", max.50 μs"1" to "0", max.50 μsSwitching frequency50 μsWith resistive load, max.10 kHzWith inductive load, max.0.5 Hz; to IEC 947-5-1, DC-13; observe derating curveWith lamp load, max.10 HzTotal current of outputs1 A
for signal "1" rated value for signal "1" permissible range, max. for signal "1" minimum load current for signal "0" residual current, max. Output delay with resistive load "0" to "1", max. "1" to "0", max. Switching frequency With resistive load, max. With inductive load, max. With lamp load, max. Max. current per module 0.5 A; per digital output 0.6 A; per digital output 1 M 0.5 MA 0.5 mA 0.5 mA 0.5 mA 10 µs 50 µs 10 kHz 10 kHz 10 Hz
for signal "1" permissible range, max. for signal "1" minimum load current 2 mA 0.5 mA Output delay with resistive load "0" to "1", max. "1" to "0", max. Switching frequency With resistive load, max. With inductive load, max. With lamp load, max. Total current of outputs Max. current per module 0.6 A; per digital output 2 mA 0.5 mA 0.5 mA 0.5 mA 50 µs 50 µs 50 µs 10 kHz 10 kHz 10 Hz
for signal "1" minimum load current principle 2 mA for signal "0" residual current, max. Output delay with resistive load "0" to "1", max. "1" to "0", max. Switching frequency With resistive load, max. With inductive load, max. With lamp load, max. With lamp load, max. Total current of outputs Max. current per module 2 mA 0.5 mA 0.5 mA 10 µs 50 µs 50 µs 50 µs 10 kHz 10 kHz 10 kHz 10 Hz 11 A
Output delay with resistive load "0" to "1", max. 50 µs "1" to "0", max. 50 µs Switching frequency With resistive load, max. 10 kHz With inductive load, max. 0.5 Hz; to IEC 947-5-1, DC-13; observe derating curve With lamp load, max. 10 Hz Total current of outputs Max. current per module 1 A
 "0" to "1", max. "1" to "0", max. Switching frequency With resistive load, max. With inductive load, max. With lamp load, max. Total current of outputs Max. current per module 50 μs 10 kHz 10 kHz 10 Hz 10 Hz
"1" to "0", max. Switching frequency With resistive load, max. With inductive load, max. With lamp load, max. 10 kHz 0.5 Hz; to IEC 947-5-1, DC-13; observe derating curve With lamp load, max. 10 Hz Total current of outputs Max. current per module 1 A
Switching frequency With resistive load, max. With inductive load, max. With lamp load, max. Total current of outputs Max. current per module 10 kHz 0.5 Hz; to IEC 947-5-1, DC-13; observe derating curve 10 Hz 1 A
With resistive load, max. With inductive load, max. With lamp load, max. 10 kHz 0.5 Hz; to IEC 947-5-1, DC-13; observe derating curve With lamp load, max. 10 Hz Total current of outputs Max. current per module 1 A
With inductive load, max. 0.5 Hz; to IEC 947-5-1, DC-13; observe derating curve With lamp load, max. 10 Hz Total current of outputs Max. current per module 1 A
With lamp load, max. Total current of outputs Max. current per module 10 Hz 1 A
Total current of outputs Max. current per module 1 A
Max. current per module 1 A
Cable length
Cable length shielded, max. 1000 m
Cable length unshielded, max. 600 m
Encoders
Supported encoders
2-wire sensor Yes
Permitted quiescent current (2-wire sensor), max. 1.5 mA
Encoder signals, incremental encoders (asymmetrical)
Input voltage 24 V
Input frequency, max. 200 kHz
Counting frequency, max. 800 kHz; with quadruple evaluation
Signal filter, configurable Yes
Cable length shielded, max. 600 m; depends on input frequency, encoder and cable quality; max. 50 m with 200 kHz
Incremental encoder with A/B tracks, phase-shifted by 90° Yes
Incremental encoder with A/B tracks, phase-shifted by 90°, and zero track
Pulse encoder Yes
Pulse encoder with direction Yes
Pulse encoder with one pulse signal per count direction Yes
24 V encoder signal
Permitted voltage at input, min. -30 V
Permitted voltage at input, max.
Interface hardware
Input characteristics to IEC 61131, Type 3
Sinking/sourcing input Yes

, 	6ES7138-6AA00-0BA0
Isochronous mode	
Isochronous mode (application synchronized until terminal)	Yes
Bus cycle time (TDP), min.	250 μs
Interrupts/diagnostics/status information	
Activation of substitute values	Yes; configurable
Interrupts	
Diagnostic interrupt	Yes
Hardware interrupt	Yes
Diagnostic messages	
Monitoring of supply voltage	Yes
Wire break	Yes
Short circuit	Yes
A/B transition error with incremental encoder	Yes
Group error	Yes
LED diagnostics display	
Monitoring of supply voltage	Yes, green PWR LED
For module diagnostics	Yes; green / red DIAG LED
Count down status display (green)	Yes
Count up status display (green)	Yes
Integrated functions	
Number of counters	1
Counting frequency (counters), max.	800 kHz; with quadruple evaluation
Counting functions	
Can be used with TO High_Speed_Counter	Yes
Continuous counting	Yes
Counter response configurable	Yes
Hardware gate by means of digital input	Yes
Software gate	Yes
Event-triggered stop	Yes
Synchronization by means of digital input	Yes
Counting range, configurable	Yes
Comparator	
Number of comparators	2
Direction-dependent	Yes
Can be changed from user program	Yes
Position detection	
Suitable for S7-1500 Motion Control	Yes

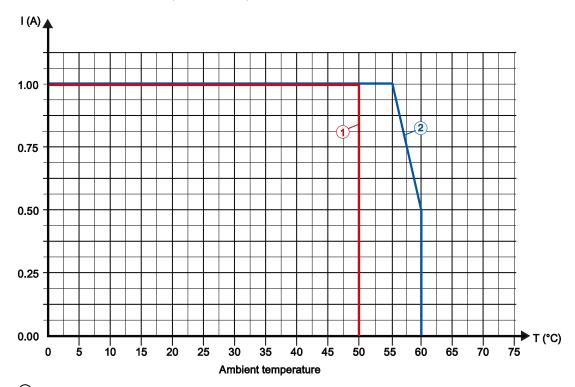
	6ES7138-6AA00-0BA0				
Measuring functions					
Measuring time, configurable	Yes				
Dyn. measuring time adjustment	Yes				
Number of threshold values, configurable	2				
Measuring range					
Frequency measurement, min.	0.04 Hz				
Frequency measurement, max.	800 kHz				
Period measurement, min.	1.25 µs				
Period measurement, max.	25 s				
Accuracy					
Frequency measurement	100 ppm; depends on measuring interval and signal evaluation				
Velocity measurement	100 ppm; depends on measuring interval and signal evaluation				
Period measurement	100 ppm; depends on measuring interval and signal evaluation				
Electrical isolation					
Electrical isolation channels					
Between the channels and the backplane bus	Yes				
Permitted potential difference					
Between the different circuits	75 V DC / 60 V AC (basic insulation)				
Insulation					
Insulation tested with	707 V DC (type test)				
Ambient conditions					
Operating temperature					
Horizontal installation, min.	0 °C				
Horizontal installation, max.	60 °C; note derating				
Vertical installation, min.	0 °C				
Vertical installation, max.	50 °C; note derating				
Dimensions					
Width	15 mm				
Weights					
Weight, approx.	45 g				

Derating information for total current of outputs

If the digital outputs of the TM Count 1x24V are operated with resistive or inductive loads, you should derate the total current of the loads at the digital outputs of the technology module. The total current is the sum of the load currents at all digital outputs of the module (without encoder supply).

The following derating curve shows the load capacity of the digital outputs depending on the ambient temperature and mounting position under the following conditions:

• Load resistance: 48 Ω (IEC 947-5-1)

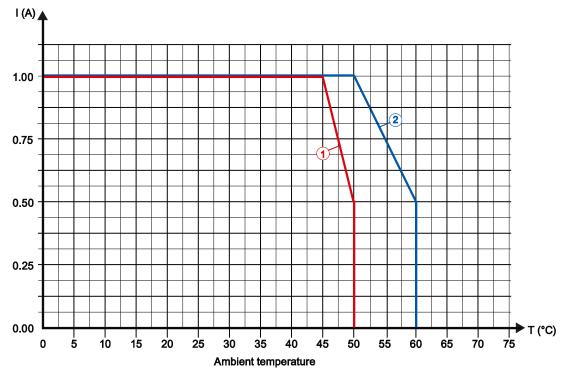


- Vertical installation of the system
- ② Horizontal installation of the system

Figure 6-1 Total current depending on ambient temperature and mounting position for resistive loads

The following derating curve shows the load capacity of the digital outputs depending on the ambient temperature and mounting position under the following conditions:

- Maximum switching frequency at digital outputs of 0.5 Hz
- Load resistance: 48 Ω (IEC 947-5-1)
- Load inductance: 1150 mH (IEC 947-5-1)



- Vertical installation of the system
- 2 Horizontal installation of the system

Figure 6-2 Total current by ambient temperature and mounting position for inductive loads

Note

If the switching frequency is greater than 0.5 Hz or there is greater inductance at the digital outputs, the total current must be reduced further.

Dimensional drawing

See ET 200SP BaseUnits

(http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/58532597/133300) manual

Parameter data records



You may edit the module parameters in RUN. The WRREC instruction is used to transfer the parameters to the module using data record 128.

If errors occur during the transfer of parameters with the WRREC instruction, the module continues operation with the previous parameter assignment. A corresponding error code is then written to the STATUS output parameter. If no errors occur, the STATUS output parameter contains the length of the actually transferred data.

The description of the WRREC instruction and the error codes is available in the STEP 7 (TIA Portal) Online Help.

Structure of the data record for a distributed configuration with PROFINET

The table below shows you the structure of data record 128 for TM Count 1x24V with 1 channel. The values in byte 0 to byte 3 are fixed and may not be changed. The value in byte 4 can only be changed by means of new parameter assignment and not in RUN mode.

Table A-1 Parameter data record 128 for central and distributed configuration with PROFINET

Bit →										
Byte ↓	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
03		Header								
0		Major Ve	ersion = 0			Minor V	ersion = 1			
1			Le	ngth of the pa	rameter data =	= 48				
2				Rese	erved ²⁾					
3				Rese	erved ²⁾					
451		Counting channel								
4	Operating mode									
4	Reserved ²⁾				Operating mo	ode:				
					0000 _B : Reser	rved				
	0001 _B : Counting									
					0010 _B : Meas	uring				
					0011 to 1111	B: Reserved				
5				Basic pa	arameters					
5	Reserved ²⁾					Enable	Reaction to C	PU STOP:		
	addition diagno									
						interrupts ¹⁾	01 _B : Keep las	st value		
							10 _B : Continue	e operation		
							11 _B : Reserve	d		

Bit →										
Byte ↓	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
67	Counter inputs									
6	Sensor type:		Signal evalua	ation:	Signal type:					
	00 _B : Sourcing	output	00 _B : Single		0000 _B : Pulse	(A)				
	01 _B : Sinking	output	01 _B : Double		0001 _B : Pulse	(A) and direct	ion (B)			
	10 _B : Push-pu and sourcing		10 _в : Quadrup	ole	0010 _B : Count	t up (A), count	down (B)			
	11 _B : Reserve	d	11 _B : Reserve	d	0011 _B : Increr	nental encode	r (A, B phase-	shifted)		
					0100 _B : Increr	nental encode	r (A, B, N)			
					0101 to 1111	в: Reserved				
7	Reaction to s	ignal N:	Invert	Enable	Filter frequen	ıcy:				
	00 _B : No reaction to		direction ¹⁾	diagnostics interrupt at	0000 _в : 100 Н	0000 _в : 100 Hz				
	signal N	signal N		wire break ¹⁾	0001 _в : 200 Hz					
	01 _B : Synchronization at signal N 10 _B : Capture at signal N					0010 _в : 500 Hz				
					0011 _B : 1 kHz					
					0100 _в : 2 kHz					
	11 _B : Reserve	d			0101 _B : 5 kHz					
					0110 _B : 10 kHz					
					0111 _B : 20 kHz					
					1000 _в : 50 kHz					
					1001 _B : 100 kHz					
					1010 _B : 200 kHz					
					1011 to 1111	в: Reserved				
89			T		interrupts1)		T _	T_		
8	Reserved ²⁾	Reserved ²⁾	Reserved ²⁾	Change of direction	Underflow (low counting limit violated)	Overflow (high counting limit violated)	Gate stop	Gate start		
9	Synchroni- zation of the counter by an external signal	New Capture value available	Reserved ²⁾	Zero pass	Reserved ²⁾	Comparison event for DQ1 has occurred	Reserved ²⁾	Comparison event for DQ0 has occurred		

Bit →									
Byte ↓	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
1015				Behavio	of DQ0/1				
10	Set output (D	Q1):			Set output (DQ0):				
	0000 _B : Use b	y user progran	า		0000 _B : Use b	y user progran	n		
		een comparisor ing: Measured					n value and hi value >= com		
		een comparisoi ing: Measured					n value and lo value <= com		
	0011 _B : At cor	mparison value	for a pulse du	ıration	0011 _B : At cor	nparison value	e for a pulse du	ıration	
	0100 _B : Between	en comparisor	n value 0 and	1	0100в: Reser	ved			
	0101 _B : After s	set command f	rom CPU until	comparison	0101 _B : After s	set command f	from CPU until	comparison	
	0110 _B : Not be	etween compa	rison value 0 a	and 1	0110 to 1111	в: Reserved			
	0111 to 1111	в: Reserved							
11	Count direction	ction (DQ1): Count direction (DQ0):			Reserved ²⁾	Reserved ²⁾	Substitute	Substitute	
	00 _B : Reserve	red 00 _B : Reserved				value for value for DQ1 DQ0			
	01 _B : Forward	Forward 01 _B : Forward					DQT	DQU	
	10 _B : Backwai	rd	10 _B : Backwar	⁻ d					
	11 _B : In both o	directions	11 _B : In both o	lirections					
12				Pulse dura	ation (DQ0):				
13			WORD		in ms/10: 0 to	65535 _D			
14					ation (DQ1):				
15			WORD		in ms/10: 0 to	65535 _D			
16		I			or of DI0	T			
16	Behavior of counter	Edge selection		Select level (DI0):	Reserved ²⁾	Set function of DI (DI0):			
	value after	00 _B : Reserve				000 _B : Gate start/stop (level-triggered)			
	Capture	01 _B : At rising		0 _B : Active with high			tart (edge-trigg	,	
	(DI0):	10 _B : At falling	edge	level		010 _B : Gate stop (edge-triggered)			
	0 _B :	11 _B : At rising	and falling	1 _B : Active		011 _B : Synchronization			
	Continue counting	edge		with low level		100 _B : Enable synchronization at signal N			
	1 _B : Set to					101 _B : Capture	е		
	start value and					110 _B : Digital	input without f	unction	
	continue					111 _B : Reserv	red		
	counting								

					T						
Bit →	D# 7	D# 0	D# 5	D# 4	D# 0	D# 0	D# 4	D# 0			
Byte ↓	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
17		Behavior of DI1:									
40		See Byte 16									
18					rior of DI2:						
40	Гио жиза по ми	See Byte 16									
19	Frequency:										
	0 _B : Once				0000в: None 0001в: 0.05 r						
	4 . Daviadia										
	1 _B : Periodic				0010 _B : 0.1 m						
					0011 _В : 0.4 m 0100 _В : 0.8 m						
					0100B: 0.8 m						
					0110 _B : 3.2 m						
					0110в. 3.2 m						
	0111 _B : 12.8 ms 1000 _B : 20 ms										
2043	1001 to 1111 _B : Reserved Values										
2023		High counting limit:									
		DWORD: Va	alue range: –2°	ū	2147483647 _D	or 80000000 to	7FFFFFF				
2427			<u> </u>		son value 0:						
	Operating m	node Counting	: DWORD: Val	lue range: –2	147483648 to 2	147483647 _D o	r 80000000 to	7FFFFFF _н ;			
	Operating	g mode Meası	ıring: REAL: Fl	loating point i	number in the co	onfigured unit o	of the measure	ed variable			
2831				Compari	son value 1:						
	Operating m	ode Counting	DWORD: Val	ue range: -2	147483648 to 2	147483647 _D : o	r 80000000 to	7FFFFFF _H ;			
	Operatino	g mode Meası	ıring: REAL: Fl	loating point i	number in the co	onfigured unit o	of the measure	ed variable			
3235				Star	t value:						
		DWORD: Va	alue range: -2		2147483647 _D	or 80000000 to	7FFFFFF _H				
3639					unting limit:						
		DWORD: Va	alue range: –2		2147483647 _D	or 80000000 to	7FFFFFF _H				
4043			D	•	ate time:						
44					ge in µs: 0 to 25						
44	D (')		l		at limits and gat	1					
44	Reaction to g		Reaction to v		counting limit:		counting limit is				
	00 _B : Set to sta		000 _B : Stop co				er counting limi	ι			
	01 _B : Continue value	with current	001 _B : Continu	ue counting		001 _B : To star	ı value				
	10 to 11 _B : Re	served	010 to 111 _B :	Reserved		010 to 111 _B :	Reserved				

Bit →											
Byte ↓	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
45		Specify measured value									
45	Reserved ²⁾ Time base for velocity measurement: Measured variable:										
				000 _B : 1 ms			00 _B : Frequen	су			
	001 _B : 10 ms						01 _B : Period				
	010 _B : 100 ms 10 _B : Velocity										
	011 _B : 1 s 11 _B : Reserved						d				
				100 _B : 60 s/1 r	nin						
				101 to 111 _B :	Reserved						
46				Incremen	ts per unit:						
47		WORD: Value range: 1 to 65535 _D									
48				Set the hyst	eresis range:						
				Value rang	e: 0 to 255 _D						
4951				Rese	rved ²⁾						

¹⁾ You enable a specific parameter by setting the corresponding bit to 1.

²⁾ Reserved bits must be set to 0.