SIEMENS

SINUMERIK 840D/840Di/810D SIMODRIVE 611 digital

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Diagnostics Manual

Valid for

Control

SINUMERIK 840D	7.4
SINUMERIK 840DE (Export version)	7.4
SINUMERIK 840Di	3.2
SINUMERIK 840DiE (Export version)	3.2
SINUMERIK 810D	7.4
SINUMERIK 810DE (Export version)	7.4

Drive

SIMODRIVE 611

11/2006 Edition

SINUMERIK® Documentation

Printing history

Brief details of this edition and previous editions are listed below.

The status of each edition is shown by the code in the "Remarks" column.

Status code in the "Remarks" column:

A New documentation

B Unrevised reprint with new order number

C Revised edition with new status

Edition	Order no.	Remarks
09/1995	6FC5298-3AA01-0BP0	Description of differences
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12/1998	6FC5298-5AA20-0BP0	С
08/1999	6FC5298-5AA20-0BP2	С
04/2000	6FC5298-5AA20-0BP2	С
10/2000	6FC5298-6AA20-0BP0	С
09/2001	6FC5298-6AA20-0BP1	С
02/2002	6FC5298-6AA20-0BP2	С
11/2002	6FC5298-6AA20-0BP3	С
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10/2004	6FC5298-7AA20-0BP1	С
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Liability Disclaimer

We have checked that the contents of this publication agree with the hardware and software described herein. However, as deviations cannot be totally excluded, we are unable to guarantee complete consistency. The information contained in this document is, however, reviewed regularly and any necessary changes will be included in the next edition.

Preface

Structure of the documentation

The SINUMERIK documentation is organized in 3 parts:

- General Documentation
- User Documentation
- Manufacturer/Service Documentation

An overview of publications, which is updated monthly and also provides information about the language versions available, can be found on the Internet at:

http://www.siemens.com/motioncontrol

Select "Support" -> "Technical Documentation" -> "Overview of Publications"

The Internet version of the DOConCD (DOConWEB) is available at: http://www.automation.siemens.com/doconweb

Information about training courses and FAQs (Frequently Asked Questions) can be found in internet under:

http://www.siemens.com/motioncontrol under menu option "Support".

Target group

This publication is intended for project engineers, commissioners, machine operators and service and maintenance personnel.

Benefits

The diagnostics manual enables the intended target group to evaluate error and fault indications and to respond accordingly.

With the help of the diagnostics manual, the target group has an overview of the various diagnostic options and diagnostic tools.

Standard scope

This Diagnostics Manual describes only the functionality of the standard version. Additions or revisions made by the machine manufacturer are documented by the machine manufacturer.

Other functions not described in this documentation might be executable in the control. However, no claim can be made regarding the availability of these functions when the equipment is first supplied or in the event of servicing.

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Further, for the sake of simplicity, this documentation does not contain all detailed information about all types of the product and cannot cover every conceivable case of installation, operation or maintenance.

Technical support

If you have any questions, please get in touch with our Hotline:

Europe and Africa time zone:

A&D Technical Support

Phone: +49 (0) 180 / 5050 - 222 Fax: +49 (0) 180 / 5050 - 223

Internet: http://www.siemens.com/automation/support-request

Email: mailto:adsupport@siemens.com

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Phone: +86 1064 719 990 Fax: +86 1064 747 474

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Email: mailto:adsupport@siemens.com

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Internet: http://www.siemens.com/automation/support-request

Email: mailto:adsupport@siemens.com

Note

Country telephone numbers for technical support are provided at the following Internet address:

http://www.siemens.com/automation/service&support

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Questions about the manual

If you have any queries (suggestions, corrections) in relation to this documentation, please send a fax or email to the following address:

Fax: +49 (0) 9131 / 98 - 63315

Email: mailto:docu.motioncontrol@siemens.com

Fax form: See the reply form at the end of the document.

SINUMERIK Internet address

http://www.siemens.com/motioncontrol

EU Declaration of Conformity

The EC Declaration of Conformity for the EMC Directive can be found/obtained on the Internet:

http://www.ad.siemens.com/csinfo

under the Product/Order No. 15257461

at the relevant branch office of the A&D MC group of Siemens AG

Subject matter of this manual

This manual is intended as a work of reference. It allows the operator at the machine tool:

- To correctly assess special situations when operating the machine.
- To ascertain the reaction of the system to the special situation.
- To utilize the possibilities for continued operation following the special situation.
- To follow references to other documentation containing further details.

Scope

This manual describes the alarms/messages from the NC kernel (NCK) area, the PLC and the SIMODRIVE 611D drives.

Other alarms can occur from the HMI/MMC (Human-Machine/Man-Machine Communication) areas. These alarms are displayed on the operator panel in the form of self-explanatory text.

For special situations in conjunction with the integrated PLC, please refer to the SIMATIC S7-300 documentation.

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The alarms are sorted by ascending alarm number in each section. There are gaps in the sequence.

Structure of alarm description

Each alarm consists of an alarm number and alarm text. There are four description categories:

- Explanation
- Response
- Remedy
- Program continuation

For a more detailed explanation of the "Reaction" category, please refer to section: "System reactions on alarms"

For a more detailed explanation of the "Program continuation" category, please refer to the section: "Clear criteria for alarms"

NCK alarms

Table -1 Number ranges of the alarm numbers

000 000 - 009 999	General alarms
010 000 - 019 999	Channel alarms
020 000 - 029 999	Axis/spindle alarms
030 000 - 099 999	Functional alarms
060 000 - 064 999	Cycle alarms SIEMENS
065 000 - 069 999	Cycle alarms user
070 000 - 079 999	Compile cycles, manufacturer and OEM

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HMI alarms/messages

Table -2 Number ranges of the alarm numbers, continued

100000 - 100999	Basic system
101000 - 101999	Diagnostics data
102000 - 102999	Services
103000 - 103999	Machine
104000 - 104999	Parameters
105000 - 105999	Programming
106000 - 106999	Standby
107000 - 107999	ОЕМ
109000 - 109999	Distributed systems (M to N)
110000 - 110999	HMI Embedded messages
111000 - 111999	ManualTurn, ShopMill, ShopTurn
120000 - 120999	HMI Advanced messages
129900 - 129999	Applications
142000 - 142099	RCS Viewer/RCS Host Embedded

611D alarms

Table -3 Number ranges of the alarm numbers, continued

300000 - 399999	Drive
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PLC alarms/messages

Table -4 Number ranges of the alarm numbers, continued

400000 - 499999	General alarms
500000 - 599999	Channel alarms ²⁾
600000 - 699999	Axis/spindle alarms ²⁾
700000 - 799999	User area ²⁾
800000 - 899999	Sequencers/graphs ²⁾
(810001 - 810009	System error messages from PLC 1)

¹⁾ More detailed information is available via the diagnostic function (diagnostic buffer) in SIMATIC STEP 7.

²⁾ The PLC alarms in the range 500000 - 899999 are configured and described by the machine manufacturer.

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Action list

The actions described in the alarm texts ("Action %---") are explained in detail in the table in the "Action list" section.

Notes on safety

This manual contains information that must be observed to ensure your personal safety and to prevent property damage. Notices referring to your personal safety are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol; notices referring to property damage only have no safety alert symbol, Depending on the hazard level, warnings are indicated in a descending order as follows:



Danger

indicates that death or severe personal injury will result if proper precautions are not taken.



Warning

means that there can be severe physical injury or even death if the corresponding safety measures are not followed.



Caution

means that there can be slight physical injury if the corresponding safety measures are not followed.

Caution

means that there can be damage to property if the corresponding safety measures are not followed.

Notice

means an undesirable result or state can occur if the corresponding instruction is not followed.

If multiple levels of hazards can occur, the warning is always displayed with the highest possible level. If a warning with a warning triangle is to indicate physical injury, the same warning may also contain information about damage to property.

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Qualified personnel

Start-up and operation of the device/equipment/system in question must only be performed using this documentation. The device/system must only be commissioned and operated by qualified personnel. Qualified personnel as referred to in the safety guidelines in this documentation are those who are authorized to start up, earth and label units, systems and circuits in accordance with the relevant safety standards.

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Overview of System Error Alarms

1

System error

The following alarms are system errors:

1000	1005	1013	1017
1001	1010	1014	1018
1002	1011	1015	1019
1003	1012	1016	1160

These system error alarms are not described in detail. If such a system error occurs, please contact the hotline and indicate the following details:

- Alarm number
- Alarm text and
- The internal system error number

SIEMENS AG, A&D MC, System Support

Hotline

Phone: 0180 / 5050 - 222 (Germany)

Fax: 0180 / 5050 - 223

Phone: +49 -180 / 5050 - 222 (International)

Fax: +49 -180 / 5050 - 223

Overview of Alarms 2

2.1 NCK ALARMS

0 No (more) alarm(s) present

Definitions: If the communication (variable service) requests more alarms than currently available in the alarm list,

this alarm is communicated as end-of-program function.

Reaction: No alarm reaction.

Remedy: -

Program Internal

Continuation:

1000 System error %1
Parameters: %1 = System error number

Definitions: With this alarm, internal alarm states are displayed that, in conjunction with the transferred error

number, provide information on the cause and location of the error.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens A&D MC, Hotline

- Tel 0180 / 5050 - 222 (Germany)

- Fax 0180 / 5050 - 223

- Tel +49-180 / 5050 - 222 (International)

- Fax +49-180 / 5050 - 223

- email techsupport@ad.siemens.de

Program Continuation Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

1001 System error %1

Parameters: %1 = System error number

Definitions: With this alarm, internal alarm states are displayed that, in conjunction with the transferred error

number, provide information on the cause and location of the error.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

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NCK alarms

1002 System error %1

Parameters: %1 = System error number

Definitions: With this alarm, internal alarm states are displayed that, in conjunction with the transferred error

number, provide information on the cause and location of the error.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

1003 Alarm pointer for this self-clearing alarm %1 is zero

Parameters: %1 = Incorrect alarm number

Definitions: The address (zero pointer) used by the compile cycle manufacturer or by the operating system for self-

clearing alarms is not allowed in the system.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Check setCCAlarm/setAlarm (...) call.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

1004 Alarm reaction to NCK alarm incorrectly configured

Parameters: %1 = Incorrect alarm number

Definitions: The alarm reaction configured by the operating system or the compile cycles manufacturer is

incorrect.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Change alarm reaction

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

1005 Operating system error %1 parameter %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = Operating system error number

%2 = Operating system error parameter 1 %3 = Operating system error parameter 2 %4 = Operating system error parameter 3

Definitions: This alarm indicates that the operating system has detected a serious error.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

1010 Channel %1 system error %2 action %3<ALNX>

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = System error number %3 = Action number/action name

Definitions: With this alarm, internal alarm states are displayed that, in conjunction with the transferred error

number, provide information on the cause and location of the error.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Interpreter stop Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program Continuation:

1011 Channel %1 %3 %4 system error %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = System error number

Switch control OFF - ON.

%3 = Optional parameter: Block number, label %4 = Optional parameter: Action number,

Definitions: With this alarm, internal alarm states are displayed that, in conjunction with the transferred error

number, provide information on the cause and location of the error.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

1012 Channel %1 system error %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = System error number

%3 = Parameter1 %4 = Parameter2

Definitions: With this alarm, internal alarm states are displayed that, in conjunction with the transferred error

number, provide information on the cause and location of the error.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

1013 Channel %1 system error %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = System error number

Definitions: With this alarm, internal alarm states are displayed that, in conjunction with the transferred error

number, provide information on the cause and location of the error.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

1014 Channel %1 system error %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = System error number

Definitions: With this alarm, internal alarm states are displayed that, in conjunction with the transferred error

number, provide information on the cause and location of the error.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Local alarm reaction. Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

Continuation:

1015 Channel %1 axis %2 system error %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number

%3 = System error number

Definitions: With this alarm, internal alarm states are displayed that, in conjunction with the transferred error

number, provide information on the cause and location of the error. Especially with parameter %3 (system error number) = 840001 = Problem with tool management, the identification for the axis is not contained in parameter %2, but instead, further information for the diagnostics (= Status of the data

management/magazine no./location no./T no.)

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Channel not ready. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

1016 Channel %1 axis %2 system error %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number

%3 = System error number

Definitions: With this alarm, internal alarm states are displayed that, in conjunction with the transferred error

number, provide information on the cause and location of the error.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Local alarm reaction. Channel not ready. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

Continuation:

1017 Channel %1 axis %2 system error %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number

%3 = System error number

Definitions: With this alarm, internal alarm states are displayed that, in conjunction with the transferred error

number, provide information on the cause and location of the error.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

1018 Floating point arithmetic error in channel %1 task %2 station %3 FPU

state %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Task ID %3 = Station priority %4 = FPU status

Definitions: The floating point unit of the processor has found a computational error.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Alarm reaction delay is canceled.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000) Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

Program Continuation:

1019 Floating point arithmetic error at address %3 in channel %1 task %2 FPU

state %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Task ID

%3 = Code address of operation that triggered the error

%4 = FPU status

Definitions: The floating point unit of the processor has triggered an exception on account of a computational error.

Reaction: NC not ready

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Alarm reaction delay is canceled.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

1030 System error in link module error code %1 error type %2

Parameters: %1 = Hex-Zahl Link-Error

%2 = Hex-Zahl Link-Error-Type

Definitions: This alarm is not a user error. An internal error has occurred in the software of the link module. Two

parameters are output with this error for debugging purposes. They provide information about the

cause and location of the error.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

1031 Link module generated an unspecified error %1 NCU %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = Hex-Zahl unspecified status in stateOfLinkModules

%2 = NCU number

%3 = Command from link module to NCK

%4 = Status of own link

Definitions: This alarm is not a user error.

- 1. If NCU== 0 -> A parameter not equal to zero was not found

- 2. If NCU not equal to zero -> An error which the NC was not able to interpret in the connection to this NCU. The error is output as a number. It is possible that the NCU link module is running a newer

software version than the NC.

The other parameters are used for error localization in the NC/LINK-MODUL software.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

1100 No valid firmware

Definitions: No memory card or memory card without valid firmware (license) inserted.

Reaction: Alarm display

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000)

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

1160 Assertion failed in %1: %2

Parameters: %1 = String (path with program name)

%2 = String (line number)

Definitions:

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Alarm reaction delay is canceled.

Remedy: Check the cause of the error in the specified software component at the specified line number.

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

Program Continuation:

2000 PLC sign-of-life monitoring

Definitions: The PLC must give a sign of life within a defined period of time (machine data 10100

PLC_CYCLIC_TIMEOUT). If this does not occur, the alarm is triggered.

The sign of life is a counter reading on the internal NC/PLC interface which the PLC causes to count up with the 10 ms time alarm. The NCK also tests cyclically whether the counter reading has changed.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Local alarm reaction. Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Switch control OFF - ON.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check monitoring time frame in NCK-MD

10100 PLC_CYCLIC_TIMEOUT (reference value: 100ms).

Establish the cause of the error in the PLC and eliminate it (analysis of the ISTACK. If monitoring has responded with a loop in the user program rather than with a PLC Stop, there is no ISTACK entry).

Program

Continuation:

2001 PLC has not started up

Definitions: The PLC must give at least 1 sign of life within a period of time defined in MD 10120

 $\label{eq:plc_runningup_timeout} \mbox{PLC_RUNNINGUP_TIMEOUT} \ \ (\mbox{Default setting: 1 sec.}).$

Reaction: NC not ready.

Local alarm reaction. Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The monitoring time in in MD 10120

PLC_RUNNINGUP_TIMEOUT must be checked and adapted to the first OB1 cycle.

- Establish the cause of error in the PLC (loop or stop in the user program) and eliminate.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

2100 NCK battery warning threshold reached

Definitions: The undervoltage monitor of the NCK battery has reached the prewarning threshold. This is at 2.7-2.9

V (nominal voltage of the battery is 3.0-3.1 V at 950 mAh).

Reaction: Alarm display

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The battery must be replaced within the

next 6 weeks. After this period, the voltage can drop below the alarm limit of 2.4-2.6 V if the RAMs to

be buffered take up a lot of current.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation

2101 NCK battery alarm

Definitions: The undervoltage monitoring (2.4 - 2.6 V) of the NCK battery has responded during cyclic operation.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: If the NCK battery is replaced without interrupting the power supply, no data will be lost. This means

that production can continue without taking any further steps. (A buffer capacitor on the NCK holds the supply voltage for at least 30 minutes and the battery can be replaced within this time even when

the control is switched off).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

2102 NCK battery alarm

Definitions: The undervoltage monitoring (2.4 - 2.6 V) of the NCK battery was detected during system power-up.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Pull out the battery/fan unit from the NC

module and replace the battery (type: lithium battery with lead, size 1/2 AA, 850 mAh, min. 3.2 V). The system must then be reinitialized because it must be assumed that data has been lost in the buffered RAM during the last power-off phase as a result of insufficient supply voltage (refer to Section 2.2 in the Installation and Start-up Guide for the procedure).

The following data might have been corrupted or entirely lost:

- NC machine data

- Drive machine data

- Option data

- Setting data

User variable

- Global subroutines

- Cycles and macros, as well as

- PLC machine data

- PLC basic program

- PLC user program, and all

- PLC user data

User data in the NCK and PLC (e.g. tool and workpiece data) that have been altered by the manufacturing process since the last data backup must be updated manually to match the present

machine status!

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

2110 NCK temperature alarm

Definitions: The temperature sensor has reached the response threshold of 60 degrees C $\,$ +/- 2.5 degrees C.

Reaction:

In order to reset the sensor, the temperature must be reduced by 7 degrees C. Remedy:

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

2120 NCK fan alarm

Definitions: The fan consists of a 26 V DC motor with electronic commutator (rated speed: approx. 8700 rpm). The

commutator signal is used for speed monitoring, response speed: < 7500 rpm.

Reaction:

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The unit with the fan and NCK battery

must be replaced.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

2130 5V/24V encoder or 15V D/A converter undervoltage

Definitions: A failure has occurred in the power supply (FM357-2) to the encoder (5V/24V) or D/A converter (+/-

15V).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel.

Axes of this channel must be re-referenced.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

Switch control OFF - ON.

NC Stop on alarm.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the encoder and cable for short-Remedy:

circuits (the fault should not occur when you remove the cable). Check the power feeder line.

Program

Continuation:

2140 The actual service switch position forces the SRAM to be cleared at the

next Power On (general reset active)

Definitions: The initialization switch is currently set to overall reset. This means that the module's SRAM is deleted

with the next module reset. The NC data memory is cleared during this operation.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reset initialization switch to zero.

Program Continuation: Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

2190 Hardware plug-in module for communication with the digitizer missing

Definitions: MD \$MN_ASSIGN_DIGITIZE_TO_CHAN was used to activate the digitizing function by assigning it

to a channel. The function requires a hardware module (RS422 board plugged into the NCU) for

communication with the digitizing unit. This module was not found when booting.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Plug in communications module or

cancel channel assignment.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

2192 No NCU link module exists, MD %1 reset

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: An attempt was made to activate the NCU link functionality but the hardware is not available. The MD

was reset. Only occurs with the NCU link system

Reaction:

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Install the hardware module and activate the function again (MD).

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

2193 'Safety Integrated' is not available for link axis %1.

Parameters: %1 = Machine axis index

Definitions: The "Safety Integrated" function is not available for a link axis. Only occurs with the NCU link system

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Use "Safety Integrated" function for local axes only. Remedy:

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

2194 Link axis active and \$MN_MM_SERVO_FIFO_SIZE != 3

Definitions: At least one axis is to be distributed via NCU link, then the machine data

\$MN_MM_SERVO_FIFO_SIZE must be 3. Occurs only with an NCU link system.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Set \$MN_SERVO_FIFO_SIZE to 3.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON. Continuation:

2195 Channel %1 axis %2 high-speed punching/nibbling not possible via link

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An attempt was made to activate high-speed nibbling or punching for an axis programmed on a

different NCU than the drive.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: High-speed nibbling and punching is only supported on one NCU.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

NCK alarms

2196 Link axis active and \$MN_MM_SERVO_FIFO_SIZE != %1

Parameters: %1 = required value in MD \$MN_MM_SERVO_FIFO_SIZE

Definitions: Occurs only with an NCU link system.

- Possible causes of the fault:

- At least one axis is to be distributed via NCU link, then the machine data

\$MN_MM_SERVO_FIFO_SIZE must be 3 or 4.

- The IPO cycle of this NCU is faster than the link communication cycle, then the machine data

\$MN_MM_SERVO_FIFO_SIZE must be set to the value proposed in the alarm.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: The machine data \$MN_MM_SERVO_FIFO_SIZE must be set to the value proposed in the alarm.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

2200 Channel %1 fast punching/nibbling not possible in several channels

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: An attempt was made to activate fast nibbling or punching in a channel while it has already been active

in another channel. Fast punching and nibbling is only possible simultaneously in the same channel.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Fast nibbling and punching simultaneously in 1 channel only. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

2900 Reboot is delayed

Definitions: This alarm indicates a delayed reboot.

This alarm only occurs when reboot was carried out by the MMC via PI - "_N_IBN_SS" and MD 11410

 $MN_REBOOT_DELAY_TIME$ was set greater than zero.

The alarm can be suppressed with \$MN_SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK BIT 20.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Alarm reaction delay is canceled.

Remedy: See \$MN_REBOOT_DELAY_TIME and \$MN_SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

3000 Emergency stop

Definitions: The EMERGENCY STOP request is applied to the NCK/PLC interface (DB 10, DBX 56.1).

Reaction: NC not ready

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Alarm reaction delay is canceled.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Rectify the cause of EMERGENCY

STOP and acknowledge EMERGENCY STOP via the PLC/NCK interface (DB 10, DBX 56, Bit 2).

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

Continuation:

3001 Internal emergency stop

Definitions: This alarm is not displayed.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Local alarm reaction.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: No remedy required

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

4000 Channel %1 machine data %2[%3] has gap in axis assignment

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: The assignment of a machine axis to a channel by the machine data 20070

AXCONF_MACHAX_USED must be contiguous. At system power-up (Power On) gaps are detected

and displayed as an alarm.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The entries for the indices for the

 $machine \ axes \ used \ in \ the \ channels \ must \ be \ contiguous \ in \ table \ \$MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED.$

Channel axis gaps must be enabled via \$MN_ENABLE_CHAN_AX_GAP.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

4001 Channel %1 axis %2 defined for more than one channel via machine data

%3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Index: Machine axis number

%3 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: In the channel-specific MD: 20070 AXCONF_MACHAX_USED [CHn, AXm]=x (n ... channel number,

m ... channel axis number, x ... machine axis number), several channels were assigned to a machine

axis without having a master channel defined for this axis.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. In the axis-specific MD 30550

 $AXCONF_ASSIGN_MASTER_CHAN~[AXm] = n~(m~...~machine~axis~number, n~...~channel~number), a master~axis~was~set~for~the~axes~that~are~supposed~to~be~alternately~assigned~by~the~NC~program~to~axis~vas~set~for~the~axes~that~are~supposed~to~be~alternately~assigned~by~the~NC~program~to~supposed~to~be~axis~vas~set~for~the~axis~set~fo$

one or the other channel.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

4002 Channel %1 machine data %2[%3] assigns an axis not defined in channel

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = String: MD identifier %3 = Index: MD array

Definitions:

Only axes that have been activated in the channel by means of the channel-specific machine data 20070 AXCONF_MACHAX_USED [kx]=m may be declared as geometry axes or transformation axes

by means of the MD 20050 AXCONF_GEOAX_ASSIGN_TAB [gx]=k. This also applies to

\$MC_FGROUP_DEFAULT_AXES (gx: Geometry axis index, kx: Channel axis index, k: Channel axis

no., m: Machine axis no.).

Assignment of geometry axes to channel axes

AXCONF_GEOAX_ASSIGN_TAB (includes channel axis no. k): - Geometry axis index: 0, 1. 0, 2nd channel: 1, 2. 0, 2nd channel: 1 - Geometry axis index: 1, 1. 0, 2nd channel: 2, 2. 0, 2nd channel: 0 - Geometry axis index: 2, 1. 0, 2nd channel: 3, 2. 0, 2nd channel: 3 AXCONF_MACHAX_USED (includes machine axis no. m): - Channel axis index: 0, 1. 0, 2nd channel: 1, 2. 0, 2nd channel: 4 - Channel axis index: 1, 1. 0, 2nd channel: 2, 2. 0, 2nd channel: 5 - Channel axis index: 2, 1. 0, 2nd channel: 3, 2. 0, 2nd channel: 6 - Channel axis index: 3, 1. 0, 2nd channel: 7, 2. 0, 2nd channel: 0

- Channel axis index: 4, 1. 0, 2nd channel: 8, 2. 0, 2nd channel: 0 - Channel axis index: 5, 1. 0, 2nd channel: 0, 2. 0, 2nd channel: 0 - Channel axis index: 6, 1. 0, 2nd channel: 0, 2. 0, 2nd channel: 0 - Channel axis index: 7, 1. 0, 2nd channel: 0, 2. 0, 2nd channel: 0

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Remedy:

> Check and correct either - \$MC_GEOAX_ASSIGN_TAB - \$MC_TRAFO_AXES_IN_X

- \$MC_TRAFO_GEOAX_ASSIGN_TAB_X - \$MC_FGROUP_DEFAULT_AXES - and/or \$MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

4003 Axis %1 incorrect assignment of master channel in machine data %2

Parameters: %1 = Axis

%2 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: For some applications, it is useful to operate an axis in several channels (C axis or spindle on single

spindle or double carriage machines).

The machine axes which are defined in several channels by means of the MD 20070

AXCONF_MACHAX_USED, must be assigned to a master channel with the axis-specific machine

data 30550 AXCONF_ASSIGN_MASTER_CHAN.

For axes that are activated in only one channel, the number of this channel or zero must be entered

as master channel.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify MD 20070:

AXCONF_MACHAX_USED and/or MD 30550: AXCONF_ASSIGN_MASTER_CHAN.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

4004 Channel %1 machine data %2 axis %3 defined repeatedly as geometry

axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = String: MD identifier

%3 = Axis index

Definitions: An axis may only be defined once as a geometry axis.

Reaction: Mode group not ready. Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct \$MC_GEOAX_ASSIGN_TAB.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4005 Maximum number of axes in channel %1 exceeded. Limit %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Upper limit for the number of axes in the channel

Definitions: Machine data \$MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED defines which machine axes can be used in this

channel. This simultaneously defines the number of active axes in the channel. This upper limit has

been exceeded. Note: The channel axis gaps may cause certain indices of

 ${\sf AXCONF_MACHAX_USED}\ to\ remain\ unused\ and\ therefore\ do\ not\ count\ as\ active\ channel\ axes.$

Example:

- CHANDATA(2)

- \$MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED[0] = 7

- \$MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED[1] = 8

- \$MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED[2] = 0

- \$MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED[3] = 3

- $MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED[4] = 2$

- \$MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED[5] = 0

- \$MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED[6] = 1

- $MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED[7] = 0$

This channel uses the five machine axes 1, 2, 3, 8, 7, i.e. it has 5 active channel axes.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

140 Gtop on alaini.

Remedy: Modify \$MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

4007 Axis %1 incorrect assignment of master NCU in machine data %2

Parameters: %1 = Axis

%2 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: Machine axes which can be activated on several NCKs through

\$MN_AXCONF_LOGIC_MACHAX_TAB must be assigned to a master NCU in

\$MA_AXCONF_ASSIGN_MASTER_NCU. For axes that are activated on only one NCU, the number of this NCU or 0 must be entered as master NCU. An assignment can only be made with \$MA_AXCONF_ASSIGN_MASTER_NCU if the machine axis is also addressed via a channel

(\$MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED+\$MN_AXCONF_LOGIC_MACHAX_TAB).

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct \$MA_AXCONF_ASSIGN_MASTER_NCU and/or \$MN_AXCONF_LOGIC_MACHAX_TAB.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4010 Invalid identifier used in machine data %1[%2]

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

%2 = Index: MD array

Definitions: When determining a name in the NCK tables (arrays) for: machine axes, Euler angles,

Richtungsvektoren, direction vectors, interpolation parameters and intermediate point coordinates,

one of the following syntax rules for the identifier to be entered has been violated:

- The identifier must be an NC address letter (A, B, C, I, J, K, U, V, W, X, Y, Z), possibly with a

numerical extension (840D: 1-99, FM-NC: 1-9)

- The identifier must begin with 2 arbitrary capital letters but not with \$ (reserved for system variable).

- The identifier must not be a keyword of the NC language (e.g. POSA).

Reaction: NC not ready

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Enter the identifier for user-defined

names with correct syntax in the displayed MD.

- Machine axes: AXCONF_MACHAX_NAME_TAB

- Euler angles: EULER_ANGLE_NAME_TAB

- Normal vectors: NORMAL_VECTOR_NAME_TAB

- Direction vectors: 10640 DIR_VECTOR_NAME_TAB

- Interpolation parameters: 10650 IPO_PARAM_NAME_TAB

- Intermediate point coordinates: 10660 INTERMEDIATE_POINT_NAME_TAB

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

4011 Channel %1 invalid identifier used in machine data %2[%3]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = String: MD identifier %3 = Index: MD array

Definitions: When defining names in the channel-specific tables for geometry axes and channel axes, one of the

following syntax rules for the identifier to be entered has been violated:

- The identifier must be an NC address letter (A, B, C, I, J, K, U, V, W, X, Y, Z), possibly with a

numerical extension (840D: 1-99, FM-NC: 1-9).

- The identifier must begin with 2 arbitrary capital letters but not with \$ (reserved for system variable).

- The identifier must not be a keyword of the NC language (e.g. POSA).

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Enter the identifier for user-defined

names with correct syntax in the displayed MD

- Geometry axes: 20060 AXCONF_GEOAX_NAME_TAB - Channel axes: 10000 AXCONF_MACHAX_NAME_TAB

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4012 Invalid identifier used in machine data %1[%2]

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

%2 = Index: MD array

Definitions: The selected identifier is invalid. Valid identifiers are:

- AX1 - AXn: Machine axis identifiers

- N1AX1 - NnAXm: Link axis identifiers (NCU + machine axis), only occurs with 'NCU link' expansion

level!

- C1S1 - CnSm: Container axis identifiers (container + container location). Only occurs with 'axis

container' expansion level!

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Use the correct identifier. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

4013 Invalid NCU link configuration by machine data %1 = %2, on NCU_1 = %3

%1 = String: MD identifier Parameters:

%2 = Index: MD array

%3 = MD value of master NCU

Definitions: The link module configuration detected on the local NCU is different from the master NCU of the NCU

cluster. The link module configuration defines the system clock time, the communication baudrate and

the maximum number of message transfer retries.

The following machine data are used for this purpose:

- SYSCLOCK_SAMPL_TIME_RATIO, - IPO_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO,

- LINK_RETRY_CTR,

- LINK_BAUDRATE_SWITCH, - SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME

The values of these machine data must be the same on all NCUs.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

The machine data required for the link module configuration must be the same on all NCUs in the Remedy:

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

4014 Axis %1 defined several times in %2

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

%2 = String: Check and, if necessary, correct the following machine data with reference to the data

Definitions: An axis was assigned several times.

The axis can be a: - Machine axis - Link axis

- Axis in a container location

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Define a correct, unique axis assignment.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

4016 Axis %1 already used by NCU %2

%1 = Machine axis index Parameters:

%2 = NCU number

Definitions: An attempt was made to apply setpoints to one axis from several NCUs. Only occurs with the NCU

link system

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Define a correct, unique axis assignment.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

4017 Axis container %1, location %2 already used by NCU %3

Parameters: %1 = Axis container number

%2 = Axis container location

%3 = NCU number

Definitions: A multiple reference to the axis container location has been made via the logical axis table (machine

data: MN_AXCONF_LOGIC_MACHAX_TAB). With the NCU link, the multiple reference may also

have been made by another NCU in the NCU group.

Example: Container1 location1 was referenced twice incorrectly - MN_AXCONF_LOGIC_MACHAX_TAB[0] = CT1_SL1

- MN_AXCONF_LOGIC_MACHAX_TAB[6] = CT1_SL1

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct and complete the container location assignments. Check the machine data for the logical axis

assignment table (MN_AXCONF_LOGIC_MACHAX_TAB)

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

4018 Axis container %1, location %2 not used by any channel

Parameters: %1 = Axis container number

%2 = Axis container location

Definitions: The container location is not referenced by any channel.

Reaction: NC not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct and complete the container location assignments. Check machine data

MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED and MN_AXCONF_LOGIC_MACHAX_TAB.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4019 Axis container %1 advance not allowed with current status of NCU %2

Parameters: %1 = NCU number

%2 = Axis container number

Definitions: This error only occurs with direct advancing of the container. With direct container advancing, only one

channel is allowed to activate the NC language command for advancing the container. In order to ensure this, the other channels must have the reset status and the axes must be stationary.

With NCU link, the above condition applies to all channels of the NCU group.

Error parameters:

- 1: NC Ready missing

- 16: At least one other channel is active

- 35: AXCT axis is active following axis/spindle

- 36: AXCT axis is active leading axis

- 39: Axis/spindle disable active

- 40: Overlaid motion active for AXCT axis

- 41: Axis replacement active for AXCT axis

- 42: Interpolator active for one axis container axis

- 46: Rotating spindle with different Ipo cycle of NCUs- 47: New-Config active

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: The program must be canceled with Reset and the zero offset deselected before activating the axis

container switch.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

4020 Identifier %1 used several times in machine data %2

Parameters: %1 = String: Name of identifier

%2 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: When determining a name in the NCK tables (arrays) for: machine axes, Euler angles,

Richtungsvektoren, direction vectors, interpolation parameters and intermediate point coordinates, an

identifier has been used that is already in the control.

Reaction: NC not ready

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Select for the identifier to be entered a

character string that is not yet used in the system (max. 32 characters).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

NCK alarms

4021 Channel %1 identifier %2 used several times in machine data %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = String: Name of identifier %3 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: To determine the name in the channel-specific tables for geometry axes and channel axes an identifier

already existing in the control has been used.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Select for the identifier to be entered a

character string that is not yet used in the system (max. 32 characters).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4022 Axis container %3 switch not allowed: ext. zero offset active channel %1

axis %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel

%2 = Axis/spindle

%3 = Axis container number

Definitions: The axis container switch enable cannot be given because an external zero offset is active.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: The program must be aborted with the RESET key and the external zero point offset deselected

before the container is advanced.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

4023 Axis container %1 switch not allowed, axis container %2 switch active

Parameters: %1 = Axis container

%2 = Axis container

Definitions: Only one axis container can be rotated at a time.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Program must be canceled with Reset and the program sequences (NCUs, channels) must be

synchronized such that only one axis container switch is active at a time.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

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NCK alarms

4024 Invalid axis configuration due to missing axis container machine data

Parameters: %1 = NCU number

%2 = Axis container number

Definitions: The axis configuration could not be generated due to missing axis container machine data. This error

can only occur as a result of a communication error. The communication failure will be indicated

separately by further alarms.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct the link communication problems (refer to the other alarm messages).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4025 Axis container %3 switch not allowed: master/slave active channel %1

axis %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel

%2 = Axis/spindle

%3 = Axis container number

Definitions: It is not possible to enable axis container switch as a master/slave link is active.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Abort program with the RESET key. If required, disconnect the master - slave coupling.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

4026 Machine data %1[%2], link axis NC%3_AX%4 not used by any channel

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

%2 = Index: MD array %3 = NCU number %4 = Machine axis number

The link axis is not referenced by any channel.

Reaction: NC not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct and complete the logical axis assignments. Check machine data

MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED and MN_AXCONF_LOGIC_MACHAX_TAB.

Program Continuation:

Definitions:

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

4027 NOTICE! MD %1 was also changed for the other axes of axis container

%2

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

%2 = Axis container number

Definitions: Message to the user indicating that the machine data change for the axis was also performed for all

other axes in the same container.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: None

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

4028 Attention! The axial MDs of the axes of the axis containers were

matched.

Definitions: Note for the user, that the machine data of the axis were matched in the axis containers.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: None

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

4029 NOTICE! The axial MDs in axis container %1 will be matched on the next

power-up

Parameters: %1 = Axis container number

Definitions: Message to the user indicating that the machine data of the axes in the axis container will be matched

on the next power-up. An axis container allows axes to be exchanged between channels and NCUs. To ensure that no conflicts arise, the axes within the same axis container must have a similar behavior. The first axis in the axis container determines which machine data have to be the same for the other

axis in the axis container.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: None

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

4030 Channel %1 axis identifier missing in machine data %2[%3]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = String: MD identifier %3 = Index: MD array

Definitions: An axis identifier is expected for the displayed MD in accordance with the axis configuration in the MD

20070 AXCONF_MACHAX_USED and 20050 AXCONF_GEOAX_ASSIGN_TAB.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check axis configuration and enter the

missing identifier into the MD or, should the axis not exist, specify for this channel axis the machine axis 0 in the channel-specific MD 20070 AXCONF_MACHAX_USED. If this concerns a geometry axis that is not to be used (this applies only for 2-axis machining, e.g. on lathes), then channel axis 0 must

be entered additionally in the channel-specific MD 20050 AXCONF_GEOAX_ASSIGN_TAB.

Program Continuation Switch control OFF - ON.

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NCK alarms

4031 Channel %1 link axis %2 defined for more than one channel in machine

data %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Index: Axis number for logical axis assignment

%3 = String: MD identifier

Definitions:

Reaction: NC not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct the machine data \$MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED or assign a master channel. In the event

of a link communication failure, these error causes have to be remedied first.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4032 Channel %1 wrong identifier for facing axis in %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: According to the axis configuration in \$MC_GCODE_RESET_VALUES or

\$MC_DIAMETER_AX_DEF, a facing axis identifier is expected at the specified location.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Add the correct identifier.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4033 NOTICE! NCU link communication still not connected

Definitions: The NCU link communication could not be established due to other active alarms. This is the case, for

example, if during boot-up the system detects and modifies incorrect cycle times (see alarm 4110).

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Analyze and fix the other alarms and start the control again.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

4034 Local link axis %1 is not allowed for different interpolation cycle time =

%2/%3

Parameters: %1 = Axis name

%2 = Local interpolation cycle %3 = Max. interpolation cycle

Definitions: Local link axes are only permissible on an NCU if the interpolation cycle set corresponds to the slowest

interpolation cycle of the interconnected NCU systems.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Remove local link axis (see MN_AXCONF_MACHAX_NAME_TAB and

MN_AXCT_AXCONF_ASSIGN_TAB1) or adapt the interpolation cycle

(MN_IPO_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4035 Interpolation cycle from NCU%1 = %2 does not match NCU%3 = %4

Parameters: %1 = NCU_number1

%2 = MD value of NCU_number1

%3 = NCU_number2 (with slowest IPO cycle)

%4 = MD value of NCU_number2

Definitions: Occurs only with an NCU link system. The interpolation cycles of the NCUs specified in the alarm do

not match one another. The slowest IPO cycle in interconnected NCU systems must be an integral

multiple of all configured IPO cycles.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Set a suitable value in MN_IPO_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO for all interconnected NCUs.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4036 Wrong NCU link configuration by MD %1

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: Occurs only with an NCU link system. Different interpolation and position control cycles have been set

in the NCUs of the LINK group. This is only allowed if the function FAST-IPO-LINK in MD

\$MN_MM_NCU_LINK_MASK has been activated.

Caution: For diagnostic purposes, two additional alarm parameters are output together with this alarm.

- 1. 2nd parameter: Position control or IPO cycle time of this NCU

- 2. 2nd parameter: Position control or IPO cycle time of another NCU.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Activate FAST-IPO-LINK function in MN_MM_NCU_LINK_MASK

- Or do not set different position control or IPO cycles on the NCUs (see

MN_IPO_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO and MN_POSCTRL_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO).

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

4040 Channel %1 axis identifier %2 not consistent with machine data %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = String: Axis identifier %3 = String: MD identifier

%4 = There are not enough channel axes entered in the MD displayed.

Definitions: The use of the specified axis identifier in the displayed MD is not consistent the channel's axis

configuration stated in the MD 20070 AXCONF_MACHAX_USED and MD 20050

AXCONF_GEOAX_ASSIGN_TAB.

Only with active "OEM transformation" compile cycle: There are not enough channel axes entered in

the MD displayed.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check and correct the identifier used in

the MDs 10000 AXCONF_MACHAX_NAME_TAB, 20080 AXCONF_CHANAX_NAME_TAB and/or

 $20050 \; \mathsf{AXCONF_GEOAX_NAME_TAB}.$

Only with active "OEM transformation" compile cycle: In addition to the specified MD, check and correct MD 24110 TRAFO_AXES_IN_1[n] of the activated OEM transformation according to the

function description.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4045 Channel %1 conflict between machine data %2 and machine data %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = String: MD identifier %3 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: Using the specified machine data %1 leads to a conflict with machine data %2.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct the specified machine data.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

4050 NC code identifier %1 cannot be reconfigured to %2

Parameters: %1 = String: Old identifier

%2 = String: New identifier

Definitions: Renaming of an NC code was not possible for one of the following reasons:

- The old identifier does not exist

- The new identifier is within another type range.

NC codes/keywords can be reconfigured as long as you stay within the type range.

Type 1: "true" G codes: G02, G17, G33, G64, ...
Type 2: named G codes: ASPLINE, BRISK, TRANS, ...

Type 3: addresses which can be set: X, Y, A1, A2, I, J, K, ALF, MEAS, ...

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Correct machine data 10712:

NC_USER_CODE_CONF_NAME_TAB (protection level 1).

The list must be built up as follows:

Even address: Identifier to be modified Following odd address: New identifier

e.g.: NC_USER_CODE_CONF_NAME_TAB [10] = "ROT", NC_USER_CODE_CONF_NAME_TAB

[11] = " " clears the ROT function from the control

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4060 Standard machine data loaded (%1, %2)

Parameters: %1 = Identifier 1

%2 = Identifier 2

Definitions: The standard MD were loaded because

a cold start was requested orthe MD buffer voltage failed or

- an initialization was requested for loading the standard machine data (MD 11200 INIT_MD).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. After automatically loading the standard

MDs, the individual MDs must be entered or loaded in the relevant system.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

4062 Backup data loaded

Definitions: The user data saved in the flash memory are loaded to the SRAM.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Load specific machine data again.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

4065 Buffered memory was restored from backup medium (potential loss of data!)

Definitions: Only oc

Only occurs with PC-NC. A possible data integrity error was detected in the buffered memory during power-up. The buffered memory was initialized with the last backup copy. Changes in the buffered memory, which have been made since the last backup copy update, have been lost. Backup copies of the buffered memory are updated (on the hard disk) every time the control is shut down normally. !! Only for 802D: The reason for this procedure is that the backup time is exceeded. Make sure that the required operating time of the control corresponds to the specifications in your Installation & Startup Guide. The current backup copy of the buffered memory has been created by the last internal data

backup via the "Save data" softkey on the HMI.

Reaction: NC not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Start the control again. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4066 Buffered memory of FFS restored from backup medium (potential loss of

data!)

Definitions: For PC-NC: A possible data integrity error was detected in the FFS memory during power-up. The FFS

memory was initialized with the last backup copy. Changes in the FFS memory, which have been

made since the last backup copy update, have been lost.

!! Only for PC-NC: Backup copies of the buffered memory are updated (on the hard disk) every time

the control is shut down normally.

Reaction: NC not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Start the control again.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4070 Normalizing machine data has been changed

Definitions: The control uses internal physical units (mm, degrees, s, for paths, velocities, acceleration, etc.).

During programming or data storage, some of these values are input and output using different units

(rev./min, m/s2, etc.).

The conversion is carried out with the scaling factors that can be entered (system-spefic MD array 10230 SCALING_FACTORS USER_DEF[n] (n ... index number 0 - 10), when the corresponding masking bit is set to "1".

If the masking bit is set to "0" then scaling takes place with the internal standard factors.

The following machine data influence the scaling of other MDs:

- 10220: SCALING_USER_DEF_MASK

- 10230: SCALING_FACTORS_USER_DEF

- 10240: SCALING_SYSTEM_IS_METRIC

- 10250: SCALING_VALUE_INCH

- 30300: IS_ROT_AX

If these data are modified, the NCK must be powered up again. Only then will the input of dependent

data be performed correctly.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. If the alarm has been displayed after

downloading an MD file which is consistent within itself, then the download operation must be repeated with a new NCK power-up. (The file contains scaling-dependent machine data in front of the

scaling factors).

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

4071 Check the position of the encoder

Definitions: A machine data has been changed that affects the value of an absolute encoder position. Please

check the postion values. For absolute value encoders:

Encoder adjustment has been changed, the machine reference of the axis position may have

changed, check the encoder adjustment.

The reference point of the axis position has been changed, check the referencing procedure.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

4073 Compile cycle functions define machine data number %1 several times

Parameters: %1 = Machine data number

Definitions: Can only occur when installing compile cycle functions. Two different compile cycle applications use

the same machine data number. The machine data which was defined twice is shifted into the free

number range above 64000.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The error has no effect on the usability of the machine data and the function of the compile cycle

> application. To ensure that the compile cycle machine data documentation is correct, you must contact the supplier of the compile cycle. Only the supplier can remedy the error by changing the

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

4075 Machine data %1 (and maybe others) not changed due to missing

permission level %2

%1 = String: MD identifier Parameters:

%2 = Write protection level of the MD

Definitions: On executing a TOA file or when writing data from the part program, an attempt has been made to

> write an item of data with a higher protection level than the access authorization currently set in the control. The item of data in question has not been written and program execution is continued. This

alarm is set only when access violation is detected for the first time.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Set the required access level by means

of keyswitch or password entry or delete the machine data concerned from the MD file/part program.

Program

Continuation:

4076

%1 Machine data could not be changed with permission level %2

Parameters: %1 = Number of MDs

%2 = Preset access authorization

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Definitions: On executing a TOA file or when writing data from the part program an attempt has been made to write

data with a higher protection level than the access authorization currently set in the control. The data in question have not been written and program execution is continued without hindrance. This alarm is issued on acknowledging the alarm EXBSAL_MD_PERMISSION_DENIED. It can be cleared only

with Power On.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Set the required access level by means

of keyswitch or password entry or delete the machine data concerned from the MD file/part program.

Program

Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4077 New value %1 of MD %2 not set. Requested %3 bytes too much %4

memory.

Parameters: %1 = New value of machine data

%2 = Machine data number

%3 = Number of bytes requested that exceeded availability

%4 = Type of memory

Definitions: An attempt was made to enter a new value in the specified memory configuration machine data. It was

not possible to modify the value, as this would have cleared the contents of the user memory. This was because the memory requested exceeded the available capacity.

The third parameter specifies the number of bytes by which the maximum user memory was

exceeded.

The fourth parameter specifies the type of memory whose limit was exceeded.

- "D" stands for dynamic or non-buffered user memory (this is where, for example, the LUD variables are stored and the interpolation buffer size is entered). The capacity of this memory type is defined by the current memory configuration and the value in MD MM_USER_MEM_DYNAMIC (18210).

- "S" stands for static or buffered user memory (this is where part programs, offset data, R parameters, tool data, etc. are stored). This memory type is defined by the current memory configuration and the value in MD MM_USER_MEM_BUFFERED (18230).

- "iS" stands for internal static or buffered user memory. This memory type is defined by the current memory configuration (not settable). A few NCK functions use this memory.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: If the modification was unintentional, ignore the error message and continue. The alarm has no negative effects. The remedy depends on the access rights and the current memory configuration of

the NCK.

- The intended change is not possible -> try again with a smaller value. Observe the change in the number of bytes.

- Buy more memory? This option depends on the model in use. (Not possible if parameter 4 equals

- The NCK user memory may have been set smaller than it could be. The machine data (see above) can be changed with appropriate access rights.

- If parameter 4 equals "iS" and no synchronous actions are used, then

\$MN_MM_ACTFILESYS_LOG_FILE_MEM[2] = 0 can be set. Otherwise the desired machine data

change cannot be made.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

4080 Incorrect configuration of indexing axis in MD %1

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: The assignment of a position table to an indexing axis or the contents of a position table contains an

error, or the length of a position table has been parameterized with 0.

Reaction: NC not ready

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. 3 MD identifiers are output, depending

on the type of error.

1. \$MA_INDEX_AX_ASSIGN_TAB (axis-specific MD 30500: The error is due to multiple assignment of a position table (NCK MD 10910/10930 INDEX_AX_POS_TAB_n) to axes with different types (linear/rotary axis).

2. \$MN_INDEX_AX_POS_TAB_n (NCK MD 10910/10930): The contents of the displayed table n contain an error.

- The entered positions must be arranged in increasing size.

- A particular position must not be set more than once.

- If the table is assigned to one or several modulo axes, then the contents must be within the 0 to < 360 degree range.

3. \$MN_INDEX_AX_LENGTH_POS_TAB_n (NCK MD 10900/10920): The length of the displayed position table n was specified with 0.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

4090 Too many errors during power-up

Definitions: More than <n> errors occurred during control power-up.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Set the machine data correctly. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4100 System cycle time/scan time divider corrected for digital drive

Definitions: The machine data 10050 SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME (system clock cycle) and/or MD 10080

SYSCLOCK_SAMPL_TIME_RATIO (dividing factor of the position control cycle for actual value acquisition) have been corrected. The sampling cycle to which the digital drive is synchronized (drive

clock cycle) must be a multiple of 4, 8, 16 or 32 of 31.25µs.

The modifications were so made that, due to the selection of the system clock cycle time in MD 10050 SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME, the programmable hardware divider 1 was readjusted in such a way that the selected time and the basic drive cycle result in a 31.25µs grid. If this requirement is unfeasible (e.g. because the system clock cycle is not a multiple of 31.25µs), the system clock cycle is automatically increased until the basic drive cycle is in a 31.25µs grid.

The new value of the CVCCLOCK CVCLE. TIME can be obtained from the

The new value of the SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME can be obtained from the MD 10050.

The position control cycle can be set with the following gradations:

up to 4ms: 125µs stepup to 8ms: 250µs stepup to 16ms: 0.5ms stepup to 32ms: 1ms step

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: No remedial measures are required. The alarm display can be canceled with Reset.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

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NCK alarms

4101 Position control cycle for digital drive reduced to %1 ms

Parameters: %1 = String (time in ms)

Definitions: The position control clock divisor in the NCK MD 10060 POSCTRL_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO was

set such that a position control cycle time of more than 16 ms resulted. The boundary value for the

drive actuator 611D is however 16 ms.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: No remedial measures are required. The alarm display is canceled with Reset.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4102 Default values for drive cycle times differ

Definitions: External control modules of the 611D bus and the controls within the CCU3 module have different

default values for the current and speed control cycle times.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: External control modules of the 611D bus and the controls within the CCU3 module have different

default values for the current and speed control cycle times.

Check the specified values and modify accordingly (see MD_CURRCTRL_CYCLE_TIME and

MD_SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4110 IPO cycle factor changed to %1

Parameters: %1 = String (new IPO cycle time)

Definitions: The IPO cycle divisor was set to a value which was not an integral multiple of the position control cycle

divisor. The divisor (MD 10070 IPO_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO) was increased.

IPO_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO has been modified on systems with PROFIBUS DP because of the

 $modified \ DP \ cycle \ in \ SDB-Type-2000 \ (MD \ 10050 \ SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME).$

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Machine data 10070 IPO_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO has been modified.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

4111 PLC cycle increased to %1 ms

Parameters: %1 = String (new PLC cycle time)

Definitions: The PLC cycle divisor was set to a value which was not an integral multiple of the IPO cycle divisor.

The divisor (MD 10074 PLC_IPO_TIME_RATIO) has been increased. MD 10074

PLC_IPO_TIME_RATIO has been modified on systems with PROFIBUS DP because of the modified

DP cycle in SDB-Type-2000 (MD 10050 SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Machine data 10074 PLC_IPO_TIME_RATIO has been modified.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

4112 Servo cycle changed to %1 ms

Parameters: %1 = String (new servo cycle time)

Definitions: MD 10060 POSCTRL_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO has been modified on systems with PROFIBUS

DP because of the modified DP cycle in SDB-Type-2000 (10050 SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Machine data 10060 POSCTRL_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO RATIO has been modified.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

4113 Sysclock cycle changed to %1 ms

Parameters: %1 = String (new PLC cycle time)

Definitions: MD 10050 SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME has been modified on systems with PROFIBUS DP because

of the modified DP cycle in SDB-Type-2000.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Machine data 10050 SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME has been modified.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

4114 Error in DP cycle of SDB-Type-2000

Parameters: %1 = String (new PLC cycle time)

Definitions: The DP cycle in SDB-Type-2000 contains an error and cannot be set. The default value of

\$MN_SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME is set.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct SDB-Type-2000
Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4115 Time ratio communication to Ipo changed to %1

Parameters: %1 = String (new PLC cycle time)

Definitions: The value of the machine data 10072 has been adapted. This can only occur, if the value of the

machine data is smaller than one and the time thus calculated is no multiple of the position control

cycle.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The machine data \$MN_COM_IPO_TIME_RATIO has been adapted. Please check to ensure that the

calculated value is correct.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

4150

Channel %1 invalid M function subprogram call configured

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The machine data \$MN_M_NO_FCT_CYCLE[n] or \$MN_M_NO_FCT_CYCLE_PAR contains invalid

configration data: An M function, which is used by the system and can not be replaced by a subprogram call has been specified in the machine data \$MN_M_NO_FCT_CYCLE[n] for the

configuration of the subprogram call via M function:

- M0 to M5,

- M17, M30,

- M19, M40 to M45,

- M function for selecting spindle/axis mode according to \$MC_SPIND_RIGID_TAPPING_M_NR

default: M70),

- M functions for nibbling/punching as configured in \$MC_NIBBLE_PUNCH_CODE if activated by

\$MC_PUNCHNIB_ACTIVATION.

- Also M96 to M99 for applied external language (\$MN_MM_EXTERN_LANGUAGE). The machine data \$MN_M_NO_FCT_CYCLE_PAR contains an invalid array index of

\$MN_M_NO_FCT_CYCLE[n]. Currently, the values 0 to 9 are permissible. The affected machine data

is reset to the default value -1. This deactivates the function.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Configure an M function in the machine data \$MN_M_NO_FCT_CYCLE[n] that is not assigned by the

system, or configure a permissible array index in the machine data \$MN_M_NO_FCT_CYCLE_PAR.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

4152 Illegal configuration of the 'Block display with absolute values' function

Definitions: The "Block display with absolute values" function has been illegally parameterized:

- An illegal block length has been set with \$MC_MM_ABSBLOCK:

While ramping up, the machine data will be checked for the following value range: 0, 1, 128 to 512

- An invalid display range has been set with \$MC_MM_ABSBLOCK_BUFFER_CONF[]. While ramping up, the machine data will be checked for the following upper and lower limits:

- 0 <= \$MC_MM_ABSBLOCK_BUFFER_CONF[0] <= 8

- 0 <= \$MC_MM_ABSBLOCK_BUFFER_CONF[1] <= (\$MC_MM_IPO_BUFFER_SIZE + \$MC_MM_NUM_BLOCKS_IN_PREP). Alarm 4152 is issued if the limits are violated.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Configure block length/display range within the permissible limits.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4160 Channel %1 invalid M function number configured for spindle switchover

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: An M function was specified in machine data \$MC_SPIND_RIGID_TAPPING_M_NR in order to

configure the M function number for spindle switchover. The M function number is assigned by the

system and cannot be used for the switchover (M1 to M5, M17, M30, M40 to M45).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: (M1 to M5, M17, M30, M40 to M45). Configure an M function which is not used by the system (M1 to

M5, M17, M30, M40 to M45) in machine data \$MC_SPIND_RIGID_TAPPING_M_NR.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4170 Invalid M function number for channel synchronisation assigned

Definitions: An M number between 0 and 99 has been specified In machine data

> \$MN_EXTERN_CHAN_SYNC_M_NR_MIN or \$MN_EXTERN_CHAN_SYNC_M_NR_MAX for the configuration of the M number range for channel synchronization in ISO2/3 mode or the machine data

\$MN_EXTERN_CHAN_SYNC_M_NR_MAX is smaller than

\$MN_EXTERN_CHAN_SYNC_M_NR_MIN.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Check machine data \$MN_EXTERN_CHAN_SYNC_M_NR_MIN and Remedy:

\$MN_EXTERN_CHAN_SYNC_M_NR_MAX.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

4180 Invalid M function number assigned to enable ASUP

Definitions: An invalid M function number has been assigned for activation of ASUP. An illegal M number has been

assigned in machine data \$MN_EXTERN_M_NO_SET_INT or

\$MN_EXTERN_M_NO_DISABLE_INT for the configuration of the M number range for

activation/deactivation of the interrupt program.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check machine data \$MN_EXTERN_M_NO_SET_INT and \$MN_EXTERN_M_NO_DISABLE_INT.

Program Continuation:

Parameters:

Switch control OFF - ON.

%1 = Channel number

4181 Channel %1 invalid assignment of an M auxiliary function number

Definitions: In machine data \$MC_AUXFU_ASSOC_M0_VALUE or \$MC_AUXFU_ASSOC_M1_VALUE, a

number has been specified for the configuration of a new predefined M function which is occupied by

the system, and cannot be used for an assignment. (M0 to M5, M17, M30, M40 to M45).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Configure an M function in machine data \$MC_AUXFU_ASSOC_M0_VALUE or

\$MC_AUXFU_ASSOC_M1_VALUE which is not occupied by the system (M1 to M5, M17, M30, M40

to M45).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4182 Channel %1 invalid M auxiliary function number in %2%3, MD reset

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = MD identifier

%3 = If required, MD index

Definitions: In the specified machine data, a number has been specified for the configuration of an M function

which is occupied by the system, and cannot be used for an assignment. (M0 to M5, M17, M30, M40 to M45 and also M98, M99 with applied ISO dialect). The value set by the user has been reset to the

default value by the system.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Configure an M function in the specified machine data which is not occupied by the system (M0 to M5,

M17, M30, M40 to M45 and also M98, M99 with applied ISO dialect).

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

4183 Channel %1 M auxiliary function number %2 used several times (%3 and

%4)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = M auxiliary function number

%3 = MD identifier %4 = MD identifier

Definitions: In the specified machine data, a number has been used several times for the configuration of an M

function.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Stop on alarm.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the specified machine data and create a unique assignment of M auxiliary function numbers.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4184 Channel %1 illegally predefined auxiliary function in %2%3, MD reset

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = MD identifier %3 = If required, MD index

Definitions: In the specified machine data, a predefined auxiliary function has been illegally configured.

The value set by the user has been reset to the default value by the system.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Configure a valid value in the specified machine data. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

4185 Channel %1 illegal auxiliary function configured %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Type of auxiliary function

%3 = Extension

%4 = Auxiliary function value

Definitions: An auxiliary function has been illegally configured.

Predefined auxiliary functions cannot be reconfigured by user-defined auxiliary functions.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Reconfigure the auxiliary function.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

4200 Channel %1 geometry axis %2 must not be declared a rotary axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name

Definitions: The geometry axes represent a Cartesian coordinate system and therefore the declaration of a

geometry axis as rotary axis leads to a definition conflict.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Remove rotary axis declaration for this

machine axis.

For this purpose, the geometry axis index for the displayed geometry axis must be determined by means of the channel-specific MD array 20060 AXCONF_GEOAX_NAME_TAB. The channel axis

number is stored with the same index in the channel-specific MD array 20050

AXCONF_GEOAX_ASSIGN_TAB. The channel axis number minus 1 provides the channel axis index

under which the machine axis number is found in the channel-specific MD array 20070

AXCONF_MACHAX_USED.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4210 Channel %1 spindle %2 declaration as rotary axis missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: If a machine axis is to be operated as a spindle, this machine axis must be declared as a rotary axis.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Switch control OFF - ON.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Set rotary axis declaration for this

machine axis in the axis-specific MD 30300 IS_ROT_AX.

Program

Continuation:

4215

Channel %1 spindle %2 declaration as modulo axis missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The spindle functionality requires a modulo axis (positions in [deg],.).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Set MD "ROT_IS_MODULO".

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

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NCK alarms

4220 Channel %1 spindle %2 declared repeatedly

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The spindle number exists more than once in the channel.

Reaction: NC not ready

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The spindle number is stored in the axis-

specific MD array 35000 SPIND_ASSIGN_TO_MACHAX. The channel to which this machine axis/spindle is assigned is listed in the machine axis index. (The machine axis number is given in the

channel-specific MD array 20070 AXCONF_MACHAX_USED).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4225 Channel %1 axis %2 declaration as rotary axis missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, axis number

Definitions: The modulo functionality requires a rotary axis (positions in [deg],.).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Set MD "IS_ROT_AX".

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4230 Channel %1 data alteration from external not possible in current channel

state

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: It is not allowed to enter this data while the part program is being executed (e.g. setting data for

working area limitation or for dry run feedrate).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The data to be entered must be altered before starting the part program.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

4240 Runtime overflow for IPO cycle or position controller cycle, IP %1

Parameters: %1 = Program location

Definitions: The settings for the interpolation and position control cycle were modified before the last power-up

such that too little computing time is now available for the requisite cyclic task.

The alarm occurs immediately after power-up if too little runtime is available even when the axes are stationary and the NC program has not started. However, task overflow can occur only when

computation-intensive NC functions are called during program execution.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Alarm reaction delay is canceled.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Take greater care when optimizing the

clock times NCK MD 10050 SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME, MD 10060

POSCTRL_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO and/or MD 10070 IPO_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO.

The test should be performed with an NC program that represents the worst case. For safety, a margin

of 15 to 25% should be added to the times determined in this way.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4250 FastPlcCom functionality not available

Definitions: This alarm indicates that the PLC provides the None FastPlcCom functionality during start-up

although this functionality is requested by the NCK.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Retrofit the PLC with the FastPlcCom functionality or deactivate the FastPlcCom functionality by

means of NCK machine data.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

4252 PLCIO read error: %1

Parameters: %1 = PLCIO error code

Definitions: This alarm indicates that errors occured when reading the PLCIO with the FastPlcCom functionality.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check machine data MD 10394/10395 or check the PLC hardware configuration.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

4254 PLCIO write error: %1

Parameters: %1 = PLCIO error code

Definitions: This alarm indicates that errors occured when writing on the PLCIO with the FastPlcCom functionality.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check machine data MD 10396/103947 or check the PLC hardware configuration.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

4260 Machine data %1 illegal

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

Selected cam pair not activated by MD \$MN_SW_ASSIGN_TAB or several cam pairs selected. Definitions:

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Activate the cam pair or select only one cam pair.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON. Continuation:

4270 Machine data %1 assigns not activated NCK input/output byte %2

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

%2 = Index

Definitions: The specified machine data assigns a digital input/output byte or an analog input/output signal the

processing of which has not been activated to an NC function.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Correct machine data. Activate required Remedy:

inputs/outputs via MDs:

- \$MN_FASTIO_DIG_NUM_INPUTS - \$MN FASTIO DIG NUM OUTPUTS - \$MN_FASTIO_ANA_NUM_INPUTS - \$MN_FASTIO_ANA_NUM_OUTPUTS

Activation of fast inputs/outputs does not require the corresponding hardware configuration to be available at the control. All functions using fast inputs/outputs can also be made use of by the PLC specification/modification defined in the VDI interface, if the response time requirements are reduced accordingly.

Activated inputs/outputs increase the computation time requirement of the interpolation cycle because the PLC manipulation signals are handled cyclically. Note: Deactivate any inputs/outputs not in use.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

4275 Machine data %1 and %2 both assign the same NCK output byte no. %3 several times

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

%2 = String: MD identifier %3 = No. of output

Definitions: The specified machine data assign two NC functions to the same digital/analog output.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Correct machine data.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

4280 Assignment of NCK input/output byte via MD %1[%2] does not match

hardware configuration

%1 = String: MD identifier Parameters:

%2 = Index: MD array

Definitions: When booting, the required input/output module was not found at the slot specified in the MD.

Reaction: NC not ready. Channel not ready.

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check hardware and correct the MD if

necessary. Note: Monitoring of the hardware configuration is performed independently of the number

of activated inputs/outputs (MD 10300 - 10360 FASTIO_ANA(DIG)_NUM_INPUTS(OUTPUTS))

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

4282 Hardware of external NCK outputs assigned repeatedly

Definitions: Several outputs have been configured on the same hardware byte.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Alter MD 10364 Remedy:

HW ASSIGN DIG FASTOUT or MD 10364 HW ASSIGN ANA FASTOUT.

Switch control OFF - ON. Program

Continuation:

4285 Error on terminal block %1, error code %2

Parameters: %1 = Number of terminal block (1 ... 4)

%2 = Error code

Definitions: An error occurred on terminal block no. %1 (sign-of-life failure, I/O module removed in current

> operation, etc.). All possible errors which can lead to this alarm are not yet known (and will be completed later). Further information together with a description of the error code and its meaning will

be provided at a later date.

Error code 1: Sign-of-life failure from terminal block

Error code 10: Sign-of-life failure NC

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check hardware.

Switch control OFF - ON. **Program**

4290 Sign of life monitoring: local P-bus not alive

Definitions: The COM computer must alter the sign-of-life on the local P-bus in each SERVO cycle. Monitoring for

alteration takes place in the IPO cycle. If the sign of life has not altered, this alarm is triggered.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check hardware.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

4291 Failure of module in local P-bus slot %1, error codes %2 %3 %4

%1 = Slot number Parameters:

%2 = Error code %3 = Error code

Definitions: The module on the specified slot has signaled a diagnostics alarm. The error code reported

corresponds to the AS300 documentation.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check hardware. Remedy:

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4300 Declaration in MD %1 is not allowed for axis %2.

%1 = String: MD identifier Parameters:

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The axis cannot be operated as competing positioning axes,

for example because the axis is the slave axis within a closed gantry group or a gantry group to be

closed.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reset MD 30450 IS_CONCURRENT_POS_AX for the axis concerned.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

4310 Declaration in MD %1 index %2 is not allowed.

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

%2 = Index: MD array

Definitions: The machine data values must be written in the array in ascending order.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Correct the MD.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

NCK alarms

4320 Axis %1 function %2 %3 and %4 not allowed

Parameters: %1 = String: Axis identifier

%2 = String: MD identifier

%3 = String: Bit

%4 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: The functions declared by the specified machine data cannot simultaneously be active for one axis.

Reaction: Mode group not ready. Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Deactivate one of the functions. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4334 Channel %1 The amount of fine correction in parameter %2 of the

orientable toolholder %3 is too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Invalid parameter of the orientable toolholder

%3 = Number of the orientable toolholder

Definitions: The maximum permissible value of the fine correction in an orientable toolholder is limited by the

machine data \$MC_TOCARR_FINE_LIM_LIN for linear variables, and by the machine data \$MC_TOCARR_FINE_LIM_ROT for rotary variables. The alarm can only occur if the setting data

\$SC_TOCARR_FINE_CORRECTION is not equal to zero.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Enter a valid fine correction value.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

4336 Channel %1 orientable toolholder no. %2 for orientation transformation

%3 does not exist

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Number of the orientable toolholder

%3 = Number of the orientation transformation that is to be parameterized with the orientable

toolholder

Definitions: The orientable toolholder, with whose data the orientation transformation is to be parameterized (see

machine data \$MC_TRAFO5_TCARR_NO_1/2), does not exist.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end. Enter a valid tool-carrier number.

Remedy: Enter a valid tool-carrier number.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

4338 Channel %1 invalid transformation type '%2' in toolholder %3 for

orientation transformer %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Transformer type

%3 = Number of the orientable toolholder

%4 = Number of the orientation transformation that is to be parameterized with the orientable

toolholder

Definitions: The parameters of the orientation transformation are taken over from the data of an orientable

toolholder. This orientable toolholder contains an invalid transformation type. (Types T, P and M are

permissible).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Enter a valid transformation type.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

4340 Channel %1 block %2 invalid transformation type in transformation no.

%3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Transformation number

Definitions: An invalid, i.e. undefined, number was entered in one of the machine data TRAFO_TYPE_1 ...

TRAFO_TYPE_8. This alarm also occurs if a certain type of transformation is only impossible on the

type of control used (e.g. 5-axis transformation on a SINUMERIK 802D).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Enter a valid transformation type.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Program Continuation:

4341

Channel %1 block %2 no data set available for transformation no. %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Transformation number

Definitions: Only a limited number of machine data sets (usually 2) is available for each related group of

transformations (e.g. orientation transformations, Transmit, Tracyl, etc.). This alarm is output if an

attempt is made to set more transformations from a group.

Example:

Two orientation transformations are allowed. The machine data contains e.g.:

TRAFO_TYPE_1 = 16; 1st orientation transformation TRAFO_TYPE_2 = 33; 2nd orientation transformation TRAFO_TYPE_3 = 256; 1st transmit transformation

TRAFO_TYPE_4 = 20; 3rd orientation transformation ==> This entry triggers alarm

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Enter valid machine data.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

4342 Channel %1 invalid machine data for general 5-axis transformation error

no. %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Error type

Definitions: The machine data which describe the axis directions and the base orientation or the input axes for the

general 5-axis transformation are invalid. The error parameter displayed specifies the cause of the

alarm:

- 1: The first axis (TRAFO5_AXIS1_*) is not defined (all three entries of the vector are 0)

- 2: The second axis (TRAFO5_AXIS2_*) is not defined (all three entries of the vector are 0)

- 3: The basic orientation (TRAFO5_BASE_ORIENT_*) is not defined (all three entries of the vector are 0)

- 4: The first and second axis are (virtually) parallel

- 5: On TRAFO_TYPE = 56 (rotatable tool and workpiece) there is no 4-axis transformation, i.e. 2 rotary axes must always be available. (See MD TRAFO_AXES_IN_X)

- 6: The third axis (TRAFO5_AXIS3_*) is not defined (all three entries of the vector are 0) (6-axis transformation)

- 7: The normal tool vector (TRAFO6_BASE_ORIENT_NORMAL_*) is not defined (all three entries of the vector are 0) (6-axis transformation)

- 8: The basic tool orientation (TRAFO5_BASE_ORIENT_*) and the normal tool vector (TRAFO6_BASE_ORIENT_NORMAL_*) are (virtually) parallel (6-axis transformation)

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Set valid machine data.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

4343 Channel %1 attempt made to change the machine data of an active

transformation.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: An attempt was made to change the machine data of an active transformation and to activate the

machine data with RESET or NEWCONFIG.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Set valid machine data.

Program Cle

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

4345 Channel %1 invalid configuration in chained transformation no. %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Transformation number

Definitions: A chained transformation is incorrectly configured (machine data \$MC_TRACON_CHAIN_1 or

\$MC_TRACON_CHAIN_2). The following causes for the error are possible:

- The list of transformations to be chained starts with a 0 (at least one entry not equal to zero is required).

- The list of transformations to be chained contains the number of a transformation which does not exist.

- The number of a transformation in the list is greater than or equal to the number of the chained transformation. Example: The cascaded transformation is the fourth transformation in the system, i.e. \$MC_TRAFO_TYPE_4 = 8192. In this case, only values 1, 2 or 3 may be entered in the associated list (e.g. \$MC_TRACON_CHAIN_1[...]).

- The chaining setting is invalid. The following restrictions currently apply. A maximum of two transformations can be chained. The first transformation must be an orientation transformation, transmit, peripheral curve transformation or inclined axis. The second transformation must be the inclined axis transformation.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Set a valid transformation chain.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

4346 Channel %1 invalid geoaxis assignment in machine data %2[%3]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Name of machine data %3 = Transformation number

Definitions: Machine data TRAFO_GEOAX_ASSIGN_TAB_X contains an invalid entry. The following causes for

the error are possible:

- The entry references a channel axis which does not exist.

- The entry is zero (no axis) but the transformation needs the relevant axis as a geometry axis.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Correct the entry in TRAFO_GEOAX_ASSIGN_TAB_X or TRAFO_AXES_IN_X.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

4347 Channel %1 invalid channel axis assignment in machine data %2[%3]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Name of machine data %3 = Transformation number

Definitions: Machine data TRAFO_AXIS_IN_X contains an invalid entry. The following causes for the error are

possible:

- The entry references a channel axis which does not exist.

- The entry is zero (no axis) but the transformation needs the relevant axis as a channel axis.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Correct the entry in TRAFO_AXES_IN_X.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

4350 Channel %1 axis identifier %2 machine data %3 not consistent with

machine data %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = String: Axis identifier %3 = String: MD identifier %4 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: MD 32410 JOG_AND_POS_JERK_ENABLE (jerk limitation) and MD 35240 ACCEL_TYPE_DRIVE

(acceleration reduction) have been defined as the initial setting for an axis. However, the two functions

cannot be activated at the same time for one axis.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Resetting of 32410

JOG_AND_POS_JERK_ENABLE or 35240 ACCEL_TYPE_DRIVE.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4400 MD alteration will cause reorganisation of buffered memory (loss of

data!)

Definitions: A machine data has been altered that configures the buffered memory. If the NCK powers up with the

altered data, this will lead to reorganization of the buffered memory and thus to the loss of all buffered

user data (part programs, tool data, GUD, leadscrew error compensation, ...)

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. If the control includes user data that has

not yet been saved, then a data backup must be performed before the next NCK power-up. By manually resetting the altered MD to the value it had before the last power-up, reorganization of the

memory can be avoided.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

4402 %1 causes a machine data reset

Parameters: %1 = Machine data

Definitions: If this machine data is set, the current machine data values are overwritten by the default values at

the next ramp-up. Under certain circumstances, this may cause data loss (even in the buffered

memory).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. If the control includes user data that has

not yet been saved, then a data backup must be performed before the next NCK power-up. By manually resetting the altered MD to the value it had before the last power-up, reorganization of the

memory can be avoided.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

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4502 Channel %1 anachronism %2(%3) -> %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = String: MD identifier %3 = String: MD identifier %4 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: Previously, in \$MC_RESET_MODE_MASK Bit4 and Bit5, the reset behavior of the 6th or 8th G

> groupe was determined. This setting is now made in \$MC_GCODE_RESET_MODE. In order to ensure compatible handling of "old" data backups, the "old" values are taken from

\$MC_RESET_MODE_MASK and entered in \$MC_GCODE_RESET_MODE.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

4503 In TO unit, %1 H number %2 assigned more than once. H number linked

again.

%1 = TO unit Parameters:

%2 = H number

Definitions: This error can only occur when MD \$MN_MM_EXTERN_CNC_SYSTEM= 1 or 2. The Power ON

> effective machine data bit 10890, \$MN_EXTERN_TOOLPROG_MODE, bit 3 has been reset. On reconstructing data handling after Power ON, it has been found that different edges of the same TO unit have the same H number. They had been linked previously. They are linked again and MD bit

\$MN_EXTERN_TOOLPROG_MODE, bit 3 is set again.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: H numbers must be assigned only once in a TO unit. Then, machine data bit 10890,

\$MN_EXTERN_TOOLPROG_MODE, bit 3 can be set = 0 and a restart can be performed.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

4600 Invalid handwheel type for handwheel %1

Parameters: %1 = Handwheel number

Definitions: The handwheel type for handwheel %1 requested through machine date

\$MN_HANDWHEEL_SEGMENT is invalid.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Remedy: Configure a valid type for the corresponding handwheel through machine date

\$MN_HANDWHEEL_SEGMENT.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4610 Invalid handwheel module for handwheel %1

Parameters: %1 = Handwheel module

Definitions: The handwheel module for handwheel %1 requested through machine date

\$MN_HANDWHEEL_MODULE is not available for 840D systems. An 840D system is always regarded as a module. For this reason, handwheels directly linked with 840D systems

\$MN_HANDWHEEL_MODULE = 1 must always be set.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Set machine date \$MN_HANDWHEEL_MODULE = 1 for the corresponding handwheel.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

4611 Invalid handwheel input for handwheel %1

Parameters: %1 = Handwheel input

Definitions: The handwheel input for handwheel %1 requested through machine date

> \$MN HANDWHEEL INPUT is not available for 840D systems. With 840D systems, a maximum of 3 handwheels can be linked directly (1st and 2nd directly to 840D HW, 3rd handwheel through free

encoder input).

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Configure machine date \$MN_HANDWHEEL_INPUT for a valid input for the corresponding Remedy:

handwheel

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

4620 Invalid handwheel module for handwheel %1

Parameters: %1 = Handwheel module

Definitions: The handwheel module for handwheel %1 requested through machine date

\$MN_HANDWHEEL_MODULE is not available for 802D systems. An 802D system is always regarded as a module. For this reason, \$MN_HANDWHEEL_MODULE = 1 must always be set for

handwheels directly linked with 802D systems.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Set machine date \$MN_HANDWHEEL_MODULE = 1 for the corresponding handwheel. Remedy:

Switch control OFF - ON. Program

Continuation:

4621 Invalid handwheel input for handwheel %1

Parameters: %1 = Handwheel input

Definitions: The handwheel input for handwheel %1 requested through machine date

\$MN_HANDWHEEL_INPUT is not available for 802D systems. With 802D systems, a maximum of 2

handwheels can directly be linked.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Configure machine date \$MN_HANDWHEEL_INPUT for a valid input for the corresponding

handwheel

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

4630 Invalid handwheel module for handwheel %1

%1 = Handwheel module Parameters:

Definitions: The reference in \$MN_HANDWHEEL_MODULE for a corresponding entry in machine date array

\$MN_HANDWHEEL_LOGIC_ADDRESS[] necessary for the configuration of PROFIBUS handwheels

is not available.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Configure the machine data \$MN_HANDWHEEL_MODULE for the corresponding PROFIBUS Remedy:

handwheel so that there is a valid reference to an entry in the machine data array

\$MN_HANDWHEEL_LOGIC_ADDRESS[].

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

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4631 Invalid handwheel slot for handwheel %1

Parameters: %1 = Handwheel slot

Definitions: The handwheel slot for handwheel %1 requested through the machine date

\$MN_HANDWHEEL_INPUT is not available for PROFIBUS handwheels.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Configure machine date \$MN_HANDWHEEL_INPUT to a valid handwheel slot for the corresponding

PROFIBUS handwheel.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation.

4632 Logical PROFIBUS handwheel slot base address for handwheel %1 not

found

Parameters: %1 = Handwheel number

Definitions: The logical base address of the PROFIBUS handwheel slot in machine date array

\$MN_HANDWHEEL_LOGIC_ADDRESS[] indexed in machine date \$MN_HANDWHEEL_MODULE

was not found.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check if \$MN_HANDWHEEL_MODULE of the corresponding handwheel is correct. Check if indexed

logical base address of PROFIBUS handwheel slot in machine date array

\$MN_HANDWHEEL_LOGIC_ADDRESS[] is correct.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

4700 PROFIBUS I/O: The logical slot / I/O area address %1 was not found.

Parameters: %1 = Area address

Definitions: The logical slot / I/O area address was not found in the machine data MD10500

 $MN_DPIO_LOGIC_ADDRESS_IN$ with the stated slot/ I/O area.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the slot / I/O area address in the configuration (STEP 7, HW Config).

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

4702 PROFIBUS I/O: The logical slot / I/O area address %1 was not found.

Parameters: %1 = Area address

Definitions: The logical slot / I/O area address was not found in the machine data MD10506

 $MN_DPIO_LOGIC_ADDRESS_OUT$ with the stated slot / I/O area index.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the slot / I/O area address in the configuration (STEP 7, HW Config).

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

5000 Communication job not executable %1

Parameters: %1 = Reference to which resources are no longer available.

Definitions: The communication job (data exchange between NCK and MMC, e.g.: loading an NC part program)

cannot be executed because there is insufficient memory space. Cause: Too many communication

jobs in parallel.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: - Reduce the number of communication jobs taking place at the same time or increase

\$MN_MM_NUM_MMC_UNITS - Restart communication job.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. No remedial measures are possible - the operation triggering the alarm message has to be repeated. Clear the alarm display with Cancel.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

6000 Memory reorganized using standard machine data

Definitions: The memory management was not able to allocate the NC user memory with the values in the

machine data. Because the total memory available is provided as dynamic and static memory for the NC user (e.g. for macro definitions, user variables, number of tool offsets, number of directories and

files etc.) and therefore its size is not adequate.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Redefine the NC memory structure!

A specific machine data for NC user memory allocation cannot be given as the cause of the alarm. Therefore, the MD initiating the alarm must be determined on the basis of the default values in the

machine data by changing the user-specific memory structure step by step.

Usually, not just one machine data has been chosen too large and therefore it is advisable to reduce

the memory area by a certain proportion in several MDs.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

6010 Channel %1 data block %2 not or not completely created, error code %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = String (block name) %3 = Internal error code

Definitions:

The data management has detected an error in power-up. The specified data block may not have been created. The error number specifies the type of error. If the error number >100000, then there is a fatal system error. Otherwise, the user memory area was made too small. In this case the (user) error codes have the following meaning:

- Error number 1: No memory space available
- Error number 2: Maximum possible number of symbols exceeded
- Error number 3: Index 1 lies outside the valid value range
- Error number 4: Name already exists in channel
- Error number 5: Name already exists in NCK

If the alarm occurs after cycle programs, macro definitions or definitions for global user data (GUD) have been introduced, the machine data for the user memory configuration have been incorrectly configured. In all other cases, changes to machine data that are already correct lead to errors in the user memory configuration.

The following block names (2nd parameter) are known in the NCK (all system and user data blocks; in general, only problems in the user data blocks can be remedied by user intervention):

- _N_NC_OPT System internal: option data, NCK global
- _N_NC_SEA System internal: setting data, NCK global
- _N_NC_TEA System internal: machine data, NCK global
- _N_NC_CEC System internal: 'cross error compensation'
- _N_NC_PRO System internal: protection zones, NCK global
- _N_NC_GD1 User: 1st GUD block defined by _N_SGUD_DEF, NCK global
- _N_NC_GD2 User: 2nd GUD block defined by _N_MGUD_DEF, NCK global
- _N_NC_GD3 User: 3rd GUD block defined by _N_UGUD_DEF, NCK global
- _N_NC_GD4 User: 4th GUD block defined by _N_GUD4_DEF, NCK global
- _N_NC_GD5 User: 5th GUD block defined by _N_GUD5_DEF, NCK global
- _N_NC_GD6 User: 6th GUD block defined by _N_GUD6_DEF, NCK global
- _N_NC_GD7 User: 7th GUD block defined by _N_GUD7_DEF, NCK global
- _N_NC_GD8 User: 8th GUD block defined by _N_GUD8_DEF, NCK global
- _N_NC_GD9 User: 9th GUD block defined by _N_GUD9_DEF, NCK global
- _N_NC_MAC User: Macro definitions
- _N_NC_FUN User: Cycle programs
- _N_CHc_OPT System internal: option data, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_SEA System internal: setting data, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_TEA System internal: machine data, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_PRO System internal: protection zones, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_UFR System internal: frames, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_RPA System internal: arithmetic parameters, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_GD1 User: 1st GUD block defined by _N_SGUD_DEF, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_GD2 User: 2nd GUD block defined by _N_MGUD_DEF, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_GD3 User: 3rd GUD block defined by _N_UGUD_DEF, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_GD4 User: 4th GUD block defined by _N_GUD4_DEF, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_GD5 User: 5th GUD block defined by _N_GUD5_DEF, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_GD6 User: 6th GUD block defined by _N_GUD6_DEF, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_GD7 User: 7th GUD block defined by _N_GUD7_DEF, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_GD8 User: 8th GUD block defined by _N_GUD8_DEF, channel-specific
- _N_CHc_GD9 User: 9th GUD block defined by _N_GUD9_DEF, channel-specific
- _N_AXa_OPT System internal: option data, axial
- _N_AXa_SEA System internal: setting data, axial
- _N_AXa_TEA System internal: machine data, axial
- _N_AXa_EEC System internal: leadscrew error compensation data, axial
- _N_AXa_QEC System internal: quadrant error compensation data, axial
- _N_TOt_TOC System internal: toolholder data, TOA-specific
- _N_TOt_TOA System internal: tool data, TOA-specific
- _N_TOt_TMA System internal: magazine data, TOA-specific
- _N_NC_KIN System internal: data to describe kinematic chains, NCK-specific
- _N_NC_NPA System internal: data to describe 3D protection zones, NCK-specific
- _N_NC_WAL System internal: data to describe coordinate-specific working area limitation c = Channel number

NCK alarms

a = Machine axis number

t = TOA unit number There are further internal system data blocks with identifiers.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy:

Correct the machine data or undo the changes made.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. There are two determining machine data for cycle programs:

- \$MN_MM_NUM_MAX_FUNC_NAMES = max. number of all cycle programs, error number = 2 shows that this value is too small.

- \$MN_MM_NUM_MAX_FUNC_PARAM = max. number of all parameters defined in the cycle programs, error number = 2 shows that this value is too small

(If these MDs are modified, the memory backup is retained) The following applies to macro definitions:

\$MN_MM_NUM_USER_MACROS = max. number of all macro definitions, error number = 2 shows that this value is too small.

(If these MDs are modified, the memory backup is retained)

The following applies to GUD variables:

- \$MN_MM_NUM_GUD_NAMES_NCK = max. number of all NCK global GUD variables, error number = 2 shows that this value is too small.

- \$MN_MM_NUM_GUD_NAMES_CHAN = max. number of all channel-specific GUD variables in the channel, error number = 2 shows that this value is too small.

- \$MN_MM_GUD_VALUES_MEM = total value memory of all GUD variables together, error number = 1 shows that this value is too small.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON

6020 Machine data have been changed - now memory is reorganized

Definitions: Machine data have been changed that define the NC user memory allocation. Data management has

restructured the memory in accordance with the altered machine data.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: No remedial measures are required. Any user data that are required must be input again.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

6030 Limit of user memory has been adapted

Definitions: Data management checks during power-up the actually available physical user memory (DRAM,

DPRAM and SRAM) with the values in the system-specific machine data 18210 MM_USER_MEM_DYNAMIC, MD 18220 MM_USER_MEM_DPR und MD 18230 MM_-

USERMEM_BUFFERED.

Reaction: Alarm display.

No remedial measures are required. The new maximum permissible value can be read from the Remedy:

reduced machine data.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Instead of %1 KB the system has only %2 KB of free user memory of type

'%3'

Parameters: %1 = Free memory capacity in KB defined for the control model

%2 = Actual maximum capacity of free memory in KB

%3 = Type of memory, "D" =non-battery-backed, "S" =battery-backed

Definitions: The alarm can only occur after a 'cold start' (=NCK start-up with standard machine data). The alarm

is only a notice. There is no interference with any NCK functions. It shows that the NCK has less free user memory available than specified by Siemens for this control variant. The value of the actually

available free user memory can also be taken from the machine data

\$MN_INFO_FREE_MEM_DYNAMIC, \$MN_INFO_FREE_MEM_STATIC. Siemens supplies NCK with default settings that, depending on the model, have certain (free) memory space available for the specific settings of the actual applications. The original factory setting of NCK systems is thus that the

alarm does not occur with a cold start.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reasons for the message:

- The NCK contains compile cycle software, that uses so much memory space that the hardware cannot provide the required memory.

- The NCK runs on hardware that is not intended for this NCK release (i.e. that has not enough memory capacity).

- If the application runs properly with the remaining free user memory (i.e. can be started up without any errors), the message can simply be ignored.

- If the actual application cannot be configured because there is not enough memory capacity available, either the existing compile cycle must be reduced or, if possible, the system must be

upgraded with additional memory space.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

6100 Error while creating %1, error number %2 %3

Parameters: %1 = Symbolname

%2 = Error code

%3 = If required, internal error identifier

Definitions: An error was detected while creating a compile cycle machine data. The error number specifies the

type of error.

Error number 1: Insufficient memory availableError number 2: Symbol in the NCK already exists

- Error number 3: Maximum possible number of symbols exceeded

- Error number 4: Invalid name prefix - Error number 5: Illegal array size

Note: Other errors of this type could have occurred, but have not been displayed.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy:

- Error number 1: The memory reserved by machine data 12328 \$MN_MM_CC_MD_MEM_SIZE has to be increased. If the error occurs while loading an archive, then the machine data must be increased "manually". To do this, either Edit the archive with 'arcedit' or Overwrite the MD in the MD picture and prevent the deletion of the machine data when writing the archive (MMC: Set

Ask_for_CFG_RESET.INI = 1 in 'dino.ini'). Also refer to: Upgrade instructions P6.x.

- Error number 2: Error in the combination or while reloading compile cycles: Do not activate compile cycle.

- Error number 3: Error in the combination or while reloading compile cycles: Do not activate compile cycle.

- Error number 4: Error in the compile cycle: Do not activate compile cycle.

- Error number 5: Error in the compile cycle: Do not activate compile cycle.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

6200 Memory for CC MD full.

Definitions: The memory reserved for storage of compile cycle machine data is full.

Some of these machine data could not be created correctly.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

If the alarm is displayed on start-up of compile cycles, this may be remedied by increasing

\$MN_MM_CC_MD_MEM_SIZE.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

Channel %1 tool change not possible: Empty location for tool %2 on

magazine %4 not available.

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = String (identifier) %3 = -Not used-%4 = Magazine number

Definitions: The tool cannot be moved into the selected tool magazine. There is no appropriate location for this

tool. A suitable location is mainly determined by the status. The status must indicate that this location is free, not disabled, not reserved and not co-occupied by a tool that is too large. Furthermore, it is important that the type of tool matches the type of any magazine location that may be free. (If, for example, all magazine locations are of the 'B' type and these are all free and the tool is of type 'A',

then this tool cannot be put into this magazine).

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Check whether the magazine data have been defined correctly.

- Check whether there is still room in the magazine to add another tool; there may not be due to

operating procedures.

- Check whether a location type hierarchy is defined and whether it, for example, does not allow

insertion of a type 'A' tool in a free location with type 'B'.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation.

6402 Channel %1 tool change not possible. Magazine no. %2 not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Magazine number

Definitions: The desired tool change is not possible. The magazine with the specified number is not available.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Check whether the magazine data have been defined correctly.

- Check whether the magazine is connected to the desired tool holder/spindle via a distance relation.

- The user PLC program may have sent wrong data to the NCK.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

6403 Channel %1 tool change not possible. Magazine location number %2 on

magazine %3 not available.

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Magazine number

%3 = Magazine location number

Definitions: The desired tool change is not possible. The specified magazine location is not contained in the

specified magazine.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check whether the magazine data have been defined correctly.

The user PLC program may have delivered incorrect data to the NCK.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

6404 Channel %1 tool change not possible. Tool %2 not available or not

usable

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = String (identifier)

Definitions: The desired tool change is not possible. The specified tool does not exist or cannot be inserted.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Check whether the part program is written correctly.

- Check whether the tool data are correctly defined.

- Check whether there is a replacement tool which can be used for the specified tool.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

6405 Channel %1 command %2 has invalid PLC acknowledge parameter %3 identifier %4

%1 = Channel ID Parameters:

%2 = Command no.

%3 = PLC acknowledge parameter

%4 = Error code

Definitions: The specified command has been answered by PLC with an invalid acknowledgement in the current

combination. The following assignments are defined for "command no.":

1 Move tool, load or unload magazine

2 Prepare tool change

3 Execute tool change

4 Prepare tool change and execute with T command 5 Prepare tool change and execute with M command

7 Terminate canceled tool command

8 Check tool movement with reservation

9 Check tool movement

0 Transport acknowledgement

Parameters 2 and 3 designate the PLC command and the status number of the acknowledgement. Example: Parameter 4 of the alarm message is 10. It is not defined whether a buffer location for asynchronous tool motion must be reserved. In the example, the parameter is ignored by the NCK. Further possible causes for the alarm: The tool change defined by the command is not possible. The magazine location specified in the invalid parameter does not exist in the magazine.

The 3rd parameter - error identification - gives a more detailed description of the alarm. Meanings:

- 0 = not defined
- 1 = status not allowed or undefined status received by PLC
- 2 = source and/or target magazine no./location no. unknown
- 4 = target magazine no. and/or location no. in tool motion command not end target
- 5 = not defined
- 6 = source and/or target magazine no./location no. unknown during tool change
- 7 = PLC comm. with inconsistent data: either inconsistent magazine addresses in VDI or NCK command unequal to PLC acknowledgement or both
- 8 = PLC comm. with inconsistent data: while rejecting a tool, the tool to be rejected was unloaded asynchronously. NCK cannot perform a new selection.
- 9 = PLC comm. with inconsistent data: the command acknowledgement data wants to move a tool to a location that is occupied by another tool.
- 10 = it is not defined whether a buffer location for asynchronous tool motion must be reserved.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Erroneous PLC communication: Correct

the PLC program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

6406 Channel %1 PLC acknowledge for command %2 is missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Command no.

Definitions: There is still no acknowledgement from the PLC for the tool change. The NCK cannot continue

processing until it receives this acknowledgement for the specified command number. Possible

command number values are described for alarm 6405.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Erroneous PLC communication: Correct the PLC program.

- It is possible to release NCK with the PLC command 7 from the wait condition.

This aborts the waiting command.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Channel %1 tool %2 cannot be placed in magazine %3 on location %4.

Invalid definition of magazine!

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = String (identifier) %3 = Magazine number

%4 = Magazine location number

Definitions: A tool change request or a verification request was issued to put the tool in a location which does not

satisfy the prerequisites for filling.

The following causes for the error are possible:

- Location is blocked or not free!

- Tool type does not match the location type!

- Tool possibly too large, adjacent locations are not free!

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Check whether the magazine data are correctly defined (especially the location type).

- Check whether the tool data are correctly defined (especially the location type).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

TO unit %1 tool %2 has reached its prewarning limit with D = %4

Parameters: %1 = TO unit

%2 = Tool identifier (name)

%3 = -Not used-%4 = D number

Definitions: Tool monitoring: This message informs that the specified D offset has reached its prewarning limit for

a time-, quantity- or wear-monitored tool. If possible, the D number is displayed; if not, value 0 is

assigned to the 4th parameter.

If the function additive offset is being used, additive offset monitoring may be active instead of tool wear monitoring. The actual type of tool monitoring is a tool property (see \$TC_TP9). If replacement tools are not being used, the duplo number specified has no meaning. The alarm is triggered through the MMC or PLC (=OPI interface). The channel context is not defined. The TO unit was specified for

this reason (see \$MC_MM_LINK_TOA_UNIT).

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: For information only. The user must decide what to do.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

6411 Channel %1 tool %2 has reached its prewarning limit with D = %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Tool identifier (name)

%3 = -Not used%4 = D number

Definitions: Tool monitoring: This message informs that the specified D offset has reached its prewarning limit for

a time-, quantity- or wear-monitored tool. If possible, the D number is displayed; if not, value 0 is

assigned to the 4th parameter.

If the function additive offset is being used, additive offset monitoring may be active instead of tool

wear monitoring. The actual type of tool monitoring is a tool property (see \$TC_TP9). If replacement tools are not being used, the duplo number specified has no meaning.

The alarm originates during NC program execution.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: For information only. The user must decide what to do. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6412 TO unit %1 tool %2 has reached its monitoring limit with D = %4

Parameters: %1 = TO unit

%2 = Tool identifier (name)

%3 = -Not used-%4 = D number

Definitions: Tool monitoring: This message informs that the specified D offset has reached its prewarning limit for

a time-, quantity- or wear-monitored tool. If possible, the D number is displayed; if not, value 0 is

assigned to the 4th parameter.

If the function additive offset is being used, additive offset monitoring may be active instead of tool

wear monitoring.

The actual type of tool monitoring is a tool property (see \$TC_TP9).

If replacement tools are not being used, the duplo number specified has no meaning.

The alarm is triggered through the MMC or PLC (=OPI interface). The channel context is not defined.

The TO unit was specified for this reason (see \$MC_MM_LINK_TOA_UNIT).

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: For information only. The user must decide what to do.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6413 Channel %1 tool %2 has reached its monitoring limit with D = %4

Parameters: %1 = TO unit

%2 = Tool identifier (name)

%3 = -Not used%4 = D number

Definitions: Tool monitoring: This message informs that the specified D offset has reached its prewarning limit for

a time-, quantity- or wear-monitored tool. If possible, the D number is displayed; if not, value 0 is

assigned to the 4th parameter.

If the function additive offset is being used, additive offset monitoring may be active instead of tool

wear monitoring.

The actual type of tool monitoring is a tool property (see \$TC_TP9).

If replacement tools are not being used, the duplo number specified has no meaning.

The alarm originates during NC program execution.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: For information only. The user must decide what to do.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

TO unit %1 tool %2 with tool edge no. %3 has reached tool monitor

warning limit

Parameters: %1 = TO unit

%2 = Tool identifier %3 = Cutting edge number

Definitions: This message informs that at least one cutting edge of the time or quantity monitored tool has reached

its monitoring limit. The alarm was triggered through the OPI interface (MMC, PLC). The channel

context is not defined. The TO unit was specified for this reason.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: For information only. The user must decide what to do. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6416 Channel %1 tool %2 with tool edge no. %3 has reached tool monitor

warning limit

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Tool identifier

%3 = Cutting edge number

Definitions: This message informs that at least one cutting edge of the time or quantity monitored tool has reached

its monitoring limit. The limit was detected in the channel context. The alarm originated during NC

program execution.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: For information only. The user must decide what to do. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6417

TO unit %1 tool %2 with tool edge no. %3 has reached tool monitoring

limit

Parameters: %1 = TO unit

%2 = Tool identifier %3 = Cutting edge number

Definitions: This message informs that at least one cutting edge of the time or quantity monitored tool has reached

its monitoring limit. The alarm was triggered through the OPI interface (MMC, PLC). The channel

context is not defined. The TO unit was specified for this reason.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: For information only. The user must decide what to do.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6418 Channel %1 tool %2 with tool edge no. %3 has reached tool monitoring

limit

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Tool identifier %3 = Tool number

Definitions: This message informs that at least one cutting edge of the time or quantity monitored tool has reached

its monitoring limit. The limit was detected in the channel context. The alarm originated during NC-

program execution.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: For information only. The user must decide what to do. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

6421 Channel %1 tool move not possible. Empty location for tool %2 on

magazine %4 not available.

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = String (identifier) %3 = -Not used-%4 = Magazine number

Definitions: The desired tool motion command - triggered from the MMC or PLC - is not possible. The tool cannot

be moved into the specified tool magazine. There is no appropriate location for this tool.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Check whether the magazine data have been defined correctly (e.g. the magazine must not be

disabled).

- Check whether the tool data are correctly defined (for example, the tool location type must match the

location types allowed in the magazine).

- Check whether there is still room in the magazine to add another tool; there may not be due to

operating procedures.

- Check whether a location type hierarchy is defined and whether it, for example, does not allow

insertion of a type 'A' tool in a free location with type 'B'.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

6422 Channel %1 tool move not possible. Magazine no. %2 not available.

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Magazine number

Definitions: The desired tool motion command - triggered from the MMC or PLC - is not possible. The magazine

with the specified number is not available.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Check whether the magazine data have been defined correctly.

- If the PLC issued the command for motion: check whether the PLC program is correct.

- If the MMC issued the command for motion: check whether the MMC command was assigned correct

parameters.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

6423 Channel %1 tool move not possible. Location %2 on magazine %3 not

available.

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Magazine location number

%3 = Magazine number

Definitions: The desired tool motion command - triggered from the MMC or PLC - is not possible. The specified

magazine location is not contained in the specified magazine.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check whether the magazine data have been defined correctly.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

6424 Channel %1 tool move not possible. Tool %2 not available/not usable.

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = String (identifier)

Definitions: The desired tool motion command - triggered from the MMC or PLC - is not possible. The status of

the named tool does not allow movement of the tool. The named tool is not defined or not permitted

for the command.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Check whether the tool status 'is being changed' ('H20') is set. If yes, then the appropriate tool

change command must first be completed by the PLC. Then the tool should be able to be moved.

- Check whether the tool data are correctly defined. Has the correct T number been specified?

- Check whether the move command has been correctly parameterized. Is the desired tool at the

source location? Is the target location suitable for taking the tool?

- Check whether the tool has already been loaded (if the alarm occurs while loading the tool).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

6425 Channel %1 tool %2 cannot be placed in magazine %3 on location %4. Invalid definition of magazine!

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = String (identifier) %3 = Magazine number

%4 = Magazine location number

Definitions: The desired tool motion command - triggered from the MMC or PLC - is not possible. A movement

request was issued to put the tool in a location which does not satisfy the prerequisites for filling.

The following causes for the error are possible:

- Location is blocked or not free!

- Tool type does not match the location type!

- Tool possibly too large, adjacent locations are not free!

- If a tool is to be loaded or unloaded, the load/unload position must be of 'load location' type.

- If a tool is to be loaded or unloaded, is the magazine in question linked to the load/unload location?

See \$TC_MDP1, \$TC_MDP2.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Check whether the magazine data have been defined correctly.

- Check whether there is still room in the magazine to add another tool; there may not be due to

operating procedures.

- Check whether a location type hierarchy is defined and whether it, for example, does not allow

insertion of a type 'A' tool in a free location with type 'B'.

- Check whether the magazine in question is linked to the load/unload location or whether a distance

has been defined.

- Check whether the load/unload position is of 'load location' type.

See also \$TC_MPP1.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

6430 Workpiece counter: overflow in table of monitored cutting edges.

Definitions: No more cutting edges can be entered in the piece counter table. As many cutting edges can be noted

for the workpiece counter as are possible in total in the NCK. This means that if for each tool each cutting edge in each TO unit is used precisely once for a workpiece then the limit is reached. If several workpieces are made on several toolholders/spindles simultaneously, it is possible to note 18100 MM_NUM_CUTTING_EDGES_IN_TOA cutting edges for the workpiece counter for all of the

workpieces.

If this alarm occurs, it means that cutting edges used subsequently are no longer quantity monitored until the table has been emptied again, e.g. by means of the NC language command SETPIECE or

by the relevant job from MMC, PLC (PI service).

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Was decrementing of the piece counter forgotten? Then program SETPIECE in the part program, or

add the correct command in the PLC program.

- If the part program/PLC program is correct, then more memory should be set for tool cutting edges via the machine data \$MN_MM_NUM_CUTTING_EDGES_IN_TOA (can only be performed with the

necessary access rights!).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Channel %1 block %2 Function not allowed. Tool

management/monitoring is not active.

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Occurs when a data management function is called which is not available because ToolMan is

deactivated. For example, the language commands GETT, SETPIECE, GETSELT, NEWT, DELT.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Make sure of how the NC is supposed to be configured! Is tool management or tool monitoring

needed but not activated?

- Are you using a part program that is meant for a numerical control with tool management/tool monitoring? It is not possible to start this program on the numerical control without tool

management/tool monitoring. Either run the part program on the appropriate NC control or edit the

art program.

- Activate tool management/tool monitoring by setting the appropriate machine data. See

\$MN_MM_TOOL_MANAGEMENT_MASK, \$MC_TOOL_MANAGEMENT_MASK

- Check whether the required option is set accordingly.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

6432 Function not executable. No tool assigned to tool holder/spindle

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

Definitions: When an attempt is made to perform an operation that requires a tool to be located on the spindle.

This can be the quantity monitoring function, for example.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select another function, another toolholder/spindle, position tool on toolholder/spindle.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

6433 Channel %1 block %2 %3 not available with tool management

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: The symbol variable specified in %3 is not available with active tool management. The function

GELSELT should be used with \$P_TOOLP.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify program. If \$P_TOOLP has been programmed, the GETSELT function should be used

instead.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

6434 Channel %1 block %2 NC command SETMTH not allowed because tool

holder function not active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No master toolholder has been defined for the initial state

(\$MC_TOOL_MANAGEMENT_TOOLHOLDER = 0), therefore no toolholder is available. The NC command SETMTH has neither been defined. In this setting, the tool change is carried out referring

to the master spindle. The master spindle is set with SETMS.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the NC program (delete or replace SETMHT) or enable toolholder function via machine data.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Writing of \$P_USEKT not allowed.

Definitions: An attempt was made to write the value of \$P_USEKT. This is not possible since programming T=

'location number' with automatic setting of \$P_USEKT is active.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Make sure of how the NC is supposed to be configured! (see bit16 and bit22 in

\$MC_TOOL_MANAGEMENT_MASK)

- Tool change with "Reject tool" is configured. If you now try to start this program on NC control with

T='location number' with automatic setting of \$P_USEKT this will not be possible.

- Either run the part program on the appropriate NC control or edit the part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

6442 Channel %1 function not executable. No tool assigned to desired

magazine/magazine location %2.

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Magazine/magazine location no.

Definitions: PLC logic is presumably incorrect. Tool change with reject tool is configured. Preparatory command

is pending. Selected tool is (e.g. from PLC) unloaded from its location. PLC acknowledges preparatory command with 'Repeat tool selection' (e.g. status =7). NCK cannot find the tool at the magazine

location specified in the PLC command.

Or: Illegal operator intervention in an active tool selection (unloading of the tool to be selected) has

occurred. Therefore the PLC acknowledgement fails.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: PLC programmer must note the following:

- Ensure that the tool is not removed from the specified magazine location (e.g. incorrect PLC

program).

- Do not remove the tool from the programmed tool change before the final acknowledgement of the $\,$

command (= unload).

!! It is however permissible to change the location of the tool to be loaded. The NCK can deal with this

situation.

This alarm supplements Alarm 6405, if it contains the identifier 8. Therefore, the diagnostics should

oe easier

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

6450 Channel %1 block %2 tool change not possible. Invalid magazine

location no. %3 in buffer magazine

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Magazine location number

Definitions: The desired tool change is not possible. The specified magazine location is either toolholder/spindle

or empty.

Only the numbers of the buffer that are not toolholder/spindle may be programmed with the NC

command TCI, i.e. the location number of a gripper is allowed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Check whether the magazine data (\$TC_MPP1) have been defined correctly.

- Check whether the alarm-causing program command $_$ e.g. TCl $_$ has been programmed correctly.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

6451 Channel %1 block %2 tool change not possible. No buffer magazine

defined.

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The desired tool change is not possible. No buffer magazine defined.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check whether the magazine data have been defined correctly.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

6452 Channel %1 block %2 tool change not possible. Tool holder/spindle

number = %3 not defined.

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Tool holder/spindle number

Definitions: The desired tool change is not possible. The toolholder/spindle number has not been defined.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: General: The following must apply: 'maximum programmed address extension's (=spindle

number/toolholder number)

of Ts=t, Ms=6 must be less than the value of \$MN_MM_NUM_LOCS_WITH_DISTANCE. With magazine management: Check whether the toolholder number/spindle number and the

magazine data have been defined correctly.

(See also the system variables \$TC_MPP1, \$TC_MPP5 of the buffer magazine).

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

6453 Channel %1 block %2 tool change not possible. No assignment between

toolholder/spindle no. = %3 and buffer magazine location %4

Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Spindle no. %4 = Location no.

Definitions: The desired tool change is not possible. No relation has been defined between the toolholder/spindle

number and the buffer magazine location (Location No.)

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

- Check whether the magazine data (\$TC_MLSR) have been defined correctly. Remedy:

> - Check whether the alarm-causing program command _ e.g. TCI _ has been programmed correctly. Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Program

Continuation:

6454 Channel %1 block %2 tool change not possible. No distance relation

available.

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The desired tool change is not possible. Neither the spindle nor the buffer magazine location have a

distance relation.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

- Check whether the magazine data (\$TC_MDP2) have been defined correctly. Remedy:

- Check whether the alarm-causing program command _ e.g. TCI _ has been programmed correctly.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

6455 Channel %1 block %2 tool change not possible. Magazine location no.

%3 not available in magazine %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Magazine location number %4 = Magazine number

The desired tool change is not possible. The indicated magazine location is not available in the

indicated magazine.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Check whether the causing program command - e.g. TCI - has been parameterized correctly.

- Check whether magazine data have been defined correctly. (\$TC_MAP6 and \$TC_MAP7 of the

intermediate location magazine)

Program Continuation:

Definitions:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

6500 NC memory full

Definitions: The NCK file system is full.

The available buffered memory does not suffice. Note: At initial start-up, files of the NC file system

may be affected such as drive data, MMC files, FIFO files, NC programs...

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Adjust the size of the buffered memory (\$MN_MM_USER_MEM_BUFFERED) or increase the space

available in the buffered memory, e.g. by unloading part programs that are no longer being used. Or

decrease the size of the ring buffer (see \$MC_RESU_RING_BUFFER_SIZE).

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6510 Too many part programs in the NC memory

Definitions: The number of files in the file system (part of the NC memory) of the NC has reached the maximum

number possible. Note: During initial start-up, this can concern files from the NC file system, e.g. drive

data, MMC files, FIFO files, NC programs, ...

Reaction: Alarm display

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Delete or unload files (e.g. part programs), or - Increase \$MM_NUM_FILES_IN_FILESYSTEM.

- Increase \$MM_NUM_FILES_IN_FILESYSTEM Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Program Continuation:

6520 The value of the machine data %1%2 is too low

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

%2 = If required, index: MD array

Definitions: The machine data \$MN_MM_PROTOC_NUM_FILES specifies the number of protocol files for the

protocol users. However, more types are used than configured.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Increase machine data \$MN_MM_PROTOC_NUM_FILES.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

6530 Too many files in directory

Definitions: The number of files in one directory of the NCK has reached the maximum limit.

Reaction:

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Delete or unload files (e.g. part programs) in the respective directory, or

- Increase \$MM_NUM_FILES_PER_DIR.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6540 Too many directories in the NC memory

Definitions: The number of directories in the file system of the NCK has reached the maximum limit.

Reaction: Alarm display

Remedy: - Delete or unload directory (e.g. workpiece), or

- Increase $MM_NUM_DIR_IN_FILESYSTEM$.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

6550 Too many subdirectories

Definitions: The number of subdirectories in a directory of the NCK has reached the maximum limit.

Reaction:

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Delete or empty subdirectories in the respective directory, or

- Increase \$MM_NUM_SUBDIR_PER_DIR.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

6560 Data format not allowed

An attempt was made to write impermissible data in an NCK file. This error can occur in particular **Definitions:**

when the attempt was made to load binary data in the NCK as ASCII file.

The error can also occur during preprocessing of cycles (see $MN_PREPROCESSING_LEVEL$) if the

NC block is very long. In this case, subdivide the NC block.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Specify that the file concerned is a binary file (e.g. extension: .BIN).

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6570 NC memory full

Definitions: The NC card file system of the NCK is full. The task cannot be executed. Too many system files were

created in the DRAM.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Start fewer "execute from external" processes. Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START. **Program**

Continuation:

6580 NC memory full

Definitions: The NC card file system of the NCK is full. The task cannot be executed. To many files have been

loaded

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete or empty files (e.g. part programs). **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

6581 NC user memory full

Definitions: The DRAM file system of the user area is full. The order cannot be executed.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete or unload files (e.g. parts programs) **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6582 NC machine OEM memory full

Definitions: The DRAM file system of the machine OEM area is full. The order cannot be executed.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete or unload files (e.g. parts programs)

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6583 NC system memory full

Definitions: The DRAM file system of the system area (Siemens) is full. The order cannot be executed.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete or unload files (e.g. parts programs) **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6584 NC memory limit TMP reached

Definitions: The DRAM file system of the TMP (temporary) area is full. The job cannot be executed.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Increase machine date \$MD_MM_DRAM_FILE_MEM_SIZE or switch off the precompilation of

individual or all cycles or, if need be, delete the files in the TMP area.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6585 NC external memory limit reached

Definitions: The DRAM file system of the external area (execution of the external drive) is full.

The job cannot be executed.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Load the files to be executed explicitly into the NCK. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6600 NC card memory is full

Definitions: The NC card file system of the NCK is full. No more data can be stored on the NC card.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete the data on the PCMCIA card.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

Too many files open on NC card

Definitions: Too many files are being accessed simultaneously on the NC card.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Repeat the action later.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

6620 NC card has incorrect format

Definitions: The NC card cannot be accessed because the format is incorrect.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Replace the NC card.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6630 NC card hardware is defective

Definitions: The NC card cannot be accessed because the card is defective.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Replace the PCMCIA card.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6640 NC card is not inserted

Definitions: The NC card cannot be accessed because the card is not plugged in.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Plug in the NC card.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6650 Write protection of NC card is active

Definitions: The NC card cannot be accessed because the write protection is active.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Deactivate the write protection.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6660 'Flash File System' option is not set

Definitions: The NC card cannot be accessed because the option is not enabled.

Reaction: Alarm display. Remedy: Buy option.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6670 NC card read active

Definitions: The alarm is active while the contents of the NC card are being read out. The FFS cannot be accessed

during this period.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait until the read-out procedure is terminated.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

6671 NC card write active

Definitions: The alarm is active while the contents of the NC card are being written. The FFS cannot be accessed

during this period. If the power is switched off while the alarm is active, the contents of the PCMCIA

card are destroyed!

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait until the write procedure is terminated.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

NCK alarms

6690 Cycles from NC card cannot be copied to the passive file system.

Definitions: There is not enough space in the file system that the directories specified in the

\$PCMCIA_FUNCTION_MASK can be copied from the NC card to the passive file system.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete data in the file system.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6691 Cycles from the passive file system cannot be saved on the NC card

Definitions: There is not enough space on the NC card that the directories specified in the

\$PCMCIA_FUNCTION_MASK can be saved. It is possible that cycles are lost during the next booting.

Reaction: Alarm display

Remedy: Delete data on the NC card or delete cycles not required.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

6692 Cycle %1 lost Parameters: %1 = Name of cycle

Definitions: A cycle has been changed and due to a power failure, the backup on the PC card could not be

terminated properly. The cycle is lost.

NC not ready. Reaction:

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Import the cycle again. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

6693 File %1 lost Parameters: %1 = Name of file

Definitions: Due to a power failure, a file change could not be terminated properly. The file is lost.

Reaction: NC not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Import the file again. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

6698 Unknown NC card (%1/%2). Writing not possible.

%1 = actManufactorCode (manufacturer code read by the card) Parameters:

%2 = actDeviceCode (memory code read by the card)

Definitions: The NC card cannot be accessed because a valid write algorithm is not available for the flash memory.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Use a compatible NC card or enter the new manufacturer code/device code in MD

\$MN_PERMISSIVE_FLASH_TAB after consultation with SIEMENS.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

6700 Channel %1 value of the machine data %2%3 is too low

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = MD identifier

%3 = If required, field index

Definitions: The machine data \$MC_MM_PROTOC_NUM_ETP_STD_TYP specifies the number of default event

types for the protocol users. However, more types are used than configured.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Increase machine data \$MC_MM_PROTOC_NUM_ETP_STD_TYP.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

7000 Too many compile cycle alarms defined

Definitions: Too many alarms are defined for the compile cycles. On powering up, the quantity was exceeded

when defining a new CC alarm.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Apart from reducing the number of CC alarms, no remedial measures are possible at the present time.

(contact SIEMENS AG, System Support for A&D MC products, Hotline (Tel.: see alarm 1000)

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

7010 Range of MMC alarm numbers for compile cycles exceeded

Definitions: A fixed quantity of alarm numbers (100) is reserved for the compile cycles. This has been exceeded

when defining a new CC alarm. (The valid range is between 0 and 4999).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Define the CC alarm numbers in the valid range from 0 to 4999.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

7020 Compile cycle alarm number has not been defined

Definitions: The alarm ID used by the manufacturer is not known to the system. This was not allocated when the

alarms were generated.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The alarm can have 2 possible causes:

- The alarm number has not been defined. A definition must still be made.

- The call parameter used is not the same as the one transferred by the NCK.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

7100 Compile cycles VDI area: %1 byte for inputs and %2 byte for outputs.

Maximum %3 bytes available.

%1 = String (machine data) Parameters:

> %2 = String (machine data) %3 = Max. length for interface

Definitions: The sum of the input and output bytes at the VDI user interface for the compile cycles exceeds the

maximum quantity of 400 bytes.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Set the machine data for dividing up the

VDI user interface of the compile cycles (DB 9) into input and output bytes in accordance with the functions in the compile cycles. The maximum quantity of 400 bytes must not be exceeded. There are

no restrictions concerning the division into input and output bytes.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

7200 Problem with externally linked compile cycle %1 %2

Parameters: %1 = Description string

%2 = Additional information

Definitions: Problem with loadable compile cycles

Example:

"Version_conflict_with_CCNCKInterface_Version"

 $\label{eq:Meaning: The interface version of the compile cycle is incompatible with the NCK version.$

"Loader_problem_from_dFixup'

Meaning: Unresolved references are left over after loading of all compile cycles, for example as an

ELD file is missing.

Reaction: Alarm display.

See function description of the compile cycle! Remedy: **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

7201 Assertion error in %1 line %2

Parameters: %1 = String (path with program name)

%2 = String (line number)

Definitions: This alarm is purely a development alarm. It only occurs with externally linked compile cycles.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Alarm reaction delay is canceled.

Remedy: Consultation with CC developer

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

NCK alarms

7202 Missing option bit for %1: %2 <hex>

Parameters: %1 = (string) name of the specific .elf file

%2 = (int) required option bit (hex)

Definitions: Alarm for SIEMENS compile cycles. This alarm appears when the option bit required for a SIEMENS

compile cycle is not set.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Alarm reaction delay is canceled.

Remedy: Set the required option bit or delete the .elf file from the Flash File System.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

Continuation:

7205 Incompatible OEM transformation channel %1 version NCK %2 CC %3

Parameters: %1 = (int) channel number

%2 = Transformer interface version NCK %3 = Transformer interface version OEM

Definitions: The interface for OEM transformations has changed incompatibly in the system.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Alarm reaction delay is canceled.

Load the new compile cycle version

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

Continuation:

Remedy:

7500 Block %1 invalid protection level for command %2 (protection level act.:

%3 prog.: %4)

Parameters: %1 = Block number

%2 = Programmed command

%3 = Current protection level of the command %4 = Programmed protection level of the command

Definitions: On assigning a protection level for a parts program command via REDEF command

- an impermissible parts program command has been programmed

- a protection level has been programmed that is logically smaller (larger in value) than the protection

level currently applicable for this command.

- the relevant definition file has not been protected sufficently against write access. The write protection of the file must be at least as high as the highest protection level that has been assigned to

a parts program command in this definition file.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify definition files /_N_DEF_DIR/_N_MACCESS_DEF or /_N_DEF_DIR/_N_UAC-CESS_ DEF.

 $\label{lem:please} Please see the Siemens \ Programming \ Guide \ or the \ OEM \ documentation \ for the \ language \ commands$

permissible for the relevant system configurations.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

8000 Channel %1 option 'user interrupt programs' not set

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The input signals of NCK inputs are required in order to activate the interrupt routines and rapid lift

from contour. This function is not included in the basic version and must be retrofitted when needed.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Do not use rapid interrupt inputs or

contact the machine manufacturer with a view to retrofitting this option!

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

8010 Option 'activation of more than %1 axes' not set

Parameters: %1 = Number of axes

Definitions: More machine axes have been defined through the channel-specific MD 20070

AXCONF_MACHAX_USED than are allowed in the system.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The sum of all axes that have been

configured through the channel-specific MD 20070 AXCONF_MACHAX_USED, must not exceed the

maximum number of axes (dependent on configuration -> option, basic version: 4 axes).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

NC Stop on alarm.

8020 Option 'activation of more than %1 channels' not set

Parameters: %1 = Number of channels

Definitions: A 2nd channel has been indicated but the corresponding option does not exist.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: In the system-specific MD 10010 ASSIGN_CHAN_TO_MODE_GROUP, reduce the number of

channels to 1 or retrofit the option for a 2nd channel.

Program Continuation:

Parameters:

Switch control OFF - ON.

8021 Option 'activation of more than %1 mode groups' not set

Definitions: The option for the number of mode groups is not compatible with the activated mode group.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

%1 = Number of mode groups

Alarm display.

Remedy: Add option for more mode groups. Activate fewer mode groups.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

8022 Option 'activation of more than %1KB SRAM' not set

Parameters: %1 = Memory size

Definitions: The option for memory extension does not correspond to the active SRAM.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Remedy:

- Buy option

- Activate less SRAM

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

8023 Option 'Activation of more than %1 KB PLC user memory' not set

Parameters: %1 = Memory size

Definitions: The option for the memory configuration does not correspond to the PLC user memory used.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Purchase option

- Use less PLC user memory Switch control OFF - ON.

Program Continuation:

8030

Channel %1 block %2 option 'interpolation of more than 4 axes' not set

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The option for the number of interpolating axes does not correspond to the number of axes

programmed in the interpolation group.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Option: "Interpolation of more than 4 axes" (the number of axes that is then allowed can be set in this

option) or specify in the part program as many (or fewer, as required) axes corresponding to the

configuration of the control.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

8032 Option 'activation of more than %1 link axes' not set

Parameters: %1 = Number of axes

Definitions: The option for the number of link axes does not match the number of axes programmed in MD

\$MN_AXCONF_LOGIC_MACHAX_TAB.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Buy option

- Configure fewer link axes

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

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NCK alarms

8034 Option 'activation of axis containers' not set

Definitions: The option for activating the axis container function in MD \$MN_AXCONF_LOGIC_MACHAX_TAB is

not enabled.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Buy option

- Do not configure any containers

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

8036 Option: it is not allowed to set different IPO cycles or position control

cycles with NCU link.

Definitions: The option for activating the FAST_IPO_LINK has not been set. For NCU link, all Ipo or position

control cycles must then be equal (see FAST-IPO-LINK description).

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Buy option

- Do not activate different Ipo or position control cycles (see MN_IPO_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO and

MN_POSCTRL_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

8037 Option 'APC activation' not set

Definitions: Function 'Advanced Positioning Control' (APC) has been activated in the drive, although the

corresponding option was not set.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Buy option

- Deactivate function 'Advanced Positioning Control' (APC) in the drive

Program Continuation:

m Switch control OFF - ON.

8038 Option 'activation of more than %1 lead link axes' not set

Parameters: %1 = Number of axes

Definitions: The option for the number of lead link axes does not match the number of configured axes in the MD

\$MA_AXCONF_ASSIGN_MASTER_NCU.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Buy option

- Configure fewer lead link axes

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

8040 Machine data %1 reset, corresponding option is not set

Parameters: %1 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: A machine data has been set that is locked by an option.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. For retrofitting the option, please refer to

your machine manufacturer or to a sales representative of SIEMENS AG, A&D MC.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

Axis %1: MD %2 reset, corresponding option not sufficient

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: All of the axes selected in the machine data of the assigned option are used. Safety functions have

been selected for too many axes in the axial machine data.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: --

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

8044 Option for IPO cycle time %1 ms not set

Parameters: %1 = Impermissible IPO cycle time

Definitions: The option for activation of an IPO cycle time of %1 ms has not been set.

Option - Permiss. IPO cycle time:

- Option-free >= 8ms - 1. 1st step >= 6ms - 2. 2nd step >= 4ms - 3. 3rd step >= 2ms - 4. 4th step <2ms

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Buy option

- Increase IPO cycle time (e.g. via MD IPO_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO)

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

8045 Option for selected cycle settings not set

Definitions: The option for the 810D Powerline for activation of the same current/speed/position controller/IPO

cycle time grid as with the 840D is not set. Without the option, only the set values of the 810D Standard

are permitted.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Buy option

- Set (current/speed controller) cycle times to 810D default values.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

8050 Option 'SPL inputs/outputs' not set.

Definitions: The number of PLC I/Os has not been set in the option date for Solution Line.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select area SI Basic or SI Comfort in the option date.

Switch control OFF - ON. Program

Continuation:

8051 Option 'Handwheel on PROFIBUS' not set

Definitions: The option to operate handwheels on PROFIBUS is not set.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Activate option 'Handwheel on PROFIBUS'

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

8080 %1 option(s) is/are activated without setting the license key

Parameters: %1 = Number of non-licensed options

Definitions: One or more options were activated but no license key was set to prove the purchase of the option(s).

Reaction: Alarm display

Remedy: Generate license key through the internet under http://www.siemens.com/automation/licence and

> enter it in the operating area "Start-up", function (HSK) "Licences". Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Program

8081

Continuation:

%1 option(s) is/are activated that are not licensed by the license key

%1 = Number of non-licensed options Parameters:

Definitions: One ore more options were activated, that are not licensed by the license key entered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Generate new license key through the internet under http://www.siemens.com/automation/licence

and enter it in the operating area "Start-up", function (HSK) "Licences".

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

A wrong license key was entered three times, Power On required before

next try.

Definitions: The license key was entered wrongly at least three times. Before the next input, a new power ON is

required.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Execute NCK Power On and enter the license key (correctly).

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

8088 'Selection of non-grinding-specific tools' option not possible

Definitions: The system version of the software only allows selection of grinding specific tools (i.e. tools of type

4xx).

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select a tool of type 4xx (grinding tool)

or install a standard version of the system software

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

8098 Invalid combination of options (%1)

Parameters: %1 = Bit mask of options

Definitions: The following restrictions apply to this module for the combination of options:

The option "Two-channel" and the options "External language", "Nibbling", "Neural quadrant error

compensation" and "Measurement level 2" exclude one another!

Bit0 (LSB): Nibbling
Bit1 : External language

Bit2 : Neural quadrant error compensation

Bit3 : Measurement level 2

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Set the options accordingly. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

8100 Channel %1 block %2: function not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: - Impossible due to embargo regulations:

- 1. Synchronous actions: Writing of feed, override and axial offsets (\$AA_VC, \$AC_VC, \$AA_OVR,

\$AA_VC and \$AA_OFF) from synchronous actions as well as Continuous Dressing can be

programmed only once in a block.

- 2. Extended measurement: 'Cyclic measurement' (MEAC) and 'Measurement from synchronous

action' is not possible.

- 3. Axis interpolation: The number of axes interpolating with one another must not exceed 4 (this also

includes synchronous coupling of axes via synchronous actions "DO POS[X]=\$A..." "DO

FA[X]=\$A...").

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Modify part program.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

Remedy:

8101 Option for collision avoidance is inadequate

Definitions: The option stage is inadequate for the desired function. Possible reasons:

1. More 3D protection zones have been created than is possible.

2. A protection zone type was requested that is not permitted.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: 1. Buy an adequate option stage.

2. Reduce the number of 3D protection zones.3. Avoid impermissible protection zone types.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

8120 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 generic coupling %4

required

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number %3 = Slave axis %4 = String

Definitions: The option stage is inadequate for the desired function. Possible reasons:

More couplings have been created than are permitted.

The number of permissible leading axes has been exceeded for one or more couplings.

The range of functions of one or more couplings has not been released.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Buy an adequate option stage.

Reduce the number of simultaneously active couplings.

Reduce the number of leading axes per coupling or only use the released range of functions.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

9000 Handwheel %1 failed
Parameters: %1 = Handwheel number
Definitions: PROFIBUS handwheel failed
Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Restore connection to PROFIBUS handwheel

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

9050 PROFIBUS I/O: Sign of life failure, logical slot / I/O area address %1

Parameters: %1 = Area address

Definitions: The sign of life of the slot / I/O area has failed. No data can currently be read from the PROFIBUS I/O

devices

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the communications link to the PROFIBUS I/O devices.

Program

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

9052 PROFIBUS I/O: Sign of life failure, logical slot / I/O area address %1

Parameters: %1 = Area address

Definitions: The sign of life of the slot / I/O area has failed. No data can currently be written to the PROFIBUS I/O

devices

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the communications link to the PROFIBUS I/O devices.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

10200 [up to SW 3.x] Channel %1 NC start with active alarm not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: An alarm is currently active, the internal reaction to which is to inhibit an NC start.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Find and eliminate the cause of the alarm.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10202 [up to SW 3.x] Channel %1 NC start not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: NC start is not accepted because, e.g.

- REORG is still active

- Delete distance-to-go is still active

- The system is waiting for another channel.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Press NC Start again.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

10203 Channel %1 NC start without reference point (action=%2<ALNX>)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: NC start has been activated in the MDI or AUTOMATIC mode and at least one axis that needs to be

referenced has not reached its reference point.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Via the channel-specific MD 20700:

REFP_NC_START_LOCK (NC Start without reference point) you can decide whether the axis must be referenced before NC Start or not. The start of referencing can be enabled channel-specific or axis-

specific.

Channel-specific reference point approach: The rising edge of the interface signal "activate referencing" (DB 21 - 28, DBX 1.0) starts an automatic sequence which starts the axes of the channel in the same sequence as specified in the axis-specific MD 34110 REFP_CYCLE_NR (axis sequence channel-specific referencing). 0: The axis does not participate in channel-specific referencing, but it must be referenced for NC Start, -1: The axis does not participate in channel-specific referencing, but it need not be referenced for NC Start, 1- 8: Starting sequence for the channel-specific referencing

(simultaneous start at the same no.), 1 - 31: CPU type

Axis-specific referencing: Press the direction key that corresponds to the approach direction in the axis-specific MD 34010 REFP_CAM_MDIR_IS_MINUS (reference point approach in minus direction).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10204 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1 general error

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: A general error has occurred in the channel.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: This message indicates an internal conflict with no further consequences.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

10205 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1 internal error in %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = String

Definitions: An internal error has occurred in the channel.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Press RESET.

Program Clear alarm

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10206 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1 general error in function generator

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: An error has occurred during activation/deactivation of the function generator.

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Press RESET.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

10207 Channel %1 error when selecting or deselecting the digitize function

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: An error has occurred on activating/deactivating the digitizing module; e.g. not in channel ready state,

already activated, etc.

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Press RESET.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

10208 Channel %1 continue program with NC start

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: After block search with calculation, the control is in the desired state. The program can now be started

with NC Start or the state can be changed for the time being with overstore/jog.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Press NC Start.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10209 Channel %1 internal NC stop after block search

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Internal alarm which only initiates the alarm response NC Stop.

The alarm is output in the following situations:

- If \$MN_SEARCH_RUN_MODE bit 0 ==1 and the last action block is loaded in the main run after block search. Alarm 10208 is then activated as a function of the VDI signal PLC -> NCK channel DRP4.6

DBB1.6.

- Search alarm 10208 has been suppressed by the PI service _N_FINDBL (third decade of the parameter supplied with "2"). Alarm 10209 is set as a function of whether or not a search ASUB has been configured (\$MN_SEARCHRUN_MODE bit 1) with the end of the search ASUB or the loading

of the last action block in the main run.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: NC-Start

Program Clear ala

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10220 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1 active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The internal command "delete NC blocks prepared by preprocessor and reorganize (REORG)" has

been requested for this channel. It is initiated, e.g. as a result of an overstore, but cannot be executed

in a running channel.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Stop the channel (NC Stop) and repeat the action. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

10221 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1 not stopped at end of block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The reorganization of NC blocks starting at the current block (REORG) is only possible at the end of

the block.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Stop the channel (NC Stop) and repeat the action. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

10222 Channel %1 inter-channel communication not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: This channel has received a negative acknowledgment from the inter-channel communication

because the destination channel number is not known, e.g.: START(x) or WAITE(x) but channel x has

not been initialized

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: This is an indication of possible discrepancies. The program continues if no acknowledgment is called

for.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

10223 Channel %1: Command %2 is already occupied

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Event name

Definitions: This channel has received a negative acknowledgment from the inter-channel communication

because this command is already active or has not yet been terminated, e.g.: INIT(x, "ncprog") but a

program select request is already active for channel x.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: This is an indication of possible discrepancies. The program continues if no acknowledgment is called

for.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

10224 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1: command denied

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The channel has received a command that cannot be executed, e.g.: activation of a program test in

automatic mode is only possible in the reset state.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Press RESET and activate the command again. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

10225 Channel %1: command denied

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The channel has received a command. The command cannot be executed.

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Press RESET.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

10226 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1: reset aborted

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: An error occurred during the reset, with the result that the sequence could not be continued.

Reaction: Mode group not ready. Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press RESET again.

Program Clear alarm with the

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

10227 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1: command aborted

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: An error occurred while a command was active, with the result that the sequence could not be

continued.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Activate the command again.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

10230 [up to SW 3.x only] Mode group %2 channel %1 program interruption

does not permit mode change

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Mode group number

Definitions: While in the "program interrupted" status (interface signal DB 21 - 28, DBX 35.3) - triggered by an NC

Stop followed by a mode change to JOG - it is only possible to change back to the previous mode

(AUTOMATIC or MDI).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: You can change the mode via the "program aborted" status (interface signal DB 21 - 28, DBX 35.4) -

triggered by a "reset".

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

10231 [up to SW 3.x only] Mode group %2 channel %1 program stop does not

permit mode change

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Mode group number

Definitions: While in the "program stopped" status (interface signal DB 21 - 28, DBX 35.2, triggered by an NC

Stop), it is only possible to change back to continuous program operation (by means of an NC Start).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: You can change the mode via the "program aborted" status (interface signal DB 21 - 28, DBX 35.4) -

triggered by a "reset".

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

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NCK alarms

10232 [up to SW 3.x only] Mode group %2 channel %1 does not permit mode

change

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Mode group number

Definitions: The change to the desired mode is not permitted. You can only perform the mode change in the "reset"

state.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: You can change the mode by pressing the Reset key and repeating the mode change.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

10240 [up to SW 3.x only] Mode group %2 channel %1 mode change not

possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Mode group number

Definitions: The mode change would cause the "reorganization" of the preprocessor buffer. This is not possible at

present, because a complex geometry section is being processed.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: You can change the mode by pressing the Reset key and repeating the mode change.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

10241 [up to SW 3.x only] Mode group %2 mode change in active channel %1

not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Mode group number

Definitions: The channel is not in the stopped state. Reorganization is therefore impossible.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Press NC Stop and perform the action again.
Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

10242 [up to SW 3.x only] Mode group %2 mode change in channel %1 not

possible at this time

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Mode group number

Definitions: The internal state of the indicated channel is not uniquely defined (e.g. in initialization mode or waiting

for an acknowledgement from the sequence control system).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: You can change the mode by pressing the Reset key and repeating the mode selection.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

10243 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1: mode group %2 cannot change mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Mode group number

Definitions: The requested mode change cannot be executed because NC functions are still running in the other

channel, e.g. part program execution.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: You can change the mode by pressing the Reset key and repeating the mode selection.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

10249 [up to SW 3.x only] Mode group %2 channel %1: mode change command

canceled

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Mode group number

Definitions: An error occurred while a mode change command was active, with the result that the sequence could

not be continued.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press RESET and select the mode again.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

Continuation:

10250 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1 reorganization of block processing not

possible at this time

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: REORG is not possible at present. Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: --

Program (

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

10251 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: REORG is not possible at present.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Press RESET.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

10252 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1 reorg sequence canceled

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Internal sequence error. REORG is not possible at present.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

v: Press RESET.

Remedy: Press RESET.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

10253 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1 reorg sequence canceled

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Internal sequence error. REORG is not possible at present.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Interface signals are set.

Remedy: Press RESET.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

10254

[up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1 reorg sequence canceled

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Interpreter output negative acknowledgement for REORG.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.
Press RESET.

Remedy: Press RES

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

10255 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1 reorg sequence canceled

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Internal sequence error. REORG is not possible at present.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Press RESET.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

10256

[up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1 reorg sequence canceled

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Internal sequence error. REORG is not possible at present - program abort.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm. Remedy: Press RESET.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

10257 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1 reorg sequence canceled

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Internal sequence error. REORG is not possible at present - program abort.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Press RESET.

Program Clear

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10258 [up to SW 3.x only] Mode group %2 channel %1: ID invalid or duplicated

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Mode group number

Definitions: An invalid channel/mode group assignment was detected on power-up.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check machine data ASSIGN_CHAN_TO_MODE_GROUP.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

Continuation:

10259 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: REORG is not possible at present.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: --

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

10260 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: REORG is not possible at present.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: --

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

10261 Channel %1 communication overload for block preparation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The internal communication between the NCK modules that evaluate the channel-specific VDI signals

 $({\sf START/STOP/RESET/DDTG/ASUBS/...}) \ and \ the \ block \ preparation \ are \ overloaded. \ The \ block$

preparation modules are not being allocated enough computing time.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: More processor time must be allocated to the block preparation modules. Machine data

\$MN_IPO_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO or \$MN_SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME can be increased for this

purpose.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

10299 Channel %1 Auto-Repos function is not enabled

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The Auto-Repos function (operating mode) was selected in the channel but is not implemented.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: This message is purely informational.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

10600 Channel %1 block %2 auxiliary function during thread cutting active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An auxiliary function output is programmed in a thread cutting block.

Reaction: Alarm display

Remedy: Consequential errors can occur if the machining path of the thread block is too short and further blocks

(thread blocks) follow in which no machining stop may occur.

Possible remedial measures:

- Program a longer path and/or a lower traversing rate.

- Output auxiliary function in another block (program section).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

10601 Channel %1 block %2 zero velocity at block end point during thread

cutting

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm occurs only when several blocks with G33 follow in succession. The block end velocity in

the specified block is zero although a further velocity block follows. The reasons for this can be, for

nstance

- G9

- Auxiliary function after motion

- Auxiliary function output before the motion of the following block

- Positioning axis in the block

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify the NC part program by removing

any programmed "Stop at end of block" G09.

Modify general machine data 11110 AUXFU_GROUP_SPEC [n] for selecting the output time of an auxiliary function group by changing "Auxiliary function output before/after the movement" to "Auxiliary function output before/after the movement output before/after the movement

function output during the movement".

Bit 5 = 1: Auxiliary function output before movement Bit 6 = 1: Auxiliary function output during movement Bit 7 = 1: Auxiliary function output after movement

Program Continuation Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

10602 Channel %1 block %2 velocity limitation during thread cutting

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the displayed thread block, the axis would exceed its maximum velocity when the spindle override

is in the maximum position.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Alarm display.

Remedy: If the axis velocity is not limited (faultless thread) no remedial measures are necessary. Otherwise, a

lower spindle speed must be programmed for the thread block.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

10604 Channel %1 block %2 thread lead increase too high

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The thread lead increase is causing an axis overload. A spindle override of 100% is assumed during

verification.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce the spindle speed, thread lead increase or path length in the NC program.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

10605 Channel %1 block %2 thread lead decrease too high

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The thread lead decrease is causing an axis standstill in the thread block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce the thread lead decrease or path length in the NC program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10607 Channel %1 block %2 thread with frame not executable

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The current frame is corrupting the reference between the thread length and the thread lead.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: - Perform thread cutting with G33, G34, G35 without a frame.

- Use G63 or G331/G332.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

10610 Channel %1 axis %2 not stopped

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An axis/spindle has been positioned over several NC blocks using the POSA/SPOSA instruction. The

programmed target position had not yet been reached ("exact stop fine" window) when the

axis/spindle was reprogrammed.

Example:

N100 POSA[U]=100

N125 X... Y... U...; e.g.: U axis still travels from N100!

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check and correct the part program (analyze whether motion beyond block boundaries is appropriate

here). Prevent block change by means of the keyword WAITP for axes or WAITS for spindles until the

positioning axes or positioning spindles have also reached their target position.

Example for axes: N100 POSA[U]=100

.

N125 WAITP[U] N130 X... Y... U...

Example for spindles: N100 SPOSA[2]=77

:

N125 WAITS(2) N130 M6

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10620 Channel %1 block %3 axis %2 at software limit switch %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label

%4 = String

Definitions: During the traversing motion, the system detected that the software limit switch would be crossed in

the direction indicated. During block preparation, it was not yet possible to detect that the traversing range would be exceeded: Either there has been a motion overlay by the handwheel or a coordinate

transformation is active.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Depending on the reason for this alarm being triggered, the following remedial measures should be

undertaken:

- Handwheel override: Cancel the motion overlay and avoid this or keep it smaller when the program

is repeated.

- Transformation: Check the preset/programmed zero offsets (current frame). If the values are correct, the tool holder (fixture) must be moved in order to avoid triggering the same alarm when the program

is repeated, which would again cause the program to be aborted.

Program Continuation:

10621 Channel %1 axis %2 rests on software limit switch %3

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = String

Definitions: The specified axis is already stationary at the displayed software limit.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Machine data 36110

POS_LIMIT_PLUS/36130 POS_LIMIT_PLUS2 and 36100 POS_LIMIT_MINUS/36120

 $\label{eq:pos_limit} \mbox{POS_LIMIT_MINUS2} \ \mbox{must} \ \mbox{be} \ \mbox{checked} \ \mbox{for the software limit} \ \mbox{switches}.$

Shut down in JOG mode from the software limit switch. Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Machine data:

Check the axis-specific interface signals: "2. "2nd software limit switch plus" (DB 31 - 61, DBX 12.3) or "2nd software limit switch minus" (DB 31 - 61, DBX 12.2) check whether the 2nd software limit

switch is selected.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

10630 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 at working area limit %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis, spindle number %4 = String (+ or -)

Definitions: The specified axis violates the working area limitation. This is recognized only in the main run either

because the minimum axis values could not be measured before the transformation or because there

is a motion overlay.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Program other motion or do not perform overlaid motion. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

10631 Channel %1 axis %2 rests at working area limit %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Axis, spindle %3 = String (+ or -)

Definitions: The specified axis reaches the working area limitation in JOG mode.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Setting data: Check 43420 WORKAREA_LIMIT_PLUS and 43430 WORKAREA_LIMIT_MINUS for

the working area limitation.

Program Continuation: Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

10632 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 reaches the coordinate system-specific

working area limit %4

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis, spindle number %4 = String (+ or -)

Definitions: The specified axis violates the coordinate system-specific working area limitation. This is not detected

until the main run, either because the minimum axis values could not be determined before the

transformation or because there is an overlaid movement.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Program other motion or do not perform overlaid motion. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

10633 Channel %1 axis %2 is at coordinate system-specific working area limit

%3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis, spindle %3 = String (+ or -)

Definitions: The specified axis reaches the coordinate system-specific working area limitation in JOG mode.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the system parameter \$P_WORKAREA_CS_xx for the coordinate system-specific working

area limitation.

Program Continuation: Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

10640 [up to SW 3.x only] Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 cannot stop during

gear change

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Spindle number %3 = Block number, label

Definitions: The spindle is in the oscillating mode for a gear change and is waiting for the PLC acknowledgement

> stating that the gear change has taken place (interface signal: Gear has changed DB 31 - 48, DBX 16.3). During this phase spindle stop is not possible, initiated by Reset (DB 21 - 28, DBX 7.7) or NC

Stop axes plus spindle (DB 21 - 28, DBX 7.4).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: No remedial measures are necessary. The spindle-specific interface signal Spindle reset (DB 31 - 48,

DBX 2.2) cancels the oscillation mode.

Program

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

10650 Channel %1 axis %2 incorrect gantry machine data, error code %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis %3 = Error no.

Definitions: An incorrect value was entered in the gantry-specific axial machine data. Further information can be

derived from the error number.

- Error no. = 1 => either an incorrect gantry unit has been entered or the designation of the following

axis is incorrect.

- Error no. = 2 => master axis has been specified more than once.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Correct the machine data:

MD 37100 GANTRY_AXIS_TYPE

0: No gantry axis 1: Master axis grouping 1 11: Slave axis grouping 1 2: Master axis grouping 2 12:

Slave axis grouping 2 3: Master axis grouping 3 13: Slave axis grouping 3

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

10651 Channel %1 gantry configuration error. Error code %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Reason

Definitions: The gantry configuration set in the machine data is erroneous. Gantry unit and reason for objection

can be found in the transfer parameter.
The transfer parameter is made up as follows.
- %2 = error designation + gantry unit (XX).
- %2 = 10XX => no master axis declared

- %2 = 20XX => no slave axis declared

- %2 = 30XX => different contents in MD 30550 slave axis and master axis - %2 = 40XX => different channel or NCU assignment of the gantry axes

- %2 = 50XX => no slave axis declared in this channel

- 2% = 60XX => different channel assignment of the master axis

- %2 = 10000 => error: slave axis is geometry axis

- %2 = 11000 => error: competing positioning axis as slave axis

- %2 = 12000 => error: compile cycle axis as slave axis

- %2 = 13000 => error: gantry axis is spindle - %2 = 14000 => error: gantry axis is Hirth geared

e.g. error code 1001 = no master axis declared, gantry unit 1.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Correct the machine data:

MD 37100 GANTRY_AXIS_TYPE

0: No gantry axis1: Master axis grouping 111: Slave axis grouping 1

2: Master axis grouping 2 12: Slave axis grouping 2 3: Master axis grouping 3

13: Slave axis grouping 3

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

10652 Channel %1 axis %2 gantry warning threshold exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis

Definitions: The gantry following axis has exceeded the warning limit specified in MD 37110

GANTRY_POS_TOL_WARNING.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

1. Check axis (uneven mechanical movement?)

2. MD not set correctly (MD 37110 GANTRY_POS_TOL_WARNING). Changes to this MD take effect

after a RESET.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

10653 Channel %1 axis %2 gantry error threshold exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis

Definitions: The gantry following axis has exceeded the error limit (actual value tolerance) specified in MD 37120

GANTRY_POS_TOL_ERROR.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

1. Check axis (uneven mechanical movement?)

2. MD not set correctly (MD 37120 GANTRY_POS_TOL_ERROR). A POWER ON is necessary after

modifying the MD.

If the axes are not yet referenced, MD GANTRY_POS_TOL_REF is the trigger condition for the error

message.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10654 Channel %1 waiting for synchronization start of gantry group %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Gantry unit

Definitions: Alarm message appears when the axes are ready for synchronization. The gantry unit can now be

synchronized. The actual value difference between master and slave axis is greater than the gantry warning threshold MD 37110 GANTRY_POS_TOL_WARNING. The synchronization must be started

again explicitly with the start gantry synchronization interface signal (DB31-48, DBX 29.4).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. See Description of Functions (Special

Functions), G1 Gantry Axis

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

10655 Channel %1 synchronization of gantry group %2 in progress

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Gantry unit

Definitions: No further explanation.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: --

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

10656 Channel %1 axis %2 gantry slave axis dynamically overloaded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis

Definitions: The indicated gantry slave axis is dynamically overloaded, i.e. the slave axis cannot follow the master

axis dynamically

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Local alarm reaction. Channel not ready. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Compare the axial machine data of the

gantry slave axis with the data of the gantry master axis

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

10657 Channel %1 axis %2 power OFF in the gantry error limit exceeded status

Parameters:
%1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis

Definitions: Gantry error limit exceeded status (alarm 10653) has been switched off.

The error can only be removed by deleting MD GANTRY_ACT_POS_TOL_ERROR or by

deactivating the extended monitoring (MD GANTRY_FUNCTION_MASK Bit0).

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform authorized personnel / the service department.

1. Remove a mechanical misalignment

2. Check axis (uneven mechanical movement?)

3. Delete MD GANTRY_ACT_POS_TOL_ERROR or deactivate the extended monitoring

 MD 37120 GANTRY_POS_TOL_ERROR is set incorrectly If the MD is changed, a power ON will be required.

Program

Continuation:

NCK alarms

10658 Channel %1 axis %2 impermissible axis status.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Error ID and gantry unit.

Definitions: %2 error ID and gantry unit

- %2 = 30XX => gantry group cannot be closed, as not all gantry axes

are available in one channel.

- %2 = 40XX => gantry group cannot be closed, as the gantry axes

have different axis states; the axis is assigned to the PLC, for example. - %2 = 50XX => gantry group is to change the channel due to a PLC request;

not all gantry axes are known in the new channel.

- %2 = 60XX => gantry group is to be transferred to channel due to an NC program request,

but the channel does not know all the gantry axes.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Error ID:

- %2 = 30XX => assign all gantry axes to the current channel, for example via axis change.

- %2 = 40XX => set all axes of the gantry group to the same axis state,

for example assign all axes to the NC program, or assign all axes to the PLC.

- %2 = 50XX => make all gantry axes known to the required channel.
- %2 = 60XX => make all gantry axes known to the required channel.

:end

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10700 Channel %1 block %2 NCK protection zone %3 violated during automatic

or MDI mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

%3 = Protection zone number

Definitions: The workpiece-related NCK protection zone has been violated. Note that another tool-related

protection zone is still active. The workpiece-related protected area can be traversed after a new NC $\,$

Start.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Protection zone can be traversed after a new NC Start.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10701 Channel %1 block %2 channel-specific protection zone %3 violated

during automatic or MDI mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

%3 = Protection zone number

Definitions: The workpiece-related channel-specific protection zone has been violated. Note that another tool-

related protection zone is still active. The workpiece-related protected area can be traversed after a

new NC Start.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Protection zone can be traversed after a new NC Start.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

10702 Channel %1 NCK protection zone %2 violated during manual mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Protection zone number

Definitions: The workpiece-related NCK protection zone has been violated. Note that another tool-related

protection zone is still active. The workpiece-related protected area can be traversed after a new NC

Start

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Protection zone can be traversed after a new NC Start.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

10703 Channel %1 channel-specific protection zone %2 violated during manual

mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Protection zone number

Definitions: The workpiece-related channel-specific protection zone has been violated. Note that another tool-

related protection zone is still active. The workpiece-related protected area can be traversed after a

new NC Start.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Protection zone can be traversed after a new NC Start.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

10704 Channel %1 block %2 protection zone monitoring is not guaranteed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: New movements of a geometry axis which have been added could not be allowed for at the time of

block preparation. It is therefore not certain that the protection zones will not be violated. This is just

a warning message without further reactions.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Take other measures to ensure that the geomotry axes motion, including the additional motion, does

not violate the protection zones. (The warning comes nevertheless) or exclude additional motions.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

10706 Channel %1 NCK protection zone %2 reached with axis %3 during

manual mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Protection zone number

%3 = Axis name

Definitions: The workpiece-related NCK protection zone has been reached with the specified axis. Note that

another tool-related protection zone is still active. The workpiece-related protection zone can be

traversed when the PLC has issued an enable signal.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Protection zone can be traversed after

enable signal from PLC.

Program

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

NCK alarms

10707 Channel %1 channel-specific protection zone %2 reached with axis %3

during manual mode

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Protection zone number

%3 = Axis name

Definitions: The workpiece-related channel-specific protection zone has been reached with the specified axis.

Note that another tool-related protection zone is still active. The workpiece-related protection zone can

be traversed when the PLC has issued an enable signal.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Protection zone can be traversed after

enable signal from PLC.

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Program Continuation:

10710 Channel %1 block %2 conflict with centerless grinding

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Spindle number

Definitions: Centerless grinding is active and a block has been processed that satisfies at least one of the following

- G96 active and regulating spindle is master spindle.

- Regulating spindle is in interdependent grouping.

- Axes of centerless transformation overlap with an active transformation and a tool is active.

- Constant wheel peripheral speed for the regulating spindle is active.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10720 Channel %1 block %3 axis %2 software limit switch %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label %4 = String (+ or -)

Definitions:

The path programmed for the axis violates the currently valid software limit switch. The alarm is

activated when preparing the part program block.

If bit 11=0 in the machine data \$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK, this alarm is issued instead of alarm 10722. If bit 11 is set in the machine data \$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK, an expanded diagnostics option is offered for the software limit switch violation. The condition for activation is the presence of

the ALUN* alarm file in the HMI.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check and correct positions in the NC program.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Machine data: 36100 POS_LIMIT_MINUS/36120 POS_LIMIT_MINUS2 and 36110

POS_LIMIT_PLUS/36130 POS_LIMIT_PLUS2 must be checked for the software limit switches. Check the axis-specific interface signals: "2nd software limit switch plus/minus" (DB 31 -61, DBX 12.2

and 12.3) to see whether the 2nd software limit switch is selected.

Check currently active work offsets via the current frame.

Work offsets, overlaid movements (\$AA_OFF), DRF and transformations components must also be

checked

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10721 Channel %1 block %3 axis %2 software limit switch %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label %4 = String (+ or -)

Definitions: The motion planned for the axis violates the currently valid software limit switch.

The alarm is activated during the preparation of approach or rest blocks for REPOS.

This alarm is issued instead of alarm 10723 if bit11=0 in machine data

\$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK. If bit11 is set in this machine data \$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK, an expanded diagnostics option is offered for the software limit switch violation. The condition for activation is the presence of the ALUN* alarm file in the HMI. See also the diagnostics guide for alarm

10723.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Determine the cause of the offset from the initial or target position. The REPOS command is executed

at the end of an ASUB or system ASUB. See also cross reference from ASUBs.

Check the axis-specific interface signals "2nd software limit switch plus/minus" (DB31-61, DBX 12.2

or 12.3) to see whether the 2nd software limit switch is selected. Check the currently active work offset via the current frame.

Also check the external work offsets, overlaid movements (\$AA_OFF), DRF and transformation

components.

Cancel the NC program with NC reset.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

10722 Channel %1 block %5 axis %2 software limit switch %6 violated, residual

distance: %7 %3<ALUN> violated

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Unit of distance

%4 = Block number, label|number+string(+/-)|residual distance

Definitions: The path programmed for the axis violates the currently valid software limit switch. The alarm is

activated when preparing the part program block.

This alarm is issued instead of alarm 10720 if bit 11=1 in the machine data

\$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK. Alarm 10722 offers an expanded diagnostics option for the software limit switch violation. The condition for activation is the presence of the ALUN* alarm file in the HMI.

See also diagnostics guide for alarm 10720.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check and correct positions in the NC program.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Machine data: 36100 POS_LIMIT_MINUS/36120 POS_LIMIT_MINUS2 and 36110

POS_LIMIT_PLUS/36130 POS_LIMIT_PLUS2 must be checked for the software limit switches. Check the axis-specific interface signals: "2nd software limit switch plus/minus" (DB 31 -61, DBX 12.2

and 12.3) to see whether the 2nd software limit switch is selected.

Check currently active work offsets via the current frame.

Work offsets, overlaid movements (\$AA_OFF), DRF and transformations components must also be

checked.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10723 Channel %1 block %5 axis %2 software limit switch %6 violated, residual

distance: %7 %3<ALUN>

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Unit of distance

%4 = Block number, label|number+string(+/-)|residual distance

Definitions: The motion planned for the axis violates the currently active software limit switch.

The alarm is activated during the preparation of approach or rest blocks for REPOS.

This alarm is issued instead of alarm 10721 if bit11=1 in machine data

\$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK. Alarm 10723 offers an expanded diagnostics option for the software limit switch violation. The condition for activation is the presence of the ALUN* alarm file in the HMI.

See also the Diagnostics Guide for alarm 10721.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Determine the cause of the offset from the initial or target position. The REPOS command is executed

at the end of an ASUB or system ASUB. See also cross reference from ASUBs.

Please inform the authorized Personnel/Service.

Check the machine data: 36100 POS_LIMIT_MINUS / 36120 POS_LIMIT_MINUS2 and 36110

 ${\tt POS_LIMIT_PLUS\,/\,36130\,POS_LIMIT_PLUS2} \ for \ the \ software \ limit \ switch.$

Check the axis-specific interface signals "2nd software limit switch plus/minus" (DB31-61, DBX 12.2

and 12.3) to see whether the 2nd software limit switch is selected. Check the currently active work offset via the current frame.

Also check the external work offsets, overlaid movements (\$AA_OFF), DRF and transformation

components.

Cancel the NC program with NC reset.

Program Continuation:

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NCK alarms

10730 Channel %1 block %3 axis %2 working area limitation %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label %4 = String (+ or -)

Definitions: This alarm is generated if it is determined during block preparation that the programmed path of the

axis violates the working area limitation.

If bit 11=0 in machine data \$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK, this alarm is issued instead of alarm 10732. If bit 11 is set in machine data \$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK, an expanded diagnostics option is offered for the software limit switch violation. The condition for activation is the presence of

the ALUN* alarm file in the HMI.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: a) Check NC program for correct positional data and, if necessary, make corrections.

b) Check zero offsets (current frame)

c) Correct working area limitation via G25/G26, ord) Correct working area limitation via setting data, or

e) Deactivate working area limitation via setting data 43410 WORKAREA_MINUS_ENABLE=FALSE

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10731 Channel %1 block %3 axis %2 working area limitation %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label %4 = String (+ or -)

Definitions: The motion planned for the axis violates the currently active working area limit.

The alarm is activated during the preparation of approach or rest blocks for REPOS. This alarm is issued instead of alarm10733 if bit11 is not set in machine data

\$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Determine the cause of the offset from the initial or target position. The REPOS command is executed

at the end of an ASUB or system ASUB. See also cross reference from ASUBs.

Check the currently active work offset via the current frame.

Also check the external work offsets, overlaid movements (\$AA_OFF), DRF and transformation

components.

Cancel NC program with NC reset.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

10732 Channel %1 block %5 axis %2 working area limitation violated, residual

distance: %6 %3<ALUN>

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Unit of distance

%4 = Block number, label|residual distance

Definitions: This alarm is generated if it is determined during block preparation that the programmed path of the

stated axis violates the working area limitation.

This alarm is issued instead of alarm 10730 if bit 11=1 in machine data

\$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK. Alarm 10732 offers an expanded diagnostics option for the working area limitation violation. The condition for activation is the presence of the ALUN* alarm file in the HMI.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: a) Check NC program for correct positional data and, if necessary, make corrections.

b) Check zero offsets (current frame)

c) Correct working area limitation via G25/G26, ord) Correct working area limitation via setting data, or

e) Deactivate working area limitation via setting data 43410 WORKAREA_MINUS_ENABLE=FALSE

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10733 Channel %1 block %5 axis %2 working area limitation violated, residual

distance: %6 %3<ALUN>

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Unit of distance

%4 = Block number, label|residual distance

Definitions: The motion planned for the axis violates the currently active working area limitation.

The alarm is activated during the preparation of approach or rest blocks for REPOS.

This alarm is issued instead of alarm 10731 if bit11=1 in machine data

\$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK. Alarm 10733 offers an expanded diagnostics option for the working area limitation violation. The condition for activation is the presence of the ALUN* alarm file in the HMI.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Determine the cause of the offset from the initial or target position. The REPOS command is executed

at the end of an ASUB or system ASUB. See also cross reference from ASUBs.

Check the currently active work offset via the current frame.

Also check the external work offsets, overlaid movements (\$AA_OFF), DRF and transformation

components.

Cancel NC program with NC reset.

Program Continuation:

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

10735 Channel %1 block %5 axis %2 coordinate system-specific working area

limitation violated, residual distance: %6 %3<ALUN>

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Unit of distance

%4 = Block number, label|residual distance

Definitions: This alarm is generated if it is determined during block preparation that the programmed path of the

stated axis violates the coordinate system-specific working area limitation.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: a) Check NC program for correct positional data and, if necessary, make corrections.

b) Check work offsets (current frame)

c) Correct the working area limitation with WALCS1 ... WALCS9, or

d) Correct the working area limitation in \$P_WORKAREA_CS_LIMIT_PLUS or

\$P_WORKAREA_CS_LIMIT_MINUS, or

e) Deactivate the working area limitation with \$P_WORKAREA_CS_MINUS_ENABLE =FALSE or

\$P_WORKAREA_CS_PLUS_ENABLE.

In cases d) and e), then reactivate the group of the selected coordinate system-specific working area

limitation

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10736 Channel %1 block %5 axis %2 coordinate system-specific working area

limitation violated, residual distance: %6 %3<ALUN>

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Unit of distance

%4 = Block number, label|residual distance

Definitions: This alarm is generated if it is determined during block preparation that the programmed path of the

stated axis violates the coordinate system-specific working area limitation.

The alarm is activated during the preparation of approach or residual blocks for REPOS.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Determine the cause of the offset from the initial or target position. The REPOS command is executed

at the end of an ASUB or system ASUB. See also cross reference from ASUBs.

Check the currently active work offset via the current frame.

Also check the external work offsets, overlaid movements (\$AA_OFF), DRF and transformation

components.

Cancel NC program with NC reset.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

10740 Channel %1 block %2 too many empty blocks in WAB programming

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: It is not allowed to program more blocks than specified by machine data

MC_WAB_MAXNUM_DUMMY_BLOCKS between the WAB block and the block determining the

approach and retraction tangent.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10741 Channel %1 block %2 direction reversal with WAB infeed motion

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A safety distance which has been programmed is located perpendicular to the machining plane and

not between the start and end point of the WAB contour.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10742 Channel %1 block %2 WAB distance invalid or not programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Possible causes:

- In a WAB block, the parameter DISR has not been specified or its value is less than or equal to 0.

- During approach or retraction with circle and active tool radius, the radius of the internally generated - WAB contour is negative. The internally generated WAB contour is a circle with a radius which, when

offset with the current offset radius (sum of tool radius and offset value OFFN), yields the tool center point path with the programmed radius DISR.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NO

Continuation:

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

10743 Channel %1 block %2 WAB programmed several times

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An attempt has been made to activate a WAB motion before a previously activated WAB motion was

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10744 Channel %1 block %2 no valid WAB direction defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The tangent direction for smooth approach or retraction is not defined.

- In the program, no block with travel information follows the approach block.

- Before a retraction block, no block with travel information has been programmed in a program.

- The tangent to be used for WAB motion is vertical to the current machining plane.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10745 Channel %1 block %2 WAB end position not clear

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the WAB block and in the following block, the position has been programmed perpendicular to the

machining direction. In the WAB block, no position has been indicated in the machining plane.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Modify part program. Either remove the position data for the infeed axis from the WAB block or the Remedy:

following block, or program a position in the machining plane in the WAB block as well.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

10746 Channel %1 block %2 block search stop for WAB

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A block search stop has been inserted between a WAB approach block and the following block

defining the tangent direction or between a WAB approach block and the following block defining the

end position.

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10747 Channel %1 block %2 retraction direction not defined for WAB

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In a WAB retraction block with quarter circle or semi-circle (G248 or G348), the end point in the

machining plane was not programmed, and either G143 or G140 without tool radius compensation is

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program. The following changes are possible:

- Indicate end point in the machining plane in the WAB block.

- Activate tool radius compensation (effective for G140 only, not for G143).

- State retraction side explicitly with G141 or G142.

- Perform retraction with a straight line instead of a circle.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10748 Channel %1 block %2 illegal retract plane with WAB

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: By means of DISRP a position of the retraction plane has been programmed which is not situated

between the safety distance (DISCL) and the starting point (during approach) and/or end point (during

retraction) of the WAB movement.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program

Program

Continuation:

10750 Channel %1 block %2 tool radius compensation activated without tool

number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A tool T... must be selected so that the control can make allowance for the associated compensation

values.

A correction data block (D1) containing the correction values (parameter P1 - P25) is automatically assigned to each tool (T number). Up to 9 correction data blocks can be assigned to a tool by

specifying the required data block with the D number (D1 - D9).

The cutter radius compensation (CRC) is allowed for if function G41 or G42 is programmed. The correction values are contained in parameter P6 (geometry value) and P15 (wear value) of the active

correction data block Dx.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Before calling the CRC with G41/G42, program a tool number under the address T...

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10751 Channel %1 block %2 danger of collision due to tool radius

compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The "Bottleneck detection" (calculation of intersection for the following compensated traversing

blocks) has not been able to calculate a point of intersection for the reviewed number of traversing blocks. It is therefore possible that one of the equidistant paths violates the workpiece contour.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the part program and modify the

programming if possible such that inside corners with smaller paths than the correction value are avoided. (Outside corners are not critical because the equidistants are lengthened or intermediate

blocks are inserted so that there is always a point of intersection).

Increase the number of reviewed traversing blocks via machine data 20240

CUTCOM_MAXNUM_CHECK_BLOCKS (default: 3), resulting in an increase in the extent of

calculation and therefore also the block cycle time.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

10752 Channel %1 block %2 overflow of local block buffer with tool radius

compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The cutter radius compensation must buffer a variable number of intermediate blocks in order to

enable calculation of the equidistant tool path for each NC block. The size of the buffer cannot be determined by simple means. It depends on the number of blocks without traversing information in the compensation plane, the number of contour elements to be inserted and the shape of the curvature

in spline and polynomial interpolation.

The size of the buffer is fixed by the system and cannot be changed via the MDs.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Reduce the size of the buffer that has

been assigned by modifying the NC program. By avoiding:
- Blocks without traversing information in the compensation plane

- Blocks with contour elements having a variable curvature (e.g. ellipses) and with curvature radii that are smaller than the compensation radius. (Such blocks are divided up into several subblocks).

Reduce the number of reviewed blocks for collision monitoring (MD 20240

CUTCOM_MAXNUM_CHECK_BLOCKS).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10753 Channel %1 block %2 selection of the tool radius compensation only

possible in linear block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Selection of cutter radius compensation with G41/G42 may only be performed in blocks where the G

function G00 (rapid traverse) or G01 (feed) is active.

In the block with G41/G42, at least one axis in the plane G17 to G19 must be written. It is always advisable to write both axes because, as a rule, both axes are traversed when selecting the

compensation.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Correct the NC program and put the compensation selection in a block with linear interpolation.

Program Continuation:

10754 Channel %1 block %2 deselection of the tool radius compensation only

possible in linear block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Deselection of cutter radius compensation with G40 can only be performed in blocks where the G

function G00 (rapid traverse) or G01 (feed) is active.

In the block with G40, at least one axis in the plane G17 to G19 must be written. It is always advisable to write both axes because, as a rule, both axes are traversed when deselecting the compensation.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Correct the NC program and put the compensation selection in a block with linear interpolation.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10755 Channel %1 block %2 selection of the tool radius compensation via

KONT not possible at the current starting point

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When activating the cutter radius compensation with KONT the starting point of the approach block is

within the compensation circle and therefore already violates the contour.

If the cutter radius compensation is selected with G41/G42, the approach behavior (NORM or KONT) determines the compensation movement if the present actual position is behind the contour. With KONT, a circle is drawn with the cutter radius around the programmed initial point (= end point of the approach block). The tangent that passes through the current actual position and does not violate the

contour is the approach movement.

If the start point is within the compensation circle around the target point, no tangent passes through

this point.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Place selection of the CRC such that the starting point of the approach movements comes to rest

outside of the correction circle around the target point (programmed traversing movements >

compensation radius). The following possibilities are available:

- Selection in the previous block

- Insert intermediate block

- Select approach behavior NORM

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

10756 Channel %1 block %2 deselection of the tool radius compensation via

KONT not possible at the programmed end point

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: On deselection of the cutter radius compensation, the programmed end point is within the

compensation circle. If this point were in fact to be approached without compensation, there would be

a contour violation.

If the cutter radius compensation is deselected via G40, the approach behavior (NORM or KONT) determines the compensation movement if the programmed end point is behind the contour. With KONT, a circle is drawn with the cutter radius about the last point at which the compensation is still active. The tangent passing through the programmed end position and not violating the contour is the retraction movement.

If the start point is within the compensation circle around the target point, no tangent passes through

this point.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Place deselection of the CRC such that the programmed end point comes to rest outside the

compensation circle around the last active compensation point. The following possibilities are

available:

Deselection in the next blockInsert intermediate blockSelect retract behavior NORM

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10757 Channel %1 block %2 changing the compensation plane while tool

radius compensation is active not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In order to change the compensation plane (G17, G18 or G19) it is first necessary to deselect the

cutter radius compensation with G40.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Insert an intermediate block in the part program using the correction deselection. After the plane

 $change, the \ cutter \ radius \ compensation \ is \ to \ be \ selected \ in \ an \ approach \ block \ with \ linear \ interpolation.$

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10758 Channel %1 block %2 curvature radius with variable compensation value

too small

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The current cutter radius compensation (the cutter used) is too large for the programmed path radius.

In a block with variable tool radius compensation, a compensation must be possible either anywhere or nowhere on the contour with the smallest and the largest compensation value from the programmed range. There must be no point on the contour in which the curvature radius is within the variable

compensation range.

If the compensation value varies its sign within a block, both sides of the contour are checked,

otherwise only the compensation side.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Use smaller cutters or allow for a part of the cutter radius at the time of contour programming.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10759 Channel %1 block %2 path is parallel to tool orientation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In a block with spline or polynomial interpolation, the corrected path runs in at least one point parallel

to the tool orientation, i.e. the path has a tangent perpendicular to the compensation plane. Straight lines running parallel to the tool orientation are permissible, as well as circles, with a circle plane that is perpendicular to the compensation plane (application in smooth retraction from a groove).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Do not use splines or polynomials when writing the contour section, but straight lines and circles

instead. Divide up the tool piece geometry and deselect the cutter radius compensation between the

various sections.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10760 Channel %1 block %2 helical axis is not parallel to tool orientation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With active tool radius compensation a helix is only permissible if the helix axis is parallel to the tool,

i.e. the circle plane and the compensation plane must be identical.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Orient helix axis perpendicular to the machining plane.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

10761 Channel %1 block %2 tool radius compensation for ellipse with more

than one revolution not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When machining the inside of an ellipse, in parts of the ellipse the curvature radii are greater than or

smaller than the cutter radius compensation.

In ellipses, in this case the block would be split up into 4 subblocks with curvature radii that are greater than and less than the compensation radius. Over several revolutions, there would be a tremendous increase in the amount of calculation required by the unlimited number of resulting subblocks, and

therefore this situation is rejected by the error message.

If compensation is possible everywhere or nowhere on the ellipse, then ellipses are also permissible

that cover more than one full revolution.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Use cutter with smaller radius or program motion block on blocks with no more than one revolution.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10762 Channel %1 block %2 too many empty blocks between two traversing

blocks with active tool radius compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The maximum permissible number of empty blocks is limited by a machine data.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: - Modify part program

- Modify machine data

- Check whether SBL2 is activated. With SBL2, a block is generated from each part program line which can lead to exceeding the maximum permissible number of empty blocks between two traversing

blocks.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10763 Channel %1 block %2 path component of the block in the compensation plane becomes zero

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Due to the collision monitoring with active tool radius compensation, the path component of the block

in the compensation plane becomes zero. If the original block contains no motion information

perpendicular to the compensation plane, it means that this block is excluded.

The alarm can be suppressed with machine date 11410 SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK Bit1 = 1.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: - The behavior is correct at narrow locations that cannot be machined with the active tool.

Modify the part program if necessary.Use tool with smaller radius if necessary.

- Program CDOF/CDOF2.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

10764 Channel %1 block %2 discontinuous path with active tool radius

compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm occurs when, with active tool radius compensation, the starting point used for calculating

the compensation is not identical to the end point of the preceding block. This situation can occur, for example, when a geometry axis is traversed between two positions as a positioning axis or when, with an active kinematic transformation (e.g. 5-axis transformation) the tool length compensation is altered.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10765 Channel %1 block %2 3D tool radius compensation not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm occurs when an attempt is made to activate the 3D tool radius compensation even though

the option required for this is not fitted in the control.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Use another software version. The option cannot be activated by altering machine data because the

necessary code is not physically available.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10766 Channel %1 illegal change of surface orientation between block %2 and

block %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm occurs with 3D face milling when, at the time of block transition, the surface defined in the

first block is continued in the second block with the rear side of the surface defined there. The block

number in the alarm designates the second block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC

Continuation:

NCK alarms

10767 Channel %1 block %2 processing with tilt angle unequal 0 not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When face milling with a torus milling cutter, the tilt angle must be 0 if the surface normal vector and

the tool orientation include an angle that is less than the limiting angle given by the machine data 21082 CUTCOM_PLANE_ORI_LIMIT, i.e. in this case only the lead angle may be unequal to 0.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program. If necessary, use another tool (ball end mill). **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10768 Channel %1 block %2 illegal tool orientation with 3D tool radius

compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm can occur with 3D face milling: The angle between the surface normal vector of the surface

to be machined and the extremal surface normal vector of the tool surface is smaller than the limit value given by the machine data 21080 CUTCOM_PARALLEL_ORI_LIMIT, or the tool is oriented such that machining would have to be performed from the rear side of the surface. In this case, the extremal surface normal vector is the vector whose direction deviates most from the direction in the

tool point (i.e. parallel to the tool longitudinal axis).

With cylindrical tools or tools which end in a cylindrical part (e.g. the standard torus milling cutter), this vector is positioned perpendicular to the tool vector. For this type of tool, the alarm indicates that the angle between the tool longitudinal axis of, for example a side line of the cylinder, and the surface to be machined is smaller than the minimum permissible value. With tools whose (valid) surface ends in a conical part instead of a cylindrical part (e.g. a beveled cutter or a torus milling cutter where the torus is defined to be smaller than 90 degrees), this alarm indicates that the angle between a side line of

the taper and the surface to be machined is smaller than the minimum permissible value.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program. If necessary, use another tool.

Program Cle Continuation:

10769 Channel %1 block %2 Illegal surface normal vector with 3D tool radius

compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In 3D face milling, surface normal vector and path tangent vector must theoretically be perpendicular

to one another, i.e. they must be at 90° to one another. Since both vectors can be programmed independently of each other, deviations from this angle are possible and allowed. This alarm is generated when the angle between surface normal vector and path tangent vector becomes less than

the limit angle given by the machine data 21084 CUTCOM_PLANE_PATH_LIMIT.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Modify part programs

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10770 Channel %1 block %2 change of corner type due to change of orientation

with active tool radius compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The type of a corner (inside or outside corner) depends not only on the programmed path but also on

the tool orientation. For this purpose, the programmed path is projected in the plane perpendicularly to the actual tool orientation and the corner type is determined there. If a change in orientation is programmed (in one or several blocks) between two traversing blocks, resulting in the type of corner at the end of the first traversing block being different from that at the start point of the second block,

the above error message is issued.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10771 Channel %1 block %2 overflow of local block buffer due to orientation

smoothing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This error occurs when more blocks must be buffered than memory space is available.

This error can only occur when the software has been incorrectly configured.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Increase size of local buffer area.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

10772 Channel %1 block %2 illegal orientation change when activating or

deactivating 3D face cutting

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In face milling, no intermediate blocks with pure orientation change are allowed between the activation

block and the first correction block or between the last correction block and the deactivation block (3D

tool radius compensation).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10773 Channel %1 illegal tool orientation in block %2 at inside corner with

block %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Block number, label

Definitions: On inside corners, the path of the traversing blocks concerned is reduced but the orientation change

originally programmed in the block is retained and is now carried out in synchronism with the shortened path. Because of the ensuing changed relationship between path tangent, surface normal and tool orientation, singular points or points with impermissible side angle can occur in 3D face

milling. This is not allowed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10774 Channel %1 illegal tool dimensions with face cutting in block %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm occurs when illegal tool dimensions are programmed for face milling, e.g. negative tool

radius, rounding radius zero or negative for tool types that require a rounding radius, taper angle zero

or negative for tapered tools.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

10775 Channel %1 illegal tool change with face cutting in block %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm occurs when a tool change has been programmed while 3D tool radius compensation is

active with the result that the tool type changes or, if the tool type remains unchanged, at least one relevant tool dimension has changed as compared with the deselected tool. Depending on the tool type, relevant tool dimensions can be the tool diameter, the rounding radius or the taper angle.

Changes to the tool length are allowed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10776 Channel %1 block%2 axis %3 must be geometry axis if tool radius

compensation is active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name

Definitions: This alarm occurs when an axis that is required for tool radius compensation is not a geometry axis.

With CUT2DF, the axis can be a positioning axis perpendicular to the machining plane; with all other types of compensation (CUT2DF, CUT3DC, CUT3DF, CUT3DF), all geometry axes must be

operated as such.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

On selection of G41/42, the axes involved must be known as GEOAX in the channel. It is possible by

programming GEOAX() or G91 G0 X0 Y0 in the block prior to G41/42.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10777 Channel %1 block %2 tool radius compensation: too many blocks with

suppression of compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The maximum permissible number of blocks with active compensation suppression with tool radius

compensation is limited by the machine data CUTCOM_MAXNUM_SUPPR_BLOCKS.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: - Modify part program.

- Modify machine data.

- Check whether SBL2 is activated. With SBL2, a block is generated from each part program line which

can lead to exceeding the maximum permissible number of empty blocks between two traversing

blocks.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

10778 Channel %1 block %2 preprocessing stop with active tool radius

compensation

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If a preprocessing stop is detected with active tool radius compensation (either programmed by the

> user or generated internally) and the setting data \$SC_STOP_CUTCOM_STOPRE is set, then this warning is issued because in this situation machine movements which were not intended by the user

can occur (termination of radius compensation and new approach).

Reaction: Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

- Continue machining with CANCEL and Start. Remedv:

- Modify part program.

- Set setting data \$SC_STOP_CUTCOM_STOPRE to FALSE.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

10779 Channel %1 block %2 preprocessing stop with active tool radius

compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If a preprocessing stop is detected with active tool radius compensation (either programmed by the

user or generated internally) and the setting data \$SC_STOP_CUTCOM_STOPRE is set, then this warning is issued because in this situation machine movements which were not intended by the user

can occur (termination of radius compensation and new approach). To continue machining, activate the CANCEL key and perform a restart.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: - Continue machining with CANCEL and Start.

- Modify part program.

- Set setting data \$SC_STOP_CUTCOM_STOPRE to FALSE.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10780 Channel %1 block %2 impermissible change of a turning or grinding tool with active tool radius compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A tool change on which the edge offset (difference between edge center and edge reference point)

changes, is only permissible in straight and polynomial blocks.

It is impermissible in circular blocks, involute blocks and in blocks including rational polynomials with

maximum permissible numerator and denominator degrees.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

- Continue machining with CANCEL and Start. Remedy:

- Modify part program.

- Set setting data \$SC_STOP_CUTCOM_STOPRE to FALSE.

Program Continuation:

10781 Channel %1 block %2 illegal orientation of involute with tool radius

compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Tool radius compensation is possible for involutes only if the compensation plane matches the

involute plane.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10782 Channel %1 block %2 illegal curve type with tool radius compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm occurs, if an attempt is made to apply the tool radius compensation to a curve type for

which this function is not implemented. The only cause at present: Involute with 3D tool radius

compensation.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

, , , , ,

10783 Channel %1 block %2 tool radius compensation type requires orientation

transformation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm occurs, if an attempt is made to activate a tool radius compensation which must enable a

tool orientation change and the $_$ Orientation transformation $_$ option is not available. This alarm can

only occur if one of the following G code is active in the G code group 22:

- CUT3DC - CUT3DCC - CUT3DCCD

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: - Modify part program

- Install "Orientation transformation" option

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

10784 Channel %1 block %2 illegal tool for tool radius compensation with

constraint surface

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When activating the tool radius compensation with constraint surface, an illegal tool type is active.

Only cutting tools of the tool types 1 to 399 are admitted with the following exceptions:

- 111 ball end milling cutter - 155 torus milling cutter - 156 torus milling cutter - 157 torus milling cutter

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Use another tool.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10790 Channel %1 block %2 plane change during linear programming with

angles

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The active plane was changed between the first and second subblock when programming two straight

lines with angle parameters.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10791

Channel %1 block %2 invalid angle during linear programming

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No intermediate point was found when programming a contour consisting of two straight lines and an

angle specification.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10792 Channel %1 block %2 illegal interpolation type during linear

programming with angles

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Only spline or linear interpolation is permitted for programming two straight lines with angle

specification. Circular or polynomial interpolation is not allowed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10793 Channel %1 block %2 second block missing during linear programming

with angles

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The second block is missing during programming of two straight lines with angle specification. This

situation only occurs if the first subblock is also the last block of a program, or if the first subblock is

followed by a block with a preprocessor stop.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10794 Channel %1 block %2 angle specification missing in 2nd block during

linear interpolation with angles

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The angle is missing from the second block during programming of two straight lines with angle

specification. This error can only occur if an angle was programmed in the preceding block, but no axis of the active plane was programmed in that block. The cause of the error may therefore also have been the intention to program a single straight line with an angle in the previous block. In this case,

exactly one axis of the active plane must be programmed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

NCK alarms

10795 Channel %1 block %2 end point specification during angle programming

contradictory

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: During programming of a straight line, both positions of the active plane and an angle were specified

> (the position of the end point is over-specified), or the position of the programmed coordinate cannot be reached with the specified angle. If a contour consisting of two straight lines is to be programmed with angles, it is possible to specify the two axis positions of the plane and an angle in the second block. The error can also occur if, due to a programming error, the preceding block cannot be interpreted as the first subblock of such a contour. A block is interpreted as the first block of a twoblock contour if an angle, but not an axis of the active plane, was programmed, and if the block is not

already the second block of a contour.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10800 Channel %1 block %3 axis %2 is not a geometry axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label

Definitions: With an active transformation or a frame with a rotation component the geometry axes are needed for

block preparation. If a geometry axis has previously been traversed as positioning axis, it retains its

status of "positioning axis" until it is again programmed as a geometry axis.

Because of the POSA motion beyond block boundaries, it is not possible to identify in the

preprocessing run whether the axis has already reached its target position when the block is executed. This is, however, an unconditional requirement for calculating the ROT component of the frame or of

the transformation.

If geometry axes are used as positioning axes, then: 1. No rotation may be specified in the current overall frame.

2. No transformation may be selected.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: After selecting transformation or frame, reprogram the geometry axis now operating as positioning

axis (e.g. with WAITP) in order to revert the status to "geometry axis.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10805 Channel %1 block %2 repositioning after switch of geometry axes or

transformation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the asynchronous subroutine the assignment of geometry axes to channel axes was changed or

the active transformation modified.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10810 Channel %1 block %2 master spindle not defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The function "Revolutional feedrate" (with G95 or G96), or "Rigid tapping" (with G331/G332) has been

programmed, although no master spindle is defined from which the speed could be derived. For the definition the MD 20090 SPIND_DEF_MASTER_SPIND is available for the default or the keyword SETMS in the part program, thus allowing each spindle of the channel to be redefined as master

spindle.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Preset the master spindle with MD 20090 SPIND_DEF_MASTER_SPIND[n]=m (n ... channel index,

m ... spindel no.) or define it with an identifier in an NC part program before a G function that requires

a master spindle is programmed.

The machine axis that is to be operated as a spindle must be equipped in MD 35000

SPIND_ASSIGN_TO_MACHAX[n]=m (n ... machine axis index, m ... spindle no.) with a spindle number. Additionally, the MD 20070 AXCONF_MACHAX_USED[n]=m (n ... channel axis index, m ...

machine axis index) must be used to assign it to a channel (channel axis index 1 or 2).

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10820 Channel %1 rotary axis/spindle %2 not defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: Revolutional feed has been programmed for contouring and synchronous axes or for an axis/spindle.

However, the rotary axis/spindle from which the feed is to be deduced is not available.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct part program or set the setting data 43330 ASSIGN_FEED_PER_REV_SOURCE correctly.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10860 Channel %1 block %2 feedrate not programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

In the displayed block, an interpolation type other than G00 (rapid traverse) is active. The F value has

not been programmed.

Path feed F is active, on change between linear and revolutional feedrate, F has not been

programmed again.

The modal feed for corner/chamfer (FRCM) is active, on change between linear and revolutional

feedrate FRCM has not been programmed again.

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Program feedrate in accordance with the interpolation type. Remedy:

- G93: The feedrate is specified as a time-reciprocal value under address F in [1/min]. - G94 and G97: The feedrate is programmed under address F in [mm/min] or [m/min].

- G95: The feedrate is programmed as revolutional feedrate under address F in [mm/revolution]. - G96: The feedrate is programmed as cutting rate under address S in [m/min]. It is derived from the

current spindle speed.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

10861 Channel %1 block %3 velocity of positioning axis %2 is zero

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis

%3 = Block number, label

Definitions: No axis velocity has been programmed and the positioning velocity set in the machine data is zero.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Enter a different velocity in machine data

32060 MA_POS_AX_VELO.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10862 Channel %1 block %2 master spindle also used as path axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A contour has been programmed that also includes the master spindle as contouring axis. However,

the velocity of the contour is derived from the rotational speed of the master spindle (e.g. G95).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the program so that no reference is possible to the program itself. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10870 Channel %1 block %2 facing axis for constant velocity not defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Constant cutting speed was selected although no transverse axis was applied as reference axis for

constant cutting speed or assigned through SCC[AX]. Constant cutting speed can be activated as follows:

- Basic position G96, G961 or G962 of G group 29 during booting

- Programming of G96, G961 or G962

A reference axis for G96, G961 or G962 can be applied as a transverse axis in MD 20100 appliziert

or defined through the instruction SCC[AX].

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check machine date 20100. Before

programming G96, G961 or G962 a transverse axis must be defined as a reference axis for constant

cutting speed via machine date 20100 MC_DIAMETER_AX_DEF or SCC[AX].

Program Continuation:

10880 Channel %1 block %2 too many empty blocks between two traversing

blocks when inserting chamfers or radii

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Between 2 blocks containing contour elements and which are to be joined with a chamfer or a radius

(CHF, RND), more blocks without contour information have been programmed than provided for in the

machine data 20200 CHFRND_MAXNUM_DUMMY_BLOCKS.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify the part program in order that the

permissible number of dummy blocks is not exceeded or adapt the channel-specific machine data 20200 CHFRND_MAXNUM_DUMMY_BLOCKS (dummy blocks with chamfers/radii) to the maximum

number of dummy blocks.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10881 Channel %1 block %2 overflow of local block buffer when inserting

chamfers or radii

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Between 2 blocks containing the contour elements and to be joined with a chamfer or a radius (CHF,

RND), so many dummy blocks have been programmed without contour information that the internal

buffer is too small.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program such that the number of dummy blocks is reduced.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

10882 Channel %1 block %2 activation of chamfers or radii (non-modal) without

traversing movement in the block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No chamfer or radius has been inserted between 2 linear or circle contours (edge breaking) because:

- There is no straight line or circle contour in the plane

- There is a movement outside of the plane

- A plane change has taken place

- The permissible number of dummy blocks without traversing information has been exceeded.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Correct the part program according to the

above error description or change the number of dummy blocks in the channel-specific MD CHFRND_MAXNUM_DUMMY_BLOCKS to comply with the maximum number allowed for in the

program.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

10883 Channel %1 block %2 chamfer or fillet has to be reduced

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm is output, if at least one of the relevant blocks when inserting chamfers or radii is so short,

that the contour element to be inserted must be reduced against its originally programmed value. The alarm occurs only if bit 4 is set in the machine data \$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK. Otherwise, the

chamfer or radius is adapted without an alarm being output.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify NC program of continue program without modifications after CANCEL and Start or with Start

alone.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

10890 Channel %1 block %2 overflow of local block buffer when calculating

splines

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The maximum permissible number of empty blocks is limited by a machine data.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Modify part program

- Modify machine data

- Check whether SBL2 is activated. With SBL2, a block is generated from each part program line which can lead to exceeding the maximum permissible number of empty blocks between two traversing

blocks.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10891 Channel %1 block %2 multiplicity of node is greater than its order

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the B spline the distance between nodes PL (node = point on spline at which 2 polynomials meet)

has been programmed with zero too often in succession (i.e. the "multiplicity" of a node is too great). In the quadratic B spline the node distance may not be specified more than twice with 0 in succession,

and in the cubic B spline not more than 3 times.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program the node distance PL = 0 in succession no more than the degree of the B spline used.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

10900 Channel %1 block %2 no S value programmed for constant cutting speed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If G96 is active, the constant cutting speed under address S is missing.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Program constant cutting speed under S in [m/min] or deselect the function G96. For example, with Remedy:

G97 the previous feed is retained but the spindle continues to rotate at the current speed.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10910 Channel %1 block %2 irregular velocity waveform of one path axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: On analyzing the path waveforms during preparation, a large local deviation in the velocity waveform

> of one or more path axes has been detected relatively to the path velocity. A situation like that typically occurs near singular positions of the machine kinematics. It can, however, also be caused by a failed contour or by an FGROUP definition unfavorable relatively to the contour. Another reason may be an unfavorable programmed OEM transformation.

> In order to safely avoid axis overloads, path velocity is normally decelerated considerably. A seemingly machine standstill might occur. As soon as the singular position has been reached, strong

axis movements suddenly occur.

Local alarm reaction. Reaction:

Alarm display.

Remedy: Dividing a block into several smaller ones often provides an improvement.

> If \$MC_MM_PATH_VELO_SEGMENTS=0 is set, then the alarm may be avoidable by a value \$MC_MM_PATH_VELO_SEGMENTS=3 or 5, as the blocks are then analyzed considerably more

accurately.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

10911 Channel %1 block %2 transformation prohibits to traverse the pole

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The given curve passes through the pole of the transformation.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

10912 Channel %1 block %2 preprocessing and main run might not be

synchronized

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The preset positioning axis run cannot be accurately calculated beforehand. The reason for this is

either that the axes involved in the transformation are traversed as positioning axes or that a transformation pole is circumnavigated too frequently by the curve. The velocity check is performed starting from this block in the main run. It is more conservative than with anticipated calculation. The LookAhead function is deactivated. If it is not possible to take over the velocity check into the main

run, part program processing is aborted.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: No action is usually necessary. The velocity control operates more effectively, however, if the part

program is modified.

- If a transformation pole is circumnavigated several times by the curve, it helps to split up the block

into smaller parts.

- If a positioning axis is the cause, you should check whether the axis can be traversed as a path axis. The Look Ahead function remains deactivated until preprocessing can be based on defined conditions

again (e.g. as a result of change from JOG->AUTO, tool or tool edge change).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

10913 Channel %1 block %2 negative feed profile is ignored

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The given feed profile is in part negative. However, negative path feed is not allowed. The feed profile

is ignored. The specified feed block end value is taken when traversing over the entire block.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Alarm display.

Remedy: No action is usually necessary. The alarm message indicates an error in the programming, however,

and this should be corrected.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Movement not possible while transformation active - in channel %1,

block %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The machine kinematics does not allow the specified motion. Transformation-dependent error causes

can be in: TRANSMIT: A (circular) area exists around the pole, where positioning is not possible. The area is caused by the fact that the tool reference point cannot be traversed as far as into the pole.

The area is defined by:

- the machine data (\$MC_TRANSMIT_BASE_TOOL..)

- the active tool length compensation (see \$TC_DP..). Whether the tool length compensation is

included in the calculation depends on the working plane selected (see G17,..).

- The machine stops before the faulty block.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Change the incorrectly specified tool length compensation.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10930 Channel %1 block %2 interpolation type not allowed in stock removal

contour

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The following types of interpolation are allowed in the contour program for stock removal: G00, G01,

G02, G03, CIP, CT

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: In the contour subroutine, program only path elements that consist of straight lines and arcs.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10931 Channel %1 block %2 incorrect stock removal contour

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The following errors occurred in the subroutine for the contour during stock removal:

Full circle

- Overlapping contour elements

- Wrong start position

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The errors listed above must be corrected in the subroutine for the stock removal contour.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10932 Channel %1 block %2 preparation of contour has been restarted

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The first contour preparation/contour decoding run must be terminated with EXECUTE.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program the keyword EXECUTE to terminate the contour preparation in the part program before again

calling up contour segmentation (keyword CONTPRON).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

10933 Channel %1 block %2 contour programm does not contain enough

contour blocks

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The contour program contains:

- Less than 3 contour blocks with CONTPRON

- No contour blocks with CONTDCON

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Increase the size of the subroutine with the stock removal contour to include at least 3 NC blocks with

movements in both axes of the current machining plane.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

10934 Channel %1 block %2 array for contour segmentation is set too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: During contour segmentation (activated with the keyword CONTPRON), the field for the contour table

has been detected as too small. For every permissible contour element (circle or straight line) there

must be a row in the contour table.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Base the definition of the field variables of the contour table on the contour elements to be expected.

The contour segmentation function divides up some NC blocks into as many as 3 machining cuts. Example: N100 DEF TABNAME_1 [30, 11] Field variables for the contour table provide for 30

machining cuts. The number of columns (11) is a fixed quantity.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10940 Channel %1 block %2 curve table %3: delete/overwrite not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

Definitions: The curve table can only be deleted if it is not active in a link.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: It is necessary to deactivate all links that are being used by the curve table to be deleted.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10941 Channel %1 block %2: Curve table %3: NC SRAM memory full, type %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

%4 = Object type

Definitions: Insufficient free dynamic memory during curve table definition.

The object type parameter specifies for which curve table object

the memory will not suffice:

1: Number of curve tables too small (MD \$MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_TABS)

2: Number of linear curve table segments too small (MD \$MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_SEG_LIN)

3: Number of polynomial curve table segments too small (MD

\$MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_SEGMENTS)

4: Number of curve table polynomials too small (MD \$MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_POLYNOMS)

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Delete curve tables that are no longer

required, or reconfigure the disk space for the curve tables. The curve table definition process now

has to be repeated; see machine data:

MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_TABS, MD MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_SEGMENTS,

MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_SEG_LIN, MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_POLYNOMS.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10942 Channel %1 block %2 curve table %3: illegal instruction during definition

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

Definitions: Various illegal command sequences cause the output of this alarm during the definition of the curve

table. For example, it is impermissible to terminate definition of a curve table with M30 before

programming the CTABEND command.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the part program and start it again.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10943 Channel %1 block %2 curve table %3: direction reversal of lead value in

the block not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

Definitions: The conditions for converting a programmed contour to a curve table were not fulfilled in this block.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the part program and start it again.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

10944 Channel %1 block %2 curve table %3: illegal transformation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

Definitions: It is impermissible to use a transformation in a curve table if the leading axis or following axis

programmed in CTABDEF is involved in the transformation. Exception: TRAANG.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct NC part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10945 Channel %1 block %2 curve table %3: illegal coupling of axes

Parameters: %1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

Definitions: It is not possible to program axis links for the leading axes and following axis programmed in

CTABDEF.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct NC part program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

10946 Channel %1 block %2 curve table %3: no contour defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

Definitions: No movement for the leading axis was programmed between CTABDEF and CTABEND. A curve

table is not permitted without a contour.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the part program and start it again.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

10947 Channel %1 block %2 curve table %3: contour not continuous

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

Definitions: The contour in a curve table must be continuous. Incontinuity can occur, for example, as a result of

activating a transformation.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the part program and start it again.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10948 Channel %1 block %2 curve table %3: position jump at end of period

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

Definitions: A periodic curve table was defined in which the position of the following axis at the end of the table

was different to the position at the start of the table.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the part program and start it again.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10949 Channel %1 block %2 curve table %3: missing master axis motion

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

Definitions: A slave axis motion has been programmed without a master axis motion.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the part program and start it again.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

10950 Channel %1 calculation of arc length function too inaccurate

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The calculation of the arc length function could not be performed to the required accuracy.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Warning display.

Remedy: The calculation of the arc length function could not be performed to the required accuracy during

active polynomial interpolation. Either increase MD SPLINE_FEED_PRECISION or reserve more memory for the representation of the arc length polynomials. MD MM_ARCLENGTH_SEGMENTS defines how many polynomial segments can be used per block in order to approximate the arc length

function.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10951 Channel %1 block %2 curve table %3: following value period is zero
Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

Definitions: --

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Ensure that the table specification is correct. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

10955 Channel %1 block %2 curve table %3: missing master axis motion

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

Definitions: A slave axis motion has been programmed without a master axis motion. This can also occur if, with

active radius compensation, a block is created in which the slave axis moves but not the master axis.

The alarm is for information only and can be suppressed by setting MD

\$MC_CTAB_ENABLE_NO_LEADMOTION = 2.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Alarm can be switched off via MD \$MC_CTAB_ENABLE_NO_LEADMOTION = 2.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10956 Channel %1 block %2 curve table %3: NC memory limit DRAM reached

type %4.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

%4 = Object type

Definitions: Insufficient memory in the DRAM while defining the curve table.

The object type parameter specifies for which curve table object

the memory will not suffice:

1: Number of curve tables too small (MD \$MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_TABS_DRAM)

2: Number of linear curve table segments too small (MD \$MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_SEG_LIN_DRAM)

3: Number of polynomial curve table segments too small (MD

\$MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_SEGMENTS_DRAM)

4: Number of curve table polynomials too small (MD \$MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_POLYNOMS_DRAM)

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete the curve tables that are no longer required in DRAM or reconfigure the memory space for the

curve tables. The curve table must then be redefined. Machine data for memory configuration of the

curve tables in DRAM:

MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_TABS_DRAM, MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_SEGMENTS_DRAM, MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_SEG_LIN_DRAM, MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_POLYNOMS_DRAM.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

10958 Channel %1 lin. curve table %2, memory type %3 includes %4 polynomial

segments.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Number of curve table

%3 = Memory type

%4 = Number of polynomial segments

Definitions: On generating the curve table with the specified ID in the specified memory type

(1 = SRAM, 2 = DRAM), polynomial segments were used instead of possible linear segments. By increasing the number of linear curve table segments by the indicated number, the

curve table can be saved in a better way.

The following machine data are involved depending on the memory type:

1 (SRAM): \$MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_SEG_LIN 2 (DRAM): \$MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_SEG_LIN_DRAM

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The indicated curve table can be created and optimized for the memory by increasing

MD \$MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_SEG_LIN or \$MN_MM_NUM_CURVE_SEG_LIN_DRAM

and repeating table generation.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

10960 Channel %1 block %2 COMPCURV/COMPCAD and radius compensation

can-notbe used simultaneously

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Compressor types COMPCURV and COMPCAD cannot be used in combination with tool radius

compensation. Only compressor type COMPON can be activated while tool radius compensation is

active.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Parameters:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10961 Channel %1 block %2 maximum cubic polynomials are allowed on active radius compensation.

%1 = Channel number

%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With active radius compensation, only up to cubic polynomials are permissible for the geometry axes.

In this case no 4th or 5th degree polynomials can be programmed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

10962 Channel %1 block %2 function %3 not possible with path correction

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Funktionsname

Definitions: With this software release, the specified function can not yet be used together with tool radius

compensation. Please modifiy the part program or obtain a higher software version.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10980 Channel %1 block %2 orientation smoothing not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm can have the following causes:

1. Orientation smoothing cannot be activated with active path-relative orientation interpolation with

ORIPATH

This means that in the 34th modal G code group

the G code OSOF must be active.

2. The path-relative orientation interpolation cannot be activated with ORIPATH and

ORIPATH_MODE = 1

because MD $MC_MM_ORIPATH_CONFIG = 0$. This MD must have the value 1.

3. Smoothing of the orientation cannot be activated with OSD or OST

because MD \$MC_MM_ORIPATH_CONFIG = 0. This MD must have the value 1.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

10982 Channel %1 block %2 orientation smoothing not possible with ORISON

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm has the following cause:

The smoothing of the orientation with ORISON is only possible if MD

 $MC_MM_ORISON_BLOCKS >= 4.$

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program or set MD \$MC_MM_ORISON_BLOCKS >= 3. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

12000 Channel %1 block %2 address %3 programmed repeatedly

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string of the address

Definitions: Most addresses (address types) may only be programmed once in an NC block, so that the block

information remains unambiguous (e.g. X... T... F... etc. - exception: G and M functions).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

- Remove from the NC program addresses that occur more than once (except for those where multiple

value assignments are allowed).

- Check whether the address (e.g. the axis name) is specified via a user-defined variable (this may not be easy to see if allocation of the axis name to the variable is performed in the program through

computational operations only).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12010 Channel %1 block %2 address %3 address type programmed too often

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string of the address

Definitions: For each address type, it is defined internally how often it may occur in a DIN block (for instance, all

axes together form one address type for which a block limit also applies).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

The program information must be split up over several blocks (but make sure that the functions are of

the non-modal type!).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12020 Channel %1 block %2 illegal address modification

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Valid address types are 'IC', 'AC', 'DC', 'CIC', 'CAC', 'ACN', 'ACP', 'CACN', 'CACP'. Not each of these

address modifications can be used for each address type. The Programming Guide specifies which of these can be used for the various address types. If this address modification is applied to address

types that are not allowed, then the alarm is generated, e.g.:

N10 G02 X50 Y60 I=DC(20) J30 F100 interpolation parameters with DC.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Apply non-modal address modifications only for permissible addresses, in accordance with the

Programming Guide.

Program Continuation Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

12030 Channel %1 block %2 invalid parameter or data type in %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Source string

Definitions: In polynomial interpolation, polynomials must not be greater than the 3rd degree (refer to

Programming Guide).

f(p) = a0 + a1 p + a2 p2 + a3 p3

The coefficients a0 (the starting points) are identical to the end points of the preceding block and need not be programmed. In the polynomial block, a maximum of 3 coefficients per axis is therefore allowed

(a1, a2, a3).

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12040 Channel %1 block %2 expression %3 is not of data type 'AXIS'

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Source string in the block

Definitions: Some keywords require that the data in their parameters be written in variables of the type "AXIS". For

example, in the keyword PO the axis identifier must be specified in the parenthesized expression, and it must be defined as a variable of the AXIS type. With the following keywords only parameters of the

AXIS type are possible:

AX[..], FA[..], FD[..], FL[..], IP[..], OVRA[..], PO[..], POS[..], POSA[..]

N5 DEF INT ZUSTELL=Z1 incorrect, this does not specify an axis identifier but the number 26 161

N5 DEF AXIS ZUSTELL=Z1 correct

N10 POLY PO[X]=(0.1,0.2,0.3) PO[Y]=(22,33,44) &PO[INFEED]=(1,2,3)

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Correct the part program in accordance with the instructions given in the Programming Guide.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12050 Channel %1 block %2 DIN address %3 not configured

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = DIN address in the source text block

Definitions: The name of the DIN address (e.g. X, U, X1) is not defined in the control. In addition to the fixed DIN

addresses, the control also has variable addresses. Refer to "Variable addresses" in the Programming

Guide. The names of these addresses can be altered by machine data.

e.g.: DIN identifier -> Configured identifier

G01 -> LINE, G04 -> WAIT ...

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Study the Programming Guide and the machine data with respect to the addresses actually configured Remedy:

and their significance and correct the DIN block accordingly.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12060 Channel %1 block %2 same G group programmed repeatedly

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The G functions that can be used in the part program are divided into groups that are syntax defining

or non-syntax defining. Only one G function may be programmed from each G group. The functions

within a group are mutually preclusive.

The alarm refers only to the non-syntax defining G functions. If several G functions from these groups are called in one NC block, the last of these in a group is active in each case (the previous ones are

ianored).

Syntax defining G functions: 1. to 4th G group Non-syntax defining G functions: 5. to nth G group

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM Remedy:

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

No remedy is required. You should, however, check whether the G function last programmed really is

the one required.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12070 Channel %1 block %2 too many syntax-defining G functions

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Syntax defining G functions determine the structure of the part program block and the addresses

contained in it. Only one syntax defining G function may be programmed in each NC block. The G

functions in the 1st to 4th G group are syntax defining.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedv: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

> CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. Analyze NC block and distribute the G functions over several NC blocks.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

12080

Definitions:

Channel %1 block %2 syntax error in text %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

At the text position shown, the grammar in the block is incorrect. The precise reason for this error

cannot be specified in more detail because there are too many possibilities.

Example 1:

N10 IF GOTOF ...; the condition for the jump is missing!

Example 2:

N10 DEF INT VARI=5

N11 X VARI; the operation is missing for the X and VARI variables

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Analyze the block and correct it in accordance with the syntax rules given in the Programming Guide.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

12090 Channel %1 block %2 unexpected parameter %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Disallowed parameters in the text

Definitions: The programmed function has been predefined; no parameters are allowed in its call. The first

unexpected parameter is displayed.

Example: On calling the predefined subroutine TRAFOF (switching off a transformation) parameters

have been transferred (one or more).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Program function without parameter transfer.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12100 Channel %1 block %2 number of passes %3 not permissible

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of passes

Definitions: The subroutines called with MCALL are modal, i.e. after each block with positional information a

routine run is automatically performed once. For this reason, programming of the number of passes

under address P is not allowed.

The modal call is effective until another MCALL is programmed, either with a new subroutine name or

without (delete function).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. Program the subroutine call MCALL without number of passes.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12110 Channel %1 block %2 block syntax cannot be interpreted

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The addresses programmed in the block are not permissible together with the valid syntax defining G

function, e.g. G1 I10 X20 Y30 F1000.

An interpolation parameter must not be programmed in the linear block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM Remedy:

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Check the block structure and correct in accordance with the programming requirements.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12120 Channel %1 block %2 G function not separately programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The G function programmed in this block must be alone in the block. No general addresses or

synchronous actions may occur in the same block. These G functions are:

G25, G26: Working area and spindle speed limitation G110, G111, G112: Pole programming with polar coordinates

G92: Spindle speed limitation with v constant

STARTFIFO, STOPFIFO: Control of preprocessing buffer E.g. G4 F1000 M100: no M function allowed in the G4 block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program G function by itself in the block.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12130 Channel %1 block %2 illegal tool orientation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The tool orientation may only be contained in a modal motion block or in a WAB block (repositioning).

It can be programmed via Euler angles (A1, B1, C1), normal vector components (A2, B2, C2), direction vectors (A3, B3, C3) or the axis end values. If the tool orientation is programmed in conjunction with

the functions:

G04 (dwell time), G33 (thread cutting with constant lead), G74 (approach reference points) or

REPOSL, REPOSQ, REPOSH (repositioning)

then an alarm is issued with Euler angles, direction vectors and normal vector components.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Program tool orientation with the axis end values or use a separate block for this.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12140 Channel %1 block %2 functionality %3 not implemented

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Software construct in the source text

Definitions: In the full configuration of the control functions are possible that are not yet implemented in the current

version.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

The displayed function must be removed from the program.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

12150 Channel %1 block %2 operation %3 not compatible with data type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = String (violating operator)

Definitions: The data types are not compatible with the required operation (within an arithmetic expression or in a

value assignment).

Example 1: Arithmetic operation N₁₀ DEF INT OTTO N11 DEF STRING[17] ANNA N12 DEF INT MAX

N50 MAX = OTTO + ANNA

Example 2: Value assignment

N10 DEF AXIS DRILL N11 DEF INT OTTO: N50 OTTO = DRILL

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM Remedy:

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Alter the definition of the variables used such that the required operations can be executed.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12160 Channel %1 block %2 range of values exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed constant or the variable exceeds the value range that has previously been

established by the definition of data type.

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Correct value of the constant or adapt data type. If the value for an integer constant is too great, it can

be specified as real constant by adding a decimal point.

Example:

R1 = 9 876 543 210 Correct: R1 = 9 876 543 210.

Value range INTEGER: 231 - 1 Value range REAL: 2-1022 to 2+1023 Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Program Continuation:

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12170 Channel %1 block %2 identifier %3 defined repeatedly

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Symbol in block

Definitions: The symbol shown in the error message has already been defined in the active part program. Note

> that user-defined identifiers may occur more than once if the multiple definition occurs in other (sub)programs, i.e. local variables may be redefined with the same name if the program has been exited (subprograms) or has already been concluded. This applies both to user-defined symbols

(labels, variables) and to machine data (axes, DIN addresses and G functions).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The symbol already known to data management is displayed. This symbol must be looked for in the

definition part of the current program using the program editor. The 1st or 2nd symbol must be given

a different name.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12180 Channel %1 block %2 illegal chaining of operators %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Chained operators

Definitions: Operator chaining means the writing in sequence of binary and unary operators without using any form

of parentheses.

Example:

N10 ERG = VARA - (- VARB); correct notation

N10 ERG = VARA - - VARB; error!

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Formulate the expression correctly and unambiguously making use of parentheses. This improves

clarity and readability of the program.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12190 Channel %1 block %2 variable of type ARRAY has too many dimensions

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Array with variables of type STRING may be no more than 1-dimensional, and with all other variables

no more than 2-dimensional.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Correct the array definition, with multi-dimensional arrays define a second 2-dimensional array if

necessary and operate it with the same field index.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

12200 Channel %1 block %2 symbol %3 cannot be created

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Symbol in the source block

Definitions: The symbol to be created with the DEF instruction cannot be created because:

- it has already been defined (e.g. as variable or function)

- the internal memory location is no longer sufficient (e.g. with large arrays)

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Make the following checks: Remedy:

- Check with the text editor whether the name to be allocated in the active program cycle (main

program and called subprograms) has already been used.

- Estimate the memory requirements for the symbols already defined and reduce these if necessary

by using fewer global and more local variables.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12205 Channel %1 block %2 area specification missing for GUD area

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The area specification

(NCK or CHAN) was not programmed in the definition instruction for a GUD variable.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Complete the area specification for the GUD variable definition in the GUD definition file.

The definition of a GUD variable must conform to the following syntax:

DEF <Area> <Data type> <Variable name> e.g. DEF NCK INT intVar1

DEF CHAN REAL realVar1

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12210 Channel %1 block %2 string %3 too long

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = String in the source block

Definitions: - In the definition of a variable of type STRING, it has been attempted to initialize more than 100

characters.

- In an allocation, it has been found that the string does not fit in the given variable.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM Remedy:

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. - Select shorter string or divide up the character string into 2 strings

- Define larger string variable

Program Continuation:

12220 Channel %1 block %2 binary constant %3 in string too long

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Binary constant

Definitions: When initializing or allocating the value of a variable of type STRING more than 8 bits have been found

as binary constant.

DEF STRING[8] OTTO = "ABC'H55"B000011111'DEF"

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

In the window for the alarm message, the first characters of the binary constant are always displayed although the surplus bit might not be located until further on. Therefore, the complete binary constant

must always be checked for an incorrect value.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12230 Channel %1 block %2 hexadecimal constant %3 in string too long

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Hexadecimal constant

Definitions: A string can also contain bytes that do not correspond to a character that can be entered or one that

is available on a keyboard with a minimized number of keys. These characters can be input as binary or hexadecimal constants. They may occupy up to 1 byte each only - therefore be < 256, e.g.

N10 DEF STRING[2] OTTO=" 'HCA' 'HFE' '

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

In the window for the alarm message, the first characters of the binary constant are always displayed although the surplus bit might not be located until further on. Therefore, the complete hexadecimal

constant must always be checked for an incorrect value.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12240 Channel %1 block %2 tool orientation %3 defined repeatedly

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Text

Definitions: Only 1 tool orientation can be programmed per DIN block. This can either be defined via the 3 Euler

angles, or the end points of the axes, or through direction vectors.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Since the tool orientation can be set in 3 different ways, the most advantageous should be selected. For this type of specification, the addresses and value assignments must be programmed and all other

orientation parameters must be removed.

Axis end points (additional axes): A, B, C axis identifiers Euler angles: A2, B2, C2 Direction vectors:

A3, B3, C3

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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NCK alarms

12250 Channel %1 block %2 nested macro %3 not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: The macro technique supplies a 1-line instruction or series of instructions with a new identifier by

means of the keyword DEFINE. No further macro may be contained in the string of instructions

(nesting). Example: N10 DEFINE MACRO1 AS G01 G91 X123 MACRO2 F100

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. Nested macros must be replaced by the full program information.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12260 Channel %1 block %2 too many initialization values specified %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: In the initialization of an array (array definition and value assignments to individual array elements)

there are more initialization values than array elements. Example: N10 DEF INT OTTO[2,3]=(..., ...,

{more than 6 values})

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Check the NC program to establish whether:

1. During array definition the number of array elements (n,m) was indicated correctly (DEF INT FIELDNAME[n,m] e.g. an array with 2 lines and 3 columns: n=2, m=3). 2. During initialization the value assignments have been made correctly (values of the individual field elements separated by comma,

decimal point for variables of the type REAL).

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

12261 Channel %1 block %2 initialization of %3 not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label

%2 = Block number, labe

%3 = Source string

Definitions: Frame type variables cannot be initialized in the definition. Example: DEF FRAME LOCFRAME =

CTRANS(X,200)

Equally, no default values can be programmed for axes in the program run during field initialization via

SET.

A REDEF instruction with PRLOC is only permitted for setting data,

but not for machine data or variables.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: IPerform initialization in separate block in the execution part of the program: DEF FRAME

LOCFRAME LOCFRAME = CTRANS(X,200)

When using for axis variables:

 $\label{eq:ReplaceDef} \text{Replace DEF AXIS AXIS_VAR [10] AXIS_VAR [5] = SET (X, , Y) \ by: DEF AXIS AXIS_VAR [10] \ AXIS_VAR [$

 $AXIS_VAR[5] = X AXIS_VAR[7] = Y$

If REDEF ... INIRE, INIPO, INICF, PRLOC changes the behavior of a GUD, LUD etc., then the

 $machine\ data\ \$MN_DEFAULT_VALUES_MEM_MASK\ must\ equal\ 1.$

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

12270 Channel %1 block %2 macro identifier %3 already defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Source string macro name

Definitions: The name of the macro to be selected by the instruction DEFINE is already defined in the control as:

> Macro name Keyword Variable

Configured identifier.

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Select DEFINE instruction with another macro name.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12280 Channel %1 block %2 maximum macro length %3 exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: The string of instructions on the right side of the macro is limited to 256 characters. If an attempt is

made to define a longer character string under one macro (possible only through V.24 input of NC blocks, because communication between operator panel and NCK is limited to a block length of 242

characters), an alarm is displayed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Divide the functions defined under the macro into 2 macros.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12290 Channel %1 block %2 arithmetic variable %3 not defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string arithmetic variable

Definitions: Only the R parameters are predefined as arithmetic variables. All other arithmetic variables must be

defined with the DEF instruction before being used. The number of arithmetic parameters is defined

via machine data. The names must be unambiguous and may not be repeated in the control

(exception: local variables).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Define the required variable in the definition part of the program (possibly in the calling program if it is

to be a global variable).

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

12300 Channel %1 block %2 call-by-reference parameter missing on subroutine

call %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: In the subroutine definition, a formal REF parameter (call-by-reference parameter) has been specified

with no actual parameter assigned to it.

The assignment takes place in the subroutine call on the basis of the position of the variable name

and not on the basis of the name!

Example: Subroutine:

(2 call-by-value parameters X and Y, 1 call-by-reference parameter Z)

PROC XYZ (INT X, INT Y, VAR INT Z)

M17
ENDPROC
Main program:
N10 DEF INT X
N11 DEF INT Y
N11 DEF INT Z

N50 XYZ (X, Y); REF parameter Z missing

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N50 XYZ (X, Z); REF parameter Z missing!

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Assign a variable to all REF parameters (call-by-reference parameters) of the subroutine when calling. No variable must be assigned to "normal" formal parameters (call-by-value parameters), as these are

defaulted with 0.

Program Continuation:

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

12310 Channel %1 block %2 axis parameter missing on procedure call %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: When calling the subroutine, an AXIS parameter is missing which, according to the EXTERN

declaration, should be present.

With the EXTERN instruction, user-defined subroutines (procedures) are made "known" that have a

parameter transfer.

Procedures without parameter transfer require no EXTERN declaration.

Example:

Subroutine XYZ (with the formal parameters): PROC XYZ (INT X, VAR INT Y, AXIS A, AXIS B) EXTERN instruction (with variable types):

EXTERN XYZ (INT, VAR INT, AXIS, AXIS) Subroutine call (with actual parameters):

N10 XYZ (, Y1, R_TABLE) Variable X is defaulted with value 0

Variable Y is supplied with the value of the variable Y1 and returns the results to the calling program

after the subroutine run

Variable A is supplied with the axis in R_TABLE

Variable B missing!

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Program the missing AXIS parameter in the call.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12320 Channel %1 block %2 parameter %3 is no variable

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: A constant or the result of a mathematical expression has been assigned to a REF parameter instead

of a variable at the time of the subroutine call, even though only variable identifiers are allowed.

Examples:

N10 XYZ (NAME_1, 10, OTTO) or N10 XYZ (NAME_1, 5 + ANNA, OTTO)

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Remove the constant or the mathematical expression from the NC block. Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

12330 Channel %1 block %2 type of parameter %3 incorrect

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions:

When calling a procedure (a subroutine) it is found that the type of the actual parameter cannot be converted into the type of the formal parameter. There are two possible cases:

- Call-by-reference parameter: Actual parameter and formal parameter must be of precisely the same type, e.g. STRING, STRING.

- Call-by-value parameter: Actual parameter and formal parameter can in principle be different providing conversion is basically possible. In the present case, however, the types are generally not compatible, e.g. STRING -> REAL.

Overview of type conversions:

- from REAL to: REAL: yes, INT: yes*, BOOL: yes1), CHAR: yes*, STRING: -, AXIS: -, FRAME: -

- from INT to: REAL: yes, INT: yes, BOOL: yes1), CHAR: if value 0 ...255, STRING: -, AXIS: -, FRAME:

- from BOOL to: REAL: yes, INT: yes, BOOL: yes, CHAR: yes, STRING: -, AXIS: -, FRAME: -

- from CHAR to: REAL: yes, INT: yes, BOOL: yes1), CHAR: yes, STRING: yes, AXIS: -, FRAME: -- from STRING to: REAL: -, INT: -, BOOL: yes2), CHAR: only if 1 character, STRING: yes, AXIS: -,

- from AXIS to: REAL: -, INT: -, BOOL: -, CHAR: -, STRING: -, AXIS: yes, FRAME: -- from FRAME to: REAL: -, INT: -, BOOL: -, CHAR: -, STRING: -, AXIS: -, FRAME: yes

1) Value <> 0 corresponds to TRUE, value == 0 corresponds to FALSE.

2) String length 0 => FALSE, otherwise TRUE.

*) At type conversion from REAL to INT fractional values that are >=0.5 are rounded up, others are rounded down.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

> CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. Check transfer parameters of the subroutine call and define the application accordingly as call-by-value or call-by-reference parameter.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

12340 Channel %1 block %2 number of parameters too high %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: When calling a function or a procedure (predefined or user-defined) more parameters were

transferred than defined.

Predefined functions and procedures: The number of parameters has been set permanently in the

User-defined functions and procedures: The number of parameters is established by type and name

in the definition.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. Check whether the correct procedure/function has been called. Program the number of parameters in accordance with the

procedure/function.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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12350 Channel %1 block %2 parameter %3 no longer possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: An attempt has been made to transfer actual parameters although axis parameters located before

them have not been assigned. For procedure or function calls, assignment of parameters that are no longer required can be omitted, if subsequently no further parameters are to be transferred. Example: N10 FGROUP(X, Y, Z, A, B); max. 8 axes possible The following call-by-value parameters would then be initialized with zero because the space-dependent assignment has been lost on account of the

omitted axis parameters.

Axes that can be omitted and following parameters do not occur in the predefined procedures and

functions.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. In predefined procedures and functions either remove the following parameters or transfer any preceding axis parameters. In user-defined procedures and functions, parameter transfer must be programmed in accordance with the

instructions given in the machine manufacturer's programming guide.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12360 Channel %1 block %2 dimension of parameter %3 incorrect

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source string

Definitions: The following possibilities of error must be checked:

- The current parameter is an array, but the formal parameter is a variable

- The current parameter is a variable, but the formal parameter is an array

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. Correct the NC part program in

accordance with the cause of error as listed above.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12370 Channel %1 block %2 range of values %3 not permissible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source string

Definitions: A variable has been initialized with a value range outside an initialization block. The definition of

program-global variables is allowed only in special initialization blocks. These variables can be

initialized with a value range.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Remove the value range specification (begins with the keyword OF) or define the variable as a global

variable in the initialization block and initialize it with a value range.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

12380 Channel %1 block %2 maximum memory capacity reached

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The data definitions in this block cannot be processed because the maximum available memory for

creating the data has been filled, or because the data block cannot accommodate any further data. The alarm can also occur if several subroutine calls are executed in sequence and no block with an

effect on the machine is generated (motion, dwell, M function).

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Reduce the number of variables, reduce

> the size of arrays, or increase the capacity of the data management system. - If new macro definitions are to be introduced -> increase machine data 18160

MM_NUM_USER_MACROS

- If new GUD definitions are to be introduced -> check machine data 18150 MM_GUD_VALUES_MEM, 18130 MM_NUM_GUD_NAMES_CHAN, 18120

MM_NUM_GUD_NAMES_NCK

- If the error occurs while executing an NC part program with LUD definitions or when using cycle programs (the parameters count as LUD variable of the cycle program), the following machine data

must be checked:

28040 MM_LUD_VALUES_MEM, 18242 MM_MAX_SIZE_OF_LUD_VALUE, 18260 MM_LUD_HASH_TABLE_SIZE, 28020 MM_NUM_LUD_NAMES_TOTAL 28010 MM_NUM_REORG_LUD_MODULES

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

12390 Channel %1 block %2 initialization value %3 cannot be converted

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: During initialization, a value has been assigned to a variable that does not correspond to the type of

the variable, nor can it be converted to the data type of the variable.

Overview of type conversions:

- from REAL to REAL: no, INT: yes1), BOOL: yes, CHAR: yes2), STRING: -

- from INT to REAL: yes, INT: no, BOOL: yes, CHAR: yes2), STRING: -

- from BOOL to REAL: yes, INT: yes, BOOL: no, CHAR: yes, STRING: -

- from CHAR to REAL: yes, INT: yes, BOOL: yes, CHAR: no, STRING: yes - from STRING to REAL: -, INT: -, BOOL: yes, CHAR: yes3), STRING: no

1) Value <> 0 corresponds to TRUE, value == 0 corresponds to FALSE.

2) String length 0 => FALSE, otherwise TRUE.

3) If only one character.

It is not possible to convert from type AXIS and FRAME nor into type AXIS and FRAME.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

- Define variable type such that the initialization value can be assigned, or

- Select initialization value in accordance with the variable definition.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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12400 Channel %1 block %2 field %3 element does not exist

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: The following causes are possible:

- Impermissible index list; an axis index is missing

- Array index does not match the definition of the variables

- An attempt was made to access a variable at array initialization via SET or REP; this attempt did not correspond to the standard access. Single character access, partial frame access, omitted indices not

possible

A non-existent element was addressed on initializing this array.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Array initialization: Check the array index of the addressed element. The 1st array element is given the index [0,0], the 2nd array element [0,1] etc. The right array index (column index) is incremented

first.

In the 2nd row, the 4th element is also addressed with the index [1,3] (the indices start at zero). Array definition: Check the size of the array. The1st number indicates the number of elements in the 1st dimension (number of rows), the 2nd number indicates the number of elements in the 2nd

dimension (number of columns).

An array with 2 rows and 3 columns must be defined by specifying [2,3].

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12410 Channel %1 block %2 incorrect index type for %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: In assigning a value to an element of an array variable, the array index was specified in a way that is

not allowed.

Only the following are allowed as array index (in square brackets):

- Axis identifier, provided the array variable was defined as data type FRAME.

- Integer values for all other data types.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. Correct indices of the array

element with respect to variable definition or define the array variable differently.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12420 Channel %1 block %2 identifier %3 too long

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: -

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. The symbol to be created or the target of program jumps (label) must conform to the system specifications, that means the name must begin with 2 letters (but the 1st sign must not be "§") and may be up to a maximum of 32 characters.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

12430 Channel %1 block %2 specified index is invalid

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In specifying an array index (in the array definition) an index was used that is outside the permissible

range.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. Specify array index within the

permissible range. Value range per array dimension: 1 - 32 767.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12440 Channel %1 block %2 maximum number of formal arguments exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the definition of a procedure (a subroutine) or in an EXTERN instruction, more than 127 formal

parameters have been specified.

Example: PROC ABC (FORMPARA1, FORMPARA2, FORMPARA127, FORMPARA128, ...)

EXTERN ABC (FORMPARA1, FORMPARA2, FORMPARA127, FORMPARA128, ...)

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. A check must be made to determine whether all parameters really have to be transferred. If so, the formal parameters can be reduced by using global variables or R parameters, or by grouping together parameters of the same

type to form an array and transfer them in this form.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

12450 Channel %1 block %2 label defined twice

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The label of this block already exists.

If the NC program is compiled off-line, the entire program is compiled block for block. During this procedure all multiple labels are recognized; this is not always the case with on-line compilation. (Only the actual program run is compiled here, i.e. program branches that are not passed through in this run

are disregarded and could therefore contain programming errors).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer is positioned on the block where the displayed label occurs for the 2nd time. Use the editor to search the part program where this label occurs for the 1st time, and

change one of the names.

Program Continuation:

12460 Channel %1 block %2 maximum number of symbols exceeded with %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: The max. number of variable definitions (GUD, LUD), macro definitions, cycle programs and/or cycle

parameters (PROC instruction) that the controller's data management system is able to handle has

been exceeded.

If this alarm occurs in conjunction with alarm 15175, not enough memory for the preprocessing of the $\frac{1}{2}$

cycle program definitions is available (PROC instruction).

If this alarm occurs in conjunction with alarm 15180, then this alarm shows the name of the file (INI or

DEF file) causing the error.

(For a list of names of INI files and their meaning -> please refer to alarm 6010)

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Generally reduce the number of symbols in the affected block (possibly by using the array technique

or by using R parameters), or adapt the corresponding machine data (see below).

 $\verb§MC_MM_NUM_LUD_NAMES_TOTAL with error in LUD blocks (i.e. if more variable definitions were$

made in the active part program than allowed by the MD).

GUD data blocks can cause errors as part of the 'initial.ini download' process (e.g. in the case of a series start-up) or by selective activation via PI service _N_F_COPY (activate GUD via HMI dialog).

If alarm 15180 refers to a GUD definition file, then machine dates

\$MN_MM_NUM_GUD_NAMES_NCK and/or \$MN_MM_NUM_GUD_NAMES_CHAN are set to a too

small value.

Macros are loaded during POWER ON/NCK-RESET or selectively via PI servicc $_N_F_COPY$ (activate Makro via HMI dialog). If alarm 15180 refers to a macro definition file, then machine date

\$MN_MM_NUM_USER_MACROS is set to a too small value.

Cycle program definitions (PROC instruction) are reloaded at each POWER ON/NCK-RESET. In case of failure check parameter %3 to find out whether the name of the cycle program has caused the error - in this case the value of machine data \$MN_MM_NUM_MAX_FUNC_NAMES should be increased, or whether the name of a cycle call parameter has caused the error - in this case the value of machine

data \$MN_MM_NUM_MAX_FUNC_PARAM should be increased.

Program Continuation:

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12470 Channel %1 block %2 G function %3 is unknown

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source string

Definitions: With indirectly programmed G functions, an invalid or non-allowed group number has been

programmed. Allowed group number = 1. and 5 max. number of G groups. In the displayed block, a non-defined G function has been programmed. Only "real" G functions are checked, which begin with the address G, e.g. G555. "Named" G functions such as CSPLINE, BRISK etc. are interpreted as

subroutine names.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

> CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. You should decide on the basis of the machine manufacturer's programming guide whether or not the displayed G function exists or is available, or whether a standard G function has been reconfigured (or introduced by an OEM). Remove G function from the part program or program function call in accordance with the machine

manufacturer's programming guide.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12475 Channel %1 block %2 invalid G function number %3 programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = G code number

Definitions: A non-allowed G function number (parameter 3) has been programmed for a G group with indirect G

code programming. Only the G function numbers indicated in the Programming Guide "Fundamentals", Section 12.3 "List of G functions/Path conditions" are allowed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12480 Channel %1 block %2 subroutine %3 already defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source string

Definitions: The name used in the PROC or EXTERN instruction has already been defined in another call

description (e.g. for cycles).

Example:

EXTERN CYCLE85 (VAR TYP1, VAR TYP2, ...)

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

> CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. A program name must be selected that has not yet been used as identifier. (Theoretically, the parameter declaration of the EXTERN instruction could also be adapted to the existing subroutine in order to avoid the alarm output.

However, it would have been defined identically twice).

Program Continuation:

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12481 Channel %1 block %2 program attribute %3 not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: The attribute used in the PROC instruction is not permitted in the current operating mode.

The attribute SAVE, for example, is not allowed in a technology cycle.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Press button NC STOP and select the function "Compensation block" using softkey PROGAM Remedy:

CORRECT. The cursor jumps to the incorrect block. Then delete the invalid program attribute.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12490 Channel %1 block %2 access permission level %3 is not valid

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: The desired access authorization, programmed with the keyword REDEF, has not been set. The

desired protection level is either beyond the permitted value range or the protection level change is

not allowed.

(The REDEF instruction is only executable in INITIAL_INI blocks on SINUMERIK 840D, P1 (6/94)).

The protection level may be changed only if:

1. The current protection level is equal to or higher than the level originally defined, and

2. The new protection level is to be below the level originally defined.

The higher numerical values represent the lower protection levels. The lower 4 levels (from 7 to 4) correspond to the keyswitch positions, and the upper 4 levels are associated with 4 passwords.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM Remedy:

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

- Use the REDEF instruction only in the INITIAL_INI block

- Using the operator panel, set the current protection level to at least the same level as that of the

variable with the highest level

- Program protection level within the permissible value range

- Only program new protection levels that are lower than the old values Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Program

NCK alarms

12500 Channel %1 block %2 in this module %3 is not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: The displayed keyword may not be used in this type of block and at this location (all files in the NCK

are designated as blocks).

Block types: Program block

Contains a main program or subroutine

Data block

Contains macro or variable definitions and possibly an M, H or E function

Initialization block

Contains only selected language elements for data initialization

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Remove the displayed language elements (keyword) with its parameters from this block and insert in

the block provided for this purpose.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12510 Channel %1 block %2 too many machine data %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: In the part program, in the machine data file (..._TEA) and in the initialization file (..._INI), no more than

2 machine data may be used per block.

Example: N ...

N 100 \$MN_OVR_FACTOR_FEEDRATE [10] = 15, \$MN_OVR_FACTOR_FEEDRATE [11] = 20

Ν...

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

- Divide up the part program block into several blocks.

- If necessary, use the local variable for storing intermediate results.

Program Continuation:

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12520 Channel %1 block %2 too many tool parameters %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: In the part program, in the tool offset file (..._TOA) and in the initialization file (..._INI), no more than 5

tool offset parameters may be used per block.

Example: N ...

N 100 \$TC_DP1 [5,1] = 130, \$TC_DP3 [5,1] = 150.123, \$TC_DP4 [5,1] = 223.4, \$TC_DP5 [5,1] = 200.12,

\$TC_DP6 [5,1] = 55.02

Ν...

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

- Divide up the part program block into several blocks.

- If necessary, use the local variable for storing intermediate results. Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Program Continuation:

12530 Channel %1 block %2 invalid index for %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: In macro definitions, an attempt was made to define a G function with more than 3 decades or an M

function with more than 2 decades as identifier of the macro.

Example

_N_UMAC_DEF_DEFINE G4444 AS G01 G91 G1234

DEFINE M333 AS M03 M50 M99

M17

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block. Modify the macro definition in accordance with the Programming Guide.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

12540 Channel %1 block %2 Block is too long or too complex

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The maximum internal block length after translator processing must not exceed 256 characters. After

editing, for example, several macros in the block or a multiple nesting, this limit can be exceeded.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Divide up the program block into several subblocks.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

12550 Channel %1 block %2 name %3 not defined or option/function not

activated

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: The identifier displayed has not been defined before being used.

_

_N_SMAC_DEF _N_MMAC_DEF _N_UMAC_DEF _N_SGUD_DEF _N_MGUD_DEF _N_UGUD_DEF

Variable: DEF statement is missing Program: PROC declaration is missing

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Compensation block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The cursor positions itself on the incorrect block.

- Correct the name used (writing error)

Check definitions of variables, subroutines and macros
 Declare subroutine with EXTERN, load subroutine to SPF-Dir

- Check interface definition of subroutine

- Check options. See also \$MN_NC_LANGUAGE_CONFIGURATION. Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Program Continuation:

12552 Channel %1 block %2 tool/magazine OEM parameter not defined.

Channel %1 block %2 tool/magazine OEM parameter not defined. Option not set. Option not set.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed \$TC_... Cx system variable is not known in the control.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Correct the name used (writing error)

- \$TC_DPCx, \$TC_TPCx, \$TC_MOPCx, \$TC_MAPCx, \$TC_MPPCx, \$TC_DPCSx, \$TC_TPCSx,

\$TC_MOPCSx, \$TC_MAPCSx, \$TC_MPPCSx; with x=1,...10

- These are the OEM parameters of the tools magazines, The corresponding machine data value is

set to < 10, or the option 'TM OEM parameters' has not been set.

- Use correct parameter number, or - if the name cannot be changed - set machine data correction

 $(see \$MN_MM_NUM_CC_TOA_PARAM, ... \$MN_MM_NUM_CCS_TOA_PARAM, ...). \)$

- Check the option (machine data are only effective when the option is enabled).

Program Continuation:

12553 Channel %1 block %2 name %3 option/function is not active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: The option (if \$MN_NC_LANGUAGE_CONFIGURATION = 1) or the NC function (if

\$MN_NC_LANGUAGE_CONFIGURATION = 3) related to this language command is not active. But the name of the language command is known.

Each programming of this language command is rejected with this alarm.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the "Compensation block" function by pressing the PROGRAM

CORRECT softkey. The cursor positions itself on the incorrect block.

- Correct the name used (in the case of a typing error).

Activate the NC function (if a language command of an inactive function has been programmed).Enable the option required (if a language command of a function with a non-enabled option has been

programmed).

See also $MN_NC_LANGUAGE_CONFIGURATION$.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12554 Channel %1 block %2 replacement cycle %3 for the predefined

procedure is missing.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Cycle name

Definitions: The replacement cycle that is to be called instead of the predefined procedure

is not present / unknown in the control.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC stop key and select the "Compensation block" function by pressing the PROGRAM

CORRECT softkey. The cursor will position itself in the faulty block.

- Correct the name used for the predefined procedure (write error)

Or load the replacement cycle into one of the cycle directories (+ restart)
Or set the machine data bit for the predefined procedure in \$MN_COUPLE_CYCLE_MASK to 0 so

that the predefined procedure is executed again.

Program Continuation:

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12555 Channel %1 block %2 function not available (identification %3)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Fine ID

Definitions: The identifier has not been defined for this system

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC stop key and select the "Compensation block" function by pressing the "Program

correct" softkey. The correction indicator will position in the incorrect block.

- Correct the name used (write error)

- Use a better software system in case of malfunction- Check the definition of variables, subroutines and macros

- Declare a subroutine with EXTERNAL; load the subroutine to SPF-Dir

- Check the interface definition of the subroutine

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12556 Channel %1 block %2 name %3 Name is already known

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: The name of the symbol created is part of the

NC language scope and therefore already known. Although the NC function

is not active, this name can no longer be used for GUDs, macros

and PROC definitions.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press key NC Stop and select "Correction block" function by pressing softkey "Program correct". The

correction indicator is set to the incorrect block.

- Correct the name used (typing error)

- With machine data \$MN_NC_LANGUAGE_CONFIGURATION = 2 or 4, only those language

commands are created, the option of which has been set

or the function of which is active.

Program Continuation:

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12560 Channel %1 block %2 programmed value %3 exceeds allowed limits

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: In a value assignment, the permissible value range of the data type has been exceeded.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM Remedy:

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Assign value within the value range of the various data types, or if necessary use another type in order

to increase the size of the value range, e.g. INT ->REAL.

Value ranges of the various variable types:

- REAL: Property: Fractional number with dec. pt., value range: +/-(2-1022-2+1023)

- INT: Property: Integers with signs, value range: +/-(231-1) - BOOL: Property: Truth value TRUE, FALSE, value range: 0,1 - CHAR: Property: 1 ASCII character, value range: 0-255

- STRING: Property: Character string (max. 100 values), value range: 0-255

- AXIS: Property: Axis addresses, value range: Axis names only

- FRAME: Property: Geometric information, value range: As for axis paths

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12570 Channel %1 block %2 too many motion synchronous actions in %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: No more than 16 actions are allowed in a block with motion synchronous action.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce the number of programmed actions.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

12571 Channel %1 block %2 %3 not permissible for motion synchronous action

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

The predefined subprogram %3 specified here is not allowed in a block with motion synchronous Definitions:

action. It may only be contained in a "normal" block.

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

12572 Channel %1 block %2 %3 only permissible for motion synchronous

action

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: The predefined subprogram %3 specified here is only allowed in a block with motion synchronous

action. It must not be contained alone in a "normal" block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify program.

Program Clea

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12573 Channel %1 block %2 motion-synchronous action: Call by reference

parameters not allowed %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source text area

Definitions: Call by reference parameters (keyword VAR) are not possible with technology cycles.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct PROC instruction of technology cycle.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

12580 Channel %1 block %2 %3 not permissible for assignment in motion

synchronous action

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: The variable displayed must not be written in a motion synchronous action. Only selected variables

are permitted here, e.g. DO \$AA_IW[X]=10 is not allowed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Modify part program.

In a motion synchronous action, only certain variables are allowed.

E.g. \$AA_IM, \$AC_DTGPB

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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12581 Channel %1 block %2 invalid read access to %3 while in motion

synchronous action

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: In a motion synchronous action, the displayed variable must not be entered as a variable that is to be

read on-line, i.e.

1. The displayed variable must not be written to the left of the comparison in a motion synchronous

action. Only selected variables are permissible, e.g. WHEN \$AA_OVR == 100 DO

2. In a motion synchronous action, the displayed variable must not be used as a \$\$ variable, e.g.

WHEN $AA_{IM[X]} = P_{AD[1]} DO ... DO AC_{VC} = P_{F}$

3. The displayed variable must not be programmed as an online evaluated parameter of a

synchronous procedure, e.g. DO SYNFCT(1, \$AC_PARAM[0], \$SA_OSCILL_REVERSE_POS2[Z])

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12582 Channel %1 block %2 field index %3 incorrect

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: \$A or \$V variables are assessed in real-time in motion synchronous actions, i.e. in the interpolation

cycle. All other variables (e.g. user-defined variables) are still computed at block preparation. It is not

permissible to index the index of a variable for block preparation with a real-time variable.

Example:

DEF INT INPUT[3]

WHEN $A_N[1] == NPUT[A_NA[1]] DO ...$

The locally defined variable INPUT must not be indexed with a real-time variable.

Program editing:

WHEN \$A_IN[1] == \$AC_MARKER[\$A_INA[1]] DO ...

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify program: Use real-time variables.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

12583 Channel %1 block %2 variable %3 no system variable

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: In motion synchronous actions, only special system variables are allowed on the left side of the

compare operation for the assigned variable as input and result variable of SYNFCT and as input variable for PUTFTOCF. Real-time synchronous access is allowed here. The programmed variable is

not a system variable.

Example:

DEF REAL OTTO, BERTA[2] DO SYNFCT(2,OTTO, \$MN_...); Local variables or machine data are

not allowed as parameter for SYNFCT.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Local variables or machine data are not allowed as parameters for SYNFCT.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

12584 Channel %1 block %2 variable %3 cannot be read synchronously with

motion

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: In motion synchronous actions on the left side of the compare operation, only special variables are

allowed as input variables of SYNFCT and as input variables for PUTFTOCF. Motion synchronous

access is possible here.

Example:

PUTFTOCF(1, \$AA_OVR, 2, 1, 2)

The variable \$AA_OVR is not allowed here.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. For the functions SYNFCT and PUTFTOCF only certain variables are allowed,

for example \$AC_DTGPW.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12585 Channel %1 block %2 variable %3 cannot be changed synchronously

with motion

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: When assigning SYNFCT in motion synchronous actions and result variables, only special variables

are allowed. Real-time synchronous access is allowed here.

Example:

WHEN \$AA_IM[AX1]>= 100 DO \$AC_TIME=1000. The variable \$AC_TIME (time from beginning of

block) cannot be written

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Only certain variables are allowed for the function SYNFCT where real-time

synchronous access is possible.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12586 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: type conflict in

variable %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: Type conversion is not possible for on-line variables \$A.. or \$V.., which are evaluated or written in the

interpolation cycle. Only variables of the same type can be used together in logic operations or

assigned to one another.

Example 1:

WHENEVER $AA_IM[X] > A_IN[1]$ DO ...

An on-line variable of the REAL type (actual value) cannot be compared with a variable of the BOOL

type (digital input)

The operation is possible if the following change is made:

WHENEVER $AA_IM[X] > A_INA[1] DO ...$

Example 2:

WHENEVER ... DO \$AC_MARKER[1]=\$AA_IM[X]-\$AA_MM[X]

Improvement:

WHENEVER ... DO \$AC_PARAM[1]=\$AA_IM[X]-\$AA_MM[X]

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program: Use variables of the same type.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12587 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: operation/function %3

not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number %3 = Operator/function

Definitions: The specified function / operator is not permissible for logic operations of real-time variables in motion

synchronous actions. The following operators/functions are permissible:

- == >= <= > < <> + - * /

- DIV MOD

- AND OR XOR NOT

- B_AND B_OR B_XOR B_NOT

- SIN COS TAN ATAN2 SQRT POT TRUNC ROUND ABS EXP LNX SPI

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

12588 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: address %3 not

allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number %3 = Address

Definitions: - The specified address cannot be programmed in motion synchronous action. Example: ID = 1

WHENEVER \$A_IN[1]==1 DO D3

- The cutting edge from motion synchronous actions cannot be changed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

12589 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: variable %3 not

allowed with modal ID

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number %3 = Variable name

Definitions: The modal ID in motion synchronous action must not be formed by means of an on-line variable.

Examples:

ID=\$AC_MARKER[1] WHEN \$a_in[1] == 1 DO \$AC_MARKER[1] = \$AC_MARKER[1]+1

This can be corrected in the following way:

 $R10 = AC_MARKER[1]$

ID=R10 WHEN \$a_in[1] == 1 DO \$AC_MARKER[1] = \$AC_MARKER[1]+1

The ID in a synchronous action is always permanent, and cannot be changed in the interpolation

cycle.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program: Replace the on-line variable by an arithmetic variable.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12590 Channel %1 block %2 global user data cannot be created

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The number of global user data blocks is defined in machine data \$MC_NUM_GUD_MODULES.

Here, _N_SGUD_DEF corresponds to block 1, _N_MGUD_DEF corresponds to block 2, _N_UGUD_DEF corresponds to block 3, _N_GUD4_DEF corresponds to block 4 etc.

In the directory _N_DEF_DIR there is a file with definitions for global user data, the block number of

which is greater than the number of blocks given in the MD.

The alarm may, however, also be caused by value zero in one of MD

\$MN_MM_NUM_GUD_NAMES_NCK, \$MN_MM_NUM_GUD_NAMES_CHAN and by the definition

of a variable with NCK or CHAN in one of the GUD definition files.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Increase machine data 18118

MM_NUM_GUD_MODULES.

Or, if it already has the correct value, check whether 18120 \$MN_MM_NUM_GUD_NAMES_NCK (if a variable has been defined with attribute NCK) or 18130 \$MN_MM_NUM_GUD_NAMES_CHAN (if

a variable has been defined with attribute CHAN) is not zero.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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12600 Channel %1 block %2 invalid line checksum

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: On processing an INI file or when executing a TEA file, an invalid line checksum has been detected.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Correct INI file or correct MD and create new INI file (via "upload"). Remedy:

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

12610 Channel %1 block %2 accessing single character with call-by-reference

parameter not possible %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Source string

Definitions: An attempt has been made to use a single character access for a call-by-reference parameter.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Temporarily store single characters in user-defined CHAR variable and transfer this.

Program Continuation:

12620

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

possible %3

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Source string

Definitions: The variable is not a user-defined variable. The single character access is only allowed for user-

defined variables (LUD/GUD).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Temporarily store variable in user-defined STRING, process this and put back into storage. Remedy:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program. **Program**

Continuation:

Channel %1 block %2 accessing this variable as single character not

12630 Channel %1 block %2 skip ID/label in control structure not allowed

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number

Definitions: Blocks with control structures (FOR, ENDIF, etc.) cannot be concealed and must not contain any

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program: Reproduce skip ID via an IF query. Write the label alone in the block before the

control structure block.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

12640 Channel %1 block %2 invalid nesting of control structures

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: Error in program run: Opened control structures (IF-ELSE-ENDIF, LOOP-ENDLOOP etc.) are not

terminated or there is no beginning of loop for the programmed end of loop.

Example:

LOOP ENDIF ENDLOOP

Interpreter stop Reaction:

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct part program in such a way that all opened control structures are also terminated.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

12641 Channel %1 block %2 maximum nesting depth of control structures

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: Max. nesting depth control structures (IF-ELSE-ENDIF, LOOP-ENDLOOP etc.) exceeded. At the

present time, the max. nesting depth is 8.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct part program. If necessary, move parts to a subroutine.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

12650 Channel %1 block %2 axis identifier %3 different in channel %4 Parameters:

%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number

%3 = Source symbol

%4 = Channel number with different axis definition

Definitions: In cycles that are preprocessed at Power On, only those geometry and channel axis identifiers may

be used that exist in all channels with the same meaning. In different channels, different axis indices

are assigned to the axis identifier.

The axis identifiers are defined via machine data 20060 AXCONF_GEOAX_NAME_TAB and 20080 AXCONF_CHANAX_NAME_TAB. Example: C is the 4th channel axis in channel 1 and the 5th

channel axis in channel 2.

If the axis identifier C is used in a cycle that is preprocessed at Power On, then this alarm is issued.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

1. Modify machine data: Select the same identifiers for geometry and channel axes in all channels. Example: The geometry axes are called X, Y, Z in all channels. They can then also be programmed directly in preprocessed channels.

2. Do not program the axis directly in the cycle but define it as a parameter of the axis type. Example:

Cycle definition:

PROC DRILL(AXIS DRILLAXIS) G1 AX[DRILLAXIS]=10 F1000 M17

Call from the main program:

DRILL(Z)

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

12660 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: variable %3 reserved

formotion synchronous actions and technology cycles

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number %3 = Variable name

Definitions: The displayed variable may only be used in motion synchronous actions or in technology cycles. For

example, '\$R1' may only be used in motion synchronous actions. In standard part programs R

parameters are programmed with R1.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

12661 Channel %1 block %2 technology cycle %3: no further subprogram call

possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

%3 = Name of the technology cycle call

Definitions: In a technology cycle it is not possible to call a subroutine or another technology cycle.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12700 Channel %1 block %2 contour definition programming not allowed as

modal sub-programis active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the external language mode, a block is programmed with contour definition and a modal cycle is

active at the same time. Because of unclear address assignment (e.g. R = radius for contour definition or return plane for drilling cycle) contour definition programming must not be used when a modal cycle

is active.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC

Continuation:

NCK alarms

12701 Channel %1 block %2 illegal interpolation type for contour definition

active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In one contour definition block, G01 is not active as interpolation function. In one contour definition

block, the linear interpolation always has to be selected with G01. G00, G02, G03, G33 etc. are not

permitted

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Program linear interpolation G01.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12710 Channel %1 block %2 illegal language element in external language

mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed language element is not allowed or unknown in external language mode. Only the

language elements from Siemens mode which are used for subprogram calls (except for Lxx) and the

language constructs for program repetition with REPEAT (UNTIL) are allowed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Check that the language command is available in Siemens mode. Switch to Siemens mode with G290. Program the command in the next block and switch back to the external language mode in the

following block.

Program Continuation Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

12720 Channel %1 block %2 program number for macro call (G65/G66) missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: During macro call with G65/G66 no program number was defined. The program number must be

programmed with address "P".

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12722 Channel %1 block %2 multiple ISO_2/3 macro or cycle calls in the block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A mixture of cycle and macro calls are programmed in a block, e.g. cycle calls with G81 - G89 together

with an M macro in the block or a G65/G66 macro call together with M macros in the block. G05, G08, G22, G23, G27, G28, G29, G30, G50.1, G51.1, G72.1, G72.2 functions (ISO mode) also

execute subroutine calls. Only one macro or cycle call can appear in an NC block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Deactivate modal cycles or modal macro calls if one of the above mentioned G functions has been

programmed.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12724 Channel %1 block %2 no radius programmed for cylinder interpolation

activation/deactivation

%1 = Channel number Parameters: %2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When programming G07.1 (cylinder interpolation TRACYL), no cylinder radius has been

programmed. Selection of the cylinder interpolation (TRACYL) with G07.1 C <cylinder radius> deselect with G07.1 C0. For "C" the name of the rotary axis defined in the TRACYL machine data has

to be programmed.

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

G07.1 block, program the cylinder radius under the name of the rotary axis for the cylinder interpolation

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

Remedy:

12726 Channel %1 block %2 illegal plane selection with parallel axes

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In a block with plane selection (G17 _ G19), a basic axis of the coordinate system must not be

programmed together with the parallel axis assigned to it.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

For plane selection with G17, G18, G19 either program the basic axis of the coordinate system or the Remedy:

assigned parallel axis.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12728 Channel %1 block %2 distance for double turret not set

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

The tool clearance for the double turret head in the setting data Definitions:

\$SC_EXTERN_DOUBLE_TURRET_DIST is 0.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter tool clearance for the double turret head in the setting data

\$SC_EXTERN_DOUBLE_TURRET_DIST.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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12730 Channel %1 block %2 no valid transformation machine data

parameterized

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The machine data \$MC__TRAFO_TYPE_1, \$MC_TRAFO_AXES_IN_1[1],

\$MC_TRAFO_AXES_IN_2[1] are incorrectly set for G07.1, G12.1.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter valid transformation identifier for TRACYL in \$MC__TRAFO_TYPE_1 and the rotary axis

number in \$MC_TRAFO_AXES_IN_1[1] or \$MC_TRAFO_AXES_IN_2[1].

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

12740 Channel %1 block %2 modal macro call %3 not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label

%3 = Source string

Definitions: When calling a modal macro no other modal macro, modal cycle or modal subroutine may be active.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14000 Channel %1 block %2 illegal end of file

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm 14000 is output in the following situations:

- Parts program was not terminated with M30, M02 or M17.

- Executing from external: Download was aborted (e.g. because HMI wasswitched off).

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - End parts program with M30, M02 or M17 and start parts program.

- Executing from external: If the download for the selected program was aborted,

the default program _N_MPF0 is automatically selected with RESET The selection of the user program must be repeated after that.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14001 Channel %1 block %2 illegal end of block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: After system-internal data manipulation (e.g. when transferring blocks from an external source) a

subfile can end without having LF as the last character.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Read out the part program, modify it with a text editor (e.g., insert blanks or comments before the

displayed block), so that after reading it in again the part program has a different structure in the

memory

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14005 Channel %1 block %2 program %3 program-specific start disable has

been set

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Program name

Definitions: Program %3 cannot be executed, as the program-specific start disable has been set for this file.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reset the program-specific start disable for file %3.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14008 Channel %1 block %2 WRITE command writes in the temporary memory

area in /_N_EXT_DIR

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A workpiece is executed from an external data register (Execute from external drives function). The

part programs are temporarily stored in the NCK directory $/_N_EXT_DIR$. An attempt is now made to

write in this temporary directory with a WRITE command.

The alarm is intended to indicate that this data is not stored in the original directory on the external data carrier, and will be lost at the next part program selection because the programs in the directory

/_N_EXT_DIR will then be deleted.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: State a directory that remains permanently loaded in the NCK as the target for the WRITE command

(e.g. MPF_DIR).

The alarm can be suppressed with machine data 11415 / \$MN_SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK_2 bit 8.

Program
Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

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14009 Channel %1 block %2 illegal program path %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Program path

Definitions: The part program command CALLPATH was called with a parameter (program path) referring to a

directory which does not exist in the file system of the NCK.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Modify the CALLPATH instruction such that the parameter contains the complete path name of the

loaded directory.

- Load the programmed directory in the file system of the NCK.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14010 Channel %1 block %2 invalid default parameter in subroutine call

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In a subroutine call with parameter transfer, parameters have been omitted that cannot be replaced

by default parameters (call-by-reference parameters or parameters of type AXIS. The other missing

parameters are defaulted with the value 0 or with the unit frame in the case of frames).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The missing parameters must be provided with values in the subroutine call. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14011 Channel %1 block %2 program %3 not existing or will be edited

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Program name

Definitions: A subroutine call was aborted because the called subroutine could not be opened.

The subroutine call can be executed via

- subroutine designator

- CALL / PCALL / MCALL command

- SETINT command

- M/T function replacement

- event-driven program calls (PROG_EVENT)

- selection of a PLC ASUB via PI "_N_ASUP__" and/or FB-4

- calling a PLC ASUB via interrupt interface (FC-9)

There are various reasons for the alarm:

- the subroutine is not in the parts program memory the subroutine

- the subroutine is not in the search path (selected directory, _N_SPF_DIR or cycle directories _N_CUS_DIR, _N_CMA_DIR, _N_CST_DIR

- the subroutine has not been released or is being edited

- faulty absolute path name in subroutine call:

Examples of complete path names: /_N_directoryName_DIR/_N_programmName_SPF or /_N_WKS_DIR/_N_wpdName_WPD/_N_programmName_SPF. directoryName: MPF, SPF, CUS, CMA, CST (predefined directories). wpdName: application-specific designator for workpieace directories (max. of 24 signs). programmName: Name of subroutine (max. of 24 signs)

- A reload buffer for executing from external was called as subroutine.

Note: Unknown designators (string) found in the parts program line by themselves, are interpreted as subroutine calls.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Ensure that the subroutine (alarm parameter %3)

- is available in the parts program memory - has been released and is not being edited

- is available in the search path if not being called via an absolute path name.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14012 Channel %1 block %2 maximum subroutine level exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The maximum nesting depth of 8 program levels has been exceeded.

Subroutines can be called from the main program, and these in turn may have a nesting depth of 7.

In interrupt routines the maximum number of levels is 4!

Interpreter stop Reaction:

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Modify the machining program so that the nesting depth is reduced, e.g. using the editor copy a Remedy:

subroutine of the next nesting level into the calling program and remove the call for this subroutine.

This reduces the nesting depth by one program level.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

14013 Channel %1 block %2 number of subroutine passes invalid

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In a subroutine call the programmed number of passes P is zero or negative.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program number of passes between 1 and 9 999.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14014 Channel %1 selected program %3 not available or will be edited

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Program name

Definitions: The selected parts program is not in the NCK memory or the access authorization for the program

selection is from a higher level than the current control status.

During creation, this program received the protection level of the NC control which was active at the

time.

In SW 5 or higher a program edited on HMI can no longer be started with NC Start.

The alarm will also be issued, if a file other than the specified definition file has been selected for the

GUD or macro definition.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reload the program in the NCK memory or check and correct the name of the directory (workpiece

overview) and the program (program overview) and reselect.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

14015 Channel %1 block %2 program %3 is not enabled

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Program name

Definitions: The execution right currently set in the control (e.g. key switch position 0) is inadequate to execute

part program %3.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Raise the execution right to match the protection level of part program %3

- Assign a lower protection level to part program %3 or release (key switch protection level 0)

Program Continuation:

14016 Channel %1 block %2 error when calling the subroutine via M/T function

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The following conflict was detected in a subprogram call per M or T function:

In the block referenced by parameter %2:

- An M or T function replacement has already been activated

- A modal subprogram call is active

- A subprogram return jump is programmed

- An end of program is programmed

- An M98 subprogram call is active (only in external language mode)

- T function replacement by D function programming in the same part program line is not possible with

active TLC (G43/G44) in ISO2 system.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: An M or T function replacement is only possible if a subprogram call or return jump has not already

been performed as a result of other program constructs. The part program must be corrected

accordingly

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14017 Channel %1 block %2 syntax error when calling the subroutine via M

function

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When calling M code subroutine with parameter transfer, an illegal syntax was detected:

Address extension not programmed as a constant.M function value not programmed as a constant.

Note: If a parameter transfer has been programmed via MD \$MN_M_NO_FCT_CYCLE_PAR for an M function replacement, the following restriction applies to this M function: both the address extension

and the M function value must be programmed for replacement as constants.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Change the programming of the M function.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14018 Channel %1 block %2 parts program command %3 not executable

(protection level setpoint value / actual value: %4)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Programmed command

%4 = Protection level of the command / current protection level

Definitions: To parts program command %3, a protection level has been assigned that is logically higher (smaller

in value) than the current access right, or the command does not exist in the current control

configuration.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify parts program. Please see the Siemens Progamming Guide or OEM documentation for the

language commands permissible for the relevant system configuration.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

14020 Channel %1 block %2 wrong value or wrong number of parameters on

function or procedure call

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: - An illegal parameter value was specified in a function or procedure call.

- An illegal number of actual parameters was programmed in a function or procedure call.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14021 Channel %1 block %2 wrong value or wrong number of parameters on

function or procedure call

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: - An illegal parameter value was specified in a function or procedure call.

- An illegal number of actual parameters was programmed in a function or procedure call.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14022 Channel %1 block %2 error on function or procedure call, error code %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Error code

Definitions: An error occurred during a function or procedure call.

The cause of the error is indicated more closely by an error code.

The meaning of the error code can be found in the documentation of the function or procedure that

caused the error.

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14025 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: illegal modal ID

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In modal motion synchronous actions an illegal ID number has been assigned.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14026 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: invalid polynomial

number in the FCTDEF command

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An FCTDEF command was programmed with a polynomial number that exceeds the maximum value

set in \$MC_MM_NUM_FCTDEF_ELEMENTS.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with the

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14027 Channel %1 block %2 motion-synchronous action: Too many technology

cycles programmed.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: You can call a maximum of eight technology cycles with one motion-synchronous action. You

exceeded the upper limit.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14028 Channel %1 block %2 motion-synchronous action: Technology cycle

programmed with too many parameters

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Maximum number of transfer parameters for one technology cycle exceeded.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Change technology cycle

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14030 Channel %1 block %2 combine OSCILL and POSP during oscillation with

infeedmotion

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When oscillating controlled by synchronized actions, the assignment of oscillating and infeed axis

(OSCILL) as well as the definition of the infeed (POSP) must be carried out in one NC block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START

Continuation:

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14033 Channel %1 block %2 involute: no end point programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No end point was programmed for the involute. This is either possible via direct programming with the

geometry axis identifiers or by specifying the angle between start and end vector.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14034 Channel %1 block %2 involute: angle of rotation too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With programming of the angle of rotation (with AR) for involute interpolation, the maximum

programmable angle of rotation is limited if the involute is moving towards the basic circle. The

maximum value is reached if the involute touches the basic circle. With

MD_INVOLUTE_AUTO_ANGLE_RESTRICTION = TRUE, each angle is accepted without an alarm;

if necessary, the angle is automatically limited during interpolation.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clea

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14035 Channel %1 block %2 involute: start point invalid

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With involute interpolation, the start point of the involute must be outside the basic circle. The

programmed center point or radius must be adapted accordingly.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14036 Channel %1 block %2 involute: end point invalid

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With involute interpolation, the end point of the involute must be outside the basic circle. The

programmed center point / radius or end point must be adapted accordingly.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC

Continuation:

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14037 Channel %1 block %2 involute: radius invalid

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With involute interpolation, the programmed radius of the basic circle must be greater than zero.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14038 Channel %1 block %2 involute not definable: end point error

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed end point does not lie on the involute defined by the start point, radius and center

point of the basic circle. The deviation of the effective end radius from the programmed value is greater

than the permissible value specified in MD INVOLUTE_RADIUS_DELTA.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program. Continuation:

14039 Channel %1 block %2 involute: end point programmed several times

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With involute interpolation, either the end point with the geometry axis identifiers or the angle of

rotation with AR=value can be programmed. Simultaneous programming of end point and angle of

rotation in one block is not allowed, since the end point can thus not be defined exactly.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14040 Channel %1 block %2 error in end point of circle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

In circular interpolation, either the circle radii for the initial point and the end point are further apart, or the circle center points are further apart, than specified in the machine data.

1. In circle radius programming the starting and end points are identical, thus the circle position is not determined by starting and end points.

2. Radii: The NCK calculates from the present start point and the other programmed circle parameters the radii for the start and the end point.

An alarm message is issued if the difference between the circle radii is either

- greater than the value in the MD 21000 CIRCLE_ERROR_CONST (for small radii, if the programmed radius is smaller than the quotient of the machine data CIRCLE_ERROR_CONST divided by 21010 CIRCLE_ERROR_FACTOR), or

- greater than the programmed radius multiplied by the MD CIRCLE_ERROR_FACTOR (for large radii, if the programmed radius is greater than the quotient of the machine data CIRCLE_ERROR_CONST divided by CIRCLE_ERROR_FACTOR).

3. Center points: A new circle center is calculated using the circle radius at the starting position. It lies on the mid-perpendicular positioned on the connecting straight line from the starting point to the end point of the circle. The angle in the radian measure between both straight lines from the starting point to the center calculated/programmed as such must be lower than the root of 0.001 (corresponding to approx. 1.8 degrees).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check MD 21000 Remedv:

CIRCLE ERROR CONST and 21010 CIRCLE ERROR FACTOR. If the values are within reasonable limits, the circle end point or the circle mid-point of the part program block must be

programmed with greater accuracy.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14045 Channel %1 block %2 error in tangential circle programming

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The alarm may have the following causes:

The tangent direction is not defined for tangent circle, e.g. because no other travel block has been programmed before the current block. No circle can be formed from start and end point as well as tangent direction because - seen from the start point - the end point is located in the opposite direction

to that indicated by the tangent.

It is not possible to form a tangent circle since the tangent is located perpendicular to the active plane. In the special case in which the tangent circle changes to a straight line, several complete circular

revolutions were programmed with TURN.

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

14048 Channel %1 block %2 wrong number of revolutions in circle

programming

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the circle programming, a negative number of full revolutions has been specified.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

14050 Channel %1 block %2 nesting depth for arithmetic operations exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: For calculating arithmetic expressions in NC blocks, an operand stack with a fixed set size is used.

With very complex expressions, this stack can overflow. This may also occur with extensive

expressions in synchronized actions.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Divide up complex arithmetic expressions into several simpler arithmetic blocks.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14051 Channel %1 block %2 arithmetic error in part program

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: - In calculating an arithmetic expression, an overflow has occurred (e.g. division by zero)

- In a data type, the representable value range has been exceeded

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Analyze the program and correct the defective point in the program. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14055 Channel %1 block %2 impermissible NC language substitution, error

code %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Error code

Definitions: This alarm occurs in conjunction with an NC language substitution configured in

\$MA_AXIS_LANG_SUB_MASK. Error code %3 gives more detailed information about the cause of

the problem:

Error code:

1: Several events had been programmed, causing the replacement cycle to be called. Only one

substitution is allowed per part program line.

2: A non-modal synchronized action had also been programmed for the part program line with the NC

language substitution.

3: The system variables \$P_SUB_SPOSIT and \$P_SUB_SPOSMODE were called outside a

replacement cycle.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the NC program

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14060 Channel %1 block %2 invalid skip level with differential block skip

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With "Differential block skip", a skip level greater than 7 has been specified. (In packet 1 specification

of a value for the skip level is rejected by the converter as a syntax error, i.e. the only possibility is a

"Suppress block" ON/OFF on one level).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter a skip level (number behind the slash) less than 8.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14070 Channel %1 block %2 memory for variables not sufficient for subroutine

call

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A called subroutine cannot be processed (opened), either because the internal data memory to be

created for general purposes is not large enough, or because the available memory for the local

program variables is too small. The alarm can only occur in MDI mode.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Analyze the part program section:

 $1. \ Has the most useful data type \ always been selected in the variable \ definitions? \ (For example REAL) \ and \ (For example REAL) \ are the most useful data type \ always been selected in the variable \ definitions? \ (For example REAL) \ are the most useful data type \ always \ been \ selected in the variable \ definitions? \ (For example REAL) \ are the most useful data \ are the most$

for data bits is poor; BOOL would be better)

2. Can local variables be replaced by global variables?

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

14080 Channel %1 block %2 jump destination %3 not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Jump destination

Definitions: In conditional and unconditional jumps, the jump destination within the program must be a block with

a label (symbolic name instead of block number). If no jump destination has been found with the given

label when searching in the programmed direction, an alarm is output.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check NC part program for the following possible errors:

1. Check whether the target designation is identical with the label.

2. Is the jump direction correct?

3. Has the label been terminated with a colon?

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14082 Channel %1 block %2 label %3 program section not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Start or end label

<end label> has not been found or the same program part repetition has been called recursively.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the start and end labels for programming repetition in the user program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14085 Channel %1 block %2 instruction not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The instruction 'TML()' may only be used in the subprogram, which replaces the T command.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14088 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 doubtful position

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An axis postion larger than 3.40e+38 increments has been programmed. This alarm can be

suppressed with bit 11 in \$MN_SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START of

Continuation:

NCK alarms

14090 Channel %1 block %2 invalid D number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A value less than zero has been programmed under address D.

A set of parameters with 25 correction values has been automatically assigned to each active tool. Each tool can have 9 sets of parameters (D1 - D9, initial setting is D1). When the D number changes,

the new parameter set is active (D0 is used for deselecting the correction values).

N10 G.. X... Y... T15 ; Parameter set D1 of T15 active N50 G.. X... D3 M.. ; Parameter set D3 of T15 active N60 G.. X.. T20 ; Parameter set D1 of T20 active

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program D numbers in the permissible value range (D0, D1 to D9). **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14091 Channel %1 block %2 illegal function, index %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Index

Definitions: A function was programmed or triggered which is not allowed in the current program context. The code

of the function in question is entered in the "index" parameter:

Index == 1: "RET" command was programmed in the main program level

Index == 2: Conflict between "Cancel level"/"Clear number of passes" and "Implicit GET" Index == 3: Conflict ASUB start immediately after selection of overstore (up to P3) Index == 4: MD MN_G53_TOOLCORR = 1 : SUPA/G153/G53 programmed in G75 Index == 5: POSRANGE command not programmed in synchronized action

Index == 6: SIRELAY command not programmed in synchronized action

Index == 7: GOTOF/GOTOB/GOTO command programmed with string variable in synchronized

action.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Index == 1: Substitute "RET" command with M17/M30

Index == 2: Insert an auxiliary block (e.g. M99) after the subroutine call to which the "Cancel

level"/"Clear number of passes" refers

Index == 3: Overstore an auxiliary block (e.g. M99), then start ASUB (up to P3)

Index == 4: With MD MN_G53_TOOLCORR = 1: Do not activate SUPA/G53/G153 in the G75 block

Index == 5: Program POSRANGE command in synchronized action Index == 6: Program SIRELAY command in synchronized action

Index == 7: Program GOTOF/GOTOB/GOTO command with block number or label

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

14092 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 is wrong axis type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: One of the following programming errors has occurred:

1. The keyword WAITP(x) "Wait with block change until the specified positioning axis has reached its

end point" has been used for an axis that is not a positioning axis.

 $2.\ G74\ "Reference\ point\ approach\ from\ the\ program"\ has\ been\ programmed\ for\ a\ spindle.\ (Only\ axis$

addresses are permitted).

3. The keyword POS/POSA has been used for a spindle. (The keywords SPOS and SPOSA must be $\,$

programmed for the spindle positions).

4. If the alarm occurs with the rigid tapping function (G331),

the following causes are conceivable:

- The master spindle is not in position-controlled mode.

- Incorrect master spindle

- Master spindle without encoder

5. An axis name was programmed which no longer exists (e.g. when using axial variables as an

index). Or it was programmed as index NO_AXIS.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Correct the part program according to which of the above errors is involved.

- Program SPOS.

- Set the correct master spindle with SETMS.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14093 Channel %1 block %2 path interval <= 0 with polynominal interpolation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the polynomial interpolation POLY, a negative value or 0 has been programmed under the keyword

for the polynomial length PL=...

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

Correct the value given in PL = ...

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

14094 Channel %1 block %2 polynominal degree greater than 3 programmed

for polynominal interpolation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The polynomial degree in the polynomial interpolation is based on the number of programmed

coefficients for an axis. The maximum possible polynomial degree is 3, i.e. the axes are according to

the function:

f(p) = a0 + a1 p + a2 p2 + a3 p3

The coefficient a0 is the actual position at the start of interpolation and is not programmed!

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce the number of coefficients. The polynomial block may have a form no greater than the

following:

N1 POLY PO[X]=(1.11, 2.22, 3.33) PO[Y]=(1.11, 2.22, 3.33)

N1 PO[n]=... PL=44

n ... n ... axis identifier, max. 8 path axes per block

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14095 Channel %1 block %2 radius for circle programming too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The radius entered for radius programming is too small, i.e. the programmed radius is smaller than

half of the distance between start and end point.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

14096 Channel %1 block %2 illegal type conversion

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: During the program run, a variable value assignment or an arithmetic operation has caused data to

be processed in such a way that they have to be converted to another type. This would lead to the

value range being exceeded.

Value ranges of the various variable types:

- REAL: Property: Fractional number with dec. pt., value range: +/-(2-1022-2+1023)

- INT: Property: Integers with signs, value range: +/-(231-1)
 - BOOL: Property: Truth value TRUE, FALSE, value range: 0,1

- CHAR: Property: 1 ASCII character, value range: 0-255

- STRING: Property: Character string (max. 100 values), value range: 0-255

- AXIS: Property: Axis addresses, value range: Axis names only

- FRAME: Property: Geometric information, value range: As for axis paths

Overview of type conversions:

- from REAL to: REAL: yes, INT: yes*, BOOL: yes1), CHAR: yes*, STRING: -, AXIS: -, FRAME: -

 $\hbox{- from INT to: REAL: yes, INT: yes, BOOL: yes1), CHAR: if value 0 \dots 255, STRING: -, AXIS: -, FRAME: \\$

- from BOOL to: REAL: yes, INT: yes, BOOL: yes, CHAR: yes, STRING: -, AXIS: -, FRAME: -

- from CHAR to: REAL: yes, INT: yes, BOOL: yes1), CHAR: yes, STRING: yes, AXIS: -, FRAME: -

- from STRING to: REAL: -, INT: -, BOOL: yes2), CHAR: only if 1 character, STRING: yes, AXIS: -,

FRAME:

- from AXIS to: REAL: -, INT: -, BOOL: -, CHAR: -, STRING: -, AXIS: yes, FRAME: -

- from FRAME to: REAL: -, INT: -, BOOL: -, CHAR: -, STRING: -, AXIS: -, FRAME: yes

1) Value <> 0 corresponds to TRUE, value ==0 corresponds to FALSE.

2) String length 0 => FALSE, otherwise TRUE.

3) If only 1 character.

It is not possible to convert from type AXIS and FRAME nor into type AXIS and FRAME.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the program section such that the value range is not exceeded, e.g. by a modified variable

definition.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14097 Channel %1 block %2 string cannot be converted to AXIS type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The called function AXNAME - conversion of the transferred parameters of the STRING type to an

axis name (return value) of the AXIS type - has not found this axis identifier in the machine data.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the transferred parameters (axis

name) of the function AXNAME to determine whether a geometry, channel or machine axis of this

name has been configured by means of the machine data:

10 000: AXCONF_MACHAX_NAME_TAB 20 070: AXCONF_GEOAX_NAME_TAB 20 080: AXCONF_CHANAX_NAME_TAB

Select the transfer string in accordance with the axis name and change the axis name in the machine data if necessary. (If a change of name is to take place via the NC part program, this change must first

be validated by means of a "Power On").

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

14098 Channel %1 block %2 conversion error: no valid number found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The string is not a valid INT or REAL number.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. If it is an entry, then you can check whether the string is a number via the preset

function ISNUMBER (with the same parameter).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14099 Channel %1 block %2 result in string concatenation too long

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The result of string chaining returns a string which is greater than the maximum string length laid down

by the system.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Adapt part program. With the function STRLEN, it is also possible to test the size of the sum string

before performing the chaining operation.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14100 Channel %1 block %2 orientation transformation not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Up to 4 transformation groupings (transformation types) can be set for each channel via machine data.

If the keyword TRAORI(n) (n ... number of the transformation grouping) is used to address a transformation grouping for which the machine data is not defaulted, the alarm message will be

triggered.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press the NC Stop key and select the function "Correction block" with the softkey PROGRAM

CORRECT. The correction pointer positions on the incorrect block.

- Check the number of the transformation grouping when calling the part program with the keyword

TRAORI(n) (n ... number of the transformation grouping).

- Enter the machine data for this transformation grouping and then activate by "Power On".

Program Continuation:

14101 Channel %1 block %2 orientation transformation not active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Euler angles or a vector have been used in programming an orientation and no orientation **Definitions:**

transformation is active, i.e. the keyword TRAORI(n) (n ... number of transformation grouping) is

missing.

Example of correct transformation programming:

N100 ... TRAORI(1) N110 G01 X... Y... ORIWKS N120 A3... B3... C3... N130 A3... B3... C3...

N200 TAFOOF

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Before the transformation is applied, the number of the transformation grouping must be specified with

the keyword TRAORI(n) (n is between 1 and 4).

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14102 Channel %1 block %2 polynominal degree greater than 5 programmed

for orientation vector angle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label

Definitions: During polynomial interpolation for the orientation vector, a polynomial degree larger than 5 has been

programmed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14110

Channel %1 block %2 Euler angles and orientation vector components

programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An orientation has been programmed with Euler angles and the component of an orientation vector at

the same time. Example: N50 TRAORI (1)

N55 A2=10 B2=20 C3=50; alarm, because Euler angle and orientation vector

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Program only one type, in other words when transformation is switched on program either Euler Remedy:

angles only or orientation vectors (direction vectors) only.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

14111 Channel %1 block %2 Euler angles, orientation vector and

transformation axes programmed

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An orientation has been programmed at the same time as Euler angles or components of an

orientation vector and the machine axis influenced by the orientation.

Example: N50 TRAORI (1)

N55 A2=70 B2=10 C2=0 X50; alarm, because Euler angle and axes were programmed

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Program only one type, in other words with transformation switched on program either Euler angles Remedy:

only or orientation vectors (direction vectors) only or deselect transformation (TRAFOOF) and set tool

orientation by programming the auxiliary axes.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14112 Channel %1 block %2 programmed orientation path not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In 5-axis transformation, the two orientation axes place a coordinate system comprising lengths and

circles of latitude on a spherical surface.

If the interpolation traverses the pole point, only the 5th axis will move and the 4th axis will retain its starting position. If a motion is programmed that does not traverse the pole point directly, but passes it very closely, the preset interpolation will be deviated from if the path forms a circle that is defined by the machine data: 24530 TRAFO5_NON_POLE_LIMIT_1 (changeover angle that refers to the 5th axis). The interpolated contour is then placed through the pole (in the immediate vicinity of the pole, the 4th axis would otherwise have to accelerate most rapidly and then decelerate again). For the 4th axis, the result is a position deviation as compared to the programmed value. The

maximum permissible angle which the programmed and the interpolated path may include is stored in the MD 24540 TRAFO5_POLE_LIMIT.

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: In the vicinity of the pole, always make use of axis programming. Programming of tool orientations

close to the pole should generally be avoided because this always leads to problems concerning

dynamic response.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14113 Channel %1 block %2 programmed lead angle too large

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No further explanation.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

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NCK alarms

14114 Channel %1 block %2 programmed tilt angle too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No further explanation.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with No

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14115 Channel %1 block %2 illegal definition of workpiece surface

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The surface normal vectors programmed at the beginning of block and at the end of block point in

opposite directions.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clea

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14116 Channel %1 block %2 absolute orientation programmed while

ORIPATH/ORIPATHS is active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The orientation has been entered as an absolute value (e.g. by a direction vector or a rotation vector),

although ORIPATH or ORIPATHS are active. When ORIPATH/ORIPATHS is active, the orientation is determined from the lead angle, tilt angle and angle of rotation relative to the path tangent and surface

normal vector.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Noting part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14117 Channel %1 block %2 no angle or direction of the cone programmmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With taper circumference interpolation of orientation (ORICONCW and ORICONCC), either the

opening angle or the direction vector of the taper must be programmed. Otherwise, the change of

orientation is not clearly defined.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with N

Continuation:

NCK alarms

14118 Channel %1 block %2 no end orientation programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With taper circumference interpolation of orientation, no end orientation has been programmed. The

change of orientation is therefore not clearly defined.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with N

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14119 Channel %1 block %2 no intermediate orientation programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With taper circumference interpolation of orientation with ORICONIO, an intermediate orientation

must also be programmed in addition to the end orientation.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14120 Channel %1 block %2 plane determination for programmed orientation

not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed orientation vectors (direction vectors) in the beginning of block and end of block

point include an angle of 180 degrees. Therefore the interpolation plane cannot be determined.

Example: N50 TRAORI (1) N55 A3=0 B3=0 C3=1

N60 A3=0 B3=0 C3=-1; the vector of this block is precisely opposite to that in the preceding block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the part program so that the orientation vectors of a block are not directly opposed to each

other, for instance by dividing the block up into 2 subblocks.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14121 Channel %1 block %2 no orientation defined (distance equals zero).

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed coordinates for the 2nd space curve with XH, YH, ZH

do not define any tool orientation, as the distance of the curve to the TCP is becoming zero.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Change the part program so that the distance between the two curves is not becoming zero and

that a tool orientation is defined.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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14122 Channel %1 block %2 angle and direction of the cone programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With taper circumference interpolation of orientation with ORICONCW and ORICC, only the opening

angle or the direction of the taper may be programmed. Programming of both in one single block is

not allowed

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14123 Channel %1 block %2 nutation angle of the cone too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With taper circumference interpolation, the programmed opening angle of the taper must be greater

than the half of the angle between the start and end orientation. Otherwise, a taper cannot be defined.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

wideling part program

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program. **Continuation:**

14124 Channel %1 block %2 start tangent for orientation is zero

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With taper circumference interpolation with tangential continuation (ORICONTO), the start tangent of

orientation must not be zero.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14125 Channel %1 block %2 programmed rotation is not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed rotation of tool orientation cannot be traversed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC

Continuation:

NCK alarms

14126 Channel %1 block %2 ORIPATH lift factor impermissible.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The value programmed with ORIPLF = r is not within the permissible range. The relative retraction

factor must lie within interval $0 \le r \le 1$.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14127 Channel %1 block %2 rotation programmed several times

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The rotation (3rd degree of freedom of orientation at 6-axis transformations) has been programmed

several times.

The rotation is clearly defined by one of the following specifications:
- Specification of the rotary axis positions included in the transformation

- Specification of Euler or RPY angles (A2, B2, C2)

- Specification of the normal orientation vector (AN3, BN3, CN3)

- Specification of the THETA angle of rotation

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14128 Channel %1 block %2 absolute programming of the orienting rotation

with active ORIROTC.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The rotation of orientation (3rd degree of freedom of orientation for 6-axis transformations) has been

programmed with G code ORIROTC active. This is not possible, as the rotation of orientation is

oriented relatively to the path tangent when ORIROTC is active.

With ORIROTC, it is only possible to program the angle of rotation THETA that indicates the angle

of the rotation vector to the path tangent.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clea

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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14129 Channel %1 block %2 orientation angles and orientation vector

components programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An orientation angle and components of an orientation vector were programmed at the same time.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with N

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14130 Channel %1 block %2 too many initialization values given

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: On assigning an array by means of SET, more initialization values than existing array elements have

been specified in the program run.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce the number of initialization values.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

14131 Channel %1 block %2 orientation axes and lead/tilt angles programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An orientation angle and a leading or sideways angle were programmed at the same time.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14132 Channel %1 block %2 orientation axes incorrectly configured

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The configuration of the orientation axes does not match the machine kinematics. Also, for example,

when the position measuring system has not been set for the rotary axes.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Adapt machine data.

Program Clear alarm with the RI

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

14133 Channel %1 block %2 G code for orientation definition not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: It is only possible to program a G code of the 50th G code group if machine data

ORI_DEF_WITH_G_CODE is set to TRUE.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Adapt machine data.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14134 Channel %1 block %2 G code for orientation interpolation not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: It will only be possible to program a G code of the 51st G code group, if machine data

ORI_IPO_WITH_G_CODE has been set to TRUE.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Adapt machine data.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

14136

Channel %1 block %2 Orientation polynomial is not permitted

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Programming of orientation polynomials both for the angles (PO[PHI], PO[PHI]) and for the

coordinates of a reference point on the tool (PO[XH], PO[ZH]) is not permitted. Orientation polynomials can only be programmed, if an orientation transformation is active and the orientation is changed by interpolating the vector (ORIVECT, ORICONxxx, ORICURVE), i.e. the orientation must

not be changed by interpolating the axis (ORIAXES).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the NC program

Program Clea

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14137 Channel %1 block %2 Polynomials PO[PHI] and PO[PSI] are not

permitted

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A polynomial for the angles PHI and PSI can only be programmed, if the orientation is interpolated in

the plane between start and end orientation (ORIVECT, ORIPLANE) or on a taper (ORICONxxx). If interpolation type ORICURVE is active, no polynomials can be programmed for angles PHI and PSI.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the NC program

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14138 Channel %1 block %2 Polynomials PO[XH], PO[YH] and PO[ZH] are not

permitted

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Polynomials for the coordinates of a reference point on the tool (PO[XH], PO[YH], PO[ZH]) can only

be programmed, if interpolation type ORICURVE is active. If ORIVECT, ORIPLANE, ORICONxxx is

active, no polynomials can be programmed for coordinates XH, YH and ZH.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the NC program

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14139 Channel %1 block %2 Polynomial for angle of rotation PO[THT] is not

permitted

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A polynomial for the angle of rotation of orientation (PO[THT]) can only be programmed, if the active

transformation supports it.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the NC program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program. **Program**

Continuation:

14140

Channel %1 block %2 position programming without transformation not

allowed Parameters:

%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label

Position information was programmed for an axis position but no transformation was active. **Definitions:**

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

14144 Channel %1 block %2 PTP movement not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The PTP G code was programmed for a movement other than G0 or G1.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

14146 Channel %1 block %2 CP or PTP movement without transformation not

allowed

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The CP or PTP G code was programmed for a movement but no transformation was active.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

14147 Channel %1 block %2 spline for orientation not possible.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If an orientation has been programmed while BSPLINE is active, the interpolation of

tool orientation must be interpolated via a 2nd space curve. This means that G code ORICURVE

must be active for the interpolation of the orientation.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Change the NC program.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program. Continuation:

14148 Channel %1 illegal reference system for Cartesian manual traverse

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: In the setting data SC_CART_JOG_MODE, an illegal value has been entered for the reference

system with Cartesian manual travel.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Enter a permitted value in the setting data SC_CART_JOG_MODE. Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

14150 Channel %1 block %2 illegal tool carrier number programmed or

declared (MD)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A toolholder number was programmed which is negative or greater than the machine data

MC_MM_NUM_TOOL_CARRIER.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Program valid toolholder number or

adapt machine data MC_MM_NUM_TOOL_CARRIER.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14151 Channel %1 block %2 illegal tool carrier rotation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A toolholder was activated with an angle of rotation unequal to zero, although the associated axis is

not defined. A rotary axis is not defined when all three direction components are zero.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Set angle of rotation to zero, or define the associated rotary axis.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14152 Channel %1 block %2 tool carrier: invalid orientation. Error code: %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Error code

Definitions: An attempt was made to define a tool orientation by means of the active frame which cannot be

reached with the current toolholder kinematics. This case can always occur when both rotary axes of the toolholder are not perpendicular to one another or when the toolholder has fewer than two rotary

axes;

or when rotary axis positions must be set that violate the corresponding axis limitations. Together with

the alarm, an error code is displayed that specifies the cause in detail:

The error code has the following meaning:

1: 1st rotary axis of the first solution violates the lower limit

2: 1st rotary axis of the first solution violates the upper limit 10: 2nd rotary axis of the first solution violates the lower limit

20: 2nd rotary axis of the first solution violates the upper limit

100: 1st rotary axis of the second solution violates the lower limit

200: 1st rotary axis of the second solution violates the upper limit

1000: 2nd rotary axis of the second solution violates the lower limit

2000: 2nd rotary axis of the second solution violates the upper limit3: The required orientation cannot be set with the given axis configuration

Several of the error codes that indicate a violation of the axis limits can occur simultaneously As, when an axis limit is violated, an attempt is made to reach a valid position within the permissible axis limits by adding or substracting multiples of 360 degrees, it is - if this is not possible - not

unequivocally defined whether the lower or upper axis limit has been violated.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the part program (TOABS instead of TCOFR, activate another Frame. Change toolholder data.

Change processing level G17-G19)

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14153 Channel %1 block %2 unknown tool carrier type: %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Tool carrier type

Definitions: An invalid tool carrier type was specified in \$TC_CARR23[]. Only the following are allowed: t, T, p, P,

m, M.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Change the tool carrier data.

Program Clear alarm with NC START

Continuation:

NCK alarms

14154 Channel %1 block %2 The amount of fine correction in parameter %3of

the orientable toolholder %4 is too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Invalid parameter of the orientable toolholder

%4 = Number of the orientable toolholder

Definitions: The maximum permissible value of the fine correction in an orientable toolholder is limited by the

machine data \$MC_TOCARR_FINE_LIM_LIN for linear variables, and by the machine data \$MC_TOCARR_FINE_LIM_ROT for rotary variables. The alarm can only occur if the setting data

\$SC_TOCARR_FINE_CORRECTION is not equal to zero.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Enter a valid fine correction value.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14155 Channel %1 block %2 invalid base frame definition for tool carrier offset

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If a tool carrier selection causes a change in the table offset, a valid base frame must be defined in

order to store this offset; for more information see machine data 20184

(TOCARR_BASE_FRAME_NUMBER).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Change the NC program or machine data 20184 (TOCARR_BASE_FRAME_NUMBER).

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14156 Channel %1 toolholder selection error at reset

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The settings in RESET_MODE_MASK require that an active orientable toolholder is maintained after

the reset. This is done by deselecting the old orientable toolholder and then reselecting it with data that may have been modified. If an error occurs during the reselection, this alarm is issued (as a warning) and then an attempt is made to select the orientable toolholder in the initial setting. If this

second attempt is successful, the reset cycle is continued without any further alarms.

Typically, the alarm only occurs when the old orientable toolholder has been selected with TCOFR, and its axis directions have been changed in such a way before the reset that a setting suitable for the associated frame is no longer possible. If there is another cause for the alarm, this results in an alarm also being issued when attempting to select in the initial setting. This is then also displayed in plain

text.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the program.

Program Continuation:

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NCK alarms

14157 Channel %1 block %2 illegal interpolation type with MOVT

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Linear or spline interpolation must be active with MOVT (G0, G1, ASPLINE, BSPLINE, CSPLINE).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify program.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14159 Channel %1 block %2 more than two angles programmed with ROTS or

AROTS

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Frame rotations are described using space angles with the language commands ROTS or AROTS. A

maximum of two angles can be programmed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14160 Channel %1 block %2 tool length selection without geometry axis

specification

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If variant C (tool length acts on the programmed axis) is activated by machine data

 $MC_TOOL_CORR_MODE$ for tool length compensation with H word and G43/G44 in ISO_2 mode,

at least one geometry axis must be specified.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Change machine data \$MC_TOOL_CORR_MODE or the part program. Remedy: **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14162 Channel %1 block %2 error %3 on activation of the CUTMOD function

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Error code

Definitions: An error occurred during the activation of the CUTMOD function. The type of error is more closely

defined by the error code number:

Error code

1No valid cutting direction is defined for the active tool.

2The edge angles (clearance angle and holder angle) of the active tool are both zero.

3The clearance angle of the active tool has an impermissible value (less than 0 degrees or greater than 180 degrees).

4The holder angle of the active tool has an impermissible value (less than 0 degrees or greater than 90 degrees).

5The cutting tip angle of the active tool has an impermissible value (less than 0 degrees or greater than 90 degrees).

The cutting edge position - holder angle combination of the active tool is impermissible (with cutting edge positions 1 through 4, the holder angle must be less than or equal to 90 degrees, with cutting edge positions 5 through 8, it must greater than or equal to 90 degrees).

7 Impermissible rotation of the active tool (the tool was rotated through +/-90 degrees (with a tolerance of about 1 degree) out of the active machining plane. As a result, the cutting edge position is no longer defined in the machining plane.

With the aid of machine data \$MC_CUTMOD_ERR, it can be determined for each of the named errors whether the fault condition is to lead to the issue of an alarm, and whether the alarm is only to be displayed or also trigger a program stop.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the tool data of the active tool, or modify the part program in the case of error 7.

Alternatively, suppress all error alarms with the aid of machine data \$MC_CUTMOD_ERR.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14165 Channel %1 block %2 selected H number %3 does not match tool %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = H/D number of ISO mode

%4 = Tool number

Definitions: When an H or D number is programmed in ISO_2 mode, it must be available in the active tool. The

active tool may also be the last loaded tool on the master spindle or master toolholder. If there is no

H or D number on this tool, this alarm will be output.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Set H number correctly.

Program Cl

Continuation:

14170 Channel %1 block %2 illegal interpolation type with tool length

compensation

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If tool compensation (G43/G44) is activated in language mode ISO_2, the linear type of interpolation

must be active.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14180 Channel %1 block %2 H number %3 is not defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = H number of ISO mode

Definitions: The specified H number is not assigned to a tool (ISO_2).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14185 Channel %1 block %2 D number %3 is not defined

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = D number of ISO mode

Definitions: The specified D number is not assigned to a tool (language mode ISO_2).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Channel %1 block %2 H number with G49 14190

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: G49 (select tool length compensation) and an H word not equal to H0 have been programmed

simultaneously.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14195 Channel %1 block %2 D number with G49

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: G49 (select tool length compensation) and an D word not equal to D0 have been programmed

simultaneously.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14196 Channel %1 block %2 error %3 on interpreting the contents of

\$SC_CUTDIRMOD

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Error code

Definitions: An error has occured during the interpretation of the strings contained in setting data

\$SC_CUTDIRMOD. This setting data is always read when a new edge is selected. The error code

indicates the cause of the error:

1: The string only consists of blanks or a sign

2: Unknown frame name after \$P_

3: No colon after the first valid frame name

4: Insufficient memory space for creating a frame internally

5: Invalid frame index

6: Further characters found after complete string7: Second frame name is missing after the colon

8: Impermissible frame rotation (surface normals are rotated against each other by 90 degrees or

more)

9: Invalid frame chain (the first frame must come before the second frame in the frame chain)

10: Invalid axis name11: Axis is not a rotary axis

12: Invalid string that cannot be assigned to any of the error types 1 to 11

20: Invalid angle statement (numerical value)

30: Invalid angle of rotation (not an integer multiple of 90 degrees)

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter valid string in setting data \$SC_CUTDIRMOD.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14197 Channel %1 block %2 D number and H number programmed

simultaneously

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A D word and H word have been programmed simultaneously.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14198 Channel %1 block %2 illegal change of tool direction with tool offset

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If an offset is active in the tool direction, block change is not possible if this would change the

assignment of the offset axes to the channel axes (plane change, tool change, cutter <=> turning tool,

geometry axis replacement).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

- Modify part program. Remedy:

- Reduce the offset in tool direction to zero.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14199 Channel %1 block %2 illegal plane change for tool with diameter component

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If a tool has a wear or length component which is evaluated as a diameter for the facing axis (bit 0

and/or bit 1 in MD \$MC_TOOL_PARAMETER_DEF_MASK is set) and bit 2 of this MD is also set, this tool may only be used in the plane active on tool selection. A plane change results in an alarm.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: - Modify part program.

> - Reset bit 2 in MD \$MC_TOOL_PARAMETER_DEF_MASK. Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Program

NCK alarms

14200 Channel %1 block %2 negative polar radius

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the endpoint specification of a traversing block with G00, G01, G02 or G03 in polar coordinates, the

polar radius entered for the keyword RP=... is negative.

Definition of terms:

- Specification of end of block point with polar angle and polar radius, referring to the current pole

(preparatory functions: G00/G01/G02/G03).

- New definition of the pole with polar angle and pole radius, referring to the reference point selected with the G function. G110 ... last programmed point in the plane, G111 ... zero point of the current

work, G112 ... last pole

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct NC part program - permissible inputs for the pole radius are only positive absolute values that

specify the distance between the current pole and the block end point. (The direction is defined by the

polar angle AP=...).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14210 Channel %1 block %2 polar angle too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In specifying the endpoints in a traversing block with G00, G01, G02 or G03 in polar coordinates, the

value range of the polar angle programmed under the keyword AP=... has been exceeded. It covers

the range from -360 to +360 degrees with a resolution of 0.001 degrees.

Definition of terms:

- Specification of end of block point with polar angle and polar radius, referring to the current pole

(preparatory functions: G00/G01/G02/G03).

- New definition of the pole with polar angle and pole radius, referring to the reference point selected with the G function. G110 ... referred to the last programmed point in the plane, G111 ... referred to

the zero point of the current workpiece coordinate system (WCS), G112 ... referred to the last pole.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct NC part program. The permissible input range for the polar angle is between the values -360

degrees and +360 degrees with a resolution of 0.001 degrees.

Program Continuation:

14250 Channel %1 block %2 negative pole radius

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In redefining the pole with G110, G111 or G112 in polar coordinates, the pole radius specified under

keyword RP=... is negative. Only positive absolute values are permitted.

Definition of terms:

- Specification of end of block point with polar angle and polar radius, referring to the current pole

(preparatory functions: G00/G01/G02/G03).

- New definition of the pole with polar angle and pole radius, referring to the reference point selected with the G function. G110 ... last programmed point in the plane, G111 ... zero point of the current

work, G112 ... last pole

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Remedy: Correct the NC part program. Permissible inputs for the pole radius are only positive, absolute values

that specify the distance between the reference point and the new pole. (The direction is defined with

the pole angle AP=...).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14260 Channel %1 block %2 pole angle too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In redefining the pole with G110, G111 or G112 in polar coordinates, the value range of the pole angle

specified under keyword AP=... has been exceeded. It covers the range from -360 to +360 degrees

with a resolution of 0.001 degrees.

Definition of terms:

- Specification of end of block point with polar angle and polar radius, referring to the current pole

(preparatory functions: G00/G01/G02/G03).

- New definition of the pole with polar angle and pole radius, referring to the reference point selected with the G function. G110 ... last programmed point in the plane, G111 ... zero point of the current

with the Grunction. Grio ... last programmed point in the plane, Grii ... Zero point of the

work, G112 ... last pole

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct NC part program. The permissible input range for the polar angle is between the values -360

degrees and +360 degrees with a resolution of 0.001 degrees.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14270 Channel %1 block %2 pole programmed incorrectly

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When defining the pole, an axis was programmed that does not belong to the selected processing

level. Programming in polar coordinates always refers to the plane activated with G17 to G19. This

also applies to the definition of a new pole with G110, G111 or G112.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the NC part program. Only the two geometry axes may be programmed that establish the

current machining plane.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14280 Channel %1 block %2 polar coordinates programmed incorrectly

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The end point of the displayed block has been programmed both in the polar coordinate system (with

AP=..., RP=...) and in the Cartesian coordinate system (axis addresses X, Y,...).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the NC part program - the axis motion may be specified in one coordinate system only.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14290 Channel %1 block %2 polynominal degree greater than 5 programmed

for polynominal interpolation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A polynominal degree greater than five was programmed for the polynominal interpolation. You can

only program polynomials up to the 5th degree.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14300 Channel %1 block %2 overlaid handwheel motion activated incorrectly

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Handwheel override has been called up incorrectly:

- 1. For positioning axes:

- Handwheel override programmed for indexing axes,

- No position programmed,

- FA and FDA programmed for the same axis in the block.

2. For contouring axes:No position programmed,

- G60 not active,

- 1. 1st G group incorrect (only G01 to CIP).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14310 Handwheel %1 configuration incorrect or inactive

Parameters: %1 = Handwheel number

Definitions: - The inputs are using a drive with a drive number that does not exist or

- an inactive drive for assignment of the handwheel (ENC_HANDWHEEL_MODULE_NR) or

- an axis is using a measuring circuit which does not exist for the drive hardware.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check input configuration (machine data)

and/or drive hardware. Power-up is interrupted.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

14320 Handwheel %1 used twice (%2) in channel %3 axis %4

Parameters: %1 = Handwheel number

> %2 = Use%3 = Channel %4 = Axis

Definitions:

Informational alarm indicating that the mentioned handwheel is used twice:

The second parameter provides the explanation:

- 1: Block with axial handwheel override for this axis cannot be executed as the handwheel for this axis performs a DRF movement
- 2: Block with velocity override of the path cannot be executed as the handwheel performs a DRF movement for this axis of the path
- 3: Block with contour handwheel cannot be executed as the handwheel performs a DRF movement for this axis of the path
- 4: PLC axis with axial handwheel override cannot be started immediately as the handwheel performs a DRF movement for this axis
- 5: The axis is a reciprocating axis with axial handwheel override; the reciprocating movement cannot

started immediately as the handwheel performs a DRF movement for this axis

- 6: The DRF movement for this axis cannot be executed as an axial handwheel override is active for this axis with the handwheel
- 7: The DRF movement for this axis cannot be executed as a velocity override of the path with the handwheel is active and the axis belongs to the path
- 8: The DRF movement for this axis cannot be executed as the contour handwheel is active with this handwheel and the axis belongs to the path
- 9: The DRF movement for this axis cannot be executed as the axis is a PLC axis with handwheel override that is active with this handwheel
- 10: The DRF movement for this axis cannot be executed as the axis is active as reciprocating axis with handwheel override with this handwheel

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Use the handwheel for one purpose at a time only.

Program Continuation: Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

14400 Channel %1 block %2 tool radius compensation active at transformation

switchover

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A change of transformation is not allowed when tool radius compensation is active.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Perform tool radius compensation in the NC part program with G40 (in a block with G00 or G01) before

performing a transformation change.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14401 Channel %1 block %2 transformation not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The required transformation is not available.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Modify part program; program defined transformations only.

- Check MD 24100 TRAFO_TYPE_n (assigns the transformation to part program instructions).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14402 Channel %1 block %2 spline active at transformation change

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A change of transformation is not allowed in a spline curve section. A series of spline blocks must be

concluded.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14403 Channel %1 block %2 preprocessing and main run might not be

synchronized

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Positioning axis runs cannot be accurately calculated beforehand. Consequently, the position in the

MCS is not known exactly. It might therefore be possible that a change in the multiple significance of the transformation has been performed in the main run although no provision was made for this in the

preprocessing run.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Synchronize preprocessing run and main run.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

14404 Channel %1 block %2 illegal parameterization of transformation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Error has occurred when selecting transformation.

Possible causes of error:

- An axis traversed by the transformation has not been enabled:
- is being used by another channel (-> enable)
- is in spindle mode (-> enable with SPOS)
- is in POSA mode (-> enable with WAITP)
- is concurrent Pos axis (-> enable with WAITP)
- Parameterization via machine data has an error
- Axis or geometry axis assignment to the transformation has an error,
- Machine data has an error (-> modify machine data, restart)

Please note: Any axes not enabled might be signaled via EXINAL_ILLEGAL_AXIS = 14092 or BSAL_SYSERRCHAN_RESET = 1011 instead of EXINAL_TRANSFORM_PARAMETER = 14404.

Transformation-dependent error causes can be in: TRAORI: -

TRANSMIT:

- The current machine axis position is unsuitable for selection (e.g. selection in the pole) (-> change position slightly).
- Parameterization via machine data has an error.
- Special requirement with respect to the machine axis has not been fulfilled (e.g. rotary axis is not a modulo axis) (-> modify machine data, restart).

The programmed parameter is not allowed when transformation is selected.

TRAANG:

- The programmed parameter is not allowed when transformation is selected.
- Parameterization via machine data has an error.
- Parameter is faulty (e.g. TRAANG: unfavorable angle value (-> modify machine data, restart)

Persistent transformation:

- Machine data for persistent transformation are wrong (-> consider dependencies, change machine

data, restart)

Only with active "OEM transformation" compile cycle:

The axes included in the transformation must be referenced!

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify part program or machine data. Remedv:

Only with active "OEM transformation" compile cycle:

Reference the axes included in the transformation before selecting transformation.

Continuation:

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14410 Channel %1 block %2 spline active at geometry axis changeover

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: It is not allowed to change the assignment of geometry axes to channel axes in a spline curve

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

14411 Channel %1 block %2 tool radius compensation active at geometry axis

changeover

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: It is not permissible to change the assignment of geometry axes to channel axes when tool radius

compensation is active.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14412 Channel %1 block %2 transformation active at geometry axis changeover

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: It is not permissible to change the assignment of geometry axes to channel axes when transformation

is active.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14413 Channel %1 block %2 fine tool correction: changeover geometry/channel

axis not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: It is not permissible to change the assignment of geometry axes to channel axes during active tool fine

compensation.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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14414 Channel %1 block %2 GEOAX function: incorrect call

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The parameters for the GEOAX(...) call are incorrect. Possible causes:

- Uneven number of parameters.

- More than 6 parameters were specified.

- A geometry axis number was programmed which was smaller than 0 or greater than 3.

- A geometry number was programmed more than once.

- An axis identifier was programmed more than once.

- An attempt was made to assign a channel axis to a geometry axis which has the same name as one

of the channel axes.

- An attempt was made to remove a geometry axis from the geometry axis grouping and the geometry

axis has the same name as one of the channel axes.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program or correction block.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14415 Channel %1 block %2 tangent control: changeover geometry/channel

axis not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An assignment change of the geometry axes to channel axes is not permitted with active tangential

control.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Change part program and delete active tangential control with TANGDEL.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14420 Channel %1 block %2 index axis %3 frame not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis

Definitions: The axis is to be traversed as an indexing axis, but a frame is active. This is not allowed by machine

data FRAME_FOR_CORRPOS_NOTALLOWED.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify part program. Change machine

data CORR_OR_AXIS_NOT_ALLOWED.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

14430 Channel %1 block %2 tangential axis %3 must not be traversed as POS

axis

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name

Definitions: A tangentially followed-up axis cannot be traversed as positioning axis.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Change part program and delete active tangential control with TANGDEL. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14432 Channel %1 block %2 rounding length for tangential axis %3 is zero.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name

Definitions: For a tangential axis that is coupled during preparation, a rounding length must be indicated with

TANGON() on activating the tangential control, or possibly occuring discontinuities of the tangential

axis cannot be smoothed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14434 Channel %1 block %2 rel. lift-off path for tangential axis %3 is invalid

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name

Definitions: Factor r as programmed on TLIFT for the relative lift-off path must be within range 0 =< r < 1.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

Modify part program

Remedy: **Program**

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14500 Channel %1 block %2 illegal DEF or PROC instruction in the part

program

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

NC part programs with high-level language elements are divided into a preceding definition part Definitions:

followed by a program part. The transition is not marked specifically; a definition statement is not

allowed to follow the 1st program command.

Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Put definition and PROFC statements at the beginning of the program. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

Reaction:

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14510 Channel %1 block %2 PROC instruction missing on subroutine call

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In subroutine calls with parameter transfer ("call-by-value" or "call-by-reference") the called subroutine

must begin with a PROC statement.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Define the subroutine in accordance with the type used.

1. Conventional subroutine structure (without parameter transfer):

% SPF 123456

: M17

2. Subroutine structure with keyword and subroutine name (without parameter transfer):

PROC UPNAME

: M17 ENDPROC

3. Subroutine structure with keyword and subroutine name (with parameter transfer "call-by-value"):

PROC UPNAME (VARNAME1, VARNAME2, ...)

M17 ENDPROC

4. Subroutine structure with keyword and subroutine name (with parameter transfer "call-by-

reference"):

PROC UPNAME (Typ1 VARNAME1, Typ2 VARNAME2, ...)

M17 ENDPROC

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14520 Channel %1 block %2 illegal PROC instruction in data definition section

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The PROC statement may only be programmed at the beginning of the subroutine.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify NC part program appropriately.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14530 Channel %1 block %2 EXTERN and PROC instruction do not correspond

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Subroutines with parameter transfer must be known before they are called in the program. If the

subroutines are always available (fixed cycles) the control establishes the call interfaces at the time of system power-up. Otherwise an EXTERN statement must be programmed in the calling program.

Example:

N123 EXTERN UPNAME (TYP1, TYP2, TYP3, ...)

The type of the variable must match the type given in the definition (PROC statements) or it must be

compatible with it. The name can be different.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the variable types in the EXTERN and the PROC statements for correspondence and

correctness.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14540 Channel %1 block %2 contour tool: the min. limit angle has been

programmed more than once (edge D%3)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Edge number, label

Definitions: The limit angle of a contour tool must be equal zero in an involved edge only.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Change tool definition.

Program Clear alarm with NC

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14541 Channel %1 block %2 contour tool: the max. limit angle has been

programmed more than once (edge D%3)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Edge number, label

Definitions: The limit angle of a contour tool must be equal zero in an involved edge only.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Change tool definition.

Program Clear alarm with N

Continuation:

14542 Channel %1 block %2 contour tool: the min. limit angle has not been

programmed

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: On defining a contour tool, either no limit angle must be indicated, or both the minimum and the

maximum limit angle must be programmed once for each.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Change tool definition.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14543 Channel %1 block %2 contour tool: the max. limit angle has not been

programmed

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: On defining a contour tool, either no limit angle must be indicated, or both the minimum and the

maximum limit angle must be programmed once for each.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Change tool definition.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14544 Channel %1 block %2 contour tool: edge D%3 is not positioned between

the two border edges

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Edge number, label

Definitions: On defining a form tool with limit, all edges must be positioned between the edge with the minimum

limit angle and the edge with the maximum limit angle when rotating counter-clockwise.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Change tool definition.

Program

Continuation:

NCK alarms

14545 Channel %1 block %2 contour tool: edge D%3 completely encircles edge

D%4

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Edge number, label %4 = Edge number, label

Definitions: On defining a contour tool, tangents are placed on the adjacent circular edges. It will not be possible,

if one edge is completely encircled by another one.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Change tool definition.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14546 Channel %1 block %2 contour tool: edge D%3 defines a concave corner

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Edge number, label

Definitions: The contour of a contour tool must be convex throughout, i.e. there must not be any concave corners.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Change tool definition.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14547 Channel %1 block %2 contour tool: checksum erroneous or not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When machine date \$MC_SHAPED_TOOL_CHECKSUM was set, no edge was found for which the

tool length components and the tool radius equal the negative sum of the previous edges.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Check tool definition. An edge must exist, the tool length components and tool radius of which equal

the negative sum of the previous edges. This will not take the tool length components of the first edge into consideration. On comparing the components, the relevant sums of basic value and wear value

are compared with each other, not the part components themselves.

Program Continuation:

14548 Channel %1 block %2 contour tool: negative radius in edge D%3 is not

allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Edge number, label

Definitions: No negative radii are permitted for contour tools, i.e. the sum of basic radius and wear value must be

at least 0.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Check tool definition. Change edge radius.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14549 Channel %1 block %2 contour tool: impermissible programming. Code

no. %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Error code

Definitions: Impermissible programming has been found for contour tools on active tool radius compensation. The

error cause is explained in detail by the error code.

1: In G code group 17, KONT is active during activation

2: In G code group 17, KONT is active during deactivation

9: In G code group 40, CUTCONOF is not active

10: Reprogramming of G41 / G42 in already active tool radius compensation not permissible

20: Circle with more than one rotation not permissible

21: Ellipse (circle not in compensation level)

23: Involute not permissible

24: Several polynomials not permitted in one block only. These blocks could be created by e.g.

COMPCAD or G643.

30: Preprocessing stop not permitted

41: Starting point of first compensation block cannot be reached by anyone of the defined cutting

edges

42: End point of last compensation block cannot be reached by anyone of the defined cutting edges

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Change NC program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14550 Channel %1 block %2 contour tool: impermissible tool contour change.

Code no. %3

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Error code

Definitions: A new tool with deviating tool contour was activated for contour tools on active tool radius

compensation

The error cause is explained further by an error code.

If the error code is an integer, the lower-value three decimal places specify the number of the edge, in which the error was detected, while the thousandth digit explains the reason in more detail.

-1: The tool was deleted.

-2: The number of contour elements (edges) explaining the tool, has changed.

1000: The edge center has changed 2000: The edge radius has changed. 3000: The initial angle has changed. 4000: The final angle has changed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Change NC program.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14551 Channel %1 block %2 contour tool: angle area of edge D%3 larger than

359 degrees

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Edge number, label

Definitions: A single edge must cover a max. angle area of 359 degrees.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Check tool definition.

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program. **Program**

Continuation:

Channel %1 block %2 reload buffer %3 cannot be established 14600

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = File name

Definitions: The download buffer for "execute from external" could not be created. Possible causes:

- Not enough memory available (for minimum see MD \$MN_MM_EXT_PROG_BUFFER_SIZE) - No resources available for MMC NCK communication (see MD \$MN_MM_EXT_PROG_NUM)

- The file already exists

Interpreter stop Reaction:

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

- Release memory, e.g. by deleting part programs Remedy:

- Modify MD \$MN_MM_EXT_PROG_BUFFER_SIZE and/or \$MN_MM_EXT_PROG_NUM.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

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14601 Channel %1 block %2 reload buffer could not be deleted

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

The reload buffer for "execute from external" could not be deleted. Possible cause: MMC/PLC **Definitions:**

communication was not terminated.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: All reload buffers are cleared on POWER ON.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

14602 Channel %1 block %2 timeout while reloading from external.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

No connection could be made to the HMI while reloading external subprograms (EXTCALL) or **Definitions:**

executing from external drives) within the monitoring time set in \$MN_MMC_CMD_TIMEOUT.

Reaction:

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Check the connection to the HMI

- Increase \$MN_MMC_CMD_TIMEOUT.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14603 Channel %1 block %2 timeout during execution from external source.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If a program is selected for execution from external source, it will be expected that the first part

program line can be read from the reload buffer within 60s after part program start.

Otherwise, part program processing will be aborted with alarm 14603 due to the assumption that the

connection to the HMI or the external device is faulted.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the connection to the HMI and repeat selection of the program that is to be executed from

external source

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program - Acknowledge the alarm by pressing the RESET key

- Repeat program selection

- Start the part program

NCK alarms

14610 Channel %1 block %2 compensation block not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An alarm was output which could be eliminated basically via program correction. Since the error

occurred in a program which is processed from external, a compensation block/program correction is

not possible.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Abort program with reset.

- Correct program on MMC or PC.

- Restart reloading (possibly with block search and interrupt location).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14615 Channel %1 An error occurred while handling the function syntax check:

identifier %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number %3 = Error code

Definitions: An error occurred while handling the function syntax check via the PI services _N_CHKSEL,

_N_CHKRUN, _N_CHKABO and _N_SEL_BL. Parameter %3 describes the error situation more

closely: Value

1: An invalid line number was transferred with the PI service _N_SEL_BL

2: An invalid line number for the range end was transferred with the PI service _N_CHKRUN

3: PI service _N_CHKSEL was activated although a block selection (PI service _N_SEL_BL) was

active for the selected program.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Value

1: Supply PI service _N_SEL_BL with the correct line number

2: Supply PI service _N_CHKRUN with the correct line number for the range end

3: Ensure that the channel is in reset status before activating the PI service _N_CHKSEL.

Continuation:

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

14650 Channel %1 block %2 SETINT instruction with invalid ASUP input

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Asynchronous subroutines are subroutines that are executed following a hardware input (interrupt

routine started by a rapid NCK input).

The NCK input number must lie between 1 and 8. It is assigned a priority from 1 to 128 (1 is the highest

priority) in the SETINT instruction with the keyword PRIO =

Example:

If NCK input 5 changes to "1" the subroutine LIFT_Z should be started with the highest priority.

N100 SETINT (5) PRIO = 1 LIFT_Z

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program the NCK input of the SETINT statement with a value of not less than 1 or greater than 8.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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NCK alarms

14660 Channel %1 block %2 SETINT instruction with invalid priority

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The NCK input number must lie between 1 and 8. It is assigned a priority from 0 to 128 (1 is the highest

priority) in the SETINT instruction with the keyword PRIO = \dots .

Example:

If NCK input 5 changes to "1" the subroutine LIFT_Z should be started with the highest priority.

N100 SETINT (5) PRIO = 1 LIFT_Z

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program the priority of the NCK input with a value of not less than 1 or greater than 128.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14700 Channel %1 block %2 timeout during command to interpreter

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A timeout has occurred in control-internal commands such as ANWAHL (part program selection),

RESET (channel reset), REORG (reorganization of the preprocessing buffer) and NEWCONFIG

(change in the configuration-specific machine data = warm restart).

Interpreter stop Reaction:

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. If the runtime error occurred as the result Remedy:

of a temporary excessive load on the system (e.g. in the MMC area or in OEM application) error-free execution is possible on repeating the program or operator action. Otherwise, the A&D MC system

support should be contacted with a precise description of the error situation:

(contact SIEMENS AG, System Support for A&D MC products, Hotline (Tel.:see alarm 1000)

Program

Continuation:

14701 Channel %1 block %2 number of available NC blocks reduced by %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Switch control OFF - ON.

%3 = Number of non-available blocks

Definitions: After reset, it has been found that the number of available blocks has decreased compared with the

last reset. This is due to a system error. Part program execution can be resumed after the alarm has

been acknowledged. If the number of blocks no longer available is less than 28060 MM_IPO_BUFFER_SIZE, then the POWERON alarm 14700 is output.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Proceed as in the case of a system error. Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

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NCK alarms

14710 Channel %1 block %2 error in initialization sequence in function %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Identifier of the function which caused the error

Definitions: Initialization blocks are generated (or not) after control power-up, (program) RESET and (program)

START, depending on the settings in machine data \$MC_RESET_MODE_MASK and

\$MC_START_MODE_MASK.

Errors can occur because of incorrect machine data settings. The errors are output with the same error messages as would appear if the function had been incorrectly programmed in the part program. This alarm is also generated in order to indicate that an error relates to the initialization sequence.

Parameter %3 specifies which function triggers the alarm:

Control power-up and (program) RESET:

Value:

0: Error during synchronization preprocessing/main run

- 1: Error on selection of tool length compensation
- 2: Error on selection of transformation
- 3: Error on selection of work offset

The macro definitions and cycle interfaces are also read in during the power-up procedure. If an error occurs here, this is indicated by value = 4, or value = 5

6: Error creating 2 1/2 D protection zones during power up.

(Program) START:

Value

100: Error during synchronization preprocessing/main run

101: Error on selection of tool length compensation

102: Error on selection of transformation

103: Error on selection of synchronized spindle

104: Error on selection of work offset

Particularly when tool management is active, it is possible that a tool on the spindle or the toolholder is disabled but still needs to be activated.

These tools are automatically activated on RESET. On START, machine data

\$MC_TOOL_CHANGE_ERROR_MODE can be used to specify whether an alarm is to be generated

or an automatic bypass strategy selected.

If the parameter contains 3 values from 200 to 203, this means that an insufficient number of NC blocks is available for NC block preparation on certain commands (ASUB start, overstore selection, teach-in).

Remedy: Increase machine data $MC_MM_NUM_BLOCKS_IN_PREP$.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

If parameter %3= 0 -3:

If the alarm or alarms occur on RESET:

Check the settings of machine data \$MC_RESET_MODE_MASK, \$MC_TOOL_RESET_VALUE, \$MC_TOOL_PRESEL_RESET_VALUE,

\$MC_TOOL_RESET_NAME (only if tool management is active),

\$MC_CUTTING_EDGE_RESET_VALUE, \$MC_SUMCORR_RESET_VALUE,

\$MC_TOOL_CARRIER_RESET_VALUE,

\$MC_GCODE_RESET_VALUES, \$MC_EXTERN_GCODE_RESET_VALUES,

\$MC_TRAFO_RESET_VALUE, \$MC_COUPLE_RESET_MODE_1, \$MC_CHBFRAME_RESET_MASK

If parameter %3= 100 - 104:

Check the setting of machine data \$MC_START_MODE_MASK and the machine data specified under '..._RESET_...'. If tool management is active, if necessary remove the tool stated in the associated alarm from the toolholder/spindle and cancel the 'disabled' status.

If parameter %3= 4 or 5:

. Check macro definitions in _N_DEF_DIR

Check cycle directories _N_CST_DIR and _N_CUS_DIR

If parameter %3= 6:

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NCK alarms

Alarm 18002 or 18003 was also issued. This alarm contains the number of the incorrectly defined protection zone and an identifier of what is incorrect about the protection zone. The system variables must be appropriately corrected.

If Parameter %3= 200 bis 203:

Increase machine data \$MC_MM_NUM_BLOCKS_IN_PREP.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14711 Channel %1 transformation selection not possible as axis %2 not

vailable

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: Based on the configuration of machine data \$MC_RESET_MODE_MASK and

\$MC_TRAFO_RESET_VALUE, a transformation shall be selected by performing a reset or control ramp-up. However, this is not possible as axis %2 required for this is not available. Possible reason:

The axis was occupied by another channel or the PLC.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Use the GET command to get axis %2 in the channel in which the transformation is to be selected.

- Select the transformation by means of the part program command.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14720 Channel %1 block %2 axes for centerless transformation not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the channel not all of the axes/spindles are available that have been defined in machine data for

centerless grinding.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Modify part program.
 Modify machine data:
 TRAFO_AXES_IN_n
 TRACLG_GRINDSPI_NR
 TRACLG_CTRLSPI_NR.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

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NCK alarms

14730 Channel %1 block %2 conflict at activation of centerless transformation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

- Centerless transformation may not be activated when: **Definitions:**

- G96 is active and regulating spindle is also master spindle.

- Regulating spindle is in interdependent grouping.

- Axes of centerless transformation overlap with an active transformation and a tool is active. - For grinding or for regulating wheel spindle, tools are active that are not centerless tools (T1, T2).

- Constant wheel peripheral speed for the regulating spindle is active.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

- Modify part program. Remedy:

- Check tool data. - Check machine data.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14740

Channel %1 block %2 no tool data available for centerless grinding

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: For centerless grinding, the tool data must be contained in T1, D1 (grinding wheel) or T2,D1

(regulating wheel). An error has been found here.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

- Modify part program. Remedy:

- Check tool data.

- Check machine data.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

14745 Channel %1 block %2 centerless grinding not active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An attempt has been made to switch off the centerless grinding function even though it was not active.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

14750 Channel %1 block %2 too many auxiliary functions programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: More than 10 auxiliary functions have been programmed in an NC block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check whether all auxiliary functions are necessary in one block - modal functions need not be

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

repeated. Create separate auxiliary function block or divide the auxiliary functions over several blocks.

Program

14751

Continuation:

Channel %1 block %2 resources for motion synchronous actions not

sufficient (code: %3)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Identifier

Definitions: Processing of motion synchronous actions requires resources that are configured via the machine

data \$MC_MM_IPO_BUFFER_SIZE, \$MC_MM_NUM_BLOCKS_IN_PREP,

\$MC_MM_NUM_SAFE_SYNC_ELEMENTS and \$MC_MM_NUM_SYNC_ELEMENTS. If these resources are insufficient for executing the part program, then this alarm is issued. Parameter %3

shows which resource has run out:

Increase identifier <= 2: \$MC_MM_IPO_BUFFER_SIZE or

\$MC_MM_NUM_BLOCKS_IN_PREP.

Increase identifier > 2: \$MC_MM_NUM_SYNC_ELEMENTS,

\$MC_MM_NUM_SAFE_SYNC_ELEMENTS.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct part program or increase resources.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14752 Channel %1 block %2 DELDTG | STOPREOF conflict

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In a block of motion synchronous actions referring to a motion block, both DELDTG (delete distance-

to-go) and STOPREOF (preprocessing stop) have been programmed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The functions DELDTG and STOPREOF exclude each other in a block. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14753 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous actions with illegal

interpolation type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The active interpolation type (e.g. 5-axis interpolation) is not allowed for the motion synchronous

action or for the function "Several feeds".

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14754

Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous actions and wrong feed type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The active feed type is not allowed for the motion synchronous action or for the function "Several

feeds".

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14755 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous actions without traverse

motion

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed motion synchronous action and the function "Several feeds" require a traversing

motion or the value of the traversing motion is 0.

This alarm is no longer used after P3.2.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

, , , , ,

14756 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action and wrong value

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Value of the synchronous action or the function "Several feeds" is not allowed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Check whether a negative value was entered for a synchronous action.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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NCK alarms

14757 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action and wrong type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Programmed combination between action and type of motion synchronous action is not allowed.

- RET allowed in technology cycle only

- Function "Several feeds" not allowed in technology cycle

- H and M function outputs not allowed with WHENEVER, FROM and DO - MEASA / MEAWA / MEAC with WHENEVER, FROM and DO not allowed

- DELDTG and STOPREOF allowed only in blockwise synchronous action with WHEN and EVERY

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14758 Channel %1 block %2 programmed value not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The synchronous variables \$AA_LOAD, \$AA_TORQUE, \$AA_POWER and \$AA_CURR are

available only for the 611D drive. They are activated by the machine data MDC 36730

DRIVE_SIGNAL_TRACKING. The system variable \$VA_IS: Safe Actual Position is available only if

the machine data $MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE$ has been set and the option

\$ON_NUM_SAFE_AXES has been set to a sufficient size.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify program or machine data.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14759

Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action and wrong axis type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When there are several feeds, a spark-out time, or a retraction stroke for path motions, at least one

GEO axis must be programmed. If the block also contains synchronous axes and there are several feeds, the feedrate for the synchronous axes is matched implicitly. No retraction stroke takes place for synchronous axes. However, after retraction stroke or spark-out time, the distance-to-go is also

deleted in the block for the synchronous axes. The alarm is no longer used on P3.2.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program the axis as positioning axis with axial feed, return stroke or spark-out time.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

14760 Channel %1 block %2 auxiliary function of a group programmed

repeatedly

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The M and H functions can be divided up as required over machine data in groups in any variation.

Auxiliary functions are thus put into groups that mutually preclude several individual functions of one

group. Within one group only one auxiliary function is advisable and permissible.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Only program one help function per help Remedy:

function group. (For the group division, see the machine manufacturer's programming guide).

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

14761 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: DELDTG function not

allowed with active tool radius compensation

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Rapid delete distance-to-go for synchronous actions is not allowed with DELDTG when tool radius

compensation is active.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Deactivate tool radius compensation before performing rapid delete distance-to-go and then reselect

as of SW 4.3: "Delete distance-to-go without preparation".

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14762 Channel %1 block %2 too many PLC variables programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The number of programmed PLC variables auxiliary functions has exceeded the maximum

permissible number. The number is set in MD 28150 \$MC MM NUM VDIVAR ELEMENTS.

Interpreter stop Reaction:

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part program or machine data.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14763 Channel %1 block %2 too many link variables programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The number of NCU link variables programmed exceeds the maximum limit. The number is defined

in MD \$MC_MM_NUM_LINKVAR_ELEMENTS.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part program or machine data.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

14764 NCU link cannot transfer all link variables immediately

Definitions: Informational alarm for NC program developer.

A value assignment to a link variable (e.g. \$a_dld[16]=19) is performed in the main run and transferred via NCU link to all NCUs in the link network. The bandwidth of this connection restricts the number of value assignments which can be transferred in one interpolation cycle.

All value assignments are combined in the next main run block and performed immediately this block is executed. A main run block is the block at which you would stop in single block mode SLB1.

Examples:

Blocks with a real traversing movement (G0 X100), Stopre, G4, WAITM, WAITE,...

The alarm occurs if the number of link variables set in any interpolation cycle exceeds the number that can be transferred. The link variables are not transferred until one of the next interpolation cycles. The

assignment is not lost!

Reaction: Alarm display.

Warning display.

Remedy: Insert main run blocks between the assignments if the program sequence allows. See also

\$A_LINK_TRANS_RATE.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

14765 NCU link cannot transfer all link variables

Definitions: A value assignment to a link variable (e.g. \$a_dld[16]=19) is performed in the main run and transferred

via NCU link to all NCUs in the link network. The bandwidth of this connection restricts the number of value assignments which can be transferred in one interpolation cycle. Assignment operations which

are not transferred are stored in a buffer memory. This buffer is full!

All value assignments are combined in the next main run block and performed immediately this block

s executed.

A main run block is the block at which you would stop in single block mode SLB1.

Examples: Blocks with a real traversing movement (G0 X100), Stopre, G4, WAITM, WAITE,...

Link variable scanning operations are not affected (e.g.: R100= \$a_dld[16])

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Insert main run blocks which require a sufficient number of interpolation cycles for execution (e.g. G4

F10) between the assignments. A block with an additional preprocessor stop does not improve the situation! See also \$A_LINK_TRANS_RATE, for a variable which you can test before an assignment.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

14766 NCU link is heavily loaded, impending memory shortage

Definitions: Informational alarm for NC program developer.

The capacity of the NCU link is not large enough to transfer all the data. This non-cyclic data includes link variable assignments, machine data write operations, values for container switches and setting

data write operations.

This type of data is buffered and is not lost. The buffer memory is now 70% full.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Warning display.

Remedy: The timing of cyclic data should not be distorted in the NC program.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

14767 Machine data matching via NCU link not complete

Definitions: A non-released option has been used in the block.

Reaction: NC not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Switch control OFF - ON.

Remedy: Change less setting or machine data at the same time.

Program

Continuation:

14768 Axial auxiliary function for the NCU link cannot be output

Definitions: Informational alarm for the part program developer.

An axial auxiliary function transmitted via an NCU link cannot be output as the transmission buffer for

the

PLC is filled up to 100%.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Warning display.

Remedy: In the part program, cyclic data - in this case the output of auxiliary functions for link axes on the

interpolating NCU - should be separated with regard to the time.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

14770 Channel %1 block %2 auxiliary function programmed incorrectly

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The permissible number of programmed auxiliary functions per NC block has been exceeded or more

than one auxiliary function of the same auxiliary function group has been programmed (M and S

function).

In the user-defined auxiliary functions, the maximum number of auxiliary functions per group in the NCK system settings has been defined for all auxiliary functions by means of the machine data 11100

AUXFU_MAXNUM_GROUP_ASSIGN (default: 1)

For each user-defined auxiliary function to be assigned to a group, the assignment is effected through

4 channel-specific machine data.

Return jump from asynchronous subprogram with M02/M17/M30, whereby the M code is not alone in the block. This is impermissible if the asynchronous subprogram interrupts a block with WAITE, WAITM or WAITMC. Remedy: Program M02/M17/M30 alone in the block or replace via RET.

22010 AUXFU_ASSIGN_TYPE: type of auxiliary function, e.g. M

22000 AUXFU_ASSIGN_GROUP: required group

22020 AUXFU_ASSIGN_EXTENSION: any required extension

22030 AUXFU_ASSIGN_VALUE: function value

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the part program - max. 16 auxiliary functions, max. 5 M functions per NC block, max. 1

auxiliary function per group.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14780 Channel %1 block %2 unreleased option used (identification %3)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Fine ID

Definitions: A non-released option has been used in the block.

Brief identification description

- LaserCtrl option
- 2 ClearCtrl option
- FeedAdapt option 3
- 4 AaTOff option
- 5 Tang option
- 6 LeadCtab option
- **ELG** option
- Trafo5 option
- Tracem option 9
- 10 Transmit option
- Tracon option 11
- 12 Tracyl option
- 13 Traang option
- Oscill option 14
- 15 SynSpi option
- Repos option 16
- 17 Spline option
- 18 Involute option
- 19 Poly option
- 20 Compress option
- 23 Masl option
- 24 ExtLang or ExtLanguage option not activated
- 25 TechCycle option
- 26 Liftfast option
- 27 ProgAccel option
- 33 AllAsupSynact option
- CmdAxSpind option 34
- 35 Mea2 option
- 36 ProgAnaOut option
- 37 OptAaTOff option
- 41 MachineMaintenance option
- 42 PathFeedSAInput option
- ElecTransfer option 45
- 46 Cut3D option 47 CDA option
- 48 Reserved: generic coupling option
- Measuring cycles option

Correction block is reorganized.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program, retrofit option.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14782 Channel %1 block %2 non-active function used (identification %3)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Fine ID

Definitions: A non-active function is used in the block

Brief description of the identification

Transformation H number of the tool

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Modify part program.

- Activate function.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14783 Channel %1 block %2 coordinate system-specific working area limitation

is not active

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An attempt is made in the block to activate a group of the coordinate system-specific working area

limitation.

However, this group is not set up (see machine data \$MC_MM_NUM_WORKAREA_CS_GROUPS).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

The NC program is stopped. The G code of the group WALCS01 - WALCS10 can be changed.

Remedy: - Modify part programm.

> - Activate more coordinate system-specific working area limitations. Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Program Continuation:

14790 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 programmed by PLC Parameters:

%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis

Definitions:

In the NC block, an axis has been programmed that is already being traversed by the PLC.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Modify part program, do not use this axis.

- Stop traversing motion of the axis by the PLC, modify part program (insert WAITP).

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14800 Channel %1 block %2 programmed path speed less or equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A negative F value has been programmed in conjunction with the G functions G93, G94, G95 or G96.

The path velocity may be programmed in the range 0.001 to 999 999.999 [mm/min, mm/rev, deg/min, deg/rev] for the metric input system and 0.000 1 to 39 999.999 9 [inch/min, inch/rev] for the inch input

system.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program the path velocity (geometric sum of the velocity components of the geometry axes involved)

within the limits given above.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14810 Channel %1 block %2 negative axis speed programmed for positioning

axis %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis

Definitions: A negative feed (FA value) has been programmed for the displayed axis presently operating as a

positioning axis. The positioning velocity may be programmed in the range 0.001 to 999 999.999 [mm/min, deg/min] for the metric input system and 0.000 1 to 39 999.999 9 [inch/min, inch/rev] for the

inch input system.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program the positioning velocity within the limits given above.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14811 Channel %1 block %2 incorrect value range for acceleration of

axis/spindle %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: A value outside of the permissible input range of the programmed acceleration has been used. Values

of between 1 and 200 % are possible.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Adjust the value range in accordance with the Programming Guide. Values of 1 ... 200% are allowed.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14812 Channel %1 block %2 SOFTA not available for axis %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis

Definitions: SOFT is to be set as type of motion control for an axis. This is not possible because a bent acceleration

characteristic has been selected for this axis via machine data.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program or machine data.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14815 Channel %1 block %2 negative thread lead change programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A negative thread lead change has been programmed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the value assignment. The programmed F value should be greater than zero. Zero is allowed

but has no effect.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14820 Channel %1 block %2 negative value for maximum spindle speed

programmed with constant cutting speed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: For the function "Constant cutting speed G96" a maximum spindle speed can be programmed with

the keyword LIMS=.... The values are in the range 0.1 - 999 999.9 [rev/min].

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program the maximum spindle speed for the constant cutting speed within the limits given above. The

keyword LIMS is modal and can either be placed in front of or within the block that selects the constant

cutting speed

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14821 Channel %1 block %2 error in selection or deselection of GWPS

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

On selecting GWPS programming (constant grinding wheel surface speed) with GWPSON, one of the following errors populated:

- An attempt has been made to select the GWPS programming for a spindle that has already been assigned to another tool by TMON, GWPSON, CLGON or activation of the tool length compensation.
- An attempt has been made to select a tool which has not been defined.
- An attempt has been made to select an edge (implicitely) which has not been defined (implicit selection: D1 of a tool, if no tool has been specified.)
- Selection does not refer to a grinding-specific tool (400-499).
- An attempt has been made to select GWPS for the active tool, although the TLC is not switched on.
- Selection refers to an invalid spindle number.
- A grinding wheel radius equal to zero has been specified.

On deselecting GWPS programming with GWPSOFF, one of the following errors occurred:

- Deselection does not refer to a grinding-specific tool (400-499).
- An attempt has been made to deselect GWPS for the active tool, although the tool length compensation has not been activated.

- Deselection refers to an invalid spindle number.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Check GWPSON and GWPSOF command.

- Check tool compensation data:

\$TC_DP1 : 400 - 499; \$TC_TGP1: Spindle number.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14822 Channel %1 block %2 incorrect programming of GWPS

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When selecting GWPS (constant grinding wheel peripheral speed) with GWPSON or programming

the GWPS with "S[spindle number] = value" one of the following errors has occurred:

Invalid spindle number.

Invalid parameter number for radius calculation in \$TC_TPG9.

The following values are valid: 3 for \$TC_DP3 (length 1) 4 for \$TC_DP4 (length 2) 5 for \$TC_DP5 (length 3) 6 for \$TC_DP6 (radius) Invalid angle in \$TC_TPG8.

The following values are valid: -90 <= \$TC_TPG8 < +90. A grinding wheel radius equal to zero was specified.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check tool compensation data.

- \$TC_DP1 : 400 - 499. - \$TC_TPG1: Spindle number.

- \$TC_TPG8: Inclination angle for slope grinding wheel.

- \$TC_TPG9: Compensation parameters for radius computation, e.g. 3 for \$TC_GP3.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14823 Channel %1 block %2 error on selection or deselection of tool monitoring

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: On selecting tool monitoring with TMON, one of the following errors occurred:

- Selection does not refer to a grinding-specific tool (400-499).

- Selection refers to an invalid spindle number.

- An attempt has been made to select tool monitoring for a spindle that is already assigned to another tool by TMON, GWPSON, CLGON or activation of tool length compensation.

- An attempt has been made to select a tool that has not been defined.

- An attempt has been made to select an edge (implicitely) that has not been defined. (Implicit selection: D1 of a tool, if no edge has been specified.)

- An attempt has been made to select tool monitoring for the active tool, although no tool length compensation has been activated.

- Invalid parameter number for radius calculation in \$TC_TPG9.

The following values are valid: 3 for \$TC_DP3 (length 1) 4 for \$TC_DP4 (length 2) 5 for \$TC_DP5 (length 3) 6 for \$TC_DP6 (radius)

A grinding wheel radius equal to zero has been specified.

On deselecting tool monitoring with TMOF, one of the following errors occurred:

- Deselection does not refer to a grinding-specific tool (400-499).

- An attempt has been made to deselect tool monitoring for the active tool, although tool length compensation is not active.

- Deselection refers to an invalid spindle number.

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check TMON and TMOF command.

> Check tool compensation data. - \$TC_DP1: 400 - 499. - \$TC_TPG1: Spindle number.

- \$TC_TPG8: Inclination angle for slope grinding wheel.

- \$TC_TPG9: Parameter number for radius computation, e.g. 3 for \$TC_GP3.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14824 Channel %1 block %2 conflict with GWPS

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The functions of constant grinding wheel surface speed GWPS and constant cutting speed G96 S...

have been activated at the same time for a spindle.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14830 Channel %1 block %2 wrong feed type selected

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: G97 has been programmed in the displayed block although G96 was not (or G97 already) active

previously

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Remove G97 from the displayed block and program the correct feed type (G93, G94, G95 or G96) for

the machining section which follows.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14840 Channel %1 block %2 incorrect value range for constant cutting speed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed cutting speed is not within the input range

Input range metric: 0.01 to 9 999.99 [m/min] Input range inch: 0.1 to 99 999.99 [inch/min].

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program cutting speed under address S within the permissible range of values.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14850 Channel %1 block %2 changing the reference axis for a constant cutting

speed not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The attempt was made via the SCC[AX] instruction to change the reference

axis for a constant cutting speed.

This is not allowed if the indicated axis is no geometry axis.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform authorized personnel/service.

When programming SCC[AX] indicate a geometry axis known in the channel.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14900 Channel %1 block %2 center point and end point programmed

simultaneously

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When programming a circle by means of the opening angle, the circle center point was programmed

together with the circle end point. This is too much information for the circle. Only one of the two points

is allowed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select the programming variant guaranteeing that the dimensions are definitely taken over from the

workpiece drawing (avoidance of calculation errors).

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

14910 Channel %1 block %2 invalid angle of aperture for programmed circle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When programming a circle by means of the opening angle, a negative opening angle or an opening

angle greater than or equal to 360 degrees has been programmed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program opening angle within the allowed range of values between 0.0001 and 359.9999 [degrees].

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

14920 Channel %1 block %2 intermediate point of circle incorrect

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When programming a circle by means of an intermediate point (CIP) all 3 points (initial, end and

intermediate points) are on a straight line and the intermediate point (programmed by means of

interpolation parameters I, J, K) is not located between the initial and end points.

If the circle is the component of a helix, the specified number of turns (keyword TURN=...) determines

further block processing:

- TURN>0: alarm display because the circle radius is infinitely great.

- TURN=0 and CIP specified between initial and end points. A straight line is generated between the

initial and end points (without alarm message).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Alarm display.

Interface signals are set.

Remedy: Locate the position of the intermediate point with the parameters I, J and K in such a way that it actually

is located between the initial and end points of the circle or do not make use of this type of circle programming and instead program the circle with radius or opening angle or center point parameters.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

15000 Channel %1 block %2 channel-sync instruction using illegal mark

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A WAITM/WAITMC/SETM/CLEARM instruction was programmed with a marker number that was less

than 1 or greater (MAXNUM_MARKER * MAXNUM_CHANNELS).

Exception: CLEARM(0) is allowed and clears all markers in channel!

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the instruction accordingly.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

15010 Channel %1 block %2 program coordination instruction with invalid

channel number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A WAITM, WAITMC,INIT or START instruction was programmed with an invalid channel number.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the instruction accordingly.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or R

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

15020 Channel %1 block %2 CHANDATA instruction cannot be executed.

Channel %3 is not active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = String (CHANDATA parameter)

Definitions: With a CHANDATA instruction, the data input for a channel is selected that has not been activated.

For structural reasons, the input of multi-channel data must take place twice.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Activate the channel concerned by means of machine data or option data or

- Cancel the CHANDATA instruction and all following assignments to channel data. This error message occurs regularly when first reading in an INITIAL Init block with which a multi-channel system

is to be installed. In this case:

1. NCK Restart must be executed in order to activate the global machine data already input for the

installation of the other channels.

2. Input of the INITIAL Init block must be repeated.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

15021 Channel %1 block %2 CHANDATA instruction with invalid channel

number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A CHANDATA instruction is used to enter data for an illegal channel, e. g. <1,> maximum number of

channels, not the active channel.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program CHANDATA instruction in accordance with the actual configuration.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

15025 CHANDATA(%2): channel is not active. Channel data will be ignored.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = CHANDATA parameter

Definitions: With a CHANDATA instruction, the data input for a channel is selected that has not been activated.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: This is an informational alarm referring to the fact that the file loaded into the NCK contains data of an

inactive channel. The number of the inactive channel is specified. Subsequently, the data of this

channel are not available in the NCK. The alarm may have two causes:

(1) The channel is supposed to be activated by a following NCK RESET/POWER ON, i.e. the file must subsequently be reloaded. If the alarm occurs again, the reason is: (2) the specified channel is actually

not supposed to be activated, however, the file contains the relevant data.

For the 2nd reason, please check whether the system has correctly not activated the channel

mentioned.

If the channel has been activated, operation may be continued after another NCK RESET/POWER ON without further measures, i.e. reloading the file is not required. If the channel has not been

activated, make sure that the channel inactivated by mistake is re-activated.

If the settings of the channel activation are part of the file to be loaded (e.g. archive file), the file must either be modified with the relevant program or the file has to be created once more in the same

system with the correct channel number.

Similar alarms: 15020, 15021.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

15030 Channel %1 block %2 different measurement system settings

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The INCH or METRIC instruction describes the system of measurement in which the data blocks have

been read from the control. In order to prevent the incorrect interpretation of data intended for a particular system of measurement, a data block is only accepted if the above instruction matches the

active system of measurement.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Change the system of measurement or load a data block which matches the system of measurement.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

15100 Channel %1 block %2 REORG abort caused by log file overflow

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In order to synchronize the preprocessing run and the main run with REORG, the control accesses

modification data which are maintained in a logfile. The alarm indicates that no more capacity is

available in the logfile for the specified block in the channel.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. No remedial measures are available for

the further execution of the current part program, however:

1. Reduce log file size requirement by:

Reducing the distance between the preprocessing and the main run via appropriate preprocessing

stops STOPRE.

2. Increase the size of the logfile by means of the channel-specific machine data:

Modify MD 28000: MM_REORG_LOG_FILE_MEM and Modify MD 28010: MM_NUM_REORG_LUD_MODULES Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Program Continuation:

15110

Channel %1 block %2 REORG not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In order to synchronize the preprocessing run and the main run with REORG, the control accesses

modification data which are maintained in a logfile. The alarm indicates that no more capacity is

available in the logfile for the specified block in the channel.

The alarm message means that the logfile has been deleted in order to obtain additional memory for program reorganization. Consequently, it is no longer possible to REORG the preprocessing memory

up to the next coincidence point.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. No remedial measures are available for

the further execution of the current part program, however:

1. Reduce log file size requirement by:

Reducing the distance between the preprocessing and the main run via appropriate preprocessing

stops STOPRE.

2. Increase the size of the logfile by means of the channel-specific machine data:

Modify MD 28000: MM_REORG_LOG_FILE_MEM and Modify MD 28010: MM_NUM_REORG_LUD_MODULES

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

NCK alarms

15120 If a power failure occurs now, data changed before will be lost; buffer

size = %1

Parameters: %1 = Buffer size

Definitions: Notification alarm. The alarm has no negative impact on the current machining.

The system-internal data buffer in which the last buffered data are stored that were changed,

has overflown (as the data change rate is currently too high). The alarm warns of a spontaneous power failure in this situation

(mains fault, disconnect the system from the power supply) that would cause a loss of

buffered data changed beforehand (tool data, parts programs,

R parameters, GUDs,...

If the system is operated in an environment in which a power failure cannot occur, output of this alarm can be avoided via machine date \$MN_MM_ACTFILESYS_LOG_FILE_MEM = 0.

Parameter %1 informs about the buffer size set.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: If the alarm is only present sporadically, it can be regarded as a notification only.

The regular control behavior is not influenced.

If the alarm is permanently present, please inform the authorized personnel/service. Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display snowing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

15122 Power ON after power failure: %1 data were restored, of which %2

machine data, %3 errors.

Parameters: %1 = Number of data

%2 = Number of machine data %3 = Number of errors occurred

Definitions: Notification alarm. The alarm has no negative effect as long as %3 the number of errors occurred is

zero.

%1 indicates the number of elementary and complex data restoring steps which were taken after a

power OFF during power ON orduring a power failure to restore the persistent NCK data.

%2 indicates the number of restored machine data. If the value is larger than zero, another warm restart (NCK reset) may be necessary to make the - possibly configuring - machine data changes prior to the power failure effective.

%3 indicates the number of errors occurred during data restoring.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: As long as %3 number of errors occurred is zero, the alarm is only informative.

As long as %3 number of errors is larger than zero, the alarm indicates a software error.

Continuing with the data is not recommended.

Please install a suitable archive file before continuing to avoid follow-up problems.

Please inform authorized personnel/service.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

15150 Channel %1 block %2 reload from external aborted

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Execution from external was aborted because the reload buffer does not have enough machine

function blocks (traversing blocks, auxiliary function, dwell time etc.). Background: When already executed machine function blocks are released, memory becomes available in the reload buffer. If machine function blocks are no longer released, nothing can be reloaded - this results in a deadlock

situation

Example: Definition of extremely long curve tables via execution from external.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Insert machine function blocks in the part progam.

- Increase the size of the reload buffer (\$MN_MM_EXT_PROG_BUFFER_SIZE).

- Decrease the size of the curve table (Note: Blocks within CTADDEF/CTABEND are not machine

function blocks).

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

15160 Channel %1 block %2 wrong preprocessing configuration

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A block element is required, but the block element memory is empty.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify the block search configuration in Remedy:

machine data 28060 MM_IPO_BUFFER_SIZE (decrease size of IPO buffer if necessary) or 28070

MM_NUM_BLOCKS_IN_PREP.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

15165 Channel %1 block %2 error when translating or interpreting Asup %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = String

Definitions: At part program start and at start of an ASUB under Reset condition, the relevant data of all the ASUBs

that can be activated at that time are preprocessed:

- PLC ASUBs

- With \$MC_PROG_EVENT_MASK configured event-controlled program calls

- ASUB after block search (\$MN_SEARCH_RUN_MODE bit 1=1)

- Editable system ASUB (\$MN_ASUP_EDITABLE)

If an error occurs (converter or interpreter), alarm 15165 will be output first and then a converter or interpreter alarm that describes more details of the error. Alarm 15165 will cause an interpreter stop.

A compensation block will not be possible.

Interpreter stop Reaction:

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedv: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

15166 Channel %1 user system asup _N_ASUP_SPF not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: By means of the machine data 11610 \$MN_ASUP_EDITABLE the function "User-defined system

asup" has been activated. However, the relevant user program could not be found in the specified

search path:

- 1. /_N_CUS_DIR/_N_ASUP_SPF - 2. /_N_CMA_DIR/_N_ASUP_SPF The default system asups are used.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Load the user-defined system asup in /_N_CUS_DIR/_N_ASUP_SPF or

/_N_CMA_DIR/_N_ASUP_SPF laden.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

15170 Channel %1 block %2 program %3 could not be compiled

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = String

Definitions: An error has occurred in compile mode. The (compiler) error message refers to the program specified

nere.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

15171 Channel %1 block %2 compiled program %3 older than the relevant

subroutine

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Compiled program file name

Definitions: When calling a precompiled subroutine, it was noticed that the compiled program is older than the

relevant SPF file. The compiled program was deleted and during start the subroutine is executed

instead of the compiled program.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Perform another precompilation.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

15172 Channel %1 block %2 subroutine %3. No interface available at time of

preprocessing.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label

%3 = Subroutine name

%3 = Subroutine name

Definitions: In compilation mode no program interface of the subroutine to be called was available at the time of

pre-compilation.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify parts program or recreate program interfaces and pre-compile programs again.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

15173 Channel %1 block %2 variable %3 was unknown at the time of

preprocessing.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Variable

Definitions: At the time of program precompilation, variable %3 was not known to the control.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the part program or introduce the variable at the time of precompilation, i.e. activate the new

GUD variable prior to precompilation. Then restart precompilation.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

15175 Channel %1 block %2 program %3. Interfaces could not be built

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = String

Definitions: An error has occurred in interface generation mode. The (compiler) error message refers to the

program specified here. In particular when loading new cycle program on the NCK, problems can

occur if the value settings in machine data \$MN_MM_NUM_MAX_FUNC_NAMES and

\$MN_MM_NUM_MAX_FUNC_PARAM are too small.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: - Modify part program.

- If new cycle programs have been loaded on the NCK, you will normally need to increase the values of \$MN_MM_NUM_MAX_FUNC_NAMES and \$MN_MM_NUM_MAX_FUNC_PARAM. See also the

explanations for alarm 6010.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

15180 Channel %1 block %2: Error on editing program %3 as INI/DEF file.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = String

Definitions: Errors were found when processing an initialization program (INI file), or a GUD or macro definition

file (DEF file).

The error message which is then displayed refers to the program specified here.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the initialization program (INI file), or the GUD or macro definition file (DEF file).

In connection with Alarm 12380 or 12460, also change the memory configuration.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

15185 Channel %1 %2 errors in INI file

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Number of detected errors

Definitions: Errors were found when processing initialization program _N_INITIAL_INI.

This alarm will also be output, if errors are found during editing of _N_INITIAL_INI in the GUD

definition files or if errors are found on ramp-up in the macro definition files.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Correct the INI or DEF file or correct the

MD and create a new INI file (via "Upload").

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

15186 Channel %1 %2 errors in GUD, macro or INI file

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Number of detected errors

Definitions: %2 errors were found when processing GUD/macro definition files (DEF files) or initialization files (INI

files)

Alarm 15180 has already informed about the corresponding file.

Prior to that the errors shown were reported by error-specific alarms, e.g. 12080 "syntax error".

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify definition file or initialization file

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

15187 Channel %1 error during execution of PROGEVENT file %2.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = PROGEVENT file name

Definitions: An error has occurred on executing PROGEVENT.

With alarm 15187, the name of the program that was started as PROGEVENT

is displayed. Alarm 15187 is displayed together

with the alarm that describes the error cause. Alarm 15187 is also output when the alarm occurs in a subroutine started from PROGEVENT.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the PROGEVENT file (subroutine). **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

15188 Channel %1 error during execution of ASUB file %2.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = ASUB file name

Definitions: An error has occurred on executing an ASUB.

Alarm 15188 displays the name of the program that was started as ASUB. Alarm 15188 is output together with the alarm that describes the error cause. Alarm 15188 is also output when the alarm occurs in a subroutine started from the ASUB.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the ASUB file (subroutine).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

15190 Channel %1 block %2 not enough free memory for subroutine call

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The following deadlock has been found in the interpreter: Memory is needed for calling a subroutine.

The module memory is, however, empty and there is no prospect of module memory becoming free

again by executing the preprocessing/main run queue, because this queue is empty.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Increase machine data 28010

MM_NUM_REORG_LUD_MODULES/28040 MM_LUD_VALUES_MEM / 18210

MM_USER_MEM_DYNAMIC or program a preprocessing stop STOPRE before calling the

subroutine.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

15300 Channel %1 block %2 invalid number-of-passed-blocks during block

search

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the function "Block search with calculation" a negative number of passes has been entered in

column P (number of passes). The permissible range of values is P 1 - P 9 999.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter only positive number of passes within the range of values.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

15310 Channel %1 block %2 file requested during block search is not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: During block search, a target has been specified with a program that has not been loaded.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the specified search target accordingly or reload the file.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

15320 Channel %1 block %2 invalid block search command

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The block search command (type of search target) is smaller than 1 or greater than 5. It is entered in

column type of the block search window. The following block search orders are allowed.

Type Meaning

1 Search for block number2 Search for label

3 Search for string

4 Search for program name

5 Search for line number in a file

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the block search command.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

15330 Channel %1 block %2 invalid block number as search target

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Syntax error! Positive integers are allowed as block numbers. Block numbers must be preceded by ":"

and subblocks by an "N".

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Repeat the input with corrected block number.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

15340 Channel %1 block %2 invalid label as search target

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Syntax error! A label must have at least 2 but no more than 32 characters, and the first two characters

must be alphabetic or underscore characters. Labels must be concluded with a colon.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Repeat the input with corrected label.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

15350 Channel %1 block %2 search target not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The specified program has been searched to the end of the program without the selected search

target having been found.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the part program, change the block search (typing error in the part program) and restart the

search.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

15360 Channel %1 illegal target of block search (syntax error)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The specified search target (block number, label or string) is not allowed in block search.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct target of block search.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

15370 Channel %1 target of block search not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: In a block search, an impermissible search target has been specified (e.g. negative block number).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the specified block number, label or character string. Repeat entry with correct search target.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

15380 Channel %1 block %2 illegal incremental programming in axis %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis

Definitions: The first axis programming after "search to block end point" is performed incrementally. This is not

allowed in the following situations:

- After searching the target a transformation change has taken place.

- A frame with rotation component is active. The programmed axis is involved in the rotation.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Find search destination in which the axes are programmed using an absolute reference.

- Deactivate adding of the accumulated search position with \$SC_TARGET_BLOCK_INCR_PROG =

FALSE

- Use search run with calculation "at contour".

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

15390 Channel %1 block %2 %3 not executed during block search

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Source symbol

Definitions: During block search, commands for switching, deleting and defining of the electronic gear are not

executed and not gathered but simply skipped.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Set the desired gear status via asynchronous subprogram.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

15395 Channel %1 master-slave not executable during block search

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: A master-slave coupling is to be closed in the part program via the instruction MASLON. The position

 $offset $P_SEARCH_MASLD, however, cannot be correctly calculated during block search, as the$

axes to be coupled are located in different channels.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Make sure that all relevant axes are in the same channel. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

15400 Channel %1 block %2 selected initial init file does not exist

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The operator has selected an INI block for a read, write or execution function which:

1. Does not exist in the NCK range or

2. Does not have the necessary protection level required for performing the function.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check whether the selected INI block is

contained in the file system of the NCK. The present protection level must be selected to be at least equal to (or greater than) the protection level that has been defined for the read, write or execution

function at the time of creating the file.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

15410 Channel %1 block %2 initialization file contains invalid M function

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The only M function allowed in an Init block is the M02, M17 or M30 end-of-program function.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Remove all M functions from the Init block except for the end identifier.

An Init block may contain value assignments only (and global data definitions if they are not defined

again in a program that can be executed later) but no motion or synchronous actions.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

15420 Channel %1 block %2 instruction in current mode not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The alarm is output in the following situation:

The interpreter has detected an illegal instruction (e.g. a motion command) while processing an INI

file or a definition file (macro or GUD).

In a GUD file, the access security for a machine data is to be changed with REDEF, although an ACCESS file (_N_SACCESS_DEF, _N_MACCESS_DEF, _N_UACCESS_DEF) is available. Access rights for machine data can only be changed then via one of the ACCESS files with REDEF.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Correct the INI, GUD or macro file.

- Correct part program.

Continuation:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

15450 Channel %1 block %2 compiled program cannot be stored

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the compile mode, a compiled program could not be stored. One of the following reasons applies:

- Not enough memory

- Intermediate code line (compilate) too large

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Create space in work memory or modify part program (make it less complex).

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

15460 Channel %1 block %2 syntax error with modal function

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The addresses programmed in the block are not compatible with the modal syntax-determining G

function. Example:

N100 G01 ... I .. J.. K.. LF

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the displayed block and ensure that the G functions and addresses in the block are in

agreement.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation.

15500 Channel %1 block %2 illegal angle of shear

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The function CSHEAR has been called with an illegal (impossible) angle of shear, e.g. when the sum

of angles between the axis vectors is greater than 360 degrees.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program the angle of shear in accordance with the geometrical conditions of the machine and

workpiece system.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

15700 Channel %1 block %2 illegal cycle alarm number %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Cycle alarm number

Definitions: A SETAL command has been programmed with a cycle alarm number less than 60 000 or greater

than 67 999

Alarm reactions of Siemens standard cycles:

Nos. 61,000 -61,999: Interpreter stop; delete with Reset

Nos. 62 000 - 62 999: Compensation block; delete with NC Start

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program alarm number in the SETAL instruction in the correct range.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

15800 Channel %1 block %2 wrong starting conditions for

CONTPRON/CONTDCON

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: There is an error in the start conditions for CONTPRON/CONDCON:

- G40 not active

- SPLINE or POLY active

- Unknown machining type programmed - Transferred machining direction not defined - Definition of LUDs in incorrect subroutine level

- Transferred circle coordinates

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

15810 Channel %1 block %2 wrong array dimension for

CONTPRON/CONTDCON

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The number of columns for the array created for CONTPRON/CONTDCON does not conform to the

current programming guide.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

15900 Channel %1 block %2 touch probe not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Measure with deletion of distance-to-go

In the part program, an illegal probe has been programmed with the command MEAS (measure with

deletion of distance-to-go). The probe numbers

0 ... no probe 1 ... probe 1 2 ... probe 2

are allowed, whether the probe is actually connected or not.

N10 MEAS=2 G01 X100 Y200 Z300 F1000 Probe 2 with deletion of distance-to-go

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Include a probe number within the limits given above in the keyword MEAS=... This must correspond

to the hardware connection of the probe.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

15910 Channel %1 block %2 touch probe not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Measure without deletion of distance-to-go

In the part program, an illegal probe has been programmed with the command MEAW (measure

without distance-to-go). The probe numbers

0 ... no probe 1 ... probe 1 2 ... probe 2

are allowed, whether the probe is actually connected or not.

Example:

N10 MEAW=2 G01 X100 Y200 Z300 F1000 Probe 2 without deletion of distance-to-go

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Include a probe number within the limits given above in the keyword MEAW=... This must correspond

to the hardware connection of the probe.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

15950 Channel %1 block %2 no traverse motion programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Measure with deletion of distance-to-go

In the part program, no axis or a traversing path of zero has been programmed with the command

MEAS (measure with deletion of distance-to-go).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the part program and add the axis address or the traversing path to the measurements block.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

15960 Channel %1 block %2 no traverse motion programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Measure without deletion of distance-to-go

In the part program, no axis or a traversing path of zero has been programmed with the command

MEAW (measure without deletion of distance-to-go).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the part program and add the axis address or the traversing path to the measurements block.

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

16000 Channel %1 block %2 invalid value for lifting direction

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

During the "rapid lift from contour" (keyword: LIFTFAST), a code value for the lifting direction

(keyword: ALF=...) which lies outside the permissible range (permissible value range: 0 to 8) was

programmed.

With active cutter radius compensation:

Code numbers 2, 3 and 4 cannot be used in G41

Code numbers 6, 7 and 8 cannot be used in G42 because they code the direction to the contour.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program the lifting direction under ALF=... within the permissible limits. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16005 Channel %1 block %2 invalid value for lifting distance

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Mistake in programming: the value for the lifting path must not be negative.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Remedy: Modify part program

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16010 Channel %1 block %2 machining stop after lift fast

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: LIFTFAST without interrupt routine (Asup) has been programmed. The channel is stopped after the

lift motion has been carried out.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: After the channel stop, the axes must be retracted manually in JOG and the program aborted with

Reset.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

16015 Channel %1 block %2 wrong axis identifier %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name

Definitions: Axis names from different coordinate systems were used to program axes for LIFTFAST. The

retraction movement is no longer clear.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Use axis names from one coordinate system.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16016 Channel %1 block %2 no retraction position programmed for axis %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name

Definitions: The retraction enable was programmed for LIFTFAST without defining a retraction position for the

axis. The retraction movement is no longer clear.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program a retraction position for the relevant axis.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16020 Channel %1 repositioning in block %2 is not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Programming or operator action incorrect:

Repositioning via REPOS command is only possible in an asynchronous subprogram (interrupt

routine)

If the REPOS command was programmed, e.g. in the main program or in a cycle, part program

execution is aborted with alarm 16020.

In addition, the alarm is output in the following situations:

- Access to \$AC_RETPOINT (repositioning point) outside an ASUP (e.g. in the main program)

- An axis to be repositioned was a oscillating axis with sychronous infeed (OSCILL) in the interrupted block and is now in a state that does not allow it to be traversed as a oscillating axis. Remedy: Change

the axis to "neutral axis" state before repositioning with WAITP.

- An axis to be repositioned was an infeed axis for a oscillating axis in the interrupted block; now it can

no longer be traversed as one. Remedy: Change the axis back to "POS axis" state before

repositioning.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the part program if necessary.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

16025 Channel %1 block %2 impermissible axis change in REPOS command by

axis %3.

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis identifier

Definitions: With the REPOS command, an axis or spindle was programmed that was in the NEUTRAL state at

that time. As the REPOS command cannot execute any implicit GET, these axes/spindles cannot be

repositioned. Part program editing is therefore aborted.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Assign the axes/spindles that are to be repositioned to the channel via GET command prior to the

REPOS command.

Example:

GET(A); assign the A axis to the channel

REPOSL A; reposition the geometry axes and A axis

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

16100 Channel %1 block %2 spindle %3 not available in the channel

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = String

Definitions: Mistake in programming: This channel does not recognize the spindle number. The alarm can occur

together with a dwell or SPI function.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the part program to determine

whether the programmed spindle number is correct and whether the program is run in the correct

channel.

Check MD 35000 SPIND_ASSIGN_TO MACHAX for all machine axes to see whether one of them contains the programmed spindle number. This machine axis number must be entered in a channel

axis of the channel-specific machine data 20070 AXCONF_MACHAX_USED.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16105 Channel %1 block %2 spindle %3 cannot be assigned

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = String

Definitions: Mistake in programming: The programmed spindle is not assigned a real axis by the spindle number

converter. The alarm can be issued after improper use of \$SC_SPIND_ASSIGN_TAB[].

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct setting data or modify part program.

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program **Program**

NCK alarms

16110 Channel %1 block %2 spindle %3 for dwell time not in control mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: The spindle can be in the positioning mode, oscillating mode and control mode. With the M command

M70 it can be changed from a spindle to an axis. The control mode is divided into the speed-controlled and position-controlled mode, and it is possible to alternate between these with the keywords SPCON

and SPCOF.
Positioning mode:

Position control (spindle position under SPOS/SPOSA)

Oscillating mode:

Speed control (M41 - M45 or M40 and S...)

Control mode:

Speed control (spindle speed under S..., M3/M4/M5)

Position control (SPCON/SPCOF, spindle speed under S..., M3/M4/M5)

Axis mode:

Position control (M70/M3, M4, M5, axis position under user-selectable axis name)

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check part program for correct spindle number.

With M3, M4 or M5 put the required spindle into control mode before calling the dwell time.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16111 Channel %1 block %2 spindle %3 No speed programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Spindle

Definitions: Programming of a speed is expected. **Reaction:** Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program speed with S[spindle number]=..

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16112 Channel %1 block %2 following spindle %3 Impermissible programming

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Spindle

Definitions: With synchronous spindle-VV-coupling an additional motion for the following spindle can only be

programmed with M3, M4, M5 and S... The paths created by specified positions cannot be maintained safely for a velocity coupling, especially if a position control is missing. If dimensional accuracy or reproducibility are not important, the alarm can be suppressed with machine data 11410

 $SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK\ Bit27 = 1.$

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Use synchronous spindle-DV-coupling or program direction of rotation and speed.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16120 Channel %1 block %2 invalid index for tool fine compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Mistake in programming: The 2nd parameter in the PUTFTOC command indicates for which tool

parameter the value is to be corrected (1 - 3 tool lengths, 4 tool radius). The programmed value is

beyond the permitted range.

Permissible values are 1 - 4 if on-line tool radius compensation is allowed (see machine data

ONLINE_CUTCOM_ENABLE), otherwise values 1 - 3.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program: Length 1 - 3 or 4 permissible for radius.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16130 Channel %1 block %2 instruction not allowed with FTOCON

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: - Case 1: A plane change is not allowed if the modal G function FTOCON: "fine tool compensation" is

active.

- Case 2: Transformation selection is allowed only for zero transformation or transformation inclined

axis, Transmit or Tracyl if FTOCON is active.

- Case 3: Tool change is not allowed with M06 if FTOCON has been active since the last tool change.

- Case 4: Orientable tool holder is active.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program: Deselect fine tool compensation with FTOCOF. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16140 Channel %1 block %2 FTOCON not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The tool fine compensation (FTOC) is not compatible with the currently active transformation.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program: Deselect fine tool compensation with FTOCOF. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16150 Channel %1 block %2 invalid spindle number with PUTFTOCF

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The spindle number programmed for PUTFTOC or PUTFTOCF is beyond the permitted range for the

spindle numbers.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Is the programmed spindle number available? **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16200 Channel %1 block %2 spline and polynominal interpolation not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The spline and polynomial interpolation are options that are not contained in the basic version of the

control.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Do not program spline and polynomial interpolation, or retrofit the necessary option.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16300 Channel %1 block %2 denominator polynominal with zero places within

parameter range not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed denominator polynomial (with PL [] = ..., i.e. without specification of geometry axis)

has a zero place within the defined parameter range (PL = ...). This means that the quotient of the

numerator polynomial and the denominator polynomial is infinite or indeterminate.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the polynomial block so that there is no zero place within the polynomial length in the

denominator polynomial.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16400 Channel %1 block %2 positioning axis %3 cannot participate in spline

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An axis assigned to a spline grouping (n) with SPLINEPATH (n, AX1, AX2, ...) has been programmed

as positioning axis with POS or POSA.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Do not assign the positioning axis to the spline grouping.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16410 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 is not a geometry axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: A geometry axis has been programmed that cannot be imaged on any machine axis in the current

transformation (possibly there is no transformation active at the moment).

Example:

Without transformation: Polar coordinate system with X, Z, and C axis

With transformation: Cartesian coordinate system with X, Y, and Z, e.g. with TRANSMIT.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Activate transformation type with TRAORI (n) or do not program geometry axes that do not participate

in the transformation grouping.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16420 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 programmed repeatedly

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: It is not allowed to program an axis more than once.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete the axis addresses that have been programmed more than once. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16421 Channel %1 block %2 angle %3 programmed repeatedly in the block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Angle

Definitions: It is not allowed to program more than one PHI or PSI angle for an orientation vector in the same block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16422 Channel %1 block %2 angle %3 programmed repeatedly in the block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Angle

Definitions: It is not allowed to program more than one rotation angle THETA for the orientation in one block. The

angle of rotation can either be programmed explicitly with THETA or by programing with Euler angles

or RPY angles.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16423 Channel %1 block %2 angle %3 programmed repeatedly in the block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Angle

Definitions: It is not allowed to program more than one polynomial for the orientation rotation angle with PO[THT]

in one block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16424 Channel %1 block %2 coordinate %3 programmed repeatedly in the

block

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Coordinate

Definitions: It is not allowed to program a coordinate of the 2nd contact point of the tool for description of the tool

orientation several times in one block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16430 Channel %1 block %2 geometry axis %3 cannot traverse as positioning

axis in rotated coordinate system

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: In the rotated coordinate system, traversing of a geometry axis as positioning axis (i.e. along its axis

vector in the rotated coordinate system) would mean traversing of several machine axes. This is in conflict with the positioning axis concept, however, in which one axis interpolator runs in addition to

the path interpolator!

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Traverse geometry axes as positioning axes only with rotation deactivated. Remedy:

Deactivate rotation:

Keyword ROT without further specification of axis and angle.

Example: N100 ROT

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16440 Channel %1 block %2 rotation programmed for non-existent geometry

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A rotation of a geometry axis which does not exist was programmed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16500 Channel %1 block %2 chamfer or rounding negative

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A negative chamfer or rounding has been programmed under the keywords CHF= ..., RND=... or

RNDM=..

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Values for chamfers, roundings and modal roundings must be programmed with positive values only.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16510 Channel %1 block %2 no facing axis for diameter programming available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Diameter programming has been activated although no transverse axis with diameter programming

has been applied.

Transverse axes can be applied with MD20100 or MD30460 bit2 for diameter programming.

Diameter programming can be applied through:

- basic position DIAMON or DIAM90 of the G 29 group during booting

- programming of DIAMON or DIAM90

- programming of DIAMONA[AX], DIAM90A[AX] or DAC, DIC, RAC, RIC

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

When programming DIAMON/DIAM90, a traverse axis must be configured via MD20100.

When programming DIAMONA[AX], DIAM90A[AX] or DAC, DIC, RAC, RIC, the AX axis must be a

transverse axis for diameter programming configured via MD30460 bit2. Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Program Continuation:

16520 Channel %1 axis %2, diameter programming active, function %3 is not

executed

Parameters: %1 = Channel

%2 = Axis, spindle %3 = NC function

Definitions: The function is not executed with diameter programming active for the stated axis.

The following functions may be affected:

1 - Axis interchange2 - Axis container rotation

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Disable diameter programming of the axis before activating the function.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

16600 Channel %1 block %2 spindle %3 gear stage change not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Spindle number

Definitions: The programmed speed is outside the speed range of the set gear stage. In order to execute the

programmed speed, the gear stage must be changed. In order to be able to execute the automatic

gear stage change (M40 is active), the spindle must be in speed control operation. >The alarm will no longer be output after having set bit 30 (0x40000000) in MD 11410 SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK. However, the function will not be affected by this.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The changeover to speed control operation is performed by programming M3, M4 or M5. The M

functions can be written together with the S word in the same block.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16670 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 maximum number of CP

modules (%4) has been exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number %4 = Max. number of CP modules

Definitions: An attempt was made to activate more generic couplings than are configured in MD18450.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce the number of defined or active couplings, or increase the number of coupling modules

configured in MD18450.

If necessary, buy another option stage of the generic coupling.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16671 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 maximum number of CP

modules (%4) has been exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number %4 = Max. number of CP modules

Definitions: An attempt was made to activate more generic couplings than are configured in MD18450.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Reduce the number of defined or active couplings, or increase the number of coupling modules

configured in MD18450.

If necessary, buy another option stage of the generic coupling.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

NCK alarms

16672 Channel %1 block %2 leading axis/spindle %3 maximum number of CP

master values (%4) exceeded

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number %4 = Max. number of CP master values

Definitions: An attempt was made to activate more master values of generic couplings than are configured in

MD18452.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce the number of defined or active master values, or increase the total number of master values

configured in MD18452.

If necessary, buy another option stage of the generic coupling.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16673 Channel %1 block %2 leading axis/spindle %3 maximum number of CP

master values (%4) exceeded

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number %4 = Max. number of CP master values

Definitions: An attempt was made to activate more master values of generic couplings than are configured in

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Reduce the number of defined or active master values, or increase the total number of master values Remedy:

configured in MD18452.

If necessary, buy another option stage of the generic coupling.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

Continuation:

Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 status %4 impermissible 16678

traversing instruction

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

%4 = Status

Definitions: An addtional traversing in the following axis/spindle is not permitted in the current status

of the generic coupling.

Example: CPOF=X G0 X100 is not permitted.

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

A motion in the following axis/spindle can be programmed with CPFPOS, CPON or CPOF

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16680 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %4 instruction %3

programmed repeatedly

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = CP instruction

%4 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The stated instruction has been programmed repeatedly in the block for the same following

axis/spindle of a generic coupling.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16682 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 instructions %4 are not

possible.

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

%4 = CP instruction

Definitions: The stated instructions are not permitted together in one block for a following axis/spindle of a generic

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16684

Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 instructions %4 are not

possible separately.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

%4 = CP instructions

Definitions: The stated instructions are only permitted together in one block for a following axis/spindle of a generic

coupling.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16686 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 type of

coupling/instruction %4 is not possible.

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

%4 = CP instructions

Definitions: The stated instruction is not permitted for the stated type of generic coupling.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16687 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 type of

coupling/instruction %4 is not possible.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

%4 = CP instructions

Definitions: The stated instruction is not permitted for the stated type of generic coupling.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Modify part program.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16688 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 coupling type %4

maximum number of master values exceeded

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

%4 = Coupling type

Definitions: The maximum number of master values has been exceeded for the stated type of generic coupling.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Remedy: Modify part program, reduce number of master values or use a different type of coupling.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16689 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 coupling type %4

maximum number of master values exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

%4 = Coupling type

Definitions: The maximum number of master values has been exceeded for the stated type of generic coupling.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part program, reduce number of master values or use a different type of coupling.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16690 Char

Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 changing the reference

system %4 is not possible.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

%4 = Reference system

Definitions: An attempt was made to change the reference system with generic coupling active.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part programm.

End coupling and reactivate with desired reference system.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16691 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 changing the reference

system %4 is not possible.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label%3 = Axis name, spindle number%4 = Reference system

Definitions: An attempt was made to change the reference system with generic coupling active.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part programm.

End coupling and reactivate with desired reference system.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16692 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 maximum number of

couplings in the block %4 has been exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label%3 = Axis name, spindle number%4 = Maximum number of couplings

Definitions: The maximum number of generic couplings in the block has been exceeded.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Reduce the number of generic couplings programmed in the block.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16694 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 status/instruction %4 is

not possible.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

%4 = Status, instruction

Definitions: The stated instruction is not permitted for the current status of the generic coupling.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16695 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 status/instruction %4 is

not possible.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

%4 = Status, instruction

Definitions: The stated instruction is not permitted for the current status of the generic coupling.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16696 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 coupling has not been

defined.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An instruction to an undefined coupling is to be executed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part programm.

Define the coupling and activate, if necessary, before the instruction.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16697 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 coupling has not been

defined.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An instruction to an undefined coupling is to be executed.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part programm.

Define the coupling and activate, if necessary, before the instruction.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

oontinaation.

16698 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 leading axis/spindle %4

has not been defined.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number %4 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An instruction to an undefined leading axis/spindle of a coupling is to be executed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part programm.

Define the leading axis/spindle and activate, if necessary, before the instruction.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16699 Channel %1 block %2 following axis/spindle %3 leading axis/spindle %4

has not been defined.

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number %4 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An instruction to an undefined leading axis/spindle of a coupling is to be executed.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part programm.

Define the leading axis/spindle and activate, if necessary, before the instruction.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16700 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 invalid feed type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: In a thread cutting function, the feed has been programmed in a unit that is impermissible.

> 1. G33 (thread with constant lead) and the feed have not been programmed with G94 or G95. 2. G33 (thread with constant lead) is active (modal) and G63 is programmed additionally in a following block .conflict situation! (G63 is in the 2nd G group, G33, G331 and G332 are in the 1st G group).

3. G331 or G332 (rigid tapping) and the feed have not been programmed with G94.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Use only the feed type G94 or G95 in the thread cutting functions. Remedy:

After G33 and before G63, deselect the thread cutting function with G01. Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Program

16710

Continuation:

Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 master spindle not programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: A master spindle function has been programmed (G33, G331, G95, G96) but the speed or the

direction of rotation of the master spindle is missing.

Interpreter stop Reaction:

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Add S value or direction of rotation for the master spindle in the displayed block.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

16715 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 spindle not in standstill

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Spindle number

Definitions: In the applied function (G74, reference point approach), the spindle must be stationary.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program M5 or SPOS/SPOSA in front of the defective block in the part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16720 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 thread lead is zero

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: No lead was programmed in a thread block with G33 (thread with constant lead) or G331 (rigid

tapping).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The thread lead must be programmed for the specified geometry axis under the associated

interpolation parameters.

X -> I Y -> J Z -> K

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16730 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 wrong parameter

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: In G33 (tapping with constant lead) the lead parameter was not assigned to the axis that determines

the velocity.

For longitudinal and face threads, the thread lead for the specified geometry axis must be

programmed under the associated interpolation parameter.

X -> I Y -> J Z -> K

For taper threads, the address I, J, K depends on the axis with the longer path (thread length). A 2nd $\,$

lead for the other axis is, however, not specified.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Assign lead parameters to the axis that determines the velocity.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16740 Channel %1 block %2 no geometry axis programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No geometry axis was programmed for tapping (G33) or for rigid tapping (G331, G332). The geometry

axis is, however, essential if an interpolation parameter has been specified.

Example:

N100 G33 Z400 K2; thread lead 2mm, thread end Z=400 mm

N200 SPOS=0; position spindle in axis mode

N201 G90 G331 Z-50 K-2; tapping to Z=-50, counterclockwise N202 G332 Z5; retraction, direction reversal automatic N203 S500 M03; spindle again in spindle mode

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Specify geometry axis and corresponding interpolation parameters.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16746 Channel %1 block %2 spindle %3 selected gear stage %4 not installed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Spindle number %4 = Gear stage

Definitions: The first gear stage data block is active. The required gear stage is not installed in the 1st gear stage

data block. The number of gear stages installed is configured in machine data 35090

\$MA_NUM_GEAR_STEPS.

Examples of the occurrence of the alarm with 3 three gear stages installed (MD 35090

\$MA_NUM_GEAR_STEPS = 3):

* ... M44 or M45 has been programmed for the spindle concerned

*...M70 has been programmed and machine data 35014 \$MA_GEAR_STEP_USED_IN_AXISMODE

is larger than 3.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program: Only those valid gear stages can be entered which have also been installed

according to machine data MA_NUM_GEAR_STEPS.

Limit M70 configuration (MD 35014 \$MA_GEAR_STEP_USED_IN_AXISMODE) to MD 35090

MA_NUM_GEAR_STEPS.

Program
Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16747 Channel %1 block %2 spindle %3 inserted gear stage %4 for tapping not

installed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Spindle number %4 = Gear stage

Definitions: The second gear stage data block has been activated for tapping with G331.

However, the current gear stage has not been installed in the second gear stage data block. The number of gear stages installed is configured in machine data 35092 NUM_GEAR_STEPS2. The gear stage cannot be changed in traversing blocks. The gear stage appropriate for the speed must be

loaded before the traversing block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Procedure for automatically engaging the suitable gear stage prior to thread cutting:

* Program the spindle speed (S) in a G331 block without axis motions and prior to thread cutting, e.g.

G331 S1000.

* Activate M40 for the spindle.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16748 Channel %1 block %2 spindle %3 gear stage %4 expected

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Spindle number %4 = Gear stage

Definitions: G331 activates the second gear stage data block for tapping.

The programmed speed (S) of the master spindle lies outside the speed range of the active gear stage

in the current traversing block.

The gear stage cannot be changed in the traversing block. The gear stage appropriate for the speed

must be loaded prior to the traversing block.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Procedure for automatically engaging the suitable gear stage prior to thread cutting:

* Program the spindle speed (S) in a G331 block without axis motions and prior to thread cutting, e.g.

G331 S1000.

* Activate M40 for the spindle.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16750 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 SPCON not programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: For the programmed function (rotary axis, positioning axis), the spindle must be in position control

mode.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program position control of the spindle with SPCON in the previous block. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16751 Channel %1 block %2 spindle/axis %3 SPCOF not executable

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: For the programmed function, the spindle must be in the open-loop control mode. In the positioning

or axis mode, the position control must not be deselected.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Put the spindle into open-loop control mode in the preceding block. This can be done with M3, M4 or

M5 for the relevant spindle.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16755 Channel %1 block %2 no stop required

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No Stop is needed for the programmed function. A Stop is necessary after SPOSA or after M5 if the

next block is to be applied only after the spindle has come to a stop.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Do not write instruction.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16757 Channel %1 block %2 for following spindle %3 coupling as leading

spindle/axis already existing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Following spindle number

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on in which the following spindle/axis has already been active as

leading spindle/axis in another coupling. Chained couplings cannot be processed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Remedy: Check in the parts program whether the following spindle/axis is already active as leading spindle/axis

in another coupling

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16758 Channel %1 block %2 for leading spindle %3 coupling as following

spindle/axis already existing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Leading spindle number

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on in which the leading spindle/axis has already been active as

following spindle/axis in another coupling. Chained couplings cannot be processed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check in the parts program whether the leading spindle/axis is already active as following spindle/axis

in another coupling.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16760 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 S value missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: No spindle speed has been given for rigid tapping (G331 or G332).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program the spindle speed under address S in [rpm] (in spite of axis mode); the direction of rotation

is given by the sign of the spindle lead.

Positive thread lead: Rotational direction as M03. Negative thread lead: Rotational direction as M04 N2.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16761 Channel %1 block %2 axis/spindle %3 not programmable in the channel

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: Mistake in programming: The axis/spindle cannot be programmed in the channel at this time. This

alarm can occur when the axis/spindle is being used by another channel or by the PLC.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program, use "GET()".

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16762 Channel %1 block %2 spindle %3 thread function is active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Spindle number

Definitions: Mistake in programming: The spindle function cannot be executed at the present time. This alarm

occurs when the spindle (master spindle) is linked with the axes by an interpolation function.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Deselect thread cutting or tapping.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16763 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 programmed speed is illegal (zero or

negative)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: A spindle speed (S value) was programmed with the value zero or with a negative value.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The programmed spindle speed (S value) must be positive. Depending on the application case, the

value zero can be accepted (e.g. G25 S0).

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16770 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 no measuring system available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: One of the following spindle functions has been programmed, the position control requires:

SPCON, SPOS, SPOSA, COUPON, G331/G332.

The position control requires at least one measuring system.

No measuring system has been configured in MD: 30200 NUM_ENCS of the programmed spindle.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Retrofit a measuring system.

Program Cl Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

16771 Channel %1 following axis %2 overlaid movement not enabled

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: No gear synchronization and no overlay movement can be executed because this is not enabled at

the VDI interface.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Set the "enable following axis overlay" VDI signal.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

16772 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 is the slave axis, the coupling is being

opened

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: >The axis is active as a slave axis in a coupling. In the REF operation mode, the coupling is opened.

The alarm can be suppressed by means of machine data 11410 SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK Bit29

= 1.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The coupling will be closed again after having exited the REF operation mode.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

NCK alarms

16773 Channel %1 axis %2 is the following axis. The axis/spindle disables of

leading axes %3 and %4 differ from one another.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis, spindle %3 = Axis, spindle %4 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: The axis is active in a coupling as a following axis. The master axes

have different states regarding axis/spindle disable.

The alarm can be suppressed with machine data 11415 SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK_2 Bit0 =1.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Set the same axis/spindle disable for all master axes.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

16774 Channel %1 Synchronization aborted for slave axis/spindle %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: For the indicated axis, the synchronization procedure (EGONSYN or EGONSYNE) was aborted.

There are several reasons for aborting the synchronization process:

- RESET

- End of program

Axis goes to follow-up modeRapid stop caused by an alarm

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: If the abort of the synchronization procedure can be tolerated or is intended, the alarm can be

suppressed with machine data 11410 SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK Bit31 = 1.

Only applicable for electronic gear (EG):

If it is not possible to abort the synchronization procedure, you can achieve it by specifying the block

change criterion FINE in EGONSYN or EGONSYNE.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

16776 Channel %1 block %2 curve table %3 does not exist for axis %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label%3 = Number of curve table%4 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An attempt was made to couple axis %4 with curve table number %3, but no curve table of this number

exists.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify the NC part program so that the required curve table exists when axis link is to be activated.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

16777 Channel %1 block %2 coupling: following axis %3 for lead axis %4 not

available

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number %4 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on in which the slave spindle/axis is currently not available. Possible

causes

- The spindle/axis is active in the other channel.

- The spindle/axis has been accessed by the PLC and has not yet been released.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

> Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Put the master spindle/axis with

spindle/axis exchange into the necessary channel or release from the PLC.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Channel %1 block %2 coupling: Ring coupling at following axis %3 and 16778

leading axis %4 impermissible

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number %4 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on which results in a cyclic coupling, allowance being made for further

couplings. This cyclic coupling cannot be uniquely computed.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Configure link in accordance with the MD

or correct NC part program (channel MD: COUPLE_AXIS_n).

Program Continuation:

16779

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Channel %1 block %2 coupling: too many couplings for axis %3, see active leading axis %4

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number %4 = Axis name, spindle number

More leading axes and spindles were defined for the specified axis/spindle than are allowed. The last **Definitions:**

parameter to be specified is a leading value object/leading axis to which the specified axis/spindle is

already linked.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

16780 Channel %1 block %2 following spindle/axis missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The following spindle/axis has not been written in the part program.

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16781 Channel %1 block %2 master spindle/axis missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The master spindle/axis has not been programmed in the part program.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16782 Channel %1 block %2 following spindle/axis %3 not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on in which the slave spindle/axis is currently not available. Possible

causes:

- The spindle/axis is active in the other channel.

- The spindle/axis has been accessed by the PLC and has not yet been released.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Put the master spindle/axis with

spindle/axis exchange into the necessary channel or release from the PLC.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16783 Channel %1 block %2 master spindle/axis %3 not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on in which the master spindle/axis is currently not available. Possible

causes:

- Setpoint linkage has been selected and spindle/axis is active in the other channel.

- The spindle/axis has been accessed by the PLC and has not yet been released.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Put the master spindle/axis with

spindle/axis exchange into the necessary channel or release from the PLC.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16785 Channel %1 block %2 identical spindles/axes %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on in which the following spindle/axis is identical to the master

spindle/axis

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Configure link accordingly in MD (channel MD: COUPLE_AXIS_n)

- or modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16786 Channel %1 block %2 coupling to master spindle %3 already exists

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Leading spindle number

Definitions: A coupling is to be switched on, in which the slave axis is already actively coupled with the other

master axis. Only one master spindle is allowed for the synchronous spindle function. The already

active master spindle is displayed as last alarm parameter.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Prior to switching on the new coupling, separate the existing coupling. If several master spindels/axes

are required, the ELG function will have to be used.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16787 Channel %1 block %2 coupling parameter not changeable

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The specified coupling is write-protected. Therefore, the coupling parameters cannot be modified.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Remove write protection. Channel MD: COUPLE_AXIS_IS_WRITE_PROT

or modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

16788 Channel %1 block %2 cyclic coupling

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on which results in a cyclic coupling, allowance being made for further

couplings. This cyclic coupling cannot be uniquely computed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Configure link accordingly in MD (channel MD: 21300 COUPLE_AXIS_n)

- or modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16789 Channel %1 block %2 multiple link

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on in which the axes/spindles have already been assigned by another

coupling. Parallel couplings cannot be processed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check in the part program whether another link already exists for the axes. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

16790 Channel %1 block %2 Parameter is zero or missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on in which a relevant parameter has been specified with zero or has

not been written (e.g. denominator in the transmission ratio, no slave axis).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Configure link accordingly in MD (channel MD: 42300 COUPLE_RATIO_n)

- or modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16791 Channel %1 block %2 parameter is not relevant

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on in which a non-relevant parameter has been written (e.g. parameter

for ELG).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16792 Channel %1 block %2 too many couplings for axis/spindle %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: For the specified axis/spindle, more master axes/spindles have been defined than are allowed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16793 Channel %1 block %2 coupling of axis %3 prohibits transformation

change

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The specified axis is a slave axis in a transformation grouping. When the coupling is switched on, the

transformation cannot be changed to another one.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Switch off coupling(s) of this axis before changing transformation or do not

change the transformation.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16794 Channel %1 block %2 coupling of axis/spindle %3 prohibits reference

point approach

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The specified axis is a (gantry) slave axis and cannot therefore approach the reference point.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Switch off coupling(s) of this axis before reference point approach or do not

reference. A gantry slave axis cannot reference for itself.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16795 Channel %1 block %2 string cannot be interpreted

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on in which a non-interpretable string has been written (e.g. block

change behavior).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

16796 Channel %1 block %2 coupling not defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A coupling is to be switched the parameters of which have neither been programmed nor configured.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Correct NC part program or MD, program

the coupling with COUPDEF or configure by means of MD.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16797 Channel %1 block %2 coupling is active

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An operation is to be performed in which no coupling may be active, e.g. COUPDEL or TANGDEL

must not be used on active couplings.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct NC part program, deselect the link with COUPOF or TANGOF. Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program. **Program**

Continuation:

16798 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 is following axis and prohibits axis

container rotation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The programmed axis/spindle is active as a slave axis/spindle in a coupling. When the coupling is

active, the axis container cannot be rotated.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Deactivate the coupling(s) for this axis/spindle before rotating the axis container

or execute the axis container rotation at a later time.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16799 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 is master axis and prohibits axis container

rotation

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The programmed axis/spindle is active as a master axis/spindle in a coupling. When the coupling is

active, the axis container cannot be rotated.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Deactivate the coupling(s) for this axis/spindle before rotating the axis container

or execute the axis container rotation at a later time.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16800 Channel %1 block %2 traverse instruction DC/CDC for axis %3 not

allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The keyword DC (Direct Coordinate) can only be used for rotary axes. This causes approach of the

programmed absolute position along the shortest path.

Example:

N100 C=DC(315)

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Replace the keyword DC in the displayed

NC block by specifying AC (Absolute Coordinate).

If the alarm display is the result of an error in the axis definition, the axis can be declared as a rotary

axis by means of the axis-specific MD 30300 IS_ROT_AX.

Corresponding machine data:
Modify MD 30310: ROT_IS_MODULO
Modify MD 30320: DISPLAY_IS_MODULO

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16810 Channel %1 block %2 traverse instruction ACP for axis %3 not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The keyword ACP (Absolute Coordinate Positive) is only allowed for "modulo axes". It causes

approach of the programmed absolute position in the specified direction.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. In the displayed NC block, replace the

keyword ACP by specifying AC (Absolute Coordinate).

If the alarm display is based on an incorrect axis definition, the axis with the axis-specific MD 30300: IS_ROT_AX and MD 30310: ROT_IS_MODULO can be declared a rotary axis with modulo change.

Corresponding machine data:

Modify MD 30320: DISPLAY_IS_MODULO

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16820 Channel %1 block %2 traverse instruction ACN for axis %3 not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The keyword ACN (Absolute Coordinate Negative) is only allowed for "modulo axes". It causes

approach of the programmed absolute position in the specified direction.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. In the displayed NC block, replace the

keyword ACN by specifying AC (Absolute Coordinate).

If the alarm display is based on an incorrect axis definition, the axis with the axis-specific MD 30300: IS_ROT_AX and MD 30310: ROT_IS_MODULO can be declared a rotary axis with modulo change.

Corresponding machine data:

Modify MD 30320: DISPLAY_IS_MODULO

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

16830 Channel %1 block %2 incorrect position programmed for axis/spindle %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: A position beyond the range of 0 - 359.999 has been programmed for a modulo axis.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program position in the range 0 - 359.999.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16903 Channel %1 program control: action %2<ALNX> not allowed in the

current state

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The relevant action cannot be processed now. This can occur, for instance, during read-in of machine

data.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait until the procedure is terminated or abort with Reset and repeat the operation.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16904 Channel %1 program control: action %2<ALNX> not allowed in the

current state

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The operation (program, JOG, block search, reference point, etc.) cannot be started or continued in

the current status.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the program status and channel status.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16905 Channel %1 program control: action %2<ALNX> not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: Operation cannot be started or continued. A start is only accepted when an NCK function can be

started.

Example: A start is accepted in JOG mode when, for example, the function generator is active or a

JOG movement has first been stopped with the Stop key.

Reaction: Alarm reaction in Automatic mode.

Remedy: Check the program status and channel status. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

16906 Channel %1 program control: action %2<ALNX> is aborted due to an

alarm

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The action was aborted due to an alarm.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Eliminate the error and acknowledge the alarm. Then repeat the operation.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16907 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> only possible in stop state

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: This action may only be performed in Stop state.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the program status and channel status.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16908 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> only possible in reset state or at the block

end

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: This action may only be performed in Reset state or at end of block.

In JOG mode, no axis that is traversed as geometry axis in the switched coordinate system, must be active as PLC or command axis (started through static synchronized action) on mode change. This

means that axes like that must be in the state 'neutral axis' again.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the program status and channel status.

Check in JOG mode whether the axes are PLC or command axes.

Continuation:

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

16909 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> not allowed in current mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: You have to activate a different operating mode for the function to be activated.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check operation and operating state.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16911 Channel %1 mode change is not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The change from overstoring into another operating mode is not allowed.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: After overstoring is terminated, it is possible to change to another operating state again.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

16912 Channel %1 program control: action %2<ALNX> only possible in reset

state

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: This action can only be performed in Reset state.

Example: Program selection through MMC or channel communication (INIT) can only be performed

in Reset state.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reset or wait until processing is terminated.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16913 Mode group %1 channel %2 mode change: action %3<ALNX> not

allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Mode group number

%3 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The change to the desired mode is not permitted. The change can only take place in the Reset state.

Example: Program processing is halted in AUTO mode by NC Stop. Then there is a mode change to JOG mode (program status interrupted). From this operating mode it is only possible to change to

AUTO mode and not to MDI mode!

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Either activate the Reset key to reset program processing, or activate the mode in which the program

was being processed previously.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

16914 Mode group %1 channel %2 mode change: action %3<ALNX> not

anowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number %2 = Mode group number

%3 = Action number/action name

Definitions: Incorrect mode change, e.g.: Auto -> MDIREF.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check operation or selected mode.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16915 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> not allowed in the current block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: If traversing blocks are interrupted by asynchronous subroutines, then it must be possible for the

interrupted program to continue (reorganization of block processing) after termination of the

asynchronous subroutine.

The 2nd parameter describes which action wanted to interrupt block processing.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Let the program continue to a reorganized NC block or modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

16916 Channel %1 repositioning: action %2<ALNX> not allowed in the current

state

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: Repositioning of block processing presently not possible. In certain cases this can prevent a mode

change from taking place.

The 2nd parameter describes which action should be used to perform repositioning.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Let the program continue to a repositioned NC block or modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16918 Channel %1 for action %2<ALNX> all channels must be in reset state

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: All channels must be in the initial setting in order to carry out the action! (For example, for machine

data loading)

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Either wait until the channel status is aborted or press the Reset key.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16919 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> is not allowed due to a pending alarm

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: This action cannot be performed due to an alarm, or the channel is in fail.

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Press RESET key.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16920 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> is already active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: An identical action is still active.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait until the first procedure is terminated or abort with Reset and repeat the operation.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

16921 Channel %1 mode group %2 machine data: channel/mode group

assignment not allowed or assigned twice

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Mode group number

Definitions: On powering up, an illegal channel/mode group assignment was detected.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check machine data

ASSIGN_CHAN_TO_MODE_GROUP.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

16922 Channel %1 subprograms: action %2<ALNX> maximum nesting depth

exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: Various actions can cause the current procedure to be interrupted. Depending on the action,

> asynchronous subroutines are activated. These asynchronous subroutines can be interrupted in the same manner as user programs. Unlimited nesting depth is not possible for asynchronous subroutines

due to memory limitations.

Example: An interrupt interrupts the current program processing. Other interrupts with higher priorities

interrupt processing of the previously activated asynchronous subroutines.

Possible actions are: DryRunOn/Off, DecodeSingleBlockOn, delete distance-to-go, interrupts

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Do not trigger the event on this block.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

16923 Channel %1 program control: action %2<ALNX> not allowed in the

current state

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The current processing cannot be stopped, due to an active preprocessing process. This applies to,

for example, loading machine data and block searches until the search object is found.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Abort by pressing Reset!

Program

Continuation:

NCK alarms

16924 Channel %1 caution: program test modifies tool management data

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Tool management data is changed during program testing. It is not possible to automatically rectify

the data after termination of the program testing.

This error message prompts the user to make a backup copy of the data or to reimport the data after

the operation is terminated.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Save tool data on MMC and reimport

data after "ProgtestOff".

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

16925 Channel %1 program control: action %2<ALNX> not allowed in the

current state, action %3<ALNX> active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name %3 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The action has been refused since a mode or sub-mode change (change to automatic mode, MDI,

JOG, overstoring, digitizing, etc.) is taking place.

Example: This alarm message is output if the Start key is pressed during a mode or sub-mode change

from, for example, automatic to MDI, before the NCK has confirmed selection of the mode.

Reaction: Alarm display. **Remedy:** Repeat action.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16926 Channel %1 channel coordination: action %2 not allowed in block %3,

marker %4 is already set

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Aktion %3 = Block number %4 = Marker number

Definitions: The action was denied, the marker was already set. Check the program.

Example:

SETM(1); CLEARM(1); Marker must be reset first.

SETM(1)

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Repeat action.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

16927 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> at active interrupt treatment not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: This action may not be activated during interrupt processing (e.g. mode change).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reset or wait until interrupt processing is terminated. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

16928 Channel %1 interrupt treatment: action %2<ALNX> not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: A program interrupt has been activated in a non REORG capable block.

Examples of possible program interrupt in this case:

- Traversing to fixed stop

VDI channel delete distance-to-goVDI axial delete distance-to-go

MeasuringSoftware limitAxis replacementAxis from correctionServe disable

- Gear stage change at actual gear stage unequal to setpoint gear stage.

The relevant block concerns a:

- Pick-up block during block search (excluding last pick-up block)

- Block in overstore interrupt.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Do not trigger the event on this block.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

16930 Channel %1: preceding block and current block %2 must be separated

through an executable block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: The language functions WAITMC, SETM, CLEARM and MSG must be packed in separate NC blocks

due to the language definition. To avoid velocity drops, these blocks are attached to the next NC block internally in the NCK (for MSG only in path control mode, for WAITMC to the previous NC block). For this reason, there must always be an executable block (not a calculation block) between the NC blocks. An executable NC block always includes e.g. travel movements, a help function, Stopre, dwell

time etc.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program an executable NC block between the previous and the current NC block.

Example: N10 SETM.

N15 STOPRE; insert executable NC block.

N20 CLEARM.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

16931 Channel %1 subprograms: action %2<ALNX> maximum nesting depth

exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: Various actions can cause the current procedure to be interrupted. Depending on the action,

asynchronous subroutines are activated. These asynchronous subroutines can be interrupted in the same manner as the user program. Unlimited nesting depth is not possible for asynchronous

subroutines due to memory limitations.

Example: In the case of an approach block in a repositioning procedure do not interrupt repeatedly,

instead wait until processing is completed.

Possible actions are: mode change, SlashOn/Off, overstoring.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Initiate a block change and repeat the action.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16932 Channel %1 conflict when activating user data type %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Data type

Definitions: The "activate user data" function (PI service _N_SETUDT) modifies a data block (tool offset, settable

zero offset or base frame) which is also written by the NC blocks in preparation.

In the event of a conflict, the value entered by the MMC is reset.

Parameter %2 specifies which data block is affected:

1: Active tool offset2: Base frame3: Active zero offset

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the inputs on the MMC and repeat if necessary.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16933 Channel %1 interrupt treatment: action %2<ALNX> not allowed in the

current state

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: If a temporary standstill has occurred because of a Reorg event across block boundaries, it is possible

that a block without Reorg capability has been loaded. In this situation, it is unfortunately necessary to abort the Reorg event handling! Reorg events are, e.g. abort subprogram, delete distance-to-go

and interrupts.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Abort program with the RESET key.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

16934 Channel %1 interrupt treatment: action %2<ALNX> not possible due to

stop

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: Reorg events are, e.g. abort subprogram, delete distance to go and interrupts, axis replacement,

termination of follow-up mode. Two Reorg events overlap in this situation. The 2nd Reorg event coincides with the 1st block generated by the previous event. (e.g. an axis replacement is induced twice in rapid succession). Axis replacement leads to Reorg in the channels in which an axis is removed without preparation. This block must be stopped in the above sequence in order to prevent the interpolator buffer from overflowing. This can be achieved by pressing the Stop or StopAll key,

configuring an alarm with INTERPRETERSTOP or by decode single block.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: The program must be aborted with Reset.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

16935 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> not possible due to search run

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The action is not allowed as block search is currently running via program test. Block search via

program test: "PI Service _N_FINDBL with mode parameter 5_

With this block search type, it is not permissible to activate program test or dry run feedrate.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Activate the action after block search is terminated.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16936 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> not possible due to active dry run

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: This action is not allowed as dry run feedrate is currently active.

Example: It is not permissible to activate block search via program test (PI service _N_FINDBL with

mode parameter 5) when dry run feedrate is active.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Abort program with the RESET key.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16937 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> not possible due to program test

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: This action is not allowed as program test is currently active.

Example: It is not permissible to activate block search via program test (PI service _N_FINDBL with

mode parameter 5) when program test is active.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Deactivate program test.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

16938 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> aborted due to active gear change

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: Reorganization events are, among others, subprogram abort, delete distance-to- go and interrupts,

axis replacement, exiting the correction state. These events wait for the end of a gear change.

However, the maximum waiting period has elapsed.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Program must be aborted with Reset and, if necessary, GEAR_CHANGE_WAIT_TIME must be

increased

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

16939 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> rejected due to active gear change

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: Reorganization events that are possible in Stop state, e.g mode change, are waiting for the end of the

gear change. However, the maximum waiting period has elapsed.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Repeat action or increase MD GEAR_CHANGE_WAIT_TIME.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16940 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> wait for gear change

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: Reorganization events are waiting for the end of a gear change. The alarm is displayed during the

waiting period.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Warning display.

Remedy: Alarm is suppressed by means of ENABLE_ALARM_MASK bit 1 == 0.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

NCK alarms

16941 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> rejected because no program event has

been executed yet

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The setting of the machine data \$MC_PROG_EVENT_MASK forces an asynchronous subprogram to

be triggered automatically on RESET or PowerOn. The implicitly triggered asynchronous subprograms are normally called "Event-triggered program call" or "Program event".

In the alarm situation, this asynchronous subprogram could not yet be activated; that is why the action

(normally start of part program) must be rejected.

Reasons for the fact that the asynchronous subprogram could not be triggered:

1. The asynchronous subprogram does not exist (/_N_CMA_DIR/_N_PROG_EVENT_SPF)
2. The asynchronous subprogram is allowed to start in the referenced state only (see

\$MN_ASUP_START_MASK)

3. READY is missing (because of alarm)

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: - Load program

- Check \$MN_ASUP_START_MASK

- Acknowledge alarm

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

16942 Channel %1 start program command action %2<ALNX> not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: Currently, the alarm occurs only in combination with the SERUPRO action. SERUPRO stands for

search via program test.

SERUPRO is currently searching the search target and has therefore switched this channel to the program test mode. With the START program command in channel 1, another channel 2 would actually be started, which means that axes would really be started during the search action. If this alarm is switched off (see help), the user can make use of the above behavior by initially selecting via PLC the program test mode in channel 2, leaving channel 2 executing until its natural

end, stopping channel 2 in order to deselect program test again.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Alarm can be switched off with \$MN_SERUPRO_MASK bit 1.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

16943 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> not possible due to ASUP

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The action in the 2nd parameter was rejected, since an asynchronous subprogram is currently active.

Currently, only the integrated search run is rejected with this alarm. The integrated search run is activated, if search run is triggered in the Stop program state. In other words: Parts of a program have already been executed and a following program part is "skipped" with search run in order to continue

the program afterwards.

The event is not possible if the program is stopped within an asynchronous subprogram or if an asynchronous subprogram had been selected before the event. An asynchronous subprogram is selected, when the triggering asynchronous subprogram event arrives, but the asynchronous subprogram cannot be started (e.g. the asynchronous start program is not started because of a read-in disable or because the Stop key is active).

In this case, it is irrelevant whether a user ASUP or a system ASUP has been triggered. User ASUPs are activated via FC-9 or via the fast inputs.

The following events lead to system ASUPS:

- Mode change
- Overstore on
- Aborting subprogram level
- Switching on of single block, type 2
- Setting machine data effective
- Setting user data effective
- Change skip levels
- Dry run on/off
- Program test off
- Correction block alarms
- Editing modi in Teach
- External zero offset
- Axis replacement
- Delete distance-to-go
- Measuring

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Repeat the action after the end of the asynchronous subprogram.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16944 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> not possible due to active search blocks

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The NCK is currently processing either the action blocks of the search run or the approach motion after

the search run.

In this situation, the action (2nd parameter of the alarm) must be rejected.

Currently, only the integrated search run is rejected with this alarm. The integrated search run is activated, if search run is triggered in the Stop program state. In other words: Parts of a program have already been executed and a following program part is "skipped" with search run in order to continue

the program afterwards.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Repeat the action after the approach motion of the search run.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

16945 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> delayed up to the block end

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The currently executing action (e.g. dry run on/off, change skip levels, etc.) should be active

immediately, but it can become active not earlier than at the end of the block, since a thread is

currently being machined. The action is activated with a slight delay.

Example: Dry run is started in the middle of the thread, then traversing at high speed does not start

before the next block.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Alarm can be switched off via \$MN_SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK bit 17==1.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

16946 Channel %1 start via START is not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

Definitions: This alarm is active with "Group Serupro" only. _Group Serupro" is activated by means of

"\$MC_SERUPRO_MODE BIT2" and enables the retrace support of entire channel groups during

block search.

The machine data \$MC_DISABLE_PLC_START specifies which channel is generally started from the

PLC and which channel is only allowed to be started from another channel via the START part

program command.

This alarm occurs if the channel was started via the START part programm command and

\$MC_DISABLE_PLC_START==FALSE was set.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify \$MC_DISABLE_PLC_START of switch off "Group Serupro" (see \$MC_SERUPRO_MODE).

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16947 Channel %1 start via PLC is not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

Definitions: This alarm is active with "Group Serupro" only. _Group Serupro" is activated by means of

"\$MC_SERUPRO_MODE BIT2" and enables the retrace support of entire channel groups during

block search

The machine data \$MC_DISABLE_PLC_START specifies which channel is generally started from the PLC and which channel is only allowed to be started from another channel via the START part

program command.

This alarm occurs if the channel was started via the PLC and \$MC_DISABLE_PLC_START==TRUE

was set.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify \$MC_DISABLE_PLC_START of switch off "Group Serupro" (see \$MC_SERUPRO_MODE).

Program Cle Continuation:

NCK alarms

16948 Channel %1 dependent channel %2 still active

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Channel ID

Definitions: This alarm is active with "Group Serupro" only. _Group Serupro" is activated by means of

"\$MC_SERUPRO_MODE BIT2" and enables the retrace support of entire channel groups during

block search.

A _dependent channel_ is a channel that had indirectly been started by the currently active channel.

The currently active channel was started via PLC.

This channel m_u_s_t be terminated (i.e. reached M30) before the current channel is terminated. This alarm occurs if the currently active channel is terminated before the dependent channel.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Switch off "Group Serupro" (see \$MC_SERUPRO_MODE) or install WAITE.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

16949 Correspondence between marker of channel %1 and channel %2 is

nvalid.

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Channel ID

Definitions: This channel defines a WAIT marker with other channels, which on their part have no correspondence

with this wait marker.

This channel's WAIT marker has no explicit counterpart in the other channel; i.e. the channels do not

mutually wait.

Example Ch 3Ch 5Ch 7

WAITM(99,3,5) WAITM(99,3,5) WAITM(99,5,7)

The wait markers in channels 3 and 5 mutually wait for each other and channel 7 only waits for channel 5. Therefore, channel 7 may continue when 5 and 7 have reached the wait marker, but channel 3 is still far in front of the wait marker.

When it continues, channel 7 deletes its wait marker. When wait marker 99 is reached again, you can no longer determine the behavior precisely.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: In each wait marker, list all channels with which you want to synchronize, or suppress the alarm with

\$MN_SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK, bit 23.

Sample solution A: Ch 3Ch 5Ch 7

WAITM(99,3,5,7) WAITM(99,3,5,7) WAITM(99,3,5,7)

Sample solution B: Ch 3Ch 5Ch 7

WAITM(99,3,5) WAITM(99,3,5) WAITM(88,5,7)

Sample solution C: Ch 3Ch 5Ch 7

WAITM(88,5,7) WAITM(88,5,7) WAITM(99,3,5) WAITM(99,3,5)

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

16950 Channel %1 search run with hold block

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

Definitions: Informational alarm.

The search run was not performed on the interruption block,

instead, it touches down shortly before that. This so-called "hold block" is generated by the part program command IPTRLOCK, or implicitly defined by

\$MC_AUTO_IPTR_LOCK. This is to prevent

you from performing a search run in critical program areas

(e.g. gear hobbing).

The alarm also displays that, instead of searching for the

block that actually was interrupted before, another block is being searched for. This behavior is desired and the alarm serves only informational purposes.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: \$MN_SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK \$MC_AUTO_IPTR_LOCK and language command IPTRLOCK

Program Continuation:

Parameters:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

16951 Channel %1 search run in a program section that cannot be searched

Definitions: With the language commands IPTRLOCK and IPTRUNLOCK, the part programmer can

identify part program sections that cannot be searched. Every search run in these

program sections will be acknowledged with alarm 16951.

In other words:

%1 = Channel ID

When the alarm appears, the user has started a search run (Serupro type)

and the search target lies in an area that cannot be searched!

An area that cannot be searched can also be defined implicitly with the machine data

\$MC_AUTO_IPTR_LOCK.

Note:

The alarm can only be generated when the simulation is completed during the search run. The alarm cannot be output immediately at the start of the search run.

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: \$MN_SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK \$MC_AUTO_IPTR_LOCK and language command IPTRLOCK

Program

Continuation:

16952 Channel %1 start program command not possible due to MDI

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

Definitions: NCK is currently executing an ASUB in MDI mode. In this constellation,

parts program command "Start" is not allowed for another channel.

Attention: If an asup is started from JOG, the NCK can internally change to MDI,

if the NCK was previously in MDI and not in RESET.

Note: Without this alarm, the MDI buffer of the other channel would always be started.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Start ASUB in AUTO or -> JOG in AUTO

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

16953 Channel %1 For slave axis %2 SERUPRO not allowed, as master axis %3

not subject to axis/spindle disable

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Slave axis name, following spindle number %3 = Master axis name, master spindle number

Definitions: Currently, the alarm occurs only in combination with the SERUPRO action. SERUPRO stands for

search via program test.

SERUPRO is possible only with an active coupling, if the axis/spindle disable is active for all master

axes/spindles of the slave axis/spindle

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Set axis/spindle disable of the master axis

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

16954 Channel %1 block %2 programmed stop prohibited in stop delay area

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In a program area (stop delay area) that is bracketed with DELAYFSTON and DELAYFSTOF,

a program command was used that causes a stop.

No commands other than G4 are permissible that might cause a stop even though only shortly.

A stop delay area can also be defined by \$MN_STOP_MODE_MASK.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: \$MN_STOP_MODE_MASK and language command DELAYFSTON DELAYFSTOF

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

16955 Channel %1 stop in stop delay area is delayed

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

Definitions: In a program area (stop delay area) that is bracketed by DELAYFSTON and DELAYFSTOF,

an event has been detected that causes a stop. The stop is delayed and executed after DELAYFSTOF. A stop delay area can also be defined by

\$MN_STOP_MODE_MASK.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: \$MN_STOP_MODE_MASK and language command DELAYFSTON DELAYFSTOF **Program** Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

NCK alarms

16956 Channel %1 program %2 cannot be started due to global start disable.

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

%2 = String (path with program name)

Definitions: The program selected in this channel cannot be started as "Global start disable" had been set.

Note:

PI "_N_STRTLK" sets the "Global start disable" and PI "_N_STRTUL"

deletes the "Global start disable".

The alarm is switched on with \$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK bit 6.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete the "Global start disable" and restart.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16957 Channel %1 Stop-Delay area is suppressed

Parameters: %1 = Channel ID

Definitions: The program area (Stop-Delay area), which is put into brackets through DELAYFSTON and

DELAYFSTOF, could not be activated. Every stop therefore becomes effective immediately

and is not delayed!

This occurs every time, when braking into a stop Stop-Delay area, i.e. a braking process starts before the Stop-Delay area and ends not earlier than in the Stop-Delay area.

If the Stop-Delay area is entered with override 0, the Stop-Delay area

can also not be activated (example: a G4 before the Stop-Delay area allows the user

to reduce the override to 0 and the next block in the Stop-Delay area then starts with override 0 and the alarm situation described occurs.)

\$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK Bit-7 switches on this alarm.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: \$MN_STOP_MODE_MASK and language command DELAYFSTON DELAYFSTOF **Program** Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

16959 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> prohibited during simulation block

search.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The function (2nd parameter) must not be activated during simulation search.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait for search end.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

16960 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> prohibited during EXECUTE PROGRAM

AREA.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The function (2nd parameter) must not be activated during EXECUTE PROGRAM AREA.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait for end of program area EXECUTE. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

16961 Channel %1 action %2<ALNX> prohibited during syntax check.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Action number/action name

Definitions: The function (2nd parameter) must not be activated during the syntax check.

Comment: The syntax check is served by the following PI services:

_N_CHKSEL _N_CHKRUN _N_CHKABO

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait for the end of the syntax check, or

Cancel the syntax check with reset, or Cancel the syntax check with PI _N_CHKABO. Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

Program

16962 Channel %1 NCK computing time reduced, start is not allowed.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The computing time available to the NCK has been reduced, starts have therefore been locked. The

computer performance is inadequate for smooth program execution. The computing time of the NCK

may have been reduced by the HMI because of an HMI part program simulation.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait for the simulation to end or press RESET in any channel.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

17000 Channel %1 block %2 maximum number of symbols exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The maximum number of symbols defined by machine data 28020

 ${\tt \$MC_MM_NUM_LUD_NAMES_TOTAL} \ \ {\tt has} \ \ {\tt been} \ \ {\tt exceeded}.$

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Modify machine data

- Reduce the number of symbols (variables, subroutines, parameters)

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

17001 Channel %1 block %2 no memory left for tool/magazine data

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The values of the following tool/magazine data variables in the NC are given by machine data:

- Number of tools + number of grinding data blocks: 18082 MM_NUM_TOOL

- Number of cutting edges: 18100 MM_NUM_CUTTING_EDGES_IN_TOA

Tools, grinding data blocks, cutting edges can be used independently of the tool management. The memory for the following data is available only if the corresponding bit has been set in 18080 MM_TOOL_MANAGEMENT_MASK.

- Number of monitoring data blocks: 18100 MM_NUM_CUTTING_EDGES_IN_TOA

- Number of magazines: 18084 MM_NUM_MAGAZINE

- Number of magazine locations: 18086 MM_NUM_MAGAZINE_LOCATION

The following variable is determined by software configuration: Number of magazine spacing data blocks: P2 permits 32 such spacing data blocks.

Definition:

- 'Grinding data blocks': Grinding data can be defined for a tool from type 400 to 499. Such a data block occupies the additional memory planned for a cutting edge.

- 'Monitoring data blocks': Each cutting edge of a tool can be supplemented by monitoring data.

- If the alarm occurs while writing from one of the parameters \$TC_MDP1/\$TC_MDP2/\$TC_MLSR, check whether

\$MN_MM_NUM_DIST_REL_PER_MAGLOC/\$MN_MM_NUM_LOCS_WITH_DISTANCE have been

correctly set.

\$MN_MM_NUM_DIST_REL_PER_MAGLOC defines the number of different Index1 statements that

may be made for an Index2 value.

\$MN MM NUM LOCS WITH DISTANCE defines the number of different buffer storage locations

that may be named in Index2.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Remedy:

- Modify machine data

- Modify the NC program, i.e. reduce the number of items related to the variable which caused the

error condition.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

17010 Channel %1 block %2 no memory left

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: When executing/reading files from the active working memory, it was found that there is not enough

memory space (e.g. for large multidimensional arrays or when creating tool offset memory).

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Make arrays smaller or make more

memory space available for memory management of subroutine calls, tool offsets and user variables

(machine data MM_...).

See /FB/, S7 Memory Configuration

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

17018 Channel %1 block %2 incorrect value for parameter %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Parameter name

Definitions: An incorrect value has been assigned to the stated parameter.

Only the following values are permissible for the parameter $P_WORKAREA_CS_COORD_SYSTEM$

=1 for workpiece coordinate system

=3 for settable zero system.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Assign another value.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

17020 Channel %1 block %2 illegal array index 1

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: General

A read or write access has been programmed to an array variable with an invalid 1st array index. The valid array indices must lie within the defined array size and the absolute limits (0 - 32,766).

PROFIBUS I/O:

An invalid slot / I/O area index was used while reading/writing data.

Cause:

1.: Slot / I/O area index >= max. number of available slot / I/O areas.

2.: Slot / I/O area index references a slot / I/O area that has not been configured.

3.: Slot / I/O area index references a slot / I/O area that has not been released for a system variable. The following applies specifically: If the alarm occurs while writing from one of the parameters

 $TC_MDP1/TC_MDP2/TC_MLSR$

check whether \$MN_MM_NUM_DIST_REL_PER_MAGLOC has been set correctly.

\$MN_MM_NUM_DIST_REL_PER_MAGLOC defines the number of different Index1 statements that

may be made for an Index2 value.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the specification of array elements in the access instruction to match the defined size. If an

SPL is used in Safety Integrated, the field index via optional data may be subject to additional

restrictions.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

17030 Channel %1 block %2 illegal array index 2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: General

A read or write access has been programmed to an array variable with an invalid 2nd array index. The valid array indices must lie within the defined array size and the absolute limits (0 - 32,766).

PROFIBUS I/O:

An attempt was made to read/write data outside the slot / I/O area limits of the stated slot / I/O area.

The following applies specifically: If the alarm occurs while writing one of the parameters

\$TC_MDP1/\$TC_MDP2/\$TC_MLSR,

check whether \$MN_MM_NUM_LOCS_WITH_DISTANCE has been set correctly.

\$MN_MM_NUM_LOCS_WITH_DISTANCE defines the number of different buffer storage locations

that may be named in Index2.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the specification of array elements in the access instruction to match the defined size.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17040 Channel %1 block %2 illegal axis index

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A read or write access has been programmed to an axial variable in which the axis name cannot be

unambiguously imaged on a machine axis.

Example:

Writing of an axial machine data

\$MA_... [X]= ... ; but geometry axis X cannot be imaged on a machine axis because of a

transformation!

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Deselect transformation before writing the axial data (keyword: TRAFOOF) or use the machine axis

names as axis.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

17050 Channel %1 block %2 illegal value

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: On accessing an individual frame element, a frame component other than TRANS, ROT, SCALE or

MIRROR was addressed or the function CSCALE has been given a negative scale factor.

Example:

\$P_UIFR[5] = CSCALE (X, -2.123)

The frame components are either selected by means of the keywords

TR for translation (TRANS, internal 0) RT for rotation (ROT, internal 1) SC for scaling and (SCALE, internal 3) MI for mirroring (MIRROR, internal 4)

or they are specified directly as an integral value 0, 1, 3, 4.

Example: Access to the rotation around the X axis of the current settable frame.

R10=\$P_UIFR[\$AC_IFRNUM, X, RT] can also be programmed as:

R10=\$P_UIFR[\$AC_IFRNUM, X, 1]

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Address frame components only with the keywords provided; program the scale factor between the

limits of 0.000 01 to 999.999 99.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

17055 Channel %1 block %2 GUD variable not existing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The required GUD variable was not found for a MEACALC procedure during read or write access.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check whether all the GUDs were created for MEACALC.

DEF CHAN INT _MVAR, _OVI[11]

DEF CHAN REAL _OVR[32], _EV[20], _MV[20], _SPEED[4], _SM_R[10], _ISP[3]

DEF NCK REAL _TP[3,10], _WP[3,11], _KB[3,7], _CM[8], _MFS[6]

DEF NCK BOOL _CBIT[16] DEF NCK INT _CVAL[4].

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

17060 Channel %1 block %2 requested data area too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The maximum memory space of 8 KB available for a symbol has been exceeded.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce array dimensions.

Program Clear alarm with NC START

Continuation:

NCK alarms

17070 Channel %1 block %2 data is write-protected

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An attempt was made to write to a write-protected variable (e.g. a system variable). Safety Integrated:

Safety system variables can only be modified from the safety SPL program.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17080 Channel %1 block %2 %3 value below lower limit

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = MD

Definitions: An attempt was made to write a machine data with a value that is smaller than the defined lower limit.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Determine the input limits of the machine

data and assign a value within these limits.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17090 Channel %1 block %2 %3 value exceeds upper limit

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = MD

Definitions: An attempt was made to write a machine data with a value that is greater than the defined upper limit.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Determine the input limits of the machine

data and assign a value within these limits.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17095 Channel %1 block %2 invalid value

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An attempt was made to write an invalid value, e.g. zero, into a machine data.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the value assignment, e.g. a value within the value range not equal to zero.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

17100 Channel %1 block %2 digital input/comparator no. %3 not activated

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Input number

703 = Input number

Definitions: Either an attempt was made to read a digital input n via the system variable \$A_IN[n] and this input

has not been activated via NCK machine data 10350 FASTIO_DIG_NUM_INPUTS; or to read a comparator input via system variable \$A_INCO[n] and this input belongs to a comparator which has

not been activated.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify part program or machine data

accordingly.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17110 Channel %1 block %2 digital output no. %3 not activated

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = No. of output

Definitions: An attempt was made to read or set a digital NCK output (connector X 121) via the system variable

\$A_OUT [n] with the index [n] greater than the specified upper limit in the NCK machine data 10360

FASTIO_DIG_NUM_OUTPUTS.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program index [n] of the system variable \$A_OUT [n] only between 0 and the value in the NCK

machine data 10350 FASTIO_DIG_NUM_OUTPUTS.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17120 Channel %1 block %2 analog input no. %3 not activated

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Input number

Definitions: An attempt has been made by means of the system variable \$A_INA[n] to read an analog input n that

has not been activated by the MD 10300 FASTIO_ANA_NUM_INPUTS.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify part program or machine data

accordingly.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

17130 Channel %1 block %2 analog output no. %3 not activated

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = No. of output

Definitions: An attempt has been made by means of the system variable \$A_OUTA[n] to write or read an analog

output n that has not been activated by the MD 10310 FASTIO_ANA_NUM_OUTPUTS.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify part program or machine data

accordingly.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17140 Channel %1 block %2 NCK output %3 is assigned to a function via

machine data

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = No. of output

Definitions: The programmed digital/analog output is assigned to an NC function (e.g. software cams).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Use another output or deactivate

concurrent NC function via MD.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

17150 Channel %1 block %2 maximum of %3 NCK outputs programmable in the

block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Quantity

Definitions: No more than the specified number of outputs may be programmed in an NC block.

The quantity of hardware outputs is defined in the MDs:

10360 FASTIO_DIG_NUM_OUTPUTS and 10310 FASTIO_ANA_NUM_OUTPUTS

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program fewer digital/analog outputs in a block. The specified maximum number applies in each case

separately for analog or digital outputs. If necessary, program two NC blocks.

Program Continuation:

17160 Channel %1 block %2 no tool selected

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An attempt has been made to access the current tool offset data via the system variables:

\$P_AD [n]: Contents of the parameter (n: 1 - 25) \$P_TOOL: Active D number (tool edge number) \$P_TOOLL [n]: Active tool length (n: 1- 3)

\$P_TOOLR: Active tool radius

although no tool had been selected previously.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program or activate a tool offset in the NC program before using the system variables.

Example:

N100 G.. ... T5 D1 ... LF

With the channel-specific machine data: Modify MD 22550: TOOL_CHANGE_MODE

New tool offset for M function

Modify MD 22560: TOOL_CHANGE_M_CODE

M function with tool change

It is established whether a tool offset is activated in the block with the T word or whether the new offset

values are allowed for only when the M word for tool change occurs.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

17170 Channel %1 block %2 number of symbols too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The predefined symbols could not be read in during power-up.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

17180 Channel %1 block %2 illegal D number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the displayed block, access is made to a D number that is not defined and therefore is not available.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check tool call in the NC parts program:

- Correct tool correction number D programmed? If no D number is specified with the tool change command, then the D number set by machine data \$MC_CUTTING_EDGE_DEFAULT will be active automatically. It is D1 by default.

- Tool parameters (tool type, length,...) defined? The dimensions of the tool edge must have been

entered previously either through the operator panel or through a tool data file in NCK. Description of the system variables \$TC_DPx[t, d] as included in a tool data file.

x ... Correction parameter number P t ... Associated tool number T

d ... Tool correction number D

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

17181 Channel %1 block %2 T no.= %3, D no.= %4 not existing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = T number %4 = D number

Definitions: A programmed D number was not recognized by the NC. By default, the D number refers to the

specified T number. If the flat D number function is active, T= 1 is output.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: If the program is incorrect, remedy the error with a correction block and continue the program. If the

data block is missing, download a data block for the specified T/D values onto the NCK (via MMC with

overstore) and continue the program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17182 Channel %1 block %2 illegal sum correction number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An attempt was made to access a non-defined total offset of the current tool edge.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Access the total offset memory with \$TC_SCP*, \$TC_ECP*, check the total offset selection DLx or

tool selection Ty or offset selection Dz.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

17183 Channel %1 block %2 H number already available in T no.= %3, D no.=

%4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = T number %4 = D number

Definitions: Each H number (except for H=0) must be assigned in a TO unit only once.

The indicated edge already has the H number.

If the H number shall be assigned more than once, machine date 10890, bit 3 must be set = 1.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Change program:

- Select different H number

Program Continuation:

17188 Channel %1 D number %2 defined in tool T no. %3 and %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Offset number D %3 = T number of first tool %4 = T number of second tool

Definitions: The specified D number %2 in the TO unit of channel %1 is not unique. The specified T numbers %3

and %4 each have an offset with number %2. If tool management is active: The specified T numbers

belong to tool groups with different names.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: 1. Ensure that the D numbers within the TO unit are unique.

2. If unique numbering is not necessary for subsequent operations, do not use the command.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

17189 Channel %1 D number %2 of tools defined on magazine/location %3 and

%4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Offset number D

%3 = Magazine/location number of first tool, '/' as separator %4 = Magazine/location number of second tool, '/' as separator

Definitions: The specified D number %2 in the TO unit of channel %1 is not unique. The specified T numbers %3

and %4 each have an offset with number %2.

If tool management is active:

The specified T numbers belong to tool groups with different names.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: 1. Ensure that the D numbers within the TO unit are unique, e.g. by renaming the D numbers.

2. If unique numbering is not necessary for subsequent operations, do not use the command.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

17190 Channel %1 block %2 illegal T number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the displayed block, access is made to a tool that is not defined and therefore not available. The

tool has been named by its T number, its name or its name and duplo number.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check tool call in the NC part program:

- Correct tool number T.. programmed?

- Tool parameters P1 - P25 defined? The dimensions of the tool edge must have been entered $\,$

previously either through the operator panel or through the V.24 interface.

Description of the system variables \$P_DP x [n, m]

n ... Associated tool number T m ... Tool edge number D x ... Parameter number P

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

17191 Channel %1 block %2 T= %3 not existing, program %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = T number or T identifier

%4 = Program name

Definitions: A tool identifier which the NCK does not recognize was programmed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: If the program pointer is at an NC block which contains the specified T identifier: If the program is

incorrect, remedy the error with a correction block and continue the program. If the data block is missing, create one. You can do this by downloading a data block with all the defined D numbers onto

the NCK (via MMC with overstore) and continue the program.

If the program pointer is at an NC block which does not contain the specified T identifier: The error occurred at an earlier point in the program where the T command appeared, but the alarm was not

output until the change command was detected.

If the program is incorrect - T5 programmed instead of T55 - the current block can be corrected with a correction block; i.e. if only M06 is entered, you can correct the block with T55 M06. The incorrect

T5 line remains in the program until it is terminated by a RESET or end of program.

In complex program structures with indirect programming, it may not be possible to correct the program. In this case, you can only intervene locally with an overstore block - with T55 in the example. If the data block is missing, create one. You can do this by downloading the data block of the tool with all the defined D numbers onto the NCK (via MMC with overstore), program the T command with

overstore, and continue the program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17192 TO unit %1 invalid tool designation of '%2', duplo no. %3. No more

replacement tools possible in '%4'.

Parameters: %1 = TO unit

%2 = Tool identifier %3 = Duplonummer %4 = Group identifier

Definitions: The tool with the specified tool identifier, duplo number cannot accept the group identifier. Reason:

The maximum number of replacement tools allowed has already been defined. The name allocation causes the tool to be reallocated to a tool group which already contains the maximum number of

replacement tools allowed on this machine.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Use fewer replacement tools or request a different maximum setting from the machine manufacturer.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

17193 Channel %1 block %2 the active tool is no longer on toolholder

no./spindle no. %3, program %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Toolholder no., spindle no.

%4 = Program name

Definitions: The tool at the specified toolholder/spindle at which the last tool change was carried out as master

toolholder or master spindle, has been replaced.

Example: N10 SETHTH(1)

N20 T="Wz1"; Tool change at master toolholder 1

N30 SETMTH(2)

N40 T1="Wz2"; Toolholder 1 is only a secondary toolholder. Changing the tool does not result in correction deselection.

N50 D5; New correction selection. At present, there is no active tool which D can refer to, i.e. D5 refers

to T no. = 0, which results in zero correction.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Modify program:

- Set desired spindle as master spindle or toolholder as master toolholder.

- Then, if required, reset master spindle or master toolholder.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

17194 Channel %1 block %2 no suitable tool found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: - An attempt was made to access a tool which has not been defined.

- The specified tool does not permit access.

- A tool with the desired properties is not available.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check access to tool:

- Are the parameters of the command correctly programmed?

- Does the status of the tool prevent access?

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17200 Channel %1 block %2 deleting tool data not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An attempt has been made to delete from the part program the tool data for a tool currently being

processed. Tool data for tools involved in the current machining operation may not be deleted. This applies both for the tool preselected with T or that has been changed in place of another, and also for

tools for which the constant grinding wheel peripheral speed or tool monitoring is active.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check access to tool offset memory by means of \$TC_DP1[t,d] = 0 or deselect tool.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

17202 Channel %1 block %2 deleting magazine data not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An attempt was made to delete magazine data which cannot currently be deleted. A magazine with

the 'tool in motion' status active cannot be deleted. A tool adapter which is currently allocated to a

magazine location cannot be deleted. A tool adapter cannot be deleted if machine data

\$MN_MM_NUM_TOOL_ADAPTER has the value -1.

Correction block is reorganized. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

If an attempt to delete a magazine fails Remedy:

\$TC_MAP1[m] = 0; Delete magazine with m=magazine no.

\$TC_MAP1[0] = 0; Delete all magazines

\$TC_MAP6[m] = 0; Delete magazines and all their tools you must ensure that the magazine does

not have the 'tool in motion' status at the time of the call.

If an attempt to delete a tool adapter fails

\$TC_ADPTT[a] = -1; Delete adapter with number a

\$TC_ADPTT[0] = -1; Delete all adapters

then the data association with the magazine location or locations must first be canceled with \$TC_MPP7[m,p] = 0; m = magazine no., p = no. of the location to which the adapter is assigned.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17210 Channel %1 block %2 access to variable not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The variable cannot be written/read directly from the part program. It is allowed only in motion

> synchronous actions. Example for variable:

\$P_ACTID (which planes are active)

\$AA_DTEPB (axial distance-to-go for reciprocating infeed)

\$A IN (test input)

Safety Integrated: Safety PLC system variables can only be read during the safety SPL startup phase.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

17212 Channel %1 tool management: Load manual tool %3, duplo no. %2 onto

spindle/toolholder %4 %1 = Channel number

Parameters:

%2 = Duplo no. %3 = Tool identifier

%4 = Toolholder number (spindle number)

Definitions: Indicates that the specified manual tool must be loaded in the specified toolholder or spindle before

> the program is continued. A manual tool is a tool whose data are known to the NCK but which is not assigned to a magazine location and is thus not fully accessible to the NCK, and usually also to the

machine, for an automatic tool change.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Make sure that the specified tool is loaded in the toolholder. The alarm is cleared automatically after

PLC acknowledgement of the tool change on command.

Program

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

17214 Channel %1 tool management: remove manual tool %3 from

spindle/toolholder %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Toolholder number (spindle number)

%3 = Tool identifier

Definitions: Indicates that the specified manual tool must be removed from the specified toolholder or spindle

before the program is continued. A manual tool is a tool whose data are known to the NCK but which is not assigned to a magazine location and is thus not fully accessible to the NCK, and usually also to

the machine, for an automatic tool change.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Make sure that the specified tool is removed from the toolholder. The alarm is cleared automatically

 $after \, PLC \, acknowledgement \, of \, the \, tool \, change \, on \, command. \, Manual \, tools \, can \, only \, be \, used \, efficiently \, after \, PLC \, acknowledgement \, of \, the \, tool \, change \, on \, command. \, Manual \, tools \, can \, only \, be \, used \, efficiently \, after \, acknowledgement \, of \, the \, tool \, change \, on \, command. \, Manual \, tools \, can \, only \, be \, used \, efficiently \, after \, acknowledgement \, of \, the \, tool \, change \, on \, command. \, Manual \, tools \, can \, only \, be \, used \, efficiently \, acknowledgement \, of \, the \, tool \, change \, on \, command. \, Manual \, tools \, can \, only \, be \, used \, efficiently \, acknowledgement \, of \, the \, tool \, change \, on \, command. \, Manual \, tools \, can \, only \, be \, used \, efficiently \, acknowledgement \, of \, the \, tool \, change \, on \, command. \, Acknowledgement \, on \, command \, acknowledgement \, acknowledgement$

if this is supported by the PLC program.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

17216 Channel %1 remove manual tool from toolholder %4 and load manual

tool %3 %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Duplo no. %3 = Tool identifier

%4 = Toolholder number (spindle number)

Definitions: Indicates that the specified manual tool must be loaded in the specified toolholder or spindle before

the program is continued and that the manual tool located there must be removed. A manual tool is a tool whose data are known to the NCK but which is not assigned to a magazine location and is thus not fully accessible to the NCK, and usually also to the machine, for an automatic tool change.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Make sure that the manual tools are exchanged. The alarm is cleared automatically after PLC

acknowledgement of the tool change on command. Manual tools can only be used efficiently if this is

supported by the PLC program.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

17220 Channel %1 block %2 tool not existing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If an attempt is made to access a tool that has not or not yet been defined, via T no., tool name, or tool

name and duplo number, e.g. if tools shall be positioned in magazine locations via programming of \$TC_MPP6 = 'toolNo'. It will only be possible, if both the magazine location and the tool determined

by 'toolNo' have been defined.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the NC program.

Program Clear alarm with NC STAI

Continuation:

NCK alarms

17224 Channel %1 block %2 tool T/D= %3 - tool type %4 is not permitted

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Incorrect T no. / D no. %4 = Incorrect tool type

Definitions: On this system, it is not possible to select tool offsets of the

indicated tool types.

The variety of tool types can both be limited by the machine OEM

and be reduced on individual control models.

Only use tools of the tool types permitted for this system. Check whether an error has occurred on defining the tool.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the NC program or correct the tool data

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17230 Channel %1 block %2 Duplo no. already assigned

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If an attempt is made to write a tool Duplo number to the name of which another tool (another T

number) already exists with the same Duplo number.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the NC program.

Program Clear alarm with NC STAF

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17240 Channel %1 block %2 illegal tool definition

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If an attempt is made to modify a tool data that would subsequently damage the data consistency or

lead to a conflicting definition, this alarm will appear.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the NC program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

17250 Channel %1 block %2 illegal magazine definition

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If an attempt is made to modify a magazine data that would subsequently damage the data

consistency or lead to a conflicting definition, this alarm will appear.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the NC program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17260 Channel %1 block %2 illegal magazine location definition

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm occurs if an attempt is made to change a magazine location data which would subsequently

damage the data consistency or lead to a conflicting definition.

Example: If parameter \$TC_MPP1 (= type of location) is described with 'spindle/toolholder location',

then this may conflict with the limiting machine data \$MN_MM_NUM_TOOLHOLDERS. The remedy is then either - if permitted by the control model - to increase the value of

\$MN_MM_NUM_TOOLHOLDERS or to correct the magazine definition.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedv: Correct the NC program.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17262 Channel %1 block %2 illegal tool adapter operation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If an attempt is made to define or cancel a tool adapter assignment with reference to a magazine

> location and this magazine location already has another tool adapter and/or a tool is located in the adapter or - when canceling an assignment - a tool is still at the location, this alarm will appear. If machine data \$MC_MM_NUM_SUMCORR has the value -1, adapters cannot be generated by a write operation to an adapter which is not already defined. While the machine data has this value, you can only write adapter data to adapters which have already been (automatically) assigned to magazine

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Assign max. one adapter to a magazine location.

- The magazine location must not contain a tool.

- Machine data \$MC_MM_NUM_SUMCORR has value -1: If an alarm occurs when writing one of the system variables \$TC_ADPTx (x=1,2,3,T), the write operation must be modified such that only

adapter data which are already associated with the magazine locations are written.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17270 Channel %1 block %2 call-by-reference: illegal variable

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Machine data and system variables must not be transferred as call-by-reference parameters.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify NC program: Assign the value of the machine data or of the system variable to a program-local

variable and transfer this as parameter.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

17500 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 is not an indexing axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An indexing axis position has been programmed for an axis with the keywords CIC, CAC or CDC that

has not been defined as indexing axis in the machine data.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Remove programming instruction for

indexing axis positions (CIC, CAC, CDC) from the NC part program or declare the relevant axis to be

an indexing axis.

Indexing axis declaration:

Modify MD 30500: INDEX_AX_ASSIGN_POS_TAB

(indexing axis assignment)

The axis will become an indexing axis when an assignment to an indexing position table was made in

the stated MD. 2 tables are possible (input value 1 or 2). Modify MD 10900: INDEX_AX_LENGTH_POS_TAB_1 Modify MD 10920: INDEX_AX_LENGTH_POS_TAB_2 (Number of positions for 1st/2nd indexing axis)

Standard value: 0 Maximum value: 60

Modify MD 10910: INDEX_AX_POS_TAB_1 [n] Modify MD 10930: INDEX_AX_POS_TAB_2 [n]

(Positions of the 1st indexing axis) The absolute axis positions are entered. (The list length is defined

via MD 10900).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17501 Channel %1 block %2 indexing axis %3 with Hirth tool system is active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name

Definitions: The 'Hirth tooth system' function is activated for the indexing axis. This axis can therefore approach

only indexing positions, another travel movement of the axis is not possible.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Correct part program.
Correct FC16 or FC18 call.

 ${\tt Deselect\ machine\ data\ \$MA_HIRTH_IS_ACTIVE.}$

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

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17502 Channel %1 block %2 indexing axis %3 with Hirth tooth system stop is

delayed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name

Definitions: For the indexing axis, the 'Hirth tooth system' function is activated and the override has been set to 0

or another stop condition (e.g. VDI interface signal) is active. Since it is possible to stop only on indexing axes, the next possible indexing position is approached. The alarm is displayed until this

position is reached or the stop condition is deactivated.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait until the next possible indexing position is reached or set override > 0 or deactivate another stop

condition.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

17503 Channel %1 block %2 indexing axis %3 with Hirth tooth system and axis

not referenced

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name

Definitions: The 'Hirth tooth system' function is activated for the indexing axis and the axis is to be traversed

although it is not referenced.

Reaction: Alarm display. **Remedy:** Reference axis.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

17510 Channel %1 block %2 invalid index for indexing axis %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The programmed index for the indexing axis is beyond the position table range.

Example:

Perform an absolute approach of the 56th position in the list allocated via the axis-specific machine date 30500 INDEX_AX_ASSIGN_POS_TAB with the 1st positioning axis, the number of positions is

e.g. only 40 (MD 10900 INDEX_AX_LENGTH_POS_TAB_1 = 40).

N100 G.. U=CAC (56)

Or, with equidistant distances, the programmed index is smaller or equal 0.

Or, an attempt is made with a MOV movement to travel to a position outside the permitted area.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program the indexing axis position in the NC part program in accordance with the length of the current

position table, or add the required value to the position table and adjust the length of the list.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

17600 Channel %1 block %2 preset on transformed axis %3 not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The displayed axis is involved in the current transformation. This means that is it not possible to set

the actual value memory (preset) for this axis.

Example:

Machine axis A should be set to the new actual value A 100 at the absolute position A 300.

.

N100 G90 G00 A=300 N101 PRESETON A=100

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Remedy: Avoid preset actual value memory for axes which are participating in a transformation or deselect the

transformation with the keyword TRAFOOF.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17605 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 transformation active: inhibits rotation of

axis container

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The programmed axis/spindle is active in a transformation and the axis container cannot be rotated

for this reason.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Deactivate the transformation for this axis/spindle before rotating the axis

container or perform the axis container rotation later.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

17610 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 involved in the transformation, action

cannot be carried out

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The axis is involved in the active transformation. It can therefore not execute the demanded action,

traversing as positioning axis, enable for axis replacement.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Deselect the transformation with TRAFOOF ahead of time or remove the action from the part program

block

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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17620 Channel %1 block %2 approaching fixed point for transformed axis %3

not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: In the displayed block, an axis is programmed for the fixed point approach (G75) that is involved in the

active transformation. Fixed point approach is not performed with this axis!

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Remove G75 instruction from the part program block or previously deselect transformation with

TRAFOOF.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

17630 Channel %1 block %2 referencing for transformed axis %3 not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: In the displayed block, an axis is programmed for reference point approach (G74) that is involved in

the active transformation. Reference point approach is not performed with this axis!

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remody: Remove G74 instruction, or the machine axes involved in transformation, from the part program block

or previously deselect the transformation with TRAFOOF.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

17640 Channel %1 block %2 spindle operation for transformed axis %3 not

possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The axis programmed for the spindle operation is involved in the current transformation as geometry

axis. This is not allowed.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: First switch off the transformation function.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

17650 Channel %1 block %2 machine axis %3 not programmable

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The machine axis cannot be used in an active transformation. You may be able to program the

function in a different coordinate system. For example, it may be possible to specify the retraction position in the basic coordinate system or the workpiece coordinate system. The axis identifier is used

to select the coordinate system.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Deactivate the transformation or use another coordinate system. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

17800 Channel %1 block %2 illegally coded position programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The position number n specified with the keyword FP=n is not permissible. 2 absolute axis positions

can be defined as fixed points via the axis-specific MD30600 FIX_POINT_POS [n].

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program keyword FP with machine fixed points 1 or 2.

Example:

Approach fixed point 2 with machine axes X1 and Z2.

N100 G75 FP=2 X1=0 Z2=0

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

17900 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 is no machine axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: At this point, the block context calls for a machine axis. This is the case with:

G74 (reference point approach)G75 (fixed point approach)

If a geometry or additional axis identifier is used, then it must also be allowed as machine axis identifier

(MD 10000 AXCONF_MACHAX_NAME_TAB).

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Use machine axis identifier when programming. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

18000 Channel %1 block %2 NCK-specific protection zone %3 wrong. Error

code %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Number of NCK protection zone

%4 = Error specification

Definitions: There is an error in the definition of the protection zone. The error number gives the specific reason

for the alarm. The following meanings apply:

1: Incomplete or conflicting contour definition.

2: Contour encompasses more than one surface area.

3: Tool-related protection zone is not convex.

4: If both boundaries are active in the 3rd dimension of the protection zone and both limits have the

same value.

5: The number of the protection zone does not exist (negative number, zero or greater than the

maximum number of protection zones).

6: Protection zone definition consists of more than 10 contour elements.

7: Tool-related protection zone is defined as inside protection zone.

8: Incorrect parameter used.

9: Protection zone to be activated is not defined.

10: Incorrect modal G code used for protection zone definition.

11: Contour definition incorrect or frame activated.

12: Other errors not specified further.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify definition of the protection zone

and check MD

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

18001 Channel %1 block %2 channel-specific protection zone %3 incorrect.

Error code %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Number of the channel-specific protection zone

%4 = Error specification

Definitions: There is an error in the definition of the protection zone. The error number gives the specific reason

for the alarm. The following meanings apply:

1: Incomplete or conflicting contour definition.2: Contour encompasses more than one surface area.

3: Tool-related protection zone is not convex.

4: If both boundaries are active in the 3rd dimension of the protection zone and both limits have the

same value.

5: The number of the protection zone does not exist (negative number, zero or greater than the

maximum number of protection zones).

6: Protection zone definition consists of more than 10 contour elements.

7: Tool-related protection zone is defined as inside protection zone.

8: Incorrect parameter used.

9: Protection zone to be activated is not defined.

10: Incorrect modal G code used for protection zone definition.

11: Contour definition incorrect or frame activated.

12: Other errors not specified further.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify definition of the protection zone

and check MD.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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NCK alarms

18002 Channel %1 block %2 NCK protection zone %3 cannot be activated. Error

code %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Number of NCK protection zone

%4 = Error specification

Definitions: An error has occurred on activating the protection zone. The error number gives the specific reason

for the alarm.

The following applies:

1: Incomplete or conflicting contour definition.

2: Contour encompasses more than one surface area.

3: Tool-related protection zone is not convex.

4: If both boundaries are active in the 3rd dimension of the protection zone and both limits have the same value.

5: The number of the protection zone does not exist (negative number, zero or greater than the maximum number of protection zones).

6: Protection zone definition consists of more than 10 contour elements.

7: Tool-related protection zone is defined as inside protection zone.

8: Incorrect parameter used.

9: Protection zone to be activated is not defined or number of contour element <2 or

>MAXNUM_CONTOURNO_PROTECTAREA.

10: Error in internal structure of the protection zones.

11: Other errors not specified further.

12: The number of protection zones simultaneously active exceeds the maximum number (channel-specific machine data).

13,14: Contour element for protection zones cannot be created.

15,16: No more memory space for the protection zones. 17: No more memory space for the contour elements.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

If the alarm is output on ramp-up (2nd parameter: "INIT" instead of block number), "Channel not ready

to operate" will be set.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

1. Reduce the number of simultaneously active protection zones (MD).

2. Modify part program:

- Delete other protection zones.

- Preprocessing stop.

If the alarm occurs during the control ramp up, the system variables \$SN_PA_... for the stated protection zone must be corrected. Then make a restart. If the incorrect date is not identifiable, the immediate activation of the protection zone can be removed and the system variables of the protection zone can be rewritten with the aid of NPROTDEF.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

If the alarm occurs during NC program execution, the current block can be changed. This way, the NPROT parameters can also be adjusted. However, if there is an error in the definition of the protection zone, the NC program must be aborted and the definition must be corrected under NPROTDEF.

If the alarm occurs on control ramp-up, system variables \$SN_PA_... must be corrected for the specified protection zone. This can be done by downloading an Initial.ini file that includes the relevant corrected date. If afterwards a restart is performed again, the alarm will have been removed provided that the data are consistent.

18003 Channel %1 block %2 NCK protection zone %3 cannot be activated.Error

code %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Number of channel-specific protection zone

%4 = Error specification

Definitions: An error has occurred on activating the protection zone. The error number gives the specific reason

for the alarm.

The following meanings apply:

1: Incomplete or conflicting contour definition.

2: Contour encompasses more than one surface area.

3: Tool-related protection zone is not convex.

4: If both boundaries are active in the 3rd dimension of the protection zone and both limits have the

5: The number of the protection zone does not exist (negative number, zero or greater than the maximum number of protection zones).

6: Protection zone definition consists of more than 10 contour elements.

7: Tool-related protection zone is defined as inside protection zone.

8: Incorrect parameter used.

9: Protection zone to be activated is not defined or number of the contour element <2 or

>MAXNUM_CONTOURNO_PROTECTAREA.

10: Error in internal structure of the protection zones.

11: Other errors not specified further.

12: The number of protection zones simultaneously active exceeds the maximum number (channel-specific machine data).

13,14: Contour element for protection zones cannot be created.

15,16: No more memory space for the protection zones.

17: No more memory space for the contour elements.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

If the alarm is output on ramp-up (2nd parameter: "INIT" instead of block number), "Channel not ready

to operate" will be set.

Remedy: Please inform authorized personnel / the service department.

1. Reduce the number of simultaneously active protection zones (MD).

2. Modify part program:

- Delete other protection zones.

- Preprocessing stop.

When the alarm occurs on control ramp-up, system variables \$SC_PA_... must be corrected for the specified protection zone. Afterwards perform a restart. If the erroneous data cannot be recognized, the protection zone's immediate activation can be removed and the system variables of the protection zone can be written again by means of CPROTDEF.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

The current block can be changed if the alarm occurs during NC program execution. The CPROT parameters can also be adjusted. However, if the error lies in the definition of the protection zone, the NC program must be aborted and the definition corrected under CPROTDEF.

If the alarm occurs on control power-up, the system variables \$SC_PA_... must be corrected for the specified protection zone. This can be done by downloading an Initial.ini file that includes the relevant corrected data. If another restart is then made, the alarm will have been eliminated provided that the data are now consistent.

NCK alarms

18004 Channel %1 block %2 orientation of workpiece-related protection zone

%3 does not correspond to the orientation of tool-related protection zone

%4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Number of workpiece-related protection zone

Definitions: The orientation of the workpiece-related protection zone and the orientation of the tool-related

protection zone differ. If the protection zone number is negative, then this is a global protection zone.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Modify the protection zone definition or do not simultaneously activate protection zones that have

different orientations.

- Check machine data and modify the protection zone definition if necessary.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

18005 Channel %1 block %2 serious error in definition of NCK-specific

protection zone %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Protection zone number

Definitions: The protection zone definition must be terminated with EXECUTE before a preprocessing stop is

performed. This also applies to any that are initiated implicitly such as with G74, M30, M17.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

> Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

18006 Channel %1 block %2 serious error in definition of channel-specific

protection zone %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Protection zone number

Definitions: The protection zone definition must be terminated with EXECUTE before a preprocessing stop is

performed. This also applies to any that are initiated implicitly such as with G74, M30, M17.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

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NCK alarms

18100 Channel %1 block %2 invalid value assigned to FXS[]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The following values are valid at the present time:

0: "Deselect traverse against fixed stop"1: "Select traverse against fixed stop" valid.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

18101 Channel %1 block %2 invalid value assigned to FXST[]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Only the range 0.0 - 100.0 is valid at the present time.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: --

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

18102 Channel %1 block %2 invalid value assigned to FXSW[]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Only positive values including zero are valid at the present time.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: --

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

18200 Channel %1 block %2 curve table: block search stop not allowed with

definition CTABDEF

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Program instructions that lead to a preprocessing stop are not allowed within a curve table definition.

The system variable \$P_CTABDEF can be queried to check whether a table definition is currently

active.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Put the block in parenthesis using "IF NOT(\$P_CTABDEF) ... ENDIF" or remove the instruction that

causes the preprocessing stop. Then start the part program again.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

18201 Channel %1 block %2 curve table: table %3 does not exist

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of curve table

Definitions: An attempt was made to use a curve table whose table number is not known in the system \par.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Change the table number in the program instruction or define the curve table with the desired table

number.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

18202 Channel %1 block %2 curve table: instruction CTABEND without

CTABDEF not allowed

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The CTABEND instruction, which is used to terminate the definition, has been programmed in the

program without starting a curve table definition with CTABDEF, or the CTABDEF and CTABEND

instructions were not programmed in the same program level.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remove the CTABEND command or add the CTABDEF(..) command at the appropriate program Remedy:

location. The CTABDEF and CTABEND instructions must be programmed in the same program level

(main or subprogram). Start the program again.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

18203 Channel %1 block %2 curve table: instruction CTABDEF not within

CTABDEF

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the program, the instruction CTABDEF that starts the definition of curve tables, is programmed

within the definition part of a curve table. This is not allowed, as the current curve table must be

completed with CTABEND first.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Remove command CTABEND from program or insert instruction CTABDEF (..) in the relevant

program position. Instructions CTABDEF and CTABEND must be programmed in the same program

level (main program or subroutine). Restart the program.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

18204 Channel %1 block %2 curve table: instruction SUPA not within CTABDEF

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: G code SUPA is not allowed for the definition of a curve table, as it triggers a preprocessing stop.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Remove G code SUPA from the curve table definition. If possible, use G codes G53 or G153 instead

of SUPA.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

18300 Channel %1 block %2 frame: fine shift not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Allocation of a fine shift to settable frames or the basic frame is not possible since MD

\$MN_FRAME_FINE_TRANS is not equal to 1.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify program or set MD

\$MN_FRAME_FINE_TRANS to 1.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

18310 Channel %1 block %2 frame: illegal rotation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Rotations are not possible with NCU global frames.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Modify part program.

Remedy: Modify part program Program Clear alarm with the

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

18311 Channel %1 block %2 frame: illegal instruction

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An attempt was made to read or write a frame which does not exist.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

18312 Channel %1 block %2 frame: fine shift not configured

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Fine shift must be configurd with G58 and G59.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Modify machine data.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

Remedy:

18313 Channel %1 block %2 frame: illegal switchover of geometry axes

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: It is not allowed to change the geometry axis assignment because the current frame contains

rotations.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Change NC program or set other mode with \$MN_FRAME_GEOAX_CHANGE_MODE.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

18314 Channel %1 block %2 frame: type conflict

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: It is not possible to chain global frames and channel-specific frames. The alarm occurs if a global

frame is programmed with a channel axis name and no machine axis on this NCU is assigned to the channel axis. Channel-specific frames cannot be programmed with machine axis names if there is no

corresponding channel axis on this NCU.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

18400 Channel %1 block %2 language change not possible:%3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Cause

Definitions: The selection of an external NC language is not possible due to the reason specified. The following

reasons are possible (see parameter 3):

1. Invalid machine data settings

2. Active transformation

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Remedy the specified cause of the error before selecting the language.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20000 Channel %1 axis %2 reference cam not reached

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: After starting the reference point approach, the rising edge of the reduction cam must be reached

within the section defined in the MD 34030 REFP_MAX_CAM_DIST (phase 1 of referencing). (This

error occurs only with incremental encoders).

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. There are 3 possible causes of error:

1. The value entered in MD 34030 REFP_MAX_CAM_DIST is too small. Determine the maximum possible distance from the beginning of reference motion up to the reduction cam and compare with

the value in the MD: REFP_MAX_CAM_DIST, increase the value in the MD if necessary.

2. The cam signal is not received by the PLC input module. Operate the reference point switch by hand and check the input signal on the NC/PLC interface (route: switch!connector!cable! PLC input!user

program).

3. The reference point switch is not operated by the cam. Check the vertical distance between

reduction cam and activating switch.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

20001 Channel %1 axis %2 no cam signal present

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: At the beginning of phase 2 of reference point approach, the signal from the reduction cam is no longer

available

Phase 2 of reference point approach begins when the axis remains stationary after deceleration to the reduction cam. The axis then starts in the opposite direction in order to select the next zero marker of the measuring system on leaving the reduction cam or approaching it again (negative/positive edge).

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check whether the deceleration path

after the approach velocity is greater than the distance to reference point cam - in which case the axis cannot stop until it is beyond the cam. Use longer cam or reduce the approach velocity in machine

data 34020 REFP_VELO_SEARCH_CAM.

When the axis has stopped at the cam, it must be checked whether the signal "DECELERATION REFERENCE POINT APPROACH" is still available at the interface to the NCK (DB 31 - 48, DBX

12.7).

- Hardware: Wire break? Short circuit?

- Software: User program?

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20002 Channel %1 axis %2 zero mark not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The zero marker of the incremental encoder is not within a defined section.

Phase 2 of reference point approach ends when the zero marker of the encoder has been detected after the rising/falling edge of the PLC interface signal "DECELERATION REFERENCE POINT APPROACH" (DB 31 - 48, DBX 12.7) has given the trigger start. The maximum distance between the

trigger start and the zero marker that follows is defined in the machine data 34060

REFP_MAX_MARKER_DIST.

The monitor prevents a zero marker signal from being overtraveled and the next being evaluated as reference point signal. (Faulty cam adjustment or excessive delay by the PLC user program).

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the cam adjustment and make

sure that the distance is sufficient between the end of the cam and the zero marker signal that follows.

The path must be greater than the axis can cover in the PLC cycle time.

Increase the machine data 34060 REFP_MAX_MARKER_DIST, but do not select a value greater than the distance between the 2 zero markers. This might result in the monitor being switched off.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

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Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

20003 Channel %1 axis %2 measuring system error

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: In a measuring system with distance-coded reference marks, the distance between two adjacent

markers has been found to be more than twice the distance entered in the machine data 34300

ENC_REFP_MARKER_DIST.

The control issues the alarm after having made a 2nd attempt in reverse direction with half the

traversing velocity and detecting that the distance is too large again.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Determine the distance between 2 odd reference point marker (reference point marker interval). This

value (which is 20.00 mm on Heidenhain scales) must be entered in the machine data 34300

ENC_REFP_MARKER_DIST.

Check the reference point track of the scale including the electronics for the evaluation.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20004 Channel %1 axis %2 reference mark missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: In the distance-coded length measurement system 2 reference marks were not found within the

defined searching distance (axis-specific MD: 34060 REFP_MAX_MARKER_DIST).

No reduction cam is required for distance-coded scales (but an existing cam will be evaluated). The conventional direction key determines the direction of search. The searching distance 34060 REFP_MAX_MARKER_DIST, within which the two reference point markers are expected is counted

commencing at the start point.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Determine the distance between 2 odd

reference point markers (reference point marker interval). This value (which is 20.00 mm on Heidenhain scales) must be entered in the machine data 34060 REFP_MAX_MARKER_DIST. Check the reference point track of the scale including the electronics for the evaluation.

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

20005 Channel %1 axis %2 reference point approach aborted

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: Referencing could not be completed for all stated axes (e.g., abort caused by missing servo enable,

measuring system switchover, release of direction key, etc.).

In distance-coded measuring systems, the alarm will also be displayed, if value 1 has been set in MD 34000 REFP_CAM_IS_ACTIV (reference cams) and one of the conditions indicated under remedy

has been fulfilled.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the possible reasons for

termination:

- Servo enable missing (DB 31 - 48, DBX 2.1)

- Measuring system switchover (DB 31 - 48, DBX 1.5 and DBX 1.6) - Traversing key + or - missing (DB 31 - 48, DBX 4.6 and DBX 4.7)

- Feed override = 0

- The feed disable is active

The axis-specific MD 34110 REFP_CYCLE_NR determines which axes are involved in the channel-

specific referencing.

-1: No channel-specific referencing, NC Start without referencing.0: No channel-specific referencing, NC Start with referencing.

1-8: Channel-specific referencing. The number entered here corresponds to the referencing sequence. (When all axes with contents 1 have reached the reference point, then the axes with

contents 2 start, etc.).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20006 Channel %1 axis %2 reference point creep velocity not reached

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: In phase 2 of reference point approach (wait for zero mark), the cam end was reached but the

reference point approach velocity was not within the tolerance window. (This can occur when the axis is already at the end of the cam at the beginning of reference point approach. This means that phase

1 has already been concluded and will not be started.)

Phase 2 has been interrupted (this time before the cam) and the reference point traversing will be started once again automatically with phase 1. If the approach velocity is not attained at the 2nd

attempt either, the referencing will be aborted with the alarm display. Approach velocity: 34040 REFP_VELO_SEARCH_MARKER

Velocity tolerance: 35150 SPIND_DES_VELO_TOL.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Reduce the MD for the approach velocity

 $34040\ REFP_VELO_SEARCH_MARKER$ and/or increase the MD for the velocity tolerance 35150

SPIND_DES_VELO_TOL.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

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20007 Channel %1 axis %2 reference point approach requires 2 measuring

systems

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: 2 encoders are needed for setting 34200 ENC_REFP_MODE = 6!

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify reference mode 34200

ENC_REFP_MODE or install and configure a second encoder.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20008 Channel %1 axis %2 reference point approach requires second

referenced measuring system

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: When setting 34200 ENC_REFP_MODE = 6 the 2nd encoder must first be referenced.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify referencing mode ENC_REFP_MODE or reference 2nd encoder.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

20050 Channel %1 axis %2 handwheel mode active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The axes cannot be traversed in JOG mode using the traversing keys because traversing is still taking

place via the handwheel.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Decide whether the axis is to be traversed by means of the jog keys or via the handwheel. End

handwheel travel and delete the axial distance-to-go if necessary (interface signal DB 31 - 48, DBX

2.2).

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

20051 Channel %1 axis %2 handwheel mode not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The axis is already traveling via the traversing keys, so handwheel mode is no longer possible.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Decide whether the axis is to be traversed by means of the jog keys or via the handwheel. **Program** Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

NCK alarms

20052 Channel %1 axis %2 already active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The axis is to traverse as machine axis in JOG mode via the jog keys on the machine control panel.

However, this is not possible because:

1. It is already traversing as geometry axis (through the channel-specific interface DB 21 - 28, DBX

12.6, DBX 12.7, DBX 16.6, DBX 16.7 or DBX 20.6 and DBX 20.7) or

2. it is already traversing as machine axis (through the axis-specific interface DB 31 - 48, DBX 4.6 and

DBX 4.7) or

3. a frame is valid for a rotated coordinate system and another geometry axis involved in this is already

traversing in JOG mode by means of the direction keys.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Stop traversing through the channel or axis interface or stop the other geometry axis.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

20053 Channel %1 axis %2 DRF, FTOCON, external zero point offset not

possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The axis is traversed in a mode (e.g. referencing) that allows no additional overlaid interpolation.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait until the axis has reached its reference position or terminate reference point approach with

"Reset" and start DRF once again.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

20054 Channel %1 axis %2 wrong index for indexing axis in JOG mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: 1. The displayed indexing axis is to be traversed incrementally in JOG mode (by 1 indexing position).

However, no further indexing position is available in the selected direction.

2. The axis is stationary at the last indexing position. In incremental traversing the working area limitation or the software limit switch is reached without an indexing position being located in front of

it at which a stop could be made.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Correct (add to) the list of indexing positions by means of the machine data

Modify MD 10900: INDEX_AX_LENGTH_POS_TAB_1

Modify MD 10910: INDEX_AX_POS_TAB_1

Modify MD 10920: INDEX_AX_LENGTH_POS_TAB_2

Modify MD 10930: INDEX_AX_POS_TAB_2

or set the working area limits or the software limit switches to other values.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

20055 Channel %1 master spindle not present in JOG mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The displayed axis is to be traversed as machine axis in JOG mode with revolutional feed, but no

master spindle has been defined from which the actual speed could have been derived.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. If the revolutional feed is also to be active

in JOG mode, then a master spindle must be declared via the channel-specific machine data 20090 SPIND_DEF_MASTER_SPIND. In this case you have to open a screen in the PARAMETER operating area with the softkeys "SETTINGDATA" and "JOG DATA" and preselect the G function G95 there. The JOG feedrate can then be entered in [mm/rev]. (If 0 mm/rev is set as JOG feed, the control takes the value assigned in the axis-specific MD 32050 JOG_REV_VELO or in the case of rapid

traverse overlay 32040 JOG_REV_VELO_RAPID).

The revolutional feed in JOG mode is deactivated by changing the G function from G95 to G94.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

20056 Channel %1 axis %2 no revolutional feedrate possible. Axis/spindle %3

stationary

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An axis is to travel in JOG with revolutional feed, but the spindle/axis the feed is to be derived from is 0.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Traverse the spindle/axis from which the feed is to be derived.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

20057 Channel %1 block %2 revolutional feedrate for axis/spindle %3 is <= zero

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: Revolutional feed has been programmed for an axis/spindle, but the velocity was not programmed or

the programmed value is smaller than or equal to zero.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Correct the part program or

- Specify the correct feed for PLC axes at the VDI interface,

- Specify feed for oscillating axes in the setting data SA_OSCILL_VELO .

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

20058 Channel %1 axis %2 revolutional feedrate: illegal feed source

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An axis/spindle is to be traversed at revolutional feedrate. The reference axis/spindle defined in SD

43300 ASSIGN_FEED_PER_REV_SOURCE refers to itself. The coupling caused cannot be

executed.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The reference axis/spindle must be modified accordingly in SD 43300.

Program Continuation: Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

20059 Channel %1 axis %2 already active due to %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The axis (machine axis, geometry axis or orientation axis) is to be traversed in operation mode

"Automatic&Jog" (see \$MN_JOG_MODE_MASK) by using the direction keys or a handwheel. This is

not possible, as (see parameter 3):

1. the axis is active as a rotating spindle

2. the axis is a PLC axis

3. the axis is active as an asynchronous reciprocating axis

4. the axis is active as a command axis

5. the axis is active as a slave axis

6. a frame applies for a rotated coordinate system and an axis involved in the required JOG movement

of the geometry axis is not available for this

7. an axis container rotation is activated via NCU link

Note: This alarm identifies an axis not capable of JOG which received a JOG order. In this case, the

NCK will not proceed according to "Internal JOG".

Reaction:

Wait for the axis to traverse or abort with distance-to-go delete or RESET. Remedy:

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

20060 Channel %1 axis %2 cannot be traversed as geometry axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name

Definitions: The axis is currently not in "Geometry axis" state. Therefore, it cannot be traversed in JOG mode as

If the abbreviation WCS (workpiece coordinate system) is displayed in the "Position" screen, then only the geometry axes can be traversed by means of the direction keys! (MCS ... Machine coordinate system; all machine axes can now be traversed by using the direction keys on the machine control

panel).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the operating steps to establish whether geometry axes really must be traversed, otherwise

switch over to the machine axes by activating the "WCS/MCS" key on the machine control panel.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

20061 Channel %1 axis %2 cannot be traversed as orientation axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name

Definitions: The axis is not an orientation axis and can therefore not be traversed as an orientation axis in JOG

mode.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Register the axis as an orientation axis.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

20062 Channel %1 axis %2 already active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The displayed axis is already traversing as a machine axis. Therefore, it cannot be operated as a

geometry axis.

Traversing of an axis can take place in JOG mode through 2 different interfaces.

1. as a geometry axis: via the channel-specific interface DB 21 - DB 28, DBX12.6 or DBX12.7 2. as a machine axis: via the axis-specific interface DB 31 - DB 48 DBX8.6 or DBX8.7

With the standard machine control panel, it is not possible to operate an axis as machine axis and

geometry axis at the same time.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Do not start the geometry axis until the traversing motion as machine axis has been concluded.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

20063 Channel %1 axis %2 orientation axes cannot be traversed without

transformation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name

Definitions: An attempt was made to move an orientation axis in JOG mode without an active orientation

transformation.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Activate an orientation transformation.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

20064 Channel %1 axis %2 selection of several axes with an active taper angle

is not permitted.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: With an active taper angle, only one geometry axis at the time can be traversed in JOG mode by

pressing traversing keys. Simultaneous traversing of a geometry axis as a machine axis is not

permitted either.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Starting the geometry axis only if traversing of the other geometry axis or machine axis completed.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

NCK alarms

20065 Channel %1 master spindle not defined for geometry axes in JOG mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The displayed axis is to be traversed as geometry axis in JOG mode with rotary feed, but no master

spindle has been defined from which the actual speed could be derived.

Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: If the revolutional feed is also to be active in JOG mode, then a master spindle must be declared via

the channel-specific machine data 20090 SPIND_DEF_MASTER_SPIND. In this case you have to open a screen in the PARAMETER operating area with the softkeys "SETTINGDATA" and "JOG DATA" and preselect the G function G95 there. The JOG feedrate can then be entered in [mm/rev]. (If 0 mm/rev is set as JOG feed, the control takes the value assigned in the axis-specific MD 32050 JOG_REV_VELO or in the case of rapid traverse overlay 32040 JOG_REV_VELO_RAPID). The revolutional feed in JOG mode is deactivated by changing the G function from G95 to G94.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

20070 Channel %1 axis %2 software limit switch %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number %3 = "+" or "-"

Definitions: The axis is traversed by the PLC as a concurrent positioning axis and the corresponding software limit

switch is violated for the axis. No traversing.

With an additional message to alarm 20140, the axis is traversed as a command axis.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Specify smaller target position. Modify Remedy:

MD for SW limit switch. Possibly activate another SW limit switch. Retract axis via JOG.

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary. Program

Continuation:

20071 Channel %1 axis %2 working area limit %3

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Axis number

%3 = "+" or "-

Definitions: The displayed axis is operated as a "concurrent positioning axis" and the corresponding working area

limitation active for the axis is violated. No traversing movement.

With an additional message to alarm 20140, the axis is traversed as a command axis.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: - Specify smaller target position.

- Deactivate working area limitation. - Set working area limitation differently.

- Retract axis with JOG.

Program Continuation: Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

NCK alarms

20072 Channel %1 axis %2 is not an indexing axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number

Definitions: The displayed axis is operated as a concurrent positioning axis. Its target position is parameterized in

the FC INDEX-AXIS as indexing position number, but the axis is not an indexing axis.

Reaction: Alarm display

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The FC POS-AXIS for linear and rotary

axes should be used or the axis should be declared as an indexing axis. Corresponding machine data

for indexing axis declaration:

Modify MD 30500: INDEX_AX_ASSIGN_POS_TAB Modify MD 10900: INDEX_AX_LENGTH_POS_TAB_1

Modify MD 10910: INDEX_AX_POS_TAB_1

Modify MD 10920: INDEX_AX_LENGTH_POS_TAB_2

Modify MD 10930: INDEX_AX_POS_TAB_2

Program Continuation: Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

20073 Channel %1 axis %2 cannot be repositioned

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number

Definitions: The concurrent positioning axis cannot be positioned because it has already been restarted via the

VDI interface and is still active. No repositioning motion takes place and the motion initiated by the

VDI interface is not affected.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: None.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

20074 Channel %1 axis %2 wrong index position

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: For a concurrent positioning axis declared as indexing axis, the PLC has given an index number that

is not available in the table.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the indexing axis number given by

the PLC and correct this if necessary. If the indexing axis number is correct and the alarm results from an indexing position table that has been set too short, check the machine data for indexing axis

declaration.

Modify MD 30500: INDEX_AX_ASSIGN_POS_TAB Modify MD 10900: INDEX_AX_LENGTH_POS_TAB_1

Modify MD 10910: INDEX_AX_POS_TAB_1

Modify MD 10920: INDEX_AX_LENGTH_POS_TAB_2

Modify MD 10930: INDEX_AX_POS_TAB_2

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

20075 Channel %1 axis %2 can currently not oscillate

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number

Definitions: The axis cannot perform an oscillating movement now because it is already being traversed, e.g. in

JOG mode.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: End the other traversing motion.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

20076 Channel %1 axis %2 oscillating - mode change not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number

Definitions: The axis is performing an oscillating movement. Mode change is not possible because oscillation is

not allowed in the selected mode.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Do not initiate mode change. Cause the

PLC to check the axis and make sure in the PLC program that the axis ends oscillation if such mode

changes take place.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20077 Channel %1 axis %2 programmed position is behind software limit

switch %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number %3 = "+" or "-"

Definitions: The axis is traversed as an oscillating axis and the target position (reversal position or end position)

is located behind the corresponding software limit switch. The axis is not traversed.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Specify smaller target position.

Modify MD for SW limit switch.

Possibly activate another SW limit switch.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20078 Channel %1 axis %2 programmed position is behind working area limit

%3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number %3 = "+" or "-"

Definitions: The axis is traversed as an oscillating axis and the target position (reversal position or end position)

is located behind the corresponding valid working area limitation. The axis is not traversed.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Specify smaller target position.

Deactivate working area limitation. Set working area limitation differentially.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

20079 Channel %1 axis %2 oscillation path length %3 <= 0

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number %3 = Length

Definitions: The axis is traversed as an oscillating axis and the distance to be traversed is smaller than or equal

to zero. For example, both reversal points are situated on an identical position, one reversal point was shifted against the oscillating direction beyond the other reversal point. The axis is not traversed.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Specify correct target position (reversal position, end position).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20080 Channel %1 axis %2 no handwheel assigned for overlaid motion

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number

without handwheel control.

Definitions: No handwheel has been assigned for this specified axis after handwheel overlay has been started in

automatic mode. If the axis identifier is missing in the alarm with active velocity overlay FD > 0, then the 1st geometry axis has not been defined in the NC channel. In this case the block is executed

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: If handwheel control is required, a handwheel must be activated.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

20081 Channel %1 axis %2 braking position cannot be accepted as a new

reversing position

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number

Definitions: On changing the reciprocation reversal from external sources, the braking position

cannot be accepted as a new reversing position, since changing the reversal point via handwheel or

JOG key is active.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Deselect VDI signal "Change reversal point" and reselect it either

with "Reciprocation reversal from external sources" orby changing the reversal point by means of handwheel or

- by changing the reversal point via JOG key.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

NCK alarms

20082 Channel %1 block %2 coordinate system-specific working area limit %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number %3 = "+" or "-"

Definitions: The displayed axis is operated as a "concurrent positioning axis", and the corresponding active

coordinate system-specific working area limitation for the axis is violated. No traversing movement.

With an additional message to alarm 20140, the axis is traversed as a command axis.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: - Specify smaller target position.

Deactivate working area limitation.Set working area limitation differently.

- Retract axis with JOG.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

20083 Channel %1 axis %2 programmed position lies behind the coordinate system-specific working area limit %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis number %3 = "+" or "-"

Definitions: The axis is traversed as a reciprocating axis, and the target position (reversal position or end position)

is located behind the corresponding, valid, coordinate system-specific working area limitation. The

axis is not traversed.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Specify smaller target position.

Deactivate working area limitation. Set working area limitation differentially.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

20085 Channel %1 contour handwheel: traverse direction or overtravel of

beginning of block not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Travel takes place on the path with the contour handwheel in the opposite direction to the programmed

travel direction and the starting point of the path has been reached at the start of the block.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Turn the contour handwheel in the opposite direction.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

20090 Axis %1 travel to fixed stop not possible. Check programming and axis

data.

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: 1. The "Traverse against fixed stop" function has been programmed with FXS[AX]=1 but the axis does

not (yet) support this. Check MD 37000. This function is not available for gantry axes and simulated

axes

2. On selection, no movement was programmed for axis AX. AX is a machine axis identifier.

3. It is always necessary to program a traversing movement in the selection block for the axis/spindle

for which the "Traverse against fixed stop" function is activated.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

> - Check the axis type. - Check MD 37000.

- Is a machine axis movement missing in the approach block?

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

20091

Axis %1 has not reached fixed stop

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: On attempting to traverse against a fixed stop, the programmed end position has been reached or the

traversing movement has been aborted. The alarm can be concealed by means of the machine data

\$MA_FIXED_STOP_ALARM_MASK.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Mode group not ready. Reaction:

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Correct the part program and the settings:

- Has the traversing block been aborted?

- If the axis position does not correspond to the programmed end position, then correct the end

- If the programmed end position is in the part, the triggering criterion must be checked.

- Has the contour deviation leading to triggering been dimensioned too large? Has the torque limit

been set too high?

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

NCK alarms

20092 Axis %1 travel to fixed stop still active

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An attempt has been made to move an axis while it is in fixed stop or while the deselection function

has not yet been completed.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Check the following:

- Has the axis at the fixed stop also been moved by a traversing movement of geometry axes?

- Is a selection carried out even though the axis is stationary at the stop?

- Has the deselection process been interrupted by a RESET?

- Has the PLC switched the acknowledgement signals?

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

20093 Axis %1 standstill monitoring at fixed-stop end point has been triggered

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The position of the axis has been beyond the zero speed window ever since selection has been

completed.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Check the mechanical components, e.g. has the stop broken away? Has the part to be clamped

given way?

- Position window for zero speed control too small (37020 MD: \$MA_FIXED_STOP_WINDOW_DEF)

(43520 setting data: $SA_FIXED_STOP_WINDOW$). Default is 1 mm in each case.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

20094 Axis %1 function has been aborted

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The function has been aborted. The possible reasons for this are:

- Because a pulse disable has occurred, the torque can no longer be provided.

- The PLC has removed the acknowledgments.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Check whether

- there is a pulse disable from the infeed/regenerative-feedback unit or from the PLC?

- the acknowledgement bits have been deleted by the PLC even though NCK has not requested

eselection?

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

20095 Axis %1 illegal torque, current torque %2

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Current holding torque when brake test selected

Definitions: The current holding torque, when brake test selected, cannot be attained with the present

parameterization of the brake test.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the parameterization for the brake test function check:

- The torque for the counterweight in the drive machine data 1192 should be nearly the same as the

current holding torque. The current holding torque is displayed in the alarm text.

- The torque set for the \$MA_SAFE_BRAKETEST_TORQUE must be greater than the current holding

torque.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

20096 Axis %1 brake test aborted, additional information %2

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Error information based on \$VA_FXS_INFO

Definitions: The brake test has detected a problem. The additional info provides more detailed information on the

cause of the alarm. The explanation can be found in the \$VA_FXS_INFO system variable documentation.

Additional information:

0: No additional information available.

1: Axis type is not a PLC or command axis.

2: End position reached, motion completed.

3: Abort by NC RESET (key reset).

4: Moved out of monitoring window.

5: Torque reduction rejected by drive.

6: PLC has cancelled enables.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Note the supplementary conditions of the brake test, see additional info.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

20097 Axis %1 incorrect travel direction brake test

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: Due to the selected travel direction, the brake test for the current load torque is performed with an

incorrect torque.

Reaction: Alarm display

Remedy: - Perform the brake test for the other travel direction

- Adjust drive MD 1192 better to the current weight ratio. The alarm will occur only if the current torque

deviates from MD 1192 by more than 5% when the brake is released.

- Activate the automatic determination of the load torque at the beginning of the brake test via MD

 $MA_SAFE_BRAKETEST_CONTROL$, Bit 0 = 1.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

20100

Channel %1: invalid configuration for digitizing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: - The digitizing function expects the definition of 3 geometry axes in the channel.

- At the available baud rate for a transmission of the actual positions and setpoint velocities between

the NC and the digitizing device, the interpolation cycle must be set to a minimum of 5ms.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform authorized personnel / the service department.

- Define 3 geometry axes for the digitizing channel by means of machine data.

- Use an interpolation cycle greater than 5ms.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

20101 Timeout during initialization of communication with the digitizer

Definitions: The attempt to synchronize the communications link to the digitizing unit and to transfer the machine

parameters was aborted after the preset timeout limit of 15 seconds was exceeded.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the connection to the digitizing unit (RS422 cable, supply voltage) and whether the digitizing

unit is switched on.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

20102 Channel %1: No or invalid trafo at digitizing active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Prerequisite for the 3+2 axis digitizing is an active kinematic transformation. Permitted transformations

are the general 5-axis transformation and the universal inclinable head.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Before digitizing, activate a permitted transformation.

- Select 3-axis mode for digitizing via machine data.

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Program

NCK alarms

20103 Channel %1: Digitizing module does not support 3+2 axes digitizing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Prerequisite for 3+2 axis digitizing is that the NCU and the digitizing module both have the 3+2 axis

mode.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

- SW update for the digitizing module. Remedy:

- Select 3-axis mode for the digitizing via machine data.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

20105 Channel %1: axes stopped by digitizer. Error code: %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Error code of digitizing unit

Definitions: The digitizing unit has recognized an error in the communication and signaled this to the NC.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Error code 1: Check cable connection

leading to the digitizing unit. Other error codes: See manual for digitizing unit.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20106 Emergency stop set by the digitizer

Definitions: The digitizing unit has recognized a serious error and triggered an emergency stop. Cause: See

display on the digitizing unit.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy:

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20108 Invalid data package received from the digitizer. Error codes %1, %2

Parameters: %1 = Error code of cyclic packet

%2 = Error code of out-of-band packet

Definitions: A data packet received by the digitizing unit could not be evaluated.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Error code: 0, 0: Check cable connection

leading to the NC. Other error codes: e.g. wrong header, incorrect checksum (development

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

20109 Error in communication with the digitizer: status code of com-circuit: %1

Parameters: %1 = Status byte

Definitions: The circuit for serial communication with the digitizing unit signals a transmission error via its status

byte (framing error, parity etc.).

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check connection cable leading to the

digitizing unit: In particular screening.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20120 Axis %1: too many compensation relations

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: Interpolatory compensation with tables. For each axis, the maximum number of compensation

relationships defined may be no more than the number of axes in the system. In this alarm, the

interpolatory compensation in the axis is switched off automatically.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check table parameters \$AN_CEC_OUTPUT_AXIS and correct and/or switch off one or more tables

(\$SN_CEC_TABLE_ENABLE).

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

20121 Axis %1: Configuration error in compensation table %2

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Compensation table

Definitions: Interpolatory compensation with tables. The settings for the specified table are not allowed.

\$AN_CEC_MAX >= \$AN_CEC_MIN and \$AN_CEC_STEP != 0 apply to system variables. This table

is switched off automatically.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check and correct the characteristic data

in the compensation table. If the error cannot be found, the alarm can be suppressed by switching off

the table (\$SN_CEC_TABLE_ENABLE) or switching off compensation in the axis

(\$MA_CEC_ENABLE).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20122 Compensation table %1: invalid axis assignment

Parameters: %1 = Compensation table

Definitions: Interpolatory compensation with tables. The input or output axes assignment in the given table is not

allowed. \$AN_CEC_INPUT_AXIS and \$AN_CEC_OUTPUT_AXIS != 0 apply to system variables.

This table is automatically switched off.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check and correct the axis assignment

in the compensation table. If the error cannot be found, the alarm can be suppressed by switching off

the table (\$SN_CEC_TABLE_ENABLE) or switching off compensation in the axis

(\$MA_CEC_ENABLE).

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

20123 Axis %1: different output assignment of multiplied tables

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: Interpolatory compensation with tables. The two tables whose outputs are to be multiplied together

have different output axes assigned to them. The compensation in this axis is automatically switched

off.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check and correct the characteristic data

in the compensation table (\$AN_CEC_OUTPUT_AXIS and \$AN_CEC_MULT_BY_TABLE). If the error cannot be found, the alarm can be suppressed by switching off the compensation in the

axis (\$MA_CEC_ENABLE) or the tables, (\$SN_CEC_TABLE_ENABLE).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20124 Axis %1: sum of compensation values too large

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The sum of the compensation values from all tables assigned to the axis had exceeded the limit value

\$MA_CEC_MAX_SUM and had to be limited. Contour errors could have occurred as a result.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check characteristic data of the compensation tables assigned to the axis.

Check characteristic curves in the tables ($$AN_CEC$).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20125 Axis %1: change of compensation value is too rapid

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The compensation value has changed more rapidly than has been allowed for in 32730

CEC_MAX_VELO. It had to be limited temporarily. The missing section is repeated later but contour

errors might have occurred.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check characteristic data of the compensation tables assigned to the axis.

 $Check \ characteristic \ curves \ in \ the \ tables \ (\$AN_CEC). \ Possibly \ one \ of \ the \ input \ axes \ has \ moved \ more$

rapidly than provided for.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

NCK alarms

20130 Channel %1 contour tunnel monitoring

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The tool tip has exited the tunnel placed around the desired contour, i.e. the distance between tool tip

> and desired contour was greater than specified in the MD 21050 CONTOUR TUNNEL TOL. The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Mode group not ready. Reaction:

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the following points in turn:

1. Is the machine in working order? That is, has the alarm been tripped by a sluggish axis, tool

breakage or collision?

2. If the machine is in working order, reduce the velocity or improve the controller setting.

3. Possibly increase the size of the tunnel and monitor errors via analog output in order to ascertain

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

20139 Channel %1 block %2 motion-synchronous action: invalid marker

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: Setting or deleting of a marker in the motion-synchronous action is not possible.

Possible causes:

SETM(): Maximum number of markers exceeded; marker has already been set.

CLEARM(): Specified marker is not within permissible value range.

NC Start disable in this channel. Reaction:

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

SETM(): use marker in valid value range; do not set the marker again. Remedy:

CLEARM(): use marker in valid value range.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20140 Channel %1 motion synchronous action: traversing of command axis %2

see NC alarm %3

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Axis %3 = NC alarm

Definitions: An NC alarm was detected for a command axis which is to be traversed from a synchronous action.

The NC alarm is indicated by an MMC alarm number in the 3rd parameter.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: See help information for the additional alarms.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20141 Channel %1 motion synchronous action: illegal axis type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The requested command is not permissible in the current axis status for the command axis or spindle.

This alarm occurs with command axes (POS, MOV), spindle commands from motion synchronous actions (M3/M4/M5, SPOS), coupled motion (TRAILON, TRAILOF) and lead value coupling

(LEADON, LEADOF).

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: First stop the axis or deactivate the coupling, then select a new status.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20142 Channel %1 command axis %2: rotation of axis container already

enabled

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis

Definitions: The synchronized action instruction is not allowed on a spindle enabled for the axis container rotation.

The alarm only occurs if the spindle is handed to another NCU.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Initiate the synchronized action instruction before the axis container rotation enable or after the end of

the rotation (depending on the application).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20143 Channel %1 axis %2 command axis cannot be started as it is controlled

by the PLC

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An attempt has been made to start a command axis by means of a block-related or modal

synchronous action. This start is not possible as the axis is controlled by the PLC.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: End control of the axis by the PLC and therefore return it to the channel or start the command axis

with a static synchronous action.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

20144 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: system variable

access not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: When using system variables, it is assumed that a read/write operation can access the required data

successfully. In accesses to encoder actual values or digital I/Os, the result depends on the availability of the corresponding hardware components. If an access within synchronized actions does not return a valid value, alarm 20144 is output. Outside synchronized actions, such a read/write access causes block execution to be interrupted until the result is available. Block execution is subsequently

continued.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Before reading/writing system variables, ensure that it is possible to access the required hardware

components.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20145 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: arithmetic error

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: In calculating an arithmetic expression for a motion synchronous action, an overflow has occurred

(e.g. division by zero).

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct error in expression.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

20146 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: nesting depth

exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: For calculating arithmetic expressions in motion synchronous blocks, an operand stack with a fixed

set size is used. With very complex expressions, this stack can overflow.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct error in expression.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20147 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: command not

executable

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: One of the commands for the synchronous action block cannot be executed, e.g. it is not possible to

perform a Reset to the synchronous action.

Measurement level 2

- Embargo version does not allow measurement from a synchronized action

- MEASA was programmed in a synchronized action

- Measurement is already active

- Programming error (see alarm 21701)

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Change synchronous action.

Measurement level 2

Execute the measurement task from an NC program first, in order to improve the error diagnostics. Only include it in the synchronized action when the first error-free run has been performed.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20148 Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: internal error %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number %3 = Error code

Definitions: An internal error has occurred during processing of a synchronous action. The error code is for

diagnostics purposes. Please make a note and contact the manufacturer.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.
Alarm display.
NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Change synchronous action.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

20149

Channel %1 block %2 motion synchronous action: illegal index

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: An invalid index was used for accessing a variable in the motion-synchronous action.

Example: ... DO \$R[\$AC_MARKER[1]] = 100

This error occurs if the value of marker 1 is greater than the maximum permissible R parameter

number.

PROFIBUS I/O:

An invalid slot / I/O area index was used while reading/writing data.

Cause:

1.: Slot / I/O area index >= max. number of available slot / I/O areas.

2.: Slot / I/O area index references a slot / I/O area that has not been configured.

 $3.: Slot \, / \, I/O \ area \ index \ references \ a \ slot \, / \, I/O \ area \ that \ has \ not \ been \ released \ for \ a \ system \ variable.$

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Use a valid index.

Remedy: Use Program Clea

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

20150 Channel %1 tool management: PLC terminates interrupted command

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Indication that the PLC has terminated an interrupted command (with alarm output) from the tool

management - tool change.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: For information only.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

20160 Channel %1 tool management: PLC can terminate only incorrectly

aborted commands

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Indication that the PLC wanted to interrupt an active command from the tool management (tool

change); or that there is no command active for abort. NCK refuses because the channel status is

either 'active' (abort is then not allowed), or 'reset' (then there is nothing to abort).

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: For information only.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

20170 Channel %1 machine data \$AC_FIFO invalid

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The structure of the FIFO variable \$AC_FIFO1 - \$AC_FIFO10 determined by the machine data

\$MC_NUM_AC_FIFO, \$MC_START_AC_FIFO, \$MC_LEN_AC_FIFO and \$MC_MODE_AC_FIFO

cannot be stored in the R parameter field defined in \$MC_MM_NUM_R_PARAM.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Increase the number of the R parameters

or reduce the FIFO elements.

\$MC_MM_NUM_R_PARAM = \$MC_START_AC_FIFO + \$MC_NUM_AC_FIFO x

(\$MC_LEN_AC_FIFO + 6)

Program Continuation:

m Switch control OFF - ON.

20200 Channel %1 invalid spindle number %2 with tool fine compensation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number target channel

%2 = Spindle number

Definitions: There is no spindle/axis assignment in the target channel for the spindle specified in the PUTFTOC

command.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify program in channel that writes the tool fine compensation.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

20201 Channel %1 spindle %2 no tool assigned

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Spindle number

Definitions: In order to make allowance for the fine tool compensation for the tool currently in the spindle, a

spindle/tool assignment must be active. This is not presently the case for the programmed spindle in

the target channel of fine tool compensation.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: 1. Modify the part program (write the tool fine compensation).

2. Establish spindle/tool assignment by programming:

- TMON (tool monitoring)
- GWPSON (tool selection)

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

20203 Channel %1 no active tool

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: A tool fine compensation has been written for the active tool of channel %1 with PUTFTOC. No tool

is active in this channel. Therefore, the compensation cannot be assigned.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Correct the program.

Remedy: Correct the program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

20204 Channel %1 PUTFTOC command not allowed with FTOCOF Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: A tool fine compensation has been written for channel %1 with PUTFTOC. The tool fine compensation

is not active in this channel. FTOCON must be active in the target channel of the PUTFTOC

command.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct the program in the machining channel: Select FTOCON so that the channel is ready to receive

the PUTFTOC command.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

20210 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 wrong values for centerless grinding

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Spindle number %3 = Block number, label

Definitions: It was not possible to calculate a tool diameter (no speed specified for the spindle) for centerless

grinding because it was not allowed by the input positions. The old S value still applies.

Reaction: Alarm display. Remedy: - Modify program

- Select new traversing positions for centerless axes

- or suppress computation by G00.

Program Continuation: Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

20211 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 support point beyond range limits

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Spindle number %3 = Block number, label

Definitions: The support point calculated for centerless grinding is beyond the range limits.

Modify MD 21518: TRACLG_CONTACT_UPPER_LIMIT Modify MD 21520: TRACLG_CONTACT_LOWER_LIMIT

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: - Check centerless axis positions and machine data.

- Modify program.

- Select new traversing positions for centerless axes

- or suppress computation by G00.

Program Continuation: Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

20300 Channel %1 axis %2 orientation not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: On traversing the displayed (virtual) orientation axis, a tool orientation is to be set

for which the kinematics of this machine are not possible.

Reaction:

Abort the JOG movement and specify another (possible) Remedy:

change of orientation.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

21550 Channel %1 axis %2 Travel from hardware limit switch not possible.

Reason: %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name %3 = Cause

Definitions: It has been tried to retract a following axis of an axis coupling or an output axis of a transformation

through the master axis or input axis of a transformation. This is not permitted in the current situation.

Possible reasons:

1 No permissible direction of retraction

2 Coupling not synchronous

3 Retraction not permitted for the active coupling

4 Reserved

5 Retraction not permitted for the active transformation

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Remedy for error cause:

1 Define another travel direction

2 Deactivate the coupling and travel the axis/axes separately 3 Deactivate the coupling and travel the axis/axes separately

4 Reserved

5 Deactivate the transformation and travel the axis/axes separately Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Program Continuation:

21600 Monitoring for ESR active

Definitions: -

Reaction: NC not ready. Alarm display.

All alarm reactions are delayed by one IPO cycle with this alarm.

Remedy: The display can be suppressed with the machine data MD 11410: SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK Bit 16

= 1

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

21610 Channel %1 axis %2 encoder %3 frequency limit exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = String (encoder number)

Definitions: The maximum permissible frequency of the currently active encoder (axis-specific interface signal DB

31 - 48, DBX 1.5 and DBX 1.6) in the axis-specific machine data 36300 ENC_FREQ_LIMIT [n] (n ... encoder number, 1 or 2) has been exceeded. The reference of the actual value to the mechanical

carriage position may be lost.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify MD 36300: ENC_FREQ_LIMIT [n] and interface signal position measuring system 1/2 (DB 31

- 48, DBX 1.5 and DBX 1.6).

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

NCK alarms

21611 Channel %1 NC-controlled Extended Stop/Retract triggered

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: "NC-controlled Extended Stop/Retract" triggered.

Reaction: The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

All channel-specific alarm reactions are delayed with this alarm, alarm display.

Remedy: Reset

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

21612 Channel %1 axis %2: enable reset, cause %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Cause of the alarm

Definitions: Causes of alarm:

0: The cause of the alarm cannot be preceisely determined.

1: The interface signal "Servo enable" (DB31 - 61, DBX 2.1) is missing

2: The interface signal "Pulse enable" (DB31 - 61, DBX 21.7) is missing 3: Drive signal "Enable pulse" (DB31 - 61, DBX 93.7) is not set

4: Drive signal "Drive Ready" (DB31 - 61, DBX 93.5) is not set

One of the motion-enabling signals, e.g. "Servo enable", "Pulse enable", parking/encoder selection (only for axes) or drive-specific enables, such as terminal 663 (SIMODRIVE 611D), has been reset for the displayed axis. The alarm can be reported with positioning axes, spindles and for axes in the geometry grouping.

The axes entered in the channel-specific MD array 20050 AXCONF_GEOAX_ASSIGN_TAB are regarded as axes belonging to the geometry grouping. Servo enable must exist for all available geometry axes, regardless of whether or not they are currently in motion.

Occurs in connection with SAFETY function: If a test stop is performed with linked axes, the alarm is issued if a motion command from the ELG grouping is pending during the test stop of the slave axis.

Reaction: The NC switches to follow-up mode.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Check the interface signals "Servo enable" (DB31 - 61, DBX 2.1) and "Pulse enable" (DB31 - 61, DBX 21.7), check the drive signals "Pulse enabled" (DB31 - 61, DBX 93.7), "Drive Ready" (DB31 - 61, DBX 93.5) for example with the PLC status display in the DIAGNOSTICS operating area. Check the encoder selection (for axes) as well as other signals enabling motion such as terminal 663 depending

on the drive type used, and so on.

When the terminal enables of the drive have failed, trace back the wiring or hardware function (for example relay function) or proceed as stated in the relevant drive documentation.

With SAFETY: With active actual-value linkage, output of the error message on the slave axis can be

prevented by increasing MD 36060 \$MA_STANDSTILL_VELO_TOL (default value is 5 mm).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

21613 Axis %1 measuring system changing

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The measuring system for this axis is changing.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

21614 Channel %1 axis %2 hardware limit switch %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = String (+, - or +/-)

Definitions: The VDI signal "Hardware limit switch" (DB 31 - 48, DBX 12.0 or DBX 12.1) has been set at the

NC/PLC interface.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

1. With axes that have already been referenced, the software limit switch 1 or 2 should respond before

the hardware limit switch is reached. Check MD 36110 POS_LIMIT_PLUS, 36100

POS_LIMIT_MINUS, 36130 POS_LIMIT_PLUS2 and 36120 POS_LIMIT_MINUS2 and the interface signal for selection of 1st/2nd software limit switch (DB 31 - 48, DBX 12.2 and 12.3) and correct if

necessary (PLC user program).

2. If the axis has not yet been moved to the reference point, it is possible to depart from the hardware

limit switch in the opposite direction in JOG mode.

3. Check PLC user program and the connection from the switch to the PLC input module, provided

the axis has not yet reached the hardware limit switch at all.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

21615 Channel %1 axis %2 taken from traverse mode to follow-up mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: This axis has been taken from traverse mode and put into "Follow-up" mode, for instance because the

pulse enable for the drive has been reset.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy:

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

21616 Channel %1 block %2 overlaid motion active at transformation

switchover

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The overlaid motion in the BCS changes its significance because of the transformation change and

can therefore lead to undesired axis movements.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Take out the overlaid movement.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

21617 Channel %1 block %2 transformation does not allow to traverse the pole

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The preset curve passes through the pole or a forbidden area of the transformation.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part program (if alarm has occurred in AUTO mode).

To escape from the alarm position, transformation must be deselected (it is not enough to try a RESET

if the transformer remains active when RESET is applied).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

21618 Channel %1 as from block %2 transformation active: overlaid motion too

great

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The share of overlaid motion on the transformation-related axes is so high that the path movement

planned by the preparation no longer sufficiently corresponds to the actual ratio for the interpolation. Strategy of singularities, monitoring of working range limitation and dynamic Look Ahead are possibly

no longer correct.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: With overlaid motion it is necessary to keep a sufficiently large path safety distance with regard to

poles and working range limitations.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

21619 Channel %1 block %2 transformation active: motion not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The machine kinematics does not allow the specified motion. Transformation-dependent error causes

can be in

TRANSMIT: A (circular) area exists around the pole, where positioning is not possible. The area is caused by the fact that the tool reference point cannot be traversed as far as into the pole. The area

is defined by:

- the machine data (\$MC_TRANSMIT_BASE_TOOL...) - the active tool length compensation (see \$TC_DP...).

Whether the tool length compensation is included in the calculation depends on the working plane selected (see G17,..). The machine stops at the edge of the area where positioning is not possible.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part program. Change the incorrectly specified tool length compensation.

Note: RESET alone is not enough if transformation also remains active during RESET.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

21650 Channel %1 axis %2 overlaid motion not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An overlaid motion was requested for the axis, however, this is not allowed due to the machine data

FRAME_OR_CORRPOS_NOTALLOWED.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Deselect the overlaid motion or change

machine data FRAME_OR_CORRPOS_NOTALLOWED.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

21660 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 conflict between SYNACT: \$AA_OFF and

CORROF

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name

Definitions: When deselecting the position offset (\$AA_OFF) via the part program command CORROF (<axis>,

"AA_OFF") an active synchronized action is detected that immediately sets \$AA_OFF for the axis

(DO_\$AA_OFF [<axis>] =<value>). Deselection is executed and \$AA_OFF not set again.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

21665 Channel %1 \$AA_TOFF cleared

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: If the tool position is changed with RESET and \$AA_TOFF is active during RESET, the position offset

(\$AA_TOFF) is cleared.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: Modify the RESET setting in \$AA_TOFF_MODE.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

21670 Channel %1 block %2 illegal change of tool direction with \$AA_TOFF

active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If an offset has been activated in tool direction by means of \$AA_TOFF[i], no block is allowed to be

activated in which the offset axis assignment i is modified (plane change, tool change cutting tool <=>

turning tool, transformation change, TRAFOOF, TCARR=0, geometry axis change)

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: - Modify part program

- Program TOFFOF()

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

21700 Channel %1 block %3 axis %2 touch probe already deflected, edge

polarity not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Block number

Definitions: The probe programmed under the keyword MEAS or MEAW is already deflected and has switched.

For a further measuring operation, the probe signal must first be canceled (quiescent state of the

probe).

The axis display is of no significance at the present time but an axis-specific evaluation has been

planned for later stages of development.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Verify the start position of the measuring operation or check the probe signals in the PLC interface

(DB10.DBB107). Are the cables and connectors in good order?

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

21701 Channel %1 block %3 axis %2 measurement not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Block number

Definitions: Measurement level 2 (MEASA, MEAWA, MEAC).

There is an error in the programmed measurement task.

Possible causes:

- Invalid measurement mode

Invalid probeInvalid encoder

- Invalid number of measurement signal edges

- Identical measurement signal edges are only programmable in mode 2

- Invalid FIFO number

- Mismatch between the number of FIFOs programmed and the number of probes used in the

measurement task. Further causes:

A measurement task is already active (e.g. from a synchronized action).

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct the measurement tasks.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

21702

Channel %1 block %3 axis %2 measurement aborted

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Block number

Definitions: The measurement block has ended (the programmed end position of the axis has been reached) but

the activated touch probe has not yet responded. Measurement level 2 (MEAWA, MEASA, MEAC)

Measured values cannot be converted to the workpiece coordinate system. The measured values of the GEO axes programmed in the measurement task are only available in the machine coordinate

system. Causes:

Not all GEO axes were programmed in the measurement task. At least one measured value is

therefore missing for conversion back into the workpiece coordinate system.

Further causes:

The measurement tasks programmed for all GEO axis are not identical.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Verify the traversing movement in the measurements block.

- Is it necessary in all cases for the activated probe to have switched up to the specified axis position?

- Are the probe, cable, cable distributor, terminal connections in good order?

Either program all GEO axes explicitly or program the traversing movement with the POS[axis]

command.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

21703 Channel %1 block %3 axis %2 touch probe not deflected, illegal edge

polarity

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Block number

Definitions: The selected probe is not (!) deflected and therefore cannot record any measured value from the

deflected to the non-deflected state.

Measurement level 2 (MEAWA, MEASA, MEAC)

The degree of deflection of the probe at the start of the measurement task is identical to the first

programmed measurement signal edge. The test is only performed in mode 2.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Check probe

- Check start positioning for measuring

- Check program

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

21740 Output value at analog output no. %1 has been limited

Parameters: %1 = No. of output

Definitions: The value range of the analog output n is limited by machine data 10330

FASTIO_ANA_OUTPUT_WEIGHT[n].

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: With \$A_OUTA[..] = x no greater values can be programmed than permitted in the respective machine

data.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

oon....aa..o...

21750 Error during output of cam signals via timer

Definitions: The signal output activated by the MD 10480 SW_CAM_TIMER_FASTOUT_MASK via the hardware

timer (independent of the clock grid) did not work. Cause: interpolation cycle is greater than 15 ms. The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Shorten interpolation cycle (if at all

possible).

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

21760 Channel %1 block %2 too many auxiliary functions programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The number of programmed auxiliary functions has exceeded the maximum permissible amount. This

alarm can occur in conjunction with motion synchronous actions: The maximum number of auxiliary

functions must not be exceeded in motion block and motion synchronous actions.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm. Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Remedy:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

21800 Channel %1 workpiece setpoint %2 reached

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Workpiece setpoint

Definitions: This alarm is activated via MD 27880 PART COUNTER, bit 1:

The number of counted workpieces (\$AC_ACTUAL_PARTS or \$AC_SPECIAL_PARTS) is equal or

already larger than the programmed value for the number of required workpieces

(\$AC_REQUIRED_PARTS).

At the same time, the channel VDI signal "Workpiece setpoint reached" is output.

The value for the number of the counted workpieces (\$AC_ACTUAL_PARTS) is reset while the value

of \$AC_SPECIAL_PARTS remains.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

No program interrupt. Delete alarm display. Remedy: **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

22000 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 gear stage change not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Spindle number %3 = Block number, label

Definitions: A gear stage change for the spindle will not be possible, if:

- thread cutting (G33, G34, G35) is active

- the spindle is active as master or slave spindle in a coupling

- the spindle is being positioned

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Remedy: The gear stage is to be set prior to the corresponding machining step.

If it is necessary, however, to change the gear stage within one of the above mentioned functions, this function must be switched off for the time of the gear stage change. Thread cutting is deselected with G1; synchronous spindle coupling is switched off with COUPOF; the spindle positioning operation is

exited with M3, M4 or M5

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

22005 Channel %1 spindle %2 selected gear stage %3 not installed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Spindle number %3 = Gear stage

Definitions:

The first gear stage data block is active. The required gear stage is not installed in the 1st gear stage

data block. The number of installed gear stages is configured in machine data 35090

\$MA_NUM_GEAR_STEPS.

Examples for the occurrence of the alarm with 3 gear stages installed (MD 35090

\$MA_NUM_GEAR_STEPS = 3):

* ...DO M44 or DO 45 was programmed in synchronized action for the spindle concerned.

* ...DO M70 was programmed and machine data 35014 \$MA_GEAR_STEP_USED_IN_AXISMODE

was larger than 3.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program: Only those valid gear stages can be entered which have also been installed

according to machine data MA_NUM_GEAR_STEPS.

Limit M70 configuration (MD 35014 $MA_GEAR_STEP_USED_IN_AXISMODE) to MD 35090$

MA_NUM_GEAR_STEPS.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

22010 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 actual gear stage differs from

requested gear stage

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Spindle number %3 = Block number, label

Definitions: The requested gear stage change has been concluded. The actual gear stage reported by the PLC

as being engaged is not the same as the required gear stage called for by the NC. Note: Wherever

possible, the requested gear stage should always be engaged.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Correct the PLC program.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

22011 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 change to programmed gear stage not

possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Spindle number %3 = Block number, label

Definitions: With the 'DryRun', 'ProgramTest' and 'SearchRunByProgTest' functions deselected, it is not possible

in the Repos module to carry out a gear stage change to a previously programmed gear stage. This is the case, if the spindle is in the deselection block not active in speed control mode, as a slave axis or in a transformation. Execution of a gear stage change is avoided if the above mentioned functions

are deselected by resetting bit 2 of machine data 35035 SPIND_FUNCTION_MASK.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Change deselection block or block search target block to speed control mode (M3, M4, M5, SBCOF).

Set bit 2 of machine data 35035 SPIND_FUNCTION_MASK to 0.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

22012 Channel %1 block %2 leading spindle %3 is in simulation.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Leading spindle number

Definitions: When coupling, no synchronism can be achieved if the lead spindle/axis is in simulation mode and the

following spindle/axis is not.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Set the following spindle/axis to simulation mode, or do not simulate the lead spindle/axis

(\$MA_CTRLOUT_TYPE). If the differing settings have been selected on purpose, the alarm can be

suppressed with the machine data 11410 SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK Bit21 = 1.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

22013 Channel %1 block %2 dependent spindle %3 is in simulation.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of following spindle

Definitions: When coupling, no synchronism can be achieved if the following spindle/axis is in simulation mode

and the lead spindle/axis is not.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Set the lead spindle/axis to simulation mode, or do not simulate the following spindle/axis

(\$MA_CTRLOUT_TYPE). If the differing settings have been selected on purpose, the alarm can be

suppressed with the machine data 11410 SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK Bit21 = 1.

Program (

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

22014 Channel %1 block %2. The dynamics of leading spindle %3 and

dependent spindle %4 is too variably

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label%3 = Leading spindle number%4 = Number of following spindle

Definitions: If the spindles / axes differ strongly in their dynamic behavior during coupling, synchronism cannot be

achieved. The dynamics are dependent on many settings: default feedforward control, parameter block data, first of all the servo gain factor, symmetrizing time, etc., feedforward control mode and feedforward setting parameter, FIPO mode, jerk filter and dynamic filter settings, DSC on/off. Among

these are the following machine data: MA_FFW_MODE, MA_VELO_FFW_WEIGHT,

MA_FIPO_TYPE, VEL_FFW_TIME, MA_EQUIV_SPEEDCTRL_TIME, MA_POSCTRL_GAIN,

AX_JERK_TIME, STIFFNESS_DELAY_TIME, PROFIBUS_ACTVAL_LEAD_TIME,

PROFIBUS_OUTVAL_DELAY_TIME, CTRLOUT_LEAD_TIME

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Use spindles/axes with the same dynamics. If the differing settings have been selected on purpose,

the alarm can be suppressed with the machine data 11410 SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK Bit21 = 1.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

22015 Channel %1 block %2 following spindle %3 No dynamic response for

supplementary motion

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of following spindle

Definitions: The difference motion of the slave spindle cannot be executed due to a lack of available velocity. The

coupling consumes the entire available dynamic response. The slave spindle is already rotating at maximum speed. In the part program a deadlock might occur. The alarm can be suppressed with

machine data 11410 SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK bit26 = 1.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce the speed of the master spindle
Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

22016 Channel %1 block %2 following spindle %3 in the range of reduced

acceleration capability

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Number of following spindle

Definitions: The following spindle is driven with position control. Additional motion components of the following

spindle shall not leave the linear range of the motor used. Otherwise deviations in the contour or servo

alarms may occur. Monitoring refers to the configuration in machine data 35220

ACCEL_REDUCTION_SPEED_POINT. If the situation is mastered by the user, the alarm can be

suppressed with machine data 11410 SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK Bit25 = 1.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Use coupling type VV and safeguard SPCOF for master and following spindle.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

22020 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 gear step change position not reached

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Spindle number %3 = Block number, label

Definitions: Through the configuration of MA_GEAR_STEP_CHANGE_ENABLE[AXn] = 2, the spindle is

traversed to the position stored in MA GEAR STEP CHANGE POSITION[AXn] before the actual

gear step change. The required gear step change position has not been reached.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct sequence in the PLC.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

22022 Channel %1 block %2 spindle %3 gear stage %4 is expected for axis

mode.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Spindle %4 = Gear stage

Definitions: The gear stage required for axis mode has not been installed.

A gear stage has been configured in machine data 35014 GEAR_STEP_USED_IN_AXISMODE, in which the spindle is to be in axis mode. This gear stage is checked whenever the spindle is switched into axis mode. The configured gear stage is compared with the gear stage output by the PLC (VDI

interface "Actual gear stage A through C", DB31, ... DBX 16.0..16.2).

This alarm will be output if the gear stages are not the same.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program M70 before the switch to axis mode. The gear stage configured in MD 35014

GEAR_STEP_USED_IN_AXISMODE is then automatically loaded.

No gear stage change is required if the configured gear stage is aleady active. M40 remains active

beyond the gear stage change.

Consider MD 20094 SPIND_RIGID_TAPPING_M_NR.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

22030 Channel %1 block %2 following spindle %3 Impermissible programming

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Spindle

Definitions: With synchronous spindle-VV-coupling an additional motion for the following spindle can only be

programmed with M3, M4, M5 and S... The paths created by specified positions cannot be maintained safely for a velocity coupling, especially if a position control is missing. If dimensional accuracy or reproducibility are not important, the alarm can be suppressed with machine data 11410

SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK Bit27 = 1.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Use synchronous spindle-DV-coupling or program direction of rotation and speed.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

22033 Channel %1 block %2 following spindle %3 'Synchronism follow-up'

diagnostics %4.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of following spindle

%4 = Diagnostics

Definitions: The following situation has occurred during 'Correct synchronims':

Diagnosis 1: An existing override motion is terminated on key reset.
Diagnosis 2: An existing override motion was cleared (e.g. key reset)
Diagnosis 3: Write override value impermissible. Override motion is stopped.

- Diagnosis 4: Override motion is stopped intermittently (e.g. G74 reference point approach)

- Diagnosis 5: Currently no dynamic response available for an override motion.

- Diagnosis 6: Currently no speed available for an override motion.

Machine data 11411 ENABLE_ALARM_MASK Bit9 = 1 activates this alarm.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Deactivation of the alarm with machine data 11411 ENABLE_ALARM_MASK Bit9 = 0.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

22034 Channel %1 block %2 following spindle %3 PLC signal 'Enable override'

has been set.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Number of following spindle

Definitions: PLC signals DB31..,DBX31.6 'Correct synchronism' and DB31.., DBX26.4 'Override enable' must not

be set at the same time. If an override motion exists for the following spindle, override value

\$AA_COUP_CORR[Sn] cannot be calculated properly.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Set PLC signal DB31.., DBX26.4 'Override enable' to 0.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

22035 Channel %1 block %2 following spindle %3 unable to determine the

offset value (cause %4).

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Number of following spindle

%4 = Reason

Definitions: Determination of override value (\$AA_COUP_CORR[Sn]) intended by VDI signal DB31..,DBX31.6

'Correct synchronism' cannot be executed. The reasons may be:

- Reason 1: An additional following spindle motion exists. The override value can therefore not be

calculated properly.

- Reason 2: No following spindle synchronism exists on setpoint side. The override value can

therefore not be calculated properly.

- Reason 3: The override value has already been set or determined.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The following remedies are available for the indicated reasons:

- Reason 1: Wait for termination of the override motion before you set PLC signals DB31..,DBX31.6

'Correct synchronism'.

- Reason 2: Wait until synchronism is achieved on setpoint side before you set PLC signal

DB31..,DBX31.6 'Correct synchronism'.

- Reason 3: Set override value \$AA_COUP_CORR[Sn] to 0 prior to setting PLC signal

DB31..,DBX31.6 'Correct synchronism'.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

22036 Channel %1 block %2 following spindle %3 synchronism offset not

possible.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Number of following spindle

Definitions: Synchronism override intended by setting VDI signal DB31..,DBX31.6 'Correct synchronism' or writing

variable \$AA_COUP_CORR[Sn] can currently not be considered.

The reasons may be:

- Reference point approach or zero mark synchronization is active

- NC reset is running

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait until the conditions for override value processing are available again prior to setting PLC signal

DB31..,DBX31.6 'Correct synchronism' or writing variable \$AA_COUP_CORR[Sn].

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

22040 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 is not referenced with zero marker

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Block number, label

Definitions: The current position is not referenced with the MS position although reference is made to it.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct NC part program. Create the zero mark synchronization by positioning, by rotation (at least 1

revolution) in speed control mode or G74 before switching the alarm generating function on.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

22045 Block %2 spindle/axis %3 not available in channel %1 because active in channel %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

%4 = Number of the channel in which the spindle/axis is currently active.

Definitions: The specified spindle/axis is required in channel %1 for the correct execution of a function. The

spindle/axis is currently active in the %4 channel. The constellation can only occur with replacement

axes.

Problem case: A synchronized spindle coupling was programmed. The master spindle/axis is not contained in the channel programmed for the coupling at the time the coupling is activated. The master spindle/axis can be moved by FC18 or synchronized actions. When using FC18, please note that the master spindle/axis must be assigned to the channel which activates the coupling. When FC18 terminates, the master spindle/axis must not be assigned to another channel via PLC while the

coupling is still active (VDI interface signals).

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Program a GET for the master spindle/axis in the NC program before activating the coupling, or

- Assign the master spindle/axis to the channel that activated the coupling via $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLC}}.$

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

22050 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 no transition from speed control mode

to position control mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label

700 - Block Hamber, label

Definitions: - An oriented spindle stop (SPOS/SPOSA) has been programmed or the position control of the spindle

was switched on with SPCON but no spindle encoder has been defined.

- When switching on the position control, the spindle speed is greater than the limiting speed of the

measuring system.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Spindle without attached encoder: Any NC language elements requiring the encoder signals must not

be used.

Spindle with attached encoder: Enter the number of spindle encoders used in the MD NUM_ENCS.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

22051 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 reference mark not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label

Definitions: When referencing, the spindle turned through a greater distance than given in the axis-specific

machine data 34060 REFP_MAX_MARKER_DIST, without receiving a reference mark signal. The check is performed for spindle positioning with SPOS or SPOSA when the spindle has not previously

run with speed control (S=...).

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check and correct the machine data

34060 REFP_MAX_MARKER_DIST. The value entered states the distance in [mm] or [degrees]

between 2 zero markers.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

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NCK alarms

22052 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 no standstill on block change

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Block number, label

Definitions: The displayed spindle has been programmed as spindle or as axis even though a positioning

operation is still running from the previous block (with SPOSA ... spindle positioning beyond block

limits) Example:

N100 SPOSA [2] = 100

N125 S2 = 1000 M2 = 04; Error, if spindle S2 from block N100 is still running!

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Before programming the spindle/axis again using the SPOSA instruction, a WAITS command should

be activated in order to wait for the programmed spindle position.

N100 SPOSA [2] = 100

N125 WAITS (2) N126 S2 = 1000 M2 = 04

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

22053 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 reference mode not supported

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the case of SPOS/SPOSA with an absolute encoder, only the referencing mode

ENC_REFP_MODE = 2 is supported! SPOS/SPOSA does not support ENC_REFP_MODE = 6 at all!

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Modify setting of ENC_REFP_MODE or change to JOG+REF and then reference.

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Remedy:

Continuation:

Program

22054 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 improper punching signal

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Block number, label

Definitions: If the punching signal is irregular between the punching strokes, this alarm is generated according to

machine data.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicates poor condition of the punching hydraulics. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

22055 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 configured positioning speed is too

high

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Block number, label

Definitions: The current position is not referenced with the MS position although reference is made to it.

Reaction:

Remedy: Correct NC part program. Create the zero mark synchronization by positioning, by rotation (at least 1

revolution) in speed control mode or G74 before switching the alarm generating function on.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

22057 Channel %1 block %2 for following spindle %3 coupling as leading

spindle/axis already existing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on in which the following spindle/axis has already been active as

leading spindle/axis in another coupling. Chained couplings cannot be processed.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check in the parts program whether the following spindle/axis is already active as leading spindle/axis

in another coupling.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

22058 Channel %1 block %2 for leading spindle %3 coupling as following

spindle/axis already existing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: A coupling has been switched on in which the leading spindle/axis has already been active as

following spindle/axis in another coupling. Chained couplings cannot be processed.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

> Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check in the parts program whether the leading spindle/axis is already active as following spindle/axis

in another coupling

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program Program

Continuation:

22060 Channel %1 position control expected for axis/spindle %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The programmed coupling type (DV, AV) or the programmed function requires position control.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Activate position control, e.g. by programming SPCON.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

22062 Channel %1 axis %2 reference point approach: zero marker search

velocity (MD) is not reached

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The configured zero marker search velocity is not reached.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check active spindle speed limitations.

> Configure a lower zero marker search velocity \$MA_REFP_VELO_SEARCH_MARKER. Check the tolerance range for the actual velocity \$MA_SPIND_DES_VELO_TOL. Set a different referencing

mode \$MA_ENC_REFP_MODE != 7.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

22064 Channel %1 axis %2 reference point approach: zero marker search

velocity (MD) is too high

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The configured zero marker search velocity is too high. The encoder limit frequency is exceeded for

the active measuring system.

NC Start disable in this channel. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Configure a lower zero marker search Remedv:

> velocity \$MA REFP VELO SEARCH MARKER. Check the encoder frequency configuration \$MA_ENC_FREQ_LIMIT and \$MA_ENC_FREQ_LIMIT_LOW. Set a different referencing mode

(\$MA_ENC_REFP_MODE != 7).

Program Continuation:

22065

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

not in magazine %4.

%1 = Channel number

Parameters: %2 = String (identifier)

%3 = -Not used-%4 = Magazine no.

Definitions: The desired tool motion command - triggered from the MMC or PLC - is not possible. The specified

tool is not contained in the specified magazine. (NCK cannot contain tools that are not assigned to a

Channel %1 tool management: Tool motion is not possible as tool %2 is

magazine. With this kind of tool, no operations (motion, change) can be performed.)

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Check that the specified tool is contained in the desired magazine, or program another tool to be Remedy:

changed.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

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NCK alarms

22066 Channel %1 tool management: Tool change is not possible as tool %2 is

not in magazine %4.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = String (identifier) %3 = -Not used-%4 = Magazine no.

Definitions: The desired tool change is not possible. The specified tool is not contained in the specified magazine.

(NCK cannot contain tools that are not assigned to a magazine. With this kind of tool, no operations

(motion, change) can be performed.)

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Check that the specified tool is contained in the desired magazine, or program another tool to be

changed.

- Check whether the settings in machine data \$MC_RESET_MODE_MASK,

\$MC_START_MODE_MASK and the associated machine data \$MC_TOOL_RESET_NAME match

the current definition data.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

22067 Channel %1 tool management: tool change not possible since there is no

tool available in tool group %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = String (identifier)

Definitions: The desired tool change is not possible. The specified tool group does not contain a tool which is ready

for use and could be used for tool change. It is possible that all of the tools in question have been set

to the 'Disabled' state by the tool monitoring function.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Remedy: - Ensure that the specified tool group contains a tool that is ready for use when tool change is

requested

- This can be achieved, for example, by replacing disabled tools, or

- by releasing a disabled tool manually.

- Check whether the tool data are correctly defined. Have all intended tools in the group been defined

with the specified identifier and loaded?

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

22068 Channel %1 block %2 tool management: no tool available in tool group

%3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = String (identifier)

Definitions: The specified tool group does not contain a tool which is ready for use and could be used for tool

change. It is possible that all of the tools in question have been set to the 'Disabled' state by the tool monitoring function. The alarm can occur for example in conjunction with the alarm 14710 (error on INIT block generation). In this specific situation, NCK attempts to replace the disabled tool located on the spindle with an available replacement tool (which does not exist in this error condition).

The user must resolve this conflict, for example, by removing the tool located on the spindle from the

spindle by issuing a movement command (e.g. through MMC operation).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Ensure that the specified tool group contains a tool that is ready for use when tool change is

requested.
- This can be achieved, for example, by replacing disabled tools, or

by releasing a disabled tool manually.If an alarm occurs on programming TCA: Has the duplo number been programmed >0?

- Check whether the tool data are correctly defined. Have all intended tools in the group been

defined/loaded with the specified identifier?

Program Continuation:

Parameters:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

22069 Channel %1 block %2 tool management: No tool available in tool group %3, program %4

%1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = String (identifier) %4 = Program name

Definitions: The specified tool group does not contain a tool which is ready for use and could be used for tool

change. It is possible that all of the tools in question have been set to the 'Disabled' state by the tool monitoring function. Parameter %4 = program name facilitates the identification of the program containing the programming command (tool selection) that caused the error. This can be a subprogram or cycle, etc., which can no longer be identified from the display. If the parameter is not

specified, it is the currently displayed program.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Ensure that the specified tool group contains a tool that is ready for use when tool change is

requested.

- This can be achieved, for example, by replacing disabled tools, or

- by releasing a disabled tool manually.

- Check whether the tool data are correctly defined. Have all intended tools in the group been defined

with the specified identifier and loaded?

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

22070 TO unit %1 Please change tool %2 into magazine. Repeat data backup

Parameters: %1 = TO unit

%2 = T number of tool

Definitions: The alarm can only occur when the tool management function is active in the NCK. (TOOLMAN = tool

management) A data backup of the tool/magazine data has been started. During the backup, the system detected that tools are still located in the buffer magazine (= spindle, gripper, ...). During the backup, these tools will lose the information which defines the magazine and location to which they

are allocated.

It is therefore practical -assuming that the data are to be stored exactly as before - to ensure that all

tools have been deposited in the magazine before the data backup!!

If this is not the case, some magazine locations will have the 'reserved' status when the data are

loaded again. This 'reserved' status must then be reset manually.

For tools with fixed location coding, the loss of the information allocating their location in the magazine has the same effect as a general empty location search when they are returned to the magazine.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Ensure that no tools are located in the buffer magazine before the data backup. Repeat the data

backup after removing the tools from the buffer magazine.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

TO unit %1 tool %2 is active, but not in the magazine area under

consideration

Parameters: %1 = TO unit

%2 = Tool identifier %3 = -Not used-

Definitions: The alarm can only occur when the tool management function is active in the NCK. Either the

language command SETTA has been programmed or the corresponding operator action has been carried out via MMC, PLC, The alarm can also be triggered automatically by the NCK in the wear grouping function. It is detected that more than one tool from the tool group (tools with the same

name/identifier) has the status "active".

The specified tool is either from a non-considered magazine, from a non-considered wear grouping, or from a non-active wear grouping

in a buffer location (is neither magazine nor wear grouping).

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The alarm is intended for information purposes. If only one tool in a group can be active at a time for

technological reasons or for reasons of display, the "active" status must be canceled for the tool

causing the error.

Otherwise, the alarm can be ignored or even suppressed via the machine data

SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK.

Typical reasons of display are present, if the operator works with the function 'definite D numbers', which can be displayed on Siemens MMC in a definite form only, if exactly one tool from a tool group

has the status 'active'.

Before machining can be started or before the SETTA (or corresponding MMC operation, ...) language

command is used, all tools of the magazine should have the status "not active".

One option to achieve this is programming SETTIA (or corresponding MMC operation, ...).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

22100 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 chuck speed exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Block number, label

Definitions: The actual spindle speed is higher than the maximum speed configured in machine data 35100

\$MA_SPIND_VELO_LIMIT plus a tolerance of 10 percent (fixed setting).

The alarm should not occur after correct optimization of the drive actuator and gear configuration. This alarm can be reconfigured with MD 11412 \$MN_ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY

(channel not ready to operate) to 'BAG not ready'.

Note: Reconfiguring affects all alarms with alarm response 'Chan not ready'.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the setup and optimization data of

the drive actuator in accordance with the Installation and Start-up Guide and make corrections.

Increase the tolerance window in machine data 35150 SPIND_DES_VELO_TOL.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

22101 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 maximum speed for encoder

resynchronization exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = Block number, label

Definitions: The maximum encoder speed was exceeded with G33, G95, G96 or G97. Reference to actual speed

and actual position is no longer possible. The NC reduces the setpoint speed with the above functions until the active encoder is able to measure again. The alarm is issued if the encoder still reports the

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

- Program speed limit with G26. Remedy:

- Reduce the maximum speed in the appropriate machine data.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

22150 Channel %1 block %3 spindle %2 maximum speed for position control

exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Block number, label

Definitions: The maximum encoder speed was exceeded with SPCON. Position control is no longer possible. The

NC reduces the setpoint speed with the above functions until the active encoder is able to measure

again. The alarm is issued if the encoder still reports the fault.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Program speed limit with G26.

- Reduce the maximum speed in the appropriate machine data.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

22200 Channel %1 spindle %2 axis stopped during tapping

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: When tapping with compensating chuck (G63) the drilling axis was stopped via the NC/PLC interface

and the spindle continues to rotate. The thread and possibly also the tap were damaged as a result.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Provide an interlock in the PLC user

program so that no axis stop can be initiated when tapping is active. If the tapping operation is to be

terminated under critical machine conditions, the spindle and the axis should be stopped

simultaneously if at all possible. Slight differences are then accommodated by the compensating

chuck.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

22250 Channel %1 spindle %2 axis stopped during thread cutting

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The thread cutting axis has been stopped while a thread block was active.

The stop can be caused by VDI signals that cause the feed to be interrupted.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the axis-specific/spindle-specific

stop signals (DB 31 - 48, DBX 4.3).

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

22260 Channel %1 spindle %2 thread might be damaged

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name %3 = Block number

Definitions: When DECODING SINGLE BLOCK has been selected and there is a chain of thread blocks, then

machining pauses occur at the block limits until the next block is executed with the new NC Start. In normal single block mode, the program is stopped by a higher-level logic only at the block boundaries at which no contour distortions or contour errors can occur. With chained thread blocks,

this is the last thread block!

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: If only one thread block has been programmed, the alarm message can be ignored.

If there are several consecutive thread blocks, this machining section must not be executed in the

automatic DECODING SINGLE BLOCK mode.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

22270 Channel %1 block %2 maximum velocity of thread axis at position %3

reached

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Position

Definitions: The axis velocity is too high for thread cutting. The maximum feedrate was reached at the axis position

indicated. The velocity of the thread axis depends on:

- The programmed thread pitch

- The programmed thread lead change (G34)

- The thread length (G34)

- The defined spindle speed (part program, FC18, synchronized action) - The spindle override (path and individual axis overrides are ineffective)

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce the velocity for at least one of the above factors.

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START. **Program**

Continuation:

22275 Channel %1 block %2 zero velocity of thread axis at position %3 reached

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Position

Definitions: An axis standstill was reached at the specified position during thread cutting with G35 due to the linear

decrease in the thread lead. The standstill position of the thread axis depends on:

- Programmed thread lead decrease

- Thread length Alarm display.

Remedy: Change at least one of the above factors. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

Reaction:

22280 Channel %1 in block %2: Prog. acceleration path too short %3, %4

required

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %3 = Prog. acceleration path %4 = Required acceleration path

Definitions: In order to stay within the programmed acceleration path, the acceleration caused an overload on the

thread axis. In order to accelerate the axis with the programmed dynamic response, the length of the

acceleration path must be at least as large as the value in parameter %4.

The alarm is of the technological type and is output whenever bit 2 in \$MN_ENABLE_ALARM_MASK

is enabled. The MMC softkey 'Technology support' sets and clears this bit in the MD.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program or reset MD \$MN_ENABLE_ALARMMASK bit 2.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

22290 Channel %1 spindle operation for transformed spindle/axis %2 not

possible (reason: error code %3).

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Error code

Definitions: It is impermissible to start a spindle as long as it is used by a transformation. Reason: spindle usage

in a transformation requires axis operation which must not be exited.

This alarm may have the following reasons:

Error code 1: M3, M4 or M5 per synchronized action;
Error code 2: M41 through M45 per synchronized action;
Error code 3: SPOS, M19 per synchronized action;

- Error code 11: DBB30 spindle stop;

- Error code 12: DBB30 spindle start clockwise rotation;- Error code 13: DBB30 spindle start counterclockwise rotation;

- Error code 14: DBB30 spindle positioning.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Resolve the conflict, for example by deactivating transformation prior to spindle start.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

22320 Channel %1 block %2 PUTFTOCF command could not be transferred

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The cyclic transfer of the PUTFTOCF data block (fine tool compensation) could not be performed

because the transfer area is already occupied.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check the part program, in particular with regard to the other channels. Is a data block being

transferred by another channel?

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

22321 Channel %1 axis %2 PRESET not allowed during traverse motion

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A preset command was given from MMC or PLC while an axis was traveling in JOG mode.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait until the axis is stationary.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

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NCK alarms

22322 Channel %1 axis %2 PRESET: illegal value

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The entered Preset value is too large (number format overflow).

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Use more realistic (smaller) Preset values.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

22400 Channel %1 option 'contour handwheel' not set

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The function 'contour handwheel' was activated without the neccesary option.

If the alarm occurs

- on selection of the contour handwheel via the PLC, then the contour handwheel has to be deselected

in order to continue with the program

- on account of programming FD=0, then the program can be corrected and continued with the

compensation block and NCSTART.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Set option

- Cancel the activation of the function 'contour handwheel'

- Modify part program.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

25000 Axis %1 hardware fault of active encoder

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The signals of the currently active position actual value encoder (interface signal DB 31 - 48, DBX 1.5

= 1 or DBX 1.6 = 1) are missing, do not have the same phase, or exhibit grounding/short-circuit. The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Axes of this channel must be re-referenced.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check measuring circuit connectors for

correct contacting. Check encoder signals and replace the encoder if faults are found.

Program
Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

25001 Axis %1 hardware fault of passive encoder

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The signals from the position actual value encoder that is presently not active are missing, or they are

not of the same phase, or they exhibit grounding/short-circuit.

Reaction:

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check measuring circuit connectors for

correct contacting. Check encoder signals and replace the encoder if faults are found. Switch off the monitoring with the corresponding interface signal (DB 31 - 48, DBX 1.5 = 0 or DBX 1.6 = 0). o

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

25010 Axis %1 pollution of measuring system

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The encoder used for position control sends a contamination signal (only in measuring systems with

contamination signal).

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Axes of this channel must be re-referenced.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the measuring system in

accordance with the instructions given by the measuring device manufacturer.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

25011 Axis %1 pollution of passive encoder

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The encoder not used for position control sends a contamination signal (only in measuring systems

with contamination signal).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the measuring system in

accordance with the instructions given by the measuring device manufacturer.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

25020 Axis %1 zero mark monitoring of active encoder

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The position encoder pulses between 2 zero marker pulses are counted (hardware function). A check

is made in the interpolation cycle grid (standard setting 4 ms) as to whether the encoder always issues the same number of pulses between the zero markers. As soon as a difference is registered in the 4

counter bits of lowest significance, an alarm is triggered!

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

readv).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Axes of this channel must be re-referenced.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The differences can result from

transmission errors, disturbances, encoder hardware faults or from the evaluation electronics in the

encoder used for position control. The actual value branch must therefore be checked:

1. Transmission path: Check the actual-value connector on the motor and on the FDD module for correct contacting, encoder cable for continuity, and also check for short-circuits or grounding (loose contact?).

2. Encoder pulses: Encoder power supply within the tolerance limits?

3. Evaluation electronics: Replace or reconfigure the drive module used.

Monitoring can be switched off by setting machine data 36310 ENC_ZERO_MONITORING [n]=... N

... encoder number: 1, 2) is set to 0.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

25021 Axis %1 zero mark monitoring of passive encoder

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: Monitoring relates to the encoder that is not used by the position control! (Interface signal DB 31 - 48,

DBX 1.5 = 0 or 1.6 = 0)

The position encoder pulses between 2 zero marker pulses are counted (hardware function). A check is made in the interpolation cycle grid (standard setting 4 ms) as to whether the encoder always issues the same number of pulses between the zero markers. As soon as a difference is registered in the 4

counter bits of lowest significance, an alarm is triggered!

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The differences can result from

transmission errors, disturbances, encoder hardware faults or from the evaluation electronics in the encoder used for position control. The actual value branch must therefore be checked:

1. Transmission path: Check the actual-value connector on the motor and on the FDD module for correct contacting, encoder cable for continuity, and also check for short-circuits or grounding (loose

contact?).

2. Encoder pulses: Encoder power supply within the tolerance limits?

3. Evaluation electronics: Replace or reconfigure the drive module used.

Monitoring can be switched off by setting machine data ENC_ZERO_MON_ACTIVE [n]=... N ...

encoder number: 1, 2) to 0.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

25022 Axis %1 encoder %2 warning %3

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Encoder number %3 = Error fine coding

Definitions: This alarm only occurs with absolute encoders:

a. Warning notice of missing absolute encoder adjustment (on the SIMODRIVE 611D or with PROFIdrive drives), that is if \$MA_ENC_REFP_STATE equals 0. In this case, fine error code 0 is

returned.

b. If a zero mark monitoring has been activated on the SIMODRIVE 611D for the absolute encoder (see \$MA_ENC_ZERO_MONITORING): In this case, the absolute position of the absolute encoder

could not be read without error: Breakdown of fine error codes:

(Bit 0 not used)
Bit 1 Parity error

Bit 2 Alarm bit of the encoder

Bit 3 CRC error

Bit 4 Timeout - start bit for EnDat transfer is missing

This alarm is only displayed, as the absolute position itself is not required at this time for

control/contour.

A frequent occurrance of this alarm indicates that the absolute encoder transfer or the absolute encoder itself is faulty, and that an incorrect absolute value could be determined in one of the next encoder selection or power on situations.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: a. Verify encoder adjustment (machine reference) or readjust encoder.

b. Replace the encoder, replace or screen the encoder cable (or deactivate zero mark monitoring).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

25030 Axis %1 actual velocity alarm limit

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: If the axis has at least one active encoder, then the actual speed of the axis is cyclically checked in

the IPO cycle. If there are no errors, the actual velocity can never become greater than specified in the axis-specific MD 36200 \$MA_AX_VELO_LIMIT (threshold for velocity monitoring). This threshold value in [mm/min, rev/min] is input by an amount that is about 5 to 10% greater than that which can occur at maximum traversing velocity. Drive errors can result in the velocity being exceeded and the

alarm is then triggered.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the speed setpoint cable (bus

cable). Check the actual values and direction of position control. Change position control direction if the axis rotates uncontrollably -> axis-specific MD 32110 ENC_FEEDBACK_POL [n] = < -1, 0, 1 > .

Increase the monitoring limit value in MD 36200 $MA_AX_VELO_LIMIT.$

Program Continuation:

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

25031 Axis %1 actual velocity warning limit

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The present velocity actual value is more than 80% of the limit value defined in the machine data --

not used --

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

25040 Axis %1 standstill monitoring

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The NC monitors to ensure that the position is held at zero speed. Monitoring is started after a time

that can be set for a specific axis in the machine data 36040 STSTILL_DELAY_TIME after interpolation has ended. A constant check is made to determine whether the axis remains within the

tolerance range given in MD 36030 STSTILL_POS_TOL.

The following cases are possible:

1. The interface signal SERVO ENABLE (DB31 - 48, DBX 2.1) is zero because the axis has jammed mechanically. Due to mechanical influences (e.g. high machining pressure), the axis is pushed away

from the permissible position tolerance.

2. With closed position control loop (without jamming) - interface signal SERVO ENABLE (DB 31 - 48, DBX 2.1) is "1" - the axis is pushed away from its position by mechanical forces with a small gain in the position control loop.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not $\overline{}$

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Check MD 36040 STSTILL_DELAY_TIME and MD 36030 STSTILL_POS_TOL; increase if

necessary. The value must be greater than the machine data "Exact stop - coarse"

(\$MA_STOP_LIMIT_COARSE).

- Estimate machining forces and reduce if necessary by setting a lower feed or a higher rotational

speed.

- Increase clamping pressure.

- Increase the gain in the position control loop by improved optimization (Kv factor MD 32200

POSCTRL_GAIN, 611D drive).

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

25042 Axis %1 standstill monitoring during torque/force limitation

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The defined end position was not reached within the time specified in the machine data.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: - If the drive torque (FXST) was set too low with the result that the force of the motor was not sufficient

to reach the end position -> increase FXST.

- If the machined part is slowly deformed, there may be a delay in reaching the end position -> increase

MD 36042 FOC_STANDSTILL_DELAY_TIME.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

25050 Axis %1 contour monitoring

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The NCK calculates for each interpolation point (setpoint) of an axis the actual value that should result

based on an internal model. If this calculated actual value and the true machine actual value differ by a larger amount than given in the machine data 36400 CONTOUR_TOL, then the program is aborted

and the alarm message is issued.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Check whether the tolerance value set in MD 36400: CONTOUR_TOL is too small.

- Check optimization of the position controller (Kv factor in the machine data 32200 POSCTRL_GAIN) to establish whether the axis follows the given setpoint without overshooting. Otherwise, the speed

controller optimization must be improved or the Kv servo gain factor must be reduced.

- Improvement of speed controller optimization

- Check the mechanics (smooth running, inertial masses).

Program Continuation:

25060 Axis %1 speed setpoint limitation

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The speed setpoint has exceeded its upper limit for a longer period than allowed.

The maximum speed setpoint is limited to a certain percentage with the axis-specific machine data 36210 CTRLOUT_LIMIT. The input value of 100% corresponds to the rated speed of the motor and

hence the rapid traverse velocity (default values: 840D=110%, FM-NC=100%).

If the values are exceeded for a short time, then this is tolerated provided they do not last longer than allowed for in the axis-specific MD 36220 CTRLOUT_LIMIT_TIME. The setpoint is limited during this time to the maximum value that has been set (MD 36210).

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. If the drive controller has been set

correctly and if the machining conditions are those that normally prevail, then this alarm should not

occur.

- Check actual values: Local tight running of the carriage, speed dip by torque reduction due to contact

with workpiece/tool, travel against fixed obstacle, etc.

- Check direction of position control: Does the axis continue to rotate without control (not on 611D

drives)?

- Check the speed setpoint cable.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

25070 Axis %1 drift value too large

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number **Definitions:** Only in FM-NC with analog drives!

The permissible maximum value of drift (internal, integrated drift value of automatic drift compensation) has been exceeded during the last compensation operation. The permissible

maximum value is defined in the axis-specific machine data 36710 DRIFT_LIMIT. The drift value itself is not limited

s not limited.

Automatic drift compensation: MD 36700 DRIFT_ENABLE=1

The difference between actual and setpoint position (drift) is checked cyclically in the IPO cycle when the axes are at zero speed. The difference is compensated automatically to zero by slowly integrating

an internal drift value.

Drift compensation by hand: MD 36700 DRIFT_ENABLE=0

A static offset can be added to the speed setpoint in the machine data 36720 DRIFT_VALUE. This is

not included in the drift monitoring because it acts like a voltage zero offset.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Adjust the drift compensation with the

automatic drift compensation switched off at the drive until the position lag is approximately zero. Then reactivate the automatic drift compensation in order to balance out the dynamic drift changes (effects

of heating up).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

25080 Axis %1 positioning monitoring

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: For blocks in which "exact stop" is effective, the axis must have reached the exact stop window after

the positioning time given in the axis-specific MD 36020 POSITIONING TIME.

Exact stop coarse: MD 36000 STOP_LIMIT_COARSE Exact stop fine: MD 36010 STOP_LIMIT_FINE

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

readv).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check whether the exact stop limits Remedy:

(course and fine) correspond to the dynamic possibilities of the axis, otherwise increase them, if necessary in connection with the positioning time set in MD 36020 POSITIONING TIME. Check speed controller/position controller optimization; select highest possible gains. Check setting of Kv

factor (MD 32200 POSCTRL_GAIN) and increase if necessary.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

25100 Axis %1 measuring system switchover not possible

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The prerequisites are not satisfied for the required encoder switchover:

1. The newly selected encoder must be in the active state (DB 31 - 48, DBX 1.5 or 1.6 = 1 "Position

measuring system 1/2")

2. The actual value difference between the two encoders is greater than the value in the axis-specific MD 36500 ENC_CHANGE_TOL ("Maximum tolerance for position actual value switchover"). Activation of the measuring system concerned takes place in accordance with the interface signals: "Position measuring system 1" (DB 31 - 48, DBX 1.5) and "Position measuring system 2" (DB 31 - 48, DBX 1.6), i.e. the position control is now operated with this measuring system. The other measuring system is switched over to follow-up mode. If both interface signals are set to "1", then only the 1st measuring system is active; if both interface signals are set to "0", the axis is parked.

Changeover takes place as soon as the interface signals have changed, even if the axis is in motion!

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. When referencing the active position actual value encoder, the actual value system of the inactive encoder is set to the same reference

point value as soon as phase 3 has been concluded. A later positional difference between the 2 actual value systems can have occurred only as the result of an encoded defect or a mechanical

displacement between the encoders.

- Check the encoder signals, actual value cable, connectors.

- Check the mechanical fastenings (displacement of the measuring head, mechanical twisting possible).

- Increase the axis-specific MD 36500 ENC CHANGE TOL.

Program continuation is not possible. The program must be aborted with "Reset", then program execution can be reinitiated with NC Start, if necessary at the interruption point after "Block search

with/without calculation".

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

25105 Axis %1 measuring systems differ considerably

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The two measuring systems differ considerably, i.e. the cyclically monitored actual value difference between the two measuring systems is greater than the associated tolerance value set in the machine

data \$MA_ENC_DIFF_TOL. This can only occur when both measuring systems are active

(\$MA_NUM_ENCS = 2) and referenced. The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD

ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check machine data for the active, Remedy:

selected encoders. Check the machine data relating to encoder (\$MA_ENC_DIFF_TOL) tolerance.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

25110 Axis %1 selected encoder not available

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The selected encoder does not correspond to the maximum number of encoders in the axis-specific

machine data 30200 NUM_ENCS, i.e. the 2nd encoder does not exist.

Alarm display. Reaction:

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Enter the number of actual value Remedy:

encoders used for this axis in the machine data 30200 NUM ENCS ("Number of encoders").

Input value 0: Axis without encoder -> e.g. spindle Input value 1: Axis with encoder -> default setting

Input value 2: Axis with 2 encoders -> e.g. direct and indirect measuring system

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

25200 Axis %1 requested set of parameters invalid

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: A new parameter set has been requested for the positioning control. The number of this parameter

set is beyond the permissible limit (8 parameter sets: 0 ... 7 available).

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the axis-specific/spindle-specific Remedy:

interface signals (DB 31 - 48, DBX 9.0, 9.1 and 9.2 "Select parameter set servo A, B, C").

One parameter set includes the following machine data: - Modify MD 31050: DRIVE_AX_RATIO_DENOM [n]

- Modify MD 31060: DRIVE_AX_RATIO_NUMERA [n]

- Modify MD 32200: POSCTRL_GAIN [n]

- Modify MD 32800: EQUIV_CURRCTRL_TIME [n] - Modify MD 32810: EQUIV_SPEEDCTRL_TIME [n]

- Modify MD 32910: DYN_MATCH_TIME [n] - Modify MD 36200: AX_VELO_LIMIT [n]

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

25201 Axis %1 drive fault

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The drive signals a serious fault of status class 1 (ZK1). The exact cause of the fault can be recognized

by evaluating the following drive alarms which are output in addition:

Alarm 300500, alarms 300502 - 300505, alarm 300508, alarm 300515, alarm 300608, alarm 300612,

alarm 300614, alarms 300701 - 300761, alarm 300799.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Evaluation of the drive alarms listed above.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

Continuation:

25202 Axis %1 waiting for drive

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number **Definitions:** Drive group error (self-clearing). Reaction:

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

Wait for the drive. 25202 reveals similar problems to alarm 25201 (see this alarm). The alarm is active Remedy:

> continuously during power-up if the drive does not communicate (e.g. Profibus connector removed). Otherwise, the alarm is active only briefly and is replaced by alarm 25201 after an internal timeout in

the event of a permanent problem.

Program

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

26000 Axis %1 clamping monitoring

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The clamped axis is to be pushed out of its setpoint position. The permissible difference is defined in

the axis-specific machine data 36050 CLAMP_POS_TOL.

Clamping of an axis is activated with the axis-specific interface signal DB 31 - 48, DBX 2.3: "Clamping process active".

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Determine the position deviation to the setpoint position and, depending on the results, either increase

the permissible tolerance in the MD or mechanically improve the clamping (e.g. increase clamping

pressure).

Continuation:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

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26001 Axis %1 parameterization error: friction compensation

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The parameterization of the adaptation characteristic in the quadrant error compensation is not

allowed because acceleration value 2 (MD 32560 FRICT_COMP_ACCEL2 is not between acceleration value 1 (MD 32550 FRICT_COMP_ACCEL1) and acceleration value 3 (MD 32570

FRICT_COMP_ACCEL3).

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the setting parameters of the

quadrant error compensation (friction compensation), if necessary switch off the compensation with

MD 32500 FRICT_COMP_ENABLE.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

26002 Axis %1 encoder %2 parameterization error: number of encoder marks

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Encoder number

Definitions: 1. Rotary measuring system (\$MA_ENC_IS_LINEAR[]==FALSE)

The number of encoder marks set in MD31020 \$MA_ENC_RESOL[] does not correspond to the value in the drive machine data MD1005 or zero has been entered in one of the two machine data.

2. Absolute measuring system with EnDat interface (\$MA_ENC_TYPE[]==4)

On absolute encoders, the resolution of the incremental and absolute track supplied by the drive is

also checked for consistency.

- Motor measuring system: MD1005, MD1022

- Direct measuring system: MD1007, MD1032

The two drive machine data must have a defined relation to one another. If the conditions listed below

are not fulfilled, an alarm is output.

2.1 Rotary measuring system ($MA_ENC_IS_LINEAR[] == FALSE$) MD1022/MD1005 == 4 * n [n=1,2,3...] (motor measuring system) MD1032/MD1007 == 4 * n [n=1,2,3...] (direct measuring system) 2.2 Linear measuring system ($MA_ENC_IS_LINEAR[] == TRUE$) MD1005/MD1022 == 4 * n [n=1,2,3...] (motor measuring system) MD1007/MD1032 == 4 * n [n=1,2,3...] (direct measuring system)

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Adjust machine data. For absolute

encoders, pending drive alarms indicating encoder problems should be evaluated, if necessary. They could be the cause of incorrect entries in MD1022/MD1032 which are read out of the encoder by the

drive.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

26003 Axis %1 parameterization error: lead screw pitch

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The pitch of the ballscrew/trapezoidal leadscrew set in the axis-specific machine data 31030

LEADSCREW PITCH is zero.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Mode group not ready. Reaction:

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Determine the leadscrew pitch (specify the machine manufacturer or pitch measurement with spindle

cover removed) and enter it in the machine data 31030: LEADSCREW_PITCH (mostly 10 or 5

mm/rev.).

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

26004 Axis %1 encoder %2 parameterization error: grid point distance with

linear encoders

%1 = Axis name, spindle number Parameters:

%2 = Encoder number

Definitions: The scale division of the linear scale set in the axis-specific MD 31010 ENC_GRID_POINT_DIST is

zero or differs from the corresponding drive parameters.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode. Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Switch control OFF - ON.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Enter the encoder grid point distance Remedy:

according to the data given by the machine (or measuring device) manufacturer in the machine data

31010 ENC_GRID_POINT_DIST.

Program

26005 Axis %1 parameterization error: output rating

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The output evaluation of the analog speed setpoint set in the machine data 32250 RATED_OUTVAL

or in MD 32260 RATED_VELO is zero.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The nominal output voltage in [%] of the

maximum setpoint value (10 V) is entered in the machine data 32250 RATED_OUTVAL, at which the

rated motor speed in [degrees/s] is to be reached (machine data 32260 RATED_VELO).

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

Continuation:

26006 Axis %1 encoder %2 encoder type/output type %3 not possible

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Encoder number

%3 = Encoder type/output type

Definitions: Not every encoder type or output type is suitable for both the FM-NC and the 840D.

Permissible settings for 840D: MD 30240 ENC_TYPE = 0 Simulation

= 1 Signal generator= 2 Square-wave encoderMD 30130 CTRLOUT_TYPE

= 0 Simulation = 1 Standard

Permissible settings for FM-NC:

MD 30240 ENC_TYPE

= 0 Simulation

= 3 Step motor control
= 4 FM module position
MD 30130 CTRLOUT_TYPE
= 2 Step motor control
= 3 FM module position

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check machine data MD 20240

ENC_TYPE and/or MD 30130 CTRLOUT_TYPE and make the necessary corrections.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

26007 Axis %1 QEC: invalid coarse step size

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The course step width for QEC must be within the range 1 <= course step width <= maximum value

of MD 18342 MM_QEC_MAX_POINTS (currently 1025), because a greater number of values would

exceed the available memory space.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the system variable \$AA_QEC_COARSE_STEPS accordingly.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

26008 Axis %1 QEC: invalid fine step size

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The fine step size for quadrant error compensation \$AA_QEC_FINE_STEPS must be in the range 1

<= fine step size <= 16 because this value has an influence on the computation time of the QEC.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify the system variable \$AA_QEC_FINE_STEPS accordingly.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

26009 Axis %1 QEC: memory overflow

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The product of the data \$AA_QEC_COARSE_STEPS+1 and \$AA_QEC_FINE_STEPS must not

exceed the maximum number of the characteristic curve points (MD \$MA_MM_QEC_MAX_POINTS).

With a direction-dependent characteristic, this criterion applies to 2 * (\$AA_QEC_COARSE_STEPS+1) * \$AA_QEC_FINE_STEPS!

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Either increase

\$MA_MM_QEC_MAX_POINTS or reduce \$AA_QEC_COARSE_STEPS and/or

\$AA_QEC_FINE_STEPS.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

26010 Axis %1 QEC: invalid acceleration characteristic

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: \$AA_QEC_ACCEL_1/2/3: The acceleration characteristic is divided into three areas. In each area

there is a different quantization of the acceleration steps. The defaults should be changed only if

compensation is inadequate in these acceleration areas.

The defaults are as follows:

- \$AA_QEC_ACCEL_1 with approx. 2% of maximum acceleration (\$AA_QEC_ACCEL_3),

- \$AA_QEC_ACCEL_2 with approx. 60% of maximum acceleration (\$AA_QEC_ACCEL_3),

- \$AA_QEC_ACCEL_3 with maximum acceleration (32300 MAX_AX_ACCEL).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Enter the values correctly: 0 <

\$AA_QEC_ACCEL_1 < \$AA_QEC_ACCEL_2 < \$AA_QEC_ACCEL_3.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

26011 Axis %1 QEC: invalid measuring periods

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: \$AA_QEC_MEAS_TIME_1/2/3: measuring time to determine the error criterion.

The measuring period begins when the criterion for activating the compensation value has been satisfied (the desired velocity changes the sign). The end is defined by the machine data values. In general, different measuring times are required for the three characteristic ranges. The presettings should be changed only if a problem occurs. The three data apply in each case for the three corresponding acceleration ranges.

1. \$AA_QEC_MEAS_TIME_1 specifies the measuring time (for determining the error criterion) for

accelerations in the range between 0 and \$AA_QEC_ACCEL_1.

2. \$AA_QEC_MEAS_TIME_2 specifies the measuring time in the range from \$AA_QEC_ACCEL_1

to \$AA_QEC_ACCEL_2.

3. \$AA_QEC_MEAS_TIME_3 specifies the measuring time in the range from \$AA_QEC_ACCEL_2

to \$AA_QEC_ACCEL_3 and beyond.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Enter the values correctly: 0 <

\$AA_QEC_MEAS_TIME_1 < \$AA_QEC_MEAS_TIME_2 < \$AA_QEC_MEAS_TIME_3.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

26012 Axis %1 QEC: feed forward control not active

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The error criterion for determining the quadrant error necessitates a correctly set feedforward control.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Switch on feedforward control and set it correctly.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

Continuation:

26014 Axis %1 machine data %2 invalid value

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: Machine data includes a value that is not valid.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Repeat entry with correct value and then Power On.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

26015 Axis %1 machine data %2[%3] invalid value

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = String: MD identifier %3 = Index: MD array

Definitions: Machine data includes a value that is not valid.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Repeat entry with correct value and then Power On.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

26016 Axis %1 machine data %2 invalid value

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: Machine data includes a value that is not valid.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Repeat entry with correct value and then Reset.

Remedy: Re Program Cle

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

26017 Axis %1 machine data %2[%3] invalid value

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = String: MD identifier %3 = Index: MD array

Definitions: Machine data includes a value that is not valid.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Repeat entry with correct value and then Reset.

Program Clear Continuation:

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NCK alarms

26018 Axis %1 setpoint output drive %2 used more than once

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: A setpoint has been selected more than once. The machine data 30110

\$MA_CTRLOUT_MODULE_NR contains the same value for different axes.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Avoid dual assignment of the setpoint by

correcting 30110 \$MA_CTRLOUT_MODULE_NR. Also check the selected bus type

\$MA_CTRLOUT_SEGMENT_NR.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

26019 Axis %1 encoder %2 measurement not possible with this controller

module

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Encoder number

Definitions: If the MD \$MN_DRIVE_DIAGNOSIS[8] contains a value not equal to zero, then the control has found

at least one control module which does not support measuring. Measuring was programmed from the

part program for the associated axis.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: If possible, modify the measuring motion such that the axis concerned does not have to travel; do not

program this axis in the MEAS block again. However, it is then no longer possible to query a measured value for this axis. Otherwise, exchange the controller module for one that supports measuring. See

MD \$MN_DRIVE_DIAGNOSIS[8].

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

26020 Axis %1 encoder %2 hardware fault %3 during encoder initialization

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Encoder number %3 = Error fine coding

Definitions: Error during initialization of encoder (refer to additional information for absolute encoder interface from

error fine coding).

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Axes of this channel must be re-referenced.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Rectify hardware error, replace encoder

if necessary. Make sure that an appropriate control module supporting this function is available with

EnDat or SSI absolute encoders. Bit nos. and their significance:

Bit 0: Lighting failed

Bit 1: Signal amplitude too small Bit 2: Position value incorrect

Bit 3: Overvoltage Bit 4: Undervoltage Bit 5: Overcurrent

Bit 6: Battery change necessary

Bit 7: Control check error, Note: SW 4.2 and higher, synchronous linear motor

Bit 8: EnDat encoder, incorrect overlapping, Note: SW 4.2 and higher, synchronous linear motor Bit 9: C/D track error on encoder ERN1387 or EQN encoder connected or incorrectly configured (not on EQN, MD 1011)

Bit 10: Log cannot be aborted or old hardware

Bit 11: SSI level detected on data line or no encoder connected or incorrect encoder cable (ERN

instead of EQN)

Bit 12: Timeout while reading measuring value

Bit 13: CRC error

Bit 14: Wrong IPU submodule for direct measuring signal, Note: Only with 611D expansion

Bit 15: Encoder faulty

Note: If an axis that is connected to the second measuring system of a controller module 611D only, is driven by an absolute encoder, the axis with the first measuring system of this controller module will have to be switched to Parking Axis, after the measuring system connector has been plugged in and prior to disabling the Parking Axis. After the Parking Axis of the first measuring system has been disabled, all measuring systems of the controller module will be initialized. The Parking Axis of the

second measuring system can then be disabled without errors.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

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NCK alarms

26022 Axis %1 encoder %2 measurement with simulated encoder not possible

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Encoder number

Definitions: Alarm occurs on the control when a measurement was made without the encoder hardware (simulated

encoder).

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. If possible, modify the measuring

motion such that the axis concerned does not have to travel; do not program this axis in the MEAS block again. However, it is then no longer possible to query a measured value for this axis.

- Ensure that measurement is not taking place with simulated encoders (MD \$MA_ENC_TYPE).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

26024 Axis %1 machine data %2 value changed

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = String: MD identifier

Definitions: Machine data contains an invalid value and therefore has been changed by the software.

Reaction: Alarm display. Remedy: Check MD.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

26025 Axis %1 machine data %2[%3] value changed

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = String: MD identifier %3 = Index: MD array

Definitions: Machine data contains an invalid value and therefore has been changed by the software internally to

a valid value.

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Check MD.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

26026 Axis %1 SINAMICS drive parameter P2038 value is not allowed.

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The interface mode, which is set via drive parameter P2038, has not been set to SIMODRIVE 611

universal.

The alarm can be disabled by \$MN_DRIVE_FUNCTION_MASK - bit15.

However, the following must be noted:

The device-specific assignment of the bits in the control and status words may be different.
The drive data sets can be created at will, and need not be subdivided into groups of 8 (for details see also SINAMICS Commissioning Manual). So the parameters of motors 2-4 may be incorrectly

assigned.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Set P2038 = 1 or

- Set P0922 = 100...199 or

- Set bit 15 of \$MN_DRIVE_FUNCTION_MASK (note the boundary conditions, see above)

and execute a Power ON in each case.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

26030 Axis %1 encoder %2 absolute position lost

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Encoder number

Definitions: The absolute position of the absolute encoder has become invalid because

- on changing parameter block a changed gear stage ratio was identified between encoder and

processing or

- the encoder has been replaced (the absolute encoder's serial number has changed).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Axes of this channel must be re-referenced.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Rereferencing/resynchronization of the

absolute encoder; attach absolute encoder on the load side and configure correctly (e.g. MD 31040

\$MA_ENC_IS_DIRECT).

If an absolute encoder with serial number is replaced, the drive BOT file for this drive must be saved

(due to the new serial number).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

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NCK alarms

26031 Axis %1 configuration error master-slave

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The alarm is output when the same machine axis has been configured as a master and a slave axis.

Each of the axes in the master/slave link can be operated either as master or slave.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Check machine data for all linked axes and correct if necessary:

- MD 37250 \$MA_MS_ASSIGN_MASTER_SPEED_CMD - MD 37252 \$MA_MS_ASSIGN_MASTER_TORQUE_CTR.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

26032 Channel %1 axis %2 master-slave not configured

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The master-slave coupling could not be activated because of incomplete configuration.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check the current configuration of the master-slave coupling.

The configuration can be modified via the MASLDEF instruction or the machine data MD37250

\$MA_MS_ASSIGN_MASTER_SPEED_CMD and MD37252

\$MA_MS_ASSIGN_MASTER_TORQUE_CTR.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

26050 Axis %1 parameter set change from %2 to %3 not possible

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Index: current parameter block %3 = Index: new parameter block

Definitions: The parameter block change cannot be performed without jumps. This is due to the content of the

parameter block to be switched on, e.g. different load gear factors.

Reaction: The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Local alarm reaction.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: In following cases, the parameter block change is carried out via MD 31060 and MD 31050 without an

alarm, even with different load gear ratio settings:

1. In speed-controlled and follow-up mode.

2. With position control with the direct encoder.

3. With position control with the indirect encoder only within the position window (MD 36500 > actual

position > MD 36500).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

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NCK alarms

26051 Channel %1 in block %2 unanticipated stop crossed in continuous path

mode

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The path interpolation did not stop, as required, at the end of the block, but will only decelerate to a

standstill in the next block. This error situation occurs if the stop at block change was not planned by the path interpolation or was not detected early enough. A possible cause is that the PLC changed the spindle speed when \$MA_SPIND_ON_SPEED_AT_IPO_START > 0, and the machine has to wait until the spindle has returned to the setpoint range. Another possible cause is that a synchronized action needs to be finished before the path interpolation continues. The alarm is only output if \$MN_TRACE_SELECT = 'H400'. The alarm output is normally suppressed. - \$MN_TRACE_SELECT

has SIEMENS password protection.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: \$MA_SPIND_ON_SPEED_AT_IPO_START = 1. Program G09 before the alarm output in the block

to allow the path interpolation to stop as planned.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

26052 Channel %1 in block %2: path velocity too high for auxiliary function

output

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: This alarm usually occurs in a block with auxiliary function output during a movement. In this case, the

wait for acknowledgement of the auxiliary function was longer than planned.

The alarm occurs if internal control inconsistencies cause continuous path mode (G64, G641, ...) to

be blocked unexpectedly.

The path interpolation stops abruptly at the end of the block indicated in the message (regenerative stop). On the next block change, the path continues unless the abrupt stop has caused an error in the

position controller (e.g. because the \$MA_CONTOUR_TOL setting was over-sensitive).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: - If the alarm occurred in a block with auxiliary function output during the movement: from SW 5.1 or

higher, increase machine \$MN_PLC_CYCLE_TIME_AVERAGE or

- Program G09 in the block indicated in the message to allow the path interpolation to stop as planned.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

26070 Channel %1 axis %2 cannot be controlled by the PLC, max. number

exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: An attempt has been made to control more axes than allowed from the PLC.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the machine data MD_MAXNUM_PLC_CNTRL_AXES and correct if necessary or reduce the

number of PLC-controlled axes.

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

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NCK alarms

26072 Channel %1 axis %2 cannot be controlled by the PLC

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: Axis cannot be made a PLC-controlled axis. For the time being, the axis cannot be controlled at any

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Use Release or Waitp to make the axis a neutral one. **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

26074 Channel %1 switching off PLC control of axis %2 not allowed in the

current state

%1 = Channel Parameters:

%2 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: The PLC can return the control rights for an axis to program processing only, if there is no alarm

pending for the axis.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Reset VDI interface signal "PLC controls axis", then activate "Axial reset" and repeat process. Remedy:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START. **Program**

Continuation:

26075 Channel %1 axis %2 not available for the NC program, as exclusively

controlled by the PLC

%1 = Channel Parameters:

%2 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: The axis is exclusively controlled by the PLC. Therefore, the axis is not available for the NC program.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Let the PLC control the axis not exclusively, but only temporarily. Change machine date

\$MA_BASE_FUNCTION_MASK bit 4.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

26076 Channel %1 axis %2 not available for NC program, firmly assigned PLC

axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel

%2 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: The axis is a firmly assigned PLC axis. The axis is therefore not available for the NC program.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Do not define axis as a firmly assigned PLC axis. Change of machine date Remedy:

\$MA_BASE_FUNCTION_MASK bit5.

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

26080 Channel %1 retraction position of axis %2 not programmed or invalid

Parameters: %1 = Channel

%2 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: No retraction position has been programmed for the axis trigger time or the position became invalid.

Reaction: Alarm display

Remedy: Preset value by means of POLFA(Axis,Type,Pos), with type = 1 (absolut) or type = 2 (incremental);

type = 0 specifies the position as invalid.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

26081 Channel %1 axis trigger of axis %2 was activated, but axis is not PLC-

controlled

Parameters: %1 = Channel

%2 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: The axis trigger for single axis was initiated. However, the axis is not PLC-controlled at the trigger time

(therefore no single axis) or the position became invalid.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Preset axis PLC-controlled (declare single axis). **Program** Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

26082 Channel %1 ESR for PLC-controlled axis %2 has been triggered

Parameters: %1 = Channel

%2 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: An axial ESR has been triggered for an individual axis (PLC-controlled axis):

The display can be suppressed by machine date MD 11410: SUPPRESS_ALARM_MASK bit28 = 1.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The individual axis is in axial stop after the ESR movement.

If an axial reset is performed for the individual axis, the alarm will be deleted

and the individual axis can be traversed again.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation: The individual axis is in axial stop after the ESR movement.

If an axial reset is performed for the individual axis, the alarm will be deleted

and the individual axis can be traversed again.

26100 Axis %1 drive %2 sign of life missing

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The sign-of-life cell is no longer being updated by the drive.

On output of drive number=0, this alarm may inform about a computing timeout on IPO level (also see

alarm 4240)

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Restart drive, check drive software.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

26101 Axis %1 drive %2 communication failure

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The drive is not communicating.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Axes of this channel must be re-referenced.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Check the bus configuration.

- Check the interface (connector removed, option module inactive, etc.).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

26102 Axis %1 drive %2 sign of life missing

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The sign-of-life cell is no longer being updated by the drive.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode. Channel not ready. NC Start disable in this channel.

Axes of this channel must be re-referenced.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Check the cycle settings.

- Increase the cycle time if necessary.

- Power-up the drive again.

- Check drive software.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

26105 Drive of axis %1 not found

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: The drive configured for the specified axis could not be found. For example, a Profibus slave was

configured on the NC but is not contained in SDB-Type-2000.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Possible causes:

Remedy: Possible causes:

- \$MA_CTRLOUT_TYPE not equal to 0 as a result of an oversight; the drive should actually be

simulated (= 0).

- \$MA_CTRLOUT_MODULE_NR entered incorrectly, i.e. the logical drive numbers were exchanged and an invalid value is stored for this drive in \$MN_DRIVE_LOGIC_ADDRESS (see 3.) or a drive number which does not exist on the bus was entered (check the number for slaves, for example).
- \$MN_DRIVE_LOGIC_ADDRESS contains values which were not configured on the Profibus (i.e. the

- \$MN_DRIVE_LOGIC_ADDRESS contains values which were not configured on the Profibus (i.e. the values are not in SDB-Type-2000) or different addresses were selected for the input and output slots of the drive in the Profibus configuration.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

26106 Encoder %2 of axis %1 not found

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

%2 = Encoder number

Definitions: The drive configured for the specified axis could not be found. For example, a Profibus slave was

configured on the NC but is not contained in SDB-Type-2000.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Possible causes:

- \$MA_ENC_TYPE not equal to 0 as a result of an oversight; the encoder should actually be simulated

- \$MA_ENC_MODULE_NR entered incorrectly, i.e. the logical drive numbers were exchanged and an invalid value is stored for this drive in \$MN_DRIVE_LOGIC_ADDRESS (see next paragraph) or a drive number which does not exist on the bus was entered (check the number for slaves, for example). - \$MN DRIVE LOGIC ADDRESS contains values which were not configured on the Profibus (i.e. the values are not in SDB-Type-2000) or different addresses were selected for the input and output slots

of the drive in the Profibus configuration.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

26110 Independent drive stop/retract triggered

Definitions: Informational alarm: An "independent extended stop or retract" was triggered on the drive bus for at

least one axis. The drive in question subsequently ignores NC travel commands. The bus must be

rebooted (hardware reset).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode. NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Reboot the drive, hardware reset.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

26120 Channel %1 axis %2 \$AA_ESR_ENABLE = 1 but axis should be set to

NEUTRAL

%1 = Channel Parameters:

%2 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: One axis with ESR configuration and \$AA_ESR_ENABLE[Achse] = 1 should be set to NEUTRAL.

However, neutral axes (apart from single axes) cannot execute an ESR.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Set \$AA_ESR_ENABLE[Achse] = 0 before setting axis to NEUTRAL.

Alarm can be suppressed via \$MN_ALARM_SUPPRESS_MASK_2 bit 6 = 1.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

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26121 Channel %1 axis %2 is NEUTRAL and \$AA_ESR_ENABLE = 1 should be

set

Parameters: %1 = Channel

%2 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: \$AA_ESR_ENABLE[Achse] = 1 should not be set to neutral axes (apart from single axes).

Neutral axes (apart from single axes) cannot execute an ESR.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Do not apply \$AA_ESR_ENABLE[Achse] = 1 to neutral axes (apart from single axes).

Alarm can be suppressed via \$MN_ALARM_SUPPRESS_MASK_2 bit 6 = 1.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

26122 Channel %1 axis %2, \$AA_ESR_ENABLE = 1, axis replacement not

executed in this state

Parameters: %1 = Channel

%2 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: With \$AA_ESR_ENABLE[Achse] = 1 axis replacement not permitted.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Set \$AA_ESR_ENABLE[axis] = 0 before axis replacement. Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program Program

Continuation: Set \$AA_ESR_ENABLE[axis] = 0

26123 Channel %1 axis %2, \$AA_ESR_ENABLE = 1 should be set, but

 $MA_ESR_REACTION = 0$

%1 = Channel Parameters:

%2 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: \$AA_ESR_ENABLE[axis] = 1 should only be set on axes with \$MA_ESR_REACTION[Achse] > 0.

> The following example brings about the alarm: N100 \$MA_ESR_REACTION[AX1] = 21 N110 \$AA_ESR_ENABLE[AX1] = 1

N120 NEWCONF

because \$MA_ESR_REACTION[AX1] = 21 will become known to the NCK at the time of N120

NEWCONF.

Correct would be:

N100 \$MA_ESR_REACTION[AX1] = 21

N110 NEWCONF

N120 \$AA_ESR_ENABLE[AX1] = 1

Reaction: Alarm display.

Before setting $AA_ESR_ENABLE[axis] = 1$, $AA_ESR_REACTION[axis] > 0$ must be set. Remedy:

When setting \$MA_ESR_REACTION[axis] in the parts program, e.g. NEWCONF must be called

before \$AA_ESR_ENABLE[axis].

Alarm can be suppressed via \$MN_ALARM_SUPPRESS_MASK_2 bit 6 = 1.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

26124 Channel %1 axis %2, \$AC_ESR_TRIGGER triggered but axis is NEUTRAL

and cannot execute ESR

Parameters: %1 = Channel

%2 = Axis, spindle

Definitions: Channel-specific ESR (\$AC_ESR_TRIGGER) triggered, but one axis with ESR configuration is

NEUTRAL at the time of triggering.

Neutral axes are ignored with ESR (apart from single axes which react only to

\$AA_ESR_TRIGGER[Ax]).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: \$AA_ESR_ENABLE[Achse] = 1 should not be set with neutral axes.

Alarm can be suppressed via \$MN_ALARM_SUPPRESS_MASK_2 bit 6 = 1.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

26200 Channel %1 block %2: The names of the kinematic chains

\$NK_CHAIN_NAME[%3] and **\$NK_CHAIN_NAME[%4]** are the same]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Index of 1st chain %4 = Index of 2nd chain

Definitions: There are (at least) two kinematic chains with the same name. The names of the kinematic chains

must be clear and identifiable.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Change name of involved kinematic chains

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26202 Channel %1 block %2: The names of the kinematic chain links

\$NK_NAME[%3] and **\$NK_NAME[%4]** are the same]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Index of 1st chain element %4 = Index of 2nd chain element

Definitions: There are (at least) two kinematic chain links with the same name. The names of the kinematic chain

links must be clear and identifiable.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Change the names of the kinematic chain links involved

Program Continuation:

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26204 Channel %1 block %2: The chain element %3 referred to in

\$NK_NEXT[%4] is already contained in the chain

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Name of the next chain link %4 = Index of the chain element

Definitions: In one chain link, the next link of the chain is indicated as a chain link already in existence in the chain.

This allows you to define a not permitted closed chain.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Define the kinematic chain in such a way that no closed chain results.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26206 Channel %1 block %2: The chain element %3, referred to in

\$NK_1ST_ELEM[%4], was not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Name of first chain link

%4 = Index of chain

Definitions: The chain link indicated as the first link in a kinematic chain was not found.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicate in \$NK_1ST_ELEM[...] the name of an existing chain link.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

26208 Channel %1 block %2: Chain element %3, referred to in \$NK_NEXT[%4],

was not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Name of the next chain link

%4 = Index of chain link

Definitions: The chain link indicated as the next link in a kinematic chain was not found.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicate in \$NK_1ST_NEXT[...] the name of an existing chain link.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

26210 Channel %1 block %2: Chain element %3, referred to in \$NK_NEXTP[%4],

was not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Name of the next chain link

%4 = Index of chain link

Definitions: The chain link indicated as the next parallel link of a kinematic chain was not found.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicate in \$NK_1ST_ELEM[...] the name of an existing chain link.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

26212 Channel %1 block %2: Maximum number of %3 chain elements exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Maximum number of chain links

Definitions: The maximum permitted number of chain links contained in all chains is too large.

When determining the maximum number, a single chain link contained in several chains is counted

several times.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce number of chain links contained in all chains.

This can be achieved e.g. by deactivating individual and currently not required chains and by entering

the zero string in the name of the chain.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

26218 Channel %1 block %2: Invalid name in %3[%4]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Name of the system variable %4 = Index of the system variable

Definitions: A system variable of type STRING contains an invalid name.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Use a permissible name.

The permissible names can be found in the documentation of the system variables involved.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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26222 Channel %1 block %2: The names of the protection areas

\$NP_PROT_NAME[%3] and \$NP_PROT_NAME[%4] are the same

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Index of 1st protection area %4 = Index of 2nd protection area

Definitions: Two protection areas were assigned the same name. The names of the protection areas must be clear

and identifiable.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Rename one of the protection areas involved.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26224 Channel %1 block %2: The names of the protection area elements

\$NP_NAME[%3] and \$NP_NAME[%4] are the same

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Index of 1st protection area element %4 = Index of 2nd protection area element

Definitions: Two protection area elements were assigned the same name. The names of the protection area

elements must be clear and identifiable.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Rename one of the protection area elements involved.

Program Clear alarm Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26226 Channel %1 block %2: Invalid protection area type in \$NP_TYPE[%3]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Index of protection area element

Definitions: An invalid protection area type was indicated. The permitted protection area types are defined by the

machine date \$MN_3D_PROT_AREA_TYPE_NAME_TAB.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicate valid protection area type.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

26228 Channel %1 block %2: The protection area element %3, referred to in

\$NP_1ST_PROT[%4], was not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Name of next protection area element

%4 = Index of protection area

Definitions: The protection area element indicated first in a protection area was not found.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicate in \$NP_1ST_PROT[...] the name of an existing protection area element.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26230 Channel %1 block %2: Protection area element %3, referred to in

\$NP_NEXT[%4], was not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Name of next protection area element

%4 = Index of protection area

Definitions: The protection area element indicated next in a protection area was not found.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicate in \$NP_NEXT[...] the name of an existing protection area element. **Program** Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

26232 Channel %1 bock %2: Maximum number of %3 protection area elements

exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Name of next protection area element

Definitions: The maximum number of permitted protection area elements is too large.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce number of protection areas or protection area elements.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26234 Channel %1 block %2: The protection area \$NP_PROT_NAME[%3] does

not contain any protection area elements

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Index of protection area

Definitions: A protection area must contain at least one protection area element.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Change definition of protection area or delete protection area.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26236 Channel %1 block %2: Protection area element %3, referred to in

\$NP_NEXT[%4], is already contained in the definition chain

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Index of protection area element %4 = Index of protection area element

Definitions: A closed definition chain was found, i.e. a protection area element contains the protection area of

which it is a part.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Change definition of protection area or delete protection area.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

26238 Channel %1 block %2: Protection area %3, referred to in \$NP_ADD[%4],

was not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Name of the protection area to be added

%4 = Index of protection area

Definitions: The protection area to be added to the current protection area element was not found.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicate in \$NP_ADD[...] the name of an existing protection area element, define a protection area with

the name indicated or delete entry.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

26240 Channel %1 block %2: The protection area indicated in \$NP_ADD[%3] is

linked with a kinematic chain

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number

%3 = Index of protection area element

Definitions: Protection areas added to an existing protection area via \$NP ADD[...], must not be linked to a

kinematic chain, e.g. \$NP_CHAIN_NAME[...] and \$NP_CHAIN_ELMEM[...] must be empty.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Enter in \$NP_ADD[...] a protection area not linked with a kinematic chain or delete the reference to a Remedy:

kinematic

chain in the protection area to be added or delete the entry

in \$NP_ADD[...].

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26242 Channel %1 block %2: Name of the kinematic chain in

\$NP_CHAIN_NAME[%3] not defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

%3 = Index of protection area

Definitions: The name of the element of a kinematic chain was indicated in the protection area in

\$NP_CHAIN_ELEM[...]. In this case, it is mandatory to indicate the name itself of the kinematic chain

Channel %1 block %2: Protection area %3, referred to in \$NP_ADD[%4],

in \$NP_CHAIN_NAME[...].

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Indicate in \$NP_CHAIN_NAME[...] the name of a kinematic chain or delete the entry in Remedy:

\$NP_CHAIN_ELEM[...].

Program Continuation:

26244

Parameters:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

is already contained in the definition chain

%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label

%3 = Index of protection area

%4 = Index of protection area element

Definitions: A closed definition chain was found, i.e. a protection area element contains the protection area of

which it is a part.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Change definition of the protection area or delete protection area.

Continuation:

26246 Channel %1 block %2: Parameter \$NP_PARA[%3,%4] is invalid

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Index of protection area element

%4 = Index of parameters

Definitions: An invalid parameter value to define a protection area element was indicated.

Parameter values must not be negative.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicate valid parameter value.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26248 Channel %1 block %2: The contents (%4) of parameter \$NP_BIT_NO[%3]

are invalid

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Programmed bit index %4 = Index of parameters

Definitions: Invalid bit number indicated for the switchover of a preactivated protection area between the states

activated / deactivated.

Bit number must have a value between -1 and 63.

Whereby -1 means that no interface bit was assigned to the protection area.

Values between 0 and 63 indicate the index of the interface bit through which the activation state of

the protection area is switched over.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicate valid index

Program Clear alarm v

Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26250 Channel %1 block %2: The names of the protection area groups

\$NP_NAME[%3] and \$NP_NAME[%4] are the same

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Index of 1st protection area group %4 = Index of 2nd protection area group

Definitions: Two protection area groups were assigned the same name. The names of the protection area groups

must be clear and identifiable.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Rename one of the protection area groups involved.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

26252 Channel %1 block %2: Element %4 of the protection area groups %3 is

not linked with a kinematic chain

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Index of 1st protection area group %4 = Index of 2nd protection area group

Definitions: Protection areas being elements of a protection area group must be linked with a kinematic chain.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Defining the assignment of a protection area to a kinematic chain.

Deleting the protection area from the protection area group.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

26254 Channel %1 block %2: The protection area referred to in element %4 of

protection area group %3 was not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Number of protection area group

%4 = Number of the element of the protection area group

Definitions: The protection area to be added to the current protection area group was not found.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicate in \$NP_MEMBER_X[...] the name of an existing protection area, define a protection area with

the indicated name or delete entry.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

.____

26256 Channel %1 block %2: The protection area group %3 referred to in

\$NP_ADD_GROUP[%4] was not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%3 = Name of the protection area group to be added

%4 = Index of protection area group

Definitions: The protection area group to be added to the current protection area group was not found.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicate in \$NP_ADD_GROUP[...] the name of an existing protection area group, define a protection

area group with the name indicated or delete entry.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

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26260 Channel %1 block %2: Collision of the two protection areas %3 and %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Name of 1st protection area %4 = Name of 2nd protection area

Definitions: The two protection areas named collide in the indicated block, i.e. the distance between the two

protection areas is smaller than the value defined by machine date \$MN_COLLISION_TOLERANCE.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Change NC program or definition of the protection areas involved.

Program Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

Continuation:

26262 Channel %1: Not enough memory space during collision test of the two

protection areas %2 and %3. Nominal / Actual: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Name of 1st protection area %3 = Name of 2nd protection area

%4 = Nominal / Actual

Definitions: The collision check of two protection zones requires temporary internal memory space, the size of

which depends on the number of elements contained in the protection areas and the number of

machine axes.

If the 1st protection zone has m elements and the 2nd protection zone n elements and there are k machine axes, then a maximum of 4 * n *m * k memory spaces, each of 4 bytes, are required.

Example:

1st protection zone has 20 elements 2nd protection zone has 25 elements

There are 5 machine axes

A temporary memory space of 4 * 4 * 20 * 25 * 5 = 40000 bytes is required.

The size of the available memory space can be changed in machine data \$MN_MM_3D_COLLISION.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Change NC program or definition of the protection areas involved.

Adjust machine date \$MN_MM_3D_COLLISION.

Continuation:

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26264 Channel %1 block %2: The protection area with the name %3 was not

found.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

%3 = Name of protection area

Definitions: One protection area with the name indicated was not found (e.g. during function call PROTA).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Indicate the name of an existing protection area or define the protection area with the name indicated.

Program

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

NCK alarms

26266 Channel %1 block %2: The protection area with the name %3 was

programmed several times.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

%3 = Name of protection area

Definitions: The name of a protection area was programmed several times (e.g., during the function call PROTA).

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Indicate each required name of a protection area only once.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26268 Channel %1 block %2: Protection area %3 has not been assigned an

interface bit

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

%3 = Name of protection area

Definitions: An attempt was made to preactivate a protection area to which no interface bit was assigned.

Protection areas can be preactivated only if an interface bit was defined in \$NP_BIT_NO[..] through which switchover between activated and deactivated state is possible in a preactivated protection

Channel %1 block %2: Invaid activation parameter during the PROTA

area.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Assign an interface bit to the protection area or select another activation mode (active / inactive).

Program Continuation:

26270

Parameters:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

function call

%1 = Channel number %2 = Block number

Definitions: The activation parameter of the PROTA function contains an invalid value.

Only the following values are permitted:

"A" or "a" (= activated)
"I" or "i" (= inactivated)
"P" or "p" (= preactivated)

"R" or "r" (= take over activation state from protection area definitions)

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Indicate a valid activation parameter ("A", "a", "I", "i", "P", "p", "R", "r").

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26272 Channel %1 block %2: The contents (%3) of parameter

\$NP_INIT_STAT[%4] are invalid

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number %3 = Programmed state %4 = Index of parameters

Definitions: An invalid activation state was indicated for a protection area.

Only the following values are permitted:

"A" or "a" (= activated)
"I" or "i" (= inactivated)
"P" or "p" (= preactivated)

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Indicate a valid activation parameter ("A", "a", "I", "i", "P", "p").

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26274 Channel %1 block %2: Chain %3 referred to in \$NP_CHAIN_NAME[%4]

was not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Name of the chain %4 = Index of protection area

Definitions: The kinematic chain referred to in the protection area definition (\$NP_CHAIN_NAME[...]) was not

found.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicate in \$NP_CHAIN_NAME[...] the name of an existing kinematic chain or define a chain with the

name indicated.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26276 Channel %1 block %2: Chain element %3 referred to in

\$NP_CHAIN_ELEM[%4] was not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Name of the chain element %4 = Index of protection area

Definitions: The kinematic chain element referred to in the protection area definition (\$NP_CHAIN_ELEM[...]) was

not found.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Indicate in \$NP_CHAIN_ELEM[...] the name of an existing chain element or define a chain element

with the name indicated.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

26278 Channel %1 block %2: The axis or frame name %3 contained in

\$NK_AXIS[%4] is unknown

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Axis or frame name %4 = Index of the chain element

Definitions: An unknown name was entered in the element of a kinematic chain in the component \$NK_AXIS[...].

The name entered must be either a machine axis identifier or the name of a variable made available

by the OEM software.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter a valid name in \$NK_AXIS[...].

In a regular case (without OEM software), that is a machine axis identifier. An empty string is also a valid name. That defines a constant chain link.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26280 Channel %1 axis %2 risk of collision %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number %3 = 1st protection zone %4 = 2nd protection zone

Definitions: The indicated axis was stopped due to the risk of collision.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: In JOG mode: Retract axis from danger zone.

In automatic mode: Determine reason for the risk of collision and eliminate. Possible reasons: wrong NC program, too large handwheel overrides, axis couplings and vice-versa impairing of two channels.

Program Continuation:

26282 Channel %1 block %2: Invalid definition of the protection zones or the

kinematic chains.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: There are no valid definitions of the protection zones and / or the kinematic chains.

This alarm only occurs if an error occurred the last time the procedure PROTA was called, and its

cause has not been eliminated.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Protection zones and kinematic chains must be defined without errors.

This is achieved by calling the procedure PROTA and closing it without errors.

Program Continuation:

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26284 Channel %1 block %2: The call of the function / procedure %3 is only

permissible if the function 'Collision monitoring' is present.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %3 = Funktionsname

Definitions: The function or procedure stated in the alarm text (e.g. PROTA or PROTD) can only be called if the

function "Collision avoidance" is present.

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: The function "Collision avoidance" must be activated. For this, the machine data

 $MN_MM_MAXNUM_3D_PROT_AREAS$ must contain a value greater than zero.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

26286 Channel %1 axis %2 risk of collision preactivated protection zones

interface signal(s) %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name, spindle number

%3 = Interface signal(s)

Definitions: A collision was detected involving at least one preactivated protection zone.

Such a collision can occur if the interface signal assigned to a preactivated protection zone has been

activated. That is if a preactivated protection zone has become an active protection zone. Either a preactivated and a (static) active protection zone can be involved in the collision, or two preactivated protection zones can be involved. The number(s) of the interface signals assigned to the

preactivated protection zones involved are output in the alarm text.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Alarm reaction in Automatic mode.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Reset activating interface signals.

Redefine protection zones.

Retract

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

27000 Axis %1 is not safely referenced

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: There are two reasons for this alarm:

- the machine position has not yet been acknowledged by the user,

- the machine position has not yet been verified through follow-up referencing.

Even if the axis is already referenced, there is no confirmation that referencing has supplied the correct result. For example, wrong results can occur if the axis was moved after the control was switched off, with the result that the standstill position saved prior to switching off is no longer correct. To make sure that this does not happen, the user must acknowledge the displayed actual position

after the first referencing process.

When the user enable has first been set, follow-up referencing must be carried out each time the control is booted (with absolute encoders, this follow-up referencing is executed automatically). This procedure is carried out to verify the standstill position saved prior to switching off of the control. Via the MD \$MN_SAFE_ALARM_SUPPRESS_LEVEL (MD>=3), the alarm display can be set in such a way that the group alarm 27100 is displayed for all SI axes.

Reaction: Alarm display.

SGA "Axis safely referenced" is not set. SE will be switched off, if the actual safety position has not yet been confirmed by a user agreement. If the user agreement has been set, SE will remain active. The safe cams are calculated and output. However, their significance is limited as referencing has not

been confirmed.

Remedy: Traverse the axis to a known position, change to operating mode "Referencing" and press softkey

"Agreement". Check the positions displayed in the agreement screen on the machine. If they match the expected or known position, confirm this by using the toggle key. If the user agreement has already

been set, reference the axis again.

The user agreement can be changed only via keyswitch position 3 or after password entry.

WARNING:

If the axis is not referenced safely and the user agreement is not available, the following will apply:

- the safe cams are not yet safe

- the safe end positions are not yet active.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

27001 Axis %1 error in a monitoring channel, code %2, values: NCK %3, drive %4

Parameters:

%1 = Axis number

%2 = Additional info cross-comparison index %3 = NCK comparison value extension %4 = Additional info comparison value drive

Definitions:

The mutual comparison of the two monitoring channels has found a difference between input data or results of the monitoring operations. One of the monitors no longer functions reliably, i.e. safe operation is no longer possible.

The following error codes are possible on the NCK side:

- 0 No error found in this channel; following alarm to drive alarm 300911.
- 1 Result list 1: difference in SBH, SG, SBR or SE result, e.g. due to different activation of the monitoring channels. For further information see drive MDs 1391, 1392.
- 2 Result list 2: difference in SN, n_x result. For further information see drive MDs 1393, 1394.
- 3 Actual value difference greater than setting in \$MA_SAFE_POS_TOL.
- 4 Not assigned.
- 5 Function enables \$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE.
- 6 Velocity limit \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[0].
- 7 Velocity limit \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[1].
- 8 Velocity limit \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[2].
- 9 Velocity limit \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[3].
- 10 Tolerance for safe operational stop \$MA_SAFE_STANDSTILL_TOL.
- 11 Safe position limit \$MA_SAFE_POS_LIMIT_PLUS[0]
- 12 Safe position limit \$MA_SAFE_POS_LIMIT_MINUS[0].
- 13 Safe position limit \$MA_SAFE_POS_LIMIT_PLUS[1].
- 14 Safe position limit \$MA_SAFE_POS_LIMIT_MINUS[1].
- 15 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_PLUS[0] + \$MA_SAFE_CAM_TOL.
- 16 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_PLUS[0].
- 17 Cam position \$MA SAFE CAM POS MINUS[0] + \$MA SAFE CAM TOL.
- 18 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_MINUS[0].
- 19 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_PLUS[1] + \$MA_SAFE_CAM_TOL.
- 20 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_PLUS[1].
- 21 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_MINUS[1] + \$MA_SAFE_CAM_TOL.
- 22 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_MINUS[1].
- 23 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_PLUS[2] + \$MA_SAFE_CAM_TOL.
- 24 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_PLUS[2].
- 25 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_MINUS[2] + \$MA_SAFE_CAM_TOL. - 26 Cam position \$MA SAFE CAM POS MINUS[2].
- 27 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_PLUS[3] + \$MA_SAFE_CAM_TOL.
- 28 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_PLUS[3]
- 29 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_MINUS[3] + \$MA_SAFE_CAM_TOL. - 30 Cam position \$MA_SAFE_CAM_POS_MINUS[3].
- 31 Actual position tolerance \$MA_SAFE_POS_TOL. \$MA_SAFE_SLIP_VELO_TOL for active actual value synchronization (slippage)
- 32 Ref. position tolerance \$MA_SAFE_REFP_POS_TOL.
- 33 Delay SG[x] -> SG[y] \$MA_SAFE_VELO_SWITCH_DELAY.
- 34 Delay cross-comparison \$MA_SAFE_MODE_SWITCH_TIME.
- 35 Delay pulse disable Stop B \$MA_SAFE_PULSE_DISABLE_DELAY.
- 36 Delay pulse disable test stop \$MA_SAFE_PULSE_DIS_CHECK_TIME
- 37 Delay Stop C -> SBH \$MA_SAFE_STOP_SWITCH_TIME_C.
- 38 Delay Stop D -> SBH \$MA_SAFE_STOP_SWITCH_TIME_D.
- 39 Delay Stop E -> SBH \$MA SAFE STOP SWITCH TIME E.
- 40 Stop reaction on SG exceeded \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_MODE. - 41 Stop reaction on SE exceeded \$MA_SAFE_POS_STOP_MODE.
- 42 Standstill speed \$MA_SAFE_STANDSTILL_VELO_TOL.
- 43 Memory test, stop reaction.
- 44 Actual position + SG[0] \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[0].
- 45 Actual position SG[0] \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[0].
- 46 Actual position + SG[1] \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[1].
- 47 Actual position SG[1] \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[1].
- 48 Actual position + SG[2] \$MA SAFE VELO LIMIT[2]. - 49 Actual position - SG[2] \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[2].

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- 50 Actual position + SG[3] \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[3].
- 51 Actual position SG[3] \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[3].
- 52 Standstill position + tolerance \$MA_SAFE_STANDSTILL_TOL.
- 53 Standstill position tolerance \$MA_SAFE_STANDSTILL_TOL.
- 54 Actual postion + n_x + tolerance \$MA_SAFE_VELO_X + \$MA_SAFE_POS_TOL.
- 55 Actual postion + n_x \$MA_SAFE_VELO_X.
- 56 Actual postion n_x \$MA_SAFE_VELO_X.
- 57 Actual postion n_x tolerance \$MA_SAFE_VELO_X \$MA_SAFE_POS_TOL
- 58 Active external standstill request.
- 59 SG override factor 1 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[0].
- 60 SG override factor 2 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[1].
- 61 SG override factor 3 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[2].
- 62 SG override factor 4 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[3].
- 63 SG override factor 5 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[4].
- 64 SG override factor 6 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[5].
- 65 SG override factor 7 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[6].
- 66 SG override factor 8 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[7].
- 67 SG override factor 9 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[8].
- 68 SG override factor 10 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[9].
- 69 SG override factor 11 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[10].
- 70 SG override factor 12 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[11].
- 71 SG override factor 13 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[12].
- 72 SG override factor 14 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[13].
- 73 SG override factor 15 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[14].
- 74 SG override factor 16 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR[15].
- 75 Velocity limit n_x \$MA_SAFE_VELO_X.
- 76 Stop reaction SG1 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_REACTION[0].
- 77 Stop reaction SG2 \$MA SAFE VELO STOP REACTION[1].
- 78 Stop reaction SG3 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_REACTION[2].
- 79 Stop reaction SG4 \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_REACTION[3].
- 80 Modulo value for safe cam \$MA_SAFE_MODULO_RANGE.
- 81 Actual velocity tolerance \$MA_SAFE_STOP_VELO_TOL.
- 82 SG override factor SGE 0...15 = active SGE position. -1 = SG override inactive (neither SG2 nor SG4 active, or function is not selected in \$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE).
- 83 Acceptance test time different $MA_SAFE_ACCEPTANCE_TST_TIMEOUT$.
- 84 Delay time Stop F -> Stop B \$MA_SAFE_STOP_SWITCH_TIME_F.
- 85 Delay time pulse disable bus failure \$MN_SAFE_PULSE_DIS_TIME_BUSFAIL.
- 86 Single encoder system \$MA_SAFE_SINGLE_ENC.
- 87 Encoder assignment \$MA_SAFE_ENC_INPUT_NR.
- 88 Cam enable \$MA_SAFE_CAM_ENABLE.
- 89 Encoder limit frequency \$MA_SAFE_ENC_FREQ_LIMIT.
- 90 Cam SGA outside \$MA_SAFE_CAM_TOL different
- 1000 Control timer expired: If one channel informs another of an SGE change, this control timer is used to check whether the update timer in the other channel has expired.
- 1001 (only assigned on drive, see alarm 300911)
- 1002 User confirmation inconsistent: Data for user confirmation different in both monitoring channels after 2 seconds.

%3 = state of the NCK user acknowledgement.

%4 = state of the 611D user acknowledgement.

- 1003 Reference tolerance \$MA_SAFE_REFP_POS_TOL exceeded.
- 1004 Plausibility error in user confirmation.
- 1005 Pulses already disabled on test stop selection.
- 1006 (only assigned on drive, see alarm 300911).
- 1007 (only assigned on drive, see alarm 300911).
- 1008 (only assigned on drive, see alarm 300911).
- 1009 Pulses not disabled after \$MA_SAFE_PULSE_DIS_CHECK_TIME test stop time.
- 1010 Pulses not disabled during test of the external pulse suppression after

\$MA_SAFE_PULSE_DIS_CHECK_TIME test stop time.

- 1011 NCK/drive acceptance test state different.
- 1013 NCK user acknowledgement from PLC SRAM and NCK user acknowledgement from the NCK machine data are different.
- 1014 NCK axis number from PLC SRAM and NCK axis number from the ramp up are different.
- 1020 Communication disrupted between NCK monitoring channel and drive monitoring channel.
- 1024 NCK standstill position from PLC SRAM and NCK standstill position from the NCK machine

data are different.

- 1025 Error in park selection: Encoder reports parking without user request.

Reaction:

NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

If safe monitoring was active, STOP B was also triggered automatically. In this case, a power OFF/ON of the control will be required.

Remedy:

Find the difference between the monitoring channels. Error code %2 shows the cause of the alarm. It is possible that safety-relevant machine data are no longer the same (reload if required) or that the safety-relevant inputs do not have the same level (check).

If an error like that cannot be found, an error in the CPU may have occurred such as a memory cell that has "fallen over". This error may be temporary (remove with power ON) or permanent (replace hardware, if it is displayed again after power ON).

Error codes for STOP F for 840D/611D:

- 0: No error in this channel. Look for the cause in the other channel.
- 1: Results list 1. Unequal control of the functions via the SGEs; analyze precise error coding in 611D MD 1391 and 1392.
- 2: Results list 2. Check cam tolerance, analyze precise error coding in the 611D-MDs 1393 and 1394.
- 3: Actual position. Incorrect encoder evaluation (check MDs). Differently stored standstill position.
- 4: No cross-comparison.
- 5: Function enables. Enter equal MDs.
- 6: Limit value for SG1. Enter equal MDs.
- 7: Limit value for SG2. Enter equal MDs.
- 8: Limit value for SG3. Enter equal MDs.
- 9: Limit value for SG4. Enter equal MDs.
- 10: Standstill tolerance. Enter equal MDs.
- 11: Upper limit value SE1. Enter equal MDs.
- 12: Lower limit value SE1. Enter equal MDs.
- 13: Upper limit value SE2. Enter equal MDs.
- 14: Lower limit value SE2. Enter equal MDs.
- 15: Safe cam 1+ (+tolerance). Enter equal MDs.
- 16: Safe cam 1+. Enter equal MDs.
- 17: Safe cam 1- (+tolerance). Enter equal MDs.
- 18: Safe cam 1-. Enter equal MDs.
- 19: Safe cam 2+ (+tolerance). Enter equal MDs.
- 20: Safe cam 2+. Enter equal MDs.
- 21: Safe cam 2- (+tolerance). Enter equal MDs.
- 22: Safe cam 2-. Enter equal MDs.
- 23: Safe cam 3+ (+tolerance). Enter equal MDs.24: Safe cam 3+. Enter equal MDs.
- 25: Safe cam 3- (+tolerance). Enter equal MDs.
- 26: Safe cam 3-. Enter equal MDs.
- 27: Safe cam 4+ (+tolerance). Enter equal MDs.
- 28: Safe cam 4+. Enter equal MDs.
- 29: Safe cam 4- (+tolerance). Enter equal MDs. 30: Safe cam 4-. Enter equal MDs.
- 31: Position tolerance. Enter equal MDs.
- 32: Reference position tolerance. Enter equal MDs.
- 33: Time velocity changeover. Enter equal MDs.
- 34: Tolerance time SGE changeover. Enter equal MDs.
- 35: Delay time pulse deletion. Enter equal MDs.
- 36: Time for check of pulse suppression. Enter equal MDs. 37: Transition time STOP C to SBH. Enter equal MDs.
- 38: Transition time STOP D to SBH. Enter equal MDs.
- 39: Transition time STOP E to SBH. Enter equal MDs.
- 40: Stop reaction to SG. Enter equal MDs.
- 41: Stop reaction to SE. Enter equal MDs.
- 42: Creep speed pulse deletion. Enter equal MDs.
- 43: Storage test stop reaction.
- 44: Actual position value + limit value SG1.
- 45: Actual position value limit value SG1.
- 46: Actual position value + limit value SG2.

```
47: Actual position value - limit value SG2.
48: Actual position value + limit value SG3.
49: Actual position value - limit value SG3.
50: Actual position value + limit value SG4.
51: Actual position value - limit value SG4.
52: Standstill position + tolerance.
53: Standstill position - tolerance.
54: Actual position value "+ nx" + tolerance.
55: Actual position value "+ nx".
56: Actual position value "- nx".
57: Actual position value "- nx" + tolerance.
58: Current shutdown request.
59: SG override factor 1. Enter equal MDs.
60: SG override factor 2. Enter equal MDs.
61: SG override factor 3. Enter equal MDs.
62: SG override factor 4. Enter equal MDs.
63: SG override factor 5. Enter equal MDs.
64: SG override factor 6. Enter equal MDs.
65: SG override factor 7. Enter equal MDs.
66: SG override factor 8. Enter equal MDs.
67: SG override factor 9. Enter equal MDs.
68: SG override factor 10. Enter equal MDs.
69: SG override factor 11. Enter equal MDs.
70: SG override factor 12. Enter equal MDs.
71: SG override factor 13. Enter equal MDs.
72: SG override factor 14. Enter equal MDs.
73: SG override factor 15. Enter equal MDs.
74: SG override factor 16. Enter equal MDs.
75: Velocity limit "nx". Enter equal MDs.
76: Stop reaction with SG1. Enter equal MDs.
77: Stop reaction with SG2. Enter equal MDs.
78: Stop reaction with SG3. Enter equal MDs.
79: Stop reaction with SG4. Enter equal MDs.
80: Modulo value for safe cams. Enter equal MDs.
81: Velocity tolerance for safe braking ramp. Enter equal MDs.
82: SG correction factor SGEs. Actuate equal SGEs.
83: Acceptance test duration. Enter equal MDs.
84: Stop F -> Stop B delay time. Enter equal MDs.
85: Bus failure pulse suppression delay time. Enter equal MDs.
89: Encoder limit frequency. Enter equal MDs.
1000: Control timer expired. Too many switching operations on the SGEs (e.g. due to contact
problems, loose contact).
1001: Incorrect control timer initialization.
1002: User confirmation timer expired.
1003: Reference tolerance violated. Comparison of the reference position with the current safe actual
position.
1004: Plausibility of user confirmation is violated.
1005: Pulses already deleted during test stop selection. Test stop selection with missing pulse enable,
Error in the wiring of the SGE "Pulses have been deleted".
1006: Error during forced SGA dynamization.
1007: Communication failure between PLC and drive.
1008: Erroneous data transfer between PLC and drive.
1009: Trigger a subsequent stop after test stop. Check the wiring. Check the SGE configuration via
MD $MA_SAFE_PULSE_STATUS_INPUT. Check the time level for test stop.
1010: Pulses not deleted. Check MD.
1012: Restore data consistency by power On.
1013: Restore data consistency by power On.
1014: Restore data consistency by power On.
```

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

tion: If STOP B was triggered, a power OFF/ON of the control will be required.

1020: Cyclic communication between NCK and drive no longer functioning.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

27002 Axis %1 test stop is running

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: Proper functioning of the switch-off path is just being tested by setting of the SGE "Test stop

selection".

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The message serves only for user information.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary. Continuation:

The alarm will disappear automatically after expiry of the delay time - defined in MD

\$MA_SAFE_PULSE_DIS_CHECK_TIME - and after removal of SGE "Test stop selection", if the control recognizes pulse suppression, i.e. the test has been completed successfully. An unsuccessful

test can be recognized by alarm 27001 with error code 1005 or by alarm 27024.

Checksum error found: %1 %2 27003

Parameters: %1 = Note on code section or table

%2 = Table number

Definitions: Checksum error in safety-relevant code or safety-relevant data. The safe monitoring functions (Safety

Integrated) in the NCK could be affected.

Reaction:

Continue to work very carefully. Reload code and data as soon as possible (Power On). If this error Remedy:

occurs again, contact your service personnel.

Switch control OFF - ON. **Program**

NCK alarms

27004 Axis %1, difference safe input %2, NCK %3, drive %4

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Monitoring input

%3 = Interface identifier NCK input %4 = Interface identifier drive input

Definitions: A difference has been found on the specified safe input. The state of the specified input signal differed

in the two monitoring channels NCK and 611D during the duration set in

\$MA_SAFE_MODE_SWITCH_TIME.

Monitoring in question (%2):

SS/SV = Difference in SGE "Deselection of safe operating stop/Safe velocity"

SS = Difference in SGE "Safe operating stop"
SV = Difference in SGE "Selection safe velocity"
SP = Difference in SGE "Selection safe limit position"
SVOVR = Difference in SGEs "Selection SG correction"

Interface identifier NCK input (%3):

DMP<drv><mod><bit>=<value>

<drv> = Drive number of terminal block (1...31)

<mod> = Submodule number (1...8) <bit> = Terminal number (1...16) <value> = Value of NCK SGE (0,1)

SPL For when the SGE is parameterized at the SPL interface.

<io> = Parameterizable system variable range (01=\$A_INSID, 02=\$A_INSED)

<dword> = System variable double word (1,2)

 = Bit number in system variable double word (1...32)

<value> = Value of NCK SGE (0,1)

Onboard input For when the SGE is parameterized at an onboard input.

<bit> = Input number = 01 ...04
<value> = Value of NCK SGE = 0,1

Interface identifier drive input (%4):

DBX<byte><bit>=<value >

<byte> = Byte number in axial DB (22, 23, 32, 33)

<bit> = Bit number in byte (0...7)
<value> = Value of drive SGE (0,1)

This alarm can be hidden by setting MD $MN_SAFE_DIAGNOSIS_MASK$, bit 0 = 0.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check settings for safe input signals (NCK I/Os, PLC DB parameters).

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27005 Axis %1 error in data cross check: static actual value difference

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: Via the data cross check between NCK and 611D monitoring channel, a difference in actual values

was detected, which is greater than the maximum tolerance defined in MD \$MA_SAFE_POS_TOL. This can be checked by means of the safe position values for the two monitoring channels displayed

in the service menu.

The alarm is displayed only, if monitoring with absolute reference (SE/SN) has been enabled for the specified axis and if the user enable has been set. The alarm is cleared, as soon as the user enable is deleted or the actual value difference between the two monitoring channels falls again below the

maximum permissible difference.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: If the alarm is present statically, the user enable must be deleted. When the control is then rebooted,

the machine can be brought to the safe state again and operation resumed by a new referencing process and setting of the user enable. Prior to setting the user enable, the actual position of the axis displayed in the "User enable" screen must be compared with the current machine position. This is obligatory to ensure the proper functioning of the safe limit positions (SE) and safe cams (SN). A change of the user acknowledgement is only possible with key switch position 3 or after input of a

password.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

27006 Axis %1 Test ext. pulse deletion running

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: The correct functioning of the external pulse disable is being checked now by setting the "Test stop of

external shutdown" SGE.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Alarm disappears automatically when the test has been exited by deleting the "Test stop of external

shutdown" SGE.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

27007 Axis %1 acceptance test mode is active

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: Via the operator panel, an SI acceptance test has been started for example with the acceptance test

wizard. The acceptance test mode is activated via the NCK and drive for the time of this acceptance test. In the acceptance test mode, SI PowerOn alarms can be acknowledged with the Reset key.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Deselect the acceptance test, for example with the acceptance test wizard or wait until completed

(acceptance test time can be parameterized via MD \$MA_SAFE_ACCEPTANCE_TST_TIMEOUT).

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

27008 Axis %1 SW limit switch deactivated

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: Via the HMI, the SI acceptance test Safe limit position has been started, for example with the

acceptance test wizard. For these acceptance tests, the single-channel software limit switches are deactivated for the axis/spindle, in order to assure that the safe limit positions can be approached.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Deactivation of the single-channel software limit switch for the displayed axis/spindle.

Remedy: Deselect the acceptance test, for example with the acceptance test wizard, or wait until completed.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

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NCK alarms

27010 Axis %1 tolerance for safe standstill exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: The axis has moved too far away from the setpoint position. It is further away than allowed in MD

\$MA_SAFE_STANDSTILL_TOL.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD \$MN_ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel

not ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Stop of the axis with the setpoint speed value=0 (STOP B). As soon as the actual speed value is smaller than defined in MD \$MA_SAFE_STANDSTILL_VELO_TOL, but the latest after time-out in MD

\$MA_SAFE_PULSE_DISABLE_DELAY, the pulses will be suppressed (STOP A).

Remedy: Check the tolerance of zero speed monitoring: does the value match the precision and control

dynamics of the axis? If not, increase tolerance. If yes, check the machine for any damage and rectify

ıt.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

27011 Axis %1 safe velocity exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: The axis has moved too quickly and faster than allowed in MD \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT. With active

SBH/SG and a 1-encoder system, the velocity which corresponds to an encoder limit frequency of MD

SAFE_ENC_FREQ_LIMIT has been exceeded.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Axis stop with STOP A, C, D or E, depending on the configuration in MD

\$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_MODE or MD \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_REACTION.

Remedy: If no obvious operator error occurred: check the input value of the MD, check SGEs: was the correct

safe velocity selected? If the MDs and SGEs are o.k., check the machine for any damage and rectify it.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

27012 Axis %1 safe end position exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: The axis has exceeded the limit position entered in MD \$MA_SAFE_POS_LIMT_PLUS or MD

\$MA_SAFE_POS_LIMIT_MINUS.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Stop the axis with STOP C,D or E, depending on the configuration in MD

\$MA_SAFE_POS_STOP_MODE.

Remedy: If no obvious operator error occurred: Check the input value of the machine data and check the SGEs:

was the correct one of 2 limit positions selected? If the MDs and SGEs are o.k., check the machine

for any damage and rectify it.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation: Remove the user agreement for this axis. Then press the RESET key causing the program to be

aborted and the alarm to be deleted. Traverse the axis in JOG mode to the valid traversing range. After fault correction of the NC program and an axis position check, the user agreement can be set again

and the program can be restarted.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

27013 Axis %1 safe braking ramp exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: After the initiation of STOP B or C, the velocity exceeded the tolerance value entered in MD

\$MA_SAFE_STOP_VELO_TOL.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Pulse interlock by triggering a STOP A.

Remedy: Check MD \$MA_SAFE_STOP_VELO_TOL. Check the braking behavior of the affected drive.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

27020 Axis %1 stop E triggered

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: This alarm is output together with alarms 27011 "Safe velocity exceeded" or 27012 "Safe limit position

> exceeded" (when configured as such in MD \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_MODE, \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_REACTION or MD: \$MA_SAFE_POS_STOP_MODE).

NC Start disable in this channel. Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Trigger a LIFTFAST ASUB and internal activation of the safe operational stop (SBH) after expiry of

the time set in MD \$MA_SAFE_STOP_SWITCH_TIME_E.

Remedy: Eliminate causes of the alarms "Safe velocity exceeded" or "Safe limit position exceeded" (see

description of these alarms).

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

27021 Axis %1 stop D triggered

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: This alarm is output together with alarms 27011 "Safe velocity exceeded" or 27012 "Safe limit position

> exceeded" (when configured as such in \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_MODE, \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_REACTION or \$MA_SAFE_POS_STOP_MODE).

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Trigger a "Deceleration on the path" and internal activation of the safe operational stop (SBH) after

expiry of the time set in MD \$MA_SAFE_STOP_SWITCH_TIME_D.

Remedy: Eliminate causes of alarm "Safe velocity exceeded" or "Safe limit position exceeded" (see description

of these alarms).

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

27022 Axis %1 stop C triggered

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: This alarm is output together with alarms 27011 "Safe velocity exceeded" or 27012 "Safe limit position

exceeded" (when configured as such in \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_MODE,

\$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_REACTION or \$MA_SAFE_POS_STOP_MODE).

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Trigger a "Deceleration on the current limit" and internal activation of the safe operational stop (SBH)

after expiry of the time set in MD \$MA_SAFE_STOP_SWITCH_TIME_C.

Remedy: Eliminate causes of alarm "Safe velocity exceeded" or "Safe limit position exceeded" (see description

of these alarms).

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27023 Axis %1 stop B triggered

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: This alarm is output together with alarm 27010 "Tolerance for safe operational stop exceeded" or after

alarm 27001 "STOP F triggered".

The alarm can be reprogrammed in MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Trigger a "Deceleration on the current limit" and activation of the timer for a switchover after STOP A

(see MD \$MA_SAFE_PULSE_DISABLE_DELAY).

Remedy: Eliminate causes of alarm "Tolerance for safe standstill exceeded" or "STOP F triggered" (see

description of these alarms).

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

NCK alarms

27024 Axis %1 stop A triggered

Parameters: %1 = Axis number Definitions: This alarm follows an

- Alarm 27011 "Safe velocity exceeded" (when configured as such in \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_MODE, \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_REACTION)

- Alarm 27013 "Safe braking ramp exceeded",

- Alarm 27023 "Stop B triggered"

- unsuccessful test stop.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Trigger a "Pulse suppression".

Remedy: Eliminate causes of

> - alarm "Save velocity exceeded", - alarm "Safe braking ramp exceeded",

- alarm "Stop B triggered" - unsuccessful test stop

(see description of these alarms).

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

27030 Axis %1 function not supported on this 611D module

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

SINUMERIK Safety Integrated can be used only with the 611D Performance control modules with 2 **Definitions:**

measuring circuits per drive and cutoff relay. An attempt has been made to activate a safety function

although no such module is plugged in.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Replace module or switch off safety functions in MD \$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

27031 Axis %1 limit value for safe velocity %2 at gear ratio %3 too large (max.

%4)

%1 = Axis number Parameters:

%2 = Limit value index

%3 = Number of the transmission ratio

%4 = Maximum velocity

Definitions: All limit values in MD \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT have to be set in a way that the limit frequency of the

> amplitude monitoring in the measuring circuit hardware is not exceeded. The limit value which did not fulfil this condition is indicated as second parameter (1 for SG1, 2 for SG2, etc.). The third parameter indicates the gear stage, e.g. 1 for gear stage 1, 2 for gear stage 2, etc. The fourth parameter indicates the maximum velocity which can be entered to just maintain the limit frequency in safe operation. The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Trigger a "Pulse suppression".

Remedy: Reduce the limit value in MD \$MA_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[x], x = (2nd alarm parameter) - 1, or correct

the setting of the gear factors.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

27032 Axis %1 checksum error %2 of safe monitoring. Confirmation and

acceptance test required!

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Index of \$MA_SAFE_ACT_CHECKSUM

Definitions: The relevant MDs \$MN_SAFE..., \$MN_PROFISAFE..., \$MA_SAFE ... are protected by a

> checksum. The alarm indicates that the current checksum does not coincide any longer with the stored checksum, which means that either an MD value has been changed without authorization or an MD is defective.

The 2nd parameter indicates the field entry of \$MA_SAFE_ACT_CHECKSUM in which the error was

found.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check MDs. Allow the checksum to be recalculated. Re-accept safety functions.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

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27033 Axis %1 parameterization of MD %2[%3] invalid

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = MD identifier

%3 = Machine data index

Definitions:

The parameterization of machine data %2 is incorrect. An additional indication is the array index of the machine data. If the machine data is a single machine data, a zero is specified as array index. This alarm occurs in the following contexts:

- 1. Conversion of the specified MD into the internal calculation format will cause an overflow.
- 2. The values entered in MD \$MA_SAFE_POS_LIMIT_PLUS and \$MA_SAFE_POS_LIMIT_MINUS have been interchanged. The upper limit is less than or equal to the lower limit.
- 3. For an axis with safety functions, the setpoint/actual channel assignment in MD

\$MA_SAFE_ENC_SEGMENT_NR, MD \$MA_CTRLOUT_SEGMENT_NR was not made on the drive bus. No module number was stated for a setpoint/actual value assignment in MD \$MA_CTRLOUT_MODULE_NR, MD \$MA_SAFE_ENC_MODULE_NR.

- 4. The number of drives has changed. On reading back the standstill position and the associated drive number, a difference has been found to the current drive configuration.
- 5. A safety function has been enabled in MD \$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE without the safety functions SBH/SG having been enabled.
- 6. Error on parameterizing the input/output settings for the SGEs/SGAs.
- 7. A zero has been entered in MD \$MA_SAFE_ENC_GRID_POINT_DIST.
- 8. A zero has been entered in MD \$MA_SAFE_ENC_RESOL .
- 9. Different settings have been made in MD \$MA_IS_ROT_AX and MD \$MA_SAFE_IS_ROT_AX.
- 10. A non-existent measuring circuit has been parameterized in MD \$MA_SAFE_ENC_INPUT_NR.
- 11. In MD \$MA_SAFE_ENC_MODULE_NR, the number of a drive has been entered that either does not exist or has been detected as inactive. With an inactive drive, MD \$MA_SAFE_ENC_TYPE was not reset to 0.
- 12. In MD \$MA_SAFE_ENC_TYPE, an encoder type has been parameterized that does not match the physically present type.
- 13. In MD \$MA_SAFE_ENC_TYPE, an incorrect encoder type has been entered for an active drive $(MA_SAFE_ENC_TYPE = 0, 2, 3 \text{ or } 5).$
- 14. When setting the parameters for the motor encoder in MD \$MA_SAFE_ENC_INPUT_NR, the measuring circuit for the 2nd measuring system is also used to ensure double-redundancy. The 2nd measuring circuit of this drive module has also been parameterized in the data of another axis, therefore there is a dual assignment. The 2nd measuring circuit connection cannot be used for the actual value acquisition in this parameterization.
- 15. In MD \$MA_SAFE_POS_TOL a value greater than 10mm was entered for a linear axis.
- 16. In MD \$MA_SAFE_REFP_POS_TOL, a value greater than 1mm was entered for a linear axis.
- 17. The limit values for the "n<n_x" monitoring, calculated from MD \$MA_SAFE_VELO_X and MD \$MA SAFE POS TOL, are of equal size.
- 18. One of the activated cam positions is outside the actual value modulo range.
- 19. The parameterized cam modulo range MD \$MA_SAFE_MODULO_RANGE is not a multiple integer of 360 degrees.
- 20. The parameterized cam modulo range MD \$MA_SAFE_MODULO_RANGE and the modulo range in MD \$MA_MODULO_RANGE cannot be divided as integers into one another.
- 21. The "Actual value synchronization 2-encoder system" function (slippage) is selected for a singleencoder system, or a function with an absolute reference (SE/SN) is active at the same time.
- 22. Alarms 27000/300950 should be suppressed for parking (MD

\$MA_SAFE_PARK_ALARM_SUPPRESS!=0). The SGA "Axis safely referenced" must be configured in MD \$MA_SAFE_REFP_STATUS_OUTPUT.

- 23. An axial SGE/SGA was configured at the SPL interface (segment number = 4) and the function enable for the external stops (MD \$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE, bit6) is missing.
- 24. An axial SGE/SGA was parameterized at the SPL interface (segment number = 4) and the SGE "Deselect ext. Stop A" (assignment via MD \$MA_SAFE_EXT_STOP_INPUT[0]) was parameterized inverted (bit31 = 1) or the SGE "Deselect ext. Stop A" was not parameterized at the SPL interface \$A_OUTSI.
- 25. The function "Save actual value with incremental encoder" is enabled via MD \$MA_ENC_REFP_STATE for the parameterizable incremental encoder, and a monitoring function with absolute reference (SE/SN) is enabled via MD \$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE. It is not permissible to combine these functions.
- 26. A value greater than 1000 mm/min was entered for a linear axis in MD \$MA_SAFE_STANDSTILL_VELO_TOL.
- 27. A value greater than 20000 mm/min was entered for a linear axis in MD

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\$MA_SAFE_STOP_VELO_TOL.

- 28. A value greater than 1000 mm/min was entered for a linear axis in MD \$MA_SAFE_VELO_X.
- 29. A value greater than 1000 mm/min was entered for a linear axis in \$MA_SAFE_SLIP_VELO_TOL.
- 30. A value greater than the maximum settable encoder limit frequency for the safe operation of a single-encoder system was set in MD \$MA_SAFE_ENC_FREQ_LIMIT.
- 31. A value greater than 300kHz for a Performance-1 or Standard-2 control module was set in MD \$MA_SAFE_ENC_FREQ_LIMIT.
- 32. MD \$MA_SAFE_EXT_PULSE_ENAB_OUTPUT was not or not correctly parameterized. A parameterization of this MD is required if in MD \$MA_SAFE_PULSE_ENABLE_OUTPUT, bit30 is set to 1, i.e. internal pulse suppression is being used.
- 33. The MD \$MN_SAFE_SPL_STOP_MODE has been parameterized to the value of 4 (Stop E) without having enabled the external Stop E in all the axes with SI function enables (MD \$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE not equal to 0).
- 34. Testing the mechanical system of the brakes was enabled in MD \$MA_FIXED_STOP_MODE (bit1 = 1), without previously enabling the safe operation function for this axis in MD
- \$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE. Testing the mechanical system of the brakes is permitted only with safety functions in this axis.
- 35. Illegal values have been parameterized in MD \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_MODE or MD \$MA_SAFE_VELO_STOP_REACTION.
- 36. In MD \$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE, the cam synchronization was activated via bit7 without enabling any cams via bit8...bit15 or via \$MA_SAFE_CAM_ENABLE.
- 37. The cam is enabled both via \$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE and via \$MA_SAFE_CAM_ENABLE
- 38. In MD \$MA_SAFE_DRIVE_PS_ADDRESS an invalid value was parameterized or the same address was assigned for several axes.
- 39. The internal default of MD \$MA_SAFE_ENC_PULSE_SHIFT from drive parameterization could not be executed, as some values outside the specified range would have to be defaulted in this case. Adjust the encoder parameterization in the drive.
- 40. The MD $MA_SAFE_VELO_OVR_FACTOR$ was parameterized with digits behind the decimal point.
- 41. The logical start addresses configured in the hardware configuration and in MD

\$MA_SAFE_CTRLOUT_MODULE_NR, \$MN_SAFE_DRIVE_LOGIC_ADDRESS are not the same or the slot addressed by it has the wrong length.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check and change the specified MD. Allow the checksum to be recalculated. Re-accept safety

functions.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

27034 Parameterization of MD %1 invalid.

Parameters: %1 = MD identifier

Definitions: The parameterization of %1 is incorrect. This alarm occurs in the following context:

- an incorrect value was entered for MD \$MN_SAFE_ALARM_SUPPRESS_LEVEL.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check and correct the specified machine data.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

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27035 Axis %1 new hardware component, confirmation and acceptance

required.

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: The IDs for the corresponding hardware components (encoder, motor module)

read out by the drive do not match the NCK parameterization.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Continue the start-up operation; correct the checksums.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

27036 Axis %1 encoder parameterization MD %2[%3] has been adjusted.

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = MD identifier

%3 = Machine data index

Definitions: Encoder parameterization of the encoder read out by the drive for the SI monitoring functions

does not match NCK parameterization in the displayed MD. The relevant NCK MD has been adjusted.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

In addition, a Stop F is triggered that may cause follow-up alarm 27001 with error code 0 as well as

alarms 27023 and 27024.

Alarm 27001 with error code 0 can be avoided by alarm reduction (\$MA_SAFE_ALARM_SUPPRESS_LEVEL higher or equal to 1).

Remedy: Continue the start-up operation; correct the checksums.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

27037 Axis %1 and %2 with the same PROFIsafe address %3.

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Axis number %3 = PROFIsafe address

Definitions: The PROFIsafe addresses of these two axes read out by the drive are identical.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Set the correct PROFIsafe addresses of the drives.

Program Sw Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

27038 Axis %1 value %2 in drive parameter %3 violates the limits of NCK MD

%4.

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Value in drive parameter

%3 = Drive parameter number, for example parameter 979.

%4 = NCK machine data name.

Switch control OFF - ON.

Definitions: A SINAMICS drive delivers values in a parameter that violate the min/max value for an NCK machine

data.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Examine why incorrect values are entered in parameter 979 of the drive (for example, internal

software errors in the drive, see drive documentation).

Program

Continuation:

27040

Axis %1 waiting for motor module.

Parameters: %1 = Axis name, spindle number

Definitions: Alarm on ramp-up as long as the motor module is not yet ready for SI.

Communication to the motor module is not yet active on ramp-up, the safety functions are not yet

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

The alarm will remain present during ramp-up if the drive does not communicate (for example if the Remedy:

PROFIBUS plug has fallen out). Otherwise, the alarm will only briefly be displayed and then be deleted

automatically.

Possible causes for the continual presence of this alarm:

The safe motion monitoring is only activated in \$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE, but not in the corresponding parameter of the assigned drive (p9501). Check the correctness of parameter p9501

and the assignment of the drive in MD \$MA_SAFE_CTRLOUT_MODULE_NR and

\$MN_SAFE_DRIVE_LOGIC_ADDRESS, p0978.

Program

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

27050 Axis %1 SI communication failure.

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: Communication with the drive for Safety Integrated

motion monitoring is additionally monitored. This monitoring

has found an error.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Verification of the connections between NCK and drive.

Check for compliance with the EMC requirements.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27090 Error in data cross check NCK-PLC, %1[%2], NCK: %3; %4<ALSI>

Parameters: %1 = Name of system variable in which the error was detected

%2 = System variable array index extension %3 = NCK comparison value extension %4 = Cross-check array index extension

Definitions: Differences in the compared data have occured in a cyclic data cross check between NCK and PLC.

Parameter %1 specifies the erroneous system variable (\$A_INSI, \$A_OUTSI, \$A_INSE, \$A_OUTSE

or\$A_MARKERSI) with error index %2.

Special cases:

- Alarm "Error in NCK-PLC data cross check, \$MN_PREVENT_SYNACT_LOCK[0], ..." means that the SPL startup status has been set differently in the NCK and PLC.

- Alarm "Error in NCK-PLC data cross check, \$MN_SPL_STOP_MODE[0], ..." means that the SPL stop reaction (Stop D or E) has been set differently in the NCK and PLC.
- Alarm "Error in NCK-PLC data cross check, TIMEOUT[0], NCK: 0" means that the communication between NCK and PLC is generally disturbed and that a data cross check can no longer be performed.

With data cross-check errors on system variables \$A_INSE, the hardware assignment parameterized in MD \$MN_SAFE_IN_HW_ASSIGN[0...7] is displayed in addition to the affected system variables in alarm parameter %1, so that the affected hardware connection is shown directly by the specifications in the alarm line.

Example: Error in NCK-PLC data cross-check, DMP 04.03 Bit 01=\$A_INSE[2], NCK: 1; The specifications in the example (04.03) correspond to the entries made in the machine data

\$MN_SAFE_IN_HW_ASSIGN[0...7] for the mentioned system variable.

They specify:

DMP 04.xx The drive number of the affected terminal block (value range = 01...21).

DMP xx.03 Module number of the input module (value range = 01...08).

The indicated numbers are represented as hexadecimal numbers, same as in MD

\$MN_SAFE_IN_HW_ASSIGN[0...7].

Same as with the numbering of the inputs on the DMP modules, the bit numbers begin with value 0 (value range = 00...15).

When assigning the SPL inputs to the NC onboard inputs, the extended alarm text is as follows: Error in NCK-PLC data cross-check, NC-Onboard-In 01=\$A:INSE[1], NCK: 1; 2.

With parameter %4 a specific alarm message can be configured on HMI for all listed system variables: %4 = 0: Error SPL startup status (\$MN_PREVENT_SYNACT_LOCK[0,1] - DB18.DBX36.0) or different stop reaction (\$MN_SAFE_SPL_STOP_MODE - DB18.DBX36.1).

%4 = 1.... 64: Error in system variable $A_INSE[1...64]$

%4 = 65...128: Error in system variable $A_OUTSE[1...64]$

%4 = 129...192: Error in system variable \$A_INSI[1...64]

%4 = 193...256: Error in system variable \$A_OUTSI[1...64]

%4 = 257...320: Error in system variable \$A_MARKERSI[1...64]

In order to parameterize alarm 27090, file ALSI_xx.com must be incorporated in data handling and announced in HMI via MBDDE.INI in section[IndexTextFiles] ALSI=f:\dh\mb.dir\alsi_. The definition of this file can be changed by the machine OEM, in order to incorporate additional text passages in the alarm that make sense for their system. If the file definition shall be changed, the new file must be announced in the system via MBDDE.INI.

Via MD \$MN_SAFE_ALARM_SUPPRESS_LEVEL the display of alarm 27090 can be influenced: MD \$MN_SAFE_ALARM_SUPPRESS_LEVEL = 2 : Alarm 27090 is only displayed for the data difference found first.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Trigger a STOP D/E (settable via MD \$MN_SPL_STOP_MODE) on all axes with safety functionality, as soon as the SPL start-up phase (MD \$MN_PREVENT_SYNACT_LOCK[0,1] unequal to 0) is

Remedy: Analyze the value displayed and evaluate DB18: SPL_DELTA on the PLC side.

Find the difference between the monitoring channels. Possible causes:

- Incorrect wiring
- Incorrect SPL
- Incorrect assignment of the axial SGEs to internal interface \$A_OUTSI
- Incorrect assignment of the axial SGAs to internal interface \$A_INSI

NCK alarms

- Incorrect assignment of the SPL SGEs to external interface \$A_INSE
- Incorrect assignment of the SPL SGAs to external interface \$A_OUTSE
- Different SPL startup status set in NCK and PLC
- Different SPL stop reaction set in NCK and PLC

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27091 Error in data cross check NCK-PLC, stop of %1

Parameters: %1 = Extension indicating the monitoring channel that triggered the stop

Definitions: The monitoring channel specified in %1 (NCK or PLC) has triggered a stop D or E (depending on the

parameterization in MD \$MN_SAFE_SPL_STOP_MODE). The alarm 27090 provides further

information about the cause for the stop D/E.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Trigger a STOP D/E (settable via MD \$MN_SPL_STOP_MODE) on all axes with safety functionality, as soon as the SPL start-up phase (MD \$MN_PREVENT_SYNACT_LOCK[0,1] unequal to 0) is

completed

Remedy: Evaluate the alarm parameters of alarm 27090 and amend the SPL, or check the I/O modules/wiring

or the internal SPL interfaces to the safety monitoring channels in the NCK and drive 611D.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27092 Communication broken off during NCK PLC data cross check, error

detected by %1

Parameters: %1 = Extension indicating the monitoring channel that detected the error

Definitions: The delay time (1s) for communication monitoring was exceeded in the monitoring channel specified

in %1 (NCK or PLC). The other monitoring channel did not send a new data packet within this time.

Reaction: Alarm display.

A timer of 5 secs is started, after the expiry of which - the external NCK SPL outputs are deleted

- the PLC changes to stop.

Remedy: Check the system components (the PLC must have the correct version of FB15 and DB18).

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

27093 Checksum error NCK-SPL, %1, %2, %3

Parameters: %1 = Extension indicating the type of error

%2 = Extension indicating the reference variable %3 = Extension indicating the actual variable

Definitions: A checksum error has occurred in the NCK SPL. The file /_N_CST_DIR/_N_SAFE_SPF was

subsequently modified. The safe programmable logic (SPL) in the NCK may be corrupted. Parameter

%1 indicates the type of modification:

- %1 = FILE_LENGTH: the file length has changed.

- %1 = FILE_CONTENT: the file contents have changed. %2 specifies the reference variable (file length, checksum of file contents), %3 specifies the actual

variable which is calculated cyclically.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the file and the time of the last modification to the file. Reload the original file and start the

monitoring system again with a Power On.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

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27094 Write access to system variable %1 only allowed from NCK-SPL

Parameters: %1 = Name of safety system variable concerned

Definitions: Write access to a safety system variable is only allowed from the part program

/_N_CST_DIR/_N_SAFE_SPF. If this error occurs, an instruction from another part program was

detected.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the part programs you are using for write accesses to safety system variables.

Continuation:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27095 %1 SPL protection not activated

Parameters: %1 = Name of the component on which the protection is not activated (NCK or PLC)

Definitions: The protection features are not activated for the SPL. The startup phase of the SPL is not yet

complete. No stop reaction (Stop D or E) was initiated on an error in data cross-comparison between

NCK and PLC.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: - Remedy for NCK: Activate the protection features with MD \$MN_PREVENT_SYNACT_LOCK[0,1].

The number range of the synchronized action IDs used in the SPL must be entered in this MD.

- Remedy for PLC: Activate the protection features by setting the appropriate data bit in DB18.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27096 SPL start not allowed

Definitions: To start the SPL in protected state (MD \$MN_PREVENT_SYNACT_LOCK[0,1] not equal 0) Safety

Integrated functionality must first be activated for at least one axis (via MD

\$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE). Without this functionality it is only possible to operate SPL in

start-up state.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Start up axial Safety Integrated functionality or remove the SPL protection via MD

\$MN_PREVENT_SYNACT_LOCK[0,1].

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

27097 SPL start not executed

Definitions: SPL start not executed after predefined timeout in MD SAFE_SPL_START_TIMEOUT.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Find reason for not executed SPL start. Possible causes may be:

- An NC or drive error is present (e.g. after encoder replacement, EMERGENCY STOP, PROFIsafe

alarms)

- Syntax error in SPL

- Safety Integrated alarm present (e.g. "Safe limit position overrun")

- Name or path of SPL for PROG_EVENT start written incorrectly; take care of upper and lower cases

- Simultaneous start of an ASUB and PROG_EVENT, parameterization MD 11602 (stop causes e.g.

read-in disable)

- Problems when calling FB4/FC9

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

27100 At least one axis is not safely referenced

Definitions:

There are two reasons for this alarm:

- the machine position of at least one of the axes monitored with SI has not yet been acknowledged by the user, or

- the machine position of at least one of the axes monitored with SI has not yet been verified through follow-up referencing.

Even if the axis is already referenced, there is no confirmation that referencing has supplied the correct result. For example, wrong results can occur if the axis was moved after the control was switched off, with the result that the standstill position saved prior to switching off is no longer correct. To make sure that this does not happen, the user must acknowledge the displayed actual position after the first referencing process.

When the user enable has first been set, follow-up referencing must be carried out each time the control is booted (with absolute encoders, this follow-up referencing is executed automatically). This procedure is carried out to verify the standstill position saved prior to switching off of the control. Via the MD \$MN_SAFE_ALARM_SUPPRESS_LEVEL (MD>=3), the alarm display can be set in such a way that an alarm is given for each axis individually which has not been safely referenced.

Reaction: Alarm display.

SGA "Axis safely referenced" is not set. SE will be switched off, if the actual safety position has not yet been confirmed by a user agreement. If the user agreement has been set, SE will remain active. The safe cams are calculated and output. However, their significance is limited as referencing has not been confirmed.

Remedy: Move all SI axes to known positions and change to "Referencing" mode. Check the positions on the

machine displayed in the user confirmation field and set "User confirmation" via the selection/toggle key. If the user confirmation for the axes has already been set, reference the axes again.

Changing the user confirmation will be possible only in key switch position 3 or after password entry

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

27101 Axis %1 difference in function safe operational stop, NCK: %2 drive: %3

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Monitoring status safe operating stop %3 = Monitoring status safe operating stop

Definitions: During cross-comparison of result list 1 a difference was detected between the NCK and drive

monitoring channels in the status of safe operating stop monitoring.

Safe operating stop: Bit 0,1 in result list 1

Monitoring status (%2, %3):

- OFF = Monitoring is inactive in this monitoring channel

- $\mathsf{OK} = \mathsf{Monitoring}$ is active in this monitoring channel, limit values are not violated

- L+ = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, upper limit exceeded

- L- = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, lower limit exceeded

Reaction: Alarm display.

If a safe monitoring was active, STOP B was also triggered automatically. In this case, a power

OFF/ON of the control will be required.

Remedy: Check whether the safe inputs have switched to the same status in both monitoring channels within

the permissible time tolerance.

For further diagnostics, the drive machine data 1391, 1392 and the servo trace signals "Result list 1,

NCK" and "Result list 1, drive" can be used.

Program Continuation:

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27102 Axis %1 difference in function safe velocity %2, NCK: %3 drive: %4

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = SG level for which the difference was determined

%3 = Monitoring status safe velocity %4 = Monitoring status safe velocity

Definitions: During cross-comparison of result list 1 a difference was detected between the NCK and drive

monitoring channels in the status of safe velocity monitoring.

Safe velocity 1: Bit 6, 7 in result list 1
Safe velocity 2: Bit 8, 9 in result list 1
Safe velocity 3: Bit 10, 11 in result list 1
Safe velocity 4: Bit 12, 13 in result list 1

Monitoring status (%3, %4):

- OFF = Monitoring is inactive in this monitoring channel

OK = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, limit values are not violated
 L+ = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, upper limit exceeded
 L- = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, lower limit exceeded

Reaction: Alarm display.

If a safe monitoring was active, STOP B was also triggered automatically. In this case, a power

OFF/ON of the control will be required.

Remedy: Check whether the safe inputs have switched to the same status in both monitoring channels within

the permissible time tolerance.

For further diagnostics, the drive machine data 1391, 1392 and the servo trace signals "Result list 1,

NCK" and "Result list 1, drive" can be used.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27103 Axis %1 difference in function safe limit position %2, NCK: %3 drive: %4

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Number of safe limit position%3 = Monitoring status safe limit position%4 = Monitoring status safe limit position

Definitions: During cross-comparison of result list 1 a difference was detected between the NCK and drive

monitoring channels in the status of safe limit position monitoring.

Safe limit position 1: Bit 2, 3 in result list 1
Safe limit position 2: Bit 4, 5 in result list 1

Monitoring status (%3, %4):

- OFF = Monitoring is inactive in this monitoring channel

- OK = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, limit values are not violated

- L+ = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, upper limit exceeded

- L- = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, lower limit exceeded

Reaction: Alarm display.

If a safe monitoring was active, STOP B was also triggered automatically. In this case, a power

OFF/ON of the control will be required.

Remedy: Check whether the safe inputs have switched to the same status in both monitoring channels within

the permissible time tolerance.

For further diagnostics, the drive machine data 1391, 1392 and the servo trace signals "Result list 1,

NCK" and "Result list 1, drive" can be used.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

27104 Axis %1 difference in function safe cam plus %2, NCK: %3 drive: %4

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Cam number

%3 = Monitoring status safe cam plus %4 = Monitoring status safe cam plus

Definitions: During cross-comparison of result list 2 a difference was detected between the NCK and drive

monitoring channels in the status of safe cam plus monitoring.

Safe cam 1+: Bit 0, 1 in result list 2
Safe cam 2+: Bit 4, 5 in result list 2
Safe cam 3+: Bit 8, 9 in result list 2
Safe cam 4+: Bit 12, 13 in result list 2

Monitoring status (%3, %4):

- OFF = Monitoring is inactive in this monitoring channel

OK = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, limit values are not violated
 L+ = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, upper limit exceeded
 L- = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, lower limit exceeded

Reaction: Alarm display.

If a safe monitoring was active, STOP B was also triggered automatically. In this case, a power

OFF/ON of the control will be required.

Remedy: Check whether the safe actual values in both monitoring channels are the same.

For further diagnostics, the drive machine data 1393, 1394 and the servo trace signals "Result list 2,

NCK" and "Result list 2, drive" can be used.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27105 Axis %1 difference in function safe cam minus %2, NCK: %3 drive: %4

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Cam number

%3 = Monitoring status safe cam minus %4 = Monitoring status safe cam minus

Definitions: During cross-comparison of result list 2 a difference was detected between the NCK and drive

monitoring channels in the status of safe cam minus monitoring.

Safe cam 1-: Bit 2, 3 in result list 2
Safe cam 2-: Bit 6, 7 in result list 2
Safe cam 3-: Bit 10, 11 in result list 2

- Safe cam 4-: Bit 14, 15 in result list 2

Monitoring status (%3, %4):

- OFF = Monitoring is inactive in this monitoring channel

- OK = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, limit values are not violated

- L+ = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, upper limit exceeded
 - L- = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, lower limit exceeded

Reaction: Alarm display.

If a safe monitoring was active, STOP B was also triggered automatically. In this case, a power

OFF/ON of the control will be required.

Remedy: Check whether the safe actual values in both monitoring channels are the same.

For further diagnostics, the drive machine data 1393, 1394 and the servo trace signals "Result list 2, $\frac{1}{2}$ " and $\frac{1}{2$

NCK" and "Result list 2, drive" can be used.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

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NCK alarms

27106 Axis %1 difference in function safe velocity nx, NCK: %2 drive: %3

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Monitoring status safe velocity nx %3 = Monitoring status safe velocity nx

During cross-comparison of result list 2 a difference was detected between the NCK and drive

monitoring channels in the status of safe velocity monitoring.

Safe velocity nx+: Bit 16, 17 in result list 2Safe velocity nx-: Bit 18, 19 in result list 2

Monitoring status (%2, %3):

- OFF = Monitoring is inactive in this monitoring channel

OK = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, limit values are not violated
 L+ = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, upper limit exceeded
 L- = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, lower limit exceeded

Reaction: Alarm display.

If a safe monitoring was active, STOP B was also triggered automatically. In this case, a power

OFF/ON of the control will be required.

Remedy: Check whether the safe actual values in both monitoring channels are the same.

For further diagnostics, the drive machine data 1393, 1394 and the servo trace signals "Result list 2,

NCK" and "Result list 2, drive" can be used.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27107 Axis %1 difference in function cam modulo monitoring, NCK: %2 drive:

%3

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Monitoring status safe cam modulo range %3 = Monitoring status safe cam modulo range

Definitions: During cross-comparison of result list 2 a difference was detected between the NCK and drive

monitoring channels in the status of cam modulo monitoring.

Safe cam modulo range: Bit 20, 21 in result list 2

Monitoring status (%2, %3):

- OFF = Monitoring is inactive in this monitoring channel

OK = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, limit values are not violated
 L+ = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, upper limit exceeded

- L- = Monitoring is active in this monitoring channel, lower limit exceeded

Reaction: Alarm display.

If a safe monitoring was active, STOP B was also triggered automatically. In this case, a power

OFF/ON of the control will be required.

Remedy: Check whether the safe actual values in both monitoring channels are the same.

For further diagnostics, the drive machine data 1393, 1394 and the servo trace signals "Result list 2,

NCK" and "Result list 2, drive" can be used.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

27110 Axis %1 fault during data transmission index%2.

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Index in data cross-check.

Definitions: Faulty communication between NCK and drive caused that data cross-check

of data and indicated index could not be executed three times in a row.

Reaction: Alarm display.

In addition, a Stop F is triggered that may cause follow-up alarm 27001 with error code 0 as well as

alarms 27023 and 27024.

Alarm 27001 with error code 0 can be avoided by alarm reduction (\$MA_SAFE_ALARM_SUPPRESS_LEVEL higher or equal to 1).

Remedy: Verification of compliance with the EMC regulations.

Replace the hardware.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27111 Axis %1 fault during encoder evaluation of the safe actual value.

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: The redundantly determined safe actual value does not match

the fine resolution actual value of the same encoder.

Reaction: Alarm display.

In addition, a Stop F is triggered that may cause follow-up alarm 27001 with error code 0 as well as

alarms 27023 and 27024.

Alarm 27001 with error code 0 can be avoided by alarm reduction (\$MA_SAFE_ALARM_SUPPRESS_LEVEL higher or equal to 1).

Remedy: Verification of compliance with the EMC regulations.

Replace the hardware.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

27112 Axis %1 CRC error of the safe actual value.

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: An error has been detected on verifying data consistency of the safe actual value (CRC).

Reaction: Alarm display.

In addition, a Stop F is triggered that may cause follow-up alarm 27001 with error code 0 as well as

alarms 27023 and 27024.

Alarm 27001 with error code 0 can be avoided by alarm reduction (\$MA_SAFE_ALARM_SUPPRESS_LEVEL higher or equal to 1).

Remedy: Possible causes of the continual presence of this alarm:

- The NCK monitoring channel for safe motion monitoring is not communicating with the monitoring channel of the assigned drive but with that of another axis. Check the correctness of the assignment

of the drive in the hardware configuration, \$MA_SAFE_CTRLOUT_MODULE_NR,

\$MN_SAFE_DRIVE_LOGIC_ADDRESS, and p0978.

- Interference in the communication between NCK and drive. Check compliance with the EMC

guidelines. Exchange hardware.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

27113 Axis %1 hardware encoder error of the safe actual value.

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: Encoder evaluation outputs a hardware error. The reasons may be pollution in

the visual encoder evaluation or problems during signal transmission.

Reaction: Alarm display.

In addition, a Stop F is triggered that may cause follow-up alarm 27001 with error code 0 as well as

alarms 27023 and 27024.

Alarm 27001 with error code 0 can be avoided by alarm reduction (\$MA_SAFE_ALARM_SUPPRESS_LEVEL higher or equal to 1).

Remedy: Verification of compliance with the EMC regulations.

Replace the encoder hardware.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27124 Stop A triggered at least in 1 axis

Definitions: This is only an informational alarm indicating that Stop A has been triggered in at least 1 axis and

Power On is required for alarm acknowledgment.

This alarm occurs if the alarm priority function was activated in MD

\$MN_SAFE_ALARM_SUPPRESS_LEVEL.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Trigger a "Pulse suppression" for the affected axis.

Remedy: Find the error cause by means of further alarm messages.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

27140 Waiting for motor module of at least one axis.

Definitions: Alarm during ramp-up as long as the motor module of at least one axis is not yet ready for SI.

Communication to the motor module during ramp-up has not yet been activated; the safety functions

of at least one axis are not yet available.

Via MD \$MN_SAFE_ALARM_SUPPRESS_LEVEL (MD<3) the alarm display can be set to display for

each axis individually whether communication has been activated.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The alarm will remain present during ramp-up if at least one drive does not communicate (for example,

 $if the \ \mathsf{PROFIBUS} \ \mathsf{plug} \ \mathsf{has} \ \mathsf{fallen} \ \mathsf{out}). \ \mathsf{Otherwise}, \ \mathsf{the} \ \mathsf{alarm} \ \mathsf{will} \ \mathsf{only} \ \mathsf{briefly} \ \mathsf{be} \ \mathsf{displayed}, \ \mathsf{and} \ \mathsf{then} \ \mathsf{be}$

deleted automatically.

Possible causes of the continual presence of the alarm:

Safe motion monitoring has been activated for at least one axis only in

\$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE, but not in the corresponding parameter of the assigned drive (p9501). Check the correctness of parameter p9501 and the assignment of the drive in MD \$MA_SAFE_CTRLOUT_MODULE_NR, \$MN_SAFE_DRIVE_LOGIC_ADDRESS, p0978.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

NCK alarms

27200 PROFIsafe: cycle time %1 [ms] too long

Parameters: %1 = Parameterized cycle time

Definitions: The PROFIsafe communication cycle time resulting from MD \$MN_PROFISAFE_IPO_TIME_RATIO

and MD \$MN_IPO_CYCLE_TIME exceeds the permissible limit value (25 ms).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Adapt cycle time via MD \$MN_PROFISAFE_IPO_TIME_RATIO or correct the reduction of the IPO

cycle.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

27201 PROFIsafe: MD %1[%2]: bus segment %3 error

Parameters: %1 = MD name

%2 = MD array index

%3 = Parameterized bus segment

Definitions: An incorrect bus segment was entered in the specified machine data. The value must be 5.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.
Correct the MD.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

Remedy:

27202 PROFIsafe: MD %1[%2]: address %3 error

Parameters: %1 = MD name

%2 = MD array index

%3 = Parameterized PROFIsafe address

Definitions: An incorrect PROFIsafe address was entered in the specified machine data. The value must be

greater than 0.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Correct the MD.

Remedy: Correct the MD

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

27203 PROFIsafe: MD %1[%2]: SPL assignment error

Parameters: %1 = MD name

%2 = MD array index

Definitions: The parameterization of the specified machine data for the link between the SPL interface and a

PROFIsafe module is incorrect because of the following reasons:

- Exchanged bit limits (upper bit value < lower bit value)

- Bit values greater than definition of SPL interface (bit value > 64)

- Number of bits too high for this PROFIsafe module (upper bit value - lower bit value + 1 > 8)

- No SPL assignment parameterized (both bit values equal to zero)

- Incorrect SPL assignment (bit value equals zero)

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Correct the MD.

Program Continuation:

Remedy:

Switch control OFF - ON.

27204 PROFIsafe: double assignment MD %1[%2] - MD %3[%4]

Parameters: %1 = MD name 1

%2 = MD array index for MD name 1

%3 = MD name 2

%4 = MD array index for MD name 2

Definitions: A double assignment has illegally been parameterized in the specified machine data:

\$A_INSE parameterized on DMP as well as PROFIsafe modules. Involved MDs:

- MD \$MN_SAFE_IN_HW_ASSIGN - MD \$MN_PROFISAFE_IN_ASSIGN

\$A_INSE parameterized on several PROFIsafe modules. Involved MD:

- MD \$MN_PROFISAFE_IN_ASSIGN

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Correct the MD.

Program Continuation:

Remedy:

Switch control OFF - ON.

27205 PROFIsafe: number of signals in MD %1 [%2] <> MD %3[%4]

Parameters: %1 = MD name 1

%2 = MD array index for MD name 1

%3 = MD name 2

%4 = MD array index for MD name 2

Definitions: The parameterized number or the signals used must be the same in both machine data.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Correct the MD.

Remedy: **Program**

Continuation:

NCK alarms

27206 PROFIsafe: MD %1[%2] maximum number of F user data (%3 bits)

exceeded.

%1 = MD name Parameters:

%2 = MD array index for MD name %3 = Maximum F user data bits.

Definitions: The parameterized data indicated in the machine data are outside the F user data range of the F

module.

Note

When machine data PROFISAFE_IN/OUT_ADDRESS is displayed, the sub slot address

parameterized in it will exceed the F user data range of the F module.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm. Correct the MD.

Program

Remedy:

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

27207 PROFIsafe: MD %1[%2] max. sub slot number: %3 exceeded

Parameters: %1 = MD name

> %2 = MD array index for MD name %3 = Max. number of sub slots

Definitions: The sub slot parameterized in the indicated machine data exceeds the max. permissible number of

sub slots per PROFIsafe module.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Reduce the number of sub slots by changing the splitting of F user data of the PROFIsafe module.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

27208 PROFIsafe: MD %1[%2]: max. sub-slot address %3 exceeded.

Parameters: %1 = MD name

%2 = MD array index

%3 = Maximum sub-slot address.

Definitions: A sub-slot address was entered in the MD that is too high. The entered value must not exceed the

displayed maximum sub-slot address.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Correct the MD.

Remedy: **Program**

Continuation:

NCK alarms

27220 PROFIsafe: Number of NCK F modules (%1) <> Number of S7 F modules

(%2)

Parameters: %1 = Number of parameterized NCK F modules

%2 = Number of parameterized S7 F modules

Definitions: The number of F modules parameterized via the NCK machine data

\$MN_PROFISAFE_IN/OUT_ADDRESS is:

- Greater than the number of PROFIBUS slaves in the S7 PROFIBUS configuration.

- Smaller than the number of F modules in the S7 PROFIBUS configuration,

- greater than the number of F modules known in the S7 PROFIBUS configuration.

If alarm parameter %2 = 0, then none of the configured F modules were found in the S7 PROFIBUS

configuration.

In most cases, the reason for the alarm is an error in the parameterization of the PROFIsafe master

address

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check the F parameterization in MD \$MN_PROFISAFE_IN/OUT_ADDRESS.

Check the F configuration in the S7 PROFIBUS configuration. Check the parameterized PROFIsafe master address in MD

\$MN_PROFISAFE_MASTER_ADDRESS and in the S7 PROFIBUS configuration.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

27221 PROFIsafe: NCK F module MD %1[%2] unknown

Parameters: %1 = MD name

%2 = MD array index

Definitions: The F module parameterized in the specified machine data is unknown under this PROFIsafe address

in the S7 PROFIBUS configuration.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check the PROFIsafe addresses in the NCK MD and S7 PROFIBUS configuration.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

27222 PROFIsafe: S7 F module PROFIsafe address %1 unknown

Parameters: %1 = PROFIsafe address

Definitions: The F module with the specified PROFIsafe address has not been parameterized as an F module in

the NCK MD.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check the S7 PROFIBUS configuration. Enter the module in the NCK MD.

Program Switch Continuation:

NCK alarms

27223 PROFIsafe: NCK F module MD %1[%2] is not a %3 module

Parameters: %1 = MD name

%2 = MD array index %3 = Module type

Definitions: The F module parameterized in the specified NCK MD has not been entered as input/output module

in the S7 PROFIBUS configuration.

- %3 = INPUT: NCK F parameterization expects INPUT module
 - %3 = OUTPUT: NCK F parameterization expects OUTPUT module
 - %3 = IN/OUT: NCK F parameterization expects INPUT or OUTPUT module

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check the module in the S7 PROFIBUS configuration.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

27224 PROFIsafe: F module MD %1[%2] - MD %3[%4]: double assignment of PROFIsafe address

Parameters: %1 = MD name 1 %2 = MD array index 1

%2 = MD array index 1 %3 = MD name 2 %4 = MD array index 2

Definitions: In the NCK MD or in the S7 F parameters, the same PROFIsafe address has been parameterized for

the F modules parameterized in the specified machine data. Therefore, no clear communication link

is possible between F master and F slave.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check and correct the S7 F parameterization and NCK MD.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

27225 PROFIsafe: slave %1, configuration error %2

Parameters: %1 = PROFIBUS slave address

%2 = Configuration error

Definitions: An error occurred during the evaluation of the S7 PROFIBUS configuration for the specified slave.

This is further specified in alarm parameter %2.

%2 = PRM header: the PRM telegram for this slave could not clearly be interpreted.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check and correct the S7 PROFIBUS configuration.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

27240 PROFIsafe: DP M not running up, DP info: %1

Parameters: %1 = Current information from the DP interface NCK-PLC

Definitions: There is no DP configuration available to the NCK after the time specified via the MD

\$MN_PLC_RUNNINGUP_TIMEOUT.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

- Increase MD \$MN_PLC_RUNNINGUP_TIMEOUT Remedy:

- Check the PLC operating status.

- Check the PLC operating system software version. - Delete the F parameterization in the NCK MD.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

27241 PROFIsafe: DP M version different, NCK: %1, PLC: %2

Parameters: %1 = DP interface version of the NCK

%2 = DP interface version of the PLC

Definitions: The NCK and PLC components have different implementations of the DP interface. The F

communication cannot be initialized.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

- Check the PLC operating system and NCK software versions. Remedy:

- Upgrade the PLC operating system.

- Delete the NCK F parameterization.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

27242 PROFIsafe: F module %1, %2 faulty

Parameters: %1 = PROFIsafe address

%2 = Incorrect F parameter

Definitions: An error was detected during the evaluation of the F parameters.

%2 = CRC1: CRC specified by F parameters faulty.

 $\%2 = F_WD_Timeout$: The monitoring time parameterized in Step 7 is too small for the PROFIsafe

cycle time defined by the MD \$MN_PROFISAFE_IPO_TIME_RATIO.

%2 = CRC2_Len: CRC message length faulty.

%2 = F_Data_Len: the telegram length defined for the specified module is incorrect.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

%2 = CRC1: PLC overall reset, reload the S7 F configuration. Remedy:

%2 = F_WD_Timeout: reparameterize the PROFIsafe cycle time or F monitoring time.

%2 = CRC2_Len: PLC overall reset, reload the S7 F configuration. %2 = F_Data_Len: PLC overall reset, reload the S7 F configuration.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

27250 PROFIsafe: configuration in DP M changed; error code %1 - %2

Parameters: %1 = NCK project number

%2 = Current PLC project number

Definitions: The DP master shows a modified S7 PROFIBUS configuration. Error-free operation can no longer be

guaranteed.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Communication with F slaves is finished.

A STOP D/E (settable via MD \$MN_SPL_STOP_MODE) is triggered on all axes with safety

functionality.

Remedy: Restart the PLC/NCK.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

27251 PROFIsafe: F module %1, %2 reports error %3

Parameters: %1 = PROFIsafe address

%2 = Reporting component (master/slave)

%3 = Error code

Definitions: An error occurred in the PROFIsafe communication between the F master and the specified F module

which was detected by the component (master/slave) shown in parameter %2.

The error code specifies the error type:

- %3 = TO: The parameterized communication timeout was exceeded

- %3 = CRC: A CRC error was detected

- %3 = CN: An error in the time sequence of the F messages was detected

- %3 = SF: F master error, NCK/PLC are no longer synchronous
- %3 = EA: Communication error, slave sends empty messages

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Trigger a STOP D/E (settable via MD \$MN_SPL_STOP_MODE) on all axes with safety functionality.

Remedy: Check the DP wiring. Restart F slave modules. Restart the NCK/PLC.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27252 PROFIsafe: Slave %1, sign-of-life error

Parameters: %1 = DP slave address

Definitions: The specified DP slave no longer communicates with the master.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Trigger a STOP D/E (settable via MD \$MN_SPL_STOP_MODE) on all axes with safety functionality.

Remedy: Check the DP wiring. Restart F slave modules. Restart the NCK/PLC.

Program
Continuation:

NCK alarms

27253 PROFIsafe: communication fault F master component %1, error %2

Parameters: %1 = Error component (NCK/PLC)

%2 = Error code

Definitions: The F master signals that the communication between the NCK and PLC is no longer working.

The error code %1 specifies the cause:

- %1 = NCK: Link between PROFIsafe and SPL interface is interrupted.
- %1 = PLC: the PLC does no longer execute the OB40 request.
- %1 = PLC-DPM: DP master is no longer in OPERATE status.
Parameter %2 provides further information about the error's cause:

- %2 = 0: NCK-internal sequence error (see %1=NCK).
- %2 = 1,2,4: PLC processing of the OB40 not finished.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Trigger a STOP D/E (settable via MD \$MN_SPL_STOP_MODE) on all axes with safety functionality.

Remedy: Extend the PROFIsafe cycle time via MD \$MN_PROFISAFE_IPO_TIME_RATIO.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27254 PROFIsafe: F module %1, error on channel %2; %3<ALSI>

Parameters: %1 = PROFIsafe address

%2 = Channel type, channel number %3 = System variable array index extension

Definitions: The F module signals that an error occurred in the interface of the specified channel.

This alarm is only triggered for ET200S F modules.

The type of channel (input or output channel) is indicated by the abbreviations IN and OUT in %2. A specific alarm message can be programmed for each of the system variables on the HMI via

parameter %3:

- %3 = 1....64: Error in system variables \$A_INSE[1...64] - %3 = 65...128: Error in system variables \$A_OUTSE[1...64]

- %3 = -1: Error in an input or output channel for which there is no SPL assignment

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Trigger a STOP D/E (settable via MD \$MN_SPL_STOP_MODE) on all axes with safety functionality.

Remedy: Check wiring. Wiring OK: replace F module.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27255 PROFIsafe: F module %1, general error

Parameters: %1 = PROFIsafe address

Definitions: The specified PROFIsafe module signals an error. A more exact specification of the error's cause

cannot be made without further assistance.

This alarm is triggered for all types of PROFIsafe slaves.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Trigger a STOP D/E (settable via MD \$MN_SPL_STOP_MODE) on all axes with safety functionality.

Remedy: Check wiring

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

27256 PROFIsafe: Current cycle time %1 [ms]> parameterized cycle time

Parameters: %1 = Current PROFIsafe communication cycle time

Definitions: The current PROFIsafe communication cycle time is greater than the value set via MD

 $\$MN_PROFISAFE_IPO_TIME_RATIO.\ The\ parameterized\ PROFIsafe\ communication\ cycle\ time\ is$

continually exceeded on the PLC side.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Trigger a STOP D/E (settable via MD \$MN_SPL_STOP_MODE) on all axes with safety functionality.

Remedy: Adapt cycle time via MD \$MN_PROFISAFE_IPO_TIME_RATIO.

The value displayed in parameter %1 has to be set at least.

The set cycle time affects the runtime load of the PLC module. This also has to be taken into

consideration when making the setting.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

27299 PROFIsafe: Diagnostics %1 %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = Frror code 1

%2 = Error code 2 %3 = Error code 3 %4 = Error code 4

Definitions: Internal error in the NCK PROFIsafe implementation.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens A&D MC, Hotline

- Tel 0180 / 5050 - 222 (Germany) - Fax 0180 / 5050 - 223 - Tel +49-180 / 5050 - 222 (International) - Fax +49-180 / 5050 - 223

- email techsupport@ad.siemens.de

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

27900 PROFIBUS DP: SI fault on axis %1, code %2, value %3, time %4. Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%1 = Axis number %2 = Fault code of the drive (p9747). %3 = Fault value of the drive (p9749) %4 = Fault time of drive (p9748).

Definitions: Error in a SINAMICS drive.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: See drive documentation for fault codes/fault values.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

27901 PROFIBUS DP: SI fault on axis %1, code %2, value %3, time %4.

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Fault code of the drive (p9747). %3 = Fault value of the drive (p9749) %4 = Fault time of drive (p9748).

Definitions: Error in a SINAMICS drive.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: See drive documentation for fault codes/fault values. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

28000 NCU link connection to all other NCUs of the link network has been

borted

Definitions: All NCUs in the NCU link network exchange data cyclically (sign-of-life). If this alarm occurs, sign-of-

life signals have not been received from any other NCUs on the NCU network. This fault in the link

can have various causes:

Defective hardware.

- The machine data which configure the NCU link are not the same on all NCUs.

- An identical interpolator cycle time has not been selected on all NCUs.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check the IPO cycle on all the NCUs.

If necessary, check NCU link-specific alarms first.

Program Continuation:

Parameters:

Switch control OFF - ON.

28001 NCU link connection to the NCU %1 of the link network has been aborted

Definitions: All NCUs in the NCU link network exchange data cyclically (sign-of-life). If this alarm occurs, sign-of-

life signals have not been received from one other NCU on the NCU network. (see alarm parameters)

This fault in the link can have various causes:

- Defective hardware.

%1 = NCU number

- The machine data which configure the NCU link are not identical on all NCUs.

- An identical interpolator cycle time has not been selected on all NCUs.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Check the IPO cycle on all the NCUs.

- If necessary, check NCU link-specific alarms first.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

28002 Error on activation of machine data, NCU network-wide machine data

were modified by NCU %1

Parameters: %1 = NCU number

During the activation of machine data with NEWCONFIG or during an operator panel RESET, NCU

network-wide machine data were modified on another NCU. This alarm can only occur when a link

connection is active.

Reaction: NC not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Repeat the operator action or, if NEWCONFIG is activated by an NC program, terminate the program

with Reset.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

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NCK alarms

28004 NCU link: NCU %1 of the link network is not on the bus

Parameters: %1 = NCU number

Definitions: Error message of the NCU link module. When the NCU link was powered up, the local NCU (indicated

by the alarm) detected that the NCU with the number in the alarm parameter was not on the bus

although it should be connected according to the MD settings.

This fault in the link can have various causes:

- Defective hardware.

- The machine data which configure the NCU link are not identical on all NCUs.

- An identical interpolator cycle time has not been selected on all NCUs.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check the machine data configuration and link hardware.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

28005 NCU link: NCU %1 of the link network not running synchronously

Parameters: %1 = NCU number

Definitions: Error message of the NCU link module. When the NCU link was powered up, the local NCU (indicated

by the alarm) detected that the NCU with the number in the alarm parameter was not running

synchronously.

This fault in the link can have various causes:

- The machine data which configure the NCU link are not identical on all NCUs.

- An identical interpolator cycle time has not been selected on all NCUs.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.
Interface signals are set.
Alarm display

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check machine data configuration.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

28007 NCU link: conflict in configuration data of NCU %1

Parameters: %1 = NCU number

Definitions: Error message of the NCU link module. When the NCU link was powered up, the local NCU (indicated

by the alarm) detected a conflict between its configuration and the configuration of the NCU in the

alarm parameter.

Example: Machine data LINK_NUM_OF_MODULES defines the number of nodes on the NCU link

network. The alarm occurs if this MD has a different setting on different NCUs.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check machine data configuration.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

28008 NCU link: conflict in timer setting of NCU %1

Parameters: %1 = NCU number

Definitions: Error message of the NCU link module. When the NCU link was powered up, the local NCU (indicated

by the alarm) detected a conflict between its timer configuration and the configuration of the NCU in

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check machine data configuration.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

28009 NCU link: conflict in bus parameters of NCU %1

Parameters:

Definitions: Error message of the NCU link module. When the NCU link was powered up, the local NCU (indicated

by the alarm) detected a conflict between its timer bus configuration and the configuration of the NCU

in the alarm parameter.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check machine data configuration.

Switch control OFF - ON. **Program**

Continuation:

28010 NCU link: the NCU %1 has not received a message

Parameters: %1 = NCU number

Definitions: Error message of the NCU link module. During operation of the NCU link, a message from the local

NCU to the NCU specified in the alarm parameter has failed. A hardware error may have occurred

(e.g. sporadic disturbances on the communication line).

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: The message does not fail until several attempts have been made to repeat the communication. The

number of repetitions can be increased with MD LINK_MAX_RETRY_CTR.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

NCK alarms

28011 IPO time insufficient for NCU link. Link cycle time: %1

Parameters: %1 = Microseconds

Definitions: Error message of the NCU link module. All messages must be transmitted within one interpolator

cycle. This applies particularly to message retries. The time was not sufficient! The parameter indicates how many microseconds the NCU link module needs in order to send the message.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Increase the interpolator cycle time, i.e. modify one of the following MDs on all NCUs.

IPO_SYSCLOCK_TIME_RATIO SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

28012 NCU link: synchronization cycle signal failure %1 times

Parameters: %1 = Number of cycles

Definitions: Error message of the NCU link module that does not occur at NCU 1. The NCU's are synchronized

via their own NCU-link clock line. A large number of cycle signals are missing. The parameter

indicates how many cycles have failed.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Check the hardware.

Switch control OFF - ON.

Program Continuation:

Remedy:

28020 NCU link: too many link axes configured %1

Parameters: %1 = Number of link axis connections

Definitions: Unfortunately, the communication capacity of the NCU link is insufficient for this link axis configuration.

The link axis configuration is determined by the following MDs:

- \$MN_AXCONF_LOGIC_MACHAX_TAB

- \$MN_AXCT_AXCONF_ASSIGN_TAB1 ... and all further container def.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Connect a smaller number of axes across the link or combine the axes in fewer containers.

Machine data to be changed:

- \$MN_AXCONF_LOGIC_MACHAX_TAB

- $MN_AXCT_AXCONF_ASSIGN_TAB1 \dots$ and all further container def.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

28030 Serious alarm on NCU %1, axes in follow-up mode

Parameters: %1 = NCU number

Definitions: All axes are trailing because of a serious alarm on another NCU.

Reaction:

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Acknowledge the alarm on the NCU.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

28031 Serious alarm on NCU %1 not yet acknowledged, axes still in follow-up

mode

Parameters: %1 = NCU number

Definitions: A serious alarm was not yet acknowledged on another NCU. Consequently, all the axes continue to

trail.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Acknowledge the alarm on the NCU.

Program

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

28032 Emergency stop activated on NCU %1, axes in follow-up mode

Parameters: %1 = NCU number

Definitions: The emergency stop request is active at the PLC-NCK interface on one NCU of the NCU network.

Consequently, all axes are trailing.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Remedy the cause of the emergency stop on the NCU and acknowledge the emergency stop via the

PLC-NCK interface.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

NCK alarms

28033 Emergency stop on NCU %1, axes still in follow-up mode

Parameters: %1 = NCU number

Definitions: The emergency stop request is active at the PLC-NCK interface on one NCU of the NCU network.

Consequently, all axes are trailing.

Reaction: NC not ready.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Remedy the cause of the emergency stop on the NCU and acknowledge the emergency stop via the

PLC-NCK interface.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

29033 Channel %1 axis change of axis %2 not possible, PLC axis movement not

yet completed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis

Definitions: A PLC axis has not yet reached its end position and cannot be returned to a channel or neutralized.

This alarm should not occur when PLC data block FC18 is used.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Wait until the axis has reached the end position or terminate the movement with delete distance to go.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

60000 Channel %1 block %2:

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: -

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61000 Channel %1 block %2 no tool compensation active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: LONGHOLE, SLOT1, SLOT2, POCKET1 to POCKET4,

CYCLE71, CYCLE72, CYCLE90, CYCLE93 to CYCLE96.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: D-correction must be programmed before the cycle call.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61000 Channel %1 block %2: No tool offset active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: LONGHOLE, SLOT1, SLOT2, POCKET1 through POCKET4,

CYCLE71, CYCLE72, CYCLE90, CYCLE93 through CYCLE96.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: D-correction must be programmed prior to cycle call.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61001 Channel %1 block %2: Thread lead incorrectly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE84, CYCLE840, CYCLE96, CYCLE97.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Check parameter for the thread size or setting for the lead (contradict each other).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61002 Channel %1 block %2: Type of machining incorrectly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The value of the VARI parameter for the machining has been incorrectly specified. Alarm triggered by

following cycles: SLOT1, SLOT2, POCKET1 to POCKET4, CYCLE71, CYCLE72, CYCLE76,

CYCLE77, CYCLE93, CYCLE95, CYCLE97, CYCLE98.

Remedy: Modify VARI parameter.

61003 Channel %1 Block %2: No feed programmed in cycle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The parameter for the feed has been incorrectly specified. Alarm triggered by following cycles:

CYCLE71, CYCLE72.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Modify feed parameter.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61004 Channel %1 Block %2: Incorrect configuration of geometry axes

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The geometry-axes sequence is wrong. CYCLE328

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Int

Continuation:

Internal

NCK alarms

61005 Channel %1 Block %2: 3rd geometry axis not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With an application on the lathe with no Y-axis in the G18 plane. Alarm triggered by following cycle:

CYCLE86.

Remedy: Check parameter on cycle call.

61006 Channel %1 Block %2: Tool radius too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The tool radius is too large for machining. Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE930,

CYCLE951, E_CP_CE, E_CP_CO, E_CP_DR, E_PO_CIR, E_PO_REC, F_CP_CE, F_CP_CO,

F_CP_DR, F_PO_CIR, F_PO_REC.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select a smaller tool.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61007 Channel %1 Block %2: Tool radius too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The tool radius is too small for machining. Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE92, E_CP_CO,

E_SL_CIR, F_CP_CO, F_PARTOF, F_SL_CIR.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select a larger tool.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61008 Channel %1 Block %2: No tool active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles:

Remedy: Select a tool.

61009 Channel %1 Block %2: Active tool number = 0

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No tool (T) has been programmed before the cycle call. Alarm triggered by following cycles:

CYCLE71, CYCLE72.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Program tool (T).

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61010 Channel %1 Block %2: Finishing allowance too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The finishing allowance for the base is greater than the total depth. Alarm triggered by following cycle:

CYCLE72.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Reduce finishing allowance.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61011 Channel %1 Block %2: Scaling not permissible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A scale factor is active which is illegal for this cycle. Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE71,

CYCLE72.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Modify scale factor.

Remedy: Modify scale factor.

Program CI

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61012 Channel %1 Block %2: Different scaling in planes

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE76, CYCLE77.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: -

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61013 Channel %1 Block %2: Basic settings were changed, program cannot be

executed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The basic settings are not compatible with the generated program. Alarm triggered by following

cycles: E_CP_CE, E_CP_CO, E_CP_DR, F_CP_CE, F_CP_CO, F_CP_DR.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check and, if necessary, change the basic settings.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61014 Channel %1 Block %2: Return plane exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE72.

Remedy: Check parameter RTP.

61015 Channel %1 Block %2: Contour is not defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: .

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Definitions:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61016 Channel %1 block %2: System frame for cycles missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: All measuring cycles can trigger this alarm.

Remedy: Set MD 28082: MM_SYSTEM_FRAME_MASK, Bit 5=1.

61017 Channel %1 block %2: function %4 not present in NCK

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: .

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61018 Channel %1 block %2: function %4 not executable with NCK

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: .

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61019 Channel %1 Block %2: Parameter %4 incorrectly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE60, CYCLE83.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the value of the parameter.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61020 Channel %1 block %2: Machining not possible with active

TRANSMIT/TRACYL

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: .

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61021 Channel %1 block %2: Parameter %4 value too high

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: .

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61022 Channel %1 block %2: Parameter %4 value too low

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: .

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61023 Channel %1 block %2: Parameter %4 value must be unequal to zero

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: .

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61024 Channel %1 bock %2: Parameter %4 check value

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: .

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61025 Channel %1 block %2: Check tool carrier position

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: .

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Cloop Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61026 Channel %1 block %2: Cycle cannot be executed with NC function %4.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: .

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear
Continuation:

NCK alarms

61099 Channel %1 block %2: Internal cycle error (%4)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: .

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61101 Channel %1 block %2: Reference plane incorrectly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE71, CYCLE72, CYCLE81 to CYCLE90, CYCLE840,

SLOT1, SLOT2, POCKET1 to POCKET4, LONGHOLE.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: With the relative specification of the depth, either different values for the reference plane and the

retraction plane must be selected or an absolute value must be specified for the depth.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61102 Channel %1 block %2: No spindle direction programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE86, CYCLE87, CYCLE88, CYCLE840, POCKET3,

POCKET4.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Parameter SDIR (or SDR in CYCLE840) must be programmed.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61103 Channel %1 block %2: Number of holes is zero

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No value for the number of holes has been programmed. Alarm triggered by following cycles:

HOLES1, HOLES2.

Remedy: Check parameter NUM.

NCK alarms

61104 Channel %1 block %2: Contour violation of grooves

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Incorrect parameterization of the milling pattern in the parameters which define the position of the

slots/elongated holes on the circle and their form. Alarm triggered by following cycles: SLOT1, SLOT2,

LONGHOLE.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: -

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61105 Channel %1 block %2: Milling cutter radius too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The diameter of the cutter used is too large for the form to be machined. Alarm triggered by following

cycles: SLOT1, SLOT2, POCKET1 to POCKET4, LONGHOLE, CYCLE90.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Either a tool with a smaller radius has to be used or the contour must be modified.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61106 Channel %1 block %2: Number of or distance between circular elements

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Incorrect parameterization of NUM or INDA. The layout of the circle elements within a full circle is not

possible. Alarm triggered by following cycles: HOLES2, LONGHOLE, SLOT1, SLOT2.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Correct parameterization.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61107 Channel %1 block %2: First drilling depth incorrectly defined
Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: First drilling depth is in the opposite direction to the total drilling depth. Alarm triggered by following

cycle: CYCLE83.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Modify drilling depth.

Remedy: Modify drilling depth.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET k

Continuation:

NCK alarms

61108 Channel %1 Block %2: Values for parameters _RAD1 and _DP1 not

permissible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The parameters _RAD1 and _DP for defining the path for the depth infeed have been incorrectly

specified. Alarm triggered by following cycles: POCKET3, POCKET4.

Reaction: Alarm display

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Modify parameter.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61109 Channel %1 Block %2: Parameter _CDIR incorrectly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The value of the parameter for the cutting direction _CDIR has been incorrectly defined. Alarm

triggered by following cycles: POCKET3, POCKET4.

Remedy: Change parameter _CDIR.

61110 Channel %1 Block %2: Finishing allowance at bottom > depth infeed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The finishing allowance at the base has been specified greater than the maximum depth infeed. Alarm

triggered by following cycles: POCKET3, POCKET4.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Either reduce finishing allowance or increase depth infeed. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61111 Channel %1 Block %2: Infeed width > Tool diameter

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed infeed width is greater than the diameter of the active tool. Alarm triggered by

following cycles: CYCLE71, POCKET3, POCKET4.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Infeed width must be reduced.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61112 Channel %1 Block %2: Tool radius negative

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The radius of the active tool is negative. This is illegal. Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE72,

CYCLE76, CYCLE77, CYCLE90.

Remedy: Change the tool radius.

NCK alarms

61113 Channel %1 Block %2: Parameter _CRAD too large for corner radius

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The parameter for the corner radius _CRAD has been specified too large. Alarm triggered by following

cycle: POCKET3.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Parameter must be reduced.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61114 Channel %1 Block %2: Machining direction G41/G42 incorrectly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The machining direction of the cutter radius compensation G41/G42 has been incorrectly selected.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE72.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Change machining direction.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61115 Channel %1 Block %2: Approach or retract mode(straight / circle / plane /

space) incorrectly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The approach or retract mode to/from the contour has been incorrectly defined. Alarm triggered by

following cycle: CYCLE72.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Check parameter _AS1 or _AS2.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61116 Channel %1 Block %2: Approach or retract path = 0

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The approach or retract path has been specified with zero. Alarm triggered by following cycle:

CYCLE72.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Check parameter _LP1 or _LP2.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61117 Channel %1 Block %2: Active tool radius <= 0

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The radius of the acive tool is negative or zero. Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE71,

POCKET3, POCKET4.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Modify radius.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61118 Channel %1 Block %2: Length or width = 0

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The length or width of the milling area is illegal. Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE71.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Check parameters _LENG and _WID.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61119 Channel %1 Block %2: Nominal or core diameter programmed incorrectly

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The nominal or core diameter was incorrectly programmed. Alarm triggered by following cycles:

CYCLE70, E_MI_TR, F_MI_TR.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check thread geometry.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61120

Channel %1 Block %2: Thread type inside / outside not defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The thread type (internal/external) was not defined. Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE70.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The internal/external thread type must be entered. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61121 Channel %1 Block %2: Number of teeth per cutting edge is missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No value was entered for the number of teeth per cutting edge. Alarm triggered by following cycles:

CYCLE70.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter the number of teeth/cutting edges for the active tool into the tool list.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61122 Channel %1 Block %2: Safety distance incorrectly defined in plane

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The safety clearance is negative or zero. This is not allowed.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Define the safety clearance.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61123

Channel %1 Block %2: CYCLE72 cannot be simulated

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE72.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61124 Channel %1 Block %2: Infeed width is not programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE71.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: With active simulation without tool, a value for the infeed width _MIDA must always be programmed.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61125 Channel %1 block %2: Technology selection in parameter _TECHNO

incorrectly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE84, CYCLE840.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Check parameter _TECHNO.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61126 Channel %1 block %2: Thread length too short

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE840.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Program lower spindle speed/raise reference plane. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61127 Channel %1 block %2: Wrong definition of tapping axis transformation

ratio (machine data)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE84, CYCLE840.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Check machine data 31050 and 31060 in the appropriate gear stage of the drilling axis.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61128 Channel %1 block %2: Insertion angle = 0 for insertion with oscillation or

helix

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: SLOT1.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Check parameter _STA2.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61129 Channel %1 block %2: perpendic. approach and retraction during

contour milling only allowed with G40

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE72.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61130 Channel %1 block %2: positions of parallel axes cannot be compensated.

No workpiece reference agreed.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE69.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61131 Channel %1 block %2: parameter _GEO incorrect, _GEO=%4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE69.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61132 Channel %1 block %2: parallel axis parameter incorrect, check values for

parallel axis parameters ABS/INK

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE69.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61133 Channel %1 block %2: 3rd parallel axis parameter incorrect, check axis

name or GUD _SCW_N[]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE69.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61134 Channel %1 block %2: rotary axis parameter incorrect, check values for

rotary axis parameters ABS/INK

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE69.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61135 Channel %1 block %2: incorrect parameter sequence for approaching

target position: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE69.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61136 Channel %1 block %2: no 3rd geometry axis agreed in GUD _SCW_N[]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE69.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61137 Channel %1 block %2: swiveling and parallel axes cycle are mutually

exclusive because of workpiece reference \$P_WPFRAME

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE69.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61138 Channel %1 block %2: parameter %4 incorrectly defined for tool

monitoring in cycles

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61139 Channel %1 block %2: error in function Tool monitoring in cycles

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE69.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61150 Channel %1 block %2: Tool cannot be aligned --> error code: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE800.

Remedy: %4 = A -> only new swivel plane permitted, see parameter _ST

61151 Channel %1 block %2: Orientation of tool not possible --> error code: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE800.

Remedy: %4 = A -> only additive swivel plane permitted, see parameter _ST

NCK alarms

61152 Channel %1 block %2: B axis kinematics (turning technology) either not

or incorrectly set up in Start-up of swivel cycle --> error code: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE800.

Remedy: 1. %4 = A123 -> B axis not an automatic rotary axis under ShopTurn (123 corresponds to parameter

_TCBA)

2. %4 = B123 -> B axis not activated in swiveling start-up (kinematics)

(123 corresponds to \$TC_CARR37[n], n ... number of the swivel data record)

61153 Channel %1 block %2: No 'Rotary axes direct' swivel mode possible -->

error code: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE800. **Remedy:** %4 = A -> No tool or cutting edge (D1..) active

61175 Channel %1 block %2: angle of aperture _DF programmed too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The angle of aperture of the text in the engraving cycle is too small. This means that the text for

engraving does not fit in the specified angle.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter a larger angle of aperture.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61176 Channel %1 block %2: text length _DF programmed too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The text length in the engraving cycle is too short. This means that the text for engraving is longer than

the specified text length.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter longer text length

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61177 Channel %1 block %2: polar text length > 360 degrees

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the engraving cycle, the polar text length must not exceed 360 degrees.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter shorter text length.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61178 Channel %1 block %2: code page not present

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The specified code page is not supported by the cycle.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Use code page 1252.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

Continuation:

61179 Channel %1 block %2: character does not exist, no.: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%4 = Character number

Definitions: The character entered in the text for engraving cannot be milled.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter another character.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61180 Channel %1 block %2: no name assigned to swivel data block, although

MD \$MN_MM_NUM_TOOL_CARRIER > 1

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Although there are several swivel data blocks, no unique names have been assigned. Alarm triggered

by following cycles: CYCLE800.

Remedy: Assign unique names for swivel data blocks.

61181 Channel %1 block %2: Insufficient NCK software version

(TOOLCARRIER functionality missing)

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Swivelling is not possible with the current NCK software version. Alarm triggered by following cycles:

CYCLE800.

Remedy: Upgrade NCK software; functionality TOOLCARRIER available in NCU 6.3xx and higher.

NCK alarms

61182 Channel %1 block %2: Name of swivel data record unknown

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: the specified name of the swivel data block is unknown. Alarm triggered by following cycles:

CYCLE800

Remedy: Check the name of the swivel data block.

61183 Channel %1 block %2: Clearance mode _FR outside of value range 0..2.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The retraction mode value lies outside of the valid range. Alarm triggered by following cycles:

CYCLE800

Remedy: Check installation and start-up of swivel cycle CYCLE800 -> retraction

parameter _FR.

61184 Channel %1 block %2: No solution possible with current input angle

values

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The surface defined via the input angle cannot be processed with the machine. Alarm triggered by

following cycles: CYCLE800.

Remedy: -Check the angle entered for the swiveling of the machining plane.

-Parameter _MODE coding incorrect, e.g. rotation axis-wise YXY

61185 Channel %1 block %2: no or wrong (min > max) angle areas of rotary

axes agreed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The rotary axis angle range is invalid. Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE800.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check installation and start-up of the swivel cycle CYCLE800.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61186 Channel %1 block %2: Invalid rotary axis vectors --> Start-up check

swivel cycle CYCLE800

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No or incorrect entry for rotary axis vector V1 or V2. Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE800.

Remedy: Check installation and start-up of the swivel cycle CYCLE800.

Check rotary axis vectors V1 and V2.

NCK alarms

61187 Channel %1 block %2: block search mode not allowed -> select block

search with contour calculation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE800.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select block search with contour calculation.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61188 Channel %1 block %2: No axis name agreed for 1st rotary axis -> Start-up

check CYCLE800

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No axis name was specified for the 1st rotary axis. Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE800.

Remedy: Check installation and start-up of the swivel cycle CYCLE800.

No entry under rotary axis 1 identifier.

61189 Channel %1 block %2: invalid rotary axis positions

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE800.

Remedy: Swivel in JOG, swivel mode direct, check position of rotary axes or start-up of swivel cycle CYCLE800

rotary axes, check area of angles.

61190 Channel %1 block %2: unable to retract in tool direction --> error code:

%4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE800.

Note on 61190

61190 Retraction in tool direction not possible --> error code: %4

Error code %4 = abcd

a=0xxx -> Parameter CYCLE800 _FR incorrect or retraction variant in start-up CYCLE800 not

created.

a=1xxx -> No applicats available \$P_AXN3

a=2xxx -> Maximum retraction path incorrect, see GUD _TC_P[8] a=3xxx -> Incremental retraction path incorrect, see GUD _TC_P[8]

b=Input parameter _FR*100

cd=Start-up parameter \$P_TCARR37[] (7th,8th decimal place)

see table Coding retraction modes.

Remedy: Error code: %4

NCK alarms

61191 Channel %1 block %2: 5 axis transformation not set up

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE832.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61192 Channel %1 block %2: second 5 axis transformation not set up

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE832.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: --

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61193 Channel %1 block %2: compressor option not set up

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE832.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61194 Channel %1 block %2: spline interpolation option not set up

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE832.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program Cl

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61196 Channel %1 block %2: no swiveling in JOG --> 5 axis transformation and

TCARR simultaneously activated

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: 5-axis transformation and TOOLCARRIER activated at the same time.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE800.

5-axis transformation and TOOLCARRIER activated at the same time. Remedy:

61197 Channel %1 block %2: no swiveling in JOG --> active WO G%4 and basic

frames contain rotations

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE800.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program Continuation:

61198 Channel %1 block %2: no swiveling in JOG --> several active basic

frames(G500) contain rotations

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE800.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61199 Channel %1 block %2: approach of tool and swivel data record change

(TOOLCARRIER) not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE800.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61200 Channel %1 block %2: Too many elements in machining block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The machining block contains too many elements.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE76, CYCLE77, E_CALL, E_DR, E_DR_BGF, E_DR_BOR, E_DR_O1, E_DR_PEC, E_DR_REA, E_DR_SIN, E_DR_TAP, E_MI_TR, E_PI_CIR, E_PI_REC, E_PO_CIR, E_PO_REC, E_PS_CIR, E_PS_FRA, E_PS_HIN, E_PS_MRX, E_PS_POL,

 $\verb|E_PS_ROW, E_PS_SEQ, E_PS_XYA, E_SL_LON, F_DR, F_DR_PEC, F_DR_REA, F_DR_SIN, F_DR_TAP, F_MI_TR, F_PI_CIR, F_PI_REC, F_PO_CIR, F_PO_REC, F_PS_CIR, F_PS_MRX, F_PS_M$

F_PS_ROW, F_PS_SEQ, F_SL_LON

Remedy: Check the machining block, delete some elements, if required.

61201 Channel %1 block %2: Wrong sequence in machining block

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The sequence of elements in the machining block is invalid.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_CP_CE, E_CP_DR, E_MANAGE, F_CP_CE, F_CP_DR,

F_MANAGE.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Sort the sequence in the machining block.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61202 Channel %1 block %2: No technology cycle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No technology cycle was programmed in the machining block.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_MANAGE, F_MANAGE.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program a technology block.

Program Clear

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61203 Channel %1 block %2: No position cycle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No positioning cycle was programmed in the machining block.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_MANAGE, F_MANAGE.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program positioning block.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61204 Channel %1 block %2: Technology cycle unknown

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The specified technology cycle in the machining block is unknown.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_MANAGE, F_MANAGE.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete and reprogram the technology block.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61205 Channel %1 block %2: Position cycle unknown

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The specified positioning cycle in the machining block is unknown.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_MANAGE, F_MANAGE.

Reaction:

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete and reprogram the positioning block.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61210 Channel %1 block %2: Block search element not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The element specified for the block search does not exisit.

 $A larm\ triggered\ by\ following\ cycles:\ E_MANAGE,\ E_PS_CIR,\ E_PS_MRX,\ E_PS_POL,\ E_PS_SEQ,$

E_PS_XYA, F_MANAGE, F_PS_CIR, F_PS_MRX, F_PS_SEQ

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Repeat block search.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61211

Channel %1 block %2: Absolute reference missing Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An incremental indication was made, but the absolute reference is unknown.

> Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_MI_CON, E_MI_PL, E_PI_CIR, E_PI_REC, E_PO_CIR, E_PO_REC, E_PS_CIR, E_PS_HIN, E_PS_MRX, E_PS_POL, E_PS_SEQ, E_PS_XYA, E_SL_CIR,

E_SL_LON, F_PS_CIR, F_PS_MRX, F_PS_SEQ

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program an absolute position prior to using incremental indications.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61212 Channel %1 block %2: Wrong tool type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The tool type is not suitable for machining.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE92, CYCLE951, E_DR, E_DR_O1, E_DR_PEC, E_DR_SIN, E_MI_TXT, F_DR, F_DR_PEC, F_DR_SIN, F_DRILL, F_DRILLC, F_DRILLD, F_DRM_DR, F_DRM_PE, F_DRM_SI, F_GROOV, F_MI_TXT, F_MT_LEN, F_PARTOF, F_ROU_Z,

F_ROUGH, F_SP_EF, F_TAP, F_TR_CON, F_UCUT_T

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select a new tool type.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61213 Channel %1 block %2: Circle radius too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed circle radius is too small.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE77, E_CR_HEL, E_PI_CIR, E_PO_CIR, E_PO_REC,

F_PI_CIR, F_PO_CIR, F_PO_REC

Remedy: Correct the circle radius, center point or end point.

61214 Channel %1 block %2: No lead programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No lead/helical lead has been entered.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_CR_HEL, E_PO_CIR, E_PO_REC, F_PO_CIR, F_PO_REC.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program a lead.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61215 Channel %1 Block %2: Unfinished dimension incorrectly programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Check the blank spigot dimensions. The blank spigot must be larger than the production part spigot.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE76, CYCLE77, E_PI_CIR, E_PI_REC, E_PO_CIR,

E_PO_REC, F_PI_CIR, F_PI_REC, F_PO_CIR, F_PO_REC

Remedy: Check parameters _AP1 and _AP2.

NCK alarms

61216 Channel %1 Block %2: Feed/tooth only possible with cutting tools

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Feed per tooth is only possible with milling tools.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_TFS, F_TFS.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: As alternative, set a different feed type.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61217 Channel %1 Block %2: Cutting speed programmed for tool radius 0

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: To be able to work with cutting speed, the tool radius has to be specified.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_DR_SIN, E_DR_TAP, E_TFS, F_DR_SIN, F_DR_TAP,

F_DRILLC, F_DRM_TA, F_TAP, F_TFS

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter a value for cutting speed.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61218 Channel %1 Block %2: Feed/tooth programmed, but number of tools

equals zero

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: For feed per tooth, the number of teeth has to be specified.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_TFS, E_DR_BGF, F_TFS.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter the number of teeth on the milling tool in the "Tool list" menu.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61219 Channel %1 Block %2: Tool radius too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The tool radius is too large for machining.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select a suitable tool.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61220 Channel %1 Block %2: Tool radius too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The tool radius is too small for machining.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE78.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select a suitable tool.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61221 Channel %1 Block %2: No tool active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No tool active. **Reaction:** Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select a suitable tool.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Program Continuation:

61222

Channel %1 Block %2: Plane infeed greater than tool diameter

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The plane infeed must not be greater than the tool diameter.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE79, , E_MI_PL, E_PO_CIR, E_PO_REC, F_PO_CIR,

F_PO_REC.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce plane infeed.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61223

Channel %1 Block %2: Approach path too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The approach path must not be less than zero.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_MI_CON, F_MI_CON.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter a greater value for the approach path.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61224 Channel %1 Block %2: Retract path too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The retract path must not be less than zero.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_MI_CON, F_MI_CON.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter a greater value for the retract path.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61225 Channel %1 block %2: Swivel data record unknown

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An attempt was made to access a swivel data block which has not been defined.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_TCARR, F_TCARR.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select another swivel data block or define a new swivel data block.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61226 Channel %1 block %2: Inclinable head cannot be exchanged

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The parameter "Swivel data block" is set to "No". In spite of this, an attempt has been made to change

the swivel head.

Alarm triggered by following functions: E_TCARR, F_TCARR.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Set the parameter "Swivel data block" in the start-up screen "Rotary axes" to "Automatic" or "Manual".

Program Clea

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61230 Channel %1 Block %2: Tool probe diameter too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The tool probe has not been calibrated correctly.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_MT_CAL, E_MT_RAD, E_MT_LEN.

Remedy: Correct variable E_MESS_MT_DR[n] or E_MESS_MT_DL[n] for tool probe n+1 in data block GUD7

(measuring in JOG).

NCK alarms

61231 Channel %1 block %2: ShopMill program %4 not executable, as not

tested by ShopMill

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %4 = Program name

Definitions: Before a ShopMill program can be executed, it has to be tested by ShopMill.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: E_HEAD.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The program has to be simulated first in ShopMill or loaded into the operating mode "Machine auto"

by ShopMill.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61232 Channel %1 block %2: Impossible to load magazine tool

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Only manual tools may be loaded into a swivel head in which only manual tools can be loaded.

The alarm is triggered by the following cycles: E_TD, E_TFS, F_TFS

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Load a manual tool into the swivel head or set the parameter "Tool change" in the start-up screen form

"Rotary axes" to "Automatic".

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61233 Channel %1 block %2: Thread angle wrongly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The thread angles were specified too large or too small.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_TR_CON, F_TR_CON

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check thread geometry.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61234 Channel %1 block %2: ShopMill subroutine %4 cannot be executed, as

not tested by ShopMill

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label %4 = Subroutine name

Definitions: Before a ShopMill subroutine can be used, it has to be tested by ShopMill.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: E_HEAD.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The subroutine has to be simulated first in ShopMill or loaded into the ShopMill operating mode

"Machine auto".

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61235 Channel %1 block %2: ShopTurn program %4 cannot be executed as not

tested by ShopTurn.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

> %2 = Block number, label %4 = Program name

Definitions: Before a ShopTurn program can be executed, it has to be tested by ShopTurn.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_HEAD

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Simulate the subroutine first in ShopTurn or load it into the ShopTurn operating mode "Machine auto".

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program Continuation:

61236 Channel %1 block %2: ShopTurn subroutine %4 cannot be executed as

not tested by ShopTurn.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label %4 = Subroutine name

Definitions: Before a ShopTurn subroutine can be used, it has to be tested by ShopTurn.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_HEAD.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Simulate the subroutine first in ShopTurn or load it into the ShopTurn operating mode "Machine auto". Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61237 Channel %1 Block %2: Retraction direction unknown. Withdraw tool

manually!

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The tool is in the retraction area and it is unknown in which direction it can be travelled out of it.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_SP_RP

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Manually retract the tool from the retraction area defined in the program header and restart the

program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61238 Channel %1 Block %2: Machining direction unknown!

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The direction of the next machining is unknown.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_SP_RP.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please contact the responsible Siemens regional office. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61239 Channel %1 Block %2: Tool change point lies within retraction area!

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The tool change point has to be far enough outside the retraction area so that when the revolver is

swiveled, no tool extends into the retraction area.

The alarm is triggered by the following cycle: F_SP_RP

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Specify another tool change point.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61240 Channel %1 Block %2: Wrong feed type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The feed type is not possible for this machining.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: F_DRM_DR, F_DRM_PE, F_DRM_RE, F_DRM_SI, F_GROOV,

F_MIM_TR, F_ROUGH, F_SP_EF, F_UCUT_T

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check feed type.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61241 Channel %1 Block %2: Retraction plane not defined for this machining

direction

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No retraction plane has been defined for the selected machining direction.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: F_SP_RP, F_SP_RPT.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Define the missing retraction plane.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61242 Channel %1 block %2: Wrong machine direction

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The machining direction has been specified incorrectly.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: F_DR, F_DR_PEC, F_DR_REA, F_DR_SIN, F_DR_TAP, F_DRILL, F_DRILLD, F_DRM_DR, F_DRM_PE, F_DRM_RE, F_DRM_SI, F_DRM_TA, F_MI_CON, F_MI_EDG, F_MI_TR, F_MI_TXT, F_MIM_TR, F_PI_CIR, F_PI_REC, F_PO_CIR,

F_PO_REC, F_SL_CIR, F_SL_LON, F_TAP.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the programmed machining direction.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61243 Channel %1 block %2: Correct tool change point, tool tip in

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The tool change point must be situated so far outside the retraction area that no tool protrudes into

the retraction area on turret swivelling.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_SP_RP

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Specify another tool change point.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61244 Channel %1 block %2: Pitch change causing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The specified lead change causes a reversal of the thread direction.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE99

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check lead change and thread geometry.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61245 Channel %1 block %2: Machining plane does not match modal

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Machining plane does not match modal one.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the machining plane.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61246 Channel %1 block %2: Safety distance too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The safety clearance is too small for machining.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE79.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Increase safety clearance.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61247 Channel %1 block %2: Blank radius too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The blank radius is too small for machining.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE79.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Increase blank radius.

Program Clear alarm with the F

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61248 Channel %1 block %2: Infeed too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The infeed is too small for machining.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE79.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Increase infeed.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61249 Channel %1 block %2: Number of edges too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The number of edges is too small.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE79.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Increase number of edges.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61250 Channel %1 block %2: Width across flats/edge length too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The width across flats/edge length is too small.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE79.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Increase key width/edge length.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61251 Channel %1 block %2: Width across flats/edge length too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The width across flats/edge length is too large.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE79.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Decrease key width/edge length.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61252 Channel %1 block %2: Chamfer/radius too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Chamfer/radius is too large.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE79.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Decrease chamfer/radius.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61253 Channel %1 Block %2: No finishing allowance programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No finishing allowance has been entered.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_PO_CIR, E_PO_REC, E_SL_CIR, E_SL_LON, F_PO_CIR,

F_PO_REC, F_SL_CIR, F_SL_LON.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Programm a finishing allowance.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61254 Channel %1 Block %2: Error while traveling to fixed stop

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Error on travelling to fixed stop.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_SUB_SP.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: specify another Z1 position for gripping the counterspindle. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61255 Channel %1 block %2: Error during cut-off: Tool broken?

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Cut-off could not be completed. A tool breakage might have occurred.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: F_PARTOF, F_SUB_SP.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the tool.

Program Clear alarm w

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61256 Channel %1 block %2: Mirroring not allowed at program start. Deselect

work offset!

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Mirroring impermissible at program start.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_HEAD.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Deselect work offset.

Program Clear alarm with the RE

Continuation:

NCK alarms

61257 Channel %1 block %2: incomplete installation of counterspindle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Start-up of the counterspindle is incomplete.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_SUB_SP.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check display machine data 9803, 9851, 9852, 9853 and 9854.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61258 Channel %1 block %2: set parameters for counterspindle chuck in the

spindle image

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The parameters for the counterspindle chuck have not been set in the spindle view.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_SUB_SP.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Specify parameters "ZL1", "ZL2" and "ZL3" in mask "Tools work offset" > "Spindles".

Program

Parameters:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program Continuation:

61259 Channel %1 block %2: program contains new machining steps from ShopMill %4

%1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

%4 = ShopMill version

Definitions: The program has been created with a ShopMill version that is higher than the existing one.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete the machining step and reprogram machining if required.

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program Program

Continuation:

61260 Channel %1 block %2: program contains new machining steps from

ShopTurn %4

%1 = Channel number Parameters:

%2 = Block number, label %4 = ShopTurn version

Definitions: The program has been created with a ShopMill version that is higher than the existing one.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete the machining step and reprogram machining if required.

Program

Continuation:

NCK alarms

61261 Channel %1 block %2: center offset too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

The center offset on center drilling is larger than permissible. **Definitions:**

Alarm triggered by following cycles: F_DRILL, F_DRILLD.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter smaller center offset (see display machine data 9862). Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program **Program**

Continuation:

61262 Channel %1 block %2: lead not possible with selected tool

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The lead of the tap does not match the programmed lead.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: F_DR_TAP, F_DRM_TA, F_TAP.

Reaction:

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Use a tap with the programmed lead.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61263 Channel %1 Block %2: Chained ShopMill program blocks not permissible

in subprogram on pos. pattern

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If a subroutine is called from a position pattern, the subroutine itself must not include a position pattern.

The alarm is triggered by the following cycle: E_MANAGE

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reprogram machining.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61264 Channel %1 Block %2: Chained ShopTurn program blocks not

permissible in subprogram on pos. pattern

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If a subroutine is called from a position pattern, the subroutine itself must not include a position pattern.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_MANAGE.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Reprogram machining.

Program

Continuation:

NCK alarms

61265 Channel %1 block %2: Too many restrictions, use rectangular pocket

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In face milling a maximum of only 3 sides can be delimited.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE61

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Use pocket cycle.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61266 Channel %1 Block %2: Illegal machining direction

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In face milling, the delimitations and the direction of machining do not match.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE61

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select another direction of machining.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61267 Channel %1 Block %2: Plane infeed too large, residual corners remain

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In face milling, the plane infeed must not exceed 85%.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE61

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select a smaller plane infeed, as otherwise residual corners will be left over.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61268 Channel %1 block %2: Illegal machining direction, residual corners are

left over.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In face milling, the machining direction does not match the selected delimitations.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE61.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The machining direction must be selected to match the delimitations.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61269 Channel %1 block %2: External tool diameter too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Incorrect tool definition.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE61.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check angle and diameter of the tool used.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61270 Channel %1 block %2: Chamfer width too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Chamfer width selected too small.

Alarm triggered by the following cycles: E_SP_CHA, F_SP_CHA.

Reaction:

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Increase the chamfer width.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

Channel %1 block %2: Chamfer width > tool radius 61271

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Chamfer width larger than tool radius.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_SP_CHA, F_SP_CHA.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Use a larger tool.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61272 Channel %1 block %2: Insertion depth too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Insertion depth on chamfering too small.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_SP_CHA, F_SP_CHA.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Increase the insertion depth.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61273 Channel %1 block %2: Insertion depth too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Insertion depth on chamfering too large.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_SP_CHA, F_SP_CHA.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Decrease the insertion depth.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61274 Channel %1 block %2: Invalid tool angle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Invalid tool angle.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_SP_CHA, F_SP_CHA.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check tool angle.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61275 Channel %1 block %2: Target point violates software limit switch!

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Due to a swivel action, the end point is outside the software limit switches.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: E_SP_RP.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select another retraction plane or approach a suitable interpolation point.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61276 Channel %1 block %2: External tool diameter required for restrictions

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Outer tool diameter required in case of delimitations.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE61.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Specify the outer tool diameter.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61277 Channel %1 block %2: Tool diameter larger than restriction

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Tool diameter larger than delimitation.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE61.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Use a smaller tool.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61278 Channel %1 block %2: If tool angle is larger than 90°, both tool diameters

must be equal

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: For tool angles larger than 90°, the two tool diameters must be identical.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE61.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the tool angle or the tool diameters.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61279 Channel %1 block %2: If tool angle equals 90°, both tool diameters must

be equal

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: For tool angles equal to 90°, the two tool diameters must be identical.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE61.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the tool angle or the tool diameters.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61280 Channel %1 Block %2: Mirroring in WO %4 missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: If the program starts with a counterspindle movement, a work offset with mirroring will have to be

selected.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_SUB_SP

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Select the mirroring for the work offset used.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61281 Channel %1 block %2: starting point of machining outside retraction

planes

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The starting point of machining is outside the retraction planes.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_SP_RP.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Adjust the retraction planes.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61282 Channel %1 block %2: end point of machining outside retraction planes

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The end point of machining is outside the retraction planes.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_SP_RP.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Adjust the retraction planes.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61283 Channel %1 block %2: direct approach not possible, as tool change

required

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: After block search a position is to be reached by direct approach, but a tool change is required before.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_TFS.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: First execute a manual tool change, then restart the block search.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61284 Channel %1 block %2: starting point cannot be approached without

collision. Pre-position tool manually

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The starting point cannot be approached without collisions.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: F_DRILL, F_DRILLC, F_DRILLD, F_DRM_DR, F_DRM_PE, F_DRM_RE, F_DRM_SI, F_DRM_TA, F_GROOV, F_MIM_TR, F_PARTOF, F_SP_EF, F_TAP,

F_TR_CON, F_UCUT_T.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Preposition the tool manually.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61285 Channel %1 block %2: parking position is below return plane XRA.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The parking position is below retraction plane XRA.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_SP_RP.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Move the parking position above retraction plane XRA. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61286 Channel %1 block %2: machining not possible, check tool angle.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Machining not possible with the specified tool.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: F_UCUT_T.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Use a suitable tool.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61287 Channel %1 block %2: no master spindle active.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No master spindle active.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_TFS.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Activate the master spindle (machine data 20090).

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

61300 Channel %1 Block %2: Probe defective

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61301 Channel %1 Block %2: Probe not switching

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The measuring distance was completely traversed but no switching signal was generated at the

measuring input.

Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: -Check measuring input.

-Check measuring distance.

-Probe defective.

61302 Channel %1 Block %2: Probe - collision

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The measuring probe collided with an obstacle when being positioned.

Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: ? Check spigot diameter (may be too small)

? Check measuring distance (may be to long)

61303 Channel %1 Block %2: Safety margin exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The measuring result differs greatly from the specified value.

Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: -Check setpoint value.

-Increase parameter _TSA.

61304 Channel %1 Block %2: Allowance

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear
Continuation:

NCK alarms

61305 Channel %1 Block %2: Dimension too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61306 Channel %1 Block %2: Permissible measuring difference exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE971, CYCLE972, CYCLE974, CYCLE977, CYCLE978,

CYCLE979, CYCLE982, CYCLE994.

Remedy: -Check setpoint value

-Increase parameter _TDIF

61307 Channel %1 Block %2: Incorrect measuring variant

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: The value of parameter _MVAR is impermissible.

61308 Channel %1 Block %2: Check measuring path _FA

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: A traversing path for measuring was generated whose size was specified by parameter _FA that

describes the maximum distance before and after the switching position (workpiece edge) and that

must have a value greater than 0.

Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Check parameter _FA.

61309 Channel %1 Block %2: Check probe type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Probe type: 3D probe inactive.

This alarm is generated by all cycles except for CYCLE971, CYCLE972, CYCLE982.

Remedy: The probe has to be of the "3D probe" type in the tool management.

Tool type of the workpiece probe in the TO memory is impermissible. For CYCLE971: no permissible tool probe type entered in _TP[x,8], or check

the permissible working plane G17...G19 for tool type "Wheel".

61310 Channel %1 Block %2: Scale factor is active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Scale factor = scaling is active.

Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Switch off the active scale factor in the program. Measuring is not possible with an active scale factor.

NCK alarms

61311 Channel %1 Block %2: No D number active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No tool offset for the measuring probe (for workpiece measurement) or no tool offset for the active tool

(for tool measurement) is selected.

Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Select the tool's tool edge number D.

61312 Channel %1 Block %2: Check measuring cycle number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Measuring cycle called is impermissible...

61313 Channel %1 Block %2: Check probe number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The probe has an impermissible value (_PRNUM).

The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Correct _PRNUM or create data field _TP[] or _WP[] for additional tool or workpiece probe

and adjust _CVAL[0]/_CVAL[1] accordingly.

61314 Channel %1 Block %2: Check selected tool type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm is triggered: CYCLE971, CYCLE972, CYCLE982.

Remedy: Tool type impermissible for tool measurement/tool probe calibration.

61315 Channel %1 Block %2: Check position of cutting edge

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm is triggered: CYCLE972, CYCLE973, CYCLE974, CYCLE982, CYCLE994.

Remedy: Check tool edge position (probe) in TO memory.

61316 Channel %1 Block %2: Center and radius cannot be determined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No circle can be calculated from the measured points, as all measured points lie on a straight line.

The alarm is triggered by: CYCLE979

Remedy: Program change

61317 Channel %1 Block %2: Check parameter CYCLE116

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Parameterization faulty; requires 3 or 4 points to calculate the center point. Alarm is triggered:

CYCLE979.

Remedy: Change parameterization of CYCLE116.

NCK alarms

61318 Channel %1 Block %2: Check weighting factor _K

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Parameter _K is 0. Alarm is triggered: CYCLE974, CYCLE977, CYCLE978, CYCLE979, CYCLE994,

CYCLE998.

Remedy: Check parameter _K.

61319 Channel %1 Block %2: Check call parameter CYCLE114

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Internal error in measuring cycles. Alarm is triggered: CYCLE974, CYCLE977, CYCLE978,

CYCLE979, CYCLE994, CYCLE998.

Remedy: Check call parameter CYCLE114.

61320 Channel %1 Block %2: Check tool number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: With active tool management, parameter _TNUM=0 and parameter _TNAME is not set or

the specified tool name of tool management is unknown.

The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Check parameter _TNUM, _TNAME.

61321 Channel %1 Block %2: Check WO memory number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: WO with the number specified in _KNUM not existing. Alarm is triggered: CYCLE974, CYCLE977,

CYCLE978, CYCLE979, CYCLE994, CYCLE998.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check parameter _KNUM.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61322 Channel %1 Block %2: Check 4th number of _KNUM

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The specified position of _KNUM includes invalid values. Also check _MVAR.

Alarm is triggered: CYCLE974, CYCLE977, CYCLE978, CYCLE979, CYCLE994, CYCLE998,

CYCLE114.

Remedy: Check parameter _KNUM, _MVAR.

61323 Channel %1 Block %2: Check 5th number of _KNUM

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The specified position of _KNUM includes invalid values. Also check _MVAR.

Alarm is triggered: CYCLE974, CYCLE977, CYCLE978, CYCLE979, CYCLE994, CYCLE998,

CYCLE114.

Remedy: Check parameter _KNUM, _MVAR.

NCK alarms

61324 Channel %1 Block %2: Check 6th number of _KNUM

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The specified position of _KNUM includes invalid values. Also check _MVAR.

Alarm is triggered: CYCLE974, CYCLE977, CYCLE978, CYCLE979, CYCLE994, CYCLE998,

CYCLE114.

Remedy: Check parameter _KNUM, _MVAR.

61325 Channel %1 Block %2: Check measuring axis/auxiliary measuring axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Parameter for metering shaft _MA has an incorrect value.

Alarm is triggered by: all measuring cycles except for CYCLE979.

Remedy: Check parameter _MA.

61326 Channel %1 Block %2: Check measuring direction

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Parameter for measuring direction _MD has an incorrect value. Alarm is triggered: CYCLE973,

CYCLE976.

Remedy: Check parameter _MD.

61327 Channel %1 Block %2: Program reset required

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: NC reset required.

Alarm is triggered: all measuring cycles except for CYCLE973, CYCLE976.

Remedy: Execute NC reset.

61328 Channel %1 Block %2: Check D number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: D number in parameter _KNUM is 0.

The alarm can be triggered by all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Check parameter _KNUM.

61329 Channel %1 Block %2: Check rotary axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No name assigned to the axis number specified under parameter _RA or axis not configured as rotary

axis. Alarm is triggered: CYCLE998.

Remedy: Check MD 20080 or MD 30300.

61330 Channel %1 Block %2: Coordinate rotation active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No measuring possible in the rotated coordinate system. Alarm is triggered: CYCLE972, CYCLE973,

CYCLE974, CYCLE994.

Remedy: Check the conditions for measuring.

NCK alarms

61331 Channel %1 Block %2: Angle too large, change measuring axis

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Parameter _STA is too large of the specified metering shaft. Alarm is triggered: CYCLE998.

Remedy: Select another metering axis.

61332 Channel %1 Block %2: Modify tool tip position

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The tool tip is below the measuring probe surface (e.g. for a ring gauge or cube). Alarm is triggered:

CYCLE971, CYLCE972, CYCLE982, E_MT_CAL, E_MT_LEN, E_MT_RAD.

Remedy: Place the tool above the measuring probe surface.

61333 Channel %1 Block %2: Check calibration facility number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Parameter _CALNUM is too large. Alarm is triggered: CYCLE973.

Remedy: Reduce _CALNUM to a permissible value or increase maximum value _CVAL[2] in GUD6.

61334 Channel %1 Block %2: Check safety area

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Parameter _SZA, _SZO too large or too small. Alarm is triggered: CYCLE977.

Remedy: Check parameter _SZA, _SZO.

61336 Channel %1 Block %2: Geometry axes do not exist

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: No geometry axes configured. Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring

cycles.

Remedy: Machine data in MD 20060 must be changed.

61337 Channel %1 Block %2: Check measuring input

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61338 Channel %1 Block %2: Positioning speed equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: For some measuring versions, for example measuring spigots, in addition to the actual measuring

paths, intermediate paths are generated that are traversed with a specified feed. The values for the

feed are specified in parameters _SPEED[1] and _SPEED[2] in GUD6. Alarm triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Check parameter _SPEED[1], _SPEED[2] in GUD6.

NCK alarms

61339 Channel %1 Block %2:Correction factor for rapid traverse speed = 0

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Check parameter _SPEED[0] in GUD6.

61340 Channel %1 Block %2: Incorrect alarm number

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Internal error in measuring cycles.

61341 Channel %1 block %2: Probe not calibrated in active plane.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE974, CYCLE977, CYCLE978, CYCLE979.

Remedy: Calibrate the probe prior to calling a cycle.

61342 Channel %1 Block %2: Invalid software version or wrong format entered

in GUD6

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Lower than measuring cycle software 6.2:_SI[1] in GUD6 has no value or a value < 3

Higher than measuring cycle software 6.3: Upgrade NCK software version.

61343 Channel %1 Block %2: No tool available for specified tool identifier

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Check name of tool identifier.

61344 Channel %1 Block %2: Several tools are active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Remove tool from another spindle.

61345 Channel %1 Block %2: Parameterized D number (_KNUM) too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles. **Remedy:** Reduce the D number in _KNUM, check software or MD of flat D number.

NCK alarms

61346 Channel %1 Block %2: Distance starting point/measuring point _SETV[0]

and _SETV[1] <=0

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE961.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Parameters _SETV[0] or _SETV[1] are empty or smaller than 0.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61347 Channel %1 Block %2: Angle 1st edge - 2nd edge equals 0

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE961.

Remedy: Parameter _INCA equals 0.

61348 Channel %1 Block %2: Angle rel. to reference edge equals 0

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61349 Channel %1 Block %2: Distance upper probe edge - measuring position =

0 for tool radius measurement

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE971.

Parameter _TP[x,9] distance between upper edge and lower edge of tool probe equals 0; relevant for

radius measurement.

Remedy: Check parameter _TP[x,9].

61350 Channel %1 block %2: feed, speed not programmed in _MFS for tool

measurement with rotating spindle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE971.

Measuring feed and/or spindle speed of tool measurement with rotating spindle in GUD variable

_MFS[2] not specified.

Remedy: Check parameter _MFS[2].

NCK alarms

61351 Channel %1 Block %2: Tool length or radius is 0

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE971.

For the active tool, the length or radius equal zero.

Remedy: Check length and radius of the active tool in the compensation data memory.

61352 Channel %1 Block %2: Path for logfile not permitted

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE106.

The specified path for the log file is incorrect.

Remedy: Check parameter _PROTNAME[1].

61353 Channel %1 Block %2: Path for logfile not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE106.

The specified directory does not exist or the specified path is incorrect.

Remedy: Check parameter _PROTNAME[1].

61354 Channel %1 Block %2: File for logfile not found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE106.

No name specified for the log file. Check parameter _PROTNAME[1].

61355 Channel %1 Block %2: Incorrect file type for logfile

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Remedy:

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE106.

The file extension for the log file is incorrect.

Remedy: Check parameter _PROTNAME[1].

61356 Channel %1 Block %2: File for logfile is being used

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE106.

The log file is already used by an NC program.

Remedy: Check parameter _PROTNAME[1].

NCK alarms

61357 Channel %1 Block %2: No resources free

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE106.

Not enough NC memory space available.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete the files.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61358 Channel %1 Block %2: Error during recording

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE106.

Internal error

Remedy: Call the hotline!

61359 Channel %1 Block %2: - continue with RESET

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE106.

Internal error

Remedy: Call the hotline!

61360 Channel %1 Block %2: Log job undefined - continue with RESET

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE106.

Cycle CYCLE106 was called by an incorrect parameter.

Remedy: Check cycle call for CYCLE106, specifically the call parameter.

61361 Channel %1 Block %2: Variable cannot be recorded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE105.

The value specified in _PROTVAL[] cannot be logged.

Remedy: Check parameter _PROTVAL[].

61362 Channel %1 Block %2: Cycle118: No. of values too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE118.

4th parameter for CYCLE118 is larger than 10.

Remedy: Reduce the 4th parameter (PAR4) of CYCLE118.

NCK alarms

61363 Channel %1 Block %2: Max. no. of value lines for recording exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Maximum number of value lines exceeded.

Alarm triggerd by following cycle: CYCLE105.

Remedy: Reduce the number of value lines.

Check parameter _PROTFORM[4].

61364 Channel %1 block %2: Check distance from measuring point 1 to

measuring point2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE998.

Parameter $_{ID}$ is ≤ 0 .

Remedy: Check parameter _ID.

61365 Channel %1 block %2: Check circular feed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE979.

Parameter _RF is <= 0.

Remedy: Check parameter _RF.

61366 Channel %1 block %2: Direction of rotation for tool measurement with

rotating spindle not specified in _CM[5]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE971.

Permissible values for data field _CM[5] in GUD6 block are 3 (corresponds to M3) or 4 (corresponds

to M4).

Remedy: Check parameter _CM[5] in GUD6.

61367 Channel %1 block %2: Parameters _SETV[0...3] or _SETV[4...7] are

dentical

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE961.

Remedy: Specify different positions for the relevant points of _SETV[0...7] .

61368 Channel %1 block %2: Straights through parameter _SETV[0...3] or

_SETV[4...7]do not intersect

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE961.

Remedy: Specify different positions for the relevant points of _SETV[0...7].

NCK alarms

61369 Channel %1 block %2: Position of corner not clearly definable, check

parameter (_SETV[0...7])

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE961.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Define P1 and P2 or P3 and P4 in a way that the intersection of the straights determined by these

points is outside the sections formed by P1 and P2 or P3 and P4.

Program Continuation:

gram Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61370 Channel %1 block %2: _PROTVAL[0] -_PROTVAL[5] do not have any

entries

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE105.

Remedy: Enter values in _PROTVAL[0...5].

61371 Channel %1 block %2: Product of column width and number of columns

exceeds 200 characters per line

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE105.

Remedy: Reduce the column width (_PROTFORM[4]) or number of columns (_PROTVAL[2...5]).

61372 Channel %1 block %2: selected meas.variant requires SPOS-capable

spindle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Change measuring variant or check machine equipment.

61373 Channel %1 block %2: Mono-directional probe requires SPOS-capable

spindle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Check machine equipment.

61401 Channel %1 block %2: Probe not switching, traversing path limitation

through software limit position

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE961, CYCLE971, CYCLE976, CYCLE977,

CYCLE978, CYCLE998

The position defined by a setpoint value cannot be reached, as the software limit position has been

exceeded.

Remedy: Check specified setpoint value.

NCK alarms

61402 Channel %1 block %2: Probe collision, traversing path limitation through

software limit position

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE977

For the measuring variant Measure web/shaft, the position path in the plane was limited by the

software limit position. The probe switched in the following infeed along the infeed axis.

Remedy: Check programmed position regarding software end position.

61403 Channel %1 block %2: Internal cycle error during frame calculation.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Call the SIEMENS hotline

61404 Channel %1 block %2: Internal cycle error during tool offset.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Check the dependent tool specifications.

61405 Channel %1 block %2: tool environment does not exist in _TENV

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Correct the names or create this environment.

61406 Channel %1 block %2: check DL number in _DLNUM

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Check the number of additive offset and setup offset.

Check parameter _DLNUM.

61407 Channel %1 block %2: check 7th digit and higher of _KNUM

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The 6th position of _KNUM includes invalid values.

Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Check the number of additive offset and setup offset.

Check parameter _KNUM.

61408 Channel %1 block %2: total offsets not present

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Set MD 18080, Bit 8=1

NCK alarms

61409 Channel %1 block %2: set up offsets not present

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Set MD 18112, Bit 4=1

61410 Channel %1 block %2: option or offset value not present

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles. **Remedy:** The variable to be corrected requires an option or an increase in MD values.

61411 Channel %1 block %2: frame calculation impossible, check values

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE997, CYCLE119

Remedy: Check the setpoint and actual values

61412 Channel %1 block %2: channel basic frame not present

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE997, CYCLE119

Remedy: Set MD 28081>0, \$P_CHBFRMASK>0

61413 Channel %1 block %2: check setpoint of ball diameter, _SETVAL<=0

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE997

Remedy: Check setpoint value of spherical diameter.

61414 Channel %1 block %2 : distortion of triangle over limit

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE997, CYCLE119

Remedy: Check the setpoint and actual values

61415 Channel %1 block %2: check probe / machining plane

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE971

Remedy: Enter permissible probe (_TP[x,8], _TPW[x,8]) for machining plane or change machining plane.

61416 Channel %1 block %2: adapt array size %4!

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: "Adjust field size _TP[]/_CVAL[0]!" or "Adjust field size _WP[]/_CVAL[1]!" or "Adjust field size _KP[

]/_CVAL[2]!" or "Adjust field size _TWP[]/_CVAL[3]!". Check probe/machining plane.

Alarm triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: Adjust _CVAL entry with the number of available probe or calibration block data fields.

NCK alarms

61417 Channel %1 block %2: Probe will collide with the carrier of the reference

groove.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: CYCLE973 **Remedy:** Take up collision-free initial position of the axes involved in the measuring process.

61418 Channel %1 block %2: Protocol file too small, check MD11420:

LEN_PROTOCOL_FILE.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycle: CYCLE106

Remedy: Check MD11420: LEN_PROTOCOL_FILE.

61419 Channel %1 block %2: Check probe calibration with reference to center

of ball/circumference of ball.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: CYCLE974, CYCLE994, CYCLE977,

CYCLE978, CYCLE979, CYCLE997, CYCLE998

Remedy: The workpiece probe must be calibrated according to its use in the measuring cycles.

61420 Channel %1 block %2: Check calibration of multi/mono probes.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: CYCLE974, CYCLE994, CYCLE9777,

CYCLE978, CYCLE979, CYCLE997, CYCLE998

Remedy: The workpiece probe must be calibrated according to its type and use.

61421 Channel %1 block %2: Software release of measuring cycles or NCK

inadequate or set up incorrectly --> error code %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: CYCLE996

Remedy: Causes of error:

1. Error code = A -> _OVR[] - parameter field too small. Check GUD definition.

DEF CHAN REAL _OVR[72] (up to MZ06.03.xx.xx =32)

61422 Channel %1 block %2: Parameter _MVAR incorrect --> Error code: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: CYCLE996

Remedy: Causes of error:

1. Error code = A -> _MVAR = 9x identifier CYCLE996 measure kinematics

2. Error code = B -> Parameter for normalizing (_MVAR) incorrect

3. Error code = C -> Measurement variant "compute only" active, but rotary axis 1 or 2 not

measured

(see also parameter _OVR[40])

NCK alarms

61423 Channel %1 block %2: Parameter _TNUM not agreed or not created

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: CYCLE996

Remedy: Causes of error

1. Parameter CYCLE996 _TNUM incorrect or equals zero 2. No swivel data record created -> MD18088 = 0

61424 Channel %1 block %2: Parameter _SETVAL for diameter of calibration

ball incorrect

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: CYCLE996

Remedy: Check parameter _SETVAL.

61425 Channel %1 block %2: Parameter for measuring axis rotary axis 1 or 2

incorrect -> Error code: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: CYCLE996

Remedy: Causes of error:

Error code = A -> Rotary axis number incorrect (1 or 2)
 Error code = B -> No name agreed for rotary axis 1
 Error code = C -> Rotary axis vector 1 equals zero
 Error code = D -> No name agreed for rotary axis 2
 Error code = E -> Rotary axis vector 2 equals zero

61426 Channel %1 block %2: Sum of the active offsets does not equal zero ->

Error code: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: CYCLE996

Remedy: Causes of error:

Check the overview of active offsets (\$P_ACTFRAME)

1. Error code = A -> Sum of the translatory offsets of the geometry axes <> 0
2. Error code = B -> Sum of the fine offsets of the geometry axes <> 0
3. Error code = C -> Sum of the rotary components of the geometry axes <> 0
4. Error code = D -> Sum of the translatory offsets of rotary axis 1 <> 0
5. Error code = E -> Sum of the translatory offsets of rotary axis 2 <> 0

61427 Channel %1 block %2: Tool data of the active workpiece probe incorrect

or inactive --> Error code: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: CYCLE996

Remedy: Causes of error:

1. Error code = A -> Workpiece probe (or tool edge) inactive
2. Error code = B -> Length L1 of the workpiece probe = 0

NCK alarms

61428 Channel %1 block %2: Error while creating log file -> Error code: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: CYCLE996

Remedy: Causes of error:

Error code = A -> Number of log files in the current directory > 99
 Error code = B -> Log files too long. Rename or delete log files,

check MD11420 \$MN_LEN_PROTOCOL_FILE.

61429 Channel %1 block %2: Measuring axis (rotary axis 1 or 2) not in basic or

intended position -> Error code: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: CYCLE996

Remedy: Causes of error:

Error code = A -> Rotary axis 1 not in basic position on 1st measurement
 Error code = B -> Rotary axis 2 not in basic position on 1st measurement

3. Error code = C -> Rotary axis 2 not in intended position on 2nd or 3rd measurement in

comparison to 1st measurement, see parameters _OVR[63 to 65]

4. Error code = D -> Rotary axis 1 not in intended position on 2nd or 3rd measurement in

comparison to 1st measurement, see parameters _OVR[60 to 62]

61430 Channel %1 block %2: Kinematic vectors not computed -> Error code:

%4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycles: CYCLE996

Remedy: Causes of error:

1. Error code = A -> Plausibility of the input points PM1, PM2, PM3 not fulfilled, resulting side

lengths must be not equal to zero

(Notice: even in the case of side lengths not equal to zero, there is a risk

of not being able to form a triangle => check PM1...3.)

2. Error code = B -> Enclosed angle at PM1 between the spread vectors PM1PM2 and PM1PM3

is equal to zero 0.

Starting points do not form a triangle.

3. Error code = C -> Enclosed angle at PM2 between the spread vectors PM2PM1 and PM2PM3

is equal to 0.

Starting points do not form a triangle.

4. Error code = D -> Enclosed angle at PM3 between the spread vectors PM3PM1 and PM3PM2

is equal to 0.

Starting points do not form a triangle.

5. Error code = E -> Normalizing interpolation point: Invalid axis name defined for computation

6. Error code = F -> Normalizing vertice: Invalid plane defined for computation

61440 Channel %1 block %2: Position of cutting edge cannot be determined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycle: CYCLE982

Remedy: A turning tool with a cutting edge position between 1 and 8 must be used as the tool type.

Check the entered cutting edge position with reference to the basic position of the tool carrier.

NCK alarms

61441 Channel %1 block %2: Position of cutting edge is not in the machining

plane.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycle: CYCLE982

Remedy: The position of the cutting edge of the turning tool (cutting tip) is no longer in the machining plane

(interpolation plane), this can be caused, for example, by a tool carrier with orientation capability.

Correct the tool carrier position.

61442 Channel %1 block %2: Tool carrier not parallel to the geometry axes

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycle: CYCLE982

Remedy: As a result of incorrect positioning of the orientable tool carrier, tool lengths L1,2,3 are not parallel to

the geometry axes.

Optimize the axes of the tool carrier.

61443 Channel %1 block %2: Advance angle INCA=0 or greater/less than +/-

90° or +/-120°

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following measuring cycle: CYCLE979

Remedy: Check the value in the parameter advance angle _INCA.

If 3-point measurement is selected, _INCA must not be greater/less than +/-120°, and with 4-point

measurement _INCA must not be greater/less than +/-90°.

The advance angle _INCA must always be parameterized unequal to "zero".

61501 Channel %1 block %2: Simulation is active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: all grinding cycles

Remedy: Reset simulation

61502 Channel %1 block %2: No tool offset active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: all grinding cycles

Remedy: A tool number must be programmed

61503 Channel %1 block %2: tool nose radius compensation left or right

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE410, CYCLE411, CYCLE412,

CYCLE413, CYCLE414, CYCLE415, CYCLE416, CYCLE420

Remedy: A tool offset value has to be programmed

61504 Channel %1 block %2: _KNG incorrect for setup

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: setup function

Remedy:

NCK alarms

61505 Channel %1 block %2: retraction path < 1mm

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE420

Remedy: Increase retraction path

61506 Channel %1 block %2: infeed path < 1mm

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE420

Remedy: Increase infeed path

61507 Channel %1 block %2: safety clearance < 1mm

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: setup function

Remedy:

61508 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect default setting for shoulder position

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: setup function

Remedy:

61509 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect default setting for dresser position

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: setup function

Remedy:

61510 Channel %1 block %2: Test run feed is active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE410, CYCLE411, CYCLE413,

CYCLE415, CYCLE420

Remedy: Switch off test run feed

61511 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect shoulder position or tool edge D1/D2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: setup function

Remedy:

NCK alarms

61512 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect longitudinal position

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: setup function

Remedy:

61513 Channel %1 block %2: Dresser left and inclined grinding wheel

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: setup function

Remedy:

61514 Channel %1 block %2: Grinding wheel type missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: setup function

Remedy:

61515 Channel %1 block %2: Retraction path <= dressing amount

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE416

Remedy: Change retraction path

61517 Channel %1 block %2: Angle of inclined grinding wheel missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE416

Remedy: Enter angle under \$TC_TPG8

61518 Channel %1 block %2: Shoulder height of grinding wheel must be >

grinding wheel radius

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE432

Remedy: Change shoulder height or grinding wheel radius

61519 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect type of machining

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE410, CYCLE411, CYCLE412,

CYCLE413, CYCLE415

Remedy: Assign a value between 1 and 3 to parameter B_ART

61520 Channel %1 block %2: Additional offsets not set

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE413, CYCLE420, CYCLE433

Remedy: Set MD18094 MM_NUM_CC_TDA_PARAM=10

NCK alarms

61521 Channel %1 block %2: Current grinding wheel too wide

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE411, CYCLE415

Remedy: Reduce width of grinding wheel

61522 Channel %1 block %2: Overlap >= current grinding wheel width

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE411

Remedy: Reduce overlap

61523 Channel %1 block %2: Zero signal of calipers missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE410, CYCLE411, CYCLE413

Remedy: Check calipers signal

61524 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect oblique angle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE413

Remedy: Oblique plunge angles must be >-90° and <90°

61525 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect grinding wheel type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE413

Remedy: Change grinding wheel type \$TC_TPC1

61526 Channel %1 block %2: Workpiece radius = 0

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE414

Remedy: Enter workpiece radius > 0

61527 Channel %1 block %2: Grinding wheel radius >= workpiece radius

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE414

Remedy: Change grinding wheel radius or workpiece radius

61529 Channel %1 block %2: Dimensional notation INCH programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE410, CYCLE411, CYCLE412,

CYCLE413, CYCLE414, CYCLE415, CYCLE420

Remedy: Basic system MD \$MN_SCALING_SYSTEM_IS_METRIC does not correspond to programmed G

command (G group 13).

NCK alarms

61530 Channel %1 block %2: Default longitudinal position incorrect

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE420

Remedy: Check longitudinal position parameter

61531 Channel %1 block %2: Longitudinal position not registered in Z

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE420

Remedy: Increase infeed path parameter

61532 Channel %1 block %2: Value for _LAGE is incorrect

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE414

Remedy: Correct parameter content for _LAGE

61533 Channel %1 block %2: No length L1 entered under D...

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE416, CYCLE420

Remedy: Enter length L1 in the tool offset D of the grinding wheel

61540 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect D number / dresser D field active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE401, CYCLE402, CYCLE403,

CYCLE443

Remedy: A tool D number must be programmed that is < _GC_DNUM

61541 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect grinding wheel type entered

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE432, CYCLE434, CYCLE435,

CYCLE436, CYCLE438, CYCLE439, CYCLE444, CYCLE447

Remedy: Select a valid grinding wheel type in tool management

61542 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect grinding wheel reference point selected

when selecting the dresser coordinate system

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE435, CYCLE441, CYCLE447

Remedy: A tool D number must be programmed that is < _GC_DNUM

61543 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect dresser selected when selecting the

dresser coordinate system

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE402, CYCLE435, CYCLE442,

CYCLE447

Remedy: A dresser number >0 and <4 must be selected

NCK alarms

61544 Channel %1 block %2: Grinding wheel diameter worn down

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE438

Remedy: New grinding wheel required, or check limit values in the grinding wheel data

61545 Channel %1 block %2: Width of grinding wheel worn down

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE438 **Remedy:** New grinding wheel required, or check limit values in the grinding wheel data

61546 Channel %1 block %2: Dresser %4, wear limit length 1 reached

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE438

Remedy: New dresser required, or check limit values of dresser

61547 Channel %1 block %2: Dresser %4, wear limit length 2 reached

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE438

Remedy: New dresser required, or check limit values of dresser

61548 Channel %1 block %2: Dresser %4, wear limit length 3 reached

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE438

Remedy: New dresser required, or check limit values of dresser

61549 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect dresser type selected

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycles: CYCLE402, CYCLE421, CYCLE422,

CYCLE423, CYCLE424

Remedy: Check dresser type on input

61555 Channel %1 block %2: Diameter of grinding wheel ==0, GWPS cannot be

calculated

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE446

Remedy: Check diameter

61556 Channel %1 block %2: Impossible chamfer and radius of left edge of

wheel

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE432

Remedy: Check values in grinding wheel data

NCK alarms

61557 Channel %1 block %2: Impossible chamfer and radius of right edge of

wheel

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE432

Remedy: Check values in grinding wheel data

61558 Channel %1 block %2: Chamfer / radius + shoulder height are less than

the retraction height of the left edge of the grinding wheel

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE432

Remedy: Check values in grinding wheel data

61559 Channel %1 block %2: Chamfer / radius + shoulder height are less than

the retraction height of the right edge of the grinding wheel

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE432

Remedy: Check values in grinding wheel data

61601 Channel %1 block %2: Finished part diameter too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed radius of the machined part is too small. Alarm triggered by following cycles:

CYCLE94, CYCLE96

Remedy: Check parameter SPD or DIATH.

61602 Channel %1 block %2: Tool width incorrectly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Plunge cutter is larger than the programmed groove width. Alarm triggered by following cycle:

CYCLE93.

Remedy: Check tool or change program.

61603 Channel %1 block %2: Recess type incorrectly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Radii/chamfers at the groove base do not match the groove width. Face groove on a contour element

running parallel to the longitudinal axis is not possible. Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE93.

Remedy: Check parameter VARI.

NCK alarms

61604 Channel %1 block %2: Active tool violates programmed contour

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Contour violation in the relief cut elements due to the tool clearance angle of the tool used. Alarm

triggered by following cycle: CYCLE95.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Use a different tool or check the contour subroutine.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program
Continuation:

61605 Channel %1 block %2: Contour incorrectly programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Illegal relief cut element detected. Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE76, CYCLE77,

CYCLE95.

Remedy: Check contour program.

61606 Channel %1 block %2: Error during contour preparation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number %2 = Block number, label

Definitions: An error has been found on conditioning the contour. This alarm is always related to one of NCK

alarms 10930...10934, 15800 or 15810. Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE95.

Remedy: Check contour subroutine.

61607 Channel %1 block %2: Starting point incorrectly programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The starting point reached before the cycle call does not lie outside the rectangle described by the

contour subroutine. Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE95.

Remedy: Check starting point prior to cycle call.

61608 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect tool point direction programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE94, CYCLE96.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: A cutting edge position 1...4, matching the undercut form, must be programmed.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61609 Channel %1 block %2: Shape incorrectly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE94, CYCLE96, LONGHOLE, POCKET3, SLOT1.

Remedy: Check parameter for the undercut form or groove form or pocket.

NCK alarms

61610 Channel %1 Block %2: No infeed depth programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE76, CYCLE77, CYCLE96.

Remedy: Check parameter MID.

61611 Channel %1 Block %2: No point of intersection found

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No intersection could be calculated with the contour. Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE95.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Check contour programming or modify infeed depth.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61612 Channel %1 block %2: Thread finishing not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE97, CYCLE98.

Remedy: Check the conditions for thread finishing.

61613 Channel %1 block %2: Undercut position incorrectly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE94, CYCLE96.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Interface signals are set. NC Start disable in this channel.

Interpreter stop

Remedy: Check value in parameter _VARI.

Program Clear ala

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

61701 Channel %1 block %2: Error in finished part contour description

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Either none of parameters _NP1, _NP2 and _NP3 supplied or error in finished part contour

programming.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950

Remedy: - Check parameters _NP1, _NP2 and _NP3.

- Check finished-part contour programming.

61702 Channel %1 block %2: Error in blank contour description

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Either none of parameters _NP5, _NP6 and _NP7 supplied or error in blank contour programming.

The alarm is triggered by the following cycles: CYCLE950

Remedy: - Check parameters _NP5, _NP6 and _NP7.

- Check blank contour programming.

NCK alarms

61703 Channel %1 block %2: Internal cycle error while deleting file

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE950, CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61704 Channel %1 block %2: Internal cycle error while writing to file

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE950, CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61705 Channel %1 block %2: Internal cycle error while reading to file

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE950, CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61706 Channel %1 block %2: Internal cycle error while generating checksum

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE950, CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61707 Channel %1 block %2: internal cycle error with ACTIVATE at HMI

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE950, CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61708 Channel %1 block %2: internal cycle error with READYPROG at HMI

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE950, CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61709 Channel %1 block %2: Timeout in contour calculation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

NCK alarms

61710 Channel %1 block %2: Stock removal program not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

Continuation:

61711 Channel %1 block %2: Name of stock removal program missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program Internal

Continuation:

61712 Channel %1 block %2: Tool parameter for machining direction not

defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Program

Continuation:

61720 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect parameter input.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Internal

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61721 Channel %1 block %2: Error contour direction cannot be determined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

NCK alarms

61722 Channel %1 block %2: System error

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61723 Channel %1 block %2: Machining not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: Use a tool with a larger clearance angle.

61724 Channel %1 block %2: Material not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61725 Channel %1 block %2: Memory space problem, therefore error in contour

generating

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61726 Channel %1 block %2: Internal error: Memory space problem

_FILECTRL_INTERNAL_ERROR

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61727 Channel %1 block %2: Internal error: Memory space problem

_FILECTRL_EXTERNAL_ERROR

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61728 Channel %1 block %2: Internal error: Memory space problem

_ALLOC_P_INTERNAL_ERROR

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

NCK alarms

61729 Channel %1 block %2: Internal error: Memory space problem

_ALLOC_P_EXTERNAL_ERROR

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61730 Channel %1 block %2: Internal error: invalid memory

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61731 Channel %1 block %2: Internal error: floating point exception

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61732 Channel %1 block %2: Internal error: invalid instruction

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61733 Channel %1 block %2: Internal error: Floating_Point_Error

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61734 Channel %1 block %2: Cutting edge not compatible with cutting direction

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61735 Channel %1 block %2: Finished part not within blank contour

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: Check blank contour definition.

NCK alarms

61736 Channel %1 block %2: Insert length of tool < machining depth

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61737 Channel %1 block %2: Machining_cutting_depth > tool nose radius

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61738 Channel %1 block %2: Machining_cutting_depth < tool nose radius

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61739 Channel %1 block %2: Wrong insert position of tool for this machining

operation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61740 Channel %1 block %2: Blank must be closed contour

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: Check whether blank contour is closed, i.e. starting point = end point.

61741 Channel %1 block %2: Abort due to insufficient memory space

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

Remedy: --

61742 Channel %1 block %2: Approach collision, correction not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE950.

NCK alarms

61766 Channel %1 block %2: Error in blank program

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

Continuation:

61798 Channel %1 block %2: Acknowledgment error ACTIVATE

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program Internal

Continuation:

61799 Channel %1 block %2: Acknowledgment error READYPROG

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

Continuation:

61800 Channel %1 block %2: Ext. CNC system missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Machine data for external language MD18800: \$MN_MM_EXTERN_LANGUAGE or option bit 19800

\$ON_EXTERN_LANGUAGE is not set.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

NCK alarms

61801 Channel %1 block %2: Wrong G code selected

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the program call CYCLE300</br>
value> an impermissible numerical value was programmed for the

entered CNC System, or in the Cycles Setting Datum an incorrect value for the G Code System was

set.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

Continuation:

61802 Channel %1 block %2: Wrong axis type

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed axis is assigned to a spindle

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

Continuation:

61803

Channel %1 block %2: Programmed axis not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed axis is not in the system.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE83, CYCLE84, CYCLE840.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check parameter _AXN.

Check MD20050-20080.

Program Continuation Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61804 Channel %1 block %2: Progr. position exceeds reference point

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed intermediate position or actual position is behind the reference point.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: --

Program Internal

NCK alarms

61805 Channel %1 block %2: Value programmed absolute and incremental

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The programmed intermediate position is both absolutely as well as incrementally programmed.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

Continuation:

61806

Channel %1 block %2: Wrong axis assignment

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The axis-assignment sequence is wrong.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: --

Program Internal

Continuation:

61807 Channel %1 block %2: Wrong spindle direction programmed (active)

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE840.

The programmed spindle direction contradicts the spindle direction planned for the cycle.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check parameters SDR and SDAC.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

61808 Channel %1 block %2: Final drilling depth or single drilling depth

missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The total depth Z or individual drilling depth Q is missing from theG8xblock (initial cycle call).

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: --

Program Internal

NCK alarms

61809 Channel %1 Block %2: Drill position not permissible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

Continuation:

61810 Channel %1 Block %2: ISO G code not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the call block an impermissible ISO axis name was programmed.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

Program Continuation:

61811

Channel %1 Block %2: ISO axis name illegal

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the call block an impermissible numerical value was programmed.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program Internal

Continuation:

61812 Channel %1 Block %2: Value(s) in external cycle call wrongly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: In the call block an impermissible numerical value was programmed.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: --

Program Internal

Continuation:

61813 Channel %1 Block %2: GUD value wrongly defined

Definitions: An impermissible numerical value was

entered in the cycles-setting data.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

NCK alarms

61814 Channel %1 block %2: Polar coordinates not possible with cycle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: -

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

Continuation:

61815 Channel %1 block %2: G40 not active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: G40 was inactive before the cycle call.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: --

Program Internal

Continuation:

61816 Channel %1 Block %2: Axes not on reference point

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

Continuation:

61817

Channel %1 Block %2: Axis coordinates within protection zone

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: --

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

Continuation:

61818 Channel %1 Block %2: Axis range limits are equal

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: -

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

NCK alarms

61900 Channel %1 block %2: No contour available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61901 Channel %1 block %2: Contour not closed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61902 Channel %1 block %2: No more memory available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61903 Channel %1 block %2: Too many contour elements

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61904 Channel %1 block %2: Too many intersections

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61905 Channel %1 block %2: Cutter radius too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The diameter of the cutter used is too small, residual material is left in the groove. Alarm triggered by

following cycles: SLOT2, CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: Use a tool with a larger radius.

61906 Channel %1 block %2: Too many contours

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61907 Channel %1 block %2: No center point specified for circle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

NCK alarms

61908 Channel %1 block %2: No starting point specified

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61909 Channel %1 block %2: Helix radius too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61910 Channel %1 block %2: Helix violates contour

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61911 Channel %1 block %2: Several approach points required

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61912 Channel %1 block %2: No path to generate

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: -Program Internal

Continuation:

61913 Channel %1 block %2: No residual material generated

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61914 Channel %1 block %2: Programmed helix violates contour

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61915 Channel %1 block %2: Approach/retract motion violates contour

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

NCK alarms

61916 Channel %1 block %2: Ramp path too short

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61917 Channel %1 block %2: Residual corners may remain with overlapping of

less than 50%

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61918 Channel %1 block %2: Cutter radius for residual material too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61980 Channel %1 block %2: Error in the island contour

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61981 Channel %1 block %2: Error in the edge contour

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61982 Channel %1 block %2: Infeed width in the plane too large

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61983 Channel %1 block %2: Pocket edge contour missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61984 Channel %1 block %2: Tool parameter _TN not defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

NCK alarms

61985 Channel %1 block %2: Program name for drilling positions missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61986 Channel %1 block %2: Program pocket milling missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61987 Channel %1 block %2: Program drilling positions missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61988 Channel %1 block %2: Program name for pocket milling missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

61989 Channel %1 block %2: D1 is not programmed as active tool cutting edge

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE73, CYCLE74, CYCLE75.

Remedy: --

62000 Channel %1 block %2:

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: -

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

62000 Channel %1 block %2: Insert new tool

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Please load new tool.

Remedy: --

62100 Channel %1 block %2: No drilling cycle active

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No modal drilling cycle has been called before the drilling pattern cycle call. Alarm triggered by

following cycles: HOLES1, HOLES2.

Remedy: Check whether a drilling cycle was called prior to calling the drilling pattern cycle.

NCK alarms

62101 Channel %1 Block %2: Milling direction incorrect - G3 is generated

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Synchronous or reverse rotation programmed. But the spindle does not rotate at a cycle call.

Remedy: Check value in paramter CDIR.

62102 Channel %1 Block %2: pocket not completely solidly machined during

finishing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

62103 Channel %1 Block %2: No finishing allowance programmed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No finishing allowance is programmed, although it is necessary for this machining.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Programm a finishing allowance.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

62104 Channel %1 Block %2: Drilling cycle incorrectly defined

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

62105 Channel %1 block %2: Number of columns or lines equals zero

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE801. **Remedy:** Check parameters _NUM1 and _NUM2.

62106 Channel %1 block %2: incorrect value for monitoring status in tool

monitoring

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

62107 Channel %1 block %2: parameter %4 incorrectly defined for tool

monitoring in cycles

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

62108 Channel %1 block %2: error in function Tool monitoring in cycles

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

62180 Channel %1 block %2: Set rotary axes %4 [deg]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE800.

Note on 62180 and 62181:

Sample display of the swivel angle to be set for a manual rotary axis in CYCLE800:

62181 "Set rotary axis B: 32.5 [grd]"

Remedy: Settable angles for manual rotary axes.

62181 Channel %1 block %2: Set rotary axis %4 [deg]

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE800.

Note on 62180 and 62181:

Sample display of the swivel angle to be set for a manual rotary axis in CYCLE800:

62181 "Set rotary axis B: 32.5 [grd]"

Remedy: Settable angle for manual rotary axis.

62182 Channel %1 block %2 : load inclinable head: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: No swivel head is active. Alarm triggered by following cycles: E_TCARR, F_TCARR.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Request to load a swivel head.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

62183 Channel %1 block %2 : unload inclinable head: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE800.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

62184 Channel %1 block %2 : replace inclinable head: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE800.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

62185 Channel %1 block %2 : angle adapted to angle grid: %4

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: %4 difference angle with Hirth tooth system

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE800.

Remedy: Check installation and start-up of the swivel cycle CYCLE800.

62186 Channel %1 Block %2: Swiveling in JOG --> active WO G%4 and basic

frames contain rotations

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE800.

Note for 62186 and 62187:

Set and active error messages 62186 and 62187 with GUD7 parameter _TC_FR:

100th position 0xx -> no error analysis 62186 61287

1xx -> error analysis 62186 - active WO G%4 and basic frames include rotations 2xx -> error analysis 62187 - several active basic frames (G500) include rotations

3xx -> error analyses 62186 and 62187.

Remedy: For %4 of the active WO see notes for 62186 and 62187.

62187 Channel %1 Block %2: Swiveling in JOG --> several active basic frames

(G500) contain rotations

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Several active basic frames (G500) include rotations.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE800.

Note on 62186 and 62187

Setting of the activation of error messages 62186 and 62187 with GUD7 parameter $_TC_FR$:

100's place 0xx -> no error evaluation 62186 61287

1xx -> error evaluation 62186 - active NV G%4 and basic frames include rotations 2xx -> error evaluation 62187 - several active basic frames (G500) include rotations

3xx -> error evaluation 62186 and 62187

Remedy: See notes for 62186 and 62187.

NCK alarms

62200 Channel %1 Block %2: Start spindle

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Stop prior to thread machining, as the spindle is in stop position.

Alarm triggered by following cycles: ASUP, E_TR_CON, F_TR_CON.

Remedy: Start the tool spindle before machining the thread.

62201 Channel %1 block %2: Z offset does not influence the retraction planes.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: The retraction planes refer to the workpiece. Therefore, programmable offsets do not influence the

retraction planes.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_SP_RP .

Remedy: Ensure that the offset will not cause a collision.

Then start the NC.

The alarm can be suppressed via display machine data 9898.

62202 Channel %1 block %2: NOTICE: tool travels directly to machining!

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: After block search a position is to be reached by direct approach.

Alarm triggered by following cycle: F_TFS.

Remedy: Check whether the desired position can be reached without collision.

Then execute an NC start.

62300 Channel %1 Block %2: Check number of empirical value memory

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: --

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check setpoint value

Increase parameter _TSA

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

62303 Channel %1 Block %2: Safety margin exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm can be triggered by following measuring cycles: all measuring cycles.

Remedy: -Check setpoint value

-Increase parameter _TSA

NCK alarms

62304 Channel %1 Block %2: Allowance

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE974, CYCLE977, CYCLE978, CYCLE979,

CYCLE994.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The difference between actual and setpoint value is larger than upper tolerance limit (parameter

_TUL).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

62305 Channel %1 Block %2: Dimension too small

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE974, CYCLE977, CYCLE978, CYCLE979,

CYCLE994

Remedy: The difference between actual and setpoint value is smaller than lower tolerance limit (parameter

_TLL).

62306 Channel %1 Block %2: Permissible measuring difference exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE971, CYCLE972, CYCLE974, CYCLE977,

CYCLE978, CYCLE979, CYCLE982, CYCLE994

Remedy: The difference between actual and setpoint value is larger than tolerance parameter _TDIF, tool data

are not corrected.

62307 Channel %1 block %2: Maximum number of characters per line

exceeded.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE105

Insufficient number of characters per line.

Remedy: Increase the value in _PROTFORM[1]

62308 Channel %1 Block %2: Variable column width not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE105.

Unable to generate variable column widths, as no header available.

A fixed column width of 12 characters is used.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Complete the header in _PROTVAL[0].

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

62309 Channel %1 Block %2: Insufficient column width

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggerd by the following cycles: CYCLE105.

The value to be logged is larger than the column width.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Adjust _PROTFORM[5] or change the header at variable column width.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

62310 Channel %1 block %2: The max. number of characters per line is limited

to 200 characters per line

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycles: CYCLE105.

The maximum number of characters per line has been limited to 200 characters per line.

Remedy: --

62311 Channel %1 block %2: The maximum number of characters per line

PROTFORM[1] is adjusted.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggered by the following cycles: CYCLE105

Max. number of characters per line $_PROTFORM[1]$ has been adjusted.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

Channel %1 block %2: probe is not perpendicular to plane!

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

62312

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: --

Program
Continuation:

NCK alarms

62313 Channel %1 block %2: The number of lines per page _PROTFORM[0] is

incorrect and is automatically adjusted.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: Alarm triggered by following cycle: CYCLE106.

Remedy: Check _PROTFORM[0] in the program.

62314 Channel %1 block %2: Traverse path limitation via software end position,

collision detection activated, continue with NC START / cancel with

RESET.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggered by the following cycle: CYCLE977

Remedy: Position the workpiece to be measured further away from the software end positions.

62315 Channel %1 block %2: Overwrite swivel data record TCARR = %4, yes ->

NC start, no -> reset

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggered by the following cycle: CYCLE996

Remedy:

62316 Channel %1 block %2: Overwrite TRAORIdata, yes -> NC start, no -> reset

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggered by the following cycle: CYCLE996

Remedy:

62317 Channel %1 Block %2: Tolerance of the linear vector %4 exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggered by the following cycle: CYCLE996

Remedy:

62318 Channel %1 Block %2: Tolerance of the rotary axis vector %4 exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm is triggered by the following cycle: CYCLE996

Remedy:

NCK alarms

62500 Channel %1 block %2: GWPS has been limited

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE446

Remedy: Check the limit value for GWPS and program a lower value in the NC program if necessary

62501 Channel %1 block %2: Speed has been limited

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE446 **Remedy:** Check speed and program a lower value in the NC program if necessary

62502 Channel %1 block %2: Dresser %4, GWPS has been limited

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE421

Remedy: Check limit value for GWPS and program a lower value in the NC program if necessary

62503 Channel %1 block %2: Dresser %4, speed has been limited

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions: The alarm can be triggered by the following grinding cycle: CYCLE421 **Remedy:** Check speed and program a lower value in the NC program if necessary

62900 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect source file

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62901 Channel %1 block %2: Source file not available

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: --

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

62902 Channel %1 block %2: Not yet implemented

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62903 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect contour

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: --

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62904 Channel %1 block %2: Inconsistent tree

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62905 Channel %1 block %2: Inconsistent archive

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program C

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

62906 Channel %1 block %2: Error while reading from input file

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62907 Channel %1 block %2: Error while writing to NC file

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62908 Channel %1 block %2: Selfcutting contour

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Cle

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62909 Channel %1 block %2: Internal error: selfcont_part

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program (

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

62910 Channel %1 block %2: Error while calculating the contour orientation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

62911 Channel %1 block %2: Error on overwriting target

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62912 Channel %1 block %2: Plane cannot be specified here

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

62913 Channel %1 block %2: Inch/metric indication not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

62914 Channel %1 block %2: Double contour pocket call

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62915 Channel %1 block %2: Contour pocket call is missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. Remedy: --

D....

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62916 Channel %1 block %2: Contour not finished

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62917 Channel %1 block %2: Contour end without specified start

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Teilleuy.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

62918 Channel %1 block %2: Rapid traverse within contour definition

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62919 Channel %1 block %2: Nominal radius parameter is missing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62920 Channel %1 block %2: Pocket surface not specified

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62921 Channel %1 block %2: Pocket depth not specified

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Continuation:

NCK alarms

62922 Channel %1 block %2: Output program not specified

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62923 Channel %1 block %2: Starting point not specified

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62924 Channel %1 block %2: Too many elements in the contour

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62925 Channel %1 block %2: Radius specified together with center point

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

teilleuy.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

62926 Channel %1 block %2: Wrong radius specified

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

62927 Channel %1 block %2: Error in fillet

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62928 Channel %1 block %2: Error in chamfer

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62929 Channel %1 block %2: Overlapping pockets

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

> NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

62930 Channel %1 block %2: Contour not closed

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62931 Channel %1 block %2: Residual material file error

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62932 Channel %1 block %2: error on reading RIF file

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

62933 Channel %1 block %2: DEMO mode

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

62934 Channel %1 block %2: Incorrect finishing contour calculation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label channel number

Definitions:

Remedy: --

NCK alarms

63000 Channel %1 block %2:

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

65000 Channel %1 block %2:

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: References: The current alarm text, the error description and the remedial measures for the user cycle

alarms can be found in the Programming Guide of the machine manufacturer.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Refer to the manual on user cycles.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

66000 Channel %1 block %2:

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: References: The current alarm text, the error description and the remedial measures for the user cycle

alarms can be found in the Programming Guide of the machine manufacturer.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Refer to the manual on user cycles.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

67000 Channel %1 block %2:

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: References: The current alarm text, the error description and the remedial measures for the user cycle

alarms can be found in the Programming Guide of the machine manufacturer.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Refer to the manual on user cycles.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

68000 Channel %1 block %2:

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: References: The current alarm text, the error description and the remedial measures for the user cycle

alarms can be found in the Programming Guide of the machine manufacturer.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Refer to the manual on user cycles.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

69000 Channel %1 block %2:

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: References: The current alarm text, the error description and the remedial measures for the user cycle

alarms can be found in the Programming Guide of the machine manufacturer.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm at block end.

Refer to the manual on user cycles.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

Remedy:

70001 Channel %1 Yf is larger than distance C1-Cy

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: In JOG mode, the Yf axis is traversed. The value of the Yf axis is larger than the distance C1-Cy

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Traverse Yf axis in JOG mode in opposite traversing direction

Program Clear

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

Continuation:

70002 Channel %1 block %2 Yf has been programmed larger than distance C1-

Су

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: In the part program, one position in the Yf axis has been programmed larger than the distance C1-Cy

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction.
Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with the

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

NCK alarms

70003 Channel %1 Yf is larger than the effective arm length

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: In JOG mode, the Yf axis is traversed. The value of the Yf axis is larger than the sum of the arm lengths

and the current tool length in the Z direction.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Traverse Yf axis in JOG mode in opposite traversing direction

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

70004 Channel %1 block %2 Yf has been programmed larger than the effective

arm length

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: In the part program, one position in the Yf axis has been programmed larger than the effective arm

length

Reaction: Correction block is reorganized.

Local alarm reaction. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Remedy: Wodiny part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

70010 Channel %1 block %2 unreachable point on selection

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: On transformation selection, the machine axes are positioned with the joint rod not reaching the

platform.

This cannot happen with a machine that has been started up properly.

If the joints have not yet been connected with the platform on start-up, this alarm will show an

impermissible position of the machine axes.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify machine data or approach other selection position **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

70011 Channel %1 block %2 unreachable point

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: The selected block includes a position outside the possible working range of the machine tool.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify parts program

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

70012 Channel %1 unreachable point

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Failure in the cyclic backward transformation in the interpolator or in the forward transformation, e.g.

after RESET.

Extreme distortions of the mechanical system in the current point may be the reason.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Deselect transformation and relieve mechanism

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

70013 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 reaches angle %4 on platform

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number %3 = Channel axis %4 = Limit angle "+" or "-"

Definitions: The indicated block includes a position on which the limit angles on the platform are exceeded, see

MD 62126 und 62127.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify parts program block

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

70014 Channel %1 block %2 axis %3 reaches angle %4 on the drive

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number %3 = Channel axis %4 = Limit angle "+" or "-"

Definitions: The indicated block includes a position on which the limit angles on the linear guides are exceeded,

see MD 62128 and 62129.

Reaction: Local alarm reaction.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify parts program block

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

70015 Channel %1 axis %2 reaches angle %3 on platform

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Channel axis %3 = Limit angle "+" or "-"

Definitions: Cyclic monitoring of the cardanic angle on the platform detects a violation. The machine axes are

 $\ \, \text{decelerated after having reached their max. acceleration. The specified contour is left. } \% 3 \ indicates$

the affected limit value.
-: MD 62126 was not reached
+: MD 62127 was exceeded
NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Select another traversing direction

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

Reaction:

NCK alarms

70016 Channel %1 axis %2 reaches angle %3 on the drive

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Channel axis %3 = Limit angle "+" or "-"

Definitions: Cyclic monitoring of the angle between a rod and the associated linear guide detecs a violation. The

machine axes are decelerated after having reached their max acceleration. The specified contour is

left. %3 indicates the affected limit value.

-: MD 62128 was not reached +: MD 62129 was exceeded

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Select another traversing direction

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

70017 Channel %1 OEM transformer: incorrect MD configuration, error code:

%2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Error code

Definitions: On ramp-up the following error was found in the OEM transformation machine data:

Error code = 3

No channel axis defined. In MD 20070 at least 1 channel axis must be entered.

Error code = 6

Problem on saving when creating the compile cycle machine data, modification of MD 18238 required

(SW 6 and higher) Error code = 10

One of the direction vectors in MD 62113-5 is too short.

Error code = 12

One rod length Li in MD 62120-2 equals zero.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct machine data

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

70018 Channel %1 Transformation was selected with non-referenced axes

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: In order to guarantee proper operation of the transformation, the two linear axes involved in the

transformation have to be referenced prior to selection of the transformation. This alarm is output at

the first traversing movement after selection of the transformation.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Reference the machine axes; deselect and reselect the transformation

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

75000 CLC: incorrect MD configuration, channel %1, error code: %2

Definitions: On ramp-up the following error was found in the clearance control machine data:

Error code = -1: The intermediate points of one of the two sensor characteristics are not rising or falling strictly monotonously.

Error code = -2:One of the two sensor characteristics has less than 2 valid intermediate points. Error code = -3:One of the two sensor characteristics has more than 5 intermediate points with

negative velocity or more than 5 intermediate points with positive velocity. Error code = -4:The digital input for sensor collision monitoring as set in MD

 $MC_CLC_SENSOR_TOUCHED_INPUT$ has not been activated on the control (10350

\$MN_FASTIO_DIG_NUM_INPUTS)

Error code = -5:No rapid input was assigned to the special function "Fast retraction in the position controller" via MD \$MC CLC SENSOR TOUCHED INPUT.

Error code = -6:The axis selected for the clearance control in MD \$MC_CLC_AXNO is not active in the channel.

Error code = -7:The 5-axis transformation (24100 \$MC_TRAFO_TYPE_x) selected for the clearance control in MD \$MC_CLC_AXNO is not configured in the channel.

Error code = -8:More than one of the axes involved in the clearance control is the master axis of a gantry grouping 37100 \$MA_GANTRY_AXIS_TYPE

Error code = -9:One of the axes involved in the clearance control is the slave axis of a gantry grouping

37100 \$MA_GANTRY_AXIS_TYPE

Error code = -10: Export versions will only enable activation of an axial clearance control, if less than four simulataneously interpolating axes have been configured.

Error code = -11: In MD \$MC_CLC_PROG_ORI_AX_MASK, no or three axes exactly may be configured for CLC(3). When three axes are configured, these must be assigned to the channel with \$MC_AXCONF_MACHAX_USED.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify relevant machine data
Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

75005 Channel %1 block %2 CLC: General programming error

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: The activation / deactivation command for the clearance control "CLC(..)" accepts only the values 3,

2, 1, 0 and -1 as call parameters. This alarm signals that parameters are incorrect or missing. The activation command CLC(2) with monitoring of the sensor collision signal is accepted only if a valid digital input is configured for the monitoring signal in MD \$MC_CLC_SENSOR_TOUCHED_INPUT.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program. Configure the digital input for the collision evaluation in MD if necessary.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

75010 Channel %1 block %2 CLC LIM value exceeds MD limit

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: One of the limits for the position offset of the clearance control programmed with CLC_LIM(...,...) is

greater than the permissible limitation set in the associated MD.

 $\label{eq:mc_clc_sensor_upper_limit} $$MC_CLC_SENSOR_UPPER_LIMIT[\ 1\].$

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify parts program. Extend limitation in appropriate machine date.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

75015 Channel %1 block %2 CLC(0) with active TOC

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: The 3D clearance control has been switched off with CLC(0) while tool radius compensation is still

active (G41/G42). Since CLC(0) empties the internal block buffer and accepts the current traversed position offset of the clearance control as a "contour jump" in the interpreter, TRC must be deactivated

when this command is issued.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program: Switch off active G41/G42 before CLC(0) or do not switch of clearance control,

but just "freeze" temporarily (CLC_GAIN=0.0) or cancel the position offset mechanically with CLC(-1).

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

75016 Channel %1 block %2 CLC: orientation changed for TRAFOOF

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: 1. The 2D/3D clearance control has been switched off before the transformation. The tool direction

according to G17/G18/G19 has been applied as the control direction. Switching on the transformation with rotary axis settings that define a different tool orientation requires an orientation step change and

is therefore rejected.

2. The transformation has been switched off temporarily (TRAFOOF) while clearance control is still active. When the transformation is switched on again, the tool orientation must be the same as when it was switched off, i.e. the rotary axes must not be moved while the transformation is deactivated.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part program: Do not switch on the clearance control until the transformation is already active

or make sure that the required conditions relating to orientation are observed.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

75018

Channel %1, block %2 CLC in programmable direction, error ID: %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

%3 = Error ID

Definitions: The subfunction of the 3D clearance control programmed with CLC(3)

"Closed-loop control in programmable direction" reports an error:

Error ID:

0:CLC(3) was programmed without having set the corresponding option bit or without having entered an axis screen with three validly configured, simulated

axes in MD $MC_CLC_PROG_ORI_AX_MASK$.

1:The plane in which the closed-loop control direction is to be re-oriented, has not been defined. Probably, two directions programmed one after the other, are

anti-parallel.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify MD or the part program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

NCK alarms

75019 Channel %1, error ID: %2, angle %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Error ID %3 = Angle

Definitions: The subfunction of the 3D clearance control programmed with CLC(3)

"Closed-loop control in programmable direction" reports an error:

Error ID:

1:The clearance control direction has not been defined. Probably, [0,0,0] has been programmed for the three simulated axes specifying the direction components.

In the "angle" parameter, zero is output.

2:The max. permissible angle between the orientation of the blast tool and

the programmed control direction was exceeded.

The permissible angle is set in machine data $MC_CLC_PROG_ORI_MAX_ANGLE$.

The angle triggering the alarm is output in the 3rd alarm parameter.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Enlarge the monitoring angle or modify the programming in the part program.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

75020 Channel %1 CLC position offset at lower limit %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Limit value

Definitions: The position offset generated by the overlaid motion has reached the limit set in MD

\$MC_CLC_SENSOR_LOWER_LIMIT or programmed with CLC_LIM(...,...).

Depending on the setting in bit 0 of MD \$MC_CLC_SPECIAL_FEATURE_MASK the following cancel

criterion applies: Bit 0 = 0: Cancel key Bit 0 = 1: Reset key

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check position and form of the workpiece. If necessary, program further limits.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

75021 Channel %1 CLC position offset at upper limit %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Limit value

Definitions: The position offset generated by the overlaid motion has reached the limit set in MD

\$MC_CLC_SENSOR_UPPER_LIMIT or programmed with CLC_LIM(...,...).

Depending on the setting in bit 1 of MD \$MC_CLC_SPECIAL_FEATURE_MASK the following cancel

criterion is active: Bit 1 = 0: Cancel key Bit 1 = 1: Reset

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check position and form of the workpiece. If necessary, program further limits.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

75025 Channel %1 CLC stopped because sensor head has been touched

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The collision monitor of the sensor tip has signaled "Sensor touched".

A retraction motion to the upper limit of the position offset ($MC_CLC_SENSOR_UPPER_LIMIT$) is started using the max available velocity and acceleration reserves. The feedrate override setting has

no effect on this retraction motion. The path motion is stopped at the same time.

Reaction: Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: The part program can be continued with NC start. The overlaid motion then returns to the control

distance.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

75050 Channel %1 wrong MD configuration, error code %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Error code

Definitions: Incorrect configuration in MD \$MA_CC_MASTER_AXIS

Error code = 2: This axis indicated in the alarm message or the CC_Master axis is a spindle.

Error code = 4: Coupling between rotary and linear axes impermissible. Error code = 8: Coupled axes must not be exchanged between channels.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check machine data.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

75051 Channel %1 CC_COPON CC_COPOFF error code %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Error code

Definitions: Error code = 1: Wrong argument programmed

Error code = 10: An axis for which no coupling has been defined, was programmed in CC_COPON

(axis identifier).

Error code = 20: Too many arguments programmed.

Error code = 100: Internal error Error code = 200: Internal error

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

75060 Channel %1 tolerance window exceeded axis %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name

Definitions: The actual position value difference between the CC_Slave axis indicated in the alarm message and

its CC_Master axis is outside the configured tolerance window.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check configured tolerance window.

Compare dynamic response settings of coupled axes.

Check mechanical components of axes.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

NCK alarms

75061 Channel %1 MD modification on active coupling axis %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name

Definitions: Machine data MD 63000 CC_MASTER_AXIS has been changed when the coupling was active.

Reaction: Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Reset machine data to its old value, switch off the coupling and then enter the new value.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

75062 Channel %1 axes to be coupled are not in standstill axis %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name

Definitions: The CC_Master and/or CC_Slave axes were not at standstill when the coupling was switched on.

Reaction: Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Input G601 for path axes or program a stop preprocessor (STOPRE) before coupling with

CC_COPON.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

75070 Channel %1 wrong machine data for collision protection axis %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name

Definitions: Incorrect machine data for collision protection.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct machine data. The axes must be either both rotary axes or both linear axes!

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

75071 Channel %1 collision monitoring axis %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis name

Definitions: Collision monitor has responded.

Reaction: Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Traverse the axis out of the danger area in manual mode. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

75090 Axis %1 stopped by external process monitoring system

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

Definitions: An external process monitoring system has stopped the axis, as tool breakage is to be expected or

has already occured.

Reaction: The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Load new tool, if required.

Program Clear alarm with the RESI

Continuation:

NCK alarms

75200 RCTR: incorrect MD configuration, channel %1, error in MD: %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = MD name

Definitions: The following error was detected in the handling transformation machine data:

TRAFO6_IRORO: The orientation entered in MD TRAFO6_TIRORO_RPY is impermissible. TRAFO6_TFLWP: The orientation entered in MD TRAFO6_TFLWP_RPY is impermissible. TRAFO6_TX3P3: The orientation entered in MD TRAFO6_TX3P3_RPY is impermissible.

TRAFO6_MAIN_LENGTH_AB: The value entered in MD TRAFO6_MAIN_LENGTH_AB is incorrect.)

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct machine data **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

75210 RCTR: Channel: %1, number of axes/axis assignment inconsistent

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: On transformation selection an incorrect axis assignment is detected:

The axes entered in MD TRAFO_AXES_IN_1 do not match MD TRAFO6_NUM_AXES.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct machine data.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

75212 RCTR: channel %1, incorrect TRAFO_TYPE_: use 4100

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The transformer type entered in MD TRAFO_TYPE_x is incorrect

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Alarm display.

Remedy: TRAFO_TYPE 4100 is to be used

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

75250 RCTR: channel %1, tool parameters incorrect interpreter

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: On block interpretation incorrect tool parameters are detected:

Reaction: Interpreter stop Alarm display.

Correct tool parameters.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

Remedy:

75255 RCTR: channel: %1, unreachable position interpreter

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: On block interpretation a non-approachable position is detected:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with the RESE

Continuation:

NCK alarms

75260 RCTR: channel: %1, block: %2, tool parameters incorrect on block

editing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: On block editing incorrect tool parameters are detected:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct tool parameters.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

75265 RCTR: channel: %1, block: %2, unreachable position on block editing

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: On block editing a non-approachable position is detected:

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Clear alarm with the

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

75270 RCTR: channel %1, tool parameters incorrect on interpolation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: On interpolation incorrect tool parameters are detected:

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct tool parameters.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Continuation:

75275 RCTR: channel: %1, block: %2, unreachable position on interpolation

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number

Definitions: On block interpolation a non-approachable position is detected:

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

75500 Channel %1 HSLC: Wrong configuration

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: Technology function "rapid cycle-independent switching with 2D path relation" has not been

parameterized correctly. There are two reasons for this alarm:

- No geometry axis has been defined - The option "Software cam" is set.

Alarm display. Reaction:

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify MD configuration.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

75600 Channel %1 RESU: wrong MD configuration. Error code %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Error code

Definitions: The following errors were detected in the machine data of the retrace support function when ramping

Error code = 4 : Machine date \$MC_MM_NUM_CC_BLOCK_ELEMENTS or

\$MC MM NUM CC BLOCK USER MEM must be increased.

Error code = 5: Insufficient heap memory for compile cycles available. Adjust machine data \$MC_RESU_RING_BUFFER_SIZE, \$MC_RESU_SHARE_OF_CC_HEAP_MEM and

\$MC_MM_NUM_CC_HEAP_MEM.

Error code = 6: The machine data \$MN_ASUP_START_MASK and

\$MN_ASUP_START_PRIO_LEVEL are not set correctly.

Error code = 11: Machine data \$MC_AXCONF_GEOAX_NAME_TAB[n],

\$MN_INTERMEDIATE_POINT_NAME_TAB[n] and \$MN_IPO_PARAM_NAME_TAB[n] are not set

correctly for RESU:

Error code = 13: With bit 2 = 0 of MD \$MC_RESU_SPECIAL_FEATURE_MASK it was specified that the retraction program cc_resu.mpf is to be stored in the DRAM parts program memory. However, no ${\tt DRAM\,parts\,program\,memory\,was\,requested\,via\,\,MD\,\$MN_MM_DRAM_FILE_MEM_SIZE.\,Remedy:}$ Either set MD \$MN_MM_DRAM_FILE_MEM_SIZE to a value inequal to zero or set bit 2 of MD

\$MC_RESU_SPECIAL_FEATURE_MASK equal to one.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Correct machine data.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

75601 Channel %1 block %2 invalid parameter in CC_PREPRE()

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Block number, label

Definitions: Only the values _1, 0, 1 are valid parameters for CC_STOPRE().

Interpreter stop Reaction:

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify part program.

Program Continuation:

NCK alarms

75604 Channel %1 RESU: Return traveling not possible, error code %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Error code

Definitions: Return traveling is not possible, as the following error was detected:

Error code = 1: The current reverse block for return traveling is likely to be a block of cc_resu_ini.spf or cc_resu_end.spf programmed with a block number. It is impermissible to program block numbers in the subroutines cc_resu_ini.spf and cc_resu_end.spf, as they have an internal meaning.

Error code = 2 : Unable to create cc_resu.mpf, as DRAM is insufficient.

Error code = 4: The selected continuation block is likely to be a block of cc_resu_ini.spf or

cc_resu_end.spf programmed with block number. It is impermissible to program block numbers in the

subroutines cc_resu_ini.spf and cc_resu_end.spf, as they have an internal meaning.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Error code = 1 or 4 : Remove all block numbers from cc_resu_ini.spf and cc_resu_end.spf and their

subroutines.

Error code = 2 : Assign a higher value to machine date \$MN_MM_DRAM_FILE_MEM_SIZE.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

75605 Channel %1 RESU: internal error, error code %2

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Error code

Definitions: With this alarm, RESU-internal error states are displayed which, together with the transferred error

number, provide information on the error cause and error location.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: If this error occurs, please contact us on the SINUMERIK Hotline of the SIEMENS AG, specifying the

error number.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

75606 Channel %1 RESU: retraceable contour was shortened

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The block search buffer is full. Therefore the retraceable contour had to be shortened.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: This alarm has no effect on the current machining. If the alarm continues to occur frequently, the

reason should be eliminated: adjust machine data \$MC_RESU_RING_BUFFER_SIZE, \$MC_RESU_SHARE_OF_CC_HEAP_MEM and \$MC_MM_NUM_CC_HEAP_MEM.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

75607 Channel %1 RESU: resynchronisation not possible

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The block search triggered by the compile cycle has been terminated with an error. It can have the

following cause: The control is not in the correct operating mode, e.g. in JOG_ AUTO instead of in

AUTO.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Switch the control to the AUTO operating mode and restart resynchronisation.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

NCK alarms

75608 Channel %1 RESU: NC memory limit reached, RAM type %2

Definitions: A memory limit was reached on writing to file cc_resu.mpf. The possible area for return traveling is

shortened

RAM type = 1: File cc_resu.mpf is created in the buffer memory (SRAM). The buffer memory is therefore full. If the buffer memory is used and if alarm 75608 with RAM type 1 is output, system alarm

6500 will be output simultaneously.

RAM type = 2: The memory limit was reached on creating file cc_resu.mpf in the dynamic memory

(DRAM part program memory).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: RAM type = 1: Increase size of buffer memory (\$MN_MM_USER_MEM_BUFFERED) or the available

space in the buffer memory, e.g. by unloading unused parts programs. Alternatively the ring buffer can

be decreased via MD \$MC_RESU_RING_BUFFER_SIZE.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Oontinuation.

75609 Channel %1 RESU: POS axis not permitted, axis type %2, block no. %3

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Axis type %3 = Block number

Definitions: A geometry axis is traversed as positioning axis at active CC_RREPRE.

Reaction: Interpreter stop

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: In order to traverse a geometry axis as positioning axis, RESU must be switched off temporarily (with

CC_PREPRE(0)) or completely. In order to make the internal axis state change from the geometry axis as positioning axis after traversing, a block without traveling motion must be programmed, if

required: e.g. X=IC(0)

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

75610 Channel %1 RESU: NC start currently not possible

Definitions: While RESU is active, no NC START must be performed in certain situations. If NC START is

confirmed nevertheless, execution will be blocked and alarm 75610 will be displayed. This applies in

the following situations:

On requesting return traveling: NC START is blocked when return traveling program cc_resu.mpf has

been created and selected.

After having triggered continuation under NC STOP condition: as long as the internally started block

search or the finally started Asup cc_resu_bs_asup.spf is running.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait for completion of the current internal procedure. Then delete the alarm with NC START and

continue

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with NC START or RESET key and continue the program.

2.2 HMI ALARMS

100001 Function %1 not yet implemented!

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100002 MS DOS test version!

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100003 Test version only!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100004 Function %1 not yet finally implemented!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100006 Block stored

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100007 Program stored

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100008 Cannot save

Definitions: --

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: --

100009 Error in tk_getHandle

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100010 Error in task communication

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100011 Incorrect NCK version

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100012 Conf. fault: %1, %2

Parameters: %1 = --

%2 = --

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100013 Selected program already opened by another application

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100014 No operating area configured for this access level

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100015 Error in '%1' :%nlog file : %2

Parameters: %1 = --

%2 = --

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100099 Additional value

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100100 Record length %1 reached

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100101 No dynamic memory available

Definitions: -- Remedy: --

100102 Buffer limit for selection reached

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100103 Area disabled for input

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100104 Buffer is empty

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100105 Search string '%1' not found

100106 Error on saving

Definitions: This message will be displayed on editing a file (part program), if a memory operation could not be

performed correctly.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: If there is no memory space left in the NCK, it will not be possible to save anything. Other contents

(files, programs) must be deleted.

If the error occurs when the program is started immediately after the change, the changes will not become effective. The program should be stopped immediately. The change must be repeated and

the program must be started after a small delay (approx. 1 sec.).

If the error occurs when a program is changed during execution, only a program reset will help.

100107 Error on opening %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100108 Write access not allowed in this state

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100109 No block marked

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100110 Read access not allowed in this state

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100111 Actual changes not yet effective

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100112 Search string '%1' found

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100113 Search string '%1' replaced by '%2'

Parameters: %1 = --

%2 = --

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100114 Please wait, storing program (%1)!

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100115 Please wait, flashing file %1 !!!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: --

Remedy: --

100116 Please wait, selected group is being copied!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100117 Please wait, selected group is being deleted!

Definitions: -- Remedy: --

100118 'Skip blocks' ignored for this file!

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100119 Please wait, copied data is being inserted!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100120 Value is too large for%nfield %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100121 Value is too small for%nfield %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100122 No input rights

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100123 Invalid character %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100124 Above number range%n%1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100125 Below number range%n%1

100126 Division by 0

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100130 Display editing suppressed

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100131 MACRO nesting > 10! MACRO (%1) is ignored.

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100132 Pocket calculator mode active - see info

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100133 Maximum input length reached

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100134 Sign change - position of cursor changed!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100135 Value too large for display field ->input ignored

Definitions: -- Remedy: --

100136 Value too small for display field ->input ignored

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100137 Tolerance not implemented: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100140 Please wait, reading file. (%1)

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100141 Please wait, storing file. (%1)

100142 Error on opening the file! **Definitions:** Remedy: 100143 Error on reading the file! **Definitions:** Remedy: 100144 Error on saving the file Definitions: Remedy: 100145 File was stored without error! **Definitions:** Remedy: 100146 Block marking is active, no changes possible! **Definitions:** Remedy: 100150 Directory could not be read **Definitions:** Remedy: 100151 Please wait, copying file %1 Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy: 100152 Error on executing from external **Definitions:** Remedy: 100153 USB device no longer available, %nexecution from external source no longer possible. **Definitions:** Reaction: Alarm display. Remedy: 100154 USB device no longer available, %nexecution of Extcall no longer possible. **Definitions:**

Alarm display.

Reaction: Remedy:

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100155 USB device no longer available, editing is%naborted. The last changes

are lost.

Definitions: --

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: --

100156 USB device no longer available, %ncopying was aborted.

Definitions: -

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: --

100157 USB device no longer available.

Definitions: --

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: --

100160 Testing in block, please wait!

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100161 The number of lines is being calculated, please wait!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100162 Caution: Marked line is write-protected!

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100170 File is binary: editing and paging not possible!

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100200 Error on reading NCK data: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100201 Error on writing NCK data: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100202 Channel group outside area (%1): %2

Parameters: %1 = --

%2 = --

Definitions: --Remedy: --

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100203 Channel switchover key not effective

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100204 Channel on NCU does not exist or is not active

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100300 '%1' not found, continue search without filter!

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The search term entered in a list image (e.g. general machine data) was not found.

Remedy: --

100301 Table cannot be fully generated!

Definitions: The list image could not be generated due to insufficient memory.

Remedy: System error, a rebooting may be necessary.

100302 No data available - or no access authorization!

Definitions: The list image can not be generated, as this data is currently not available.

Example: Local user data is not defined.

Remedy: --

100303 Paging not possible

Definitions: You cannot page over, for example, axes, drives or channels, as more axes, drives or channels are

not configured.

Remedy: --

100304 '%1' not found.

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100350 Display MD saved

Definitions: - The display machine data is saved via the softkey "Save" in the operating

area start-up, image machine data - display

machine data.

- The display machine data is saved in the start-up basic display after

pressing the softkey "LCD brighter" or "LCD darker" (this setting will remain at the next start-up).

- As of SW 4.1: If the display options are changed in the machine data images, the change will be saved in the display machine data that is not visible to the user.

Remedy: --

100351 Display MD cannot be accepted

Definitions: Saving the display machine data was rejected by the NCK.

Remedy: --

100360 Logic drive data saved

100361 Error on saving logic drive data

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100362 Please wait, saving data

Definitions: -- Remedy: --

100363 Password has been changed, please confirm first

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100402 Temporarily no access rights %1!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100403 No access rights %1!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100405 Error var. access: Variable address wrong %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100406 Error var. access: Format unknown %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100407 Error var. access: Format wrong %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100410 Error var. access: Variable does not exist %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100411 Error var. access: Value < minimum value %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

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100412 Error var. access: Value > maximum value %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: --

Remedy: --

100413 Error var. access: Value illegal %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100414 Error on loading operating area notebooks

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100415 Error on saving operating area notebooks

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100500 COMIC: Syntax error in HMI()

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100501 COMIC: Function not available HMI(.. %1 ..)

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100511 Please wait, calculating stock removal program %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100512 Please wait, copying stock removal program %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100513 Stock removal DLL does not exist

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100514 Stock removal DLL already started

100550 Error TA: Syntax error in %1 in line %2

Parameters: %1 = --

%2 = --

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100555 Error TA: Branch point not found in %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100560 Automatic test machine started

Definitions: -- Remedy: --

100565 Automatic test machine stopped

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100570 Error TA: %1 not found

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100600 Error on trying to read text file %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100620 Error on trying to open font file %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100648 The selected language was not installed without error

Definitions: -- Remedy: --

100649 MMC0_TXV.INI file not found

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100650 No NC/PLC found! NC/PLC being simulated!

Definitions: --Remedy: --

100651 Network driver error!

100652 Network driver error! (network connection correct?) **Definitions:** Remedy: 100653 Network driver error! (DHCP/IP address correct?) **Definitions:** Remedy: Note: PCU 20 memory limit exceeded 100850 Definitions: Remedy: 100851 Kernel error: No memory available any more **Definitions:** Remedy: 100852 Notice: Active memory statistics are reducing performance **Definitions:** Remedy: 100860 Max. 8 characters allowed for the name! **Definitions:** Remedy: 100900 Press Input key to select **Definitions:** Remedy: 100901 No data changed **Definitions:** Remedy: 100910 Remote diagnostics: Error 00 -int4f_func(CREATE_SRV)-**Definitions:** Remedy: 100911 Remote diagnostics: Error 01 -int4f_func(ACCEPT)-**Definitions:** Remedy: 100912 Remote diagnostics: Error 02 -initTeleService()-**Definitions:** Remedy: 100913 Remote diagnostics: Error 03 -initTeleService()-**Definitions:** Remedy:

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100914 Remote diagnostics: Error 04 -no free memory-**Definitions:** Remedy: 100915 Remote diagnostics: Error 05 -get_gosal_struk-**Definitions:** Remedy: 100916 Remote diagnostics: Error 06 -synchronizeRemote()-Definitions: Remedy: 100917 Remote diagnostics: Error 07 -socket(device/function %2):# %1 Parameters: %1 = --%2 = --**Definitions:** Remedy: 100918 Remote diagnostics: Error 08 -socket(device %2)-timeout Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy: 100921 Remote diagnostics: Waiting for connection to port:%1 Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy: 100922 Remote diagnostics: No connection by remote PC, timeout **Definitions:** Remedy: 100923 Remote diagnostics: Connection aborted by remote PC Definitions: Remedy: 100924 Remote diagnostics: SW option not set **Definitions:** Remedy: 100925 Remote diagnostics:Connection to remote PC has been terminated **Definitions:** Remedy: 100930 No other settings relevant if no ping server **Definitions:**

Remedy:

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100931 Settings have been saved

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100932 !Error(file access): Cannot save

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100933 Timeout: Semaphore not enabled

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100934 Remote diagnostics: Error 10 -SendFileToRemote()- %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: --

Remedy: --

100935 Remote diagnostics: No response from remote PC (timeout)

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100936 Remote diagnostics:Remote diag. port at default setting(5800)!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

100937 Remote diagnostics: Connection established to %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

100938 Delete a connection in menu Start-up>>Log.drive>>Conn.

Definitions: -- Remedy: --

101000 No connection to PLC!

Definitions: The connection to the PLC cannot be made while booting, e.g. wrong PLC basic program.

Remedy: --

101001 Cannot read PLC system status list!

Definitions: After the connection has been made, the system status list cannot be read.

Remedy: Switch controller off/on

101002 Password is not valid! Definitions: The password entered is wrong.

Remedy: Enter a valid password.

101003 Password has been set for %1!

Parameters: %1 = Access-level system, manufacturer, service or user.

Definitions: The password for system, manufacturer, service or user was set successfully.

Remedy: --

101004 Password has been changed for %1!

Parameters: %1 = Access-level system, manufacturer, service or user.

Definitions: The password for system, manufacturer, service or user was changed successfully.

Remedy: --

101005 Passwords do not correspond!

Definitions: When the password was changed, the password entered first does not match the one entered second.

Remedy: Enter a valid password.

101006 Password has been deleted!

Definitions: The password was deleted via the softkey "Delete password".

Remedy: Enter password.

101007 Password has not been set!

Definitions: To delete the password, a higher access authorization is required (at least user).

Remedy: Set the password with a higher access level.

101008 Current access level: %1

Parameters: %1 = Access-level system, manufacturer, service or user.

Definitions: When selecting the alarm image, the current access level is displayed: system, manufacturer, service

or user or keyswitch positions 3/2/1/0.

Remedy: --

101013 Input error - see Help key (i)

Definitions: PLC status A syntax error occurred while entering a value in the PLC status.

The input syntax is explained in a help image.

Remedy: --

101014 Error on reading PLC-data!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101015 Error on writing PLC-data!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101016 Error: Operand address greater than 65535 !!

Definitions: The value range of the operand address was exceeded. **Remedy:** Use a smaller value range for the operand address.

101017 No PLC input masks found!

Definitions: There are no *.plc input masks in the target system.

Remedy: --

HMI alarms

101018 Read-in possible only in active PLC status!

Definitions: The current PLC status mode is not active, e.g. if the softkey "Change" was pressed.

Remedy: Switch the PLC status to active.

101019 Not possible to initialize the HMI internal PLC status!

Definitions: --Remedy: --

101020 Not possible to backup the HMI internal PLC status!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101100 No access rights!

Definitions: The access level set is too low to open the selected window.

Remedy: Enter a higher password.

101110 Error on overall reset

Definitions: --Remedy: --

101111 No axes configured!

Due to an incomplete start-up, the image "Service axis" or "Axis machine data" cannot be selected.

Remedy: Complete start-up.

101112 No drives configured!

Definitions: Due to an incomplete start-up, the image "Service drive" cannot be selected.

Remedy: Complete start-up.

101113 No channels configured!

Definitions: Due to an incomplete start-up, the image "Channel machine data" cannot be selected.

Remedy: Complete start-up.

101114 No MSD configured!

Definitions: Due to an incomplete start-up or missing MSD drives, the image "MSD machine data" cannot be

selected.

Remedy: --

101115 No FDD configured!

Definitions: Due to an incomplete start-up or missing FDD/SLM drives, the image "FDD machine data" cannot be

selected.

Remedy: --

101130 Error return value undefined: %1 %2

Parameters: %1 = --

%2 = --

Definitions: A function was called up in the start-up area that then, for unknown reasons, could not be executed.

Remedy: When provided with the issued digits, the service may be able to help.

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101131 No controller disable on PI Start **Definitions:** Remedy: 101132 Impermissible value execution argument **Definitions:** Remedy: 101133 MDx120 CURRCTRL_GAIN could not be calculated Definitions: Remedy: 101134 MDx407 SPEEDCTRL_GAIN_1 could not be calculated **Definitions:** Remedy: 101135 MDx409 SPEEDCTRL_INTEGRATOR_TIME_1 could not be calculated **Definitions:** Remedy: 101136 MDx150 FIELDCTRL_GAIN could not be calculated **Definitions:** Remedy: 101137 MDx141 MAGNETIZING_REACTANCE = 0 **Definitions:** Remedy: 101138 MDx139/MDx140 MD_STATOR-/ROTOR_LEAKAGE_REACTANCE = 0 **Definitions:** Remedy: 101139 MDx134 MOTOR_NOMINAL_FREQUENCY = 0 **Definitions:** Remedy: 101140 MDx138 ROTOR_COLD_RESISTANCE = 0 **Definitions:** Remedy: 101141 MDx117 MOTOR_INERTIA = 0 **Definitions:** Remedy: 101142 MDx146< MDx142 MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED<FIELD_WEAKENING_SPEED **Definitions:**

Remedy:

HMI alarms

101143 MDx142 FIELD_WEAKENING_SPEED = 0

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101144 MDx118 MOTOR_STANDSTILL_CURRENT = 0

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101145 MD1104/1118

MOTOR_MAX_CURRENT/MOTOR_STANDSTILL_CURRENT > 900.0

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101146 Boot file(s) saved

Definitions: Saving the boot file in the start-up area, image drive machine data, was successful.

Remedy: --

101147 Boot file(s) deleted

Definitions: Deleting the boot file in the start-up area, image drive machine data, was successful.

Remedy: --

101148 Controller MD calculated

Definitions: Calculating the controller data in the start-up area, image drive machine data, was successful.

Remedy: --

101149 Display MD accepted

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101150 MD set to active

Definitions: Activation of the machine data in the start-up area, machine data images, was successful.

Remedy: --

101151 Start-up successful

Definitions: In the start-up area, image NC start-up, one of the three functions

- normal booting

booting with default values
 start of the software update
 was successfully initiated.

Remedy: --

101152 Error during communication with NCK

101153 Erroneous HMI NCK communication %1 %2

Parameters: %1 = Error class

%2 = Error code

Definitions: In the start-up area the softkey "Calculate controller data", for example, was pressed.

An unspecific error message is sent from the NCK or drive as acknowledgement for this function call. By using the two hexadecimal values (error class, error code), the start-up engineer can perform an

error diagnostics.

Remedy: --

101154 PI service refused

Definitions: The current status of the NKC/drive does not permit the function that was selected.

Remedy: See the Installation and Start-up Guide.

101155 Path %1 does not exist

Parameters: %1 = Path

Definitions: During a file function, e.g.saving boot files, an attempt was made to access

a non-existent path.

Remedy: Switch the control OFF/ON or see the Installation and Start-up Guide.

101156 Function impermissible
 Definitions: The selected function is impermissible.
 Remedy: See the Installation and Start-up Guide.

101157 File %1 does not exist

Parameters: %1 = File name

Definitions: In the start-up area the softkey "delete boot files", for example, was pressed, although no boot files

are yet available.

Remedy: --

101158 Function in current operating mode not allowed

Definitions: The drive's current status does not permit this function.

Remedy: --

101159 Remote block in incorrect state

Definitions: The drive's current status does not permit this function.

Remedy: --

101160 Date and time of PLC set

Definitions: In the PLC status, the time or date was changed.

Remedy: --

101161 The drive is not in cyclic mode!

Definitions: The start-up is not completely carried out, therefore, the function "Calculate motor data" cannot be

selected.

Remedy: --

101162 MDx134/MDx400

MOTOR_NOMINAL_FREQUENCY/MOTOR_RATED_SPEED illeg.

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101163 MDx130 MOTOR_NOMINAL_POWER <= 0

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101164 MDx132 MOTOR_NOMINAL_VOLTAGE <= 0

Definitions: --Remedy: --

101165 MDx103 MOTOR_NOMINAL_CURRENT <= 0

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101166 MDx129 POWER_FACTOR_COS_PHI illegal

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101167 MDx134/MDx400

MOTOR_NOMINAL_FREQUENCY/MOTOR_RATED_SPEED illeg.

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101168 Warning MDx142 FIELD_WEAKENING_SPEED<MDx400

MOTOR_RATED_SPEED

Definitions: --Remedy: --

101169 Date and time could not be set!

Definitions: --Remedy: --

101200 Safety Integrated data copied

Definitions: The SI data copying function was successfull.

Remedy: --

101201 Safety Integrated data confirmed

Definitions: The SI data confirmation function was successfull.

Remedy: --

101202 Copying SI data from axis %1 to drive %2

Parameters: %1 = Axis name

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: This message is output during the SI data copying function.

Remedy: --

101203 SI data not copied completely

Definitions: An error occurred during the SI data copying function; this caused the SI data to be copied

incompletely or not at all.

Remedy: --

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101204 SI data not confirmed

Definitions: The SI data confirmation function was not executed because an error occurred during the processing.

Remedy: --

101205 Drive data changed? -> Don't forget to save bootfiles!

Definitions: When exiting the drive machine data images, the operator is reminded to save the boot files so that

drive machine data that may have been changed is not lost.

Remedy: --

101206 Search operation in progress, please wait ...

Definitions: The search function was initiated in the machine data images.

Remedy: --

101207 Positioning to %1...

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: A list image, e.g. general machine data, was selected.

The MMC100 attempts to position at the datum selected last in this image.

Remedy: --

101208 SI data are confirmed: axis %1

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: In the start-up area the function "Confirm Safety Integrated Data" has been started.

The message was output during this function in order to provied the user with an acknowledgement

regarding the operation of the function.

Remedy: --

101209 SI data are confirmed: drive %1

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: In the start-up area the function "Confirm Safety Integrated Data" has been started.

The message was output during this function in order to provied the user with an acknowledgement

regarding the operation of the function.

Remedy: --

101210 Machine data being prepared for display

Definitions: A list image in the machine data was selected for which display options are active.

This image's machine data is individually checked to see whether it is permitted to be displayed.

Remedy: --

101211 Address of NCK not changed!

Definitions: An attempt was made to change the bus address of the NCK in the start-up area.

The change was rejected by the NCK; the reason is unknown.

Remedy: --

101212 Address of NCK changed

Definitions: The NCK's bus address was set to the specified value.

Remedy: --

101213 Invalid NCK address!

Definitions: The value specified for the new NCK bus address is too large.

Remedy: --

HMI alarms

101214 Initialization of this window unsuccessful!

Definitions: An attempt was made to select the image of the NCK address in the start-up area.

An error occured while determining the nodes on the bus. Due to inconsistent data, this image cannot be displayed.

Remedy: --

101300 Please wait - Language being changed

Definitions: In the start-up area the softkey "Change language" was pressed.

The screen content is being restructured.

Remedy: --

101301 Versions saved -> output via %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

101310 Error in %1: line %2: error in XML structure

Definitions: --

Remedy: Correct the error in the indicated line.

101311 Error in %1: line %2: path not found!

Definitions:

Remedy: Correct the indicated line of the path.

101312 Error in %1: line %2: path incorrect!

Definitions: -

Remedy: Correct the indicated line of the path.

101400 License key set.

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101401 License key NOT sufficient.

Definitions: --Remedy: --

101402 Error on writing back the options.

Definitions: --Remedy: --

101403 Please wait - licence screen is being prepared. (%1)

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

101500 No other drives possible; option not set.

101600 Unknown error code: %1
Definitions: -Remedy: --

101601 Impermissible parameter number

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101602 Parameter value cannot be changed

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101603 Low or high limit exceeded

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101604 Faulty subindex

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101605 No array

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101606 Incorrect data type

Definitions: -Remedy: --

101607 Setting not permitted (can only be reset)

Definitions: -- Remedy: --

101608 Description element cannot be changed

Definitions: -- Remedy: --

101609 No description data available

Definitions: -- Remedy: --

101610 No operational priority.

Definitions: --Remedy: --

101611 No text array available

101612 Request cannot be executed because of operating state **Definitions:** Remedy: 101613 Value impermissible **Definitions:** Remedy: 101614 Response too long Definitions: Remedy: 101615 Parameter address impermissible **Definitions:** Remedy: 101616 Illegal format Definitions: Remedy: 101617 Number of values are not consistent **Definitions:** Remedy: 101618 Drive object does not exist Definitions: Remedy: 101619 Parameter currently deactivated. **Definitions:** Remedy: 101620 Device buffer too small to answer the job. **Definitions:** Remedy: 101621 free **Definitions:** Remedy: 101622 Value impermissible Definitions: Remedy: 101623 Parameter is indexed **Definitions:** Remedy:

101624	Request not supported
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
101625	No write access with active controller.
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
101626	Unknown unit.
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
101627	Write access only in start-up state Encoder (p10=4).
Definitions:	(p. c
Remedy:	
404622	Write eaces only in start up state Mater (-40, 0)
101628	Write access only in start-up state Motor (p10=3).
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
101629	Write access only in start-up state Power Section (p10=2).
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
101630	Write access only in rapid start-up state (p10=1).
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
101631	Write access only in start-up state Ready (p10=0).
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
101632	Write access only in start up state Parameter Passat (n40-20)
Definitions:	Write access only in start-up state Parameter Reset (p10=30).
Remedy:	
101633	Write access only in start-up state Safety (p10=95).
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
101634	Write access only in start-up state Techn.Application/Units (p10=5).
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
404605	Weite access only in start up atota (r.10 mg mg l.0)
101635	Write access only in start-up state (p10 unequal 0).
Definitions:	
Remedy:	-

101636 Definitions: Remedy:	Write access only in start-up state Download (p10=29).
101637 Definitions: Remedy:	Parameter must not be written in download.
101638 Definitions: Remedy:	Write access only in start-up state Drive Configuration (device: p9=3)
101639 Definitions: Remedy:	Write access only in start-up state Drive Type Definition (device: p9=2).
101640 Definitions:	Write access only in start-up state Data Block Base Configuration (device: p9=4).
Remedy:	
101641 Definitions: Remedy:	Write access only in start-up state Device Configuration (device: p9=1).
101642 Definitions: Remedy:	Write access only in start-up state Device Download (device: p9=29).
101643	Write access only in start-up state Device Parameter Reset (device: p9=30).
Definitions: Remedy:	
101644 Definitions: Remedy:	Write access only in start-up state Device Ready (device: p9=0)
101645 Definitions: Remedy:	Write access only in start-up state Device (device: p9 unequal 0).
101646 Definitions: Remedy:	No parameterization enable

101647 Parameter must not be written in download. Definitions: Remedy: 101648 Transfer of the control right is disabled via BI p806. **Definitions:** Remedy: Desired BICO interconnection impossible, since BICO output does not 101649 supply float value Definitions: Remedy: 101650 Free BICO interconnection disabled via p300,p400 oder p922. **Definitions:** Remedy: 101651 No access method defined. **Definitions:** Remedy: 101652 Below currently valid limit **Definitions:** Remedy: 101653 Above currently valid limit **Definitions:** Remedy: 101654 Parameter not accessible from BOP. Definitions: Remedy: 101655 Parameter not readable from BOP. **Definitions:** Remedy: 101656 Write access not permitted. Definitions: Remedy: 102000 Error %1 %2 Parameters: %1 = --%2 = --Definitions:

Remedy:

102001 No data selected

Definitions: -Remedy: --

102002 Write error on disk

Definitions: -Remedy: --

102003 No data found for archiving

Definitions: -Remedy: --

102004 No name entered

Definitions: -Remedy: --

102005 Data cannot be created here

Definitions: --Remedy: --

102006 Error on copying %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

102007 Error on deleting %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

102008 Invalid file name

Definitions: --Remedy: ---

102009 RS232C stop accepted - please wait!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

102010 RS232C transmission error has occurred -> error log

Definitions: --Remedy: ---

102011 You cannot copy and paste the file in this path

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

HMI alarms

102012 RS232C transmission stopped

Definitions: -Remedy: --

102013 Error: RS232C running

Definitions: --Remedy: --

102014 V24.DLL cannot be loaded

Definitions: -Remedy: --

102015 RS232C ready %1 %2

Parameters: %1 = --

%2 = --

Definitions: --Remedy: --

102016 Operating area change disabled

Definitions: --Remedy: --

102017 Please select drive/path for archive

Definitions: --Remedy: --

103000 No correction block in the NCK

Definitions: The following is valid up to SW 3.x:

The correction block window cannot be opened. No program correction is possible in the operating

mode "Machine".

The following is valid up to SW 4.1:

The correction block window can be opened in the "Stop program" state. The program that is currently being executed is opened for editing.

The program part that has not yet been recorded by the NCK's program processing can be changed permanently.

Remedy: --

103001 Selection only possible after enable or in RESET state

Definitions: In order to execute the desired function, the current channel has to be in the RESET state, e.g.

"Program selection".

Remedy: Trigger reset.

103002 Copying to clipboard not possible

Definitions: The NCK rejects a copy-action to the clipboard because, for example, no more memory is available

or the maximum manageable amount of programs has been exceeded.

Remedy: Delete the programs not currently required.

103003 MDI buffer cannot be deleted

Definitions: The NCK rejects a deletion of the clipboard because the clipboard is currently being executed.

Remedy: Wait until the MDI program has been executed or trigger an NC reset.

HMI alarms

103004 Block search not possible

Definitions: The search run cannot be started because the channel is active. Remedy: Wait until the program has been executed or trigger an NC reset.

103005 Block search backwards only possible without calculation

Definitions: Remedy:

103006 Block search without calculation possible on MP level only

Definitions: No subroutine calls can be processed during a block search without calculation. Remedy: If subroutines are to be processed, a search run with calculation has to be performed.

103007 You cannot terminate overstore in this channel state

Definitions: Overstore cannot be ended because the channel is still active. Remedy: Wait until the overstore procedure has finished or trigger an NC reset.

103008 Block search started in channel %1 - please wait!

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

Definitions: The started block search is not yet finished.

Remedy: Text is deleted automatically after the end of the block search.

Wait until the block search has finished or trigger an NC reset.

103009 Conflict between search type and search target!

Definitions: The search target entered is not compatible with the search type:

The block number initial character "N" or ":" is missing,

only the digits 0 to 9 are allowed.

Remedy: Correct the entry to correspond with the type.

The following is valid up to SW 3.x: The faulty entry is deleted, and the cursor proceeds to the next

field.

As of SW 4.1: The faulty entry is retained, and the cursor remains at the field.

103010 Invalid file name

Definitions: The file name entered:

Must not have more than 32 characters (letters, digits, underscore; including the block and program

ID:_N_ and _MPF), amounts to 25 assignable characters.

Cannot have any separators (e.g. /).

Must have letters at the first and second position.

Remedy:

103011 No program selected - block search ended

Definitions: At the moment, no program is selected, therefore, no search run is possible.

Remedy: Select a program.

103012 Safety function not active

Definitions: Remedy:

103013 No agreement could be given

Definitions: Remedy:

103014 Please first reference axis

Definitions: The reference point approach was not yet performed or finished.

Remedy: Perform reference point approach.

103015 NOTICE! Dimension system is changed from inch to metric

Definitions: --Remedy: --

103016 NOTICE! Dimension system is changed from metric to inch

Definitions: -Remedy: --

103017 Scratching impossible due to rotation in %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

103018 Swivel: Adjustment terminated

Definitions: -Remedy: --

103019 Swivel: Adjustment not possible

Definitions: -Remedy: --

104000 Actual tool not found

Definitions: If the cursor in the window "Magazine list" is at a blank line, then no tool will be found after pressing

the softkey "Tool data".

Remedy: Place the cursor on the tool.

104001 No additional tools available

Definitions: After pressing the softkey "T No. +" or "T No. -" the next-highest or next-lowest tool number is

searched for.

If no other tools are available, this message will be output.

Remedy: --

104002 No additional tool edges available

Definitions: After pressing the softkey "D No. +" or "D No. -" the next-highest or next-lowest cutting edge is

searched for.

If no other cutting edges are available,

this message will be output.

Remedy: --

104003 There are no tools

Definitions: No tools were set up.

Remedy: Set up tools.

HMI alarms

104004 No active workpiece available

Definitions: After pressing the softkey "Current T+D No." in the "Tool overview" window, no tool was found

because no subroutine is active or in the active subrutine no tool is selected.

Remedy: Select a tool.

104005 There is no active cutting edge

Definitions: A tool has been selected, but not a cutting edge.

Remedy: Select a cutting edge.

104006 No TO area available in current channel

Definitions: No TO area is assigned to the current channel.

Remedy: Assign the current channel a TO area via the machine data, or switch channels.

104007 Error on creating tool

Definitions: The tool could not be created, as, for example, the maximum number of possible tools has already

been reached.

Remedy: Extend the maximum number of tools via the machine data, or delete unnecessary tools.

104008 Error on creating tool edge

Definitions: No new cutting edge could be created, as, for example, the maximum number of cutting edges has

already been reached.

Remedy: Delete unnecessary cutting edges.

104009 Error while writing tool type

Definitions: -Remedy: --

104010 Error while writing tool position

Definitions: --Remedy: --

104011 Error on deleting tool

Definitions: The tool cannot be deleted. It may currently be active.

Remedy: --

104012 No master spindle available

Definitions: No master spindle was configured.

Remedy: Configure a master spindle via the machine data.

104013 Error on deleting area

Definitions: --Remedy: --

104014 Incorrect input

Definitions: The entered value is impermissible, e.g., it lies outside the input limits.

Remedy: Please observe the value range.

104015 Number of parameters per tool edge is zero

Definitions: The number of parameters per cutting edge was not configured.

Remedy: Configure the number of parameters per cutting edge via the machine data.

104016 No spindles available

Definitions: No spindle was configured.

Remedy: Configure a spindle via the machine data.

104017 No settable frame currently active

Definitions: -Remedy: --

104018 Tool not available

Definitions: The specified tool does not exist.

Remedy: --

104019 Tool type not available

Definitions: The specified tool type does not exist.

Remedy: Specify a valid tool type.

104020 No empty location found

Definitions: There is no empty location with the specified search parameters.

Remedy: Correct search parameters.

104021 Error on searching for empty location

Definitions: -Remedy: --

104022 Error in present location search

Definitions: --Remedy: --

104023 Error in Tool Load

Definitions: An error occurred while a tool was being loaded; the procedure has been aborted.

Remedy: Check loader.

104024 Error in Tool Unload

Definitions: An error occurred while a tool was being unloaded; the procedure has been aborted.

Remedy: Check unloader.

104025 No magazine configured

Definitions: No magazine was configured.

Remedy: Configure a magazine via the machine data.

104026 NOTICE! Tool Load running!

Definitions: Note regarding loading process.

Remedy: Wait until the loading procedure is terminated.

104027 **NOTICE! Tool Unload running! Definitions:** Note regarding unloading process. Remedy: Wait until the unloading procedure is terminated. 104028 Error on accessing general tool data **Definitions:** Remedy: 104029 You cannot load into this location Definitions: The location may already be occupied. Remedy: Select another loading location. 104030 No more data found **Definitions:** All existing data was already displayed. Remedy: 104031 There is no preselected tool **Definitions:** Remedy: 104032 There is no preselected cutting edge **Definitions:** Remedy: 104033 Error on Delete cutting edge **Definitions:** Remedy: 104034 No work offset selected **Definitions:** Remedy: 104035 Position minus coarse offset was transferred **Definitions:** Remedy: 104100 PA: Error on opening the menu **Definitions:** Remedy: 104101 PA: Error on opening the window **Definitions:** Remedy: 104102 PA: Error on reading number of T nos.

Definitions: Remedy:

104103 PA: Error on reading number of params/cut-edges **Definitions:** Remedy: 104104 PA: Error on reading actual tool **Definitions:** Remedy: PA: Error on reading actual D no. 104105 Definitions: Remedy: 104106 PA: No space in global memory **Definitions:** Remedy: 104107 PA: Error on reading notebook **Definitions:** Remedy: 104108 PA: Error on reading cutting edge parameters **Definitions:** Remedy: 104109 PA: Error on reading number of cuttung edges **Definitions:** Remedy: 104110 PA: Error on reading tool **Definitions:** Remedy: 104111 PA: Error on reading number of tools **Definitions:** Remedy: 104112 PA: Error on reading TO area **Definitions:** Remedy: 104113 PA: Error on reading tool number **Definitions:** Remedy: 104114 PA: Error on writing notebook **Definitions:**

Remedy:

104115 PA: Error on reading JOG feed unit **Definitions:** Remedy: 104116 PA: JOG feed unit not G94 or G95 **Definitions:** Remedy: PA: Error on writing JOG feed unit 104117 Definitions: Remedy: 104118 PA: Error on reading JOG feed **Definitions:** Remedy: 104119 PA: Feed value outside range **Definitions:** Remedy: 104120 PA: Error on writing JOG feed value **Definitions:** Remedy: 104121 PA: Error on reading number of spindles **Definitions:** Remedy: 104122 PA: Error on reading spindle status **Definitions:** Remedy: 104123 PA: Error on reading spindle names **Definitions:** Remedy: 104124 PA: Error on reading tool type **Definitions:** Remedy: 104125 PA: Next tool has no cutting edges **Definitions:** Remedy: 104126 PA: Error on reading global basic unit **Definitions:** Remedy:

104127 PA: Error on reading number of geometry axes **Definitions:** Remedy: 104128 PA: Error on reading number of add. axes **Definitions:** Remedy: PA: Error on reading number of mach. axes 104129 Definitions: Remedy: 104130 PA: Error on reading number of spindles **Definitions:** Remedy: 104131 PA: Error on reading number of R variables **Definitions:** Remedy: 104132 PA: Error on reading number of user frames **Definitions:** Remedy: 104133 PA: Error on reading cont./JOG mode **Definitions:** Remedy: 104134 PA: Error on writing cont./JOG mode **Definitions:** Remedy: 104135 PA: Error on activating the user frame **Definitions:** Remedy: 104136 PA: Error in getting WO data Block %1 column index %2 Parameters: %1 = --%2 = --**Definitions:** Remedy: PA: Error in writing WO data Block %1 column index %2 104137 Parameters: %1 = --%2 = --**Definitions:** Remedy:

104201	Error on setting/resetting semaphores
Definitions:	Error on coming comaphoros
Remedy:	-
404000	To all identifies not defined
104202	Tool identifier not defined
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
104203	Blank in tool identifier not allowed
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
104204	No new tool created
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
104205	Tool exists already
	1001 Exists alleady
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
104206	No magazino available
	No magazine available
Definitions:	
Remedy:	-
404207	The meanine is not defined
104207	The magazine is not defined
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
404000	The tool size (I. D. T. D.) would have a value between 4 and 7
104208	The tool size (L, R, T, B) must have a value between 1 and 7
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
104209	Dummy tool cannot be created
Definitions:	-
Remedy:	
104210	Tool not available
Definitions:	
Remedy:	
104211	Tool number equals 0
Definitions:	-
Remedy:	
104212	Tool already loaded
Definitions:	
Remedy:	

104213 Location already loaded **Definitions:** Remedy: 104214 Error on positioning magazine **Definitions:** Remedy: 104215 Error on unloading tools Definitions: Remedy: 104216 Error on relocating tools **Definitions:** Remedy: 104217 Error on loading tools Definitions: Remedy: 104218 **NOTICE! Tool Unload running! Definitions:** Remedy: 104219 **NOTICE! Tool Load running!** Definitions: Remedy: 104220 **NOTICE!** Relocation of tool running! **Definitions:** Remedy: 104221 Error on creating tool **Definitions:** Remedy: 104222 Illegal parameters **Definitions:** Remedy: 104223 Error on reading TD block **Definitions:** Remedy:

104224 Illegal tool type

104225 No TO memory available in channel **Definitions:** Remedy: 104226 Error on reading notebook **Definitions:** Remedy: 104227 Error on writing notebook Definitions: Remedy: 104228 Error on searching for empty location **Definitions:** Remedy: 104229 **Empty location not found Definitions:** Remedy: 104230 NOTICE!: Loaded tool cannot be deleted! **Definitions:** Remedy: 104231 Error on reading number of cutting edges **Definitions:** Remedy: 104232 Error on reading number of user cutting edges **Definitions:** Remedy: 104233 Load point not found **Definitions:** Remedy: 104234 Only memory block from 0..14 possible for NB **Definitions:** Remedy: 104235 Only 1..15 lines allowed in table **Definitions:** Remedy: 104236 Load points: %1 Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy:

104237 Current location (load point) of real magazine: %1

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: --Remedy: --

104238 Empty location %1 found

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

104239 Syntax error. Only these letters are allowed: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

104240 Location %1 found

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

104241 Magazine %1 found

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

104242 Illegal location number

Definitions: -Remedy: --

104243 Illegal magazine number

Definitions: -Remedy: --

104244 Error on reading user cutting edge data

Definitions: --Remedy: --

104245 Error on writing user cutting edge data

Definitions: -Remedy: --

104246 Error on reading user tool data

Definitions: --Remedy: --

104247 Error on writing user tool data

HMI alarms

104248 Error on reading monitoring data

Definitions: -Remedy: --

104249 Error on writing monitoring data

Definitions: -Remedy: --

104250 Location not empty or not available

Definitions: -Remedy: --

104251 Only one magazine available!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

104252 Only 0 or 1 allowed for tool life/quantity monitoring!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

104253 Only tool life or quantity monitoring possible

Definitions: -Remedy: --

104254 Illegal magazine or location number

Definitions: --Remedy: --

104255 Function Current location not valid for buffer

Definitions: -Remedy: --

105000 Error %1 ! %2

Parameters: %1 = --

%2 = --

Definitions: System-internal error.

A memory-access has failed - should not occur in normal operation.

Remedy: --

105001 Cycles description '%1' not available

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The cycle description sc.com was not found in the NCK file system.

Remedy: --

105002 File %1 exists already!

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The file name entered is already in this directory.

Remedy: --

105003 Workpiece %1 exists already

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The workpiece name entered is already in this directory.

Remedy: --

105004 Paste buffer is empty! First COPY then PASTE

Definitions: No file could be inserted, as no file was copied to the clipboard.

Remedy: --

105005 Only tools can be inserted here

Definitions: The file type of the previously copied file is not _wpd and cannot be inserted into

the workpiece directory.

Remedy: --

105006 Only files can be inserted here

Definitions: A file of the file type _wpd, i.e. a workpiece, was copied from the workpiece directory and an attempt

was made to insert it into a program directory.

Remedy: --

105007 No name entered

Definitions: --

Remedy: Wait until the loading procedure is terminated.

105008 Write memory error on cycle call

Definitions: The resources of the MMC100 are exhausted.

No more dynamic memory available.

Remedy: --

105009 No write access to data

Definitions: The file is write-protected.

Remedy: --

105010 No data selected

Definitions: The cursor is not placed on a valid file name.

Remedy: --

105011 Cycles overview %1 not available

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The cycle description sc.com was not found in the NCK file system.

Remedy: --

105012 Program not or only partially editable (NC Reset)

Definitions: The selected program is currently being executed.

Remedy: --

105013 Copied data can be inserted with SK 'Paste'

Definitions: The copied data is in the clipboard and can be inserted anywhere via the softkey "Paste".

Remedy: --

HMI alarms

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The file could not be copied.

Remedy: --

105015 Error on renaming ! %1

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The file could not be renamed.

Remedy: --

Parameters: %1 = -

Definitions: The file could not be deleted.

Remedy: --

105017 Selection possible only after enable or in RESET state %1

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The selected program is either being currently executed or was not yet enabled.

Remedy: --

105018 Error on generating program! %1

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The program could not be created; there may no longer be sufficient memory.

Remedy: --

105019 Error on opening window! %1

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The window could not be opened.

System error that should not occur in normal operation.

Remedy: --

105020 Error on closing window! %1

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The window could not be closed.

System error that should not occur in normal operation.

Remedy: --

105021 Error on generating workpiece! %1

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The workpiece could not be created.

Remedy: --

105022 Error on enable ! %1

Parameters: %1 = -

Definitions: The program could not be enabled.

105023 File %1 exists already!

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The file cannot be copied to this directory, as a file with the same name is already here.

Remedy: --

105024 Check values! - At least 1 value not within input limits!

Definitions: An invalid value was entered in the cycle parameter image.

Remedy: --

105025 Please wait, structuring directory!

Definitions: The data required for the display of the directory is being determined.

Remedy: --

105026 NOTICE! Simulated program not identical to edited program!

Definitions: The program being executed is not identical to the program opened in the editor.

Remedy: --

105027 Selection is being made

Definitions: -Remedy: --

105028 Selection is impossible

Definitions: --Remedy: --

105030 Please wait, renumbering in progress (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -

Definitions: The part program's blocks are serially numbered.

Remedy: --

105031 Renumbering has been aborted!

Definitions: Renumbering of the part program was aborted.

Insufficient part program memory may be the cause of the error.

Remedy: --

105032 Renumbering finished!

Definitions: Renumbering of the part program was completed without errors.

Remedy: --

105033 Renumbering incomplete, max. block length exceeded (%1)

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

105041 Block number will be too large!

Definitions: The set increment and the size of the program cause the block number to be greater than 999999.

HMI alarms

105042 Block number not allowed!

Definitions: The first block number is less than 0 or greater than 999999.

Remedy: --

105043 Increment not allowed!

Definitions: The increment was entered as a negative.

Remedy: --

105050 Please wait: graphics being output!

Definitions: The help displays are being prepared for display.

Remedy: --

105051 %1 Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The dynamic long texts for the cycle parameterization are output here.

Remedy: --

105052 Error in description of cycles of %1!

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The cycle description sc.com, uc.com contains a line that cannot be interpreted.

This line is output via <xxx>.

Remedy: --

105053 No cycle available in current line!

Definitions: The editor's cursor is in a line that does not contain a cycle.

A recompilation is not possible.

Remedy: --

105054 Error on calling of description of cycles!

Definitions: One of the sc.com, cov.com cycle description files contains a non-interpretable parameter.

Initilization of the cycles is aborted.

Remedy: --

105060 Please wait: initialization of cycles support

Definitions: The cycle description files are interpreted and prepared for display on the screen.

Remedy: --

105061 Error on opening of file %1!

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The specified file could not be opened.

System-internal error that does not occur in normal operation.

Remedy: --

105062 Error on closing of file %1!

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The specified file could not be closed.

System-internal error that does not occur in normal operation.

105063 Error on positioning in file %1!

Parameters: %1 = File name

Definitions: No positioning could be done in the specified file.

System-internal error that does not occur in normal operation.

Remedy: --

105064 Error on reading file %1!

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The specified file could not be read.

System-internal error that does not occur in normal operation.

Remedy: --

105070 Please wait: initialization of simulation started!

Definitions: The graphic travel path is being initialized.

Remedy: --

105071 Simulation could not be loaded!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

105072 Error while activating the file!

Definitions: -Remedy: --

105075 Channel %1 not enough geo axes, contour definition not%npossible!

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: The default axis names for the required axes are used.

Remedy: --

105076 Only 2 geo axes defined in channel %1-> working%nplane %2 fixed!

Parameters: %1 = --

%2 = --

Definitions: --Remedy: --

105080 File already selected: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

105081 Contents were saved in %1.

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

105082 Selection of 2nd file not possible. Device was removed.

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107000 Error on reading a notebook **Definitions:** Remedy: 107001 Error on reading MCU data **Definitions:** Remedy: 107002 Error on writing MCU data Definitions: Remedy: 107003 MCU: No memory available **Definitions:** Remedy: 107004 MCU: File not available **Definitions:** Remedy: 107010 MCU: Please wait. Data is being saved! **Definitions:** Remedy: 107011 MCU: Saving of data successfully carried out! **Definitions:** Remedy: 107021 MCU.INI: Number of axes incorrect **Definitions:** Remedy: 107022 MCU.INI: File does not exist / contains error (%1) Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy: 107023 MCU.INI: Data for an axis contain error Definitions: Remedy: 107024 MCU.INI: Not all axes specified **Definitions:** Remedy: 107031 MCU: Command unknown **Definitions:**

Remedy:

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HMI alarms

107032 MCU: Error in server management block **Definitions:** Remedy: 107033 MCU: No table management block available **Definitions:** Remedy: 107034 MCU: Error in table management block Definitions: Remedy: 107035 MCU: Tool data not saved **Definitions:** Remedy: 107036 MCU: Tool data not stored on FEPROM **Definitions:** Remedy: 107041 MCU: Incorrect value for work offset **Definitions:** Remedy: 107042 MCU: Incorrect value for feedrate **Definitions:** Remedy: 107043 MCU: Value of traversing path / position incorrect **Definitions:** Remedy: 107050 MCU: Program is running, cannot be selected! Definitions: Remedy: 107051 MCU: Please wait, reading traversing program! **Definitions:** Remedy: 107052 MCU: Please wait, transferring traversing program! **Definitions:** Remedy: 107053 MCU: Traversing program exists already! **Definitions:** Remedy:

107054 MCU: Traversing program not available! **Definitions:** Remedy: 107055 MCU: Active program cannot be changed! **Definitions:** Remedy: 107058 MCU: Transfer of traversing program terminated without errors! Definitions: Remedy: 107059 MCU: Transfer of traversing program aborted! **Definitions:** Remedy: 107061 MCU: Program number exists already! **Definitions:** Remedy: 107062 MCU: Program number not permissible (1 ... 199)! **Definitions:** Remedy: 107063 MCU: Block number not permissible %1! Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy: 107064 MCU: G function not allowed! **Definitions:** Remedy: 107065 MCU: Tool offset number (D.) not permissible (0 ... 20)! Definitions: Remedy: 107066 MCU: During a dwell time, only M functions are permissible! Definitions: Remedy: 107067 MCU: Insertion of a block not possible! **Definitions:** Remedy: 107068 MCU: Subroutine call allowed only with quantity! **Definitions:** Remedy:

107069 MCU: Appending a block not possible!

Definitions: -- Remedy: --

107080 MCU: Unknown error at %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107081 MCU: Command being processed (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107082 MCU: Command number unknown (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107083 MCU: Acknowledgment op code wrong (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107084 MCU: Drive not digital (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107085 MCU: Servo number unknown (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107086 MCU: Wait for stop acknowledgment (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107087 MCU: Unknown management status (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107088 MCU: Not allowed in this PLC mode (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107090 MCU: Syntax error (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: --

Remedy: --

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107091 MCU: Coordinating rules violated (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107092 MCU: Protection level of function inadequate (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107093 MCU: PI service unknown (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107094 MCU: Context is not supported (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107095 MCU: Serious error has occurred (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107096 MCU: PDU magnitude wrong (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

107100 MCU: Unknown error has occurred (%1)!

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

108000 No dynamic memory available

Definitions: --Remedy: --

108001 No entry in diagnostics file

Definitions: -Remedy: --

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

HMI alarms

108002 There are too many entries/errors

Definitions: Remedy:

108003 Change of state

Definitions: Remedy:

108004 Communications error to the HiGraph task

Definitions: Remedy:

108005 Too many demands on HiGraph task

Definitions: Remedy:

108006 No entries for HiGraph diagnostics (e.g. Z_FEHLER_ALT)

Definitions: Remedy:

108007 Not possible to proceed to next transition

Definitions: Remedy:

108008 Not possible to proceed to previous transition

Definitions: Remedy:

108009 Switch on to next condition not possible

Definitions: Remedy:

108010 Switch on to previous condition not possible

Definitions: Remedy:

108011 No matching allocation found

Definitions: Remedy:

108012 Zoom is empty

Definitions: Remedy:

109000 New NCK address has been transferred to NCK

Definitions: Remedy:

HMI alarms

109001 No switchover: Switchover disable set in current PLC

Definitions: MMC would like to go offline from this NCU.

The MMC switchover is disabled in the MMC PLC online interface in DB19.

 $(MMCx_SHIFT_LOCK = TRUE, x = 1,2)$

Remedy: --

109002 No switchover: Target PLC used, try again

Definitions: MMC would like to go online to this NCU.

MMC has called the target PLC and is awaiting acknowledgement.

MMC bekommt keine Quittung, da die MMC-Parameter-Schnittstelle in DB19 von einem anderen

MMC beleat ist.

Remedy: Repeat the operation at a later point in time, as the MMC parameter interface in DB19 is only

temporarily occupied.

109003 No switchover: Switchover disable set in target PLC

Definitions: MMC would like to go online to this NCU.

The MMC switchover is disabled in the MMC PLC online interface in DB19.

 $(MMCx_SHIFT_LOCK = TRUE, x = 1,2)$

Remedy: The MMC switchover is disabled/enabled in the machine manufacutrer's

PLC program.

Reference to the machine manufacturer's documentation.

109004 No switchover: PLC occupied by higher-priority HMIs

Definitions: The MMC is attempting to switch to an NCU that is occupied by two higher-priority MMC's.

Remedy: Switch one of the two higher-priority MMC's to another NCU.

109005 No switchover: No HMI displaceable on target PLC

Definitions: MMC would like to go online to this NCU.

At this NCU, two MMC's are online on which uninterruptable processes are active (e.g.: data transfer

between MMC and NCU).

Remedy: Wait until at least one of the two MMC's can be displaced and repeat the switchover.

109006 No switchover: Selected channel invalid

Definitions: At this NCU, the MMC was switched to a channel that does not exist there. **Remedy:** Set up the channel or adapt the parameterization of the NETNAMES.INI.

109007 Channel switchover running

Definitions: The channel switchover has been initiated.

A different MMC may have to be displaced.

Remedy: --

109008 Activation running

Definitions: The switchover from the passive operating mode to the active operating mode has been initiated.

Remedy: --

109009 Switchover: error in internal state

Definitions: -Remedy: --

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HMI alarms

109010 Displacement: error in internal state

Definitions: -Remedy: --

109011 Switchover: trace file cannot be created

Definitions: -Remedy: --

109012 Operator units switchover, PLC timeout: 002

Definitions: -Remedy: --

109013 Activation denied

Definitions: -Remedy: --

110000 No data available for display

Definitions: -Remedy: --

110001 Cannot read ACC variable:%1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

110002 No memory available

Definitions: --Remedy: --

110003 COM file not found: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

110004 Screen not found: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

112045 Several approach points required

Definitions: Several insertion points are required for machining the contour pocket. The machining breaks up into

several individual machinings.

The program can be started. This alarm is only a warning. Residual material will remain.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: By using a smaller milling cutter, the machining could be done with an insertion point.

Program Internal

HMI alarms

112046 Main contour cannot be traced

Definitions: The pocket contour cannot be bypassed with the specified milling cutter.

Residual material will remain.

The program can be started. This alarm is only a warning.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: By using a smaller milling cutter, the pocket contour could be bypassed.

Program

Interna

Continuation:

112052 No residual material available

Definitions: No residual material has been determined.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check parameters in the residual material cycle.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

112057 Programmed helix violates contour

Definitions: The starting point for helical insertion was so selected, that the helix violates the programmed contour.

The program can be started. This alarm is only a warning.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Select another starting point; use a smaller helix radius.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112099 System error contour pocket %1

Definitions: While the contour pocket was being calculated, an error occurred. The contour pocket cannot be

calculated.

Internal

The program cannot be started.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please contact the hotline of Siemens AG, A&D MC and provide with the error message.

Program

Continuation:

112100 Error on renumbering.%nInitial state restored.

Definitions: The softkey "Renumber" was pressed in the program editor. This caused an error during serial

 $numbering\ that\ damaged\ the\ program\ in\ the\ memory,\ making\ it\ necessary\ to\ reload\ the\ initial\ program$

into the memory.

The program was not renumbered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Make room in the memory, e.g. by deleting an old program. Select "Renumber" again.

Program Internal

112200 The contour is a step in the current program%nsequence. Machining not

enabled

Definitions: The contour is an element from a loaded program and cannot be deleted or renamed.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Remove the contour from the loaded program.

Internal Program

Continuation:

112201 Contour is step in current automatic chain%nMachining not possible.

Definitions: The contour is an element of a program loaded under "Machine auto" and cannot be deleted or

After the program has been started, the integrated contours cannot be changed under "Program"

while the program is running.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Stop the program and load it under "Program". Remove the contour from the program.

Program

Continuation:

112210 Tool axis cannot be changed. Not enough NC-%nmemory.

Definitions: If the tool axis is reselected, the NC program has to be generated again. Hereby the old NC program

is saved first.

Internal

Internal

Then the new program is generated. Here, the NC memory is insufficient to save the new program.

The reselection of the tool axis was not carried out.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Free memory space must be created on the NC, and it must be enough for the program to be Remedy:

processed (e.g. by deleting programs that are no longer required).

Program

112211

Continuation:

Tool preselection cannot be processed.%nNot enough NC memory.

Definitions: When tool preselection is processed, the NC program has to be generated again. Hereby the old NC

program is saved first.

Then the new program is generated. Here, the NC memory is insufficient to save the new program.

The tool preselection is not processed.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Free memory space must be created on the NC, and it must be enough for the program to be

processed (e.g. by deleting programs that are no longer required).

Program

Continuation:

112300

Tool management concept 2 not possible%nMagazine not completely

loaded.

Definitions: The magazine is not completely loaded with tools.

In the magazine of tool management type 2, the number of tools specified in machine data 18082 has

to be created.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Installation and start-up: Create the correct number of tools. Remedy:

Program Continuation: Internal

HMI alarms

112301 Tool management concept 2 not possible%nMagazine not sorted like

tool list.

Definitions: The magizine list sorting does not correspond to that of the tool list.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Installation and start-up: Assign the tools according to their T numbers to the magazine locations.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112320 Replace manual tool:%n%1.

Definitions: The operator is prompted to replace the indicated manual tool.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Replace the manual tool.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112321 Load manual tool:%n%1.

Definitions: The operator is prompted to load the specified manual tool.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Load the manual tool.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112322 Exchange manual tool:%n%1 -> %2.

Definitions: The operator is prompted to replace the specified manual tool by the new manual tool.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Replace the manual tool.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112323 Replace inclinable head:%n%1

Definitions: The operator is prompted to remove the specified swivel head from the spindle.

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Replace swivel head.

When doing this, please follow the machine manufacturer's instructions.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112324 Load inclinable head:%n%1

Definitions: The operator is prompted to load the specified swivel head into the spindle.

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Load swivel head.

When doing this, please follow the machine manufacturer's instructions.

Program Internal

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

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112325 Exchange inclinable head:%n%1 -> %2

Definitions: The operator is prompted to replace the specified swivel head in the spindle with the new swivel head.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Exchange swivel head.

When doing this, please follow the machine manufacturer's instructions.

Program In

Continuation:

112326 Set inclinable head%n%1%2

Definitions: The operator is prompted to set the swivel head in accordance with the specified data.

Reaction: Alarm display. **Remedy:** Set swivel head.

When doing this, please follow the machine manufacturer's instructions.

Program Interna

Continuation:

112327 Angle not in allowed area:%n%1%2

Definitions: The programmed machining cannot be carried out with the swivel head.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: If necessary, clamp the workpiece differently.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112328 Angle adapted to angle grid:%n%1%2

Definitions: Due to the angle grid, the swivel head could not be set exactly to the specified angle.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Machining can be continued with the specified values, but it will not correspond exactly to the

programming.

Program Continuation:

Internal

112329 Set inclinable head/swivel table:%n%1%2

Definitions: The operator is prompted to set the swivel head/table in accordance with the specified data.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Set swivel head/table.

When doing this, please follow the machine manufacturer's instructions.

Program

Continuation:

112330 Set swivel table:%n%1%2

Definitions: The operator is prompted to set the swivel table in accordance with the specified data.

Reaction: Alarm display. **Remedy:** Set swivel table.

When doing this, please follow the machine manufacturer's instructions.

Program

Internal

Internal

HMI alarms

112340 Approval not possible, as axes have not%nbeen referenced!

Definitions: In Safety Integrated a user acknowledgement can only be made after the reference point has been

approached.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Approach reference point.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

112350 No swivel data created!

Definitions: There are no swivel data blocks. **Reaction:** Alarm display.

Remedy: Set up swivel data blocks (see /FBSP/, ShopMill Description of Functions)

Program Internal

Continuation:

112360 Step was not transferred into program chain%nas program run active.

Definitions: The program that you want to change is being executed in the operating mode "Machine auto". You

can only change programs that are not being executed in the operating mode "Machine auto".

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Stop the program run in the "Machine auto" operating mode.

Program Interna

Continuation:

112400 Not stored in the Tool Management: %n%1 Program: %2

Definitions: The tool specified in the program does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The tool must be created before the data is saved.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112401 Tool could not be set up:%n%1

Definitions: When reading in the tool data, a tool could not be created.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check tool management.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112402 Work offsets: error on writing

Definitions: Data could not be written to the NC.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Should the alarm be displayed again after a new try, please contact the hotline of Siemens AG, A&D

MC.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

HMI alarms

112420 Error on changing over inch/metric!%nCheck all data!

Definitions: The switchover of the data for the inch/metric conversion was not completed.

This alarm can only appear in the event of hardware defects.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The following data must be checked:

Display MD's:

MD9655: \$MM_CMM_CYC_PECKING_DIST
MD9656: \$MM_CMM_CYC_DRILL_RELEASE_DIST
MD9658: \$MM_CMM_CYC_MIN_COUNT_PO_TO_RAD
MD9664: \$MM_CMM_MAX_INP_FEED_P_MIN
MD9665: \$MM_CMM_MAX_INP_FEED_P_ROT
MD9666: \$MM_CMM_MAX_INP_FEED_P_TOOTH
MD9670: \$MM_CMM_START_RAD_CONTOUR_POCKET

MD9752: \$MM_CMM_MEASURING_DISTANCE

MD9753: \$MM_CMM_MEAS_DIST_MAN

MD9754: \$MM_CMM_MEAS_DIST_TOOL_LENGTH MD9755: \$MM_CMM_MEAS_DIST_TOOL_RADIUS MD9756: \$MM_CMM_MEASURING_FEED MD9757: \$MM_CMM_FEED_WITH_COLL_CTRL MD9758: \$MM_CMM_POS_FEED_WITH_COLL_CTRL MD9759: \$MM_CMM_MAX_CIRC_SPEED_ROT_SP

MD9761: \$MM_CMM_MIN_FEED_ROT_SP MD9762: \$MM_CMM_MEAS_TOL_ROT_SP

MD9765: \$MM_CMM_T_PROBE_DIAM_LENGTH_MEAS MD9766: \$MM_CMM_T_PROBE_DIAM_RAD_MEAS MD9767: \$MM_CMM_T_PROBE_DIST_RAD_MEAS MD10240: \$MN_SCALING_SYSTEM_IS_METRIC MD20150 [12]: \$MC_GCODE_RESET_VALUES

Tool data for various cutting edges D: length Z, radius R, wear length radius Z and R. Zero offsets: Basic offset position in X, Y, Z, as well as A, C (if available) zero offset.

Settings in operating mode MANUAL: Retraction plane, safety clearance.

Program Continuation:

Internal

112500 Error in NC interpreter % module %1.

Definitions: The ShopMill program cannot be opened.

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Alarm display
Program Internal

Continuation:

112501 Error in EASYSTEP chain:%nNon-interpretable step in line %1.

Definitions: The ShopMill program cannot be opened.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the faulty line.

Program Internal

HMI alarms

112502 Not enough memory space%nAbort in line %1.

Parameters: %1 = Line number

Definitions: The program cannot interpret a program block with contour programming. Contour not in the directory.

Program is not loaded.

The program cannot interpret a program block with contour programming. Contour not in the directory.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Load contour into the directory.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112503 ShopMill: %1

Definitions: A system error has occurred.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please contact the hotline of Siemens AG, A&D MC and provide with the error message.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

112504 File does not exist or is faulty%n%1

Parameters: %1 = File name

Definitions: The program cannot interpret a program block with contour programming.

Contour not in the directory.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Load contour into the directory.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112505 Error on interpreting contour:%n%1

Parameters: %1 = Contour name **Definitions:** Contour is faulty.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the contour's machining sequence.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112506 Maximum number of contour elements exceeded:%n%1

Definitions: The maximum permissible number of 50 contour elements was exceeded when interpreting the

machining sequence of a contour.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the contour's machining sequence and, if necessary, edit it.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112541 Program cannot be interpreted

Definitions: The program cannot be interpreted as a ShopMill program during loading, as the program header is

missing.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

Remedy: --

Program Internal

112542 GUD variable does not exist or%narray dimension too small:%1

Definitions: The required GUD variable was not found on read or write access.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Load the correct GUD variable.

Program Internal

Program Continuation:

112543 Prog. was created with higher software version

Definitions: The part program has been created with a software version higher than the existing one.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Delete the machining step and reprogram machining if required.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

112544 Program cannot be opened.%nlt is already being edited.

Definitions: Program is already open in HMI Advanced (Program or Services operating area).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Close program in HMI Advanced (Program or Services operating area).

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

112546 Program cannot be opened.%nNo read access to the file.

Definitions: The file has no write access for the current access level.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Set read access with keyswitch or via password.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112550 Sequencer programming is not opened.

Definitions: Option 'Sequencer programming' has not been set.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The program is opened as G code.

Internal

Program

Continuation:

112560 USB device no longer available, %nexecution from external source no

longer possible.

Definitions: --

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: --

112561 USB device no longer available, %nexecution of Extcall no longer

possible.

Definitions: --

Reaction: Alarm display.

HMI alarms

112562 USB device no longer available, editing is%naborted. The last changes

are lost.

Definitions: --

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: --

112563 USB device not available; program editing is%nbeing interrupted; last

changes are lost.

Definitions: --

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: --

112564 USB device no longer available, %ncopying was aborted.

Definitions: --

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: --

112565 USB device no longer available.

Definitions: --

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: --

112600 Spindle not synchronized

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Synchronize the spindle.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112601 ShopTurn: %1

Definitions: A system error has occurred.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please contact the hotline of Siemens AG, A&D MC and provide with the error message.

Program Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Continuation:

112604 Connection to the PLC broken off

Definitions: Acknowledgement to the PLC user program, that the connection with the PCU has been broken off.

ShopMill PLC is terminated.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the PLC user program.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112605 Asynchronous subprogram was%nnot executed

Definitions: The input values could not be correctly processed by the NC.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Perform an NCK reset

Program Internal

112611 NC start not possible:%nDeselect single block

Definitions: A program was activated with block search while a single block has been active.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Deselect the single block.

Program

Internal Continuation:

Language %1 not installed. 112620

Definitions: Language not installed.

Reaction: Alarm display. Remedy: Install language. **Program** Internal

Continuation:

112650 Unknown PLC error

Definitions: The PLC has announced an error that is unknown in the operator panel.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Press POWER ON, inform Siemens.

Program Internal

Continuation:

112999 Faulty grafic data. Exit graphic %nand restart

Definitions: More data was generated than can be read from the operator panel.

Stop the graphic.

Remedy: Deselect the graphic and then select it again.

113000 Invalid value - value range: %1

Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy:

113001 Incorrect configuration in line %1

Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy:

113002 Insufficient access level!

Definitions: Remedy:

113003 Error when writing variable %1

Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy:

113004 Insufficient dynamic memory

Definitions: Remedy:

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113005 Incorrect NC file positioning: %1

Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy:

113006 NC program is not open %1

Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy:

113007 Cannot read NC block, no.: %1

Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy:

113008 NC block cannot be written, no.: %1

Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy:

113009 File name missing for copy

Definitions: Remedy:

113010 Cannot open file: %1

Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy:

113011 Cannot write file: %1

Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy:

113012 Cannt write NC file: %1

Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy:

113013 Cannot read NC file: %1

Parameters: %1 = --Definitions: Remedy:

113014 Invalid NC file name: %1

%1 = --Parameters: Definitions: Remedy:

113015 DLL not loaded: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

113016 No link to %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

113017 Incorrect DDE address: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

113018 Invalid command: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

113019 Invalid data format: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

113020 Cursor data item cannot be written

Definitions: -Remedy: --

113021 Error on data access: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

113022 No variables exist

Definitions: --Remedy: --

113023 Impossible to enter code: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

113024 Invalid mask property: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

113025 Invalid action: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

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113026 Invalid type of action: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

•

113027 No mask defined

Definitions: --Remedy: --

113028 You cannot insert here

Definitions: -Remedy: --

113029 Mask '%1' being generated - please wait ...

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

113030 PLC connection '%1' not in 'common.com'

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

113031 PLC interpreter: %1 bytes not allocated

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

113032 Invalid PLC command: %1

Parameters: %1 = -Definitions: -Remedy: --

113033 Block cannot be recompiled

Definitions: -- Remedy: --

113034 No softkey is allowed in this state - ignored

Definitions: -Remedy: --

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HMI alarms

113100 Internal error %1

Parameters: %1 = --**Definitions:** Remedy:

120000 Area %1 cannot be loaded! Acknowledge alarm, press area switchover

Parameters: %1 = Operating area name

Definitions: One of the applications listed in the REGIE.INI could not be started.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check whether the entry in REGIE.INI is correct.

Program Internal

Continuation:

120001 Area %1 cannot be selected. Please deactivate area %2

Parameters: %1 = Operating area name

%2 = Operating area name

Definitions: Within the scope of an area switchover, a different area is to be terminated (unloaded).

However, the area refuses this.

The area switchover does not take place.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Try again and, if possible, close the reluctant area first.

Program Internal

Continuation:

120002 Area %1 is still active. Please deactivate area %1

Parameters: %1 = Operating area name

When the MMC system is closed (closing the master control), an area is to be terminated. **Definitions:**

> However, the area refuses this. The system was NOT closed.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Try again and, if possible, close the reluctant area first.

Internal Program

Continuation:

120003 Area %1 cannot be deactivated. Please try again

Parameters: %1 = Operating area name

Definitions: Within the scope of an area switchover, an area is to be deselected.

However, the area refuses this.

The area switchover does not take place.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Try again and, if possible, close the reluctant area first.

Program

Internal

Continuation:

120005 Please acknowledge the dialog box in area %1

Parameters: %1 = Operating area name

Definitions: The area %1 could not be deselected, as in this area a dialog box is still open.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Close the dialog box in area %1!

Program Internal

HMI alarms

120006 The channel switchover is currently disabled by area %1.

Parameters: %1 = Operating area name

Definitions: The area %1 has disabled the channel switchover at the moment, as it is performing a critical

operation (e.g. execution from external sources, etc.), during which no channel switchover may occur.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait until the critical operation is finished or end the critical operation manually.

Program

Continuation:

120007 The channel switchover is currently disabled.

Definitions: The channel switchover is currently disabled, as a critical operation, during which no channel

switchover may occur, is being carried out.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait until the critical operation is finished or end the critical operation manually.

Program Continuation:

Interna

120008 Control unit switchover, PLC timeout: %1

Parameters: %1 = --

Definitions: 001: MMC would like to go offline from this NCU. MMC has made the offline request in the online PLC

and is waiting for the positive / negative acknowledgement from the PLC.

002: MMC would like to go online to this NCU. MMC has called the target PLC and is waiting for the $\frac{1}{2}$

release to go online.

003: MMC has requested the active operating mode and is waiting for acknowledgement from the

PLC.

Remedy: Check whether the switchover blocks are loaded and started in the online PLC.

120010 PCU temperature alarm

Definitions: The temperature sensor on the PCU module has reached the response threshold.

Interface bit DB10.DB103.6 will be set.

Remedy: Switch off the PCU and let it cool off.

Improve the ventilation of the PCU module.

Check the function of the fan of the PCU module (fan defect).

If the error is displayed again, please inform the authorized service personnel.

120011 Request for authority to operate from another station.%nTo retain

authority to operate=>Recall key,%nto transfer authority to

operate=>wait (no entry)

Definitions: The operator of another station requests authority to operate. This can be refused to him through

Recall. After approx. 5 seconds, the authority to operate will automatically be transferred to the other

station.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The alarm automatically disappears after approx. five seconds or if the Recall key is pressed within

this time limit.

Program Continuation:

Internal

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HMI alarms

120020 PCU fan monitoring CPU fan

Definitions: Low fan speed of CPU fan.

Interface bit DB10.DB103.4 is being set.

Remedy: Switch off the PCU, let it cool off and have the function of the CPU fan of PCU module checked by

qualified service personnel (fan problem).

Spare part description: Manual Operator Components SINUMERIK

840D/840Di/810D section PCU 50 V3 spare parts, replacement of device fan.

120021 PCU fan monitoring housing fan 1

Definitions: Low fan speed of PCU casing fan 1.

Interface bit DB10.DB103.4 is being set.

Remedy: Switch off the PCU, let it cool off and have the function of casing fan 1 of PCU module checked by

qualified service personnel (fan problem).

Spare part description: Manual Operator Components SINUMERIK

840D/840Di/810D section PCU 50 V3 spare parts, replacement of device fan.

120022 PCU fan monitoring housing fan 2

Definitions: Low fan speed of PCU casing fan 2.

Interface bit DB10.DB103.4 is being set.

Remedy: Switch off the PCU, let it cool off and have the function of casing fan 2 of PCU module checked by

qualified service personnel (fan problem).

Spare part description: Manual Operator Components SINUMERIK

840D/840Di/810D section PCU 50 V3 spare parts, replacement of device fan.

120029 PCU: fatal hard disk error

Definitions: A high number of write/read errors was found on the hard disk.

This indicates a hardware failure to come soon (S.M.A.R.T error).

Interface bit DB10.DB103.3 is being set.

Remedy: Back up the PCU data and have the hard disk replaced by qualified service personnel.

Spare part description: Manual Operator Components SINUMERIK

840D/840Di/810D section PCU 50 V3 spare parts.

Hard disk replacement: Installation & Start-Up Guide HMI SINUMERIK

840D/840Di/810D section Installation variants/data backup.

HMI alarms

120120 %1 see explanation

Parameters: %1 = Alarm texts are displayed below in respect of individual causes of the alarm

Definitions: Alarm text: Alarm list is full.

Pending alarms/messages could not be entered into the alarm list due to lack of space. The alarm

cannot be deleted, as this event has made the alarm list permanently inconsistent.

Alarm text: Number of alarm texts too high.

The number of alarm texts is currently limited to 5000. This limit has been exceeded by the alarm text

configuration.

Alarm text: File %1 not found.

Alarm text: Input/output error in file %1.

Alarm text: Input/output error.

Alarm text: Error on reading from the index file. Alarm text: Error on writing into the index file. Alarm text: Syntax error in alarm text file %1.

Alarm texts are stored in files. One of these files could not be accessed properly.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Expand the alarm list (Enter maximum number in the file mbdde.ini in the section [Alarms]). Then

perform a cold restart for the operator panel.

Reduce the number of alarm texts. Then perform a cold restart for the operator panel.

 $\label{eq:make_model} \mbox{Make sure that the MMC memory on the hard disk is available after booting, or re-install the MMC}$

software.

When entering your own alarm texts, check whether the path and file name are entered correctly in

mbdde.ini.

Program Continuation:

Internal

120200 Image preparation suppressed

Definitions: The control is so heavily loaded by the processing of a subroutine, that it cannot keep all the display

values up-to-date.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The alarm disappears automatically as soon as the overload situation has been eliminated.

If this alarm occurrs often, the start-up engineer will have to take appropriate measures (e.g. reduce

IPO clock pulse rate).

Program Continuation Internal

Continuation:

120201 Communication failure

Definitions: The operator panel is connected with the NC and PLC via a serial bus.

This alarm occurs when the communication to these components is interrupted.

In connection with this alarm, all display values connected with the NC/PLC become invalid.

Such faults are normal while the controls are ramping up (e.g. after resetting).

Reaction: Alarm display

Remedy: The alarm disappears automatically as soon as the fault situation has ended.

If this alarm is continuously present, a wide variety of faults may be the cause. (e.g. wire breakage,

NC/PLC not ramped up,

faulty address/data transfer rate configuration of one of the bus nodes, etc.).

Program Continuation:

Internal

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Overview of Alarms 11/2006

HMI alarms

120202 Waiting for a connection to the NC/PLC

Definitions: The operator panel is connected to the NC and PLC via a serial bus.

This alarm occurs if the MMC is started for the first time and the NC/PLC ramp-up is not yet finished

or the communication to these components is faulty.

In connection with this alarm, all display values connected with the NC/PLC become invalid.

Such faults are normal while the controls are ramping up (e.g. after resetting).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The alarm disappears automatically as soon as the fault situation has ended.

If this alarm is continuously present, a wide variety of faults may be the cause. (e.g. wire breakage, NC/PLC not ramped up, faulty address/data transfer rate configuration of one of the bus nodes, etc.).

Program Continuation:

Internal

120203 Communication failure

Definitions: The operator panel is connected to the NC and PLC via a serial bus.

This alarm occurs if the MMC is started for the first time and the NC/PLC ramp-up is not yet finished

or the communication to these components is faulty.

In connection with this alarm, all display values connected with the NC/PLC become invalid.

Such faults are normal while the controls are ramping up (e.g. after resetting).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The alarm disappears automatically as soon as the fault situation has ended.

If this alarm is continuously present, a wide variety of faults may be the cause. (e.g. wire breakage, NC/PLC not ramped up, faulty address/data transfer rate configuration of one of the bus nodes, etc.).

Program Continuation:

Internal

Internal

120301 Faulty entry for hardkey 'Program' in Keys.ini.

Definitions: The configuration in Keys.ini is wrong.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: In Keys.ini, the parameter ChildTask:=26 has to be set in the line KEY2.0=.

The alarm can also be acknowledged manually via diagnostics.

Program Continuation:

Continuation:

120302 The selection is not possible. A program has to have been edited first via

the area 'Program'.

Definitions: A program can only be selected via the hardkey program if a program has already been edited in the

program area.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The alarm disappears automatically as soon as a program is edited or simulated in the program area.

The alarm can also be acknowledged manually via diagnostics.

Program

Continuation:

120303

The selection is not possible. The edited file %1 no longer exists.

Parameters: %1 = Program name with path

Definitions: The file edited last in the program area has in the meantime been deleted.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: The alarm disappears automatically as soon as a program is edited or simulated in the program area.

The alarm can also be acknowledged manually via diagnostics.

Program

Internal

HMI alarms

120304 The selection is not possible. The file %1 has insufficient read rights.

Parameters: %1 = Program name with path

Definitions: The file has insufficient read rights for the current access level.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Set the required read rights by means of keyswitch or password entry.

The alarm disappears automatically as soon as a program is edited or simulated in the program area.

The alarm can also be acknowledged manually via diagnostics.

Program

Continuation:

120305 Selection is not possible. The file %1 is currently being edited.

Parameters: %1 = Program name with path

Definitions: The file is currently open in another application (e.g. services) with an editor.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Change the program in the already open editor.

The alarm disappears automatically as soon as a program is edited or simulated in the program area.

The alarm can also be acknowledged manually via diagnostics.

Program

Interna

Continuation:

120306 The selection is not possible. The file %1 is selected and active in

channel %2.

Parameters: %1 = Program name with path

%2 = Channel number

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Stop the program with the NCU's channel reset and make the selection again.

The alarm disappears automatically as soon as a program is edited or simulated in the program area.

The alarm can also be acknowledged manually via diagnostics.

Program

120307

Continuation:

The file %1 cannot be opened for the editor because it is selected in

channel %2 for execution from external sources.

Parameters: %1 = Program name with path

Internal

%2 = Channel number

Definitions: -

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: A different program on the NCU or for execution from external sources has to be selected.

The alarm disappears automatically as soon as a program is edited or simulated in the program area.

The alarm can also be acknowledged manually via diagnostics.

Program Continuation:

Internal

Continuation:

120308 In the event of an emergency stop, the program %1 can only be changed

in the machine/program correction area.

Parameters: %1 = Program name with path

Definitions: -

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Switch to the machine area and change the program with the program correction function.

The alarm disappears automatically as soon as a program is edited or simulated in the program area.

The alarm can also be acknowledged manually via diagnostics.

Program

Interna

120309 The selection is not possible. Please close the simulation and repeat the

selection.

Definitions: The simulation is currently active in the program area.

A simultaneous editing is not possible.

Reaction: Alarm display

Remedy: Close the simulation and make the selection again.

The alarm disappears automatically as soon as a program is edited or simulated in the program area.

The alarm can also be acknowledged manually via diagnostics.

Program Continuation:

120310 The selection is not possible. Please wait for the pending action or

terminate it, then repeat the selection.

In the program area, programs are currently being copied, loaded or unloaded. Definitions:

A simultaneous editing is not possible.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Wait until the action is completed or terminate the action via the softkey "Cancel" and then repeat the

selection.

The alarm disappears automatically as soon as a program is edited or simulated in the program area.

The alarm can also be acknowledged manually via diagnostics.

Program Continuation:

Internal

129900 Data of passive drives are not backed up!

Definitions: This indicates that passive drives are not backed up as well when an upgrade is made.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: If the drive shall be backed up as well, it must be enabled. If the note shall not be displayed again, set

the drive to "0" in machine data 30240 ENC_TYPE and 30130 CTRLOUT_TYPE.

Program

Continuation:

Internal

129901 Time determination is being initialized. Please wait...

Definitions: This indicates that the time determination is being initialized and that the operator shall not yet press

NC Start or execute other operator actions.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Not necessary. After completion of the initialization, the dialog box will be faded out again

automatically.

Internal

Program

Continuation:

129902

Recorded data are being processed. Please wait...

Definitions: This indicates that data recorded by time determination are currently processed and that the operator

shall not yet press NC Start or execute other operating actions.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Not necessary. After completion of the initialization, the dialog box will be faded out again

automatically.

Program

Internal

HMI alarms

129903 Time determination is active.

Definitions: This indicates that time determination is enabled and that the user can press NC Start.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Not necessary. As soon as all channels viewed for time determination are in Reset again, this

message will be cancelled automatically.

Program Internal

Continuation:

129904 %1: Current NCK Version %2 is too low for time measurement. Version

500000 or higher will be required.

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

%2 = Current NCU version

Definitions: The version of the specified NCU is too old (< 500000).

Remedy: Upgrade or replace the relevant NCU for the required software version in order to use the time

determination.

129905 %1: Unable to determine the NCK version for time measurement.

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

Definitions: The version of the specified NCU could not be determined.

Remedy: Connect to the NCU and restart the PCU if required.

129906 %1: Unable to determine the number of channels.

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

Definitions: The number of channels of the specified NCU could not be determined.

Remedy: Connect to the NCU and restart the PCU if required.

129907 %1:The max. number of channels could not be determined.

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

Definitions: The maximum number of channels of the specified NCU could not be determined.

Remedy: Connect to the NCU and restart the PCU if required.

129908 %1: Unable to determine active channels.

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

Definitions: The active channels of the specified NCU could not be determined.

Remedy: Connect to the NCU and restart the PCU if required.

129909 %1: Unable to determine the name of channel %2.

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

%2 = Channel number

Definitions: The channel name of the specified NCU could not be determined.

Remedy: Connect to the NCU and restart the PCU if required.

129910 %1: Unable to determine general machine data.

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

Definitions: The general machine data of the specified NCU could not be determined.

Remedy: Connect to the NCU and restart the PCU if required.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

HMI alarms

129911 %1: Unable to determine machine data

\$MN_MM_PROTOC_NUM_FILES[1,10].

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

Definitions: Machine data MN_MM_PROTOC_NUM_FILES[1,10] of the specified NCU could not be determined.

Remedy: Connect to the NCU and restart the PCU if required.

129912 %1: Unable to determine machine data

\$MN_MM_PROTOC_NUM_ETPD_STD_LIST[1,10].

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

Definitions: Machine data LINKITEM_MN_MM_PROTOC_NUM_ETPD_STD_LIST[1,10] of the specified NCU

could not be determined.

Remedy: Connect to the NCU and restart the PCU if required.

129913 %1: Unable to determine machine data

\$MN_MM_PROTOC_NUM_ETPD_OEM_LIST[1,10].

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

Definitions: Machine data LINKITEM_MN_MM_PROTOC_NUM_ETPD_OEM_LIST[1,10] of the specified NCU

could not be determined.

Remedy: Connect to the NCU and restart the PCU if required.

129914 %1: Unable to determine channel-specific machine data.

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

Definitions: The channel-specific machine data of the specified NCU could not be determined.

Remedy: Connect to the NCU and restart the PCU if required.

129915 %1: Unable to determine active user for channel %2.

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

%2 = Channel number

Definitions: The "active user" of the specified channel of the specified NCU could not be determined.

Remedy: Connect to the NCU and restart the PCU if required.

129930 %1: Min. %2 log files are required for the requested time determination

(\$MN_MM_PROTOC_NUM_FILES[%3])

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

%2 = Number of log files required

%3 = User index

Definitions: Time measuring of the configured workpiece requires at least the specified number of log files.

Remedy: Set general machine data \$MN_MM_PROTOC_NUM_FILES[%3] of NCU %1 to value %2.

129931 %1: Min. %2 ETPD lists are required for the requested time determination

(\$MN_MM_PROTOC_NUM_ETPD_STD_LIST[%3])

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

%2 = Number of ETPD lists required

%3 = User index

Definitions: Time measuring of the configured workpiece requires at least the specified number of ETPD lists.

Remedy: Set general machine data \$MN_MM_PROTOC_NUM_ETPD_STD_LIST[%3] of NCU %1 to value

%2.

HMI alarms

129932 DAT: The configured NCU (%1) for part program %2 in channel %3 is

invalid.

Parameters: %1 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

%2 = Name of the part program

%3 = Channel number

Definitions: The specified combination of NCU, part program and channel is invalid for time measuring of the

configured workpiece.

Remedy: Part program %2 can only be assigned to a channel in an NCU configured in NETNAMES.INI.

129933 DAT: The configured channel (%1) for part program %2 in NCU %3 is

invalid.

Parameters: %1 = Channel number

%2 = Name of the part program

%3 = Name of the NCU according to NETNAMES.INI

Definitions: The specified combination of NCU, part program and channel is invalid for time measuring of the

configured workpiece.

Remedy: Correct the corresponding entry in the DAT file belonging to the workpiece.

129934 DAT: Part program %1 has been configured more than once.

Parameters: %1 = Name of the part program

Definitions: For time measuring of the configured workpiece, the specified part program is configured for several

channels

Remedy: Correct the corresponding entry in the DAT file belonging to the workpiece.

129935 NC configuration not yet determined.

Definitions: Unable to determine the configuration of the NCs.

Remedy: Ensure that communication to the NC has been activated and all machine data required for time

measuring have been set correctly.

129936 Initialization not yet executed.

Definitions: An order has been sent to the ITS server although the server has not been initialized yet.

Remedy: Execute your operation again later.

129937 Workpiece selection missing.

Definitions: The ITS server has not yet received any DAT file for time measuring, or the contents of the DAT file

is faulty.

Remedy: Select a workpiece for execution prior to executing a time measurement.

129938 Status of workpiece (%1) could not be determined.

Parameters: %1 = Workpiece name

Definitions: The state ?editable? of the DAT file or the workpiece could not be determined.

Remedy: Restart communication to the NC, if required.

129939 Workpiece (%1) is currently being machined.

Parameters: %1 = Workpiece name

Definitions: The DAT file or workpiece is currently disabled.

Remedy: Close the open DAT file or the corresponding workpiece in MCSE, if required.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

HMI alarms

129940 Error in workpiece (%1).

Parameters: %1 = Workpiece name

Definitions: The ITS server has not yet been initialized, it cannot, therefore, execute the order.

Remedy: Execute your operation again later.

129941 Not all involved channels are in RESET.

Definitions: At least one of the channels configured in the workpiece for time measuring is not in the "Reset" state. **Remedy:** Ensure that all channels configured in the workpiece for time measurement are in the "Reset" state.

129942 Not all involved channels are in AUTO.

Definitions: At least one channel/mode group configured in the workpiece for time measurement is not in the

"AUTO" mode.

Remedy: Ensure that all channels/mode groups configured in the workpiece for time measurement are in the

"AUTO" state.

129943 %1: Invalid configuration of \$AN_TIMER.

Parameters: %1 = NCU name

Definitions: Setting AN_TIMER_Nr of section [DAT] in ITS.INI is incompatible with the setting in machine data

18710 \$MN_MM_NUM_AN_TIMER.

Remedy: The value in general machine data 18710 \$MN_MM_NUM_AN_TIMER must be at least "1".

The value set for AN_TIMER_Nr of section [DAT] in ITS.INI must be higher than "0" and smaller than

or equal to the value of general machine data 18710 \$MN_MM_NUM_AN_TIMER.

The following rule applies:

0 < AN_TIMER_Nr <= \$MN_MM_NUM_AN_TIMER

129944 %1: \$AN_TIMER[%2] not running.

Parameters: %1 = NCU name

%2 = Index of system variable \$AN_TIMER used.

Definitions: The \$AN_TIMER[AN_TIMER_No] configured with setting AN_TIMER_Nr of section [DAT] in ITS.INI

has not been started.

Remedy: Ensure that system variable \$AN_TIMER[AN_TIMER_No] with value "0" is initialized and started on

NCU ramp-up; for example, with AN_TIMER_No = 1 the system variable must be initialized with NC

instruction $AN_TIMER[1] = 0$.

129945 %1: The current NCK version (%2) is too old for this type of time

measuring.

Parameters: %1 = NCU name

%2 = NCK software version of NCU %1.

Definitions: Measuring method "1" configured with setting MeasureMode of section [DAT] in ITS.INI cannot be

used, as the current NCK version is too old.

Remedy: Either upgrade NCK software to at least 511300 or select measuring method "0".

129946 General error. See entry in log file ITSx.LOG.

Definitions: A general error has occured that is specified in detail in log file "ITSx.LOG".

The files are stored in sub-directory "SEditor" of the "TMP" directory in HMI Advanced.

Remedy: Follow the instructions in log file "ITSx.LOG" or contact the Siemens hotline.

HMI alarms

142000 Operator at the machine is waiting for support via remote diagnostics!

%1 %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = IP address for existing Internet connection via modem

Definitions: Will be triggered in "User Controlled" mode, if user uses "Request Support" function.

Reaction: Alarm display. Remedy: Acknowledge alarm

Program Internal

Continuation:

142001 Operator at the machine is waiting for support via remote diagnostics!

%1 %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = IP address for existing Internet connection via modem

Definitions: Will be triggered in "User Controlled" mode, if user uses "Request Support" function.

Reaction: Alarm display. Remedy: Acknowledge alarm

Internal

Program Continuation:

142002 Operator at the machine is waiting for support via remote diagnostics!

%1 %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = IP address for existing Internet connection via modem

Definitions: Will be triggered in "User Controlled" mode, if user uses "Request Support" function.

Reaction: Alarm display. Remedy: Acknowledge alarm

Program

Internal Continuation:

142003 Operator at the machine is waiting for support via remote diagnostics!

%1 %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = IP address for existing Internet connection via modem

Definitions: Will be triggered in "User Controlled" mode, if user uses "Request Support" function.

Reaction: Alarm display. Remedy: Acknowledge alarm

Internal **Program**

Continuation:

142004 Operator at the machine is waiting for support via remote diagnostics!

%1 %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = IP address for existing Internet connection via modem

Definitions: Will be triggered in "User Controlled" mode, if user uses "Request Support" function.

Reaction: Alarm display. Acknowledge alarm Remedy:

Program Internal

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

HMI alarms

142005 Machine ready for remote diagnostics! %1 %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = IP address for existing Internet connection via modem

Definitions: Are triggered in "PLC Controlled" mode

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Acknowledge alarm

Program Internal

Continuation:

142006 Machine ready for remote diagnostics! %1 %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = IP address for existing Internet connection via modem

Definitions: Are triggered in "PLC Controlled" mode

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Acknowledge alarm

Program Internal

Continuation:

142007 Machine ready for remote diagnostics! %1 %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = IP address for existing Internet connection via modem

Definitions: Are triggered in "PLC Controlled" mode

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Acknowledge alarm

Program Internal

Continuation:

142008 Machine ready for remote diagnostics! %1 %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = IP address for existing Internet connection via modem

Definitions: Are triggered in "PLC Controlled" mode

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Acknowledge alarm

Program Internal

Continuation:

142009 Machine ready for remote diagnostics! %1 %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = IP address for existing Internet connection via modem

Definitions: Are triggered in "PLC Controlled" mode

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Acknowledge alarm

Program Internal

Continuation:

142010 Operator at the machine is waiting for support via remote diagnostics!

%1 %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = IP address for existing Internet connection via modem

Definitions: Will be triggered in "User Controlled" mode, if user explicitely selects and starts a host object.

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Acknowledge alarm

Program Internal

HMI alarms

142011 Operator at the machine is waiting for support via remote diagnostics!

%1 %2 %3 %4

Parameters: %1 = IP address for existing Internet connection via modem

Definitions: Will be triggered in "User Controlled" mode, if user uses "Request Support" function.

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Acknowledge alarm

Program Internal

SIMODRIVE ALARMS 2.3

300000 Hardware drive bus: DCM not present

Definitions: The DCM (Drive Communication Master, an ASIC on the NCU module that takes control of the drive

> bus) has not signaled when powering up the drive. In the 840D, a hardware fault is the possible cause of this error. (For the FM-NC, an incorrect configuration is also possible via the NCK MD 13010

DRIVE_LOGIC_NR).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Remedy:

Exchange the NCU module.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

300001 Axis %1 drive number %2 not possible

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: On powering up the drives, the NCK-specific machine data 13010 DRIVE_LOGIC_NR was checked

> for impermissible inputs. In the MD, a drive logic number is entered that can be selected as required within the established limits (drive number 0 = "No drive available"). Numbers greater than 15 are not allowed, nor may the same number be used more than once. The MD array must be configured without spaces, i.e. as soon as the logical drive number 0 is selected once, it is necessary for the

logical drive number 0 to be entered in all MDs with a higher location index [p].

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check MD DRIVE_LOGIC_NR for

numbers greater than 15 or for gaps in the machine axis indices.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

300002 Axis %1 drive number %2 assigned twice

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The drive logic number in the NCK MD 13010 DRIVE_LOGIC_NR has been assigned more than once.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check MD 13010 DRIVE LOGIC NR for

> identical drive logic numbers and assign another number in the range between 0 and 15 (0 corresponds to "No drive available" and is the only number that may occur more than once in the MD

array) to each drive.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300003 Axis %1 drive %2 wrong module type %3

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

%3 = Incorrect module type

Definitions: The hardware configuration of the drive components established at the time of bus initialization does

not correspond to the information in machine data 13030 DRIVE_MODULE_TYPE[p]=... (p ... rack

location index).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Enter MD 13030

DRIVE_MODULE_TYPE to match the drive modules that are plugged in.

Select MD 13010 DRIVE_LOGIC_NR and search for the drive logic number that is indicated in the alarm text. The location index number + 1 results in the associated rack location number. The VDD

module belonging to this location is determined by the configuration in MD 13030

DRIVE_MODULE_TYPE for the same location index. Input value 1: 1-axis module, input value 2: 2-axis module.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300004 Axis %1 drive %2 wrong drive type %3 (FDD/MSD)

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number %3 = Drive type code

Definitions: A feed module is inserted in the rack location determined by the drive logic number, but in the

corresponding NCK-specific MD 13040 DRIVE_TYPE, a main spindle is defined (or vice versa).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Select MD 13010 DRIVE_LOGIC_NR and search for the drive logic number that is indicated in the alarm text. The location index number + 1 results in the associated rack location number. The FDD/MSD module belonging to this location is determined by the configuration in MD 13040

DRIVE_TYPE for the same location index. FDD: identifier 1, MSD: identifier 2.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

300005 At least one module found on drive bus that has not been configured

Definitions: At bus initialization at least one module was detected which did not have a drive number, which

amounts to one too many. Since all (!) modules on the drive bus must be correctly initialized, all

modules therefore also have to be accordingly specified in the machine data.

Reaction: NC not ready

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check machine data; with the NCK MD

13000 DRIVE_IS_ACTIVE a drive that is not yet in use but exists on the bus can be declared as

inactive. Inactive drives do not need installation and start-up or drive data.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300006 Module with drive number %1 has not been found on drive bus

Parameters: %1 = Drive number

Definitions: Not all of the drives stated in MD \$MN_DRIVE_LOGIC_NR could be found on the drive bus. You can

find the associated module in the configuration display via the displayed drive number.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Perform the following checks:

1) Using the configuration display or the associated machine data, check whether the number and

type (1-axis or 2-axis) of the modules match your bus setup.

2) Check whether the red LED is illuminated on the displayed drive module. If this is not the case, then

usually the module does not have any power.

- Check the connections of the ribbon cable running from your I/RF or monitoring unit to the module.

- If after switching on the I/RF or monitoring unit, no LED of a module which is connected to it is illuminated, then check the I/RF or monitoring unit and, if required, replace the ribbon cable.

- With a multi-tier installation where the power is switched on at different times, an error message can also mean that one tier has been switched on too late (current permissible time 10 seconds). If

possible, switch on the second tier at the same time.

3) Check whether all drive bus connectors have correctly snapped into place and that the bus

terminaor is connected.

4) If you have not been able to detect an error by now, the module is defective.

Replace the module.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300007 Axis %1 drive %2 not present or inactive

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: In the axis-specific machine data 30110 CTRLOUT_MODULE_NR (this specifies at which drive

module the speed setpoint is output) and MD 30220 ENC_MODULE_NR (this specifies the drive module which outputs the encoder actual value for the position control) there is a drive logic number that does not occur in the NCK MD 13010 DRIVE_LOGIC_NR and the machine data 30240

ENC_TYPE and MD 30130 CTRLOUT_TYPE are set to "1".

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the setpoint/actual value

assignment in the axis-specific MD 30110 CTRLOUT_MODULE_NR and MD 30220

ENC_MODULE_NR and the drive logic number in the NCK MD 13010 DRIVE_LOGIC_NR and bring

these into agreement.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300008 Axis %1 drive %2 measuring circuit %3 is not available

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

%3 = Measuring circuit number

Definitions: In the axis-specific MD 30230 ENC_INPUT_NR [e]=E (e ... encoder index - the position control works

with this encoder, E ... encoder number - encoder connector selection on the drive module), an

encoder connector (1 or 2) was selected, to which no encoder is connected.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Configure MD 30230 ENC_INPUT_NR

[e] according to the encoder connector used or plug the encoder cable onto the other connector. If the encoder used corresponds to the input in the MD, there is a hardware fault on the drive module.

Replace the module!

Program Continuation:

300009 Axis %1 drive %2 measuring circuit %3 wrong measuring circuit type

(type %4 used)

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

%3 = Measuring circuit number %4 = Measuring circuit type

Definitions: The available, displayed actual value module on the drive FBG cannot process the signal type that

was stated via the axis-specific machine data 30240 ENC_TYPE [e]=S (e ... encoder index - the position control works with this encoder, E ... , S ... signal type of the actual value encoder - 0 ...

simulation axis without hardware, 1 ... raw encoder signals, 2 ... rectangle signals).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Set MD 30240 ENC_TYPE [e] to 1 (0 should only be entered for pure simulation axes which are to

travel in the actual-value display only).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300010 Axis %1 drive %2 active without NC axis assignment

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: A drive is active that is not used/addressed by any NC axis (actual value, setpoint).

All active drives must be assigned to an axis with respect to the setpoint value or the actual value.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the configuration data, the

assignment of setpoints and actual values for the drive motor and the position encoder.

MDs for the drive configuration:

- Modify MD 13000: DRIVE_IS_ACTIVE

- Modify MD 13010: DRIVE_LOGIC_NR

- Modify MD 13020: DRIVE_INVERTER_CODE

- Modify MD 13030: DRIVE_MODULE_TYPE

- Modify MD 13040: DRIVE_TYPE

- MDs for the setpoint/actual-value assignment:

- Modify MD 30110: CTRLOUT_MODULE_NR

- Modify MD 30130: CTRLOUT_TYPE

- Modify MD 30220: ENC_MODULE_NR

- Modify MD 30230: ENC_INPUT_NR

- Modify MD 30240: ENC_TYPE

It might be necessary to first declare an NC axis in the channel for this drive (MD 20070

AXCONF_MACHAX_USED = K, [K ...channel axis no.]).

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300011 Axis %1 drive %2 hardware version of spindle not supported

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: An old spindle power section (so-called 186-HSA) is connected to the drive bus. This spindle drive is

not supported by SINUMERIK 840D. Ramp-up is interrupted.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. A DSP spindle module must be ordered

and fitted.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300012 Axis %1 drive %2 hardware version of control module not supported

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: There is a drive module with an "old" control module on the drive bus. 810D does not support these

modules. Ramp-up is interrupted.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Order standard or performance control

module and exchange with "old".

Program

m Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

300020 Drive %1 removed for diagnostics

Parameters: %1 = Drive number

Definitions: The alarm indicates that the drive bus configuration has been changed temporarily. The alarm is

output if MD 13030 $MN_DRIVE_MODULE_TYPE$ has value 0 (zero) when a drive is configured.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Normal operation (full bus configuration): Integrate drive module into the bus again, enter the correct

type in MD 13030 \$MN_DRIVE_MODULE_TYPE.

- Normal operation (module remains removed): Remove the module in the configuration screen.

Remove all connections to outputs and inputs.

- MD30110 \$MA_CTRLOUT_MODULE_NR

- MD30130 \$MA_CTRLOUT_TYPE

- MD30220 \$MA_ENC_MODULE_NR

- MD30240 \$MA_ENC_TYPE

- MD11342 \$MA_ENC_HANDWHEEL_MODULE_NR

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

300100 Drive power failure

Definitions: In one or several (all) drive modules, there is a power failure although power was previously available.

> (The timeout is checked for write/read accesses. Timeouts are interpreted as power failure because this is the most probable case. The test takes place in the cyclic mode only but not at system power-

(.gu

Since the drives in the SINUMERIK 840D and the NC-CPU have the same power supply, this error does not occur here because then the NCU is also without power supply. In the SINUMERIK FM-NC,

this error can arise because the power supply is separate.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Switch off the power to the system and switch on again - the drives start up again.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300101 Bus communications failure

Definitions: This alarm indicates that there is still no power supply to the drives although the NC is already running.

This message comes only if no drive module has been signaled. (In theory, it could also be a bus error

interrupting the connection to the 1st module).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: 1) If the NCU has its own power supply, then the drives still have no power.

- If possible, switch on the power supply for the drives at the same time as the NCU.

2) If the NCU and the drives have the same power supply then not even the first module could be recognized. Check whether the red LED on the first drive module is illuminated. If this is not the case, then usually the module does not have any power.

- Check the connections of the ribbon cable running from your I/RF or monitoring unit to the module.

- If after switching on the I/RF or monitoring unit, no LED of a module which is connected to it is illuminated, then check the I/RF or monitoring unit and, if required, replace the ribbon cable.

3) Check whether all drive bus connectors have correctly snapped into place and that the bus terminaor is connected.

4) If you have not been able to detect an error by now, the module is defective.

- Replace the module.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300200 Drive bus hardware fault

Definitions: The drive bus has a fault. The following causes are possible:

- The bus terminator is missing.

- The drive bus is physically interrupted at some point.

- Miscellaneous hardware fault.

A check line is tested that runs over the entire bus and returns from the last rack location (bus

terminator) back to the NCK.

Note: If the drive ramps up correctly even though this message appeared, the error existed only at the

beginning of the initialization. In spite of this, the drives can be capable of functioning.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Check the bus terminator.

- Check all plug connections from the drive bus to the drive modules.

- Other hardware faults.

If the remedial measures given above do not lead to a change in the behaviour when starting, please contact the system support for the A&D MC products of SIEMENS AG through the Hotline (tel.: see

alarm 1000).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300201 Axis %1 drive %2 timeout during access, error location %3

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number %3 = Error location

Definitions: The read cycle of a drive address in the initialization phase or in cyclic operation has not ended within

the monitoring time (approx. 1 ms) (timeout error).

The error can occur in conjunction with a power failure of one or several drive modules. A hardware

fault might also be the cause (ASICs, bus, drive modules).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel.

Axes of this channel must be re-referenced.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. If the alarm has occurred in conjunction

with a power failure, this cause of failure must be eliminated. Otherwise, please contact the system

support for A&D MC products, SIEMENS AG, through the Hotline (tel.: see alarm 1000).

Program Continuation:

300202 Axis %1 drive %2 CRC error, error location %3

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number %3 = Error location

Definitions: The cross-check (CRC) has detected an access error in a write/read cycle. All bus accesses are not

controlled directly by the processor but they are handled by special ASICs. They transfer not only the

required data but also cross-checks for the write/read data and the addresses.

The error can occur in conjunction with a power failure of one or several drive modules. A hardware

fault might also be the cause (ASICs, bus, drive modules).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Mode group not ready, also effective for single axes

NC Start disable in this channel.

Axes of this channel must be re-referenced.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. If the alarm has occurred in conjunction

with a power failure, this cause of failure must be eliminated. Otherwise, please contact the system

support for A&D MC products, SIEMENS AG, through the Hotline (tel.: see alarm 1000).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300300 Axis %1 drive %2 boot error, error code %3

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number %3 = Error code

Definitions: Error occurred while starting up the displayed drive. (Example: Drive signals timeout).

Meaning of the error code:

- 0..5: Timeout while waiting for the acknowledgement from the drive in the displayed state

- 10: No signal from drive CPU (possibly defective module)

Safety Integrated special case: If the axial machine data \$MA_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE of at least one axis is not zero, then the occurrence of this alarm with error code 5 can mean that the PLC, after the timeout PLC_RUNNINGUP_TIMEOUT, has not started the cyclic operation. Synchronization of the drive and the PLC is required because in cyclic operation of the drive, data transmission between

the PLC and the drive is monitored.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. You can try to power the system up

again. The search for the precise cause of error can only be performed by the development team. The

displayed status code is always needed for this.

(contact SIEMENS AG, System Support for A&D MC products, Hotline (Tel.: see alarm 1000).

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300400 Axis %1 drive %2 system error, error codes %3, %4

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number %3 = Error code 1 %4 = Error code 2

Definitions: An internal software error or serious error condition has occurred which may be recoverable by

hardware reset. Troubleshooting can generally be performed only by Siemens AG, System Support

for A&D MC Products, Hotline (tel.: see alarm 1000).

In the error code combination (324,26), the calculation time allocation for the drive communication subtask should be increased via the MD 10140 \$MN_TIME_LIMIT_NETTO_DRIVE_TASK (possible

up to 500 ms).

If the above-mentioned limit is exhausted and the alarm continues to occur, the MD 10150

\$MN_PREP_DRIVE_TASK_CYCLE_RATIO=1 can be set additionally. Please note that by reducing MD 10150, the time share of the preparation in the non-cyclic time plane is reduced. This may lead to

longer block cycle times.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.
NC Stop on alarm.
Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. You can try to power the system up

again. The search for the precise cause of error can only be performed by the development team. The

displayed error codes are always needed for this.

(contact SIEMENS AG, System Support for A&D MC products, Hotline (Tel.: see alarm 1000).

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

300401 Drive software for type %1, block %2 missing or incorrect

Parameters: %1 = Drive type

%2 = Block number

Definitions: Either there is no software for this drive type or it contains errors.

Drive type

- 1 = VSA (as in MD DRIVE_TYPE!)

- 2 = HSA - 3 = SLM - 4 = HYD - 5 = ANA Block number

- 1 = Drive software (code)

- 2 = Data descriptions (ACC file)

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the data carrier (Jeida board),

replace if necessary.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300402 System error in drive link. Error codes %1, %2

%1 = Frror code 1 Parameters:

%2 = Error code 2

Definitions: An internal software error or serious error condition has occurred which may be recoverable by

hardware reset. Troubleshooting can generally be performed only by Siemens AG, System Support

for A&D MC Products, Hotline (tel.: see alarm 1000).

In the error code combination (1077,X), the calculation time allocation for the drive communication subtask should be increased via the MD 10140 \$MN_TIME_LIMIT_NETTO_DRIVE_TASK (possible

up to 500 ms).

If the above-mentioned limit is exhausted and the alarm continues to occur, the MD 10150

\$MN_PREP_DRIVE_TASK_CYCLE_RATIO=1 can be set additionally. Please note that by reducing MD 10150, the time share of the preparation in the non-cyclic time plane is reduced. This may lead to

longer block cycle times.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Make a note of the error text and contact Siemens AG A&D MC, Hotline (tel./fax: see alarm 1000). Remedy:

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

Axis %1 drive %2 drive software and drive MD with different version 300403

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The version number of the drive software (FDD/MSD) must correspond to the version number stored

in the drive machine data because the MD files for different software versions are not compatible.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. After exchanging the drive software, the

> drives must be installed and started up again. Any MD files that were saved by the control running under the old version must no longer be used. The old data can be saved with the installation and

start-up tool and this data can also be used again.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300404 Axis %1 drive %2 drive MD contains different drive number

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: In the drive MD file loaded in a drive there is a drive number which does not correspond to this drive.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Files with drive data for a particular drive number must not be copied to another drive.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300405 Axis %1 drive %2 unknown drive alarm, code %3

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number %3 = Service number

Definitions: The service number signaled by the drive is not implemented in the NCK. It cannot be assigned to any

alarm number.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Reinitialization of the drive required.

> The search for the precise cause of error can only be performed by the development team. The displayed error codes are always needed for this. (contact SIEMENS AG, System Support for A&D

MC products, Hotline (Tel.: see alarm 1000).

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

300406 Problem in the non-cyclic communication for basic address %1,

additional information %2, %3, %4

A problem has occured during the non-cyclic communication with logic basic address. The additional **Definitions:**

information defines the position of the problem.

Alarm display. Reaction:

Warning display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The alarm can be suppressed with

ENABLE_ALARM_MASK bit 1 == 0

SIEMENS AG, System Support for A&D MC products, Hotline (Phone: see alarm 1000)

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

300410 Axis %1 drive %2 error when storing a file (%3, %4)

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number %3 = Error code 1 %4 = Error code 2

Definitions: An attempt to save a data block, i.e. the result of a measuring function, in the file system has failed.

On error code 1 == 291: An error occurred during preparation of the ACC information. Basic

information prepared on the drive contains an error or has an unknown format.

On error code 1 == 292: Memory shortage during preparation of the ACC information.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Create more space in the file system. It is normally sufficient to delete 2 NC programs or to free 4 - 8 Kbytes of memory. If these remedies do not work, it will be necessary to increase the number of files

per directory or the size of the file system itself (this will require a complete data backup).

Change settings of machine data18280 \$MM_NUM_FILES_PER_DIR18320 \$MM_NUM_FILES_IN_FILESYSTEM

- 18350 \$MM_USER_FILE_MEM_MINIMUM

- and, if necessary, of

- 18270 \$MM_NUM_SUBDIR_PER_DIR, - 18310 \$MM_NUM_DIR_IN_FILESYSTEM,

- Power On

- Reload saved data

- On error code 1 == 291: Replace the drive software and use version with suitable ACC basic

information.

- On error code 1 == 292: Replace the drive software and use fewer different versions of the drive

software.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

300411 Axis %1 drive %2 error when reading a file (%3, %4)

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number %3 = Error code 1 %4 = Error code 2

Definitions: An attempt to read a data block, e.g. a drive boot file, from the file system has failed. The data block

or the file system is damaged.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: If the error occurred during power-up, i.e. it is probably connected to a drive boot file, delete all boot

files and load them back into the control from the back-up copy.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

SIMODRIVE alarms

300412 Error when storing a file (%1, %2)

Parameters: %1 = Frror code 1

%2 = Error code 2

Definitions: An attempt to save a data block, i.e. the result of a measuring function, in the file system has failed.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Create more space in the file system. It Remedy:

is normally sufficient to delete 2 NC programs or to free 4 - 8 Kbytes of memory. If these remedies do not work, it will be necessary to increase the number of files per directory or the size of the file system

itself. To do so, proceed as follows:

- Save all data

- Change settings of machine data - 18280 \$MM_NUM_FILES_PER_DIR - 18320 \$MM_NUM_FILES_IN_FILESYSTEM

- 18350 \$MM_USER_FILE_MEM_MINIMUM

- and, if necessary, of

- 18270 \$MM_NUM_SUBDIR_PER_DIR - 18310 \$MM_NUM_DIR_IN_FILESYSTEM

- Power On

- Reload saved data

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

300413 Error when reading a file (%1, %2)

Parameters: %1 = Error code 1

%2 = Error code 2

Definitions: An attempt to read a data block, e.g. a drive boot file, from the file system has failed. The data block

or the file system is damaged.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: If the error occurred during power-up, i.e. it is probably connected to a drive boot file, delete all boot

> files and load them back into the control from the back-up copy. Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Program

Continuation:

300423

Measuring results could not be read (%1) Parameters: %1 = Error code

Definitions: An attempt to read a measurement result has failed:

- Error code = 4: Not enough space for test result

- Error code = 16: Measurement not yet finished

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedv: Repeat measurement. Alter measuring time if necessary. **Program** Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

300500 Axis %1 drive %2 system error, error codes %3, %4

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

> %2 = Drive number %3 = Error code 1 %4 = Error code 2

Definitions: The drive has signaled a system error.

Safety Integrated:

Request: In the corresponding cycle.

On FDD: Generator stop (corresponds to STOP B) On MSD: Pulse and servo disable (corresponds to STOP A)

The error occurs if the computation time of the drive processor is not sufficient for the cycle indicated

in the additional information.

Error no.: 03, additional information: 40, monitoring cycle too small for SINUMERIK Safety Integrated.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Notes on the error codes can be found in the chapter "Error codes of alarm 300500".

NC reset (POWER ON)

Safety Integrated: Increase the corresponding cycle or the subordinate cycle (e.g. current, speed,

position-control cycle) or deselect the functions which are not required.

Any further search for the precise cause of error can only be performed by the development team. The

displayed error codes must always be stated. Reinitialization of the drive.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. System Support, SIEMENS A&D MC,

Hotline (tel.: see alarm 1000).

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

300501

Axis %1 drive %2 maximum current monitoring

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: 1. A serious fault occured during actual current measurement.

2. The maximum current threshold was exceeded while the rotor position identification was active

(FDD only).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Remedy:

- Modify MD 1107: \$MD_INVERTER_MAX_CURRENT (transistor limit current)

- Check the motor data (motor code)

- Check the controller data, current/speed controller gain too high

- Reduce MD 1145: \$MD_STALL_TORQUE_REDUCTION (stall torque reduction factor).

- Check the power section and motor terminals (including motor protection), possibly power section too small

- Increase MD 1254: \$MD_CURRENT_MONITOR_FILTER_TIME (time constant for current

- Error in actual current measurement (if necessary, replace 611D power section or controller module) - If rotor position identification is active, check MD 1019 \$MD_CURRENT_ROTORPOS_IDENT

(current for rotor position identification) and, if necessary, reduce the setting.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300502 Axis %1 drive %2 maximum current monitoring of phase current R

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The phase current R is greater than or equal to 1.05 times the maximum power section current MD

1107: \$MD_INVERTER_MAX_CURRENT (transistor limit current).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Check max. power section current in MD 1107 \$MD_INVERTER_MAX_CURRENT (transistor limit

current)

- Check the motor data (motor code)
- Motor has ground or winding fault

- Check the controller data

- Check the power section and motor terminals (including motor protection)

- Error in actual current measurement (if necessary, replace 611D power section or controller module)

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300503 Axis %1 drive %2 maximum current monitoring of phase current S

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The phase current S is greater than or equal to 1.05 times the maximum power section current MD

1107: \$MD_INVERTER_MAX_CURRENT (transistor limit current).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Check max. power section current in MD 1107 \$MD_INVERTER_MAX_CURRENT (transistor limit

current)

- Check the motor data (motor code)

- Check the controller data

- Motor has ground or winding fault

- Check the power section and motor terminals (including motor protection)

- Error in actual current measurement (if necessary, replace 611D power section or controller module)

Program Continuation:

300504 Axis %1 drive %2 measuring circuit error of motor measuring system

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Signal level of the motor encoder too low or disturbed.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Check encoders, encoder lines and connectors between drive motor and 611D module.

- Check for temporary interruptions (loose contact) caused, for example, by movements in trailing cable

- Check the shield connection of the front plate of the closed-loop control module (top screw).

- Use original, preassembled encoder cable from Siemens (high degree of shielding).

- If necessary, replace the motor, encoder and/or cables.

- With linear motor, check the signal level; possibly, the measuring scale of the open measuring

system is polluted.

- For a gearwheel encoder, check the distance between the gearwheel and the sensor. Replace the

sensor or the defective gearwheel.

Replace the control module.Check the metallized intermediate circuit cover.

Program Continuation:

300505 Axis %1 drive %2 measuring circuit error of absolute track, code %3

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

> %2 = Drive number %3 = Fine error coding

Definitions:

- Incremental encoder (ERN 1387)
- The absolute motor track (C/D track) is monitored for wire-breaks.
- Absolute encoder (EQN 1325)
- Monitoring of the encoder hardware and the EnDat interface
- Accurate diagnostics via error code MD 1023 \$MD_ENC_ABS_DIAGNOSIS_MOTOR (diagnostics for measuring system absolute track) on motor measuring systems or MD 1033

\$MD_ENC_ABS_DIAGNOSIS_DIRECT (diagnostics for direct measuring system absolute track) for direct measuring systems:

- Overview of bit nos., significance, note:
- Bit 0 Lighting failed
- Bit 1 Signal amplitude too small - Bit 2 Code connection error
- Bit 3 Overvoltage - Bit 4 Undervoltage
- Bit 5 Overcurrent
- Bit 6 Battery change necessary
- Bit 7 CRC error (evaluate bit 13) see below, SW 4.2 and higher, synchronous linear motor
- Bit 8 Encoder cannot be used, Assignment of absolute track to incremental track not allowed, SW 4.2 and higher, synchronous linear motor
- Bit 9 C/D track for ERN1387 encoder incorrect (see below) or EQN encoder connected
- Bit 10 Log cannot be aborted
- Bit 11 SSI level detected in data cable
- Bit 12 TIMEOUT while reading measured value
- Bit 13 CRC error
- Bit 14 Wrong IPU submodule for direct measuring signal, only with 611D expansion
- Bit 15 Encoder defective
- CRC error bit 7 and bit 13:
- Bit 7: 0, bit 13: 1 CRC error from SIDA-ASIC
- Bit 7: 1, bit 13: 0 Control check byte error
- Bit 7: 1, bit 13: 1 Error on correction of absolute track by incremental track
- Bits 12 and 15: Zero level monitoring SSI
- Bits 14 and 15: Idle level monitoring SSI
- Incorrect parameterization (e.g. not on EQN MD 1011: \$MD_ACTUAL_VALUE_CONFIG (actual value sensing configuration IM) or MD 1030: \$MD_ACTUAL_VALUE_CONFIG_DIRECT (actual value sensing configuration IM)
- or old hardware (not suitable for EQN)
- or no encoder connected
- or incorrect encoder cable (for ERN instead of EQN)

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy:

- Check encoders, encoder lines and connectors between drive motor and 611D module. Check for temporary interruptions (loose contact) caused, for example, by movements in trailing cable. If necessary, replace the motor cable.
- Incorrect cable type
- Closed-loop control module defective or not suitable for EnDat interface (e.g. closed-loop control

module with EPROM)

Program Continuation:

300506 Axis %1 drive %2 NC sign-of-life failure

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Upon servo enable, the NC must update the sign-of-life monitoring in each position control cycle. In

case of error, sign-of-life monitoring has not been updated.

Cause:

- a) NC no longer updates the sign-of-life as a reaction to an alarm (e.g. 611D alarm)

- b) Fault occurred during communication via the drive bus

- c) Hardware error on the drive module

- d) NC fault

- e) For 840D: Value of the machine data MD10082: \$MN_CTRLOUT_LEAD_TIME (Offset of the setpoint acceptance instant) is too great

- f) MD 1003 \$MD_STS_CONFIG not set correctly (e.g. zero)

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- for a) Determine whether the sign-of-life monitoring failure is a sequential fault. A sequential fault arises, e.g. through: Fault/alarm from axis x with an n-axis configuration. If this fault profile arises, the above-stated error message will be isued for all n-axes, although there is only a fault/alarm at axis x. ==Remedy the error at axis x == sign of life of the other axes is irrelevant.

- for b) Check cable connection, perform remedial measures (check shielding or ground connection).

- for c) Change controller module.

- for d) See NC Diagnostics Guide and change NC hardware if necessary.

- for e) Correctly set the machine data 840D MD10082: \$MN_CTRLOUT_LEAD_TIME (Offset of the setpoint acceptance instant) with the machine data MD10083: \$MN_CTRLOUT_LEAD_TIME_MAX (Maximum settable offset of the setpoint acceptance instant).

- for f) Check MD 1003 \$MD_STS_CONFIG.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300507 Axis %1 drive %2 synchronization error of rotor position

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: There is a difference of more than 45° electrical between the present rotor position (C/D track) and the

new rotor position as determined by fine synchronization. Faults may have occurred in the encoder or

zero marker signals.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: - Use original Siemens encoder cables (they have a higher degree of screening).

- Check the encoder, encoder cables and screen connection for damage.

- Check the shield connection on the front plate of the controller module (top screw).

- Replace the control module.

- Check MD 1016 \$MD_COMMUTATION_ANGLE_OFFSET (commutation angle offset).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300508 Axis %1 drive %2 zero mark monitoring of motor measuring system

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: An error was detected in the number of encoder lines counted to modulo (16/10) on crossing of the

zero marker. Increments were lost or added.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Use original Siemens encoder cables (they have a higher degree of screening).

- Check the encoder, encoder cable and shield connection for loose contact or cable breakage.

- Check the shield connection on the front plate of the controller module (top screw).

- For a gearwheel encoder, check the distance between the gearwheel and the sensor.

- Replace the encoder, encoder cable or control module.

- Check the metallized intermediate circuit cover.

- If a BERO proximity switch is used, the zero marker of the encoder is still being monitored and not

the BERO signal.

Program Continuation:

300509 Axis %1 drive %2 converter frequency exceeded

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The motor has exceeded the maximum converter frequency fmax (see below). Converter frequency

= speed * number of motor pole pairs

Maximum converter frequency:

- FSD: fmax = 1.12 * minimum(1.2*MD 1400, MD 1147) * MD1112 / 60

- MSD: fmax = 1.12 * minimum(MD 1146, MD 1147) * number of pole pairs / 60

- Number of pole pairs = integer component of rated motor frequency (MD 1134) * 60 / rated motor

speed (MD 1400)

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Check number of encoder lines in MD 1005: \$MD_ENC_RESOL_MOTOR (encoder resolution for

motor measuring system).

- Check encoder power supply (short circuit or ground fault).

- Replace encoder, encoder cable or controller module.

- Modify MD 1400: \$MD_MOTOR_RATED_SPEED (rated motor speed),

- Modify MD 1146: \$MD_MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED (maximum motor speed).

- Modify MD 1147: \$MD_SPEED_LIMIT (speed limit),

- Modify MD 1112: \$MD_NUM_POLE_PAIRS (number of motor pole pairs) (FDD),

- Modify MD 1134: \$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_FREQUENCY (rated motor frequency) (MSD).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300510 Axis %1 drive %2 error on actual current measurement zero balancing

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value of the actual current exceeded the maximum permissible limits during current zero

balancing (performed on every pulse disable). For example, the synchronous motor is rotating at a small intermediate circuit voltage and current is flowing across the free-wheeling diodes in the

intermediate circuit.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: - Error in actual current measurement (if necessary, replace 611D power section or controller module)

- Incorrect power section module (1/2 axis)

- Check the contact between the controller module and the power section

- Check the contact between the fixing screw and the controller module

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300511 Axis %1 drive %2 measuring function active

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The measuring function (e.g. frequency response measurement was active during the switching on

operation (power supply start-up active). Illegal activation of the measuring function may have

occurred internally.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: - Stop the measuring function

- NCK reset

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300512 Axis %1 drive %2 direct feedback recognized

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The current rotor position and the position information read out by the encoder on ramp-up were

compared with each other and a deviation of more than 45 degrees was found.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: - The deviation points to a local contamination of the encoder or an erroneous or loose encoder

assembly. The encoder must be examined accordingly.

Operation may commence again only after successful error correction as there is a risk of

uncontrollable movements!

- NCK reset

Program Continuation:

300513 Axis %1, drive %2 ground fault detected

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Firmware has detected a ground fault.

Measured phase currents are greater than the response threshold for detecting a ground fault configured in MD1167 \$MD_CURRENT_GROUND_IDENT or the movement is greater than the

maximum permitted movement during ground fault detection configured in MD1168

\$MD_MAX_TURN_MOTORIDENT.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Ground fault in power cables or on motor.

At least one phase current overruns threshold MD1167 \$MD_CURRENT_GROUND_IDENT or

MD1168 \$MD_MAX_TURN_MOTORIDENT during the ground fault detection.

Detailed information in the machine date Diagnostics MD1169 \$MD_DIAG_MOTORIDENT.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300515 Axis %1 drive %2 power section heat sink temperature exceeded

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The temperature of the power section is acquired from a temperature switch on the heatsink. 20

seconds after the heatsink temperature warning, drive shutdown is initiated immediately in order to

avoid thermal damage to the power section (regenerative stop).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.
Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Provide better ventilation of the drive

modules, e.g. by means of:

- Greater air throughput in the switching cabinet, if necessary cool the ambient air of the 611D

nodules

- Avoid numerous acceleration and deceleration operations in rapid sequence by modifying the

workpiece programming.

- Incorrect motor/power section dimensioning

- Excessive ambient temperature (see Planning Guide)

- Exceeding of the installation height (see Planning Guide)

- Excessive pulse frequency (see Planning Guide)

- Defective module

- Fan failure

- Observance of the minimum clearance over and under the power section (see Planning Guide)

Program Continuation:

300603 Axis %1, drive %2 DC link voltage too high

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The current DC link voltage in MD1701:\$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE is larger than MD1163:

\$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_MAX and MD1165: \$MD_DYN_MANAG_ENABLE is activated.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Increase drive machine data

- MD 1163: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_MAX or deactivate

- MD 1165: \$MD_DYN_MANAG_ENABLE.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

300604 Axis %1 drive %2 motor encoder is not adjusted

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The stored serial number of the encoder on a linear motor encoder with an EnDat interface does not

match the number of the active encoder. It is therefore assumed that the encoder has not been started

up with the motor in question before or has not been adapted to the motor.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Marm dienlav

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: For 1FN3 linear motors: Measure the rotor position offset to the EMF of the U_R phase and add it as

commutation angle offset to MD 1016 \$MD_COMMUTATION_ANGLE_OFFSET. Then set MD 1017 \$STARTUP_ASSISTANCE to "-1" to store the serial number of the Endat encoder. Then save the bootfiles and execute an NCK Reset. Otherwise: To determine the commutation angle offset in MD 1016, initiate the rotor position identifier via MD 1017 = 1. After the error has been acknowledged, the

identification is carried out.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

300605 Axis %1 drive %2 motor change not valid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: An attempt was made to switch over to a motor data record that is not parameterized.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Parameterize the motor data record selected or switch over to another motor.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

300606 Axis %1 drive %2 flux controller at limit

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The specified flux setpoint cannot be achieved even though the maximum current has been provided.

Causes

Incorrect motor data (replacement circuit diagram data)
Motor data and motor connection type (star/delta) do not match
Motor has become unstable because motor data grossly wrong

- Current limit is too low for the motor (0.9 * MD 1238 * MD 1103 < MD 1136)

- Power section too small

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Remedy the cause.

- Modify MD 1238: \$MD_CURRENT_LIMIT (current limit)

- Modify MD 1103: \$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_CURRENT (motor nominal current) - Modify MD 1136: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT (motor no-load current)

- Use greater power section.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

300607 Axis %1 drive %2 current controller at limit

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The specified current setpoint cannot be injected into the motor even though the maximum voltage

has been provided. Cause: Motor not connected or phase missing.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: - Check the motor converter connection (phase missing).

Check the motor protection.DC link voltage available?

- Check the DC link connections (check that the screws are tight).

- Check the contact between the closed-loop control module and the power section.

- Check the contact between the fixing screw and the closed-loop control module.

- The Uce monitoring circuit has been activated (perform a reset by switching the power supply off and on again).

- Replace the control module.

- Replace the power section.

- Replace the motor.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300608 Axis %1 drive %2 speed controller at limit

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The speed controller output is lying for an impermissibly long time at its limit (MD 1605:

 $MD_SPEEDCTRL_LIMIT_TIME$ and MD 1606: The torque setpoint has exceeded the torque limit or the current setpoint the current limit. The monitoring system is only active when the speed setpoint is

below the speed threshold in MD 1606: $MD_SPEEDCTRL_LIMIT_THRESHOLD$.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Is the motor blocked, overloaded or the brake closed?
- If permitted by the power section, set the limits for torque, performance and current to higher values.
- Is the motor connected to ground?
- Check the motor converter connection (phase missing, incorrect rotary field).
- Check the encoder resolution.
- Check the encoder, encoder cable and shield connection for loose contact or cable breakage.
- Check the direction of rotation of the encoder tracks (e.g. gearwheel encoder MD 1011:

\$MD ACTUAL VALUE CONFIG bit 1)

- Is the encoder cable appropriate for the encoder type?
- Check the controller settings (e.g. after software exchange).
- Check the motor protection.
- DC link voltage available?
- Check the DC link connections (check that the screws are tight).
- The Uce monitoring circuit has been activated (perform a reset by switching the power supply off and on again).
- Modify MD 1605: $MD_SPEEDCTRL_LIMIT_TIME$ and MD 1606:

\$MD_\$PEEDCTRL_LIMIT_THRESHOLD in accordance with the mechanical and dynamic features of the axis.

- Default values for FDD:
- MD 1605 = 200 ms
- MD 1606 = 8000 rpm
- Default values for MSD:
- MD 1605 = 200 ms
- MD 1606 = 30 rpm
 Replace the motor (encoder is defective, motor has a winding or ground fault or a short circuit)
- With linear motors:
- Check actual value inversion.
- Check the reduction of the max. motor current MD 1105

MD_MOTOR_MAX_CURRENT_REDUCTION and increase the value if necessary.

- Check connection of motor cables.
- Are the motors arranged correctly in a parallel circuit and is their electrical interconnection correct?

Program Continuation:

300609 Axis %1 drive %2 encoder cut-off frequency exceeded

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Actual speed value exceeds encoder limit frequency fg,max = 650kHz; fg = nist * MD 1005

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- The wrong encoder may be in use.

- Correct MD 1005: Does the number of encoder lines match the setting in MD 1005 \$MD_ENC_RESOL_MOTOR (encoder resolution for motor measuring system)?

- Is the motor encoder cable connected correctly?- Is the motor encoder cable shield installed flat?- Replace the motor (the encoder is defective).

- Check the encoder, encoder cable and shield connection for loose contact or cable breakage.

- Replace the encoder.

- Replace the 611D control module.

Program Continuation:

300610 Axis %1 drive %2 rotor position identification failed

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: If P1075=1 (procedure based on saturation)

The rotor position could not be determined from the measurement signals (motor current), as

significant saturation effects did not occur.

For detailed diagnostics see also parameter P1734. If P1075=3 (procedure based on movement)

Power increase too small.
 Max permissible time exceeded.
 No clear rotor position found.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- If P1075=1
- Increase current via P1019
- Check armature inductance (P1116) and increase if necessary.
- Check the motor/converter connection (phase missing).
- Check the motor protection.
- DC link voltage available?
- Check the DC link connections (check that the screws are tight).
- The Uce monitoring circuit in the power section has been activated (perform a reset by switching the power supply off and on again).
- Replace the power section or closed-loop control module.
- If P1075=3
- Re 1.
- The motor was not properly connected.
- The power connection of the motor must be checked.
- Re 2
- Remove disturbing external forces (e.g. axis couplings not released)
- Identification procedure must remain stable (P1076 must be reduced)
- Use encoder with higher resolution
- Improve encoder attachement (not rigid enough)
- Re 3.
- Remove disturbing external forces (e.g. axis couplings not released)
- The axis must move freely (e.g. motor not stalled)
- Reduce high axis friction (increase P1019)
- Only SIMODRIVE POSMO SI, CD, CA
- If P1075=1
- Increase current via P1019
- Check on armature inductance (P1116) and increase if necessary.
- Check motor/converter connection cable (phase missing)
- Check on motor protection.
- DC link voltage available?
- Exchange drive module
- If P1075=3
- Re 1.
- The motor is not properly connected.
- The power connection of the motor must be checked.
- Re 2
- Remove disturbing external forces (e.g. axis couplings not released)
- Identification procedure must remain stable (P1076 must be reduced)
- Use encoder with higher resolution.
- Improve encoder attachement (not rigid enough).
- Re 3
- Remove disturbing external forces (e.g. axis coupling not released).

- The axis must move freely (e.g. motor not stalled).

- Reduce high axis friction (increase P1019)

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

300611 Axis %1 drive %2 generator mode: Motion at rotor position identification

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: During the measurement, the motor has turned by more than the permissible value entered in

MD1020: \$MD_MAX_TURN_ROTORPOS_IDENT (maximum rotation of the rotor position identification). The rotation can be caused by switching on a rotating motor or by the identification

itself.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- If the rotation was caused by the identification itself, and if the error occurs repeatedly, then reduce MD1019: \$MD_CURRENT_ROTORPOS_IDENT (rotor position identification current) or increase MD1020: \$MD_MAX_TURN_ROTORPOS_IDENT (maximum rotation of the rotor position identification).

- Rotor position identification with inductance: stall the motor during the identification

- Rotor position identification with movement: check the factor load mass/load moment of inertia MD1076: \$MD_FACTOR_MASS / \$MD_FACTOR_INERTIA and increase if necessary.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

Continuation:

300612 Axis %1 drive %2 illegal current during rotor position identification

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: 1. With rotor position identification active, the current was

>= 1.2 * 1.05 * INVERTER_MAX_CURRENT (MD 1107)
2. With rotor position definition active, the current was

>= MOTOR_MAX_CURRENT (MD 1104)

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check MD 1019 with rotor position

identification active and, if necessary, reduce the setting.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300613 Axis %1 drive %2 maximum permissible motor temperature exceeded

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: 1. The motor temperature (measured by the temperature sensor KTY 84 and fed to the module

through the motor encoder cable) has exceeded the temperature limit in MD 1607: \$MD_MOTOR_TEMP_SHUTDOWN_LIMIT (motor temperature shutdown limit).

2. The thermal motor monitoring has triggered because the thermal load on the motor model MD 1266

had reached the 100% value.

The alarm can be reconfigured in MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Motor overloaded.

- Check the motor data. Possibly the machine current was too high as a result of incorrect motor data.

- Check the temperature sensor (2nd sensor possible with MSD).

- Check the motor encoder cable.

- Motor encoder defective.

- Check the motor fan.

- Check the acceleration.

- If necessary, use a higher-performance motor.

- Winding fault in motor.

- 611D control module defective.

- Modify MD 1230: \$MD_TORQUE_LIMIT (1st torque limit), MD 1235: POWER_LIMIT (1st power

limit) set too high.

Program Continuation:

300614 Axis %1 drive %2 time monitoring of motor temperature

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The motor temperature (measured via the temperature sensor KTY 84 and fed to the module through

the motor encoder cable) has exceeded the temperature limit in drive MD 1602:

\$MD_MOTOR_TEMP_WARN_LIMIT for a longer period of time than permitted in drive machine data 1603 \$MD_MOTOR_TEMP_ALARM_TIME. \$MD_MOTOR_TEMP_ALARM_TIME (time stage motor

temperature alarm).

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Motor overloaded.

- Check the motor data. Possibly the machine current was too high as a result of incorrect motor data.

- Check the temperature sensor. - Check the motor encoder cable.

- Check the motor fan. Motor encoder defective.

- Check the acceleration.

- If necessary, use a higher-performance motor.

- Winding fault in motor.

- 611D control module defective.

- Modify MD 1230: \$MD_TORQUE_LIMIT (1st torque limit), MD 1235: POWER_LIMIT (1st power

limit) set too high.

Program Continuation:

300701

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

Axis %1 drive %2 start-up required

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: This alarm appears when installing and starting up for the first time without valid 611D machine data!

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Reset motor data. - Back up boot drive - Repeat the Power ON.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300702 Axis %1 drive %2 base cycle time invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The base cycle time set on the NC was too high for the drive.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: 840D: NCK RESET. After powering up the system again, the NCK machine data 10050:

\$MN_SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME (system base cycle) and MD 10080:

\$MD_SYSCLOCK_SAMPL_TIME_RATIO (division factor of position control cycle for actual value

acquisition) are also modified automatically so that the limits are respected.

840C: Change the base cycle on the NC in MD 168.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300703 Axis %1 drive %2 current cycle time invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: In the drive MD 1000: \$MD_CURRCTRL_CYCLE_TIME.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

The following values are permissible: 611D control module Current controller cycle - Standard control as 1-axis: >= 125 μ s - Standard control as 2-axis: >= 125 μ s - Performance 1-axis: >= 62.5 μ s

- Performance 2-axis: >= 125 μ s - 810D: >= 156.25 μ s

- MCU: >= 125 μ s - Performance 2: >= 31.25 μ s

Program Continuation:

300704 Axis %1 drive %2 speed controller cycle time invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: In the drive MD 1001: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

The following values are permissible: 611D control module Speed controller cycle - Standard control as 1-axis: >= 125 μs - Standard control as 2-axis: >= 500 μs

- Performance 1-axis: $>= 62.5 \mu s (MSD >= 125 \mu s)$

- Performance 2-axis: >= 125 µs

- 810D: >= 312.5 μs - MCU: >= 125 μs

- Performance 2, 1-axis: >= $31.25 \mu s$ - Performance 2, 2-axis: >= $62.5 \mu s$

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300705 Axis %1 drive %2 position controller cycle time invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The monitor in the 611D module has detected a position controller pulse rate which is beyond the

permissible limits. The conditions for a permissible position controller pulse rate are:

1. Minimum cycle period: 250µs (810D 312.5µs)

2. Maximum pulse rate: 4 s

3. The position controller pulse rate must be a multiple of the speed controller cycle given in the drive

MD 1001: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Change the position controller pulse rate on the NC.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300706 Axis %1 drive %2 monitoring cycle time invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Monitoring cycle MD 1002: \$MD_MONITOR_CYCLE_TIME is invalid.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. See Drive Functions "FB/DB1".

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300707 Axis %1 drive %2 basic cycle times of axes differ

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: In a 2-axis module, the basic drive cycle for the two axes is not the same. This alarm can only occur

with OEM users who have the 611D drive without the standard NCK interface. This makes it possible

for axially different basic drive cycles to be transferred to the 611D modules.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Switch control OFF - ON.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Set the same basic drive cycle for both

axes.

Program

Continuation:

300708 Axis %1 drive %2 current controller cycle times of axes differ

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The current controller cycle MD 1000: \$MD_CURRCTRL_CYCLE_TIME must be identical for both

axes on 2-axis modules.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The current controller cycle MD 1000:

\$MD_CURRCTRL_CYCLE_TIME must be identical for both axes on 2-axis modules.

Program Continuation Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300709 Axis %1 drive %2 speed controller cycle times of axes differ

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The speed controller cycle MD 1001: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME must be identical for both

axes on 2-axis modules.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Reduce speed controller cycle MD 1001:

\$MD_SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME must be identical for both axes on 2-axis modules.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300710 Axis %1 drive %2 position controller cycle times of axes differ

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: In a 2-axis module, the position controller cycle for the two axes is not the same. This alarm can only

occur with OEM users having the 611D drives without the standard NCK interface. This would make

it possible to transfer axially different position controller cycles to the 611D module.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Set an identical position controller cycle

for both axes.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300711 Axis %1 drive %2 monitoring cycle times of axes differ

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The monitoring cycle MD 1002: \$MD_MONITOR_CYCLE_TIME must be identical for both axes on 2-

axis modules.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify MD 1002:

\$MD_MONITOR_CYCLE_TIME for both axes.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300712 Axis %1 drive %2 configuration of controller structure (higher dynamic

response) not possible

%1 = NC axis number Parameters:

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: On a 2-axis module, an attempt was made to change the control structure via MD 1004:

\$MD_CTRL_CONFIG in such a way that speed control would be performed in advance of current

control. This is only allowed on 1-axis modules in order to improve the dynamic response!

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. In the drive MD 1004: Remedy:

\$MD_CTRL_CONFIG bit 2 must be set to zero (no) (default setting). This ensures that the current

control acts before the speed control.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

300713 Axis %1 drive %2 lead time for position controller invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The derivative-action time describes the point in time the setpoints are taken over in the drive. The

derivative-action defined by the NC must be smaller than the position controller cycle. The derivative-

action time must be an integer multiple of the speed controller cycle.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify MD 10082:

\$MN_CTROUT_LEAD_TIME (derivative-action time).

Switch control OFF - ON. **Program**

Continuation:

300714 Axis %1 drive %2 power section code invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The code number of the power section entered in drive MD 1106: \$MD_INVERTER_CODE (power

section code number) does not match the power section in the drive configuration display (MD 13020:

\$MD_DRIVE_INVERTER_CODE).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Delete modified machine data (e.g.

controller data). Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300715 Axis %1 drive %2 maximum power section current less than or equal to

zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The maximum current of the power section entered in drive MD 1107:

\$MD_INVERTER_MAX_CURRENT (transistor limit current) is less than or equal to zero.

Reaction: NC not ready

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and

repeat the startup.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

300716 Axis %1 drive %2 torque constant less than or equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: 1. The value in drive MD 1113: \$MD_TORQUE_CURRENT_RATIO (torque constant) is less than or

equal to zero.

2. The ratio of MD1113: \$MD_TORQUE_CURRENT_RATIO (torque constant) / MD1112:

\$MD_NUM_POLE_PAIRS (motor pole pairs) is greater than 70.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors: Enter a valid value in drive MD 1113: \$MD_TORQUE_CURRENT_RATIO

(torque constant), or check and, if necessary, correct the ratio of MD1113:

\$MD_TORQUE_CURRENT_RATIO (torque constant) / MD1112: \$MD_NUM_POLE_PAIRS (motor

pole pairs).

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300717 Axis %1 drive %2 motor moment of inertia less than or equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1117: \$MD_MOTOR_INERTIA (motor moment of inertia) is less than or equal to

zero.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup. For MSD, configure

"1st motor" first.

For third-party motors: Enter a valid value in drive MD 1117: \$MD_MOTOR_INERTIA (motor moment

of inertia).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300718 Axis %1 drive %2 calculation dead time of current controller less than or

equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1101: \$MD_CTRLOUT_DELAY (dead time of current control circuit) is less than or

equal to zero. The dead time is calculated internally and automatically initialized according to the type

of module (1/2-axis, standard/performance module, 810D).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and

repeat the startup. Check drive MD 1101: \$MD_CTRLOUT_DELAY (dead time of current control

circuit).

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

300719 Axis %1 drive %2 motor not parameterized for delta operation

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: On activating the star/delta switchover by drive MD 1013: \$MD_ENABLE_STAR_DELTA, the motor

delta (motor 2) is not parameterized.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check and enter the machine data for

motor delta (motor 2).

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300720 Axis %1 drive %2 maximum motor speed invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Because of the high maximum motor speed in the drive MD 1401: \$MD_MOTOR_MAX_SPEED and

the speed controller cycle in MD 1001: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME sufficiently high speeds can occur to cause a format overflow. Example: A motor speed of 480,000 rpm can still be processed

without error at a speed controller cycle time of 125 µs.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Reduce the maximum motor speed MD

1401: \$MD_MOTOR_MAX_SPEED (speed for the maximum useful motor speed) or set a smaller speed controller cycle in MD 1001: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME (speed controller cycle).

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

300721 Axis %1 drive %2 zero-load current greater than rated motor current

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The no-load current of the motor (MD 1136: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT) has been set at a

greater value than the rated current of the motor (MD 1103: \$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_CURRENT).

Reaction: NC not ready

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

For standard motors:

Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors:

Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct machine data MD 1103:

\$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_CURRENT (rated motor current) and MD 1136:

\$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT (motor no-load current).

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300722 Axis %1 drive %2 zero-load motor current greater than rated current of

power section

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: On the basis of its no-load current (MD 1136: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT (motor no-load

current), the connected motor is too large for the power section in use (continuous thermal current MD

1108: \$MD_INVERTER_MAX_THERMAL_CURR (current limit for power section).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

1. Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

2. Check the configuration and install a suitable power section for the motor. Repeat the startup.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300723 Axis %1 drive %2 STS configuration of axes differ

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The configuration of the control block MD 1003: \$MD_STS_CONFIG (STS configuration) must be

identical for both axes on 2-axis modules.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Stop on alarm.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check drive MD 1003:

 MD_STS_CONFIG (STS configuration) and set the bits for the two axes of the module so that they

are the same. (Do not change the default setting - this corresponds to the optimum configuration).

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

300724 Axis %1 drive %2 number of pole pairs invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: FDD: The configured number of pole pairs in the drive MD 1112: \$MD_NUM_POLE_PAIRS is outside

the permissible range limits.

MSD: Modify MD 1134: \$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_FREQUENCY (rated motor frequency) or MD

1400: \$MD_MOTOR_RATED_SPEED (rated motor speed) is not correct.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors: Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct MD 1112:

\$MD_NUM_POLE_PAIRS (number of motor pole pairs).

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300725 Axis %1 drive %2 number of encoder marks of measuring system invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The number of encoder marks of the motor measuring system in the drive MD 1005:

\$MD_ENC_RESOL_MOTOR (number of encoder marks of the motor measuring system) is zero or

greater than the maximum input limit.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Match the number of encoder marks of

the motor measuring system in drive MD 1005: \$MD_ENC_RESOL_MOTOR (number of encoder marks of the motor measuring system) to the encoder in use. (Default setting for motor measuring

system: (Default setting for motor measuring system: 2048 incr./rev.).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300726 Axis %1 drive %2 voltage constant is zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in drive MD 1114: \$MD_EMF_VOLTAGE is set to zero.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors: Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct MD 1114:

\$MD_EMF_VOLTAGE (voltage constant).

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300727 Axis %1 drive %2 reactance less than or equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1139: \$MD_STATOR_LEAKAGE_REACTANCE (stator leakage reactance) or MD

1140: \$MD_ROTOR_LEAKAGE_REACTANCE (rotor leakage reactance) or MD 1141:

\$MD_MAGNETIZING_REACTANCE (magnetizing reactance) is less than or equal to zero.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Remedy:

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors: Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct MD 1139:

\$MD_STATOR_LEAKAGE_REACTANCE (stator leakage reactance) or MD 1140: \$MD_ROTOR_LEAKAGE_REACTANCE (rotor leakage reactance) or MD 1141:

\$MD_MAGNETIZING_REACTANCE (magnetizing reactance).

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

300728 Axis %1 drive %2 adaption factor torque/current too high

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The matching factor from setpoint torque to cross current in the speed controller is too large.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors: Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct MD 1103:

\$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_CURRENT (rated motor current) or MD 1107: \$MD_INVERTER_MAX_CURRENT (transistor limit current) or MD 1113:

\$MD_TORQUE_CURRENT_RATIO (torque constant).

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300729 Axis %1 drive %2 motor zero-speed current less than or equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1118: \$MD_MOTOR_STANDSTILL_CURRENT is less than or equal to zero.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors: Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct MD 1118:

\$MD_MOTOR_STANDSTILL_CURRENT (motor standstill current).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300730 Axis %1 drive %2 rotor resistance invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in drive MD 1138: \$MD_ROTOR_COLD_RESISTANCE (cold rotor resistance) is less than

or equal to zero or a format overflow has occurred.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors: One of the following machine data may contain an invalid value:

- Modify MD 1001: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME (speed controller cycle),

- Modify MD 1134: \$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_FREQUENCY (rated motor frequency),

- Modify MD 1138: \$MD_ROTOR_COLD_RESISTANCE (cold rotor resistance),

- Modify MD 1139: \$MD_STATOR_LEAKAGE_REACTANCE (Staenderstreureaktanz),

- Modify MD 1140: \$MD_ROTOR_LEAKAGE_REACTANCE (rotor leakage reactance),

- Modify MD 1141: \$MD_MAGNETIZING_REACTANCE (magnetizing reactance)

Fulfill the condition according to the following formula:

16 * P1001 * 0.00003125 * P1138 * 2PI * P1134 / (P1140 + P1141) < 1

Call the SIEMENS AG, SIMODRIVE Hotline.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300731 Axis %1 drive %2 rated power less than or equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1130: \$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_POWER (rated motor power) is less than or equal

to zero.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors: Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct MD 1130:

\$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_POWER (rated motor power).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300732 Axis %1 drive %2 rated speed less than or equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1400: \$MD_MOTOR_RATED_SPEED (rated motor speed) is less than or equal to

zero.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors: Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct MD 1400:

\$MD_MOTOR_RATED_SPEED (rated motor speed).

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

300733 Axis %1 drive %2 zero load voltage invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Error in the no-load voltage (MD 1135):

- MD 1135 <= 0 or - MD 1135 > MD 1132 or

- MD 1135 x MD 1142/MD 1400 + Uvor > 450V.

Where

Uvor = 0.181 x MD 1136 x MD 1142 x MD 1119

- Modify MD 1135: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_VOLTAGE (motor no-load voltage) - Modify MD 1132: \$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_VOLTAGE (rated motor voltage) - Modify MD 1400: \$MD_MOTOR_RATED_SPEED (rated motor speed)

- Modify MD 1142: \$MD_FIELD_WEAKENING_SPEED (threshold speed for field weakening)

- Modify MD 1136: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT (motor no-load current) - Modify MD 1119: \$MD_SERIES_INDUCTANCE (series reactor inductance)

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Remedv:

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors:

- Modify MD 1132: \$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_VOLTAGE (motor voltage) - Modify MD 1135: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_VOLTAGE (motor no-load voltage) - Modify MD 1400: \$MD_MOTOR_RATED_SPEED (rated motor speed)

- Modify MD 1142: \$MD_FIELD_WEAKENING_SPEED (threshold speed for field weakening)

- Modify MD 1136: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT (motor no-load current).

- Call the SIEMENS AG, SIMODRIVE Hotline.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

300734 Axis %1 drive %2 zero load current less than or equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1136: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT (motor no-load current) is less than or

equal to zero.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Remedy:

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors: Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct MD 1136:

\$MD MOTOR NOLOAD CURRENT (motor no-load current).

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300735 Axis %1 drive %2 field weakening speed invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1142: \$MD_FIELD_WEAKENING_SPEED (threshold speed for field weakening) is

less than or equal to zero.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors: Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct MD 1142:

\$MD_FIELD_WEAKENING_SPEED (threshold speed for field weakening).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300736 Axis %1 drive %2 Lh characteristic invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1143: \$MD_LH_CURVE_UPPER_SPEED (LH curve upper speed) is less than or

equal to the value in MD 1142: \$MD_FIELD_WEAKENING_SPEED (threshold speed for field weakening) or the value in MD 1144: \$MD_LH_CURVE_GAIN (LH curve gain) is less than 100.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

For third-party motors:

- Modify MD 1143: \$MD_LH_CURVE_UPPER_SPEED (Lh curve upper speed)

- Modify MD 1144: \$MD_LH_CURVE_GAIN (Lh curve gain)

- Modify MD 1142: \$MD_FIELD_WEAKENING_SPEED (threshold speed for field weakening) should

be checked and, if necessary corrected.
- Call the SIEMENS AG, SIMODRIVE Hotline.

Program Continuation:

300737 Axis %1 drive %2 configuration of two EnDat encoders not possible

%1 = NC axis number Parameters:

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The MCU hardware does not allow two absolute encoders to be connected on one axis with the EnDat

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Disconnect one of the two absolute encoders: Replace the motor measuring system by using another

motor or use another encoder for direct measuring system.

Correct the corresponding entries in MD 1011: \$MD_ACTUAL_VALUE_CONFIG (actual value sensing configuration IM) or MD 1030: \$MD_ACTUAL_VALUE_CONFIG_DIRECT (actual value

sensing configuration DM).

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

300738 Axis %1 drive %2 module number for measuring system not possible

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The NC has assigned the direct measuring system to an axis which doesn't have a motor measuring

system. This error can only occur with the 810D!

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the configuration of the direct

measuring system. See NC-MD 30220: \$MA_ENC_MODULE_NR and NC-MD 30230:

\$MA ENC INPUT NR.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

300739 Axis %1 drive %2 measuring system already used as motor measuring

system

%1 = NC axis number Parameters:

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The NC has assigned the direct measuring system to a measuring system output which is already

used by another motor measuring system. This error can only occur with the 810D!

Reaction:

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the configuration of the direct

measuring system. See NC-MD 30220: \$MA_ENC_MODULE_NR and NC-MD 30230:

\$MA_ENC_INPUT_NR.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

300740 Axis %1 drive %2 measuring system used several times

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The NC has assigned the direct measuring system to a measuring system output which is already

used by another direct measuring system. This error can only occur with the 810D!

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the configuration of the direct

measuring system. See NC-MD 30220: \$MA_ENC_MODULE_NR and NC-MD 30230:

\$MA_ENC_INPUT_NR.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300741 Axis %1 drive %2 asynchronous mode: feedforward control gain out of

range

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: If motor inertia and motor nominal torque have been selected unfavorably, the asynchronous motor

feedforward control gain is beyond the range of the internal number format.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Operation without encoder: Reduce the number of encoder lines in MD 1005:

\$MD_ENC_RESOL_MOTOR (encoder resolution for motor measuring system), since this has an impact on the internal number format. Optional/additional measure: see operation with encoder

- Operation with encoder: Reduce speed controller cycle MD 1001:

\$MD_SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME (speed controller cycle).

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

300742 Axis %1 drive %2 voltage/frequency mode: converter frequency invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Only converter frequencies (MD 1100: \$MD_PWM_FREQUENCY (pulse width modulation

frequency)) of 4 kHz or 8 kHz are permissible in V/f mode (selected via MD 1014:

 $MD_UF_MODE_ENABLE$.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check and, if necessary, correct the

torque adaptation factor MD 1100: \$MD_PWM_FREQUENCY (pulse width modulation frequency) or

remedy the problem by deselecting V/f mode MD 1014: \$MD_UF_MODE_ENABLE.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

300743 Axis %1 drive %2 function not supported on this 611D controller module

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The 611D performance control module is required for SINUMERIK Safety Integrated. If this hardware

has not been installed, this alarm is triggered. The alarm also occurs if 1PH2/4/6 motors are connected and no 611D performance control module is available. The following function is not supported in connection with 611D comfort modules: Motor switchover (MD1013 >0) and MD1100 not equal to

MD2100.

Safety Integrated: Booting is interrupted, the pulses remain disabled. The 611D performance control module is required for SINUMERIK Safety Integrated. If this hardware has not been installed, this alarm is triggered. This alarm is also triggered if the motors 1PH2/4/6 are connected and no 611D performance control module or 611D standard 2 control module has been installed.

Request: During boot-up of the control.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Replace the 611D control module.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

300744 Axis %1 drive %2 safety monitoring checksum invalid, confirmation and

acceptance test required!

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The actual checksum of the safety-relevant MDs calculated by the drive and stored in MD 1398:

\$MD_SAFE_ACT_CHECKSUM (display of the checksum of the machine data for safe functions) has another value than the setpoint checksum stored during the last machine acceptance in MD 1399: \$MD_SAFE_DES_CHECKSUM (checksum of the machine data for safe functions). The safety-

relevant data have been modified or there is an error.

Request: During boot-up of the control.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check, and if necessary, correct all safety-relevant MDs. Then perform POWER ON. Perform

acceptance test.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300745 Axis %1 drive %2 limit values for safe end positions exchanged

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: For the safe end position monitoring, there is a smaller value in the MD for the upper limit value than

in the MD for the lower limit value.

Request: During boot-up of the control.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Check the MDs

- Modify MD 1334: \$MD_SAFE_POS_LIMIT_PLUS[n] (upper limit value for safe limit position) and - Modify MD 1335: \$MD_SAFE_POS_LIMIT_MINUS[n] (lower limit value for safe limit position)

and modify so that the upper limit value exceeds the lower limit value.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300746 Axis %1 drive %2 SBH/SG not enabled

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: In the machine data 1301: \$MD_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE (safe functions enable) the function

SBH/SG has not been enabled although the function SE/SN has been selected in this MD.

Request: During boot-up of the control.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Switch control OFF - ON.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Enable the function SBH/SG via MD

1301: \$MD_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE (safe functions enable).

Program

Continuation:

300747 Axis %1 drive %2 monitoring cycle time MD 1300 invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Check and, if necessary, correct MD 1300: \$MD_SAFETY_CYCLE_TIME (monitoring cycle) has not

been set as a multiple of the NC position control cycle.

Request: During boot-up of the control.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Set the monitoring cycle via MD 1300 to

n * NC position control cycle, n must be >= 1.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300748 Axis %1 drive %2 monitoring cycle times of both axes differ

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The monitoring cycles set in MD 1300: \$MD_SAFETY_CYCLE_TIME (monitoring cycle) for the two

axes of a 2-axis module are not identical.

Request: During boot-up of the control.

Reaction: Mode group not ready. Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check and, if necessary, correct MD

1300: \$MD_SAFETY_CYCLE_TIME (monitoring cycle) on all drives of the module.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300749 Axis %1 drive %2 conversion factor between motor and load too large

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

 $\textbf{Definitions:} \qquad \text{The conversion factor from the motor system [increments] to the load system [$\mu m/mdeg$] is larger than}$

1 or the factor which converts the load system to the motor system is larger than 65535.

Conditions:

The condition for the factor load system to motor system is: $\mu m_to_i = 65535$ The condition for the factor motor system to load system is: $incr_to_\mu = 1$

with µm_to_incr = 1 / incr_to_µm

Formula for rotary axis:

The following applies for rotary motor encoder and rotary axis:

 $incr_to_\mu m(n) = (MD1321 \ SAFE_ENC_GEAR_DENOM(n) \ / \ (MD1322 \ SAFE_ENC_NUMERA(n)) \ ^*$

incr_to_µm_rot_rotax

with n = 0 ... 7 (gear stage) and

incr_to_µm_rot_rotax = (360000 / 8192) * (1 / MD1318 SAFE_ENC_RESOL)

- MD 1318 SAFE_ENC_RESOL (number of encoder lines per revolution)

- MD 1321 SAFE_ENC_GEAR_DENOM[n] (encoder/load gear denominator)

- MD 1322 SAFE_ENC_GEAR_NUMERA[n] (encoder/load gear numerator)

Formula for linear axis:

The following applies for rotary motor encoder and linear axis:

incr_to_\mum(n) = (MD1321 SAFE_ ENC_ GEAR_ DENOM(n) / (MD1322 SAFE_ ENC_ NUMERA(n))

* incr_to_µm_rot_lin

incr_to_µm_rot_lin = (1000 / 8192) * (1 / MD1318 SAFE_ENC_RESOL) * MD1320

SAFE_ENC_GEAR_PITCH

Explanations:

- MD 1318 SAFE_ENC_RESOL (number of encoder lines per revolution)

- MD 1320 SAFE ENC GEAR PITCH (spindle pitch)

- MD 1321 SAFE_ENC_GEAR_DENOM[n] (encoder/load gear denominator)

- MD 1322 SAFE_ENC_GEAR_NUMERA[n] (encoder/load gear numerator)

- n = 0 ... 7 (gear stage)

Request: During boot-up of the control.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the following safety-relevant MDs

depending on the motor encoder type and axis type and correct, if necessary.

- MD 1317 SAFE_ENC_GRID_POINT_DIST Grid division linear scale (for linear encoder)

- MD 1318 SAFE_ENC_RESOL Encoder marks per revolution (for rotary encoder)

- MD 1318 SAFE_ENC_RESOL

- MD 1320 SAFE_ENC_GEAR_PITCH (for rotary encoder and linear axis)

- MD 1321 SAFE_ENC_GEAR_DENOM

- MD 1322 SAFE_ENC_GEAR_NUMERA (when using a gear)

- The motor encoder type and the axis type are determined via MD 1302: SAFE_IS_ROT_AX.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300750 Axis %1 drive %2 parameterization error in speed control adaption

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The upper adaptation speed MD 1412: SPEEDCTRL_ADAPTSPEED_2 (upper adaption speed) is

less than the lower adaptation speed MD 1411: SPEEDCTRL_ADAPTSPEED_1 (lower adaption

speed).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check and correct MD 1412

SPEEDCTRL_ADAPTSPEED_2 (upper adaption speed) and MD 1411:

SPEEDCTRL_ADAPTSPEED_1 (lower adaption speed).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300751 Axis %1 drive %2 speed control gain too high

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The proportional gain of the speed controller MD 1407: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_GAIN_1 (P gain of speed

controller) or MD 1408: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_GAIN_2 (P gain of upper adaption speed) has been set

too high.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Set a smaller value for the proportional

gain in MD 1407: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_GAIN_1 (P gain of speed controller) or MD 1408:

\$MD_SPEEDCTRL_GAIN_2 (P gain of upper adaption speed). (Allow for the active speed controller

adaptation.)

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300752 Axis %1 drive %2 blocking frequency of setpoint current filter too high

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The blocking frequency of a current setpoint filter is greater than the reciprocal value of 2 current

controller cycles (violation of the sampling theorem). (1/2*MD 1000*31.25 microsec)

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: The value of machine data MD 1210: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_1_SUPPR_FREQ (blocking

frequency of current setpoint filter 1) or MD 1213: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_2_SUPPR_FREQ

(blocking frequency of current setpoint filter 2) or MD 1216:

\$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_3_SUPPR_FREQ (blocking frequency of current setpoint filter 3) or MD 1219: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_4_SUPPR_FREQ (blocking frequency of current setpoint filter 4)

must be less than the reciprocal value of two current controller cycles MD 1000:

\$MD_CURRCTRL_CYCLE_TIME (current controller cycle). (1/2*MD 1000*31.25 microsec)

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300753 Axis %1 drive %2 rotor position identification current less than minimal

value

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The current set in MD1019: \$MD_CURRENT_ROTORPOS_IDENT (rotor position identification

current) that is smaller than the minimum value permissible for the motor.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: The current set in MD1019: \$MD_CURRENT_ROTORPOS_IDENT (rotor position identification

current) that is not smaller the permissible minimum value (40% for non-Siemens synchronous linear

motor (SLM)).

Possibly, a larger power section must be used.

If allowed with the motor used, hide the error by setting bit 5 in MD 1012: \$MD_FUNCTION_SWITCH

(function switch).

Caution: Motors with a low saturation response (e.g. 1FN3 linear motors) might react to very low

identification currents with misorientation. This can lead to uncontrolled movements.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300754 Axis %1 drive %2 signal number of var. signaling function invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The signal number for the output of the corresponding signaling function is not permissible. The signal

number range is between 0 and 25.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedv: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Enter the correct signal number.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

Continuation:

300755 Axis %1 drive %2 voltage/frequency mode: motor is turning

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The motor did not come to a standstill when the voltage/frequency mode was activated.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Stop the motor before activating the voltage/frequency mode.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

Continuation:

300756 Axis %1 drive %2 speed hysteresis of setpoint current smoothing invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

The value in MD 1246: \$MD_CURRENT_SMOOTH_HYSTERESIS (hysteresis of the speed-Definitions:

dependent M setpoint smoothing) is greater than or equal to the value in MD 1245:

\$MD_CURRENT_SMOOTH_SPEED (threshold of the speed-dependent M setpoint smoothing).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check and, if necessary, correct the Remedy:

> torque adaptation factor MD 1246: \$MD_CURRENT_SMOOTH_HYSTERESIS (hsyterisis of the speed-dependent M setpoint smoothing) or MD 1245: \$MD_CURRENT_SMOOTH_HYSTERESIS (threshold of the speed-dependent M setpoint smoothing). \$MD_CURRENT_SMOOTH_SPEED.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300757 Axis %1 drive %2 adaption factor of torque limit invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The torque adaptation factor MD 1191: \$MD_TORQUE_LIMIT_ADAPT_SERVO (adaptation of servo

limit torque) exceeds the format limit.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

- For third-party motors: Check and, if necessary, correct the torque adaptation factor MD 1191:

 $\verb| $MD_TORQUE_LIMIT_ADAPT_SERVO (adaptation of servo limit torque)|. \\$

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300758 Axis %1 drive %2 generator mode: response voltage > switch-off

threshold

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The sum of the values in MD1631: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_ON (response voltage for generator

 $axis) + MD1632: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_HYST \ (voltage\ range\ for\ generator\ control)\ is\ greater$

than MD1633: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_OFF (deactivation threshold for generator axis).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Modify drive machine data

- Modify MD 1631: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_ON (response voltage for generator axis) or

- Modify MD 1632: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_HYST (voltage range for generator control) or

- Modify MD 1633: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_OFF (voltage range for generator control) or

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300759 Axis %1 drive %2 generator mode: response voltage > monitoring

threshold

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1631: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_ON (response voltage for generator axis) is

greater than MD1630: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_MON_THRESHOLD (response threshold for DC link

monitoring).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Modify drive machine data

- Modify MD 1631: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_ON (response voltage for generator axis) or - Modify MD 1630: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_MON_THRESHOLD (response threshold for DC link

monitoring).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300760 Axis %1 drive %2 generator mode: emergency retraction speed > max.

motor speed

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value entered for the emergency retraction speed in MD1639: \$MD_RETRACT_SPEED

(emergency retraction speed) is greater than MD1146: \$MD_MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED

(maximum motor speed).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Modify drive machine data

- Modify MD 1639: \$MD_RETRACT_SPEED (emergency retraction speed) or

- Modify MD 1146: $MD_MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED$ (maximum motor speed).

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300761 Axis %1 drive %2 generator mode: minimum axis speed > max. motor

speed

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD1635: \$MD_GEN_AXIS_MIN_SPEED \$MD_GEN_AXIS_MIN_SPEED (minimum

generator axis speed) is greater than the value in MD1146: \$MD_MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED

(maximum motor speed).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Modify drive machine data

- Modify MD 1635: \$MD_GEN_AXIS_MIN_SPEED generator axis) or

- Modify MD 1146: \$MD_MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED (maximum motor speed).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300762 Axis %1 drive %2 emergency retraction mode/generator mode already

active

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Emergency retraction or generator mode already active.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check parameterization/machine data.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300763 Axis %1 drive %2 emergency retraction mode/generator mode invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Value specified by the NC via a G command must be in the range 0 to 7.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check parameterization (G command in

the NC).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300764 Axis %1 drive %2 emergency retraction mode/generator mode not

possible

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Emergency retraction/Generator operation is only possible with an active DC link measurement (MD

1161: \$MD_FIXED_LINK_VOLTAGE (DC link fixed voltage = 0). In an old hardware version, no DC link measurement is possible and therefore the error message 300765 might appear in addition if MD 1161: \$MD_FIXED_LINK_VOLTAGE (DC link fixed voltage) is set to 0 in an old hardware version.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Enter the value zero in the machine data MD 1161: \$MD_FIXED_LINK_VOLTAGE (DC link fixed

voltage), or order a new hardware version of the control module.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300765 Axis %1 drive %2 measurement of DC link voltage not possible

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: If the fixed voltage MD 1161: \$MD_FIXED_LINK_VOLTAGE(DC link fixed voltage) = 0, no DC link

measurement is possible because the hardware version is wrong.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Enter a value greater than zero in the

machine data MD 1161: \$MD_FIXED_LINK_VOLTAGE (DC link fixed voltage), or order a new

hardware version of the control module.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300766 Axis %1 drive %2 blocking frequency > Shannon frequency

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The blocking frequency of a speed setpoint filter is greater than the Shannon sampling frequency from

the sampling theorem.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Current setpoint filter:

The value in MD 1210, 1213,1216 or 1219 must be smaller than the inverse value of two current controller cycles MD 1000: \$MD_CURRENTCTRL_CYCLE_TIME (current controller cycle) (1/2*MD

1000 *31.25 microsec).

Speciality with SINUMERIK 810D:

Current setpoint filters 2,3 and 4 are calculated in the speed controller cycle. This means that MD 1213, 1216 or 1219 must be smaller than the inverse value of two speed controller cycles MD 1001:

\$MD_SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME (speed controller cycle) (1/2*MD 1001 *31.25 microsec).

Program Continuation:

300767 Axis %1 drive %2 natural frequency > Shannon frequency

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The natural frequency of a speed setpoint filter is greater than the Shannon sampling frequency from

the sampling theorem.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

The natural frequency in Hz of a speed setpoint filter must be less than the reciprocal value of two

speed controller cycles. Speed setpoint filter 1:

MD 1520 * 0.01 * MD 1514 < 1 / (2 * MD 1001 * 31.25 microsec)

Speed setpoint filter 2:

MD 1521 * 0.01 * MD 1517 < 1 / (2 * MD 1001 * 31.25 microsec)

- Modify MD 1520: \$MD_SPEED_FILTER_1_BS_FREQ (bandstop filter natural frequency speed

setpoint filter 1)

 $\hbox{-} \operatorname{\mathsf{Modify}} \operatorname{\mathsf{MD}} \operatorname{\mathsf{1514:\$MD_SPEED_FILTER_1_SUPPR_FREQ} (suppression\ frequency\ speed\ setpoint\ suppression\ suppression\ suppression\ frequency\ speed\ setpoint\ suppression\ suppr$

filter 1) 1)

- Modify MD 1521: \$MD_SPEED_FILTER_2_BS_FREQ (bandstop filter natural frequency speed

setpoint filter 2)

- Modify MD 1517: \$MD_SPEED_FILTER_2_SUPPR_FREQ (suppression frequency speed setpoint

filter 2) 2)

- Modify MD 1001: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME (speed controller cycle)

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300768 Axis %1 drive %2 numerator bandwidth > double blocking frequency

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The bandwidth numerator of a current or speed setpoint filter is greater than twice the blocking

requency

This error message is only issued for the general bandstop filter if:

- Speed setpoint filter 1:

- MD 1516 > 0.0 or

- MD 1520 <> 100.0

- Speed setpoint filter 2:

- MD 1519 > 0.0 or

- MD 1521 <> 100.0

- Current setpoint filter 1:

- MD 1212 > 0.0

- Current setpoint filter 2:

- MD 1215 > 0.0

- Current setpoint filter 3:

- MD 1218 > 0.0

- Current setpoint filter 4:

- MD 1221 > 0.0

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

The bandwidth numerator must be less than twice the blocking frequency.

- Current setpoint filter 1:

- MD 1212 <= 2 * MD 1210

- Current setpoint filter 2:

- MD 1215 <= 2 * MD 1213

- Current setpoint filter 3:

- MD 1218 <= 2 * MD 1216 - Current setpoint filter 4:

- MD 1221 <= 2 * MD 1219

- Speed setpoint filter 1:

- MD 1516 <= 2 * MD 1514

- MD 1516 <= 2 " MD 15

- Speed setpoint filter 2:

- MD 1519 <= 2 * MD 1517

- Modify MD 1212: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_1_BW_NUM (numerator bandwidth current setpoint filter 1)

- Modify MD 1210: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_1_SUPPR_FREQ (suppression frequency current setpoint filter 1)

- Modify MD 1215: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_2_BW_NUM (numerator bandwidth current setpoint filter 2)

- Modify MD 1213: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_2_SUPPR_FREQ (suppression frequency current setpoint filter 2)

- Modify MD 1218: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_3_BW_NUM (numerator bandwidth current setpoint filter 3)

- Modify MD 1216: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_3_SUPPR_FREQ (suppression frequency current setpoint filter 3)

- MD1221: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_4_BW_NUM (numerator bandwidth current setpoint filter 4)

- Modify MD 1219: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_4_SUPPR_FREQ (suppression frequency current setpoint filter 4)

- Modify MD 1516: \$MD_SPEED_FILTER_1_BW_NUMERATOR (numerator bandwidth speed setpoint filter 1)

- Modify MD 1514: \$MD_SPEED_FILTER_1_SUPPR_FREQ (suppression frequency speed setpoint

SIMODRIVE alarms

filter 1

- Modify MD 1519: \$MD_SPEED_FILTER_2_BW_NUMERATOR (numerator bandwidth speed setpoint filter 2)

- Modify MD 1517: \$MD_SPEED_FILTER_2_SUPPR_FREQ (suppression frequency speed setpoint filter 2)

Program Continuation:

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300769 Axis %1 drive %2 denominator bandwidth > double natural frequency

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The bandwidth denominator of a current or speed setpoint filter is greater than twice the natural

requency.

This error message is only issued for the general bandstop filter if:

- Speed setpoint filter 1:

- MD 1516 > 0.0 or

- MD 1520 <> 100.0

- Speed setpoint filter 2:

- MD 1519 > 0.0 or

- MD 1521 <> 100.0

- Current setpoint filter 1:

- MD 1212 > 0.0

- Current setpoint filter 2:

- MD 1215 > 0.0

- Current setpoint filter 3:

- MD 1218 > 0.0

- Current setpoint filter 4:

- MD 1221 > 0.0

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alama diantar

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

The bandwidth denominator of a current or speed setpoint filter must be less than twice the natural frequency.

- Speed setpoint filter 1:

- MD 1515 <= 2 * MD 1514 * 0.01 * MD 1520

- Speed setpoint filter 2:

- MD 1518 <= 2 * MD 1517 * 0.01 * MD 1521

- Current setpoint filter 1:

- MD 1211 <= 2 * MD 1210

- Current setpoint filter 2:

- MD 1214 <= 2 * MD 1213

- Current setpoint filter 3:

- MD 1217 <= 2 * MD 1216

- Current setpoint filter 4:

- MD 1220 <= 2 * MD 1219

- Modify MD 1515: \$MD_SPEED_FILTER_1_BANDWIDTH (bandwidth speed setpoint filter 1)

- Modify MD 1514: \$MD_SPEED_FILTER_1_SUPPR_FREQ (suppression frequency speed setpoint filter 1)

- Modify MD 1520: \$MD_SPEED_FILTER_1_BS_FREQ (bandstop filter natural frequency speed setpoint filter 1)

- Modify MD 1518: \$MD_SPEED_FILTER_2_BANDWIDTH (bandwidth speed setpoint filter 2)

- Modify MD 1517: \$MD_SPEED_FILTER_2_SUPPR_FREQ (suppression frequency speed setpoint filter 2)

- Modify MD 1521: \$MD_SPEED_FILTER_2_BS_FREQ (bandstop filter natural frequency speed setpoint filter 2)

- Modify MD 1211: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_1_BANDWIDTH (bandwidth current setpoint filter 1)

- Modify MD 1210: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_1_SUPPR_FREQ (suppression frequency current setpoint filter 1)

- Modify MD 1214: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_2_BANDWIDTH (bandwidth speed setpoint filter 2) 2)

- Modify MD 1213: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_2_SUPPR_FREQ (suppression frequency current setpoint filter 2)

- Modify MD 1217: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_3_BANDWIDTH (bandwidth speed setpoint filter 3) 3)

- Modify MD 1216: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_3_SUPPR_FREQ (suppression frequency current setpoint filter 3)

- Modify MD 1220: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_4_BANDWIDTH (bandwidth speed setpoint filter 4) 4)
 - Modify MD 1219: \$MD_CURRENT_FILTER_4_SUPPR_FREQ (suppression frequency current setpoint filter 4)

setpoint

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300770 Axis %1 drive %2 format error

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The calculated filter coefficients of a bandstop filter are beyond the range of the internal format.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

eady).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Change the filter setting. The Hotline

provides support for accurate troubleshooting. Call the SIEMENS AG, SIMODRIVE Hotline.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300771 Axis %1 drive %2 asynchronous mode: converter frequency invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Only a converter frequency of 4 kHz or 8 kHz is permitted in asynchronous mode (selected by MD

1465 < MD 1146).

- Modify MD 1465: \$MD_SWITCH_SPEED_MSD_AM (switchover speed MSD/AM)
 - Modify MD 1146: \$MD_MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED (maximum motor speed)

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify MD 1100:

\$MD_PWM_FREQUENCY (pulse width modulation frequency) or deselect AM mode (make the value

in MD 1465: \$MD_SWITCH_SPEED_MSD_AM less than the value in MD 1146:

\$MD_MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED.

Program Continuation:

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300772 Axis %1 drive %2 asynchronous mode: speed control gain too high

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1451: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_GAIN_1_AM (proportional gain of AM speed controller)

s too high.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The current set in MD1451:

\$MD_SPEEDCTRL_GAIN_1_AM (proportional gain of AM speed controller).

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

Continuation:

300773 Axis %1 drive %2 asynchronous mode: feedforward control structure not

possible

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: In asynchronous mode (select by MD 1465 < MD 1146) a feedforward control structure (MD 1004, bit

0 = 1) is not possible.

- Modify MD 1465: \$MD_SWITCH_SPEED_MSD_AM (switchover speed MSD/AM)
 - Modify MD 1146: \$MD_MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED (maximum motor speed)

- Modify MD 1004: \$MD_CTRL_CONFIG (configuration structure)

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Rectify the error in the entry for the feedforward control structure MD 1004 or by deselecting the

asynchronous mode MD 1465 > MD 1146.

- Modify MD 1004: \$MD_CTRL_CONFIG (configuration structure)

- Modify MD 1465: \$MD_SWITCH_SPEED_MSD_AM (switchover speed MSD/AM)

- Modify MD 1146: \$MD_MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED (maximum motor speed)

Program Continuation:

300774 Axis %1 drive %2 asynchronous mode: changeover speed invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: In mixed operation MSD/AM (MD 1465 > 0) only closed-loop controlled AM mode is allowed (MD1466

<= MD1465)

- Modify MD 1465: \$MD_SWITCH_SPEED_MSD_AM (switchover speed MSD/AM)

- Modify MD 1466: \$MD_SWITCH_SPD_OPEN_LOOP_AM (switchover speed closed-loop/open-

loop control AM)

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Rectify error by selecting pure AM mode (MD1465 = 0) or by deselecting the AM-controlled mode

(MD1466 < MD1465).

- Modify MD 1465: \$MD_SWITCH_SPEED_MSD_AM (switchover speed MSD/AM)

- Modify MD 1466: \$MD_SWITCH_SPD_OPEN_LOOP_AM (switchover speed closed-loop/open-

loop control AM)

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300775 Axis %1 drive %2 fixed link voltage of axes differ

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: An unequal fixed voltage MD1161: \$MD_FIXED_LINK_VOLTAGE (DC link fixed voltage) has been

found for axes of a drive module. Since a fixed voltage <> 0 replaces the measured DC link voltage value, but the DC link voltage value is measured only once for all axes of a drive module, the fixed

voltage must be identical on all module axes before it is accepted.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Set the same fixed voltage (MD 1161) on

all module axes. \$MD_FIXED_LINK_VOLTAGE (DC link fixed voltage) has been found for axes of a

drive module.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300776 Axis %1 drive %2 measuring circuit monitoring must be active

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: On FDD

The control is disabled, the motor is decelerated, SIMODRIVE-READY and DRIVE-READY are

canceled. On MSD:

Pulse delete, motor coasts, SIMODRIVE-READY and DRIVE-READY are canceled.

Note: The reaction (FDD, MSD) can be configured via 611D-MD 1613.0.

Request: During boot-up of the control and cyclically.

With active Safety Integrated (MD 1301 <> 0: \$MD_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE (safe functions enable)), the measuring circuit monitoring of the motor (incremental) must be activated via MD 1600:

\$MD_ALARM_MASK_POWER_ON (concealable alarms (Power On) bit 4.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Activate measuring circuit monitoring of

motor (incremental).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300777 Axis %1 drive %2 rotor position identification current too high

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The current set in MD1019: \$MD_CURRENT_ROTORPOS_IDENT (current rotor position

identification) is greater than the permissible current for the motor and the power section used. The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Reduce MD1019:

 $\verb| $MD_CURRENT_ROTORPOS_IDENT| (current rotor position identification). \\$

Program
Continuation:

300778 Axis %1 drive %2 generator mode: converter frequency rotor position

identification

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: When selecting the rotor position identification (MD1011 bit 12 or bit 13) only converter frequencies

(MD1100) of 4 kHz/8 kHz are permissible.

- Modify MD 1011: \$MD_ACTUAL_VALUE_CONFIG (actual value sensing configuration IM)

- Modify MD 1100: \$MD_PWM_FREQUENCY (pulse width modulation frequency)

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Change the converter frequency (MD 1100) or deselect rotor position identification (MD1011 bit 12 or

bit 13).

- Modify MD 1011: \$MD_ACTUAL_VALUE_CONFIG (actual value sensing configuration IM)

- Modify MD 1100: \$MD_PWM_FREQUENCY (pulse width modulation frequency)

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300779 Axis %1 drive %2 motor moment of inertia less than or equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1117: \$MD_MOTOR_INERTIA (motor moment of inertia) is less than or equal to

zero.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

- For MSD, configure "1st motor" first.

- For third-party motors: Enter a valid value in drive MD 1117: \$MD_MOTOR_INERTIA (motor

moment of inertia).

Program
Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300780 Axis %1 drive %2 zero load current > rated motor current

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The no-load current of the motor (MD 1136: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT) has been set at a

greater value than the rated current of the motor (MD 1103: \$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_CURRENT). The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform authorized personnel / the service department.

- For standard motors: Execute a general drive reset (delete the boot file) and repeat the startup.
- For non-Siemens motors: Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct machine data MD 1103: \$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_CURRENT (nominal motor current) and MD 1136:

\$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT (motor no-load current).

Program Clear alarm with the RESET ke

Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300781 Axis %1 drive %2 zero load current > rated current of power section

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: On the basis of its no-load current (MD 1136: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT (motor no-load

current), the connected motor is too large for the power section in use (continuous thermal current MD

1108: \$MD_INVERTER_MAX_THERMAL_CURR (current limit for power section).

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

1. Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

2. Check the configuration and install a suitable power section for the motor. Repeat the startup.

Program Continuation:

300782 Axis %1 drive %2 reactance less than or equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1139: \$MD_STATOR_LEAKAGE_REACTANCE (stator leakage reactance) or MD

1140: \$MD_ROTOR_LEAKAGE_REACTANCE (rotor leakage reactance) or MD 1141: \$MD_MAGNETIZING_REACTANCE (magnetizing reactance) is less than or equal to zero. The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

- For third-party motors: Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct MD 1139:

\$MD_STATOR_LEAKAGE_REACTANCE (stator leakage reactance) or MD 1140: \$MD_ROTOR_LEAKAGE_REACTANCE (rotor leakage reactance) or MD 1141:

\$MD_MAGNETIZING_REACTANCE (magnetizing reactance).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300783 Axis %1 drive %2 rotor resistance invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in drive MD 1138: \$MD_ROTOR_COLD_RESISTANCE (cold rotor resistance) is less than

or equal to zero or a format overflow has occurred.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

- For third-party motors: One of the following machine data may contain an invalid value:

- Modify MD 1001: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME (speed controller cycle)

- Modify MD 1134: \$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_FREQUENCY (rated motor frequency)

- Modify MD 1138: \$MD_ROTOR_COLD_RESISTANCE (cold rotor resistance)
 - Modify MD 1139: \$MD_STATOR_LEAKAGE_REACTANCE (Staenderstreureaktanz)

- Modify MD 1140: \$MD_ROTOR_LEAKAGE_REACTANCE (rotor leakage reactance)

- Modify MD 1141: \$MD_MAGNETIZING_REACTANCE (magnetizing reactance)

Fulfill the condition according to the following formula:

16 * P1001 * 0.00003125 * P1138 * 2PI * P1134 / (P1140 + P1141) < 1

Call the SIEMENS AG, SIMODRIVE Hotline.

Program Continuation:

300784 Axis %1 drive %2 zero load voltage invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Error in the no-load voltage (MD 1135):

- MD 1135 <= 0 or - MD 1135 > MD 1132 or

- MD 1135 x MD 1142/MD 1400 + Uvor > 450V.

- Where

- Uvor = 0.181 x MD 1136 x MD 1142 x MD 1119

- Modify MD 1135: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_VOLTAGE (motor no-load voltage) - Modify MD 1132: \$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_VOLTAGE (rated motor voltage) - Modify MD 1400: \$MD_MOTOR_RATED_SPEED (rated motor speed)

- Modify MD 1142: \$MD_FIELD_WEAKENING_SPEED (threshold speed for field weakening)

- Modify MD 1136: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT (motor no-load current) - Modify MD 1119: \$MD_SERIES_INDUCTANCE (series reactor inductance)

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform authorized personnel / the service department.

> For standard motors: Execute a general drive reset (delete the boot file) and repeat the startup. For non-Siemens motors: Check and, if necessary, correct the following machine data with reference

to the data sheet:

- Modify MD 1132: \$MD_MOTOR_NOMINAL_VOLTAGE (nominal motor voltage) - Modify MD 1135: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_VOLTAGE (motor no-load voltage)

- Modify MD 1400: \$MD_MOTOR_RATED_SPEED (rated motor speed)

- Modify MD 1142: \$MD_FIELD_WEAKENING_SPEED (threshold speed for field weakening)

- Modify MD 1136: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT (motor no-load current).

- Call SIEMENS AG, SIMODRIVE Hotline.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300785 Axis %1 drive %2 zero load current less than or equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1136: \$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT (motor no-load current) is less than or

egual to zero.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

- For third-party motors: Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct MD 1136:

\$MD_MOTOR_NOLOAD_CURRENT (motor no-load current)

Program Continuation:

300786 Axis %1 drive %2 field weakening speed invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1142: \$MD_FIELD_WEAKENING_SPEED (threshold speed for field weakening) is

less than or equal to zero.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- For standard motors: Reset the drive (delete the bootfile) and repeat the startup.

- For third-party motors: Check and, if necessary, refer to the motor data sheet to correct MD 1142:

 $\verb| $MD_FIELD_WEAKENING_SPEED| (threshold speed for field weakening). \\$

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300787 Axis %1 drive %2 asynchronous mode: feedforward control gain out of

range

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: If motor inertia and motor nominal torque have been selected unfavorably, the asynchronous motor

feedforward control gain is beyond the range of the internal number format.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Operation without encoder: Reduce the number of encoder lines in MD 1005:

\$MD_ENC_RESOL_MOTOR (encoder resolution for motor measuring system), since this has an

impact on the internal number format.

- Optional/additional measure: see operation with encoder

- Operation with encoder: Reduce speed controller cycle MD 1001:

\$MD_SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME (speed controller cycle).

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

300788 Axis %1 drive %2 parameterization error in current control adaption

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The upper current limit in MD 1181: \$MD_CURRCTRL_ADAPT_CURRENT_2 (upper adaption

current limit) is less than the lower current limit in MD 1180: \$MD_CURRCTRL_ADAPT_CURRENT_1

(lower adaption current limit).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Modify MD 1181: \$MD_CURRCTRL_ADAPT_CURRENT_2 (upper adaption current limit) and MD

1180: \$MD_CURRCTRL_ADAPT_CURRENT_1 (lower adaption current limit).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300789 Axis %1 drive %2 function not supported on this 611D controller module

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: A function was selected that is not possible with this closed-loop control module.

This alarm appears, if:

- a non-available acceleration sensor was activated in MD 1560.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Switch off the non-selectable function or use another closed-loop control module!

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

300790 Axis %1, drive %2 Changeover speed/velocity too small

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: With the selected setting of MD1466, the induced voltage is too small in the lower speed range in order

to be able to guarantee safe, sensorless operation. With the specified speed, the induced voltage must

at least reach 40 V (phase-to-phase, effective).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: The following must be ensured:

Rotary synchronous machine : MD1466 > 40000 / MD1114

Linear machine: MD1466 > 1386 / MD1114 Asynchronous machine: MD1466 >= 150 rpm

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

SIMODRIVE alarms

300799 Axis %1 drive %2 data backup and reboot required

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Since drive machine data have been changed, it is necessary to recalculate parameters. This is

initiated by pressing the softkey CALCULATE. After calculating the control parameters, it is necessary

to save the machine data and to reboot.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: The newly calculated data must be saved (Softkey: SAVE). The new parameters will become

effective during the next boot procedure!

Program
Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300850 Axis %1 drive %2 parameterization error in speed control adaption

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The upper adaptation speed MD 1412: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_ADAPTSPEED_2 (upper adaptation

speed) is less than the lower adaptation speed MD 1411: \$MD_SPEEDCTRL_ADAPTSPEED_1

(lower adaptation speed).

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Modify MD 1412:

\$MD_SPEEDCTRL_ADAPTSPEED_2 (upper adaptation speed) and MD 1411:

\$MD_SPEEDCTRL_ADAPTSPEED_1 (lower adaptation speed).

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

300854 Axis %1 drive %2 signal number of var. signaling function invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The signal number for the output of the corresponding signaling function is not permissible. The signal

number range is between 0 and 25.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter the correct signal number.

Program
Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

300855 Axis %1 drive %2 voltage/frequency mode: motor is turning

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The motor did not come to a standstill when the voltage/frequency mode was activated.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Stop the motor before activating the voltage/frequency mode.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300858 Axis %1 drive %2 generator mode: response voltage > switch-off

threshold

%1 = NC axis number Parameters:

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The sum of the values in MD1631: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_ON (response voltage for generator

axis) + MD1632: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_HYST (voltage range for generator control) is greater

than MD1633: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_OFF (deactivation threshold for generator axis).

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Modify drive machine data

- Modify MD 1631: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_ON (response voltage for generator axis) or

- Modify MD 1632: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_HYST (voltage range for generator control) or

- Modify MD 1633: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_OFF (voltage range for generator control) or

Program Continuation: Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

300859 Axis %1 drive %2 generator mode: response voltage > monitoring

threshold

%1 = NC axis number Parameters:

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD 1631: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_ON (response voltage for generator axis) is

greater than MD1630: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_MON_THRESHOLD (response threshold for DC link

monitoring).

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Remedv:

- Modify MD 1631: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_GEN_ON (response voltage for generator axis) or

- Modify MD 1630: \$MD_LINK_VOLTAGE_MON_THRESHOLD (response threshold for DC link

monitoring).

Program

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

300860 Axis %1 drive %2 generator mode: emergency retraction speed > max.

motor speed

%1 = NC axis number Parameters:

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value entered for the emergency retraction speed in MD1639: \$MD_RETRACT_SPEED

(emergency retraction speed) is greater than MD1146: \$MD_MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED

(maximum motor speed).

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Modify MD 1639: \$MD_RETRACT_SPEED (emergency retraction speed) or

- Modify MD 1146: \$MD_MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED (maximum motor speed). Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Program

300861 Axis %1 drive %2 generator mode: minimum axis speed > max. motor

speed

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The value in MD1635: \$MD_GEN_AXIS_MIN_SPEED \$MD_GEN_AXIS_MIN_SPEED (minimum

generator axis speed) is greater than the value in MD1146: \$MD_MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED

(maximum motor speed).

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Modify MD 1635: \$MD_GEN_AXIS_MIN_SPEED generator axis) or

- Modify MD 1146: \$MD_MOTOR_MAX_ALLOWED_SPEED (maximum motor speed).

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

300862 Axis %1 drive %2 emergency retraction mode/generator mode already active

active

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number %2 = Drive number

Definitions: Emergency retraction or generator mode already active.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check parameterization/machine data.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

300863 Axis %1 drive %2 emergency retraction mode/generator mode invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Value specified by the NC via a G command must be in the range 0 to 7.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check parameterization (G command in

the NC).

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

300864 Axis %1 drive %2 emergency retraction mode/generator mode not

possible

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Emergency retraction/Generator operation is only possible with an active DC link measurement (MD

1161: \$MD_FIXED_LINK_VOLTAGE (DC link fixed voltage = 0). In an old hardware version, no DC link measurement is possible and therefore the error message 300765 might appear in addition if MD 1161: \$MD_FIXED_LINK_VOLTAGE (DC link fixed voltage) is set to 0 in an old hardware version.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Enter the value zero in the machine data

MD 1161: \$MD_FIXED_LINK_VOLTAGE (DC link fixed voltage), or order a new hardware version of

the control module.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300865 Axis %1 drive %2 measurement of DC link voltage not possible

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: If the fixed voltage MD 1161: \$MD_FIXED_LINK_VOLTAGE(DC link fixed voltage) = 0, no DC link

measurement is possible because the hardware version is wrong.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Enter a value greater than zero in the

machine data MD 1161: \$MD_FIXED_LINK_VOLTAGE (DC link fixed voltage), or order a new

hardware version of the control module.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

300875 Axis %1 drive %2 fixed link voltage of axes differ

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: An unequal fixed voltage MD1161: \$MD_FIXED_LINK_VOLTAGE (DC link fixed voltage) has been

found for axes of a drive module. Since a fixed voltage <> 0 replaces the measured DC link voltage value, but the DC link voltage value is measured only once for all axes of a drive module, the fixed

voltage must be identical on all module axes before it is accepted.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Set the same fixed voltage (MD 1161) on

all module axes.

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

300888 Axis %1 drive %2 parameterization error in current control adaption

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The upper current limit in MD 1181: \$MD_CURRCTRL_ADAPT_CURRENT_2 (upper adaption

current limit) is less than the lower current limit in MD 1180: \$MD_CURRCTRL_ADAPT_CURRENT_1

(lower adaption current limit).

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Modify MD 1181: \$MD_CURRCTRL_ADAPT_CURRENT_2 (upper adaption current limit) and MD

1180: \$MD_CURRCTRL_ADAPT_CURRENT_1 (lower adaption current limit).

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

300900 Axis %1 drive %2 stop A triggered

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The drive is disabled via STOP A. This blocks the pulses over the relay "Antrieb-IMP".

Request: In monitoring cycle.

If STOP A has been triggered, this can have several reasons:

1. The timer in MD 1356: \$MD_SAFE_PULSE_DISABLE_DELAY (delay pulse disable) of STOP B

has expired.

2. The speed threshold in MD 1360: \$MD_SAFE_STANDSTILL_VELO_TOL (stop speed pulse

disable)of STOP B has not been reached.

3. The test of the deactivation path has been requested by the user through SGE "Test stop selection", but the pulses were not deleted in MD 1357: \$MD_SAFE_PULSE_DIS_CHECK_TIME (time for

testing the pulse disable) when the time stage expired. 4. Safe brake ramp has responded.

5. "SG-specific stop reaction" is set to STOP A and has responded.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The user must find the cause and take Remedy:

appropriate measures.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

300901 Axis %1 drive %2 stop B triggered

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The drive is disabled via STOP B. This blocks the pulses over the relay "Antrieb-IMP".

Request: In monitoring cycle.

If STOP B has been triggered, this can have several reasons:

1. Safe zero speed control has responded.

2. Call after STOP F, that means an error has occurred during cross-comparison.

3. "SG-specific stop reaction" is set to STOP B and has responded.

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

ready).

Mode group not ready. Reaction:

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The user must check the cause and

initiate the corresponding measures.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

300906 Axis %1 drive %2 safe braking ramp exceeded

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The drive is disabled via STOP A.

Request: In monitoring cycle.

The actual velocity of the axis has not been reduced during deceleration with "nset = 0" (STOP B or STOP C) but has increased over the follow-on velocity limit during deceleration and the tolerance

entered in MD 1348: \$MD_SAFE_VELO_TOL (actual velocity tolerance for SBR).

The alarm can be reprogrammed in the MD ALARM_REACTION_CHAN_NOREADY (channel not

eady).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the deceleration behavior and, if

necessary, modify the velocity tolerance in MD 1348: \$MD_SAFE_VELO_TOL. Restart is only

possible with POWER ON.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300907 Axis %1 drive %2 tolerance for safe operational stop exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The drive is disabled via STOP A or STOP B. This blocks the pulses over the relay "Antrieb-IMP".

Request: In monitoring cycle.

The actual position has moved too far away from the setpoint/zero position (outside the zero speed

window). The zero speed window is parameterized through MD 1330: \$MD_SAFE_STANDSTILL_TOL (safe operational stop standstill tolerance).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the safe standstill tolerance: does

the value match the precision and control dynamics of the axis? If not, increase the tolerance.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

300908 Axis %1 drive %2 stop C triggered

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The drive is disabled via STOP C. At the end of the stop reaction, the drive remains under control, the

axis is monitored for SBH. Request: In monitoring cycle.

If STOP C has been triggered, this can have several reasons (depending on the configuration):

1. The safe speed monitoring has been triggered (MD 1361: \$MD_SAFE_VELO_STOP_MODE (SG-specific stop reaction) or MD 1363: \$MD_SAFE_VELO_STOP_REACTION (SG-specific stop

reaction) (840D as of SW4.2)).

2. The safe end-position monitoring has been triggered (MD 1362: \$MD_SAFE_POS_STOP_MODE

(safe end position stop reaction)).

The alarm indicates the initiation of a "deceleration at current limit" and the internal activation of "safe

standstill"

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The user must check the cause and

initiate the corresponding measures.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

300909 Axis %1 drive %2 stop D triggered

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The drive ws stopped by the NC with STOP D. At the end of the stop reaction, the drive remains under

control, the axis is monitored for SBH.

Request: In monitoring cycle.

If STOP D has been triggered, this can have several reasons (depending on the configuration):

1. The safe speed monitoring has been triggered (MD 1361: \$MD_SAFE_VELO_STOP_MODE (SG-specific stop reaction) or MD 1363: \$MD_SAFE_VELO_STOP_REACTION (SG-specific stop

reaction) (840D as of SW4.2)).

2. The safe end-position monitoring has been triggered (MD 1362: \$MD_SAFE_POS_STOP_MODE

(safe end position stop reaction)).

The alarm indicates the initiation of a "deceleration on path" in the NC and the internal activation of

"safe standstill" in the NC and drive.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The user must check the cause and

initiate the corresponding measures.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

SIMODRIVE alarms

300910 Axis %1 drive %2 stop E triggered

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The drive is stopped by the NC with STOP E. At the end of the stop reaction, the drive remains under

control whereby the axis is beingE monitored for SBH.

Request: In monitoring cycle.

If STOP E has been triggered, this can have several reasons (depending on the configuration):

1. The safe speed monitoring has been triggered (MD 1361: \$MD_SAFE_VELO_STOP_MODE (SG-

specific stop reaction).

2. The safe end-position monitoring has been triggered (MD 1362: $MD_SAFE_POS_STOP_MODE$

(safe end position stop reaction)).

The alarm indicates the initiation of an "extended stop and retract" in the NC (840C) or "LIFTFAST-

ASUP" (840D) and the internal activation of "safe standstill" in the NC and drive.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. The user must check the cause and

initiate the corresponding measures.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

300911 Axis %1 drive %2 error in one monitoring channel

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The mutual comparison of the two monitoring channels has found a difference between input data or

results of the monitoring operations. One of the monitors no longer functions reliably, i.e. safe

operation is no longer possible.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

Find the difference between the monitoring channels. The error code indicating the cause is displayed

as follows:

- On the 840D it is output in the alarm text.

- On the 840C MD 301: diagnostics for STOP F

- On the 611D MD 1395: \$MD_SAFE_STOP_F_DIAGNOSIS (diagnostics for STOP F)

You can find the meaning of the error code as follows:

- On the 840D: description of alarm 27001

- On the 840C: description of alarms 1336* / 2097*

A possible cause is that the safety-related machine data are no longer identical or that the SGEs do not have the same level (recalibrate or check in the SI service display). If no error of this type is apparent, an error may have occurred in the CPU, e.g. a "flipped" memory cell. This error can be temporary (in this case it can be eliminated by a POWER ON) or permanent (if it occurs again after

POWER ON replace the hardware).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

SIMODRIVE alarms

300914 Axis %1 drive %2 safe velocity exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The drive is disabled by the reaction configured in MD 1361: \$MD_SAFE_VELO_STOP_MODE. At

the end of the stop reaction, the drive remains under control, the axis is monitored for SBH.

Request: In monitoring cycle.

The axis has moved faster than allowed in machine data MD 1331: \$MD_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[n] (safe

velocity limit values). If the "safe velocity correction" function is enabled in MD1301:

\$MD_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE (safe functions enable), allowance must be made for the

correction factor in the velocity limit when using SG2 and SG4.

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the input values of the machine

data. Check the safe input signals: is the correct one of four velocity limits selected?

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

300915 Axis %1 drive %2 safe end positions exceeded

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The drive is disabled by the reaction configured in MD 1362: \$MD_SAFE_POS_STOP_MODE. At the

end of the stop reaction, the drive remains under control, the axis is monitored for SBH.

Request: In monitoring cycle.

The axis has exceeded the limit position which is entered in

- Modify MD 1334: \$MD_SAFE_POS_LIMIT_PLUS[n] (upper limit for safe end position)

- Modify MD 1335: \$MD_SAFE_POS_LIMIT_MINUS[n] (lower limit for safe end position)

Reaction: NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. If no obvious operator error occurred:

Check the input value of the machine data and check the SGEs: was the correct one of 2 end positions

selected? If the MDs and SGEs are o.k., check the machine for any damage and rectify.

Program Continuation Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

SIMODRIVE alarms

300950 Axis %1 drive %2 is not safely referenced

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: No stop reaction is initiated. The message will be present during enabling of the functions SN/SE until

the axis status "Axis safely referenced" has been reached.

Request: In monitoring cycle. 1) The axis is not referenced or

2) The user enable for this axis is missing or was canceled. This can occur, for example, if the axis was moved after the machine was switched off and the standstill position which was stored is therefore

This message prompts the user to confirm the actual position. To do this, you must determine the

position, e.g. as follows: - Measure the position. - Move to a known position.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. If no safe automatic referencing is

possible, the user must confirm the new position via the softkey. This user confirmation marks this

position as safe, that means the axis status "Axis safely referenced" is reached.

Warning:

If the axis has not been safely referenced and the user has not confirmed, the following applies:

- The safe cams are still active and not yet safe.

- The safe limit positions are not yet active.

Program Continuation: Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

300951 Axis %1 drive %2 test stop is running

%1 = Axis number Parameters:

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The pulses are deleted.

1. If the positive acknowledgement is not received within the time configured in MD 1357:

\$MD_SAFE_PULSE_DIS_CHECK_TIME (time for checking the pulse deletion), STOP A is triggered. 2. If pulse deletion is acknowledged within the configured time in the drive, no stop reaction is triggered. This message will be displayed during selection via the SGE "Test stop selection" until the selection is canceled. The test stop has been activated by the user by setting the SGE "Test stop selection". If the user cancels the SGE "Test stop selection", the message will also be cancelled.

Request: In monitoring cycle.

The test stop has been activated by the user by setting the SGE "Test stop selection". The pulses are

deleted.

1. If the positive acknowledgement is not received within the time configured in MD 1357:

\$MD_SAFE_PULSE_DIS_CHECK_TIME (time for checking the pulse deletion), STOP A is triggered. 2. If pulse deletion is acknowledged within the configured time in the drive, no stop reaction is triggered. This message will be displayed during selection via the SGE "Test stop selection" until the

selection is canceled.

Reaction: Alarm display.

The message disappears automatically if the test is terminated by the user by clearing the SGE "Test Remedy:

stop selection". If STOP A is triggered, restart is only possible with POWER ON.

Program

Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

300952 Axis %1 drive %2 acceptance test is active

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The acceptance test has been activated by the user.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedv: This message disappears automatically when the test is finished.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

301701 Axis %1 drive %2 limit value for safe velocity too large

Parameters: %1 = Axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Booting has been interrupted. The pulses remain disabled.

Request: In monitoring cycle.

The limit value of the safe velocity exceeds the velocity corresponding to a limit frequency of 200 kHz

(300 kHz for 840D with SW4.2 and higher and for 840C with SW6.1 and higher). The max. permissible speed that can be monitored is determined as follows:

nmax[rev/min] = (200000[Hz] * 60) / encoder marks value

Monitoring condition:

Modify MD 1331: \$MD_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[n] <= (1 / ue) * nmax

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check the entry in the machine data MD

1331: \$MD_SAFE_VELO_LIMIT[n] (safe velocity limit values) correct, if necessary, and perform

POWER ON.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

301702 Axis %1 drive %2 track inversion incorrect

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: With rotary spindles without EnDat interface operating with enhanced controller modules, the track

inversion (MD_1011.0=1) must not be switched on. Otherwise this error is triggered.

Modify MD 1011: \$MD_ACTUAL_VALUE_CONFIG (actual value sensing configuration IM)

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. With rotary spindles without EnDat

interface operating with enhanced controller modules, the track inversion must be performed by

soldering the A and B tracks differently: A <-> B and A* <-> B* \mathbb{R}^*

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

301703 Axis %1 drive %2 encoder/motor type are not compatible

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: If a linear motor was selected (motor selection menu), but no linear scale was configured (MD

1011.4=0), or if a rotary motor was selected, but a linear scale configured (MD 1011.4=1), then this

error is triggered.

Modify MD 1011: \$MD_ACTUAL_VALUE_CONFIG (actual value sensing configuration IM)

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Stop on alarm.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Encoder type must be parameterized

according to the motor type.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

301704 Axis %1 drive %2 pole pair width/division of linear scale (internal) out of

range

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: With linear motors the pole-pair width and graduations data is used for calculating the equivalent

(internal) pole pair number and (internal) encoder marks. For this it is necessary that the encoder marks correspond to one or x pole pair widths as an integer. This error message is output if the result is not an integer pole pair width/graduations*x (to x=16) or if the calculated internal encoder marks value is too high. Absolute interpretation as an integer if the result is within a +/- 0.001 tolerance.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department.

- Long traversing paths: It is advisable to use a length measuring system where the encoder marks

match x* pole pair widths as integer.

- Short traversing paths: With short traversing paths, only a small error can accumulate and hardly affect the heating and the maximum power that can be reached if the encoder marks do not comply

with the +/-0.001 tolerance. Then it is advisable to slightly modify the pole pair width:

Example:

Pole pair width: 56.8 mm, graduations: 2.7 µm

=> Pole pair number = 1, encoder marks = 21037.037 => error Avoid the error by entering pole pair width = 56.7999 mm. => Pole pair number = 1, encoder marks = 21037.0 => no error

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

301705 Axis %1 drive %2 distance-coded scale incorrectly parameterized

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: When selecting a distance-coded scale (MD 1011.7=1) it is also necessary to configure a length

measuring system (MD 1011.4=1). In addition, the MDs 1040, 1041 and 1042 must not be zero or

negative.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Check and, if necessary, correct MDs

1011: \$MD_ACTUAL_VALUE_CONFIG (actual value sensing configuration IM), 1040, 1041 and

1042.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

301706 Axis %1 drive %2 parameterization of cam position invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: At least one of the parameterized cams enabled via MD 1301: \$MD SAFE FUNCTION ENABLE

(safe functions enable) does not comply with the rule stating that cam positions are not allowed to be

within the tolerance range around the modulo position.

The valid tolerance range is:

With inactive cam synchronization (MD 1301 bit 7 = 0): Lower modulo value + POS_TOL <= cam position Upper modulo value - POS_TOL > cam position With active cam synchronization (MD 1301 bit 7 = 1): Lower modulo value + POS_TOL <= cam position

Upper modulo value - POS_TOL - CAM_TOL > cam position

- POS_TOL: Actual value tolerance (MD 1342: \$MD_SAFE_POS_TOL (actual value tolerance cross-

comparison))

- CAM_TOL: Cam tolerance (MD 1340: \$MD_SAFE_CAM_TOL (tolerance for safe cams))

- Upper/lower modulo value: is determined by MD 1305: \$MD_SAFE_MODULO_RANGE (actual

value range for safe cam with rotary axes)

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Remedy:

Check parameterization of the cam positions in

- Modify MD 1336: \$MD_SAFE_CAM_POS_PLUS (plus cam position for safe cam) and

- Modify MD 1337: \$MD_SAFE_CAM_POS_MINUS (minus cam position for safe cam) and perform

POWER ON

- Modify MD 1305: \$MD_SAFE_MODULO_RANGE (actual value range for safe cam with rotary

axes).

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

301707 Axis %1 drive %2 parameterization of modulo value for safe cam (SN)

invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The cam modulo range parameterized for a rotary axis via MD 1305: \$MD_SAFE_MODULO_RANGE

(actual value range for safe cam with rotary axes) violates the rule stating that only integral multiples

of 360 degrees may be set.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Change parameterization of the cam

modulo range in MD 1305: \$MD_SAFE_MODULO_RANGE (actual value range for safe cam with

rotary axes).

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

301708 Axis %1 drive %2 actual value synchronisation not allowed

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The actual value synchronization for drift/slippage in MD 1301: \$MD_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE

(safe functions enable) is deselected. This is only allowed with SBH/SG monitoring, since the absolute actual position is irrelevant for this type of monitoring. However, safe end position and/or cam

monitoring is also selected.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please inform the authorized personnel/service department. Deselect actual value synchronization for

drift/slippage or the safe end position and/or safe cam monitoring in MD 1301:

\$MD_SAFE_FUNCTION_ENABLE (safe functions enable).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

301709 Axis %1 drive %2 submodule with integrated linearization invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: If a submodule with integrated linearization is used, all submodules on the module must use the

integrated linearization. A submodule with integrated linearization was found. However, not all

submodules have this linearization.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Replace the submodule.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

301710 Axis %1 drive %2 resolution SSI motor measuring system invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The configuration of the motor measuring system for an SSI encoder is incorrect: MD 1022

 $MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_MOTOR$ must not be 0.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Set MD 1022 \$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_MOTOR to the correct value:

- Rotary encoder: Singleturn resolution (increments per revolution).

- Linear encoder: Resolution of an increment (in nanometers).

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

301711 Axis %1 drive %2 transmission length SSI motor measuring system

invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The configuration of the motor measuring system for an SSI encoder is incorrect: MD 1028

\$MD_NO_TRANSMISSION_BITS (SSI transmission length) is less than the number of all parameterized bits in MD 1021 \$MD_ENC_ABS_TURNS_MOTOR (multiturn), MD 1022

\$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_MOTOR (singleturn) and MD 1027 \$MD_ENC_CONFIG bit 14 (alarm bit)

and MD 1027 \$MD_ENC_CONFIG bit 12 (parity bit).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Set parameters correctly for all associated machine data:

- MD 1028 \$MD_NO_TRANSMISSION_BITS (SSI transmission length): number of bits in an SSI

protocol, including all bits, such as alarm bit/parity bit

MD 1021 \$MD_ENC_ABS_TURNS_MOTOR (multiturn): number of resolvable revolutions
 MD 1022 \$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_MOTOR (singleturn): number of increments per revolution.

- MD 1027.Bit 12 \$MD_ENC_CONFIG.Bit 12: parity bit

- MD 1027.Bit 14 \$MD_ENC_CONFIG.Bit 14: alarm bit

- Example:

- SSI encoder with 25 bits transmission length, 12 bits multiturn, 12 bits singleturn, one alarm bit:

- \$MD_NO_TRANSMISSION_BITS = 25 - \$MD_ENC_ABS_TURNS_MOTOR = 4096

- \$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_MOTOR = 4096 - \$MD_ENC_CONFIG.Bit 14 = 1

- \$MD_ENC_CONFIG.Bit 12 = 0

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

301712 Axis %1 drive %2 multiturn SSI motor measuring system invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The configuration of a linear SSI motor measuring system is incorrect: A linear measuring system

cannot have any multiturn information.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Set MD 1021 \$MD_ENC_ABS_TURNS_MOTOR (resolution number revolution) to 0.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

301713 Axis %1 drive %2 resolution SSI direct measuring system invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Configuration of the direct measuring system is faulty for SSI encoder: MD 1032

\$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_DIRECT must not be 0.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Set MD 1032 \$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_DIRECT to the correct value:

Rotary encoder: Singleturn resolution (increments per revolution).Linear encoder: Resolution of an increment (in nanometers).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

301714 Axis %1 drive %2 transmission length SSI direct measuring system

nvalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Configuration of the direct measuring system is faulty for SSI encoder: MD 1041

\$MD_NO_TRANSMISSION_BITS_DM (SSI transmission length) is smaller than the number of all parameterized bits in MD 1031 \$MD_ENC_ABS_TURNS_DIRECT (multiturn), MD 1032 \$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_DIRECT (singleturn) and MD 1037 \$MD_ENC_CONFIG_DIRECT Bit 14

(alarm bit) and MD 1037 \$MD_ENC_CONFIG_DIRECT Bit 12 (parity bit).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: - Set parameters correctly for all associated machine data:

- MD 1041 \$MD_NO_TRANSMISSION_BITS_DM (SSI transmission length): number of bits in an SSI

protocol, including all bits such as alarm bit and parity bit.

- MD 1031 \$MD_ENC_ABS_TURNS_DIRECT (multiturn): number of resolvable revolutions
 - MD 1032 \$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_DIRECT (singleturn): number of increments per revolution

- MD 1037.Bit 12 \$MD_ENC_CONFIG_DIRECT.Bit 12: parity bit - MD 1037.Bit 14 \$MD_ENC_CONFIG_DIRECT.Bit 14: alarm bit

- Example:

- SSI encoder with 25 bits transmission length, 12 bits multiturn, 12 bits singleturn, one alarm bit:

- \$MD_NO_TRANSMISSION_BITS_DM = 25 - \$MD_ENC_ABS_TURNS_DIRECT = 4096 - \$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_DIRECT = 4096 - \$MD_ENC_CONFIG_DIRECT.Bit 14 = 1 - \$MD_ENC_CONFIG_DIRECT.Bit 12 = 0

Program
Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

301715 Axis %1 drive %2 multiturn SSI direct measuring system invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Configuration faulty for a linear and direct measuring system with SSI: A linear measuring system

cannot have any multiturn information.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Set MD 1031 \$MD_ENC_ABS_TURNS_DIRECT (resolution number revolution) to 0.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

301716 Axis %1 drive %2 SSI direct measuring system without incremental

signals not possible

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: With the present module, it is not possible to use SSI encoders without incremental signals.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Use newer module.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

Remedy:

301717 Axis %1 drive %2 SSI transmission timeout

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The SSI transmission must be completed within an NC clock cycle. This is not possible with its current

parameterization.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Either increase the clock cycle length of the NC or increase the SSI transmission rate (MD 1030

\$MD_ACTUAL_VALUE_CONFIG_DIRECT.Bits 14 and 15).

The following transmission rates are possible: 100 kHz, 500 kHz, 1 MHz and 2 MHz. Caution: It might

be possible that the length of the encoder cable does not allow an increase in frequency!

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

301718 Axis %1 drive %2 combination of motor/power section invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The motor cannot be operated with the power section selected.

Reaction: Mode group not ready. Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

- Check selection of power section. Remedy:

> - Check motor selection. - Use valid power section.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

301719 Axis %1 drive %2 power section data incomplete

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The data for the power section are incomplete:

- Operation of a power section with an FDD motor requires: MD 1178 \$MD_INVERTER_DERATING_SYN (derating factor at 8kHz) - Operation of a power section with an MSD motor requires: MD 1179 \$MD_INVERTER_DERATING_ASYN (derating factor at 8kHz)

- Operation of a power section with a PE MSD motor requires: MD 1179

\$MD_INVERTER_DERATING_ASYN (derating factor at 8kHz)

- MD 1175 \$MD_INVERTER_THERM_CURR_ASYN (limit current power section for PE MSD) - MD 1177 \$MD_INVERTER_RATED_CURR_ASYN (limit current power section for PE MSD).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Carry out new start-up with power section selection or enter the following data:

- Operation of a power section with an FDD motor requires:

- MD 1178 \$MD_INVERTER_DERATING_SYN (derating factor at 8kHz)

- Operation of a power section with an MSD motor requires:

- MD 1179 \$MD_INVERTER_DERATING_ASYN (derating factor at 8kHz)

- Operation of a power section with a PE MSD motor requires:

- MD 1179 \$MD_INVERTER_DERATING_ASYN (derating factor at 8kHz)

- MD 1175 \$MD_INVERTER_THERM_CURR_ASYN (limit current power section for PE MSD)

- MD 1177 \$MD_INVERTER_RATED_CURR_ASYN (limit current power section for PE MSD).

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

310505 Axis %1 drive %2 measuring circuit error of absolute track, code %3

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number %3 = Fine error coding

Definitions:

- Absolute encoder (EQN 1325) Monitoring of the encoder hardware and the EnDat interface

- More accurate diagnostics via MD5023: $MD_ENC_ABS_DIAGNOSIS_MOTOR$ (diagnostics for

absolute track on motor measuring system).

- Bit nos. and their meaning:

- Bit 0 Lighting failed

Bit 1 Signal amplitude too smallBit 2 Code connection error

- Bit 3 Overvoltage- Bit 4 Undervoltage

- Bit 5 Overcurrent

- Bit 6 Battery change necessary

- Bit 7 CRC error (evaluate bit 13), note: see below

- Bit 8 Encoder cannot be used, assignment of absolute track to incremental track not allowed

- Bit 9 C/D track for ERN 1387 encoder incorrect or EQN encoder connected

- Bit 10 Log cannot be aborted

- Bit 11 SSI level detected in data cable

- Bit 12 TIMEOUT while reading measured value

- Bit 13 CRC error (evaluate bit 7), note: see below

- Bit 14 (810D) Wrong IPU submodule for direct measuring system

- Bit 15 Encoder defective

- CRC error: CRC error bit 7 and bit 13, meaning:

- Bit 7: 0, bit 13: 1 CRC error from SIDA-ASIC

- Bit 7:1, bit 13: 0 Control check byte error

- Bit 7: 1, bit 13: 1 Error on correction of absolute track by incremental track

Bits 12 and 15: Zero level monitoring SSIBits 14 and 15: Idle level monitoring SSI

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy:

- Check encoders, encoder lines and connectors between drive motor and 611D module. Check for temporary interruptions (loose contact) caused, for example, by movements in trailing cable. If

necessary, replace the motor cable.

- Incorrect cable type

- Controller hardware not suitable for EnDat interface (e.g. control module with EPROM)

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

310606 Axis %1 drive %2 external valve voltage supply failed

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The external 26.5 V supply is monitored for undervoltage in the closed-loop control.

Check the monitoring criteria:

- Voltage range (average) 26.0 V to 27.0 V

Ripple factor 240 mVssNo voltage failures

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: The external 26.5 V supply is monitored for undervoltage in the closed-loop control.

Check the monitoring criteria:

- Voltage range (average) 26.0 V to 27.0 V

Ripple factor 240 mVssNo voltage failures

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

310607 Axis %1 drive %2 valve not responding

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The valve is not responding to the valve slide setpoint. Cause: valve not connected or valve has no

valve slide checkback signal.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: - Valve without valve slide checkback signal: Modify MD 5530: reset bit 2

- Check the valve connection.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

310608 Axis %1 drive %2 speed controller at limit

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The speed controller output is lying for an impermissibly long time at its limit (MD 5605:

SPEEDCTRL_LIMIT_TIME (speed controller limit time)). The monitoring system is only active when the speed setpoint is below the speed threshold in MD 5606: SPEEDCTRL_LIMIT_THRESHOLD

(speed controller limit threshold).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.
NC Stop on alarm.
Channel not ready.

Remedy: - Is the drive blocked?

Is the encoder connected? (check the encoder cable)Check the shield connection on the encoder cable

- Encoder defective?

- Check the encoder resolution

- The Uce monitoring circuit has been activated (perform a reset by switching the power supply off and on again).

- Replace the control module.

- Modify MD 5605: SPEEDCTRL_LIMIT_TIME and MD 5606: SPEEDCTRL_LIMIT_THRESHOLD in

accordance with the mechanical and dynamic features of the axis.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

310609 Axis %1 drive %2 encoder cut-off frequency exceeded

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Actual velocity value exceeds encoder limit frequency fg,max = 650kHz

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.
NC Stop on alarm.
Channel not ready.

Remedy: - The wrong encoder may be in use.

- Does the number of encoder lines match the setting in MD 5005: ${\tt ENC_RESOL_MOTOR}$ (encoder

resolution for motor measuring system)?
- Is the encoder cable connected correctly?
- Is the encoder cable shield installed flat?

- Replace the encoder.

- Replace the 611D hydraulic module.

- Modify MD 5605: SPEEDCTRL_LIMIT_TIME and MD 5606: SPEEDCTRL_LIMIT_THRESHOLD in

accordance with the mechanical and dynamic features of the axis.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

SIMODRIVE alarms

310610 Axis %1 drive %2 wrong piston position

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The error is triggered if the actual position of the drive is negative.

Cause:

- Incorrect counting direction of actual position on drive side.

- Incorrect piston zero alignment.

- If the drive is referenced and the offset between the piston zero (piston stop at A side) and the machine zero is entered in MD 5040, the piston position in MD 5741 can only indicate positive values

(from zero to piston stroke length).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: The counting direction for the actual position is correct on the drive side if:

1. Pos. setpoint voltage (e.g. function generator) -> cylinder piston travels from A to B. If not: Invert

the actuation signal (change MD 5476 bit 0).

2. Cylinder piston travels from A to B -> v_act (MD 5707) > 0. If not: Invert the actual value (change

MD 5011 bit 0).

Check the piston zero alignment and correct if necessary:

Set MD 5012 bit 14 and bit 15 to zero, save bootfile, reset NCK, perform a reference point approach

and then align the position.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

310611 Axis %1 drive %2 pressure sensor failed

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Power limitation or friction compensation is activated: Modify MD 5241: bit 0 or bit 1 is set and both

actual pressure values are less than 2% of the system pressure in MD 5101: WORKING_PRESSURE

on performance enable.

Cause: Pressure sensor or connecting cable defective.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Check the connection of both pressure sensors.

If no pressure sensors are installed:

- Deactivate the force limitation: Modify MD 5241: reset bit 0

- Deactivate friction compensation: Modify MD 5241: reset bit 1

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

310612 Axis %1 drive %2 force limitation off

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The force limitation is deactivated.

Cause:

The force limitation is deactivated but:
- The NC has defined a force limit or
- Travel to fixed stop is selected.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Activate power limitation: Modify MD 5241: Set bit 0.

Program Clear ala

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels of this mode group. Restart part program.

Continuation:

310701 Axis %1 drive %2 speed controller cycle time invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: In the speed controller cycle drive MD 5001: SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME an impermissible value

has been entered.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Permissible: $62.5\mu s \ll T \ll 500\mu s$

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

310702 Axis %1 drive %2 position controller cycle time invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The monitor in the 611D module has detected a position controller pulse rate which is beyond the

permissible limits.

The conditions for a permissible position controller pulse rate are:

Minimum cycle time: 250µs
 Maximum pulse rate: 4 s

3. The position controller pulse rate must be a multiple of the speed controller cycle given in the drive

MD 5001: SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Change the position controller pulse rate on the NC.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

310703 Axis %1 drive %2 monitoring cycle time invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Monitoring cycle MD 5002: MONITOR_CYCLE_TIME (monitoring cycle) is invalid.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Please refer to the drive functions "FB/DB1" MD 1002.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

310704 Axis %1 drive %2 speed controller cycle times of axes differ

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The speed controller cycle MD 5001: SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME must be identical for both axes on

2-axis modules.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode. Channel not ready. NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Set an identical speed controller cycle MD 5001: SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME for both axes.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

310705 Axis %1 drive %2 monitoring cycle times of axes differ

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The monitoring cycle MD 5002: MONITOR_CYCLE_TIME must be identical for both axes on 2-axis

modules.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Modify MD 5002: MONITOR_CYCLE_TIME for both axes.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

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Overview of Alarms 11/2006

SIMODRIVE alarms

310706 Axis %1 drive %2 maximum working speed invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Because of the high maximum motor speed in the drive MD 5401: DRIVE_MAX_SPEED and the

speed controller cycle in MD 5001: SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME sufficiently high speeds can occur to

cause a format overflow.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Reduce the maximum working speed in MD 5401: DRIVE_MAX_SPEED or set a smaller speed

controller cycle in MD 5001: SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

310707 Axis %1 drive %2 STS configuration of axes differ

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The configuration of the control block MD 5003: STS_CONFIG (STS configuration) must be identical

for both axes on 2-axis modules.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check drive MD 5003: STS_CONFIG (STS configuration) and set the bits for the two axes of the

module so that they are the same. (Do not change the default setting - this corresponds to the optimum

configuration).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

310708 Axis %1 drive %2 number of encoder marks of measuring system invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The number of encoder marks of the motor measuring system in the drive MD 5005:

 ${\tt ENC_RESOL_MOTOR} \ (number \ of \ encoder \ marks \ of \ the \ motor \ measuring \ system) \ is \ zero \ or \ greater$

than the maximum input limit.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Match the number of encoder marks of the motor measuring system in drive MD 5005:

ENC_RESOL_MOTOR (number of encoder marks of the motor measuring system) to the encoder in use. (Default setting for motor measuring system: (Default setting for motor measuring system: 2048

incr./rev.).

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

310709 Axis %1 drive %2 error in piston diameter or piston rod diameter

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The piston diameter in drive MD 5131: CYLINDER_PISTON_DIAMETER is less than or equal to zero

or the piston rod diameter in drive MD 5132: CYLINDER_PISTON_ROD_A_DIAMETER is greater than the piston diameter in drive MD 5131: CYLINDER_PISTON_DIAMETER or the piston rod diameter in drive MD 5133: CYLINDER_PISTON_ROD_B_DIAMETER is greater than the piston

diameter in drive MD 5131: CYLINDER_PISTON_DIAMETER.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Enter a valid piston diameter in drive MD 5131: CYLINDER_PISTON_DIAMETER (0 < D <= 500mm).

or Enter a piston rod diameter in drive MD 5132: CYLINDER_PISTON_ROD_A_DIAMETER which is less than the piston diameter in drive MD 5131: CYLINDER_PISTON_DIAMETER or Enter a piston rod diameter in drive MD 5133: CYLINDER_PISTON_ROD_B_DIAMETER which is less than the

piston diameter in drive MD 5131: CYLINDER_PISTON_DIAMETER.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

310710 Axis %1 drive %2 distance-coded scale incorrectly parameterized

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: If a distance-coded scale is selected (MD 5011 bit 7=1) a length measuring system must also be

configured (MD 5011 bit 4=1).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Check and, if necessary, correct MD 5011: ACTUAL_VALUE_CONFIG (actual value sensing

configuration).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

310750 Axis %1 drive %2 feedforward gain too high

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The feedforward control gain is calculated from the reciprocal of the gain in drive MD 5435:

CONTROLLED_SYSTEM_GAIN.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Increase the speed controller cycle time in MD 5001: SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME.

Reduce the force controller feedforward factor in MD 5247: FORCE_FFW_WEIGHT.

Increase the gain in MD 5435: CONTROLED_SYSTEM_GAIN.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

SIMODRIVE alarms

310751 Axis %1 drive %2 proportional gain for speed controller too high

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The P gain of the speed controller is too high:

- Modify MD 5406: SPEEDCTRL_GAIN_A (gain on A-side of cylinder edge)

- or MD 5407: SPEEDCTRL_GAIN (gain for piston adjustment with lowest natural frequency)

- or MD 5408: SPEEDCTRL_GAIN_B (gain on B-side of cylinder edge)

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Enter a smaller value for the P gain of the speed controller:

- Modify MD 5406: SPEEDCTRL_GAIN_A (gain on A-side of cylinder edge)

- or MD 5407: SPEEDCTRL_GAIN (gain for piston adjustment with lowest natural frequency)

- or MD 5408: SPEEDCTRL_GAIN_B (gain on B-side of cylinder edge) Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

Program Continuation:

oreal alam market (2021 no) in all orial molecules part program

310752 Axis %1 drive %2 integral gain for speed controller invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The integral gain in MD 5409: SPEEDCTRL_INTEGRATOR_TIME cannot be represented.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Modify MD 5409: SPEEDCTRL_INTEGRATOR_TIME.

Program Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

SIMODRIVE alarms

310753 Axis %1 drive %2 D component for speed controller invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The D component of the speed controller is too high:

- Modify MD 5431: SPEEDCTRL_DIFF_TIME_A (gain on A-side of cylinder edge)

- or MD 5432: SPEEDCTRL_DIFF_TIME (gain for piston adjustment with lowest natural frequency)

- or MD 5433: SPEEDCTRL_DIFF_TIME_B (gain on B-side of cylinder edge)

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Enter a smaller value for the D component of the speed controller:

- Modify MD 5431: SPEEDCTRL_DIFF_TIME_A (gain on A-side of cylinder edge)

- or MD 5432: SPEEDCTRL_DIFF_TIME (gain for piston adjustment with lowest natural frequency)

- or MD 5433: SPEEDCTRL_DIFF_TIME_B (gain on B-side of cylinder edge)

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

310754 Axis %1 drive %2 friction compensation gradient too high

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: Reduce the friction compensation gradient component MD 5460: FRICTION_COMP_GRADIENT is

too high.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Reduce the friction compensation gradient component MD 5460: FRICTION_COMP_GRADIENT.

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

Program

Continuation:

310755 Axis %1 drive %2 area factor too high

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The positive area factor in drive MD 5462 AREA_FACTOR_POS_OUTPUT is too high or the negative

area factor in drive MD 5463 AREA_FACTOR_NEG_OUTPUT is too high.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.
Interface signals are set.
Alarm display.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Select a smaller value for the positive area factor in drive MD 5462 AREA_FACTOR_POS_OUTPUT

or select a smaller value for the negative area factor in drive MD 5463

AREA_FACTOR_NEG_OUTPUT.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

SIMODRIVE alarms

310756 Axis %1 drive %2 controlled system gain is less than or equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The controlled system gain in drive MD 5435: CONTROLLED_SYSTEM_GAIN is less than or equal

to zero.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Enter a valid controlled system gain in drive MD 5435: CONTROLLED_SYSTEM_GAIN (see model

data calculations).

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

310757 Axis %1 drive %2 blocking frequency > Shannon frequency

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The blocking frequency of a speed setpoint filter or manipulated variable filter is greater than the

Shannon sampling frequency from the sampling theorem.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: - The blocking frequency in drive MD 5514: SPEED_FILTER_1_SUPPR_FREQ

or in drive MD 5210: OUTPUT_VCTRL_FIL_1_SUP_FREQ
 or in drive MD 5213: OUTPUT_VCTRL_FIL_2_SUP_FREQ
 or in drive MD 5268: FFW_FCTRL_FIL_1_SUP_FREQ

- or in drive MD 5288: OUTPUT_FIL_1_SUP_FREQ must be less than the reciprocal value of two speed controller cycle times MD 5001: SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME, i.e. less than 1 / (2 * MD 5001 *

31.25 microsec).

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

310758 Axis %1 drive %2 natural frequency > Shannon frequency

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The natural frequency of a speed setpoint filter is greater than the Shannon sampling frequency from

the sampling theorem.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: The natural frequency in Hz of a speed setpoint filter must be less than the reciprocal value of two

speed controller cycles.

Speed filter:

MD 5520 * 0.01 * MD 5514 < 1 / (2 * MD 5001 * 31.25 microsec) - BSP natural frequency drive MD 5520: SPEED_FILTER_1_BS_FREQ - BSP blocking frequency drive MD 5514: SPEED_FILTER_1_SUPPR_FREQ - Speed controller cycle drive MD 5001: SPEEDCTRL_CYCLE_TIME

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

310759 Axis %1 drive %2 bandwidth numerator larger than double blocking

frequency

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The bandwidth numerator of a speed or manipulated variable setpoint filter is greater than twice the

blocking frequency.

This error message is only issued for the general bandstop filter if:

- Speed filter 1: - MD 5516 > 0.0 or - MD 5520 <> 100.0

- Manipulated variable filter 1:

- MD 5212 > 0.0

- Manipulated variable filter 2:

- MD 5215 > 0.0

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: The bandwidth numerator must be less than twice the blocking frequency.

Speed filter 1:

- BSP bandwidth numerator drive MD 5516: SPEED_FILTER_1_BW_NUMERATOR

- BSP blocking frequency drive MD 5514: SPEED_FILTER_1_SUPPR_FREQ, MD 5516 <= 2 * MD

5514

Manipulated variable filter 1:

- BSP bandwidth numerator drive MD 5212: OUTPUT_VCTRL_FIL_1_BW_NUM

- BSP blocking frequency drive MD 5210: OUTPUT_VCTRL_FIL_1_SUP_FREQ, MD 5212 <= 2 * MD

5210

Manipulated variable filter 2:

- BSP bandwidth numerator drive MD 5215: OUTPUT_VCTRL_FIL_2_BW_NUM

- BSP blocking frequency drive MD 5213: OUTPUT_VCTRL_FIL_2_SUP_FREQ, MD 5215 <= 2 * MD

5213

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

310760 Axis %1 drive %2 bandwidth denominator greater than double natural

frequency

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The bandwidth denominator of a speed or manipulated variable setpoint filter is greater than twice the

natural frequency.

This error message is only issued for the general bandstop filter if:

- Speed filter 1: - MD 5516 > 0.0 or - MD 5520 <> 100.0

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: The bandwidth denominator of a speed or manipulated variable setpoint filter must be less than twice

the natural frequency.

- Speed filter 1:

- BSP bandwidth drive MD 5515: SPEED_FILTER_1_BANDWIDTH

- BSP blocking frequency drive MD 5514: SPEED_FILTER_1_SUPPR_FREQ

- BSP natural frequency drive MD 5520: SPEED_FILTER_1_BS_FREQ, MD5515 <= 2 * MD 5514 *

0.01 * MD 5520

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

Continuation:

310761 Axis %1 drive %2 proportional gain of force controller too high

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The P gain of the force controller MD 5242: FORCECTRL_GAIN is too high.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Enter a smaller value for the P gain of the force controller MD 5242: FORCECTRL_GAIN.

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

SIMODRIVE alarms

310762 Axis %1 drive %2 integral gain for force controller invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The integral gain in MD 5244: FORCECTRL_INTEGRATOR_TIME cannot be represented.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Modify MD 5244: FORCECTRL_INTEGRATOR_TIME.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

310763 Axis %1 drive %2 D component of force controller invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The D component of the force controller MD 5246: FORCECTRL_DIFF_TIME is too high.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode. Channel not ready. NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Enter a smaller value for the D component of the force controller MD 5246:

FORCECTRL_DIFF_TIME.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

310764 Axis %1 drive %2 controlled system gain for force controller is less than

or equal to zero

%1 = NC axis number Parameters:

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The controlled system gain for the force controller in drive MD 5240

FORCECONTROLLED_SYSTEM_GAIN is less than or equal to zero.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: Set a valid controlled system gain in drive MD 5240 FORCECONTROLLED_SYSTEM_GAIN (see

model data calculations).

Program

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

SIMODRIVE alarms

310771 Axis %1 drive %2 gain in fine area of valve characteristic is less than or

equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The gradient in the fine area of the valve characteristic is less than or equal to zero.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: The gradient in the fine area is calculated as follows:

Positive quadrant: (MD 5464 - MD 5480) / (MD 5465 -5481)
 Negative quadrant: (MD 5467 - MD 5483) / (MD 5468 - 5484)

Enter a valid combination in the above drive MD.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

310772 Axis %1 drive %2 gain in rough area of valve characteristic is less than or

equal to zero

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The gradient in the coarse area of the valve characteristic is less than or equal to zero.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: The gradient in the coarse area is calculated as follows:

Positive quadrant: (MD 5485 - MD 5464) / (MD 5486 -5465)
 Negative quadrant: (MD 5487 - MD 5467) / (MD 5488 - 5468)

Enter a valid combination in the above drive MD.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

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SIMODRIVE alarms

310773 Axis %1 drive %2 gain at end of saturation area of valve characteristic is

less than or equal to zero

%1 = NC axis number Parameters:

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The gradient at the end of the saturation area of the valve characteristic is less than or equal to zero.

The saturation area is rounded by a parabola. The parabola has a maximum in the saturation area

and can therefore not be inverted.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: The gradient at the end of the saturation area is calculated as follows:

- Positive quadrant: 2 * (1.0 - MD 5485) / (1.0 - MD 5486) - (MD 5485 - MD 5464) / (MD 5486 -5465)

- Negative quadrant: 2 * (1.0 - MD 5487) / (1.0 - MD 5488) - (MD 5487 - MD 5467) / (MD 5488 - 5468)

Enter a valid combination in the above drive MD.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

310774 Axis %1 drive %2 zero area and knee area of valve characteristic overlap

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The zero area and the knee area of the valve characteristic overlap.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

The zero area and the knee area overlap if: Remedv:

- Positive quadrant: (MD 5481 + MD 5482) > (MD 5465 - 5466) - Negative quadrant: (MD 5484 + MD 5482) > (MD 5468 - 5466)

Enter a valid combination in the above drive MD.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

SIMODRIVE alarms

310775 Axis %1 drive %2 knee area and saturation area of valve characteristic

overlap

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The knee area and the saturation area of the valve characteristic overlap.

Reaction: NC not ready.

The NC switches to follow-up mode.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm. Channel not ready.

Remedy: The knee area and the saturation area overlap if:

Positive quadrant: (MD 5465 + MD 5466) > MD 5486
 Negative quadrant: (MD 5468 + MD 5466) > MD 5488

Enter a valid combination in the above drive MD.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key in all channels. Restart part program.

311710 Axis %1 drive %2 resolution SSI motor measuring system invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The configuration of the motor measuring system for an SSI encoder is incorrect: MD 5022

\$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_MOTOR must not be 0.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Set MD 5022 \$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_MOTOR to correct value:

Rotary encoder: Singleturn resolution (increments per revolution).
Linear encoder: Resolution of an increment (in nanometers).

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

311711 Axis %1 drive %2 transmission length SSI motor measuring system

invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The configuration of the motor measuring system for an SSI encoder is incorrect: MD 5028

\$MD_NO_TRANSMISSION_BITS (SSI frame length) is smaller than the number of all parameterized

bits in MD 5021 \$MD_ENC_ABS_TURNS_MOTOR (multiturn), MD 5022

\$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_MOTOR (singleturn) and MD 5027 \$MD_ENC_CONFIG bit 14 (alarm bit)

and MD 5027 \$MD_ENC_CONFIG bit 12 (parity bit).

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Set parameters correctly for all associated machine data:

- MD 5028 $MD_NO_TRANSMISSION_BITS$ (SSI frame length): number of bits in an SSI protocol,

including all bits, such as alarm bit/parity bit

- MD 5021 \$MD_ENC_ABS_TURNS_MOTOR (ultiturn): number of resolvable revolutions
 - MD 5022 \$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_MOTOR (singleturn): number of increments per revolution

- MD 5027.Bit 12 \$MD_ENC_CONFIG.Bit 12: parity bit

- MD 5027.Bit 14 \$MD_ENC_CONFIG.Bit 14: alarm bit

Example:

SSI encoder with 25 bits message frame length, 12 bits multiturn, 12 bits singleturn, one alarm bit:

- \$MD_NO_TRANSMISSION_BITS = 25 - \$MD_ENC_ABS_TURNS_MOTOR = 4096

- \$MD_ENC_ABS_RESOL_MOTOR = 4096

- \$MD_ENC_CONFIG.Bit 14 = 1

- \$MD_ENC_CONFIG.Bit 12 = 0

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

311712 Axis %1 drive %2 multiturn SSI motor measuring system invalid

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: The configuration of a linear SSI motor measuring system is incorrect: A linear measuring system

cannot have any multiturn information.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Set MD 5021 \$MD_ENC_ABS_TURN_MOTOR (number of representable revolutions) to 0.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

SIMODRIVE alarms

311716 Axis %1 drive %2 SSI measuring system without incremental signals not

possible

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: With the present module, it is not possible to use SSI encoders without incremental signals.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set. Alarm display.

NC Stop on alarm.
Use newer module.
Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

Remedy:

Program

311717 Axis %1 drive %2 SSI transmission timeout

Parameters: %1 = NC axis number

%2 = Drive number

Definitions: SSI transmission must be able to finish within one position control cycle. This is not possible with its

current parameterization.

Reaction: Mode group not ready.

Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display. NC Stop on alarm.

Remedy: Either increase the position control cycle of the NC or increase the SSI transmission rate (MD 5011

\$MD_ACTUAL_VALUE_CONFIG bits 14 and 15).

The following transmission rates are possible: 100 kHz, 500 kHz, 1 MHz and 2 MHz. Caution: It might

be possible that the length of the encoder cable does not allow an increase in frequency!

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

380001 Profibus-DP: startup error, reason %1 parameter %2 %3 %4.

Parameters: %1 = Cause of the error

%2 = Parameter 1 %3 = Parameter 2 %4 = Parameter 3

Definitions: An error occurred during startup of the PROFIBUS DP master.

Overview: Cause of the error, Par 1, Par 2, Par 3:

- 01 = DPM version, DPM version, DPA version, --
- 02 = DPM ramp-up timeout, DPM actual value status, DPM setpoint value status, --
- 03 = DPM ramp-up status, DPM actual value status, DPM setpoint value status, DPM error code
- 04 = DPM ramp-up error, DPM actual value status, DPM setpoint value status, DPM error code
- 05 = DPM-PLL sync error, --, --, --
- 07 = alarm queue too long, Actual number, Setpoint number, --
- 08 = unknown client, Client ID, --, --
- 09 = Client version, Client ID, Client version, DPA version
- 10 = too many clients, Client number, Max. number of clients, --
- 11 = log.basic address used several times; bus no.; slot no.; log.basic address --
- 20 = PB slave address used several times, slave address --
- 21 = PB slave address unknown, slave address, --
- 22 = Erroneous configuration telegram, slave address, error code, --
- 23 = OMI incompatible (data), Version drive, Version CDA --
- 24 = OMI incompatible (driver), Version drive, Version CDA --
- 25 = CPI initialization failed, error code
- 26 = reserved
- 27 = reserved
- 28 = reserved
- 29 = reserviert
- Digit position 1000 of the error cause = number of the affected bus

Clients are the following components of the control system that use the PROFIBUS DP:

Client ID = 1: PLC Client ID = 2: NCK

The following can be causes:

- Error in contents of SDB-Type-2000
- Corruption of parts of system program
- Hardware defect on NC component

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Remedy for 1-11

- 1. Check the control project (especially SDB-Type-2000); check MD 11240 and reload it when using a user-specific SDB.
- 2. If the error still occurs, back up data and restart the control with the standard values as per the asdelivered condition.
- 3. In case of correct ramp-up, gradually reload the user data.
- 4. If the error still occurs during ramp-up with standard values, reboot the system from the PC card or execute a software update.
- 5. If the error still occurs, replace the hardware.

Remedy for 20-21

1. Check/correct the PROFIBUS addresses of the connected slaves.

Remedy for 22

See SINAMICS warning 1903 for a description of the meaning behind the error codes.

- 1. Control the SDB
- Control type and length of the telegram
- Match slot assignment with P978
- 2. Evaluate the drive alarms/warnings

Remedy for 23-24

1. Software replacement required

Remedy for 25

- 1. Change the telegram type
- 2. Reduce the number of slots
- 3. Reduce the number of slaves

SIMODRIVE alarms

- 4. Create a new SDB
- 5. Software replacement required

If the error is not removed after this procedure, contact the control manufacturer and provide the error text

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

380003 Profibus-DP: operating error, reason %1, parameter %2 %3 %4.

Parameters: %1 = Cause of the error

%2 = Parameter 1 %3 = Parameter 2 %4 = Parameter 3

Definitions: An operating error occurred on the PROFIBUS DP in cyclic mode.

Overview: Cause of the error, Par 1, Par 2, Par 3: - 01 = unknown alarm, alarm class, logical address, --

- 02 = DPM cycle timeout, DPM actual value status, DPM setpoint value status, --
- 03 = DPM cycle status, DPM actual value status, DPM setpoint value status, DPM error code
 04 = DPM cycle error, DPM actual value status, DPM setpoint value status, DPM error code
- 05 = client not registered, client number, max. number of clients, --
- 06 = synchronisation error, number of sync violation, --, --
- 07 = spinlock timeout, PLC spinlock, NCK spinlock
- Digit 1000 of the error cause = number of the affected bus

Alarm class: (see alarm 380 060) The following can be primary causes:

- For error cause 01: Data transfer error on PROFIBUS DP
- For error cause 02, 03, 04: Error in contents of SDB-Type-2000
- For error cause 02, 03, 04, 05, 07: Corruption of parts of system program
- For error cause 06: The PCI bus cycle does not match the expected rate and synchronization is not possible for this reason. The correct PCI bus cycle must be entered.

The error can also be caused by a hardware problem on the MCI module.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - For error cause 01:

- Check the electrical and fault-related specifications for PROFIBUS DP, assess the cable installation
- Check the terminating resistors of the PROFIBUS connectors (ON setting at end of cable, otherwise

OFF setting required)

- Check slave
- For error cause 02, 03, 04:
- Check SDB-Type-2000
- For error cause 02, 03, 04, 05, 07:
- Follow the procedure described for troubleshooting alarm 380 001
- For error cause 06:
- The correct PCI bus cycle must be entered.

If the error cannot be eliminated by this procedure, please make a note of the error text and contact

the control system manufacturer.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart part program

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380005 Profibus-DP: bus %3 access conflict, type %1, counter %2

Parameters: %1 = Conflict type

%2 = Serial number within a conflict sequence

%3 = Number of the affected bus

Definitions: An access conflict occurred on the PROFIBUS DP in cyclic mode: The NCK attempted to write data

to the bus or to read from the bus while cyclic data transfer was active. This can lead to data integrity

problems.

Type 1: Cyclic transfer has not finished on the PROFIBUS when the NCK attempts to read data. Type 2: The NCK has not finished writing data when cyclic transfer begins again. Counter %2 contains a serial number starting at 1. A maximum of 10 alarms are output in succession. If no conflicts occur

in a DP cycle, the counter is reset and new alarms are output again on the next conflict.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: - Check the timing again, in particular ensure that the settings in SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME and

POSCTRL_CYCLE_DELAY are correct: POSCTRL_CYCLE_DELAY must be larger for type 1.

POSCTRL_CYCLE_DELAY must be smaller for type 2.

- If alarm-free operation cannot be achieved with any POSCTRL_CYCLE_DELAY setting,

SYSCLOCK_CYCLE_TIME must be increased.

- If the error cannot be eliminated by this procedure, please make a note of the error text and contact

the control system manufacturer.

Program Continuation:

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

380020 PROFIBUS DP: bus %3 SDB %4 error %1 source %2

Parameters: %1 = Error

%2 = SDB source %3 = Bus number %4 = SDB number

Definitions: Error in SDB for configuring PROFIBUS DP.

Causes of the error:

- 01 = SDB does not exist in source.- 02 = SDB from source is too large.

- 03 = SDB from source cannot be activated.

- 04 = source is empty.- 05 = source is not present.

SDB source:

99 = passive file system: _N_SDB_DIR
100 = CF card: /siemens/sinumerik/sdb/...
101 = CF card: /addon/sinumerik/sdb/...
102 = CF card: /oem/sinumerik/sdb/...

- 103 = CF card: /user/sinumerik/sdb/...

Reaction: PROFIBUS DP is inactive or working with default SDB.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: - Check the setting of MD 11240.

- If source = 100: Check directory _N_SDB_DIR in the passive file system.

- If source = 103-106: Check directories on CF card

Program Continuation:

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380021 Profibus-DP: default SDB-Type-2000 was loaded

No user-specific SDB-Type-2000 exists. The default SDB was loaded during startup. Without process **Definitions:**

peripherals, the NC is reasy for a start-up. The alarm is triggered the first time the NC is switched on

or once if the SDB stored in the supported RAM is lost.

Reaction:

Remedy: Create the user-specific SDB-Type-2000 and load it on the control system, or select and activate it via

MD 11240 standard SDB. Restart the NC. If the error occurs the next time the NC is switched on, the

SDB which was loaded contains an error and must be created again.

Program Continuation: Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

380022 PROFIBUS DP: configuration of DP master bus %1 has been changed

Parameters: %1 = Number of the affected bus

Definitions: The PROFIBUS configuration on the DP master was changed during operation, e.g. by downloading

a new hardware configuration via Step7. Since it is possible that the cycle data have changed,

operation cannot be continued and a warm start is required.

If the DP master functionality is within the PLC (as on the 840Di), the PLC will have been stopped for

the download and alarm 2000 (PLC sign-of-life) output.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: NCK restart

If the error cannot be eliminated by this procedure, please make a note of the error text and contact

the control system manufacturer.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

380040 PROFIBUS DP: bus %3, configuration error %1, parameter %2

Parameters: %1 = Cause of the error

%2 = Parameter

%3 = Number of the affected bus

Definitions: The PROFIBUS DP was not generated in the SDB in accordance with the configuration specifications

of the NC in use.

Overview: Cause of the error, Par 1:

- 01 = SDB contains slave without diagnostics slot, slave address

- 02 = SDB contains too many slot entries, identifier
- 03 = SDB contains no equidistance data, no fct.

- 04 = PNIO: SDB contains different Tdp (also TDC) on a device
- 05 = PNIO: SDB contains different Tmapc (also CACF) on a device

- 06 = PNIO: SDB contains different TI on a device
 - 07 = PNIO: SDB contains different TO on a device

- 20 = SDB contains too many slaves, number of slaves.

- 21 = SDB missing or contains invalid data, error code.

- 22 = SDB configuration data erroneous, slave address, error code

- 23 = reserved - 24 = reserved - 25 = reserved - 26 = reserved - 27 = reserved - 28 = reserved - 29 = reserved

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Check that the corresponding SDB

- contains a diagnostic slot for every slave and

- contains only slave entries relevant to the application.

In general, it is possible to include a superset of slaves in the SDB that are partially relevant for different end versions of the product. However, this overloads the NC memory and runtime capacity and should therefore be avoided in general.

If this alarm occurs, it is necessary to reduce the SDB to a minimum.

If the code for the error cause is 03, check that equidistance is activated in the SDB (using STEP7 HW

config).

If the alarm continues to occur, please make a note of the error text and contact the control system

manufacturer.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

380050 Profibus-DP: multiple assignment of inputs on address %1

Parameters: %1 = Logical address

Multiple assignments of input data have been detected in the logical address space. Logical address: **Definitions:**

Base address of the address area defined several times

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

The address partitioning should be checked as follows: Remedy:

Check for multiple assignments in the following machine data:

- MD 13050[1] - MD 13050[n]: n = highest axis index on control system

- MD 12970, 12971: PLC address area for digital inputs - MD 12978, 12979: PLC address area for analog inputs

If no inconsistencies can be found in the parameters, compare the machine data with the configuration in SDB-Type-2000. In particular, check that the lengths configured for the individual slots do not result in area overlaps. When you find the cause of the error, change the machine data and/or SDB.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

380051 Profibus-DP: multiple assignment of outputs on address %1

Parameters: %1 = Logical address

Definitions: Multiple assignments of input data have been detected in the logical address space. Logical address:

Base address of the address area defined several times

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel.

Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: The address partitioning should be checked as follows:

Check for multiple assignments in the following machine data:

- MD 13050[1] - MD 13050[n]: n = highest axis index on control system

- MD 12974, 12975: PLC address area for digital outputs

- MD 12982, 12983: PLC address area for analog outputs

If no inconsistencies can be found in the parameters, compare the machine data with the configuration in SDB-Type-2000. In particular, check that the lengths configured for the individual slots do not result in area overlaps. When you find the cause of the error, change the machine data and/or SDB.

Program Continuation: Switch control OFF - ON.

380060 Profibus-DP: alarm %1 on logical address %2 from unassigned station

Parameters: %1 = Alarm class

%2 = Logical address

Definitions: SDB-Type-2000 contains a slave which is not assigned in the NC via the MD parameters (see the help

for alarm 380050/051). The slave is also connected to the PROFIBUS DP. An alarm has been

triggered by a slave of this type.

Alarm class:

- 01 = Station return (or arrival)

- 02 = Station failure

Operation with the NC is not possible.

Reaction: Alarm display.

- Enter machine data or Remedy:

- Modify SDB or

- Disconnect the slave from PROFIBUS DP or

- Acknowledge the alarm.

Program

Clear alarm with the Delete key or NC START.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

SIMODRIVE alarms

380070 Profibus DP: no input slot available for base address %1 (length %2)

Parameters: %1 = Logical base address of the requested area

%2 = Size of the area in bytes

Definitions: An incorrect logical base address was specified for a digital or analog input. Either no slot has been

configured for this base address or the requested area extends beyond the end of the slot.

Length=1 indicates a digital input. Length=2 indicates a analog input.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter correct base addresses in the machine data:

For length=1: Correct machine data MN_HW_ASSIGN_DIG_FASTIN.
 For length=2: Correct machine data MN_HW_ASSIGN_ANA_FASTIN.

NCK restart

If the error cannot be eliminated by this procedure, please make a note of the error text and contact

the control system manufacturer.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

380071 Profibus DP: no output slot available for base address %1 (size %2)

Parameters: %1 = Logical base address of the requested area

%2 = Size of the area in bytes

Definitions: An incorrect logical base address was specified for a digital or analog input. Either no slot has been

configured for this base address or the requested area extends beyond the end of the slot.

For length =1 it is a digital output, For length =2 it is an analog output.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter correct base addresses in the machine data:

- For length=1: Correct machine data MN_HW_ASSIGN_DIG_FASTOUT. - For length=2: Correct machine data MN_HW_ASSIGN_ANA_FASTOUT.

- NCK restart

If the error cannot be eliminated by this procedure, please make a note of the error text and contact

the control system manufacturer.

Program Continuation:

SIMODRIVE alarms

380072 Profibus DP: output slot for base address %1 (size %2) not allowed

Parameters: %1 = Logical base address of the requested area

%2 = Size of the area in bytes

Definitions: An incorrect logical base address was set for a digital or analog output, the area is resides in the

access range of the PLC (PIQ, base addresses < 256).

For length =1 it is a digital output, For length =2 it is an analog output.

Reaction: Channel not ready.

NC Start disable in this channel. Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: Only use addresses >= 256 for output slots.

Enter correct base addresses in the machine data:

- For length=1: Correct machine data MN_HW_ASSIGN_DIG_FASTOUT. - For length=2: Correct machine data MN_HW_ASSIGN_ANA_FASTOUT.

- NCK restart

If the error cannot be eliminated by this procedure, please make a note of the error text and contact

the control system manufacturer.

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

380075 PROFIBUS DP: DP I/O failure bus %2 slave %1

Parameters: %1 = Slave address

%2 = Number of the affected bus

Definitions: Failure of a PROFIBUS slot used by the NCK for digital or analog I/O.

Reaction: Alarm display

Remedy: Check that the PROFIBUS slave is operating correctly (all slaves must be included in the bus, green

LED).

Program Continuation:

Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

380500 Profibus-DP: fault on drive %1, code %2, value %3, time %4

Parameters: %1 = Axis

%2 = Fault code of drive (P824) %3 = Fault value of drive (P826) %4 = Fault time of drive (P948/P825)

Definitions: Contents of fault memory of assigned drive.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: See drive documentation for fault codes/fault values.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Continuation:

380501 PROFIBUS DP: fault on bus, slave, DO-ld %1, code %2, value %3, time %4

Parameters: %1 = 8 bit bus number, 8 bit slave number, 16 bit DO-ld

%2 = Fault code of drive (P947) %3 = Fault value of the drive (P949) %4 = Fault time of the drive (P948)

Definitions: Contents of the fault memory of the assigned slave.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: See drive documentation for fault codes/fault values.

Program Alarm display showing cause of alarm disappears. No further operator action necessary.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

SIMODRIVE alarms

380502 PROFIBUS DP: bus %1, slave %2 configuration changed

Parameters: %1 = Bus number

%2 = Slave address

Definitions: The PB bus configuration has changed.

Causes:
- Initial start-up

- New PB slave recognized on the bus

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: In order to operate the bus with the new configuration, an additional restart will be required.

Program

Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

380503 PROFIBUS DP: bus %1 configuration changed

Parameters: %1 = Bus number

Definitions: A new SDB2000 with a modified configuration was provided.

The new settings will be activated only at the next ramp-up of PROFIBUS.

Reaction: Interface signals are set.

Alarm display.

Remedy: In order to operate the bus with the new configuration, an additional restart will be required.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

PLC alarms

2.4 PLC ALARMS

400102 Delete DB 2 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400103 Delete DB 3 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400106 Delete DB 6 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400109 Delete DB 9 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400111 Delete DB 11 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400120 Delete DB 20 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400121 Delete DB 21 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

PLC alarms

400122 Delete DB 22 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded. Remedy:

Program Continuation:

Internal

400123 Delete DB 23 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400124 Delete DB 24 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400125 Delete DB 25 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400126 Delete DB 26 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400127 Delete DB 27 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400128 Delete DB 28 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded. Remedy:

Program

Internal Continuation:

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PLC alarms

400129 Delete DB 29 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded. Remedy:

Program Continuation:

Internal

400130 Delete DB 30 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400131 Delete DB 31 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400132 Delete DB 32 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Internal **Program**

Continuation:

400133 Delete DB 33 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400134 Delete DB 34 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400135 Delete DB 35 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded. Remedy:

Program Internal

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

PLC alarms

400136 Delete DB 36 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded. Remedy:

Program

Internal Continuation:

400137 Delete DB 37 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400138 Delete DB 38 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400139 Delete DB 39 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400140 Delete DB 40 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400141 Delete DB 41 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400142 Delete DB 42 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded. Remedy:

Program Internal

PLC alarms

400143 Delete DB 43 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded. Remedy:

Program Continuation:

Internal

400144 Delete DB 44 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400145 Delete DB 45 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400146 Delete DB 46 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Internal **Program**

Continuation:

400147 Delete DB 47 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400148 Delete DB 48 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400149 Delete DB 49 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded. Remedy:

Program Internal

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

PLC alarms

400150 Delete DB 50 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded. Remedy:

Program Continuation:

Internal

400151 Delete DB 51 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400152 Delete DB 52 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400153 Delete DB 53 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400154 Delete DB 54 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400155 Delete DB 55 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400156 Delete DB 56 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded. Remedy:

Program Internal

PLC alarms

400157 Delete DB 57 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded. Remedy:

Program Continuation:

Internal

400158 Delete DB 58 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400159 Delete DB 59 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400160 Delete DB 60 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Internal **Program**

Continuation:

400161 Delete DB 61 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400171 Delete DB 71 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400172 Delete DB 72 in the PLC and restart

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

See the machine manufacturer's information. Remedy:

Program Internal

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

PLC alarms

400173 Delete DB 73 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded. Remedy:

Program Continuation:

Internal

400174 Delete DB 74 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400176 Delete DB 76 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400177 Delete DB 77 in the PLC and restart

Definitions: The DB created by the basic program and the existing DB differ in size.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Displayed DB must be deleted via STEP7. Possibly max. program size of the user program exceeded.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400201 PLC STOP due to DB loading in the RUN state: DB%Z

Parameters: %Z = Data block

Definitions: An existing DB was reloaded in the RUN state.

Reaction: Alarm display. Remedy: Restart required. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

400202 Access error

Definitions: The data could not be accessed

Reaction: Alarm display. Remedy: System error

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

400250 NCK sign-of-life monitoring

Definitions: NCK has not contacted the PLC during cyclic operation. Timer of FB1 parameter NCCyclTimeout was

executed without retrigger.

Reaction: Alarm display Remedy: NCK restart **Program** Internal

PLC alarms

400251 NCK has not started up

Definitions: NCK has not contacted the PLC.

NCK has not ramped up.

Acknowledgement error during ramp-up: the time limit entered in OB1 / FB1 under parameter address

MCP1Cycl or MCP2Cycl has been exceeded.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Enter the default values in FB1 correctly.

Carry out a general NCK reset and restart.

Increase the time values in FB1.

Program

Internal

Continuation:

400252 Error in internal communication with NCK

Definitions: An error has occured during data transmission between the PLC and the NCK (FM-NC only).

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: NCK restart
Program Internal

Continuation:

400253 PLC STOP because of SPL system error

Definitions: After the interruption of the communication between the NCK and the PLC with regard to the SPL data

cross-check, the PLC was switched to STOP with a delay of 5 s.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Do no longer start SPL. Check the system components (PLC must be provided with the correct version

of FB15 and with DB18).

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

400255 Sign of life monitoring NCK2

Definitions: NCK2 has not contacted the PLC during cyclic operation. Timer of FB1 parameter NCCyclTimeout

was executed without retrigger. (FM-NC only).

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: NCK restart
Program Internal

Continuation:

400256 NCK2 has not run up

Definitions: NCK2 has not run up. NCK has not contacted the PLC. Timer of FB1 parameter NCRunupTimeout

has expired. (FM-NC only).

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: General NCK reset and restart.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400257 Error in internal communication with NCK2

Definitions: An error has occured during data transmission between the PLC and the NCK. (FM-NC only)

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: NCK restart
Program Internal

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

PLC alarms

400260 Failure of machine control panel 1

Definitions: Machine control panel (MCP) at machine control panel interface 1 has failed. Timer of FB1 parameter

MCP1Timeout has expired.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the connection to the MCP. Do not increase the value of the timer parameter MCP1Timeout.

Set MCP1Cycl to the default value.

Program

Internal

Continuation:

400261 Failure of machine control panel 2

Definitions: Machine control panel (MCP) at machine control panel interface 2 has failed. Timer of FB1 parameter

MCP2Timeout has expired.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the connection to the MCP. Increase the value of the timer parameter MCP2Timeout. Set

MCP1Cycl to the default value.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400262 Failure of handheld unit

Definitions: Handheld unit (HHU) at handheld unit interface has failed. Timer of FB1 parameter HHUTimeout has

expired.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the connection to the HHU. Increase the value of timer parameter HHUTimeout. Set HHUCycl

to the default value.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400264 Pointer parameter machine control panel 1 incorrect

Definitions: A pointer is incorrect in the MCP1 parameter range.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the PLC configuration in the FB1 parameters.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

400265 Pointer parameter machine control panel 2 incorrect

Definitions: A pointer is incorrect in the MCP 2 parameter range.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the PLC configuration in the FB1 parameters.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

400266 Pointer parameter handheld unit incorrect

Definitions: A pointer is incorrect in the HHU parameter range.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the PLC configuration in the FB1 parameters.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

PLC alarms

400267 Access error

Definitions: MCP or HHU data could not be accessed

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check the MCP or HHU parameters of the FB1.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

400268 Error in internal communication with machine control panel 1, internal

error code: %Z

Definitions: Communication error between CP and PLC.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check MCP parameter of FB1, MCP1Stop, switch TRUE->FALSE

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

400269 Error in internal communication with machine control panel 2, internal

error code: %Z

Definitions: Communication error between CP and PLC.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check MCP parameter of FB1, MCP2Stop, switch TRUE->FALSE

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

400270 Error in internal communication with handheld unit, internal error code:

%Z

Definitions: Communication error between CP and PLC.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check HHU parameter of FB1, HHUStop, switch TRUE->FALSE

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

400271 Direct keys 1 communication error, internal error code: %Z

Definitions: Communication error between CP and PLC.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check OpKey parameter

Program Internal

Continuation:

400272 Direct keys 2 communication error, internal error code: %Z

Definitions: Communication error between CP and PLC.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check OpKey parameter

Program Internal

Continuation:

400274 Direct keys 1 failed

Definitions: Direct keys 1: internal timeout has expired.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check connection to direct key module

Program Internal

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PLC alarms

400275 Direct keys 2 failed

Definitions: Direct keys 2: internal timeout has expired.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check connection to direct key module

Program Internal

Continuation:

400276 Pointer parameter direct keys 1 incorrect

Definitions: Pointer incorrectly defined

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Correct the pointer
Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

400277 Pointer parameter direct keys 2 incorrect

Definitions: Pointer incorrectly defined

Reaction: Alarm display.
Remedy: Correct the pointer
Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

400551 Fault on MPI/DP bus

Definitions: Error detected on I/O bus

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check I/Os, rectify I/O fault

Program Internal

Continuation:

400552 Fault on DP bus

Definitions: Error detected on I/O bus

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check I/Os, rectify I/O fault

Program Internal

Continuation:

400553 Fault on PROFINET bus

Definitions: Error detected on I/O bus

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check I/Os, rectify I/O fault

Program Internal

Continuation:

400601 Configuration loading points incorrect

Definitions: The PLC configuration in the DB4 does not match the NC configuration

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct tool management start-up

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

PLC alarms

400602 Spindle configuration incorrect

Definitions: The PLC configuration in the DB4 does not match the NC configuration

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct tool management start-up

Program Continuation:

400603 Revolver configuration incorrect

Switch control OFF - ON.

Definitions: The PLC configuration in the DB4 does not match the NC configuration

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct tool management start-up

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

400604 Set change with M06 in the machine data

Definitions: With the magazine type used (box magazine, chain), changing is possible only with M06. If necessary,

also check for impermissible settings at revolver magazines.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Set the value in the channel-specific machine data TOOL_CHANGE_MODE (MD 22550) to 1.

Program Internal

Continuation:

400902 Parameter ChanNo impermissible in FC 9

Definitions: The parameterized channel does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the parameter. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

400903 Parameter IntNo impermissible in FC 9

Definitions: The parameterized interrupt does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the parameter. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

401003 FC 10 system error 0x8083

Definitions: System error SFC52 has occurred.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Restart, contact the Siemens AG A&D MC Hotline with the error text.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

401004 FC 10 system error 0x8084

Definitions: System error SFC52 has occurred.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Restart, contact the Siemens AG A&D MC Hotline with the error text.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

PLC alarms

401005 FC 10 system error 0x8085

Definitions: System error SFC52 has occurred.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Restart, contact the Siemens AG A&D MC Hotline with the error text.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

401006 FC 10 system error 0x8086

Definitions: System error SFC52 has occurred.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Restart, contact the Siemens AG A&D MC Hotline with the error text.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

401007 FC 10 system error 0x8087

Definitions: System error SFC52 has occurred.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Restart, contact the Siemens AG A&D MC Hotline with the error text.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

401502 Impermissible axis no. parameter in FC 15

Definitions: The parameterized axis does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the paran

Remedy: Correct the parameter. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

401602 Impermissible axis no. parameter in FC 16

Definitions: The parameterized axis does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the parameter. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

401702 Impermissible spindle IF no. parameter in FC 17

Definitions: The parameterized spindle does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the parameter. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

401805 Impermissible axis no. parameter in FC 18

Definitions: The parameterized axis / spindle does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the parameter. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

PLC alarms

401901 Parameter BAGNo impermissible in FC19

Definitions: The parameterized mode group, channel does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the parameter.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

401902 Parameter ChanNo impermissible in FC19.

Definitions: The parameterized channel does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the parameter. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

402401 Parameter BAGNo impermissible in FC24

Definitions: The parameterized mode group, channel does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the parameter.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

402402 Parameter ChanNo impermissible in FC24.

Definitions: The parameterized mode group, channel does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the parameter. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

402501 Parameter BAGNo impermissible in FC25

Definitions: The parameterized mode group, channel does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the parameter.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

402502 Parameter ChanNo impermissible in FC25.

Definitions: The parameterized mode group, channel does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the parameter. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

402601 Parameter BAGNo impermissible in FC26

Definitions: The parameterized mode group, channel does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the parameter.

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

PLC alarms

402602 Parameter ChanNo impermissible in FC26

Definitions: The parameterized mode group, channel does not exist.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct the parameter. **Program** Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

410141 TM: Too many loading points

Definitions: The PLC configuration in the DB4 has more than 32 loading points

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct tool management start-up

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

410142 TM: Too many toolholders

Definitions: The PLC configuration in the DB4 has more than 32 toolholders

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct tool management start-up

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

410143 TM: Too many revolvers

Definitions: The PLC configuration in the DB4 has more than 32 revolvers

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Correct tool management start-up

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

410150 Area in M group decoder list is too large

Definitions: Number of M groups in PLC too large.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reduce the number of groups

Program Internal

Continuation:

410151 Magazine data for tool management missing in the PLC

Definitions: Magazine data are not available in the PLC. The start-up has not been completed, although the option

TOOLMAN has been activated.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Softkey Create PLC Data must be pressed during TOOLMAN start-up via MMC 103. Data in data

block DB4 must be set from DBB64 in MMC 100.

Program Continuation:

Internal

410160 PROFIBUS configuration is too large for DP1

Definitions: Internal data area is too large for PROFIBUS configuration.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Define and load a smaller PROFIBUS configuration

Program Internal

PLC alarms

410900 M:N: call waiting was not continued

Definitions: The switchover sequence started was not completed

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reactuate channel menu on HMI

Program Internal

Continuation:

410901 M:N: HMI 1 does not respond to displacement

Definitions: The HMI that is to be switched over does not respond

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reactuate channel menu on HMI

Program Internal

Continuation:

410902 M:N: HMI 1 does not go offline

Definitions: The HMI that is to be switched over does not respond

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reactuate channel menu on HMI

Program Internal

Continuation:

410903 M:N: HMI 2 does not respond to displacement

Definitions: The HMI that is to be switched over does not respond

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reactuate channel menu on HMI

Program Internal

Continuation:

410904 M:N: HMI 2 does not go offlin

Definitions: The HMI that is to be switched over does not respond

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reactuate channel menu on HMI

Program Internal

Continuation:

410905 M:N: No HMI link to assigned interface

Definitions: The HMI to be switched over is not connecting to the NC

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Reactuate channel menu on HMI

Program Internal

Continuation:

410906 M:N: No sign of life of an HMI

Definitions: Link to NC disconnected

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Check connection to HMI

Program Internal

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

PLC alarms

411101 **Impermissible Parameter Axis in FB11**

Definitions: Axis parameter not within the permissible range.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Use permissible axis number.

Program

Internal Continuation:

411501 Incorrect version of FB 15, > general reset, do not transmit FB 15 from

project

Definitions: FB 15 does not match the basic program used.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: General PLC reset. Use correct version of the basic program.

Program Internal

Continuation:

411502 Incorrect basic PLC program version

Definitions: FB 15 does not match the basic program used.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Load the basic program that matches the NCK version.

Program Internal

Continuation:

428201 Diagnostic alarm

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

428221 Diagnostic alarm from diagnostics address %Z

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Switch control OFF - ON. **Program**

Continuation:

428601 Module failure of the expansion unit

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

428602 Recurrence of module failure of the expansion unit

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Switch control OFF - ON. **Program**

PLC alarms

428603 Module failure of the DP master

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

428604 Failure of a DP slave

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

428605 Fault in a DP slave

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

428606 Expansion unit recurrence, parameterization error

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

428607 DP slave recurrence, parameterization error

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

428608 DP slave recurrence, discrepancy between preset and actual

configurations

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

428621 Module failure, expansion unit slave number %Z

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Overview of Alarms 11/2006

PLC alarms

428622 Module failure, expansion unit restoration slave number %Z

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Continuation:

Switch control OFF - ON.

428623 Module failure of the DP master

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

428624 Failure of a DP slave number %Z

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

428625 Fault in a DP slave number %Z

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

428626 Expansion unit restoration, parameterization error, slave number %Z

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

428627 DP slave restoration, parameterization error, slave number %Z

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

Continuation:

428628 DP slave restoration, discrepancy between preset and actual

configurations, slave number %Z

Definitions: OB82 or OB86 has been triggered.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Rectify the cause of the error displayed

Program Switch control OFF - ON.

11/2006 Overview of Alarms

PLC alarms

800000 Error: HiGraph group no. %A graph no. %N status %Z

Definitions:

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy:

Program Internal

Continuation:

810001 Error OB event, error analysis via STEP7 required

Definitions: Reduced PLC error message. STEP7 is required for exact analysis.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Diagnose with STEP7.

Program Internal

Continuation:

810002 Synchronous error, error analysis via STEP7 required

Definitions: Reduced PLC error message. STEP7 is required for exact analysis.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Diagnose with STEP7.

Internal

Program

Continuation:

810003 Asynchronous error, error analysis via STEP7 required

Definitions: Reduced PLC error message. STEP7 is required for exact analysis.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Diagnose with STEP7.

Internal

Program

Continuation:

810004 Stop/abort event, error analysis via STEP7 required

Definitions: Reduced PLC error message. STEP7 is required for exact analysis.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Diagnose with STEP7.

Program Internal

Continuation:

810005 Operational state sequence event, error analysis via STEP7 required

Definitions: Reduced PLC error message. STEP7 is required for exact analysis.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Diagnose with STEP7.

Program Internal

Continuation:

810006 Error communication event, error analysis via STEP7 required

Definitions: Reduced PLC error message. STEP7 is required for exact analysis.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Diagnose with STEP7.

Program Internal

Continuation:

PLC alarms

810007 Error H/F system event, error analysis via STEP7 required

Definitions: Reduced PLC error message. STEP7 is required for exact analysis.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Diagnose with STEP7.

Internal

Program Continuation:

810008 Error diagnostics data from modules, error analysis via STEP7 required

Definitions: Reduced PLC error message. STEP7 is required for exact analysis.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Alarm display, PLC Stop if required.

Program Internal

Continuation:

810009 User diagnostics event, error analysis via STEP7 required

Definitions: Reduced PLC error message. STEP7 is required for exact analysis.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Diagnose with STEP7.

Program Continuation:

Internal

810015 Module diagnositcs event, error analysis via STEP 7 required

Definitions: Reduced PLC error message. STEP7 is required for exact analysis.

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: Diagnose with STEP7.

Program Internal

Continuation:

830000

Message: HiGraph group no. %A graph no. %N status %Z

Definitions: -

Reaction: Alarm display.

Remedy: -

Program Internal

Continuation:

The following list describes the actions stated in the alarm texts under "Action %.." according to their numbers.

No. 1

Explanation Run Init phase (tasks are initialized after power on).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 2

Explanation Perform reset (VDI signal: Reset, mode group reset or after power on).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 3

Explanation Activate Reset Init blocks (VDI signal: Reset).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 4

Explanation Perform reset, end of program has been detected (NC block with M30).

Cause -

No. 5

Explanation Change the mode to the MDI or AUTOMATIC program operating mode

(VDI signal: Mode group).

Cause 1. The channel is active (program running, block search, loading machine data).

- 2. The other program operating mode has already been started.
- 3. A channel has exited the mode group due to an interrupt.
- 4. Overstore or digitizing has been selected.

Remedy - Abort the program (Reset key)

- Abort the program with the Reset key or stop the program (not with block search, loading MD)
- Abort the program with the Reset key or wait until the interrupt is terminated.
- Deactivate overstore/digitizing.

No. 6

Explanation Automatic change from an internal mode to the mode set externally (with TEACH_IN, an

attempt is made after every stop to change from the internal mode "AUTOMATIC, MDI"

to TEACH_IN).

Cause

Remedy

No. 7

Explanation Change the mode to a manual mode

(VDI signal (mode group): JOG, TEACH_IN, REF).

Cause

1. Nesting depth too great:

The current processing operation can be interrupted by various events (e.g. interrupt). Depending on the event, ASUBs are activated.

These ASUBs can be interrupted in the same manner as the user program. Unlimited nesting depth is not possible for ASUBs due to memory limitations. Example: An interrupt interrupts the current program processing. Further interrupts of higher priority interrupt processing of the previously activated asynchronous subroutines.

- 2. The channel is active (program running, block search, loading machine data)
- 3. A channel has exited the mode group due to an interrupt.
- 4. Overstore or digitizing has been selected.

Remedy

- Abort the program with the Reset key
- Abort the program with the Reset key or stop the program (not with block search, loading MD)
- Abort the program with the Reset key or wait until the interrupt is terminated.
- Deactivate overstore/digitizing.

No. 8

Explanation Activate overstore (PI command).

Cause -Remedy -

No. 9

Explanation Activate overstore (PI command).

Cause -Remedy -

No. 10

Explanation Perform user interrupt "ASUB" (VDI signal: Digital-analog interface, ASUB interface).

Cause 1. The channel is active due to block search or loading machine data

The channel is stopped and the asynchronous subroutine "ASUP_START_MASK" must be started and the current block cannot be reorganized.

3. Digitizing has been selected.

4. Reference point approach has not been performed yet.

5. The active block, after which deceleration takes place, cannot be reorganized (occurs when deceleration takes place over several blocks).

Remedy

- Wait until the block search or loading MD is completed, or abort program (Reset key)
- Activate a block change until the NC block can be reorganized.
- Deactivate digitizing
- Perform reference point approach or ignore this state via the MD "ASUP_START_MASK".
- Abort program

No. 11

Explanation Perform "ASUB" user interrupt with rapid retraction (VDI signal: Digital-analog interface).

Cause See No. 10

Remedy -

No. 12

Explanation Perform a user interrupt at the end of the block (VDI signal: ASUB interface, digital-ana-

log interface).

Cause See No. 10

No. 13

Explanation Perform a rapid retraction (VDI signal: Digital-analog interface and ASUB interface, for

further actions see Nos. 10, 11, 12, 85, 86).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 14

Explanation Move tool - only with tool management (PI command).

Cause -

No. 15

Remedy

Explanation Perform deletion of distance-to-go or axis synchronization (VDI signal: deletion of dis-

tance-to-go or follow-up mode) (follow-up mode: e.g. on activation of axis motion).

Cause 1. Nesting depth too great

2. The active block, after which deceleration takes place, cannot be reorganized (occurs

when deceleration takes place over several blocks).

Remedy Abort program

No. 16

Explanation Abort repetition of subroutine (VDI signal: Delete number of subroutine repetitions).

Cause 1. Nesting depth too great

2. The active block, after which deceleration takes place, cannot be reorganized (occurs

when deceleration takes place over several blocks).

Remedy Abort program

No. 17

Explanation Abort subroutine processing (VDI signal: Program level abort).

Cause 1. Nesting depth too great

 $2. \ \ \text{The active block, after which deceleration takes place, cannot be reorganized (occurs}$

when deceleration takes place over several blocks).

Remedy Abort program

No. 18

Explanation Activate single block (VDI signal: Activate single block)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 19

Explanation Deactivation of single block (VDI signal: Activate single block)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 20

Explanation Activate main run single block (OPI variable and VDI signal: Activate single block)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 21

Explanation Activate decoding single block (OPI variable and VDI signal: Activate single block)

Cause 1. Nesting depth too great

2. The active block, after which deceleration takes place, cannot be reorganized (occurs

when deceleration takes place over several blocks).

Remedy – Wait until the preceding ASUB is complete or

- Abort program

No. 22

Explanation Activate main run single block (OPI variable and VDI signal: Activate single block

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 23

Explanation Activate traversing single block (OPI variable and VDI signal: Activate single block)

Cause -

No. 24

Explanation Start program processing (VDI signal: NC Start).

Cause 1. Program status active

- 2. An alarm reaction is pending which prevents a start or forces braking
- 3. Reference point approach has not been performed yet.

Remedy – Execute condition for clearing alarm

- Reference point approach

No. 25

Explanation Start program processing (channel communication, NC block: Start).

Cause 1. Program status active.

- 2. An alarm reaction is pending which prevents a start or forces braking
- 3. Reference point approach has not been performed yet.
- 4. An incorrect operating mode has been selected. (only Automatic).

Remedy - Protect Start with WAITE

- Execute condition for clearing alarm

Reference point approachSelect program operating mode

No. 26

Explanation Start continuation of program processing (VDI signal: NC Start).

Cause 1. Program status active

2. An alarm reaction is pending which prevents a start or forces braking

3. Reference point approach has not been performed yet.

Remedy – Execute condition for clearing alarm.

- Reference point approach

No. 27

Explanation Start continuation of the selected process (JOG, reference point or digitizing) (VDI sig-

nal: NC Start).

Cause 1. Jog motion active

2. An alarm reaction is pending which prevents a start or forces braking

Remedy Execute condition for clearing alarm

No. 28

Explanation Start processing in the digitizing submode (VDI signal: NC Start).

Cause 1. Jog motion active

- 2. An alarm reaction is pending, which prevents a start or forces braking.
- 3. Reference point approach has not been performed yet.

Remedy – Execute condition for clearing alarm

- Reference point approach

No. 29

Explanation Stop all axes (VDI signal: Stop All or with Reset key)

Cause -Remedy -

No. 30

Explanation Perform a program stop (NC block: M0)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 31

Explanation Stop the JOG motion (VDI signal: NC Stop)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 32

Explanation Stop digitizing processing (VDI signal: NC Stop)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 33

Explanation Start selected processing (VDI signal: NC Start).

Cause 1. Process change active (operating mode change, activate/deactivate digitizing/over-

store)

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{2}}.$ An alarm reaction is pending, which prevents a start or forces braking.

3. A process is running (NC program, block search, loading machine data)

Remedy Execute condition for clearing alarm

No. 34

Explanation Stop the active processing (VDI signal: NC Stop)

Cause -Remedy -

No. 35

Explanation Start machine data processing (INI file is already in the NCK)

(PI command).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 36

Explanation Start machine-data processing (INI file is located externally, e.g., on MMC)

(PI command).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 37

Explanation Stop because of mode group single block. VDI signal, single type A (only executable

blocks), after stop in another channel in this mode group.

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 38

Explanation Stop because of mode group single block. VDI signal, single type B (any blocks), after

stop at end of block in another channel in this mode group.

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 39

Explanation Stop because end of overstore buffer "_N_OSTOREXX_SYF" has been reached.

Cause -

No. 40

Explanation Start preprocessing (NC block: Stopre)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 40

Explanation Stop processing at block end (NC block: M00/M01).

Cause -Remedy -

No. 41

Explanation Stop processing at block end (NC block: M00/M01).

Cause -

No. 42

Remedy

Explanation Stop processing at block end (alarm, VDI signal: NC Stop at block limit).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 43

Explanation Stop at end of ASUB, if start was performed from "stopped"

Cause -Remedy -

No. 44

Explanation Activate program (PI command)

Cause -Remedy -

No. 45

Cause -Remedy -

No. 46

Explanation Program selection from another channel (channel communication, NC block: INIT).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 47

Explanation Save definition of an ASUB, which can be activated (PI command)

Cause -Remedy -

No. 48

Explanation Sets all machine data with the attribute (NEW_CONF) to active (PI command)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 49

Explanation Clear all alarms with the clear condition CANCELCLEAR (PI command, Acknowledge

Alarm key).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 50

Explanation Continue block search (NC block, Stopre)

Cause -

No. 51

Explanation Start block search.(PI command)

Cause -Remedy -

No. 52

Explanation Continue block search (PI command)

Cause -Remedy -

No. 53

Explanation Activate digitizing (PI command)

Cause -Remedy -

No. 54

Explanation Deactivate digitizing (PI command)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 55

Explanation Switch on function generator (PI command)

Cause -Remedy -

No. 56

Explanation Switch off function generator (PI command)

Cause -Remedy -

No. 57

Explanation Wait for a program marker (channel communication, NC block: WAITM).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 58

Explanation Wait for end of program (channel communication, NC block: WAITE).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 59

Explanation Program selection from another channel, synchronously (channel communication, NC

block: INIT + SYNC).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 60

Explanation Wait until acknowledgement from HMI (NC block, MMC_CMD)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 61

Explanation Activate the skip-block function (VDI signal: Skip block).

Cause Nesting depth too great

Remedy – Wait until the preceding ASUB is complete or

- Abort program

No. 62

Explanation Deactivate the skip-block function (VDI signal: Skip block).

Cause Nesting depth too great

Remedy – Wait until the preceding ASUB is complete or

Abort program

No. 63

Explanation Activate test run (VDI signal: Rapid traverse override)

Cause 1. Nesting depth too great

2. The active block, after which deceleration takes place, cannot be reorganized (occurs when deceleration takes place over several blocks).

Remedy – Wait until the preceding ASUB is complete or abort the program.

- Abort program

No. 64

Explanation Deactivate test run (VDI signal: Rapid traverse override)

Cause 1. Nesting depth too great

2. The active block, after which deceleration takes place, cannot be reorganized (occurs

when deceleration takes place over several blocks).

Remedy – Wait until the preceding ASUB is complete or

- Abort program

No. 65

Explanation Activate read-in disable for main run block (VDI signal: Read-in disable).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 66

Explanation Deactivate read-in disable for main run block (VDI signal: Read-in disable).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 67

Explanation Stop at block end (alarm)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 68

Explanation Stop all axes (alarm)

Cause -Remedy -

No. 69

Explanation Activate program test (VDI signal: Program test).

Cause 1. Tool management is active.

2. The NCK channel is in a state other than "ready".

Remedy – Backing up tool data

- Abort the program or process with the Reset key or

- wait for end of program

No. 70

Explanation Deactivate program test (VDI signal: Program test).

Cause The NCK channel is in a state other than "ready".

Remedy – Abort the program or process with the Reset key or

- wait for end of program

No. 71

Explanation Stop at the end of block preparation (alarm)

Cause -Remedy -

No. 72

Explanation Stop at the end of block preparation with subsequent reorganization of block processing

(alarm)

Cause Nesting depth too great

Remedy – Wait until the preceding ASUB is complete or

Abort program

No. 73

Explanation Conditional stop at block end. If, after continuation by means of an NC Start, there is still

a reason to stop "Stop at block end", the program stops again.

Cause -Remedy -

No. 74

Explanation Conditional stop at block end. (Despite the start, the interpreter or the preprocessing

does not manage to put a block in main run)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 75

Explanation Stop preprocessing (alarm)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 76

Explanation Retraction with G33 and Stop

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 77

Explanation Conditional wait for program marker (NC block: WAITMC).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 78

Explanation Set marker (NC block: SETM).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 79

Explanation Clear marker (NC_block: CLEARM).

Cause -

No. 80

Explanation Selection of an NC block (PI command)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 81

Explanation Disable the NC program which is currently being processed for editing (PI command)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 82

Explanation Start a program in the TEACH IN submode (VDI signal: NC Start).

Cause See Nos. 33 and 5

Remedy -

No. 83

Explanation Start a program in the TEACH IN submode (VDI signal: NC Start).

Cause See Nos. 33 and 5

Remedy -

No. 84

Explanation Reorganize block processing

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 85

Explanation Activate an "ASUB" user interrupt in a manual mode (VDI signal: ASUB interface, digital-

analog interface).

Cause See No. 10

No. 86

Explanation Activate an "ASUB" user interrupt. Is only executed if the channel is in the READY status

(VDI signal: ASUB interface, digital-analog interface).

Cause See No. 10

Remedy -

No. 87

Explanation Perform an "ASUB" user interrupt (VDI signal: ASUB interface, digital-analog interface;

for further actions see 10, 11, 12, 85, 86)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 88

Explanation Start program processing (VDI signal: Mode group stop)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 89

Explanation Activate all machine data with the attribute (NEW_CONF) (NC_block: NEW_CONF)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 90

Explanation Activate all machine data with the attribute (NEW_CONF) (NC_block: NEW_CONF with

block search)

Cause

Remedy -

No. 91

Explanation Start continuation of interpreter processing (internal preprocessing stop)

Cause -

No. 92

Explanation Save interlock for data.

Cause The channel is not in the "stopped" state.

Remedy -

No. 93

Explanation Activate user data, e.g., via MMC; newly modified tool lengths become active immedi-

ately in the running program

Cause 1. The channel is not in the "stopped" state.

2. The channel is stopped and the current block cannot be reorganized.

Remedy – Press the Stop/Single-Block/Reset/StopAtEnd (Automatic) key.

- Activate a block change until the NC block can be reorganized.

No. 94

Explanation Write the user PLC version to the version file.

Cause -Remedy -

No. 95

Explanation Switch measuring systems (PI command).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 96

Explanation Shut down system (VDI signal).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 97

Explanation Activate block search PI (program invocation) in mode 5. This mode simulates the block

search, in which the program under "Program test operation" is processed as far as the

target of the block search.

Cause -

No. 98

Explanation Extended stop and retract

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 99

Explanation Block search (general) is currently being activated (negative acknowledgement may be

output for PI service).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 100

Explanation Integrated block search, i.e., a block search is restarted on a stopped program.

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 101

Explanation External zero offset is activated via the PLC. Movement is stopped, a Reorg is per-

formed, the interpreter is switched over and then selected using REPOS and continued

automatically.

Cause 1. The channel is not in AUTO or MDA

2. The channel is stopped and the current block cannot be reorganized.

Remedy – Select Auto or MDI

Activate a block change until the NC block can be reorganized.

No. 102

Explanation Single block type 3 is activated. With single block type 3, a stop is performed at all main

blocks. Unlike single block type 1, the part program command SBLOF is ignored.

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 103

Explanation Stopping of a single axis movement (VDI signal)

Cause The axis is not controlled by the PLC. (exception old reaction with oscillation axis).

No. 104

Explanation Stopping of a single axis movement by an alarm

Cause The axis is not controlled by the PLC. (exception old reaction with oscillation axis).

Remedy -

No. 105

Explanation Continuation of a single-axis movement (VDI signal).

Cause The axis has not been stopped previously. Not for all axis types at present.

Remedy -

No. 106

Explanation Interruption of a single-axis movement (VDI signal).

Cause The axis is not controlled by the PLC. Not for all axis types at present.

Remedy -

No. 107

Explanation Deletion of distance-to-go of a single-axis movement (VDI signal).

Cause The axis is not controlled by the PLC. Not for all axis types at present.

Remedy -

No. 108

Explanation Switch on: Axis is now controlled by the PLC (VDI signal).

Cause The axis is not controlled by the PLC. Not for all axis types at present.

Remedy -

No. 109

Explanation Deactivate: Axis is now controlled by the PLC (VDI signal).

Cause The axis is not controlled by the PLC. Not for all axis types at present.

No. 115

Explanation The event is triggered by the positive PLC edge of the "Repos-Mode-Edge" signal.

Cause The channel is active (program running, block search, loading machine data)

Remedy Abort the program with the Reset key or stop the program (not with block search, loading

machine data).

No. 116

Explanation Activate tool-management commands (Ch. VDI signal).

Cause The NCK channel is in a state other than "ready".

Remedy Abort the program or process with the Reset key or wait for end of program.

No. 117

Explanation Deactivate tool-management commands (Ch. VDI signal).

Cause The NCK channel is in a state other than "ready".

Remedy Abort the program or process with the Reset key or wait for end of program.

No. 118

Explanation Selection of desired safety limitations (SGE) (always allowed).

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 119

Explanation Stop run, i.e., the NCK has automatically stopped at an OPI-defined block

Cause 1. SFC is not in automatic mode

Remedy -

No. 120

Explanation Rapid lift with a single axis

Cause The axis is not controlled by the PLC

No. 121

Explanation Rapid lift stops with a single axis

Cause The axis is not controlled by the PLC and the single axis is not executing a rapid lift

Remedy -

No. 122

Explanation Only for testing purposes and only in Assert systems

Cause -Remedy -

No. 123

Explanation PI _N_STRTLK Set global start disable

Cause -Remedy -

No. 124

Explanation PI_N_STRTUL Reset global start disable

Cause -Remedy -

No. 125

Explanation Implicit change of operating mode to Jog at the beginning of a Jog motion in Automatic

mode

See also: \$MN_JOG_MODE_MASK

Cause 1. A channel has exited the mode group due to an interrupt.

2. Overstore

Remedy — Abort the program with the Reset key or wait until the interrupt is terminated

- Deselect overstore

No. 126

Explanation Implicit change of operating mode to Automatic at the end of a Jog motion in Automatic

mode

See also: \$MN_JOG_MODE_MASK

Cause 1. A channel has exited the mode group due to an interrupt.

2. Overstore

Remedy — Abort the program with the Reset key or wait until the interrupt is terminated

- Deselect overstore

No. 127

Explanation Simulation block search should be initiated, i.e., the calculation results are only dis-

played on the HMI and there is NO traversing even after the block search.

Cause 1. The channel is not in RESET

Remedy – Press Reset key

No. 128

Explanation Refusal to execute program area

Cause 1. The channel is not in RESET

2. The channel is not in Automatic mode

Remedy – Press Reset key

- Switch to Automatic mode

No. 129

Explanation Refusal to select PI service syntax check "_N_CHKSEL"

Cause The channel is not in RESET

Remedy Press Reset key

No. 130

Explanation Refusal to start PI service syntax check "_N_CHKRUN"

Cause The channel is not in RESET

Remedy Press Reset key

No. 131

Explanation Refusal to start PI service syntax check "_N_CHKABO"

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 132

Explanation Refusal of PI service _N_NCKMOD (BIT 1)

Cause -

Remedy -

No. 133

Explanation Refusal of PI service _N_NCKMOD (BIT 1)

Cause -

Error Codes of Alarm 300500

4

After the error codes 1 listed below an error code 2 may be specified. This must be interpreted as the hexadecimal number of the terminal block/module.

Error code 0001H

Error text Error in P:-RAM

Extension 1 -

Extension 2 Incorrect address

Explanation When the program memory was being tested during power-up, it was detected that the

written bitmap could not be read back.

Cause: Hardware error on control module.

Error only occurs with drive software V1.x (EPROM version). The error has been replaced by system errors F034 and F035 in subsequent download versions.

Remedy Replace the control module

Error code 0002H

Error text Error in X: or Y:-RAM

Extension 1 -

Extension 2 Incorrect address

Explanation When the data memory was being tested during power-up, it was detected that the writ-

ten bitmap could not be read back.

Cause: Hardware error on control module.

Remedy Replace the control module

Error code 0003H

Error text Computing time overrun

Extension 1 1 = Bit 0 : Level 3 time slice (MONCYC) (MD 1300)

2 = Bit 1 : 4 msec time slice 4 = Bit 2 : 1 msec time slice 8 = Bit 3 : PC time slice

 10 = Bit 4 : SC time slice
 (MD 1001)

 20 = Bit 5 : IC time slice
 (MD 1000)

 40 = Bit 6 : SI time slice
 (MD 1300)

A0 = Startup, synchronization B0 = Background computing time

Extension 2 -

Explanation The computing time of the drive processor is no longer sufficient for the selected func-

tions in the specified cycle times. This error normally only occurs in conjunction with startup functions in the case of default values (FFT measurement, step response).

SINUMERIK Safety Integrated: Monitoring cycle too short.

Remedy – Deactivate emergency retraction (MD 1636).

- Switch off feedforward control (MD 1004.0).

- Deactivate MIN-MAX memory (MD 1650.0).

- Reduce the number of DAC output channels (max. 1 channel).

- Deactivate variable signaling function (MD 1620.0).

- Deactivate encoder phase error compensation (MD 1011.1).

- Increase the position control cycle time on the NC.

- Increase the time slice during which the system error occurred or

- Increase lower-level time slices.

- Deselect functions, which are no longer required.

- Use performance instead of standard control module.

Error code 0004H

Error text Servo sign-of-life monitoring not updated.

Extension 1 -

Extension 2 -

Explanation Upon servo enable, the NC must update the sign-of-life monitoring in each position con-

 $trol\ cycle.\ In\ case\ of\ error,\ sign-of-life\ monitoring\ has\ not\ been\ updated\ for\ at\ least\ two$

consecutive position control cycles.

Causes: NC failure, communication failure on the drive bus. Hardware error on drive module or hardware error on NC CPU if error occurs sporadically at intervals of several

hours.

Remedy Check cable connections, perform remedial measures (check shielding or

ground connection). Replace the NC hardware, replace the control module. Replace the NC CPU with the "VB" version, replace the control module.

Error code 0005H

Error text Error in state switch cabinet

Extension 1 1A: DS <> 1 with CS = 0 (DS = defined/specified state, CS = current/actual state)

2A: DS <> 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 2B: DS-CS <> 0, 1

2C: DS = 3 on PO parameterization error

3A: DS <> 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 3B: DS-CS <> 0, 1

Extension 2 -

Explanation The power-up of the drive modules is grouped into 5 states (steps). The states are spec-

ified consecutively by the NC and acknowledged by the drive. An error occurs when an

invalid specified state is detected in the drive.

Remedy Check cable connections, perform remedial measures (check shielding or

ground connection). Replace the control module, replace the NC hardware.

Error code 0006H

Error text Background loop exited.

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation The infinite loop for processing communication has been exited. The cause is probably a

hardware error on the control module.

Remedy Replace the control module

Error code 0007H

Error text Synchronization failed

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation An illegal state was read by the hardware during the cycle synchronization of the NC and

the drive. Synchronization could not be performed.

Remedy Replace the control module

Error code 0010H

Error text Stack overrun

Extension 1 1 = Hardware underflow

2 = Hardware overflow3 = Software underflow4 = Software overflow

Extension 2

Explanation The limits of the internal processor hardware stack or of software stack in the data mem-

ory have been violated. The cause is probably a hardware error on the control module.

Remedy Reload drive software. Replace the control module.

Error code 0011H

Error text NMI due to watchdog

Extension 1 Opcode address

Extension 2 -

Explanation The watchdog on the control module has timed out. The cause is a hardware error in the

time base on the control module.

Remedy Replace the control module.

Error code 0012H

Error text NMI due to clock cycle failure

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation The NC basic cycle, which is generated on the NC and transferred to the drive via the

drive bus cable, has failed.

Possible causes: NCK reset, EMC interference, NC hardware error, cable break on the

drive bus, hardware error on the control module.

Remedy Check the drive bus cable and cable connections, perform remedial measures (check

shielding or ground connection). Replace the NC hardware, replace the control module.

Error code 0013H

Error text Clock cycle came too early

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation The NC basic cycle which is generated on the NC and transferred to the drive via the

drive bus cable has supplied a pulse which does not match the clock timing.

Possible causes: EMC interference on drive bus, NC hardware error, hardware error on

the control module.

Remedy Check the drive bus cable and cable connections, perform remedial measures (check

shielding or ground connection). Replace the NC hardware, replace the control module.

Error code 0014H

Error text Illegal Opcode, Trace, SWI, NMI (DSP)

Extension 1 Incorrect address

Extension 2 -

Explanation The processor has detected an illegal command in the program memory.

Remedy Replace the control module.

Error code 0015H

Error text Error in checksum test

Extension 1 -

Extension 2 As of Version 4.0: Segment of the faulty code / data area, whereby:

0: P: memory1: X: memory2: Y: memory

Explanation A difference has been detected between the setpoint and actual checksums during con-

tinuous testing of the checksum.

The cause is probably a hardware error on the control module.

Remedy Replace the control module.

Error code 0016H

Error text SSI interrupt

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation An illegal processor interrupt has occurred.

The cause is probably a hardware error on the control module.

Remedy Check the drive bus cable and cable connections. Replace the control module.

Error code 0017H

Error text SCI interrupt

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation An illegal processor interrupt has occurred.

The cause is probably a hardware error on the control module.

Remedy Check the drive bus cable and cable connections. Replace the control module.

Error code 0018H

Error text HOST interrupt

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation An illegal processor interrupt has occurred.

The cause is probably a hardware error on the control module.

Remedy Check the drive bus cable and cable connections. Replace the control module.

Error code 0019H

Error text DSP-NMI (10 V at pin IRQB of the DPS)

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation An illegal processor interrupt has occurred.

The cause is probably a hardware error on the control module.

Remedy Check the drive bus cable and cable connections. Replace the control module.

Error code 001BH

Error text Actual current measurement starting.

Extension 1 0: Deviation from current 0

1: Module selection does not match the existing hardware (V 2.6 and higher).

Extension 2 NC drive number

Explanation When the actual current measuring is starting up and during cyclical operation with a pulse disable, current 0 is expected as the system ensures that no currents can flow.

Deviation from current 0:

The hardware for actual current measurement may be defective.

Module selection does not match the existing hardware:

If a single-axis power section has been addressed as a two-axis power section by the module selection (software parameterization of power section), this system error is output via actual current measurement because a current > 0 is measured.

Remedy Deviation from current 0:

Replace the control module. Check the cable connections. Module selection does not match the existing hardware:

- Change software parameterization of power section (two-axis power section -> single-axis power section).
- 2. Define axis as inactive or use a two-axis power section.

Error code 0020H

Error text Second axis defined as single-axis module by SERVO.

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation The NC has attempted to activate the second axis on a single-axis module. Possible

communication failures on the drive bus or control module defective.

Remedy Replace the control module. Check cable connections, perform remedial measures

(check shielding or ground connection).

Error code 0021H

Error text Two active axes: At least one is defined as single-axis module by SERVO

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation The NC has attempted to activate the second axis on a single-axis module, possible

communication failures on the drive bus or control module defective.

Remedy Replace the control module. Check cable connections, perform remedial measures

(check shielding or ground connection).

Error code 0022H

Error text PCU-ASIC for motor measurement systems missing for at least one axis.

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation The motor measuring system is either not fitted or is defective for at least one

axis of the drive module. As the configuration of the measuring systems is detected by the NC and communicated to the drive, communication failures on

the drive bus can also cause this error.

Remedy Replace the control module. Check cable connections, perform remedial measures

(check shielding or ground connection).

Error code 0023H

Error text Incorrect IPU_submodule is plugged into the motor measurement system.

Extension 1 Read K1C register of the relevant PCU ASIC.

Extension 2 NC drive number

Explanation The motor measuring system has a motor encoder with a voltage output. A correspond-

ing IPU submodule with a voltage input is required. An unexpected submodule has been

detected.

Remedy Replace the control module. Check cable connections, perform remedial measures

(check shielding or ground connection).

Error code 0024H

Error text Illegal physical axis number

Extension 1 Read K1C register of the relevant PCU ASIC.

Extension 2 NC drive number

Explanation An illegal internal axis number was detected during software processing (only 0 or 1 is

permitted in the case of 2-axis modules).

Possible causes: Defective control module, EMC interference

Remedy Replace the control module. Check cable connections, perform remedial measures

(check shielding or ground connection).

Error code 0025H

Error text Illegal physical axis number

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation An illegal internal physical axis number was detected during software processing.

Possible causes: Defective control module, EMC interference

Remedy Replace the control module. Check cable connections, perform remedial measures

(check shielding or ground connection).

Error code 0026H

Error text Servo declared FSD as MSD.

Extension 1 -

Extension 2 NC drive number

Explanation The NC is attempting to register an FDD module as an MSD. Possible communication

failures on the drive bus or control module defective.

Remedy Replace the control module. Check the cable connections. Perform remedial measures

(check shielding or ground connection).

Error code 0027H

Error text Servo declared MSD as FDD.

Extension 1 -

Extension 2 NC drive number

Explanation The NC is attempting to register an MSD module as an FDD. Possible communication

failures on the drive bus or control module defective.

Remedy Replace the control module. Check cable connections, perform remedial measures

(check shielding or ground connection).

Error code 0028H

Error text Incorrect IPU_submodule plugged into direct measurement system.

Extension 1 Read K1C register of the relevant PCU ASIC.

Extension 2 NC drive number

Explanation Only certain submodules are permitted for the direct measurement system. An illegal submodule has been detected.

Remedy Replace the control module. Check cable connections, perform remedial measures (check shielding or ground connection).

Error code 0030H

Error text Errors in interpreter that can no longer be handled through the STF protocol.

Extension 1 0x01 ;Unsupported ROSCTR

0x02 ;Illegal ROSCTR

0x03 ;Job management "defective"

0x04; Incorrect PDUREF on acknowledgement 0x05; Acknowledgement not permitted at this time

0x06 ;Acknowledgement is not supported

0x07; Illegal PROTID

0x08 ;Illegal PARLG (uneven)

0x09 ;Buffer management "defective" 0x0A ;Illegal PI identifier (internal) 0x0A ;Illegal PI identifier (internal) 0x0B ;Illegal internal state of PI restart

0x0C ;Sequential circuit in WRITEDATA "defective" 0x0D ;Illegal parameter on REFRESH_PIZUST

Extension 2 NC drive number

Explanation Either irrecoverable communications errors were detected on the drive bus or the drive

software is no longer consistent.

The cause is either a faulty drive bus interface or a hardware error on the control mod-

ule.

Remedy Check the drive bus cable and cable connections, perform remedial measures (check

shielding or ground connection). Replace the control module.

Error code 0031H

Error text Error in STF initialization
Extension 1 0x40 ;Illegal PDU length

0x41; Axes differ in terms of PDU length 0x42; PDU length is not a word multiple 0x43; Axes differ in terms of NC type.

Extension 2

Explanation The NC has transferred illegal key data for communication via the drive bus. The cause

is probably either faults on the drive bus or a defective control module.

Remedy Replace the control module. Check cable connections, perform remedial measures

(check shielding or ground connection).

Error code 0032H

Error text Errors in transport that can no longer be handled through the Transp. Abbr.

Extension 1 0x20 ;Job management "defective"

0x21 ;Illegal state in RESET_TRANSPO 0x22 ;Checksum incorrect more than 3 times

0x23 ;Receive PDU too long 0x24 ;State 6XX-Abort illegal

Extension 2 NC drive number

Explanation Either irrecoverable communications errors were detected on the drive bus or the drive

software is no longer consistent.

The cause is either a faulty drive bus interface or a hardware error on the control mod-

ule.

Remedy Check the drive bus cable and cable connections, perform remedial measures (check

shielding or ground connection). Replace the control module.

Error code 0033H

Error text Error in the internal data, e.g., error in the element/module lists (incorrect formats, etc.)

Extension 1 0x51 ;Incorrect data format in element list

0x52; Incorrect conversion group specified in Refresh

Extension 2 -

Explanation The drive software is no longer consistent. The cause is probably a hardware error on

the control module.

Remedy Reload drive software. Replace the control module.

Error code 0034H

Error text Error in software boot section 1

Extension 1 0 or incorrect address

Extension 2 0x60 ;Illegal SERVO reaction on STF handshake

0x61 ;Error during RAM check

0x62; Transport checksum does not correspond to that of the SERVO.

Explanation Errors were detected on loading the drive software. The cause is either faults during the

transfer via the drive bus or a defective control module.

Remedy Check the drive bus cable and cable connections, perform remedial measures

(check shielding or ground connection), replace control module.

Error code 0035H

Error text Error in software boot section 2

Extension 1 0 or incorrect address

Extension 2 0x60 ;Illegal SERVO reaction on STF handshake

0x61 ;Error during RAM check

0x62 ;Transport checksum does not correspond to that of the SERVO.

Explanation Errors were detected on loading the drive software. The cause is either faults during the

transfer via the drive bus or a defective control module.

Remedy Check the drive bus cable and cable connections, perform remedial measures (check

shielding or ground connection), replace control module.

Error code 0040H

Error text Incorrect number of specified current state filters

Extension 1 -

Extension 2 -

Explanation An illegal number of current setpoint filters (> 4) has been entered.

Remedy Correct number of current setpoint filters (MD 1200)

Error code 0041H

Error text Incorrect number of specified rotation speed state filters

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation An illegal number of speed setpoint filters (> 2) has been entered.

Remedy Correct the number of speed setpoint filters (MD 1500).

Error code 0044H

Error text Difference GROBSYNC/FEINSYNC too great.

Extension 1 -

Extension 2 NC drive number

Explanation Rotor position synchronization contains an error (drive software 2.5 only).

The difference between the first part of rotor position synchronization (coarse synchronization) and the second part (fine synchronization to the active encoder zero marker) is

greater than 45 electrical.

An excessive difference can occur due to:

- Incorrect encoder alignment

EMC problems on the zero marker signalExcessive voltage level of C/D track

- Excessive voltage level of C/D track

Check encoder alignment and EMC measures.

New startupCheck MODE

- Replacing the motor

Error code 0045H

Error text BERO was selected with FEINSYNC.

Extension 1 -

Remedy

Extension 2 NC drive number

Explanation The NC has entered either an encoder with distance-coded reference point markers or a

BERO proximity switch in register \$1D of the motor measuring system of the PCU ASIC. This is not allowed during fine synchronization, which is activated by power-up, by zero

monitoring errors or by deselection of the parking axis.

Remedy The NC/PLC is not allowed to enter an encoder with distance-coded reference point

markers or a BERO proximity switch in register \$1D of the motor measuring system of the PCU ASIC following power-up, zero monitoring errors or deselection of the parking

axis.

Error code 0046H

Error text The NC attempted a drive power-up without loading the drive software. Ramp-up was

interrupted.

Extension 1 -

Extension 2 -

Explanation With drive software 4.02 and higher a drive power-up is only possible when the drive

software is being loaded.

Remedy Reload drive software.

Error code 0047H

Error text System tried to run two axes with HSA at performance 1 or STandard.

Extension 1 -

Extension 2

Explanation Performance 1 and standard cannot run two axes with HSA.

Remedy Only one HSA axis may be active.

Error code 0048H

Error text Unexpected measurement system configuration

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation The PCU extension for direct or indirect measurement systems is incomplete.

Remedy Check module.

Error code 0049H

Error text A CCU3 axis was defined as a single-axis model.

Extension 1
Extension 2
Explanation -

Remedy -

Error code 0050H

Error text Module not supported by drive software.

Extension 1 - Extension 2 -

Explanation The drive software cannot be run on this module.

Remedy Load the drive software for the module or plug in the correct module for the drive soft-

ware.

System Reactions on Alarms

5

Names COMPBLOCKWITHREORG

Effect Block preparation has detected an error, which can be rectified by modifying the pro-

gram. Reorganization is performed after a program modification.

- Correction block with reorganization.

Names COMPENSATIONBLOCK

Effect Block preparation has detected an error, which can be rectified by modifying the pro-

gram.

- Correction block

Names FOLLOWUP

Effect Follow-up of axes

- NC switches to follow-up mode

Names INTERPRETER STOP

Effect Program execution is aborted after all the prepared blocks (interpolator buffer) have

been processed.

- Interpreter stop

Names LOCALREACTION

Effect – Local alarm response

Names NOALARMREACTION

Effect – No alarm reaction

Names NOREADY | NCKREACTIONVIEW

Effect NCK ready off: Active rapid deceleration (i.e. with maximum braking current) of all drives

Clearing of servo enable for all NC axes Release of NC ready relay

- NC not ready

Names NOREADY | BAGREACTIONVIEW

Effect Mode group ready off: Active rapid deceleration (i.e. with maximum braking current) of

the drives in this mode group Clearing of servo enable for the NC axes concerned.

- Mode group not ready

Names NOREADY

Effect Channel ready off: Active rapid deceleration (i.e. with maximum braking current) of the

drives in this channel Clearing of servo enable for the NC axes concerned.

- Channel not ready

Names NONCSTART

Effect It is not possible to start a program in this channel.

- NC start inhibit in this channel

Names NOREFMARK

Effect The axes in this channel have to be rereferenced.

- Rereference axes in this channel.

Names SETVDI

Effect VDI interface signal alarm is set.

- Interface signals are set

Names SHOWALARM

Effect Alarm is displayed on MMC.

Alarm display

Names STOPBYALARM

Effect Ramp stop of all channel axes.

- NC stop for alarm

Names STOPATENDBYALARM

Effect Stop at end of block.

- NC Stop on alarm at end of block

Names SHOWALARMAUTO

Effect The alarm is displayed whenever bit 0 of machine data ENABLE_ALARM_MASK is set.

The reaction should be set whenever an alarm should only occur during automatic

mode without manual operation by the user.

Alarm reaction in automatic mode

Names SHOWWARNING

Effect The alarm is displayed whenever bit 1 of machine data ENABLE_ALARM_MASK is set.

It is designed for warnings which should normally be suppressed.

Alarm view

Names ALLBAGS_NOREADY

Effect The Ready is canceled in all mode groups. The reaction thus corresponds to an NCK-

REACTIONVIEW|NOREADY, the difference being that the NC READY relay is not canceled and the corresponding VDI bit is not set. This is desirable in the event of an emergency stop for example.

- Mode group not ready

Names DELAY_ALARM_REACTION

Effect If this alarm reaction is configured in the alarm handler, all alarm reactions for alarms,

which occur at this point, are buffered channel-specifically and are, therefore, not active. The alarms are displayed on the MMC. Mode group and NC-wide reactions are transferred. The reaction is cleared by activating the clearDelayReaction call or by an alarm, which has configured NO_DELAY_ALARM_REACTION. This activates all the delayed

alarm reactions.

- All channel-specific alarm reactions delayed on alarm, alarm display

Names NO_DELAY_ALARM_REACTION

Effect The DELAY_ALARM_REACTION state is canceled.

- The alarm reaction delay is canceled.

Names ONE_IPO_CLOCK_DELAY_ALARM_REACTION

Effect All alarm reactions are delayed by one cycle when an alarm is output. This functionality

became necessary as part of ESR development.

- All alarm reactions are delayed by one IPO cycle on alarm.

5.1 Cancel criteria for alarms

Names CANCELCLEAR

Effect The alarm is cleared by pressing the Cancel key in any channel. It is also cleared by the

Start part program key.

- Clear the alarm with the Clear key or with NC START

Names CLEARHIMSELF

Effect Self-clearing alarm. The alarm is cleared not by an operator action but explicitly by a

"clearAlarm" in programmed the NCK source code.

 The alarm is no longer displayed when the alarm cause has been removed. No other operator actions are required.

Names NCSTARTCLEAR

Effect The alarm is cleared by starting a program in the channel, in which the alarm occurred.

The alarm is also cleared by an NC reset.

- Clear the alarm with NC START or the RESET key and continue the program.

Names POWERONCLEAR

Effect The alarm is canceled by turning off / turning on the control system (POWER ON).

- Switch the control OFF - ON.

Names RESETCLEAR

Effect The alarm is cleared by pressing the Reset key in the channel in which the alarm

occurred.

- Clear alarm with the RESET key. Restart the part program.

Names BAGRESETCLEAR

Effect The alarm is cleared by a "BAGRESETCLEAR" command or by carrying out a reset in

all channels of this mode group.

Press the RESET key to clear the alarm in all channels of this mode group. Restart

the part program.

Names NCKRESETCLEAR

Effect The alarm is cleared by an "NCKRESETCLEAR" command or by carrying out a reset in

all channels.

- Clear alarm in all channels with the RESET key. Restart the part program.

Names NOCLEAR

Effect The clear information is only required for the internal pseudo alarm number

EXBSAL_NOMOREALARMS.

Cancel criteria for alarms

Appendix

A.1 Abbreviations

A Output

ASCII American Standard Code for Information Interchange

AV Job planning

BCD Binary Coded Decimals: Decimals with each digit coded in binary

CNC Computerized Numerical Control
CP Communications Processor

CPU Central Processing Unit
CR Carriage Return

CRC Cutter radius compensation

CSB Central Service Board: PLC module

CTS Clear To Send: Signal from serial data interfaces

DAC Digital-to-Analog Converter

DB Data Block

DIN German standard

DIO Data Input/Output: Data transfer display

DRF Differential Resolver Function: Handwheel jog

DRY DRY run: Dry run feedrate

DSB Decoding Single Block: Decoding single block

DSR Data Send Ready:

Signal from serial data interfaces indicating that they are ready to send

DW Data word

EIA code Special punched tape code, number of holes per character always odd

EPROM Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory

ETC Key: Expansion of the softkey bar in the same menu

FDD Feed Drive (spindle)

FIFO First In First Out: Memory, which works without address specification where data are

read in the same order, in which they were stored.

FM Function Module

FM-NC Function Module Numerical Control

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Abbreviations

FRA Frame block

FRAME Coordinate conversion with the components zero (work) offset, rotation, scaling, mirror-

ing

FST Feed Stop

Global User Data

HD Hard DiskHHU Handheld unit

HMS High-resolution Measuring System

HW Hardware I Input

IM Interface Module

IM S/R Interface Module (S=send/R=receive): Interface module for transmitting and receiving

data

INC Increment

I/RF Infeed/Regenerative Feedback unit

ISO code Special punched tape code, number of holes per character always even

K1...K4 Channel 1 to channel 4KUE Transmission ratioKv Servo gain factor

LAD LADder logic

LCD Liquid Crystal Display: Opto-electronic display with liquid crystals

LEC Leadscrew error compensation

LEDs Light-Emitting Diode: light-emitting-diode display

LUD Local User Data

MB Megabyte

MC Measuring Circuit
MCP Machine control panel

MD Machine data

MDA Manual Data Automatic: Manual input

MG Mode groups

MLFB Machine-readable product designation

MMC Man-Machine Communication: User interface on numerical control systems for operator

control, programming and simulation

MPF Main Program File: NC part program (main program)

MPI Multi-Point Interface: Multiple interface

MSD Main Spindle Drive
NC Numerical Control

NCK Numerical Control Kernel: NC kernel with block preparation, traversing range, etc.

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Abbreviations

NCU Numerical Control Unit

NURBS Non-Uniform Rational B-Spline

OEM Original Equipment Manufacturer

OM Operating modeOP Operator Panel

OPI Operator Panel Interface: Interface for connection to the operator panel

PC Personal computer

PCMCIA Personal Computer Memory Card International Association Interface standard

PD Product database
PG Programming Device

PLC Programmable Logic Control

PRT Program test

RAM Program memory which can be read and written into

RISC Reduced Instruction Set Computer: Type of processor with small instruction set and

ability to process instructions at high speed

ROV Rapid Override: Rapid override

RPA R-Parameter Active: Memory area on the NCK for R parameter numbers

RR Ready to run

RTS Request To Send: RTS, control signal of serial data interfaces

SBL Single Block
SD Setting Data

SEA Setting Data Active: Memory area for setting data on the NCK

SKP SKiP: Skip block
SM Signal Module

SPF SubProgram File: Subroutine

SSI Serial Synchronous Interface: Synchronous serial interface

SW SoftwareT Tool

TEA Testing Data Active: Refers to machine data

TO Tool offset

TOA Tool Offset Active: Memory area for tool offsets

TNRC Tool nose radius compensation

TRANSMIT Transform Milling Into Turning: Coordinate conversion on turning machine for milling

operations

UI User interface

WZ Tool

ZO Zero Offset

ZOA Zero Offset Active: Memory area

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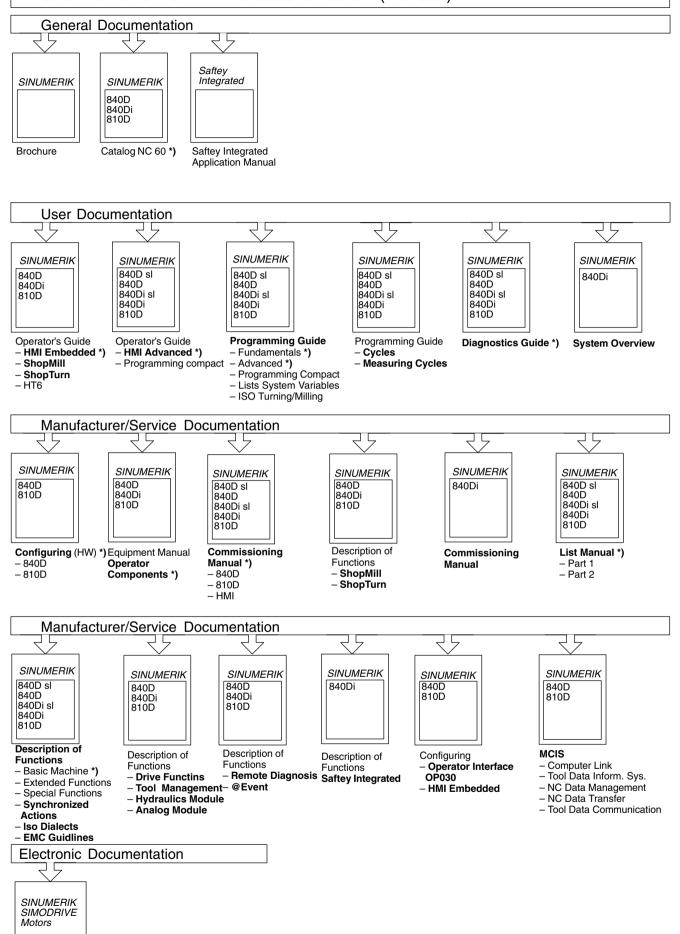
Abbreviations

A&D MC MS1	Suggestions
Postfach 3180	Corrections
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Suggestions and/or corrections

Overview of SINUMERIK 840D/840Di/810D (11/2006)

DOCONCD *)
DOCONWEB



^{*)} These documents are a minimum requirement