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Creating and managing Edge apps using the example of the "SendMail" app

SIMATIC WinCC Unified (Engineering) V16
SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panels
Device-managed EDGE

<https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109778780>

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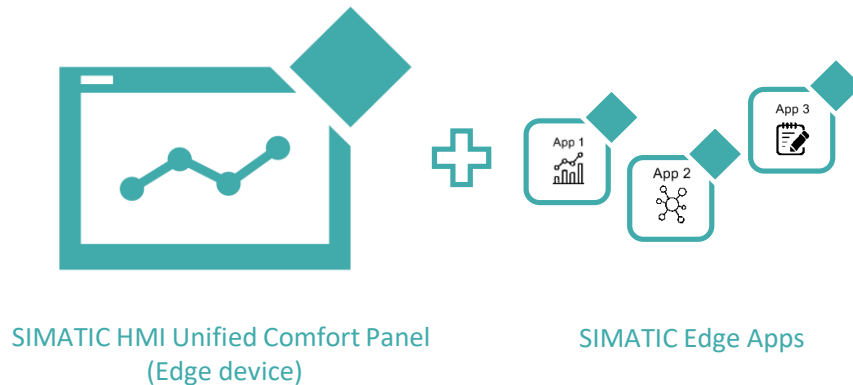
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1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

The SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panels are part of the newly developed SIMATIC WinCC Unified system. In addition to many new functions offered by the new hardware and software, the SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel can also be used as an edge device.

Figure 1-1



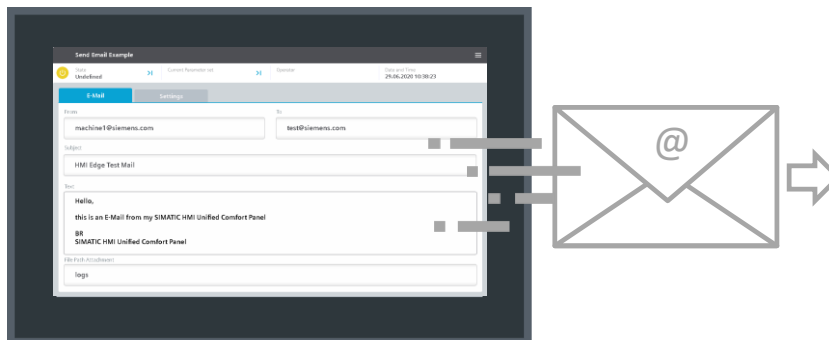
With the help of this additional option, the SIMATIC WinCC Unified system can be extended to carry out other functions and meet customer-specific requirements.

1.2 Principle of operation

This application example will describe in principle how you can program your own edge app and which steps are necessary in order to access data from the runtime.

In addition, this application example contains the code and the TIA project for the SendMail app. You can configure all email settings, then send them via email, in the runtime of the SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel.

Figure 1-2



Note SIMATIC Edge requires a license to be used in a production environment. You do not need a license for the app development and testing phase.

<https://www.siemens.com/comfort-edge-activation>

1.3 Required knowledge

The following knowledge is required for this application example:

- Programming knowledge in Node.js
- Knowledge working with Docker and Docker containers

1.4 Components used

The following hardware and software components were used to create this application example:

Table 1-1

Component	Quantity	Item number	Note
SIMATIC WinCC Unified V16 (Engineering) Update 1	1	6AV2153-....1-6...	Engineering in TIA Portal.
SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel MTP1200	1	6AV2128-3MB06-0AX0	Alternatively, any other SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel can be used.
Docker Desktop 2.3.0.2	1	-	https://hub.docker.com/editions/community/docker-ce-desktop-windows/
Visual Studio Code	1	-	https://code.visualstudio.com/ Any other editor can be used as an alternative.

This application example consists of the following components:

Table 1-2

Component	File name
Documentation on the application	109778780_SendMail_EdgeApp_V10_en.pdf
TIA project	109778780_SendMail_PROJ_V10.zip
SendMail App Source Code	109778780_SendMail_CODE.zip

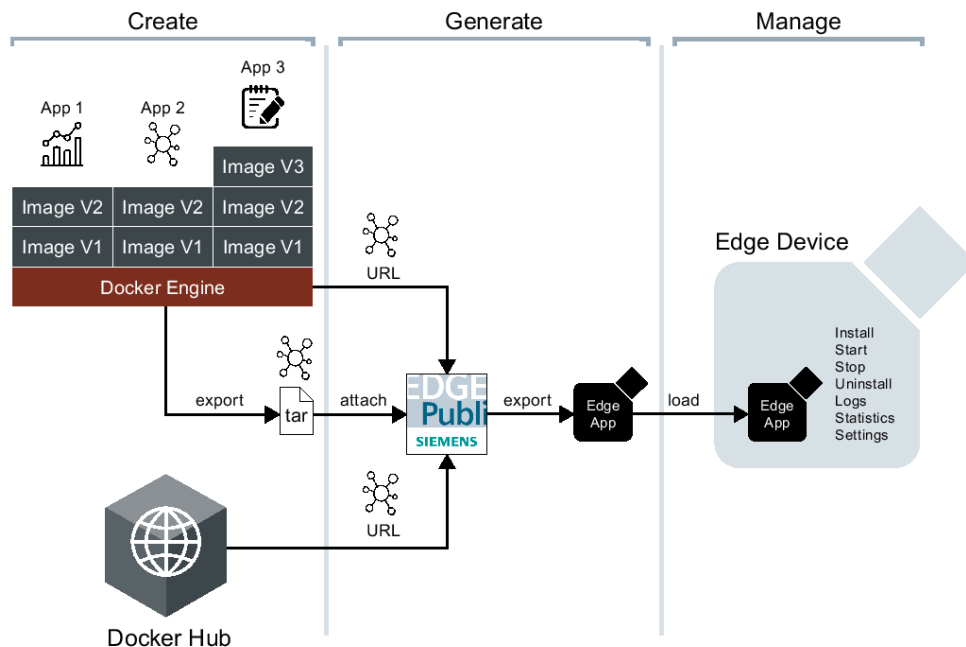
2 Engineering - Create and manage edge app

Perform the following steps to create an edge application for the Unified Comfort Panel:

General sequence

1. Create: Create Docker images
→ see chapter [2.2](#)
2. Generate: Generate edge app with Industrial Edge Publisher
→ see chapter [2.3](#)
3. Manage: Manage edge app on the Unified Comfort Panel
→ see chapter [2.4](#)

Figure 2-1



Note Chapters [2.2.1](#) - [2.2.5](#) have already been carried out for the "SendMail App" in this application example.

If you want to implement this app, you can proceed directly with chapter [2.2.6](#).

Note You can find additional information on creating and managing edge apps in the Getting Started "Unified Comfort Panels for Industrial Edge".

<https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109773259>

2.1 Installing Docker development environment

You need the Docker development environment in order to carry out the steps below.

Installation and configuration of the service

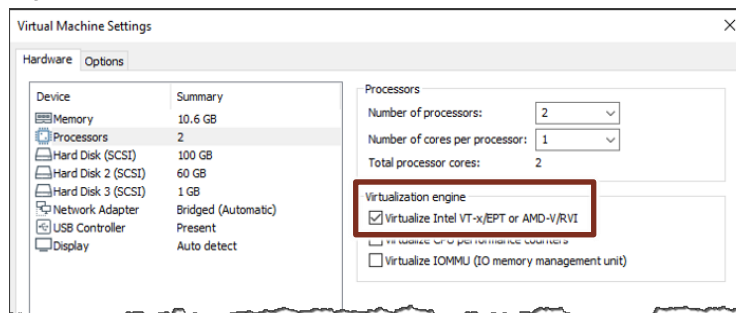
1. Download the most recent version of "Desktop for Windows Installer" from this website:

<https://hub.docker.com/editions/community/docker-ce-desktop-windows/>

Note

If you want to install Docker in a virtual environment (such as a virtual machine), you must enable "Forwarding virtualization technologies (Vt-x)" on the host PC in your VM's settings.

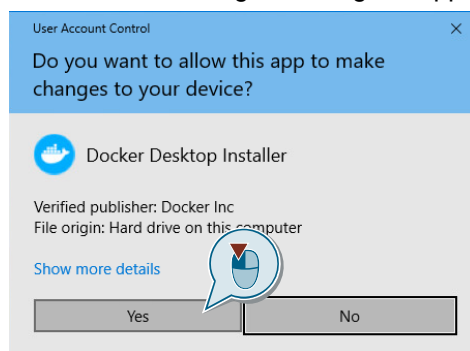
Figure 2-2



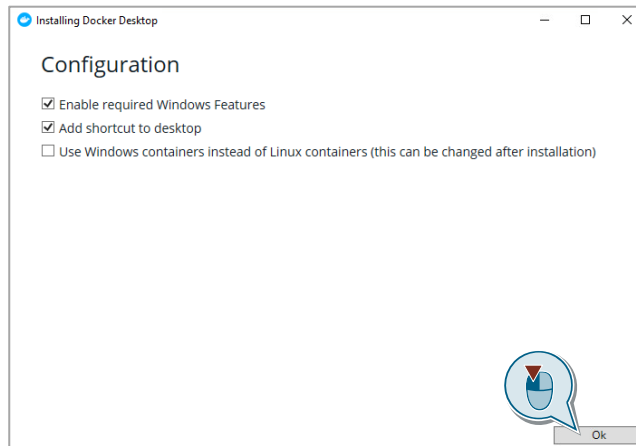
2. Once you have downloaded the application "Docker Desktop Installer.exe", launch it by double-clicking.



3. Confirm the message allowing the application to make changes to your device.



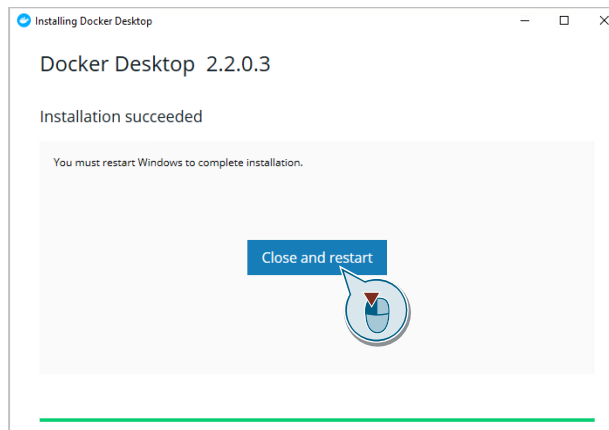
4. In the "Configuration" step, click "OK".



Note

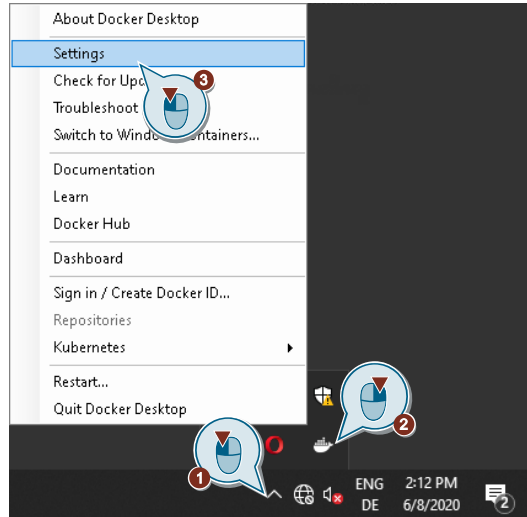
The setting "Use Windows Containers instead of Linux containers (this can be changed after installation)" must be disabled, as the Unified Comfort Panel has a Linux operating system.

5. Confirm the installation and restart the computer.



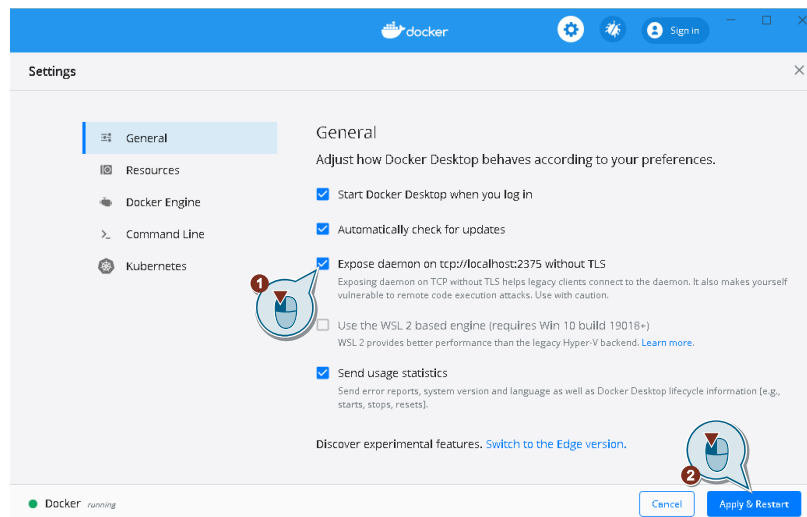
6. Open Docker settings

- After restarting, wait until the Docker Service has started. Then open the advanced view of the Taskbar (1).
- Right-click on the Docker icon (2).
- In the context menu, click "Settings" (3).



7. Enable remote sharing

- Enable the setting "Expose daemon on tcp://localhost:2375 without tls" for remote sharing of the Docker Engine (1).
- Then click "Apply & Restart" to apply the settings and restart the Docker service. Restarting may take some time.



2.2 Create: Create Docker images

The application running inside the container can be created in any programming language. As an example, an application was created here that you can use to send emails with attachments over an SMTP server. The application is written in the JavaScript programming language.

2.2.1 Folder structure

For a better overview, first create a folder structure in Windows Explorer as shown in the figure below.

Figure 2-3

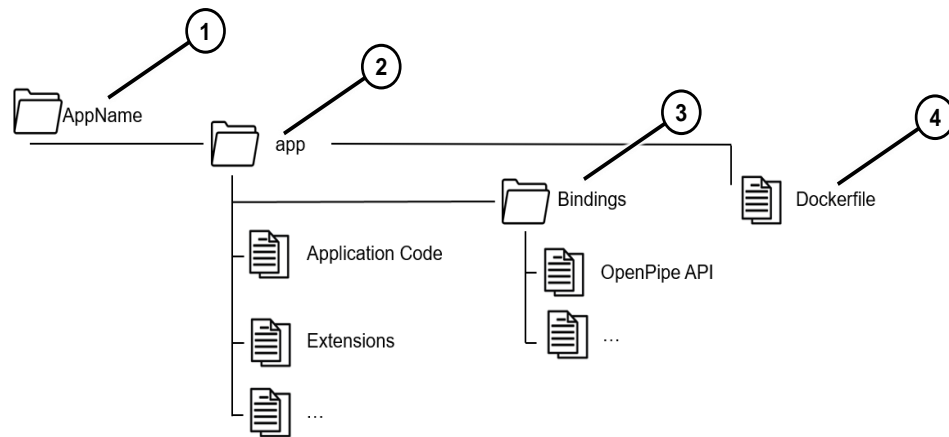


Table 2-1

No.	Folder	Description
①	"AppName"	Contains all relevant files for creating the app and the container
②	"app"	Contains the application proper and its dependencies, e.g. in the folder "Bindings" and the file "package.json"
③	"Bindings"	Contains the OpenPipe Comfort API for more easily establishing a connection to the Unified Comfort Panel runtime
④	"Dockerfile"	Contains the instruction list for creating the container

The user program can then be created. The section below describes in more detail the items specifically related to the functions of the Unified Comfort Panel.

Note

The "app" folder contains, among others, the "server.js" and "sendmail.js" files.

The "server.js" file starts a web server in which the console messages from "sendmail.js" are output in the browser. The state and error messages can be evaluated in this way.

To save resources you can also call "sendmail.js" directly in the "Dockerfile" (program without web console).

The "server.js" can also be used for other apps to enable console output without SSH rights. For this, the call of the ChildProcess (cp.spawn) must be adapted in the "server.js".

Note

Development environment, IDE

To develop the application, we recommend that you use an integrated development environment (IDE). In this example, we use the open source Visual Studio Code environment from Microsoft.

Visual Studio Code from Microsoft can be downloaded from the following link and installed:

<https://code.visualstudio.com/>

2.2.2 Configure connections OpenPipe connection

An OpenPipe connection is defined and utilized for data exchange between the edge application and the WinCC Unified runtime of the SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel.

Note A ready-made API for the OpenPipe connection is available for ease of configuration. The necessary scripts can be found in the "Bindings" folder. This is supplied with WinCC Unified on DVD 2 in the folder "Openness".

The tags which will be exchanged with OpenPipe are defined first:

Figure 2-4

```

12 var tagsReadCompleted = []; // Array to store read tags received from runtime
13 var tagsToRead = []; // Array to store to be read tags — ①
14 tagsToRead.push("edgewsFromAddress"); — ②
15 tagsToRead.push("edgewsToAddress");
16 tagsToRead.push("edgewsSubject");
17 tagsToRead.push("edgewsSMTPHost");
18 tagsToRead.push("edgeintSMTPPort");
19 tagsToRead.push("edgewsSMTPUser");
20 tagsToRead.push("edgeboSMTPSecure");
21 tagsToRead.push("edgewsSMTPHostPassword");
22 tagsToRead.push("edgewsAttachmentPath");
23 tagsToRead.push("edgewsemailText")
    
```

Note Make sure that the tags are written exactly the same as in the TIA Portal project (case sensitive), otherwise no connection can be established.

Table 2-2

No.	Description
①	Definition of the array for the tags to be read
②	Add the tag names to the array

Note In the case of tag names that change, the list can be read externally using a script. To do this, the values are entered in a configuration file. This script is located in data storage outside of the container and is read again when the application is started.

Figure 2-5

```

29 /* Connect To runtime with OpenPipe API*/
30 ConnectRuntime.Connect((runtimeClass) => { — ①
31     let runtime = runtimeClass.Runtime;
32     runtime.on('NotifySubscribeTag',(tagsList, cookie) => {
33
34         for (let tagobject of tagsList) {
35             if (tagobject.Name == 'edgeboTriggerTag') {
36                 runtime.ReadTag(tagsToRead, "ReadTagCookie");
37             }
38         }
39
40     });
41     runtime.on('NotifyReadTag',(tagsList, cookie) => {
42         | | | SendEmailHandler(tagsList);
43     });
44     /* Subscribe Tag*/
45     runtime.SubscribeTag(['edgeboTriggerTag',"SubscribeTagCookie");
46 });
47
    
```

Table 2-3

No.	Description
①	Call of the ConnectRuntime class. This contains the OpenPipe API where the tags from the list "tagsList" are read. The trigger tag is read in the event of change in the Unified Comfort Panel runtime (subscribe).

This instruction establishes a connection to the runtime by means of OpenPipe, via which the tags are exchanged. The names of the tags to be read are in the "tagsList" list. The OpenPipe system functions such as "ReadTag" and "SubscribeTag" are part of the Unified Comfort Panel API.

2.2.3 Programming the email function

Once the tag handoff is defined, the email function is implemented. For nodeJS there are multiple modules which offer an SMTP function. This example uses the module "nodemailer".

Note

Please refer to the following link for more information about nodemailer:

<https://nodemailer.com/about/>

Figure 2-6

```

50  /*Send Email function*/
51  function SendEmailHandler(tagsList)
52  {
53      /* Since this sample is written with 'SetOption EnableExpertMode' via comfort layer,
54         then response will be always in JSON mode */
55      if (tagsList)
56      {
57
58          for (let tagData of tagsList) { ①
59              //Preparing email text
60              //emailText += 'Tag '+tagData.Name+' = '+tagData.Value+'\n';
61
62              tagsReadCompleted.push(tagData.Name); ②
63              if(tagData.Name === 'edgewsSubject')
64              {
65                  var emailSubject = tagData.Value;
66                  console.log("Subject" + edgewsSubject);
67              }
68              if(tagData.Name === 'edgewsFromAddress'){ ...
69              }
70              if(tagData.Name === 'edgewsToAddress'){ ...
71              }
72              if(tagData.Name === 'edgewsSMTPHost') ...
73              }
74              if(tagData.Name === 'edgewsSMTPPort'){ ...
75              }
76              if(tagData.Name === 'edgewsSMTPSecure'){ ...
77              }
78              if(tagData.Name === 'edgewsSMTPRequireTLS'){ ...
79              }
80              if(tagData.Name === 'edgewsSMTPUser'){ ...
81              }
82              if(tagData.Name === 'edgewsSMTPHostPassword'){ ...
83              }
84              if(tagData.Name === 'edgewsAttachmentPath'){ ...
85              }
86              if(tagData.Name === 'edgewsEmailText'){ ...
87              }
88          }
89      }
90
91      /*Define Parameters for SMTP Connection */
92      smtpOptions = { ③
93          host: edgewsSMTPHost ,
94          port: edgewsSMTPPort,
95          secure: edgewsSMTPSecure,
96          tls: {
97              rejectUnauthorized: false
98          },
99          requireTLS : edgewsSMTPRequireTLS,
100         auth: {
101             user: edgewsSMTPUser,
102             pass: edgewsSMTPHostPassword
103         }
104     }
105 }
106
107
108
109
110
111
112
113
114
115
116
117
118
119
120
121
122
123
124
125
126
127
128
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137
138

```

Table 2-4

No.	Description
①	Counter loop for the individual tag names to identify the tag in the JSON object.
②	Value assignment for local tags.
③	Assignment of the connection parameters for the Nodemailer module in order to create a connection to the SMTP (outbound mail server). (A user and password are usually required for this.) The parameters for port and security settings are defined as well.

Figure 2-7

```

138
139      /*Check whether all tags read or not, if read send e-mail*/
140      if(compare(tagsReadCompleted,tagsToRead))
141      {
142          console.log("Emailtext : "+ edgewssEmailText);
143          tagsReadCompleted = [];
144
145          let params = {
146              from: edgewssFromAddress,
147              to: edgewssToAddress,
148              subject: edgewssSubject,
149              body: edgewssEmailText
150          };
151
152          let attachment = [
153              { // use URL as an attachment
154                  path: edgewssAttachmentPath
155              }
156          ]
157
158          if( edgewssAttachmentPath.length >1 && fs.existsSync(edgewssAttachmentPath)){
159              if( fs.statSync(edgewssAttachmentPath).size < 20000000){
160                  params['attachments'] = attachment; }
161              }
162          else{
163              console.log("No Attachment or file to large")
164          }
165          sendEmail(params).then((error) => {
166              console.log(`Send Email succeeded`);
167
168          }).catch((error) => {
169              console.log(`Send Email failed, error ${error}`);
170          });
171          edgewssEmailText = "";
172      }
173      // *****
174  }
175
176
177
178

```

Table 2-5

No.	Description
①	Assignment for the message parameters
②	Definition of the attachment (path of the file which will be sent)
③	Attachment validation (whether an attachment is present; and the size of the attachment)

Figure 2-8

```

180 // async function, returns Promise
181 function sendEmail(params) {
182     return new Promise(function (resolve, reject) {
183         let transporter = nodemailer.createTransport(smptOptions);
184         transporter.sendMail({ from: params.from, to: params.to, subject: params.subject,
185             text: params.body, attachments: params.attachments },
186             function (err) {
187                 if (err) {
188                     console.log(`send: err = ${err}`);
189                     reject(err);
190                 } else {
191                     resolve();
192                 }
193             });
194     });
195 };
196 }
    
```

Table 2-6

No.	Description
①	Create the Promise for sending email (the Promise object constitutes a representation of a prospective execution (or failure) of an asynchronous operation and the ensuing results).
②	Create the object for sending
③	Handoff of the parameters

2.2.4 Outputting container logs via web interface

A redirect to a website is implemented in order to receive an output of the container log. Here, the web server is also running in the container. A simple way of creating a website is to use a framework such as Express, which has already defined basic tasks like routing.

Figure 2-9

```

JS server.js • JS sendmail.js JS opn.js
JS server.js > ...
1  const path = require('path');
2  const express = require('express'); — ①
3  var http = require('http');
4  var cp = require("child_process");
5  var app = express(); — ②
6  app.use(express.static(__dirname));
7  const port = 30101; — ③
8
9
10 app.get('/', function(req, res){ — ④
11   res.writeHead(200, { "Content-Type": "text/event-stream",
12                      "Cache-control": "no-cache" });
13
14   var spw = cp.spawn('node', ['sendmail.js']); — ⑤
15   str = "";
16
17   spw.stdout.on('data', function (data) { — ⑥
18     str += data.toString();
19
20     // just so we can see the server is doing something
21     console.log("DATA: " + data);
22
23     // Flush out line by line.
24     var lines = str.split("\n");
25     for(var i in lines) {
26       if(i == lines.length - 1) {
27         str = lines[i];
28       } else{
29         // Note: The double-newline is *required*
30         res.write('data: ' + lines[i] + "\n\n");
31       }
32     }
33   });
34   spw.on('close', function (code) {
35     res.end(str);
36   });
37   spw.stderr.on('data', function (data) {
38     res.end('stderr: ' + data);
39   });
40 });
41
42 app.listen(port); — ⑦

```

Table 2-7

No.	Description
①	Call of the Express web frontend -> for documentation, refer to: https://expressjs.com/en/guide/routing.html .
②	Declaration of Express.
③	Definition of the port where the web server is reachable (starting at port 30000 in order to prevent errors with other applications).
④	Definition of the route http://localhost/ → writes the output from stdout to a header and sends it to the client.
⑤	Starts a child process with the SendMail application. The associated declaration happens in line 4.

No.	Description
6	Redirects the "stdout" to the Express framework.
7	Starts the web server.

2.2.5 Changing application into container format

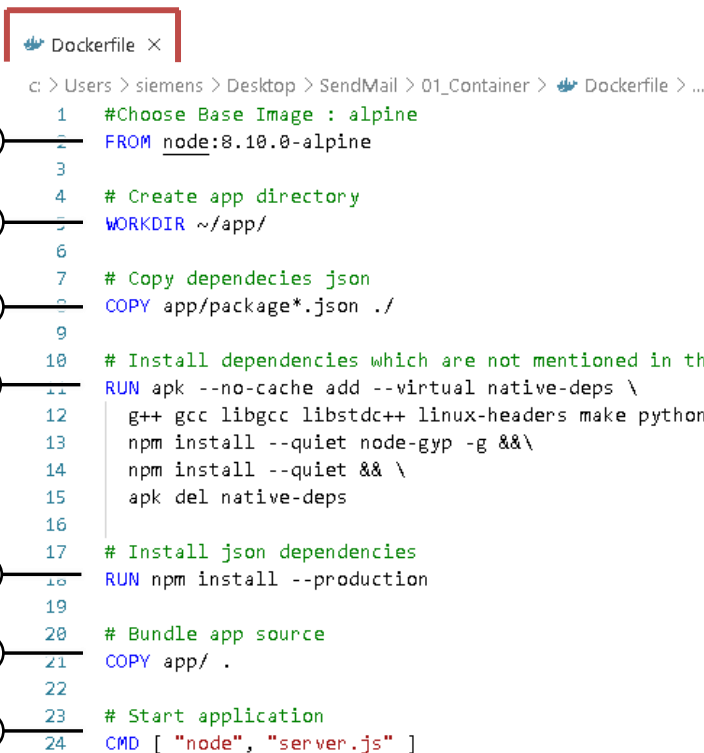
Create container

Once the application has been written, it is packaged into a container which contains all information, programs and dependencies. This makes it possible to easily port this container image.

Instruction list for creating a container

All commands for creating a Docker image are in the instruction list, also known as the Docker file. This image contains all dependencies in order to run the application in the container. These can be, for instance, a Python Interpreter, or modules that are necessary for starting the application. There are often ready-made images containing numerous software packages which obviate additional installations. However, these images often require a lot of resources from the Unified Comfort Panel. In this case it is usually better to take a lightweight base image (such as Alpine, Ubuntu Base) in order to achieve a small, resource-saving image. The image size is a major factor in the final app size.

Figure 2-10



```

c:\Users> siemens > Desktop > SendMail > 01_Container > Dockerfile > ...
1 #Choose Base Image : alpine
2 FROM node:8.10.0-alpine
3
4 # Create app directory
5 WORKDIR ~/app/
6
7 # Copy dependencies json
8 COPY app/package*.json ./
9
10 # Install dependencies which are not mentioned in the json file
11 RUN apk --no-cache add --virtual native-deps \
12     g++ gcc libgcc libstdc++ linux-headers make python && \
13     npm install --quiet node-gyp -g && \
14     npm install --quiet && \
15     apk del native-deps
16
17 # Install json dependencies
18 RUN npm install --production
19
20 # Bundle app source
21 COPY app/ .
22
23 # Start application
24 CMD [ "node", "server.js" ]

```

Table 2-8

No.	Command	Explanation
①	FROM	A nodeJS image based on the Alpine distribution is used as a base image. It is very resource-light because it only needs a few megabytes of memory.
②	WORKDIR	Defines the directory where the commands are executed.
③	COPY	The package.json and package-lock.json files from the local directory /app are copied to the working directory.
④	RUN	Installs other applications such as gcc and python.
⑤	RUN	Installs the dependencies for package.json.
⑥	COPY	Copies the application to the working directory.
⑦	CMD	Starts the application.

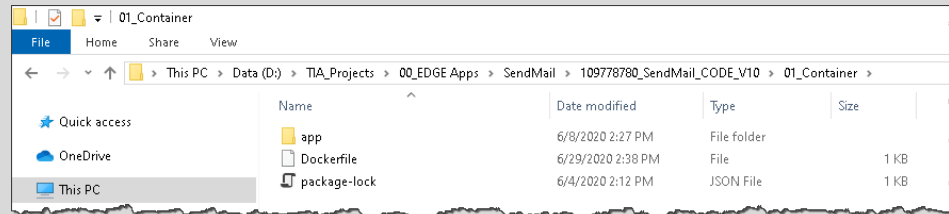
2.2.6 Creating the image and testing the container

Using the Docker command "build", the image is then generated according to the specifications of the Docker file.

Note

If you wish to use the SendMail app from this application example, then first download the "SendMail App" file and extract it.

Once you have extracted the file, you will find all former files in the "01_Container" folder, including the file "Dockerfile".



Proceed as follows to do this:

1. Start a command line, for instance with CMD.
2. In the command line, switch to the folder with the file "Dockerfile".
3. Then execute the command

```
docker build -t sendmail .
```

Docker "build" starts the build process, the parameter "-t" specifies the freely selectable name of the image, which in turn specifies the directory where the Docker file is located (here, in the same directory).

Note

An internet connection is required for the build process. The files needed for the installation are downloaded automatically.

Result

The result in Visual Studio Code is shown below.

Figure 2-11

```

config.yaml | JS sendmail.js | Dockerfile X
01_Container > Dockerfile
1 FROM node:8.10.0-alpine
2 # Create app directory
3 WORKDIR ~/app/
4 # Copy dependencies json
5 COPY app/package*.json ./
6 # Install dependencies which are not mentioned in the json file
7 run apk --no-cache add --virtual native-deps \
8     g++ gcc libgcc libstdc++ linux-headers make python && \
9     npm install --quiet node-gyp -g && \
10    npm install --quiet && \
11    apk del native-deps
12 # Install json dependencies
13 RUN npm install --production
14 # Bundle app source
15 COPY app/ .
16 # Start application
17 CMD [ "node", "sendmail.js" ]
18
19
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
C:\Users\siemens\Documents\CodeProjects\SendMail\01_Container>docker build -t sendmail .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 21.34MB
Step 1/7 : FROM node:8.10.0-alpine
--> adc4b0f5bc53
Step 2/7 : WORKDIR ~/app/
--> Using cache
--> fc1d1b5474c5
Step 3/7 : COPY app/package*.json ./
--> Using cache
--> b2e285d80f46
Step 4/7 : run apk --no-cache add --virtual native-deps g++ gcc libgcc libstdc++ linux-headers
--> Using cache
--> af16e984b5a2
Step 5/7 : RUN npm install --production
--> Using cache
--> 065e153d278d
Step 6/7 : COPY app/ .
--> 8defb5573e96
Step 7/7 : CMD [ "node", "sendmail.js" ]
--> Running in 29519f8e3e76
Removing intermediate container 29519f8e3e76
--> 4a30512187d5
Successfully built 4a30512187d5
Successfully tagged sendmail:latest
    
```

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Once the build process has completed successfully, the result with the image number appears in the output.

Using the "docker images" command, the existing images can be output:

Figure 2-12

```

C:\Users\siemens\Documents\CodeProjects\SendMail\01_Container>docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
sendmail latest 4a30512187d5 3 weeks ago 114MB
    
```

Note

In order to simplify the development and test environment, the application and the container can be tested in conjunction with a WinCC Unified PC runtime. The OpenPipe function of the Unified PC runtime behaves like an OpenPipe function on the SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel. However, attention must be paid to correct addressing.

Additional information

The following table lists common Docker commands and their meaning.

Table 2-9

No.	Command	Description
1.	Docker build	Creates an image from a Docker file
2.	Docker images	Lists existing images
3.	Docker run	Starts a container
4.	Docker ps	Lists running containers
5.	Docker exec	Executes a command in a running container
6.	Docker rm	Deletes a container
7.	Docker rmi	Deletes an existing image
8.	Docker stop	Stops a running container

Note

Further information about the commands can be found at the following link:

<https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/commandline/docker/>

2.3 Generate: Generate edge app with Industrial Edge Publisher

2.3.1 Install Siemens Industrial Edge Publisher

You can download and install the Siemens Industrial Edge Publisher for free from the download "Siemens Industrial Edge Publisher" in the Siemens Industry Online Portal.

<https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109778875>

Note

For more information on Industrial Edge Publisher, refer to the associated programming manual:

<https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109778824>

Overview and settings of the Publisher

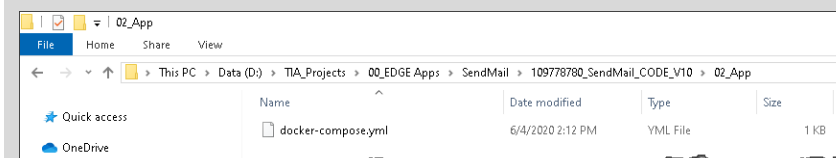
Industrial Edge Publisher helps create a complete service (the edge app) from the container image and other information. The service contains all parameters pertaining to network connection, memory size and resource allocation.

You can use the Industrial Edge Publisher in two ways:

1. via the Wizard and the created container images, or
2. via a finished YAML file for Docker-Compose applications.

Note

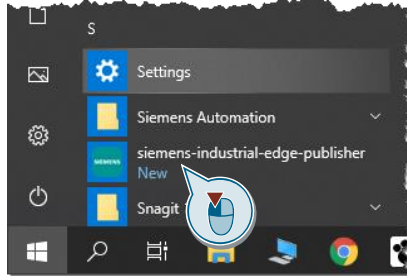
The finished YAML file for Docker-Compose applications can be found in the application example in the file "SendMail App". Once you have downloaded and extracted the file, you will see the file in the folder "02_App".



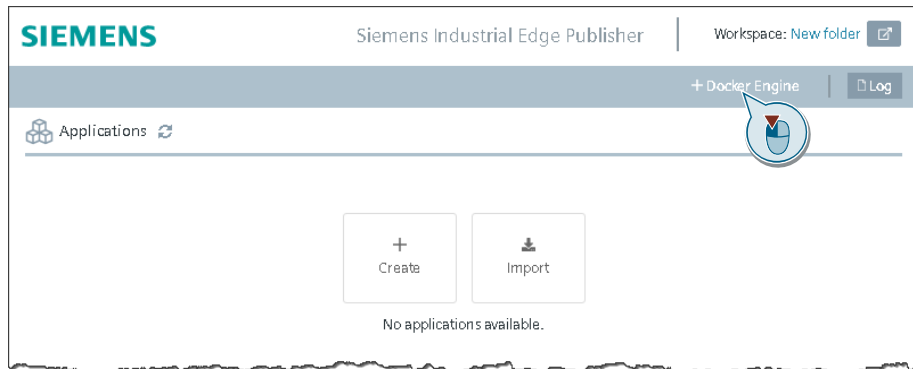
2.3.2 Generating the SendMail app with Siemens Industrial Edge Publisher

This chapter will demonstrate how to generate an edge app from the container images.

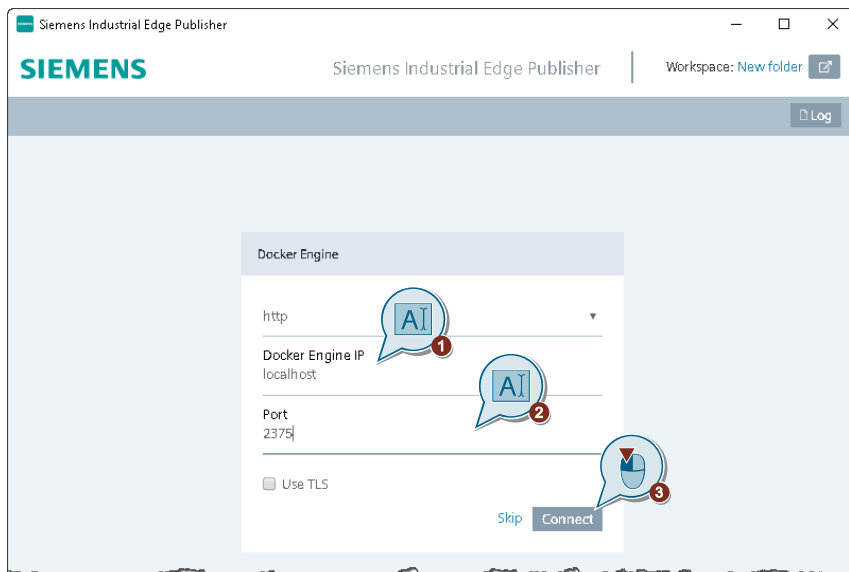
1. Start the Siemens Industrial Edge Publisher from the Windows Start Menu.



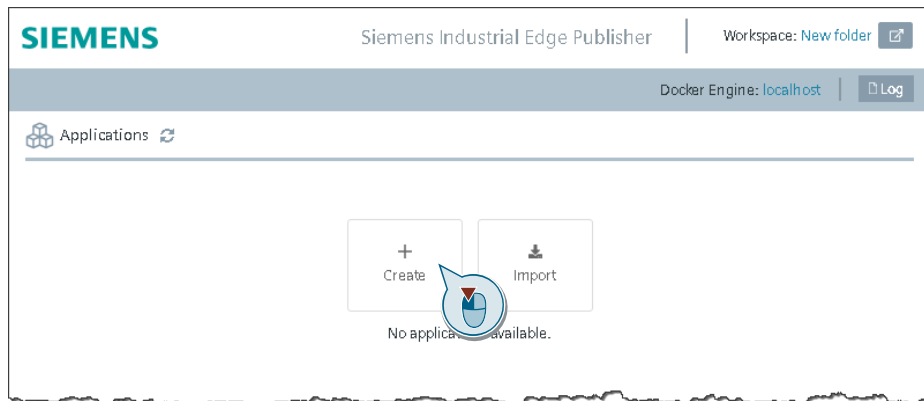
2. First click "+ Docker Engine" to define a Docker Engine and get access to the container images.



3. Connect Docker Engine
 - Enter the IP address or DNS name. If the Docker Engine is on the same computer, you can enter "localhost" (1).
 - For port, enter 2375 (default port) (2).
 - Then click "Connect" (3).

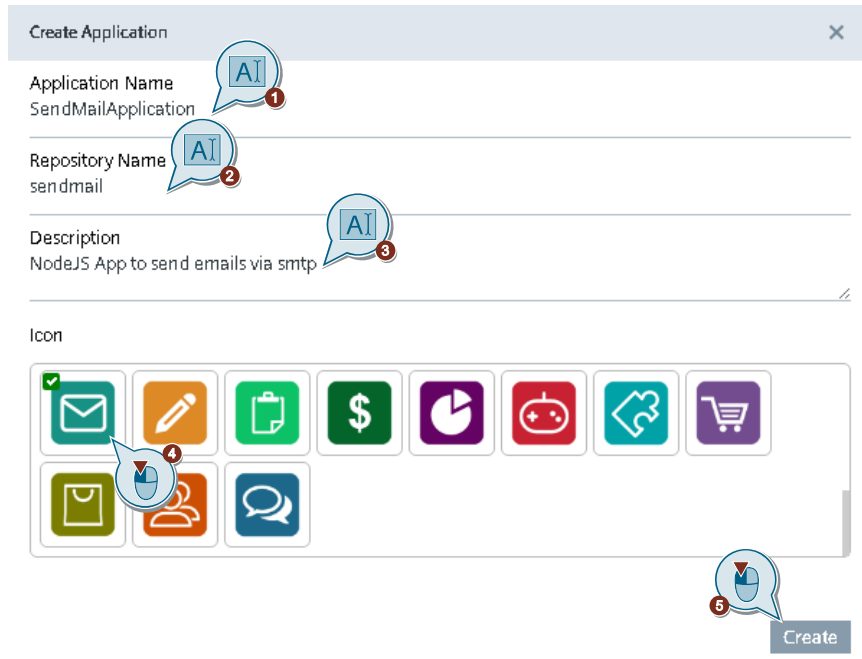


4. Then click "Create" to create a new edge app.



5. Edit app properties

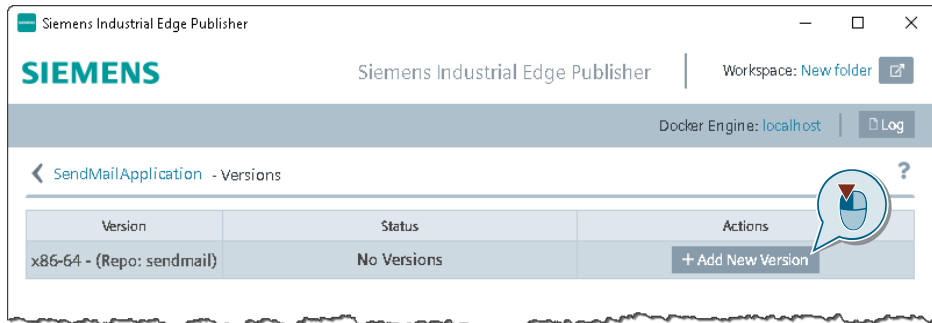
- Enter the name ("Application Name") (1), "Repository Name" (2) and the description ("Description") (3) for the app.
- Then select an "Icon" for the app (4).
- Then click Create (5).



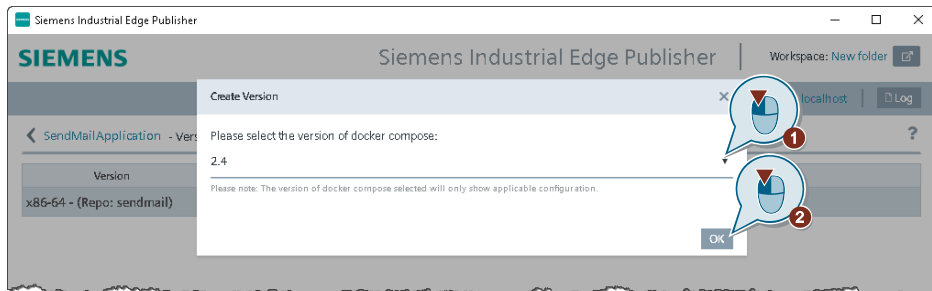
6. Open the app you created.



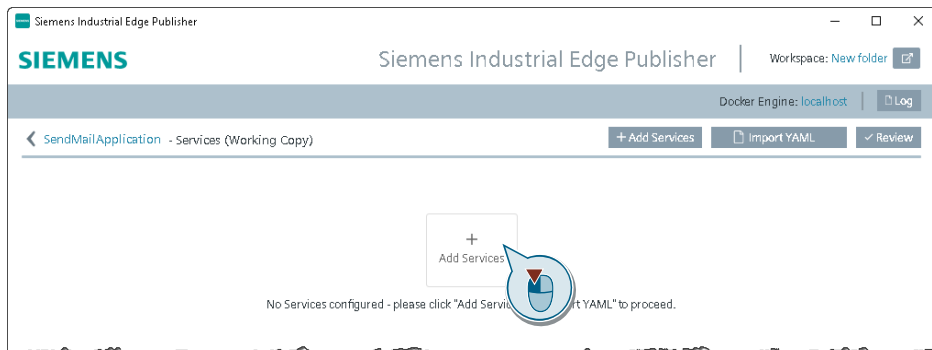
7. Click "+ Add New Version" to add a new version to the app.



8. Then select a version and click "OK".

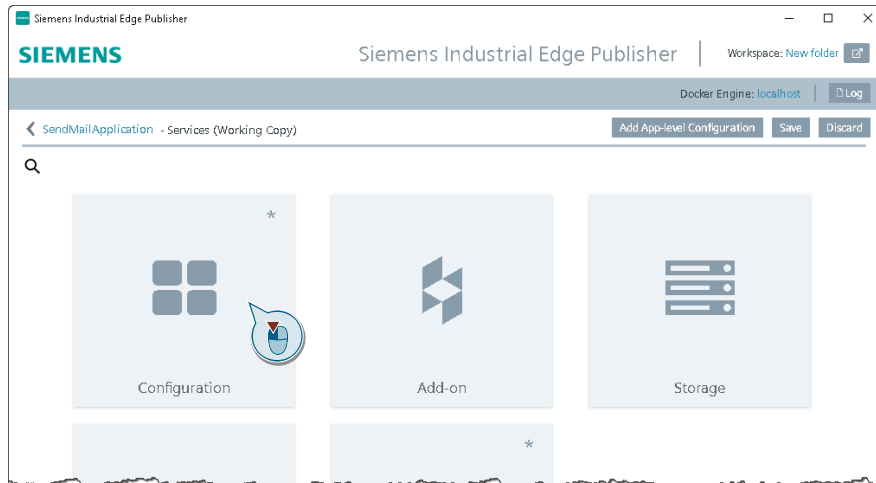


9. In the next step, click "Add Service".



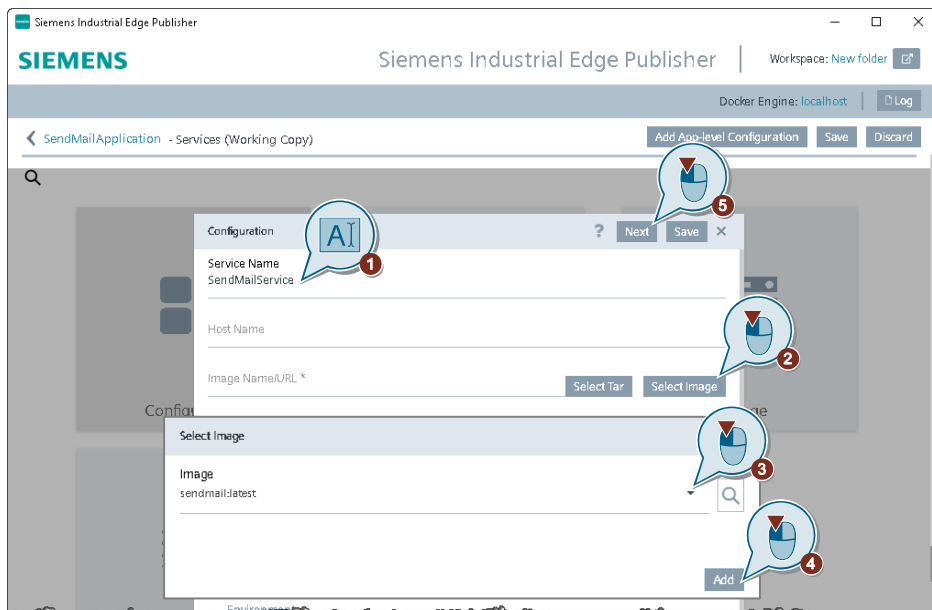
Optionally, in this step you can import the finished YAML file for Docker-Compose applications.

10. In the next step, start the configuration wizard.



11. Select Docker image

- First enter a name for the service (1).
- Then, under "Image Name", click "Select image" (2).
- Select the image from the dropdown list (3) and click "Add" to add it (4).
- Then click "Next" (5).

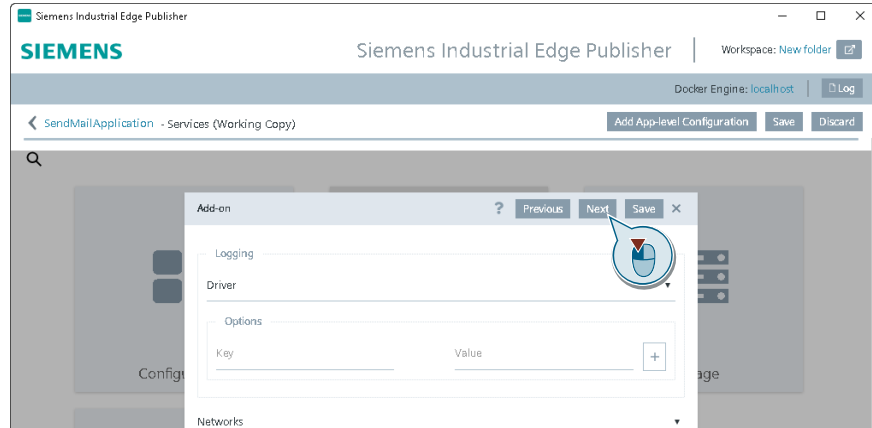


Note

The "Select Image" button is only visible if a Docker Engine has been connected.

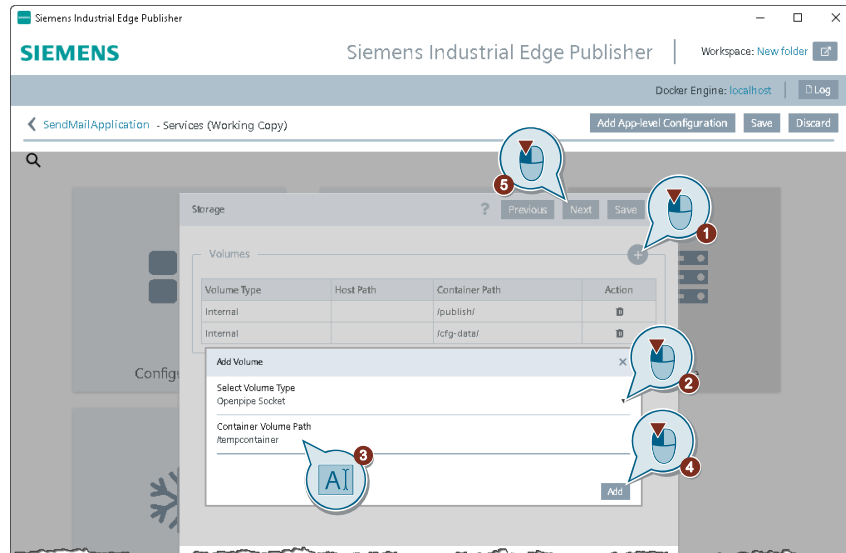
12. In the "Add-on" step, click "Next", as no configuration steps are necessary here.

2 Engineering - Create and manage edge app



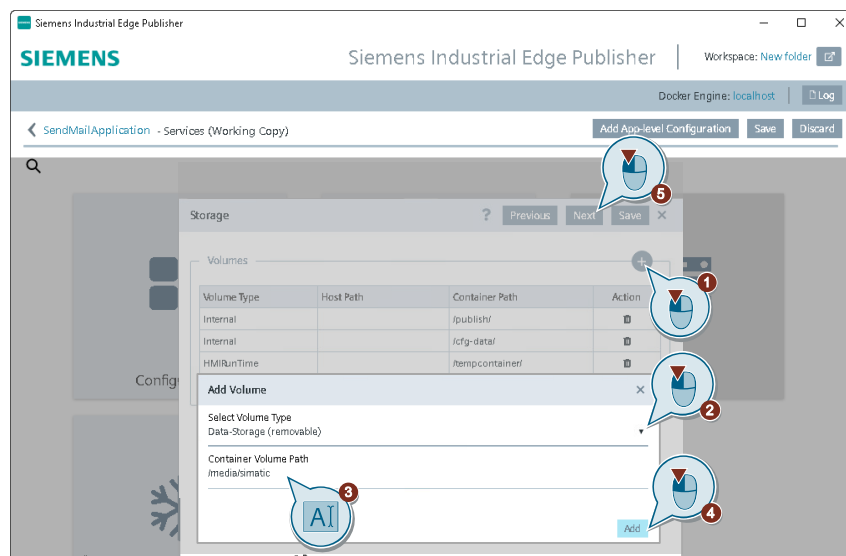
13. Create an OpenPipe connection

- Click the "+" button (1).
- Then select "Openpipe Socket" from the dropdown list (2).
- Enter the container path of the connection (stored in the bindings). In this example it is `/tempcontainer` (3).
- Then click "Add" (4).



14. Integrating USB flash drive

- Click the "+" button again (1).
- Then select "Data Storage (removable)" from the dropdown list (2).
- Enter the path of the USB drive, `/media/simatic` (3).
- Then click "Add" (4).
- Click on "Next" (5).



15. Define ports for network setting, for app communication

- Enter the port number "25:25" (1).
- Then click "+" (2).
- Confirm the warning by clicking "Continue" (3).
- Repeat the steps for the ports "465:465", "587:587" and "30101:30101".
- Then click "next" (4).

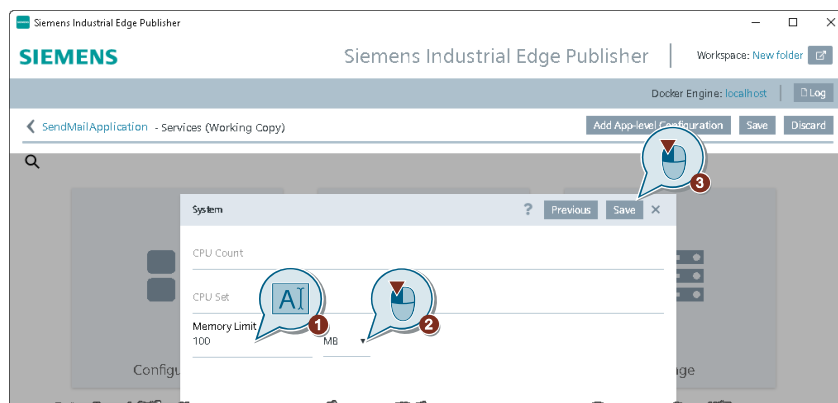


Note

Ports 25, 465, 587 are the default ports for SMTP communication. They are strictly defined ports and therefore they must also be used in the application. Switching to a port greater than 30000 is thus not possible. Port 30101 is configured for use of the web server (see also chapter [2.2.4](#)). The ports in use have no impact on the runtime.

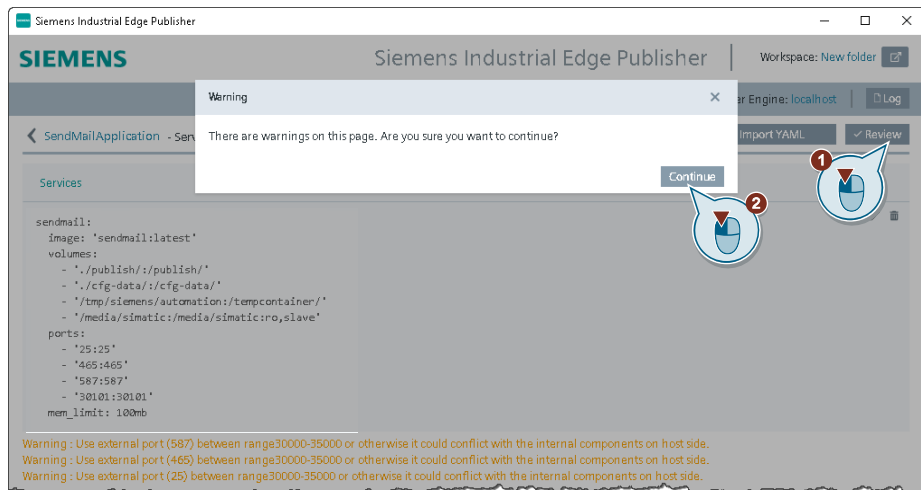
16. Define system limit of the app

- For the memory limit, enter 100 (1) and then change the unit to "MB" (2).
- Then click on "Save" (3).



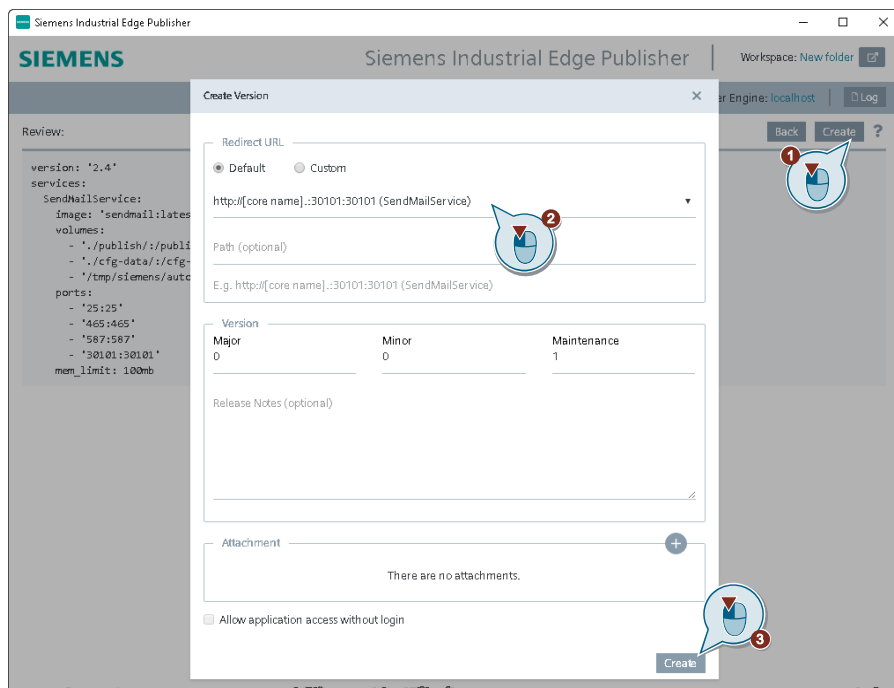
Once the configuration wizard is complete, you will receive an overview of the settings in YAML format.

17. In the next step, click "Review" (1) and confirm the warning with "Continue" (2).



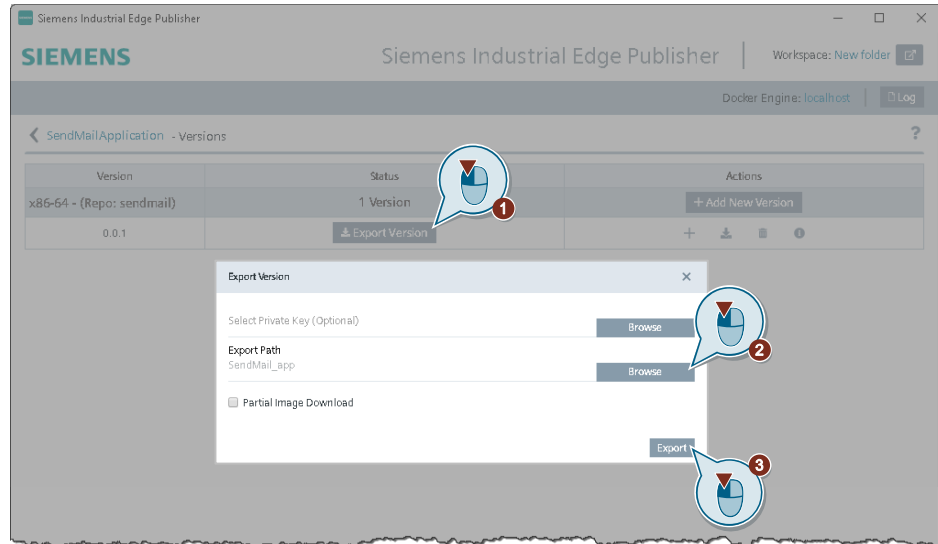
18. Create version and redirect

- First click "Create" (1).
- As needed, you can set the redirect URL via the dropdown field in this step if the application has to be reachable via web server. In this case, the web server must be reachable at port 30101 (2).
- Then click "Create" (3).



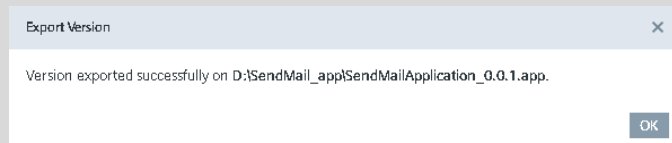
19. Export the app

- Click "Export version" (1).
- Select a folder where you want to export the app (2).
- Click "Create" (3)



Note

The following message will appear when the app has exported successfully:



In the "SendMail_app" folder you can now use "SendMailApplication_0.0.1.app" and transfer it to your SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel.

2.4 Manage: Manage edge app on the Unified Comfort Panel

This chapter describes:

1. Which TIA project settings are required for an edge app (see chapter [2.4.1](#)) and
2. How you can transfer the exported app to your HMI device (see chapter [2.4.2](#)).

2.4.1 Configuring TIA Portal project for edge apps

The following steps are required in TIA Portal in order to operate your project with an edge app.

Note

Alternatively, you can also use the preconfigured example project. Download the file "Beispielprojekt.zip" ["Exampleproject.zip"] from this application example and extract it. You can then load it to your HMI device with TIA Portal.

Creating your own project

1. Create a TIA Portal project with a SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel.

2. Create a tag table with the appropriate tag names and data types that you are also using in the edge app (see also chapter [2.2.2](#)).

The screenshot shows a table with the following columns: Name, Data type, Connection, PLC name, and PLC tag. The table contains 12 rows of tags for the 'SendMail' application.

Name	Data type	Connection	PLC name	PLC tag
edgeboSMTPrequireTLS	Bool	<Internal tag>		<Undefined>
edgeboSMTPSecure	Bool	<Internal tag>		<Undefined>
edgeboTriggerTag1	Bool	<Internal tag>		<Undefined>
edgeboSMTPPort	Int	<Internal tag>		<Undefined>
edgeboSMTPText	WString	<Internal tag>		<Undefined>
edgeboSMTPFromAddress	WString	<Internal tag>		<Undefined>
edgeboSMTPHost	WString	<Internal tag>		<Undefined>
edgeboSMTPHostPassword	WString	<Internal tag>		<Undefined>
edgeboSMTPUser	WString	<Internal tag>		<Undefined>
edgeboSMTPSubject	WString	<Internal tag>		<Undefined>
edgeboSMTPToAddress	WString	<Internal tag>		<Undefined>
edgeboSMTPAttachmentPath	WString	<Internal tag>		<Undefined>

3. In your SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel, create a corresponding visualization for the email function and link up the pertinent tags.
4. Add a user with the role "HMI Administrator" to the User administration.

The screenshot shows the 'Users and roles' configuration window. It includes a table for users and a table for assigned roles.

User name	Password	Authentication ..	Maximum sess...	Comment
siemens	*****	Password	30 Min	Siemens12345
<Add new user>				

Assigned to	Name	Description	Maximum sess...	Comment
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	HMI Administrator	System-defined role "HMI Adminis...	30 Min	User Administration, Remote Acc
<input type="checkbox"/>	HMI Operator	System-defined role "HMI Operator"	30 Min	Web Access, operator
<input type="checkbox"/>	HMI Monitor	System-defined role "HMI Monitor"	30 Min	Web Access, monitor
<input type="checkbox"/>	NET Remote Access	System-defined role "NET Remote ...	30 Min	
<input type="checkbox"/>	NET Administrator Radius	System-defined role "NET Adminis...	30 Min	
<input type="checkbox"/>	NET Radius	System-defined role "NET Radius"	30 Min	

Note Using the logon credentials for this user, you can log on to the local edge management of the SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel after the project is downloaded.

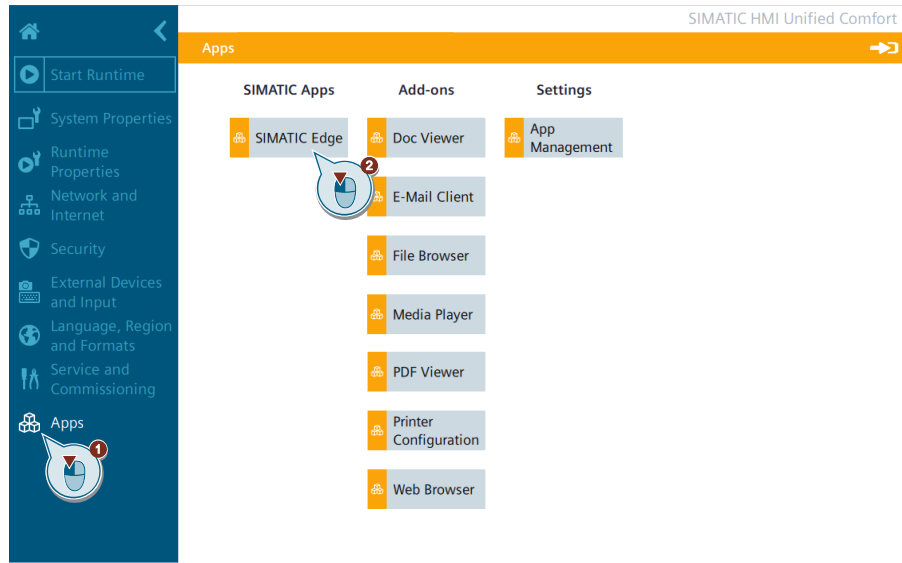
5. Save your project and download it to the SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel.

2.4.2 Installing edge app on the HMI device

This chapter describes how you can enable the edge functionality on the operator device and install the edge app "SendMail" on the SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel.

Activating SIMATIC Edge

1. Open SIMATIC Edge
 - Start the SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel and open the "Apps" category in the Control Panel (1).
 - Then click "SIMATIC Edge" (2).



2. Enable the function "Enable SIMATIC Edge".



Note It may take a few seconds to enable SIMATIC Edge. When the activation is complete, the "Open edge management" button will appear dark gray.

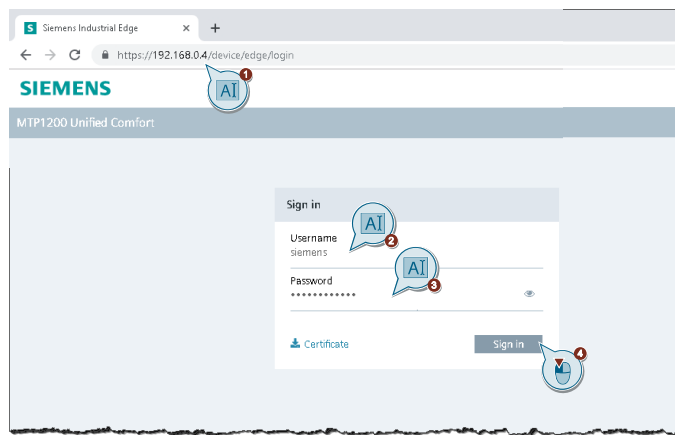
Transferring edge app

You have two ways of transferring the "SendMail" app to your operator device:

1. Transfer the app to the SIMATIC HMI Unified Comfort Panel on a USB drive and install it there via Edge Management.
2. Connect Edge Management via the network in order to install the edge app directly from your PC (see description below).

Open Edge Management via network and install app

1. Log on to Edge management
 - On your PC, open Chrome and enter "https://[IP address]" In this example, "https://192.168.0.4" (1)
 - Then enter "User name" (2) and "Password" (3) for the user from your TIA Portal project (see chapter [2.4.1](#)).
 - Then click on "Sign in" (4).

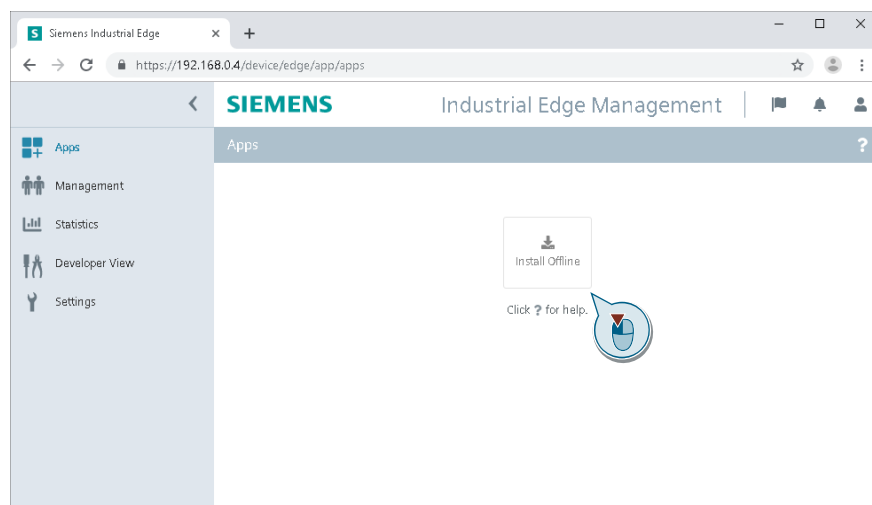


Note

If you use the example project, you can log on with the following user credentials for the configured user.

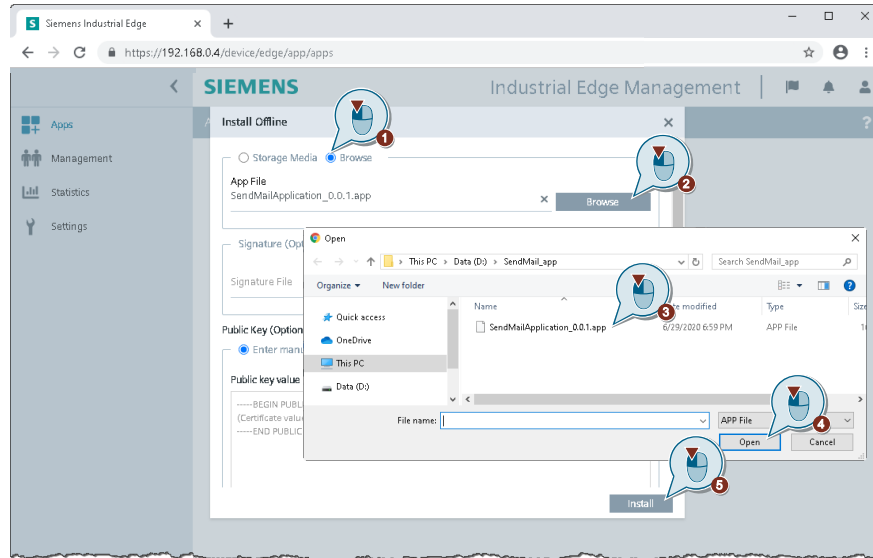
Username: siemens
Password: Siemens12345

2. In the Industrial Edge Management section of the Unified Comfort Panel, click "Install offline".

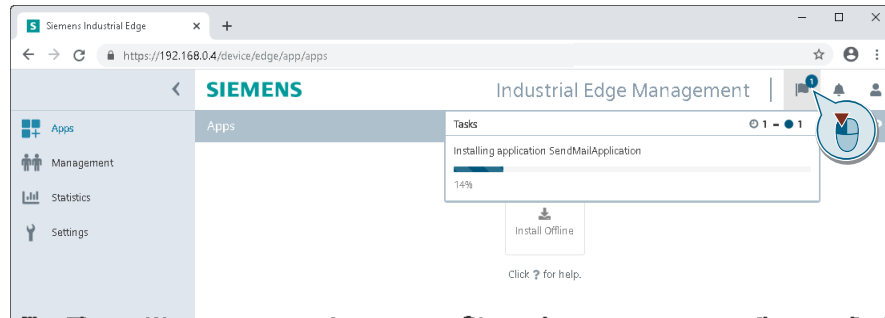


3. Select App

- Select the "Browse" option (1) to browse your PC.
- Then click "Browse" (2).
- Select the exported edge app (3) and click "Open" (4).
- Then click "Install" (5).



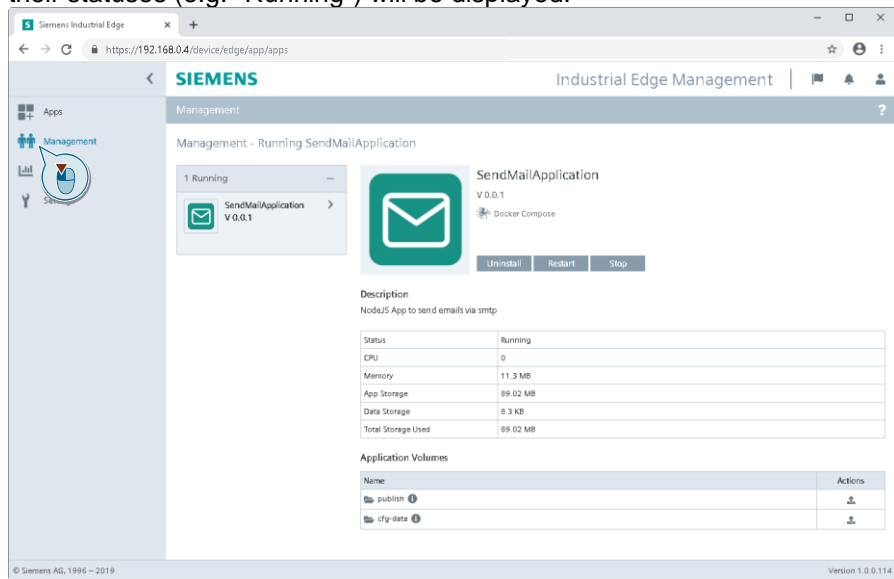
4. If you click the "Task" icon, you can monitor the current installation progress.



Once the "SendMail" app has been successfully installed, the icon appears on the Edge Management start page.

2 Engineering - Create and manage edge app

5. If you then select the "Management" menu item, all installed edge apps and their statuses (e.g. "Running") will be displayed.



3 Operating the example project

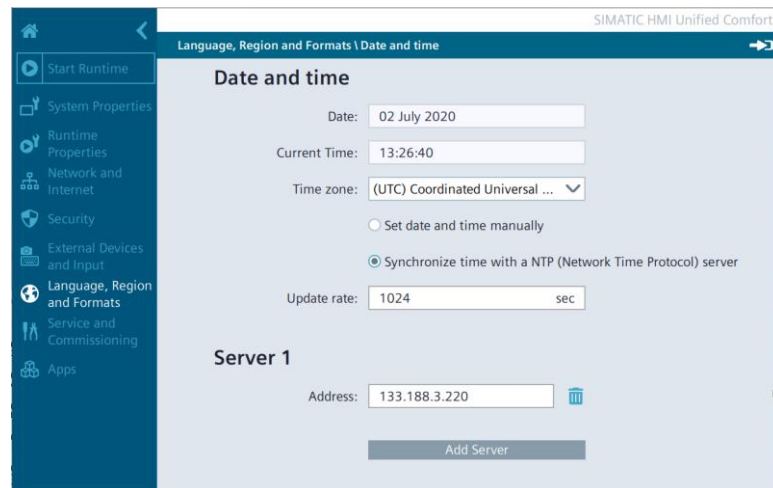
This chapter describes the essential function from the TIA Portal example project.

3.1 Unified Comfort Panel settings

Time stamp

In order to be able to use the SendMail edge app, you still have to set the current time on the Unified Comfort Panel or configure an NTP server.

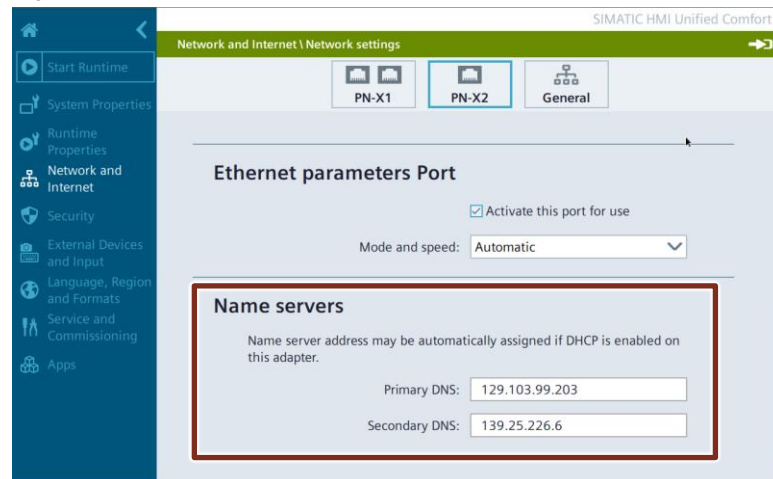
Figure 3-1



DHCP on X2

The X2 network interface must also be correctly configured. In the event that you have set DHCP for this interface, then you also have to enter the DNS server.

Figure 3-2



3.2 Editing SMTP settings

If the runtime and the SendMail app have been started on the Unified Comfort Panel, the settings for the SMTP server still have to be made before it is possible to send email. The application can connect to most SMTP servers.

Note Please refer to the documentation from your email provider for the connection parameters of your email account.

Using the example of the Google Mail server, this means the following:

Figure 3-3

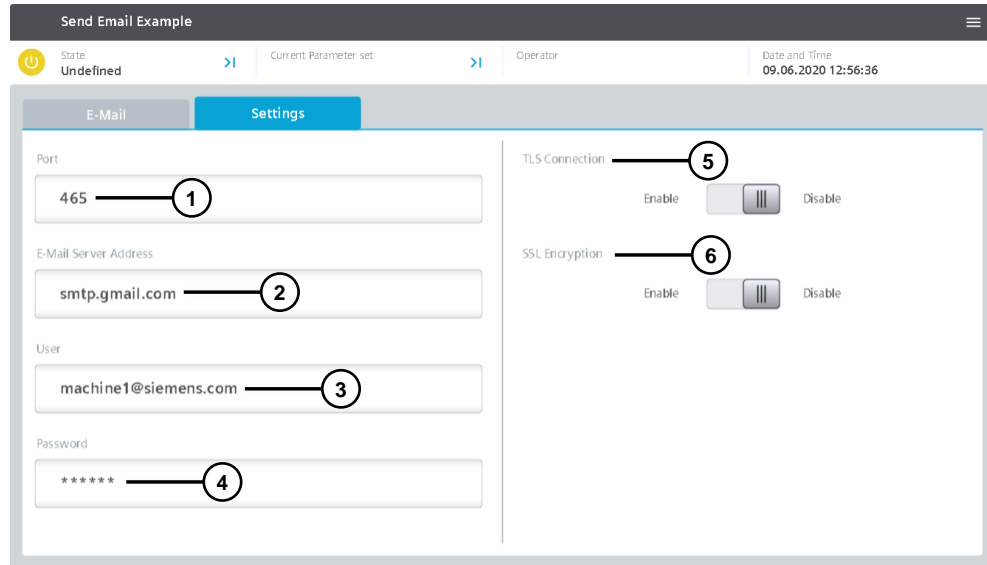


Table 3-1

No.	Description
①	Port of the SMTP server
②	Address of the server
③	User name
④	Password
⑤	Enable TLS encryption
⑥	Enable SSL encryption

3.3 Creating an email

You can then enter the details of the email, compose the text, and select the file if you wish to attach one.

Figure 3-4

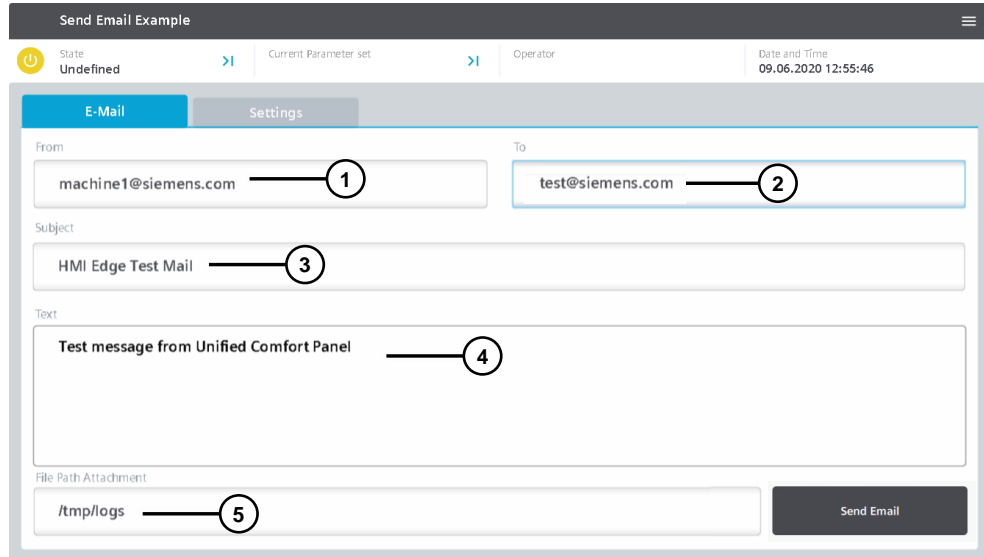


Table 3-2

No.	Description
①	Email address of the sender
②	Email address of the recipient
③	Subject line
④	Email body
⑤	Path to the file to be attached

4 Useful information

4.1 Named Pipe

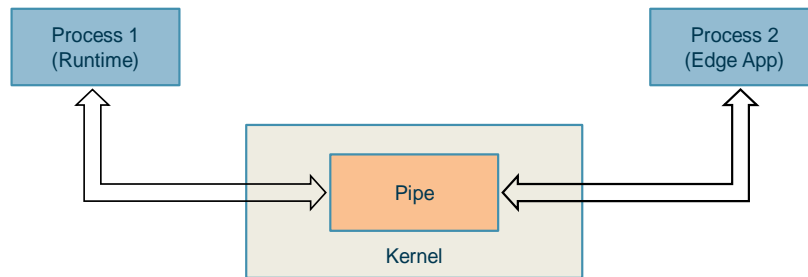
A Pipe or Pipeline is a data stream between two processes through a buffer operating on the First In First Out (FIFO) principle. In plain terms, this means that the output of a computer program is used as the input for another program.

Note

You can find additional information on the topic of Open Pipe in the operator's manual "SIMATIC WinCC Unified Open Pipe".

<https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109778823/134221616523>

Figure 4-1

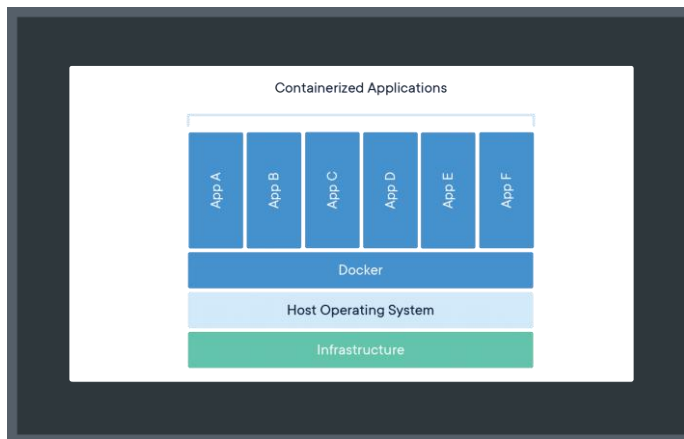


4.2 Docker

General

Docker is a free piece of software for isolating applications with container virtualization. Docker simplifies the deployment of applications because containers can be easily transferred and installed as files along with all necessary packages.

Figure 4-2



Container Service (Docker)

In order to create a container image, you will need an instruction list for how the container will be generated (Docker file), as well as a container engine in order to build the image. The Docker Engine can be installed in Windows or Linux. This application example refers to Docker in Windows.

4.3 **SIMATIC Edge runtime**

The SIMATIC Edge runtime makes it possible to run various services and applications in parallel with the Unified Comfort Panel runtime. To do this, an environment is established within the operating system of the Panels on which applications can be launched in container format. These are in the popular Docker format.

The container then runs in a separate part of the system, sandboxed away from the main part of the system in a secure manner. User-created programs can run in this container. You can create these applications in JavaScript or Python, for example.

5 Appendix

5.1 Service and support

Industry Online Support

Do you have any questions or need assistance?

Siemens Industry Online Support offers round the clock access to our entire service and support know-how and portfolio.

The Industry Online Support is the central address for information about our products, solutions and services.

Product information, manuals, downloads, FAQs, application examples and videos – all information is accessible with just a few mouse clicks:

support.industry.siemens.com

Technical Support

The Technical Support of Siemens Industry provides you fast and competent support regarding all technical queries with numerous tailor-made offers – ranging from basic support to individual support contracts.

Please send queries to Technical Support via Web form:

support.industry.siemens.com/cs/my/src

SITRAIN – Digital Industry Academy

We support you with our globally available training courses for industry with practical experience, innovative learning methods and a concept that's tailored to the customer's specific needs.

For more information on our offered trainings and courses, as well as their locations and dates, refer to our web page:

siemens.com/sitrain

Service offer

Our range of services includes the following:

- Plant data services
- Spare parts services
- Repair services
- On-site and maintenance services
- Retrofitting and modernization services
- Service programs and contracts

You can find detailed information on our range of services in the service catalog web page:

support.industry.siemens.com/cs/sc

Industry Online Support app

You will receive optimum support wherever you are with the "Siemens Industry Online Support" app. The app is available for iOS and Android:

support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/sc/2067

5.2 Industry Mall



The Siemens Industry Mall is the platform on which the entire Siemens Industry product portfolio is accessible. From the selection of products to the order and the delivery tracking, the Industry Mall enables the complete purchasing processing – directly and independently of time and location:

mall.industry.siemens.com

5.3 Links and Literature

Table 5-1

No.	Subject
\1\	Siemens Industry Online Support https://support.industry.siemens.com
\2\	Link to the article page of the application example https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109778780
\3\	Download – Siemens Industry Edge Publisher https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109778875
\4\	Programming manual - Industrial Edge Publisher https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109778824
\5\	Operating manual - SIMATIC HMI WinCC Unified Open Pipe https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109778823
\6\	Manual "Unified Comfort Panels for Industrial Edge" https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109773259

5.4 Change documentation

Table 5-2

Version	Date	Change
V1.0	07/2020	First version
V1.1	04/2021	Bug fixes