

SIEMENS

SIMATIC

Process control system PCS 7 SIMATIC BATCH V9.0 Getting Started


Getting Started


<u>Security information</u>	1
<u>Preface</u>	2
<u>Introduction to batch processes</u>	3
<u>Configuring the "Kitchen" training project</u>	4
<u>Creating an equipment phase using SFC and BATCH interface blocks</u>	5
<u>Creating an Equipment Phase Using SFC Type</u>	6
<u>Creating an Equipment Phase using CMT, EMT & EPHT</u>	7


Legal information

Warning notice system

This manual contains notices you have to observe in order to ensure your personal safety, as well as to prevent damage to property. The notices referring to your personal safety are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol, notices referring only to property damage have no safety alert symbol. These notices shown below are graded according to the degree of danger.

 DANGER
indicates that death or severe personal injury will result if proper precautions are not taken.

 WARNING
indicates that death or severe personal injury may result if proper precautions are not taken.

 CAUTION
indicates that minor personal injury can result if proper precautions are not taken.

NOTICE
indicates that property damage can result if proper precautions are not taken.


If more than one degree of danger is present, the warning notice representing the highest degree of danger will be used. A notice warning of injury to persons with a safety alert symbol may also include a warning relating to property damage.

Qualified Personnel

The product/system described in this documentation may be operated only by **personnel qualified** for the specific task in accordance with the relevant documentation, in particular its warning notices and safety instructions. Qualified personnel are those who, based on their training and experience, are capable of identifying risks and avoiding potential hazards when working with these products/systems.

Proper use of Siemens products

Note the following:

 WARNING
Siemens products may only be used for the applications described in the catalog and in the relevant technical documentation. If products and components from other manufacturers are used, these must be recommended or approved by Siemens. Proper transport, storage, installation, assembly, commissioning, operation and maintenance are required to ensure that the products operate safely and without any problems. The permissible ambient conditions must be complied with. The information in the relevant documentation must be observed.

Trademarks

All names identified by ® are registered trademarks of Siemens AG. The remaining trademarks in this publication may be trademarks whose use by third parties for their own purposes could violate the rights of the owner.

Disclaimer of Liability

We have reviewed the contents of this publication to ensure consistency with the hardware and software described. Since variance cannot be precluded entirely, we cannot guarantee full consistency. However, the information in this publication is reviewed regularly and any necessary corrections are included in subsequent editions.

Table of contents

1	Security information	7
2	Preface	9
3	Introduction to batch processes	11
3.1	Classification of Batch processes	11
3.2	Characteristics of Continuous and Batch Processes.....	12
3.3	Exercise: Where is this used?	14
3.4	Industry Sectors for SIMATIC BATCH	15
3.5	Origins of Batch Production: The Kitchen	16
3.6	The Chef - Working Environment and Working Procedures	17
3.7	Batch Terminology	19
3.8	The Kitchen: Master recipes – Header Data	20
3.9	The Kitchen: Master Recipes – Procedure (Procedural Rules)	20
3.10	The Kitchen: Automation Requirements.....	21
3.11	The Kitchen: Automation Concept	21
3.12	Automation Concept - New Approach.....	22
3.13	Separation of the Automation Level and Procedural Level	23
3.14	ISA-88 - Physical Model	24
3.15	Procedural Control Model.....	25
3.16	Implementation – Physical and Procedural Model	26
3.17	The ISA-88 model in PCS 7	27
3.18	Workflow in the Kitchen: Order - Master Recipe - Process Cell.....	28
3.19	Classification of batch process cells.....	29
3.20	SIMATIC BATCH: Customer Benefits	31
4	Configuring the "Kitchen" training project	33
4.1	Basic principles	33
4.1.1	Description of the model.....	33
4.1.2	Plant Hierarchy View in SIMATIC Manager.....	34
4.1.3	Hardware and Software Requirements.....	35
4.2	Configuration.....	35
4.2.1	Retrieving the project.....	35
4.2.2	Configuring the BATCH Server and BATCH Client	36
4.2.3	Opening the Plant View	39
4.2.4	Creating the Batch Process Cell.....	40
4.2.5	Type Definition of the Plant Hierarchy according to ISA -88.....	41

4.2.6	Assigning the Batch Category "EPH"	44
4.2.7	Generating the Type Definition in the Batch Types.....	46
4.2.8	Compiling and Downloading the AS, OS and Batch Process Cell Data.....	48
4.2.9	Downloading the AS to PLCSIM	52
4.2.10	Downloading the Batch Process Cell Data	53
4.2.11	Starting the OS	56
4.2.12	Starting the BATCH Launch Coordinator	61
4.2.13	Loading the supplied recipes and materials.....	66
4.2.14	Setting up Roles Management in SIMATIC Logon	69
4.2.15	Updating Downloaded Batch Process Cell Data	72
4.2.16	The Recipe for Pasta Piccata Milanese	74
4.2.17	Setting up the Output Material	75
4.2.18	Creating a Master Recipe in BatchCC.....	78
4.2.19	Setting up a Recipe Structure in the Recipe Editor	83
4.2.19.1	Introduction of the Recipe Editor	83
4.2.19.2	Working on Editing Level 1	87
4.2.19.3	Working on Editing Level 2	95
4.2.20	Completing the Training Recipe	102
4.2.21	Releasing the Master Recipe for Production	106
4.2.22	Creating an Order (Batch)	109
4.2.23	Releasing and Starting a Batch (Control Recipe)	114
5	Creating an equipment phase using SFC and BATCH interface blocks	117
5.1	Task definition and implementation concept.....	117
5.2	Expanding the plant hierarchy.....	119
5.3	Configuring the control module level (Valve P1_V1).....	123
5.4	Configuring BATCH interface blocks	126
5.5	Creating an SFC	130
5.6	Connecting the BATCH control commands with the SFC.....	144
5.7	Compiling and downloading the AS and OS.....	148
5.8	Generating BATCH types.....	150
5.9	Compiling and downloading BATCH process cell data.....	152
5.10	Expanding a Recipe	153
6	Creating an Equipment Phase Using SFC Type	161
6.1	Task definition and implementation concept for "Ventilate"	161
6.2	Creating an SFC Type "Ventilate"	162
6.3	Creating sequencers	168
6.4	Expanding the Plant Hierarchy.....	179
6.5	Instantiating the SFC Type "Ventilate" at Pot_1	184
6.6	Compiling and Downloading AS, OS, and Batch	189
6.7	Expanding a Recipe	190
7	Creating an Equipment Phase using CMT, EMT & EPHT.....	193
7.1	Task definition and implementation concept for "Cooling"	193

7.2	Creating Control Module Type in Master Data Library.....	195
7.3	Creating Equipment Module Type in Master Data Library	203
7.4	Creating Equipment Phase Type in Master Data Library	232
7.5	Instantiating the CMT, EMT & EPHT in the Project.....	254
Index	267

Security information

Siemens provides products and solutions with industrial security functions that support the secure operation of plants, systems, machines and networks.

In order to protect plants, systems, machines and networks against cyber threats, it is necessary to implement – and continuously maintain – a holistic, state-of-the-art industrial security concept. Siemens' products and solutions constitute one element of such a concept.

Customers are responsible for preventing unauthorized access to their plants, systems, machines and networks. Such systems, machines and components should only be connected to an enterprise network or the internet if and to the extent such a connection is necessary and only when appropriate security measures (e.g. firewalls and/or network segmentation) are in place.

For additional information on industrial security measures that may be implemented, please visit
<https://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity>.

Siemens' products and solutions undergo continuous development to make them more secure. Siemens strongly recommends that product updates are applied as soon as they are available and that the latest product versions are used. Use of product versions that are no longer supported, and failure to apply the latest updates may increase customer's exposure to cyber threats.

To stay informed about product updates, subscribe to the Siemens Industrial Security RSS Feed under
<https://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity>.

Preface

Overview

BATCH Getting Started gives you an overview of the SIMATIC BATCH software package in combination with the SIMATIC PCS 7 process control system. It also allows you to become familiar with the functions of the batch process control. Getting Started is intended for new users of SIMATIC BATCH.

Prerequisites

To understand BATCH Getting Started documentation, basic knowledge in the area of automation engineering and process control engineering is required.

It is assumed that the reader knows how to use PCs or other equipment similar to PCs (such as programming devices) operating under Windows operating systems approved for SIMATIC PCS 7.

SIMATIC BATCH uses the SIMATIC PCS 7 software. You should already have experience with the configuration. The entire SIMATIC PCS 7 documentation is available to you free of charge and in multiple languages as a manual collection in MyDocumentationManager via the following Internet page:

Complete SIMATIC PCS 7 documentation (<http://www.siemens.com/pcs7-documentation>).

Scope of the Documentation

This documentation applies to the software package SIMATIC BATCH V9.0 in combination with the process control system SIMATIC PCS 7 V9.0 SP2 UC03.

Additional Support

If you have questions about using the products described in this manual that are not answered in this document, please contact your local Siemens representative.

Contact partners (<http://www.siemens.com/automation/partner>).

You can find a guide to the collection of technical documentation for individual SIMATIC products and systems at SIMATIC technical documentation (<http://www.siemens.com/simatic-tech-doku-portal>).

You can find the online catalog and the online ordering system at Industry Mall - Siemens (<http://www.siemens.com/automation/mall>).

Training Center

We offer relevant training courses to help you become familiar with the SIMATIC PCS 7 process control system. Please contact your regional training center or the central training center in 90327 Nuremberg, Germany.

Training center (<http://www.siemens.com/sitrain>).

Technical Support

You can reach Industry Online Support for all DI products via the support request Web form.

Industry Online support request (<https://www.siemens.com/automation/support-request>).

You can find more information about our Technical Support online at General information on technical online support (<http://support.automation.siemens.com>).

Industry Online Support on the Internet

As well as providing you with a range of documentation, we also share our expertise with you on the Internet.

Automation technology from A to Z (<https://support.industry.siemens.com>).

Here you will find:

- Our newsletter, which will keep you constantly updated with the latest information concerning your products.
- The search facility allows you to search for the correct documents.
- A forum, on which users and specialists from around the world can share their experience.
- Your local Automation and Drives representatives.
- Information relating to on-site service, repairs and spare parts.

A wealth of other information also awaits you under "Services".

Introduction to batch processes

3.1 Classification of Batch processes

Classification of technical processes

	Manufacturing process "Transformation"	Distribution process "Transport"	Storage
Process engineering	Refinery chemical reactions	Gas distribution, Pipeline	Tank, Bunker
Production engineering	Turning, Milling	Assembly line, Packaging	Storage process "Saving"

Difference between process and factory automation

- Process technology usually handles the production of liquid or solid materials.
 - Physical / chemical / biological processes
 - Safety, control of the (dangerous) process
 - Sometimes Undefinable
 - Uninterruptible at times
- Factory automation processes handle the production of packages such as screws or computers.
 - Mechanical processes
 - Throughput, speed
 - Definable
 - Can be interrupted

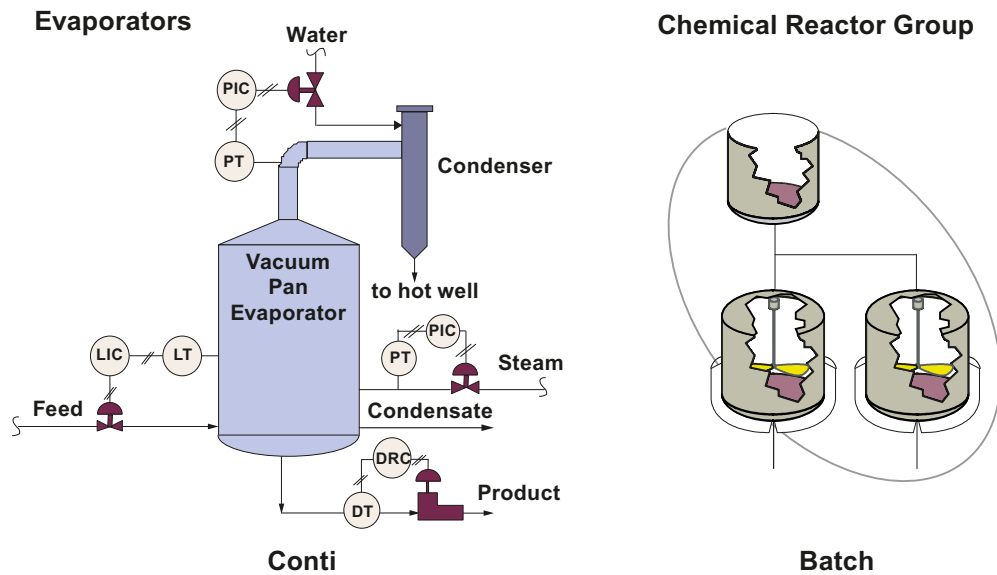
Definitions within the technological processes

- Continuous process (below "Conti process" or simply "Conti")
 - Started and operated continuously over longer periods of time.
 - Synonym: Flow process
 - Examples: Ammonia synthesis, ethylene production
- Discontinuous process (below "batch process" or simply "batch")
 - Produces the product in separate batches of defined quantities
 - Synonym: Batch process
 - Examples: Production of synthetic resin, dye and fertilizers

3.2 Characteristics of Continuous and Batch Processes

Comparison of continuous and batch processes

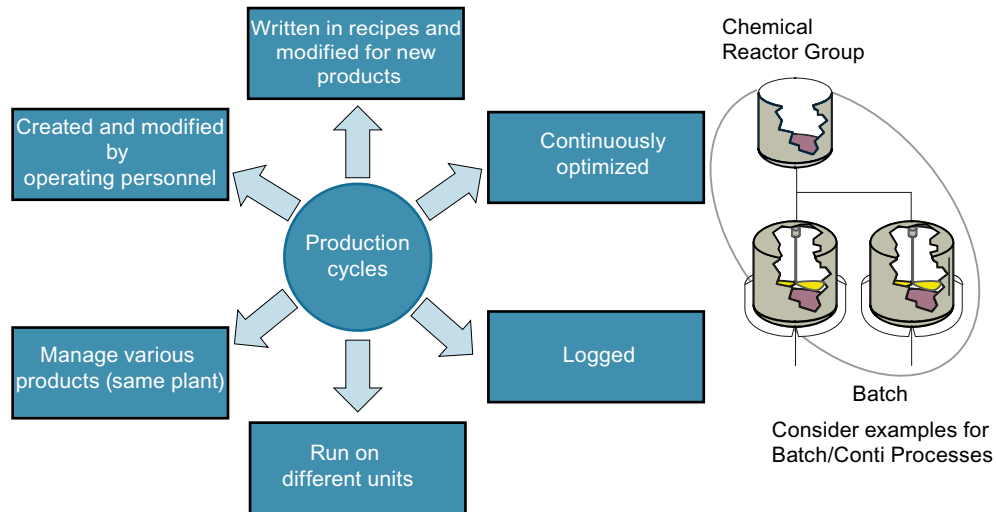
	Conti		Batch
✓	Continuous flow of products	✓	Limited product quantities
✓	Large-scale production	✓	Small-scale production
✓	Setpoint-driven	✓	Recipe-driven
✓	Rare changes to the plant	✓	Frequent changes to the process
✓	Single-product plant	✓	Different products in the same plant
✓	Rare operator intervention	✓	Often only with partial automation -> operator intervention
✓	The automation system contains the production know-how	✓	The recipes contain the production know-how
✓	Equilibrium states	✓	Various process states



- The main difference between Batch and Conti is the production method.
- The product quantities in a batch process are fixed and can be clearly identified for this reason.
- Recipes contain the setpoints for the relevant process variables and product quantities. They also describe the method or procedure deployed to manufacture the product.
- The units within a Conti process are dedicated to specific tasks.
- The same unit is used for multiple tasks within the batch process which means it is used for different batches, and shared resources.
- Mixed forms are relatively frequent, where both continuous and batch processes are coupled together or where certain parts of a batch process are supplied by continuously operating intermediate stages.

3.3 Exercise: Where is this used?

Production sequences



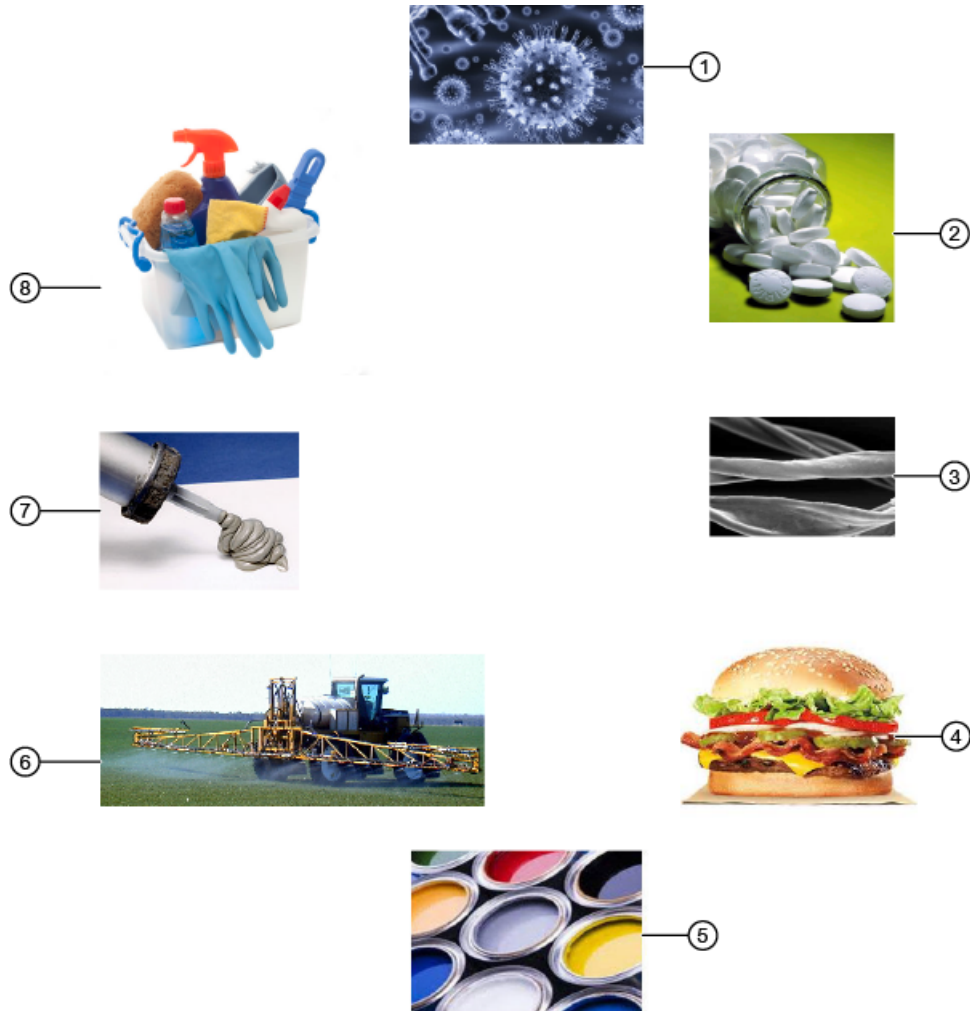
The properties of production sequences are as follows:

- The production sequences are described in the recipes, which represent a mapping of the production methods. In contrast to typical Conti applications or applications for the production process, the production sequence is described in the "recipe" instead of being reflected by the automation solution.
- The production sequences can be converted for new products. Automated production processes do not always return the same product; rather, they can return different end products whose manufacturing methods are contained in different recipes. These recipes are subject to continuous optimization in terms of parameter settings and runtime.
- Clear documentation of the process is often a vital aspect of production. This is essential for quality assurance and for the detection of faults.
- The customized, in-house conversion of production sequences for different products, including the introduction of new products or the modification of existing sequences, is an important factor for many end users.
- Plant operators should also be able to handle these tasks without having to consult system specialists. The automation system as such should not be modified. The conversion of sequences should be handled by means of recipes which map the production process.
- A production sequence which is described in a recipe and which is used specifically for a certain product often raises the question: "Where do I produce?". The factory usually features several production facilities which are capable of handling the same production sequence (for example, several identical production lines.). It should therefore be possible to distribute the production sequences to different production facilities. This should also be a system functionality which does not require any modification to the automation program.

3.4 Industry Sectors for SIMATIC BATCH

Typical industry sectors that use batch automation

Typical business sectors that use batch processes are as shown below. For example: Beer production in the food and beverages sector.



- (1) Biotechnology
- (2) Pharmaceuticals
- (3) Chemical and mineral fiber
- (4) Food
- (5) Paint/Dye
- (6) Fertilizer/Plant protection
- (7) Plastic/Adhesive

(8) Detergents

3.5 Origins of Batch Production: The Kitchen

Production plant "Kitchen"

This section explains about a kitchen production plant which is a simple example for a batch production:

Various products are created here. The production method is described in recipes. These can be constantly optimized and improved, and completely new recipes can be added. The chef is perfectly capable of doing this alone without help from the kitchen manufacturer. The recipe is often "secret" and contains the know-how for creating a dish.

When cooking, chefs must be able to decide which equipment will be used to implement a recipe. If there are several kitchens (for example in an industrial setting), the user can decide which kitchen will be used to make the product. Regardless of the kitchen selected, the same product should result and the actual production location should only be decided during production planning. It is important to record the production sequence (for example, quality assurance for health authorities, and for guests who want to know the method of production of the product they are consuming).



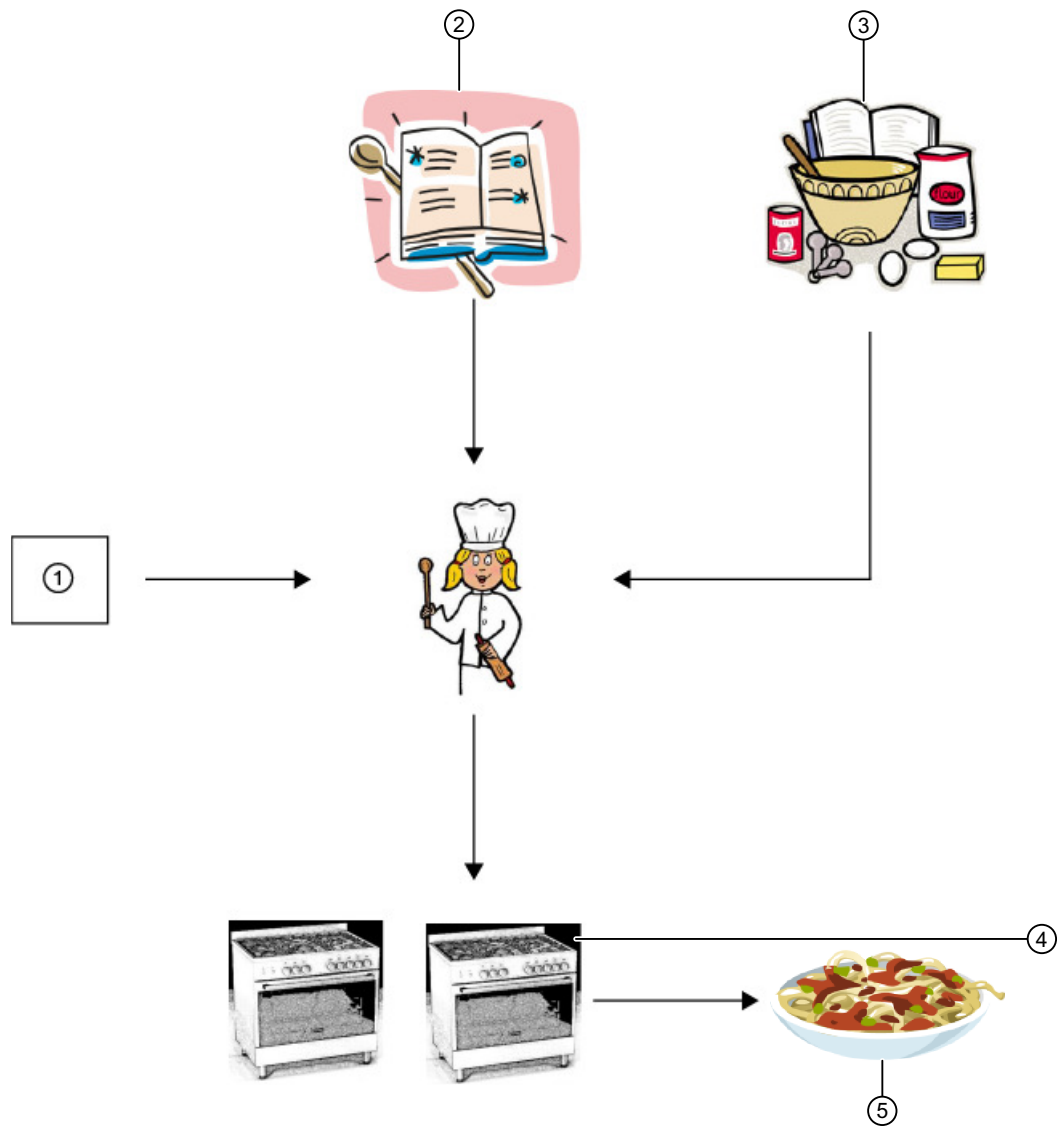
3.6 The Chef - Working Environment and Working Procedures

Working Environment and Working Procedures

The section below describes the working environment of the chef. The chef is in possession of recipes which contain the instructions and a list of ingredients and quantities. These recipes are known as master recipes.

The working environment involved is as explained below:

- Specific materials must be made available for production.
- The production process is initiated by an order. This order defines the product, the quantities and the time schedule for production.
- The chef handles the order in accordance with the corresponding recipe. They also allocate cooking resource such as the kitchen stove. Certain production units may be in use and not currently available, as it is common to handle several orders simultaneously.
- The result of this sequence is the finished product.



- (1) Order
- (2) Recipe
- (3) Ingredients for cooking pasta
- (4) Cooking pasta
- (5) Spaghetti Bolognese served

3.7 Batch Terminology

Important batch terminologies

The important batch terminologies are:

- **Master recipe:** Recipe level that takes into account the capabilities of the equipment and contains information specific to the process cell.
- **Control recipe:** A type of recipe that defines the manufacture of a single batch of a specific product through its execution.
- **Batch:** Apparatus-dependent quantity of a product, which is manufactured discontinuously in a defined production cycle.
- **Process:** A sequence of chemical, physical, or biological activities for the conversion, transport, or storage of material or energy.

Till now, we have used terms taken from everyday language. Such terms are, however, liable to subjective interpretation. The same word may mean different things to different people. This is particularly the case when people with different occupations talk to each other (for example system engineers, chemists, production engineers). A chemist might understand a recipe to be the chemical composition of a product (which should not be revealed at any cost), whereas the system engineer interprets it as an automated sequence (for example, a sequencer).

To create a production facility that operates as desired, people from various walks of life must be able to work together. Therefore, it is important that everyone speaks the same "language". NAMUR (an international user association of automation technology in process industries) and ISA 88 (a standard for batch-oriented control strategies) have set themselves the task of defining and standardizing the terms.

We will gradually replace everyday language with the terminology from the standard.

In our kitchen we can derive a control recipe from the "Spaghetti Bolognese" recipe for Fred's kitchen which determines the production sequence for producing a batch of spaghetti.

This illustrates that the control recipe derived from the master recipe is responsible for production. The control recipe must therefore know which production facilities it will be using while the master recipe remains neutral in this respect.

3.8 The Kitchen: Master recipes – Header Data

Master recipes – Header Data

Language of the Chef		ISA-88 Terms
Meal	Spaghetti Bolognese	Product
Number of persons	4 (Nominal quantity)	Reference quantity
Ingredients	1 kg ground beef, 100 gm mushrooms, 1 kg pasta, pinch of salt, 1 onion, 4 tomatoes : :	Input materials

Master recipes importantly consist of three parts:

- A recipe header which provides general information about the product such as its name, reference quantity, ingredients and quantities.
- Instructions or procedural rules for production. This is known as a recipe procedure.
- Information of the capabilities of the Process Cell including the Unit (Classes)

3.9 The Kitchen: Master Recipes – Procedure (Procedural Rules)

Master Recipes – Procedure (Procedural Rules)

Instructions		Procedural Rules
1. Make Bolognese sauce		Unit recipe 1
	Chop onions and tomatoes, place in pan, weigh ground beef and add to pan	ROP 1: Prepare
		ROP 2: Heat
	Heat pan to level 6	
	Simmer for 1 hour with lid on pan	ROP 3: Simmer
2. Cook pasta		Unit recipe 2
	...	
3. Season	Pot	Unit recipe 3
	
	
4. Taste	Pan	Sample

The Recipe Unit Procedure (RUP) shows the instructions for production. It is divided into various sections (unit recipes). The unit recipes themselves are made up of recipe operations (ROPs).

We could, for example, describe the production of Bolognese sauce required to produce Spaghetti Bolognese in a unit recipe for Bolognese. We can further refine this procedure by detailing the steps in recipe operations. In the unit recipe for Bolognese sauce, we begin with the "Prepare" recipe operation. During the preparation, the input materials onions and tomatoes are chopped, ground meat is weighed and put in a pan.

At this stage, use of the term pan or pot is still generalized. These are references to the production facilities that will be required. In the standard language, these are known as unit classes. The master recipe itself is nevertheless "neutral" in terms of the unit candidates; that is, there is no mention yet of the unit candidate that will actually be used for production (for example, Fred's kitchen and Fred's favorite pot).

3.10 The Kitchen: Automation Requirements

Requirements for Batch processes

The "Kitchen" example is an analogy for the characteristics of Batch processes. The automation of such processes must meet the following requirements.

Requirements	Implementation in the "Kitchen" example
Batch processes are described in "recipes"	Spaghetti recipe.
Batch processes can be converted for new products.	The chef must create new dishes.
Batch processes are continuously optimized.	Refinements and resulting recipe adaptations.
Production processes are logged. Proof of the production process.	The production of foodstuffs should be recorded and be reproducible.
Process sequences may only be created or edited by authorized persons.	Recipes are developed by the chef, not by the appliance supplier, for example.
Batch processes can be distributed to several units.	Recipes can be used in different kitchens.
Different recipes produce different products in the same process cell.	End product in the kitchen, for example: Spaghetti, schnitzel/escalope or fried potatoes.

3.11 The Kitchen: Automation Concept

Requirements of an Automation Concept

Requirement	Solution (Without using Batch)
BATCH processes are described in "recipes"	Possible with STL, SCL, SFCs, WinCC, though highly complex
BATCH processes can be converted for new products.	The programming method (STL, SCL, SFC) could be adapted.
BATCH processes are continuously optimized.	The programming method (STL, SCL, SFC) could be adapted.
Production processes are logged.	The programming method (STL, SCL, SFC) could be adapted.

Requirement	Solution (Without using Batch)
Process sequences may only be created or edited by authorized persons.	Not possible.
BATCH processes can be distributed to several units.	Not possible.
Different recipes produce different products in the same process cell.	Possible with STL, SCL, SFCs, WinCC, though highly complex

What do these requirements mean when formulating an automation concept?

Let's look at SIMATIC PCS 7 as a system platform.

Question: How can we describe the production sequences in recipes?

Answer: We can imagine structuring all possible sequences using CFC and SFC and mapping these to "recipes" using parameters stored, for example, on the OS. Structuring the sequences would, however, be extremely complex since all possibilities must be taken into account. It should also be possible to modify the recipes or to create new recipes. This could mean that the automation program (CFC, SFC) would have to be changed. The operating personnel would not be capable of doing this and the automation technician would have to be called in.

It would be possible to log the sequences using messages output on the OS in the form of reports. This would have to be implemented separately for each specific project. New and modified recipes would once again cause problems.

The complexity of the automation solution increases yet again if the sequences also need to be adapted for various units. This would mean that the SFCs would also have to determine which units are to be used.

3.12 Automation Concept - New Approach

New automation concept approach

This leads to a new solution for resolving complexity by separating the automation and procedural levels.

We shall presume that the hardware structure of the process cell is retained and only the sequences will change. Let us implement the process cell-specific elements of the automation system and map the sequences to a "recipe system" which can be handled by the process. The master recipes are created and stored in this system.

The control recipes are derived from the master recipes and address the automation system.

The control recipe operations are:

1. Prepare bolognese.
2. Cook noodles.
3. Add spices.
4. Tasting.

Note

The control recipe operations also contain the basic process of chopping onions and tomatoes, and putting them in the pan. Later, weighing the ground meat and adding it is also included here to prepare noodles.



(1) Process cell

3.13 Separation of the Automation Level and Procedural Level

Structure of the process cell

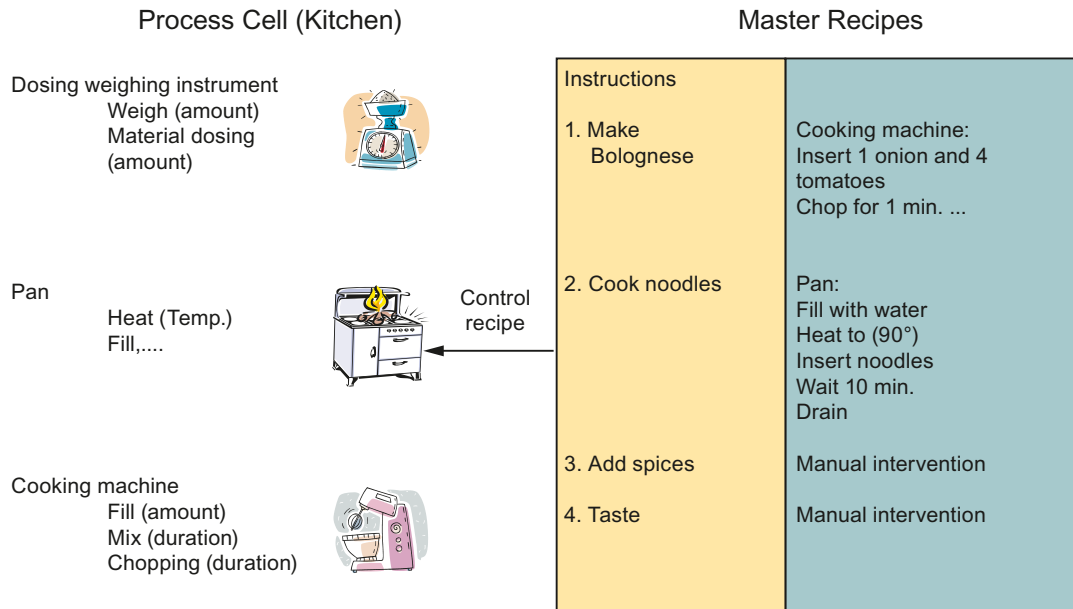
The following figure displays the structure of the process cell:

A structure consisting of units (scale, pan, mixer, etc.) can be designed in the process cell. These units are organized by technological functions such as weighing, dosing, etc. The technological functions can be assigned parameters such as "quantity" of the technological function "dosing".

All of this functionality is mapped to the AS. Here, the term process cell model is used. It represents the "tool box" for the engineer who designs the master recipe.

In the master recipe, these units with their equipment phases are used to compose the sequence.

Separation of Automation and Recipe



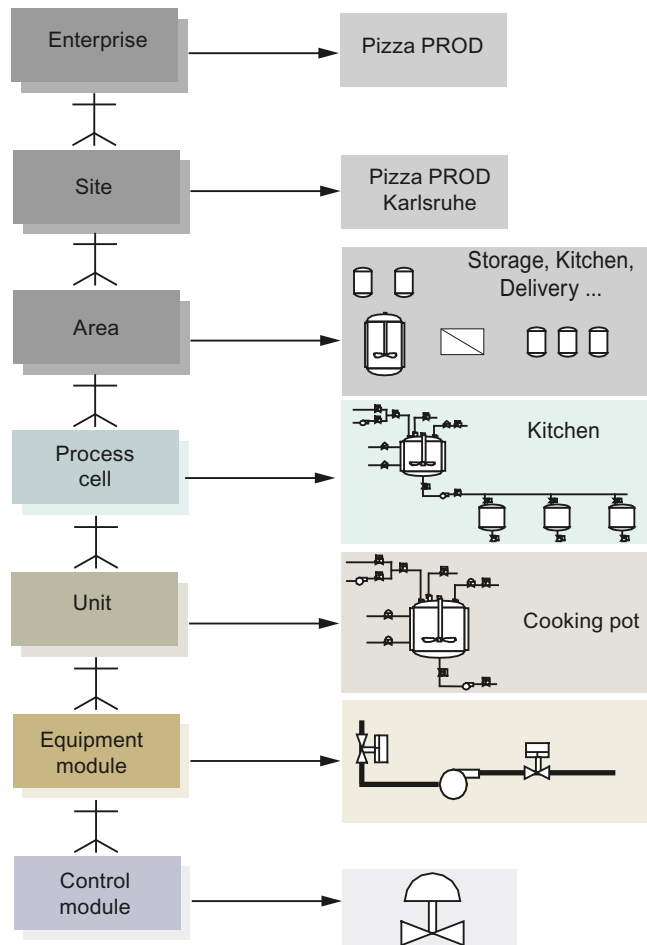
3.14 ISA-88 - Physical Model

Equipment models and their structural layers

The figure below explains the hierarchical structure of the equipment model. The properties of the model are:

- The model has seven levels. The top three levels are not dealt within the standard since these go beyond the framework of batch control.
- The lower four levels are also known as the equipment model.

- An equipment phase (heating, dosing, weighing, etc.) serves an equipment module (heating, in this case).
- The term "EPH (Equipment Phase)" is used in the PCS 7 environment.

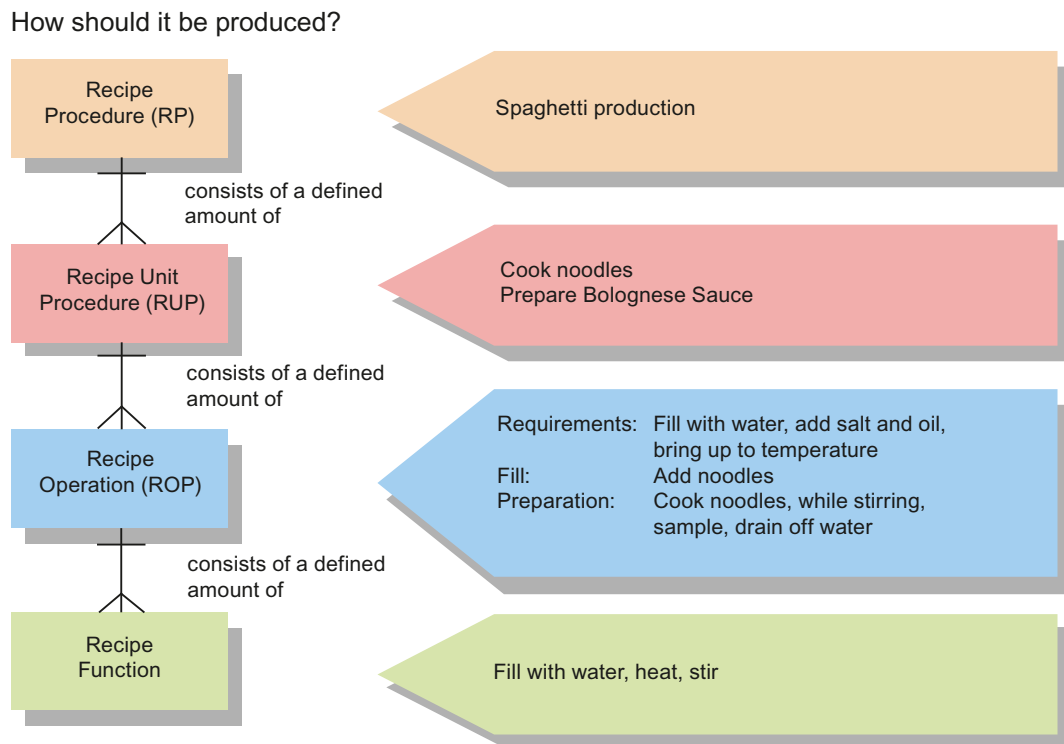


3.15 Procedural Control Model

Hierarchical model

In keeping with the physical model, a hierarchical model is used to describe the procedures as shown below.

3.16 Implementation – Physical and Procedural Model

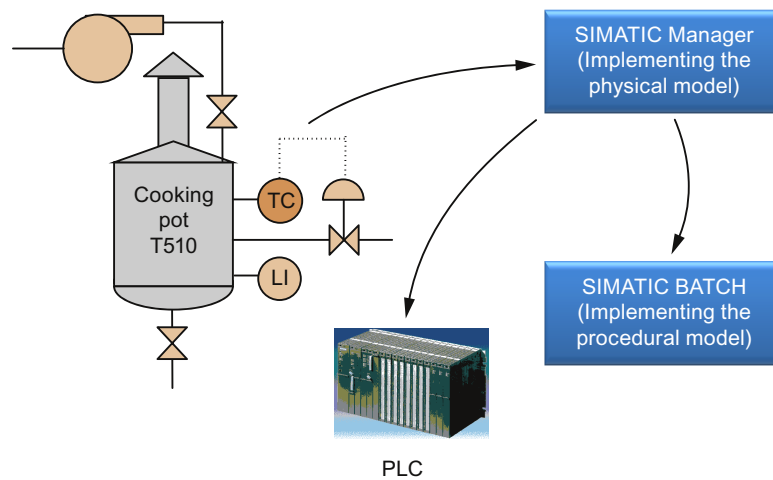


3.16 Implementation – Physical and Procedural Model

Models

The physical and procedural model are as shown in the figure below. Both models are mapped in the architecture of SIMATIC PCS 7. The hardware model is implemented in SIMATIC PCS 7 engineering. The resulting program structures are executed in the AS.

The procedural model is implemented in SIMATIC BATCH. The control recipes are executed in SIMATIC BATCH and in the AS program structures.



3.17 The ISA-88 model in PCS 7

Models in SIMATIC PCS 7 and SIMATIC BATCH

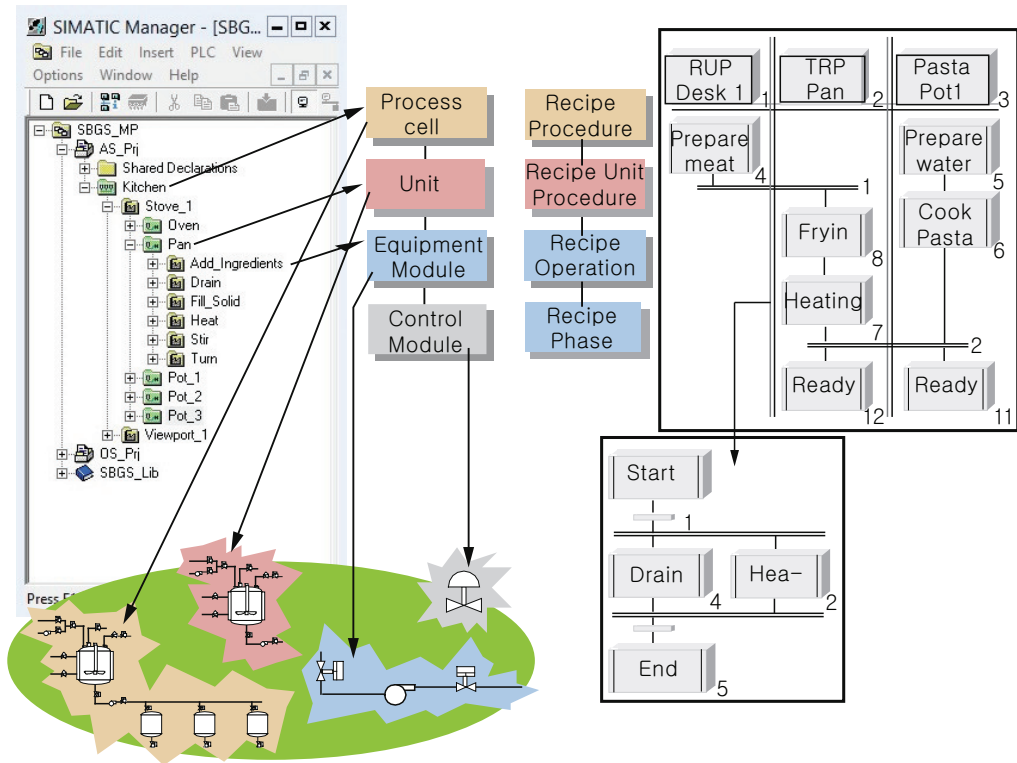
ISA S88.01 describes various models that can be fully covered with SIMATIC PCS 7 and SIMATIC BATCH.

The equipment model describes the process cell, unit, equipment module and control module level that are mapped using the plant hierarchy in the plant view of the SIMATIC Manager.

The process cell model is prepared for SIMATIC BATCH so that the procedural model in the form of recipes can be mapped to the process cell model.

- A recipe procedure runs in a process cell to control a process and to create a batch of a product.
- A recipe unit procedure runs on a unit to control a recipe stage. A unit can only be occupied by one batch at once, at any given time.
- A recipe operation or a recipe phase runs in an equipment module to perform a process task or equipment phase.
- The control module level is not within the framework of the Batch system and is only addressed via the equipment module. The control module level is located completely within AS.

3.18 Workflow in the Kitchen: Order - Master Recipe - Process Cell

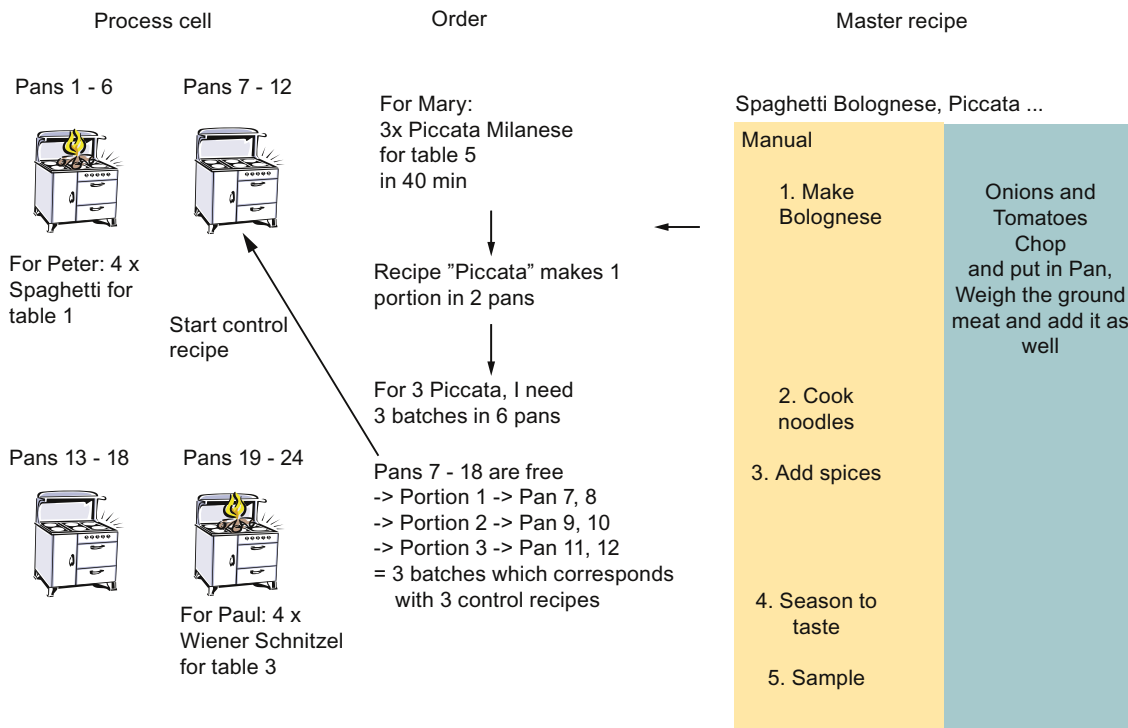


3.18 Workflow in the Kitchen: Order - Master Recipe - Process Cell

Order - Master Recipe - Process Cell

This section explains an example of the workflow in the kitchen. The example is as described below:

- Many orders three portions of Piccata Milanese. The order was placed for table 5 and must be delivered within 40 minutes.
- The "Piccata" master recipe is available for production. The recipe describes the process for a single portion.
- The chef needs two frying pans per portion. He needs six frying pans in order to produce three portions simultaneously. He creates three control recipes, each for two frying pans. Each control recipe produces one batch of Piccata.
- All three control recipes can be started simultaneously as shown in the picture, provided all six frying pans are available.
- The three batches have to be produced in sequential order if only two pans were available.



3.19 Classification of batch process cells

Criteria for categorizing batch process cells

The number of products produced on the process cell represents the first classification criterion.

- Single-product process cells
- Multiple product process cells

The number of routes which support the parallel product flow forms the second criterion

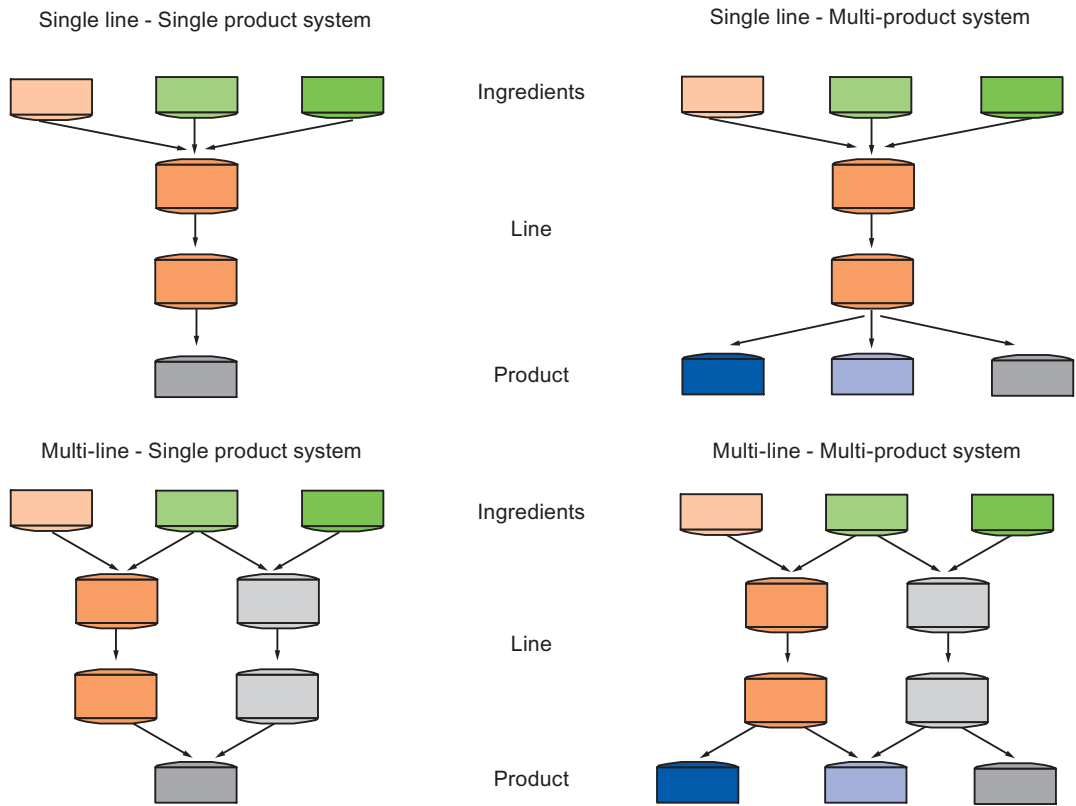
- Single-route structure
- Multiple-route structure
- Network structure with totally flexible routes

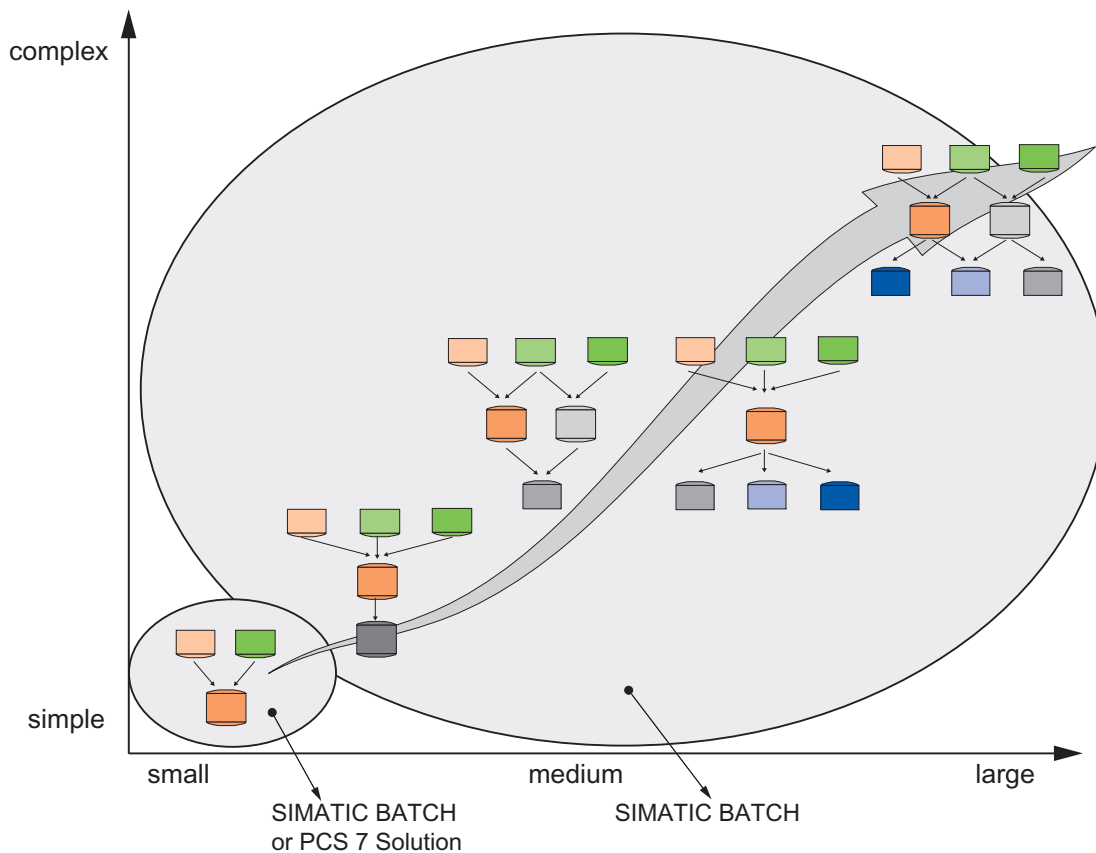
The scaling capability of SIMATIC BATCH makes it suitable for both small scale process cells and for large configuration limits.

Complexity increases in proportion to the number of products and routes. SIMATIC BATCH supports the automation of multiple routes for multi-product process cells.

The assessment of smaller process cells for which only a few products or routes are required should be focused on licensing and engineering costs acquired by the solution with SIMATIC BATCH.

3.19 Classification of batch process cells





3.20 SIMATIC BATCH: Customer Benefits

Customer benefits derived from the implementation of SIMATIC BATCH

The customer benefits derived from the implementation of SIMATIC BATCH are:

- The production sequences are described in master recipes which can be created/edited by operating personnel at any time.
- Greater production flexibility, reduced "time to market".
- Unit allocation can be planned. The allocation planning can be changed right up to the actual allocation. SIMATIC BATCH supports automatic unit selection and late binding of units..
- Improved utilization of resources.
- Production sequences are documented in a batch log (paper or electronic). The production sequences can be reproduced using recipes with control strategies.
- Easy quality management.

3.20 SIMATIC BATCH: Customer Benefits

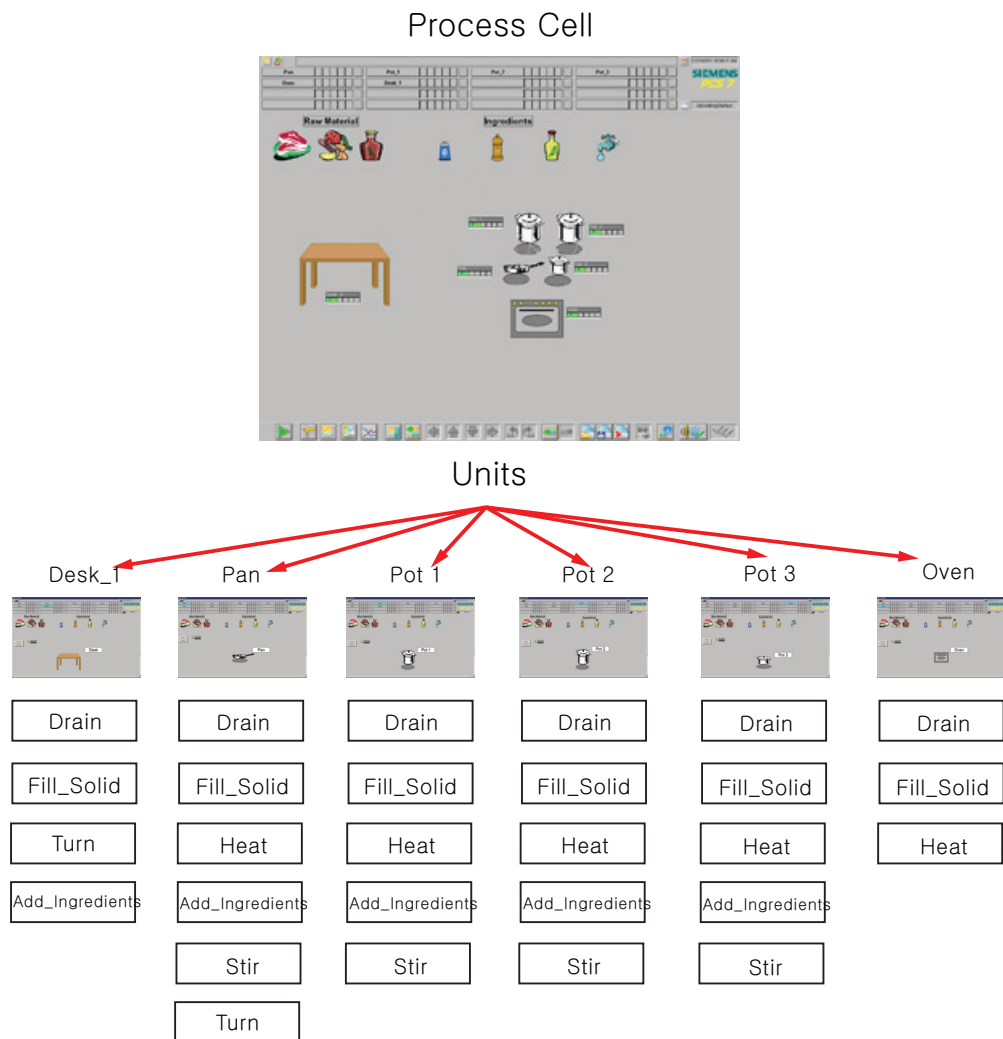
- Of particular interest if validation is required according to FDA (Food and Drug Administration) guidelines:
 - Version control
 - Access control
 - Audit Trails (21CFR Part11)
 - Electronic Signatures and archiving of batch (production) data.
- Low costs of validation, as changes to recipes can be traced.
- Implementation of a standard Siemens product.
- Reduced operation and life-cycle costs.

Configuring the "Kitchen" training project

4.1 Basic principles

4.1.1 Description of the model

Overview of the equipment model

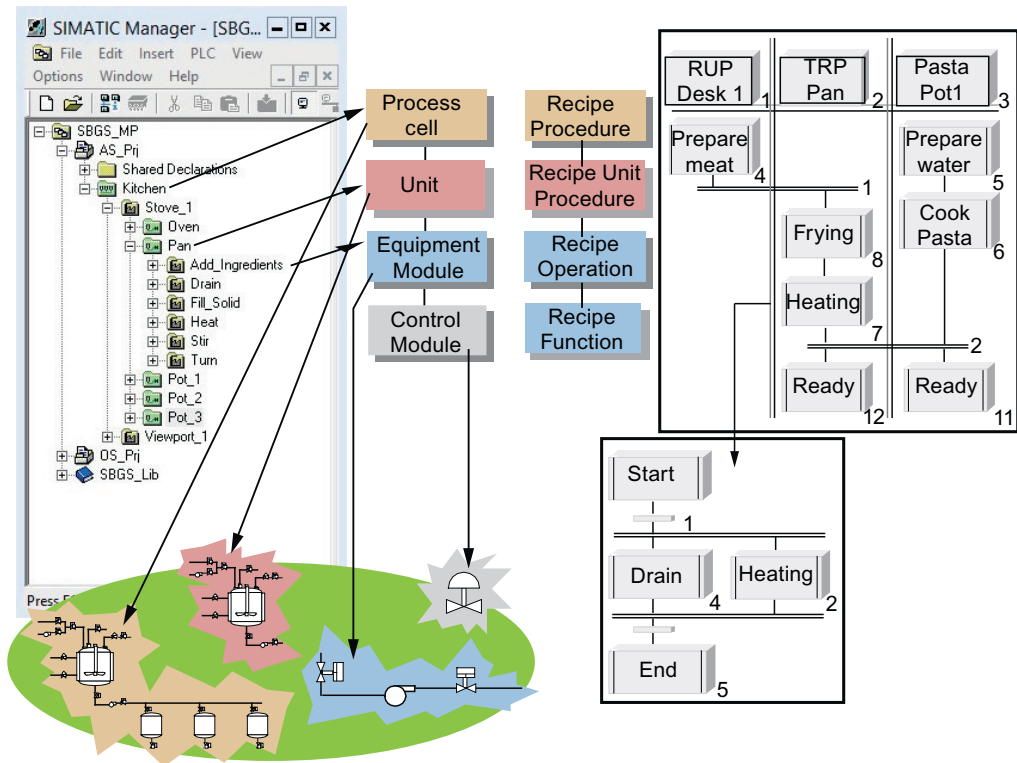


4.1.2 Plant Hierarchy View in SIMATIC Manager

Process cell model in the SIMATIC Manager

The properties of the process cell model in SIMATIC Manager are:

- The process cell model in SIMATIC BATCH is used to represent the procedural model in recipes.
- A recipe procedure controls a process in a process cell to create a batch of a product.
- A recipe unit procedure runs on a unit to control a recipe stage. To avoid collisions, a unit can only be allocated to one batch at any time.
- A recipe operation or a recipe phase performs a process engineering task or equipment phase in an equipment module.
- The control module level is not within the focus of the Batch system and is only addressed through the equipment module. The control module level is located completely within the AS.



4.1.3 Hardware and Software Requirements

Hardware requirements

- PC configured according to the minimum requirements defined in the "PCS 7 Readme" file
- Network adapter

Software requirements

Installation of SIMATIC PCS 7 V9.0 SP2 UC03 with the following programs:

- PCS 7 Engineering
- BATCH Single Station
- OS Single Station
- SIMATIC Logon V1.6 Upd1
- S7-PLCSIM V5.4 SP8

4.2 Configuration

4.2.1 Retrieving the project

Prerequisites

- Unzip the "SBGS_MP.zip" sample file.
- The archived project file is called "SBGS_MP.zip" and the associated recipe database is called "sb_gs1_b.sbb". Both files are available for download in the "About" button on the web page for this Getting Started in the Siemens Industry online support portal.
- Copy both files to the following local folder on your PC: "..\SIEMENS\STEP7\examples".
- SIMATIC Manager is open.

Procedure

1. Retrieve the project and save it under D: drive of your PC.
2. In the **Component view**, expand the tree view. Expand the "SBGS_MP" project. Right click "OS_Prj>Server>Object Properties".


4.2 Configuration

3. The "Properties - SIMATIC PC Station" appears. In the "Name:" field, enter the name of your PC.

Note

To find out the name of your PC, click "Start". Right-click **Computer>Properties**. The "Computer name" field displays the name of your PC.

For Windows 10, type "About your PC" in the search box of the Windows task bar. The "PC name" field displays the name of your PC.

For Windows Server 2012, click " icon >This PC>right Click>Properties". The "PC name" field displays the name of your PC.

4. Under "Computer name" area click "Computer Name identical to PC station name".
5. Click "OK" to save and activate the name.
6. Expand the PC node **WinccApplication > OS(1)**.
7. To open the WinCC Explorer on the ES, right-click **OS(1) > Open Object**.
8. A popup appears "The configured server is not available. Do you want to open the project with the local computer as Server?". Click "Yes".
9. Right-click "**Computer > Properties**". The "Computer List Properties" window appears with your PC name selected. Now, click "Properties". The "Computer properties" window appears.
10. Click "Use Local Computer Name" to change the computer name to the name of your local PC, and click "OK".
11. The "Change Computer Name" window appears which prompts you to restart WinCC. Click "OK".
12. Click "OK" and close the WinCC Explorer.

4.2.2 Configuring the BATCH Server and BATCH Client

Introduction

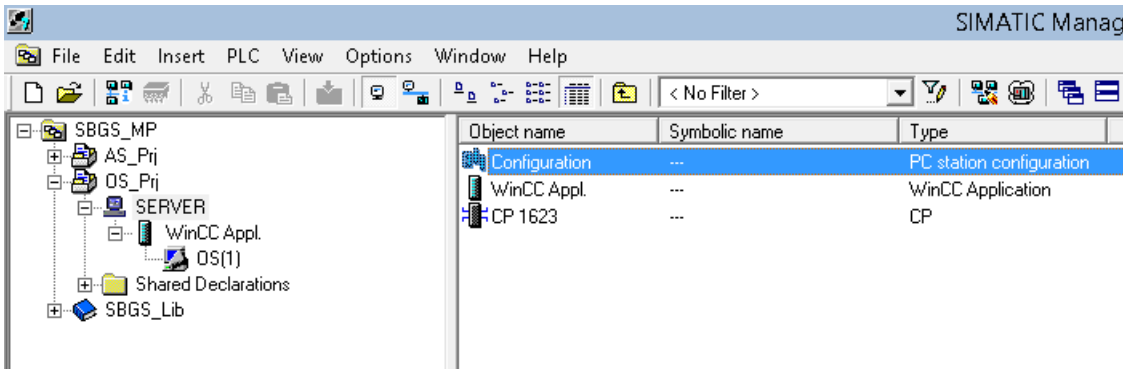
This section describes the requirements and procedures to be followed when configuring a BATCH Server and Client in single station system.

Prerequisites

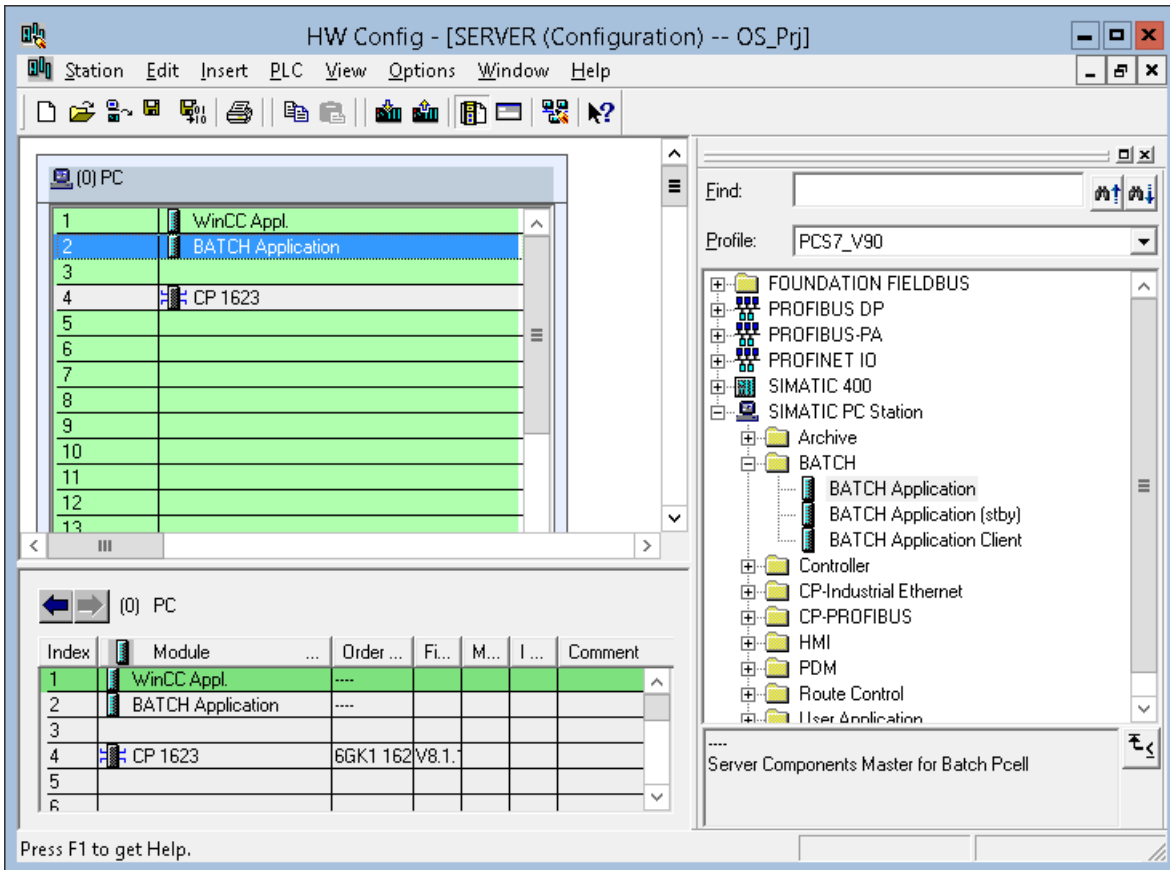
- You only need one PC station to work locally on the ES PC with the BATCH Server and Client (single-project engineering/single station system). The BATCH Server application is set up on this PC station.

Procedure

1. Select "SBGS_MP\Server" in the Component view and open the configuration object.

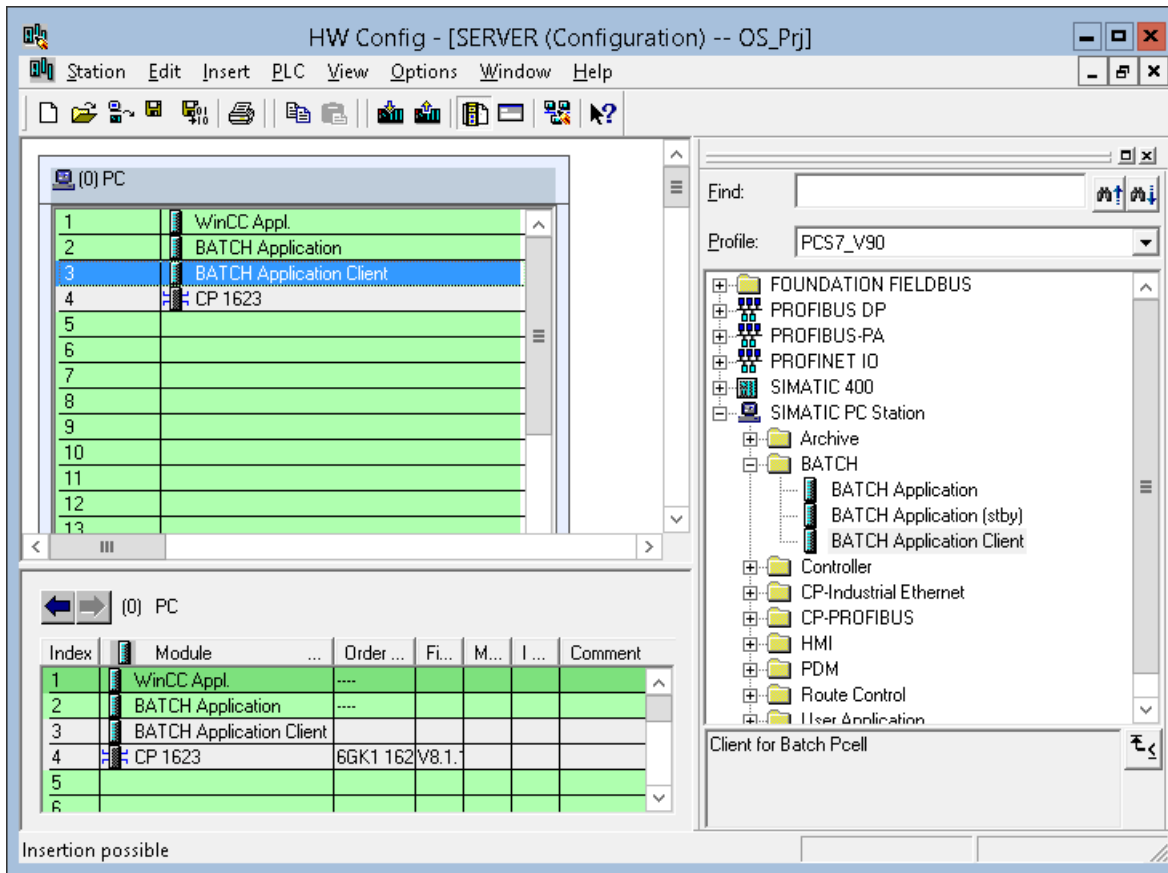


2. Select the "BATCH Application" and drag-and-drop it in Index 2.



4.2 Configuration

3. Select the "BATCH Application Client" and drag-and-drop it in Index 3.



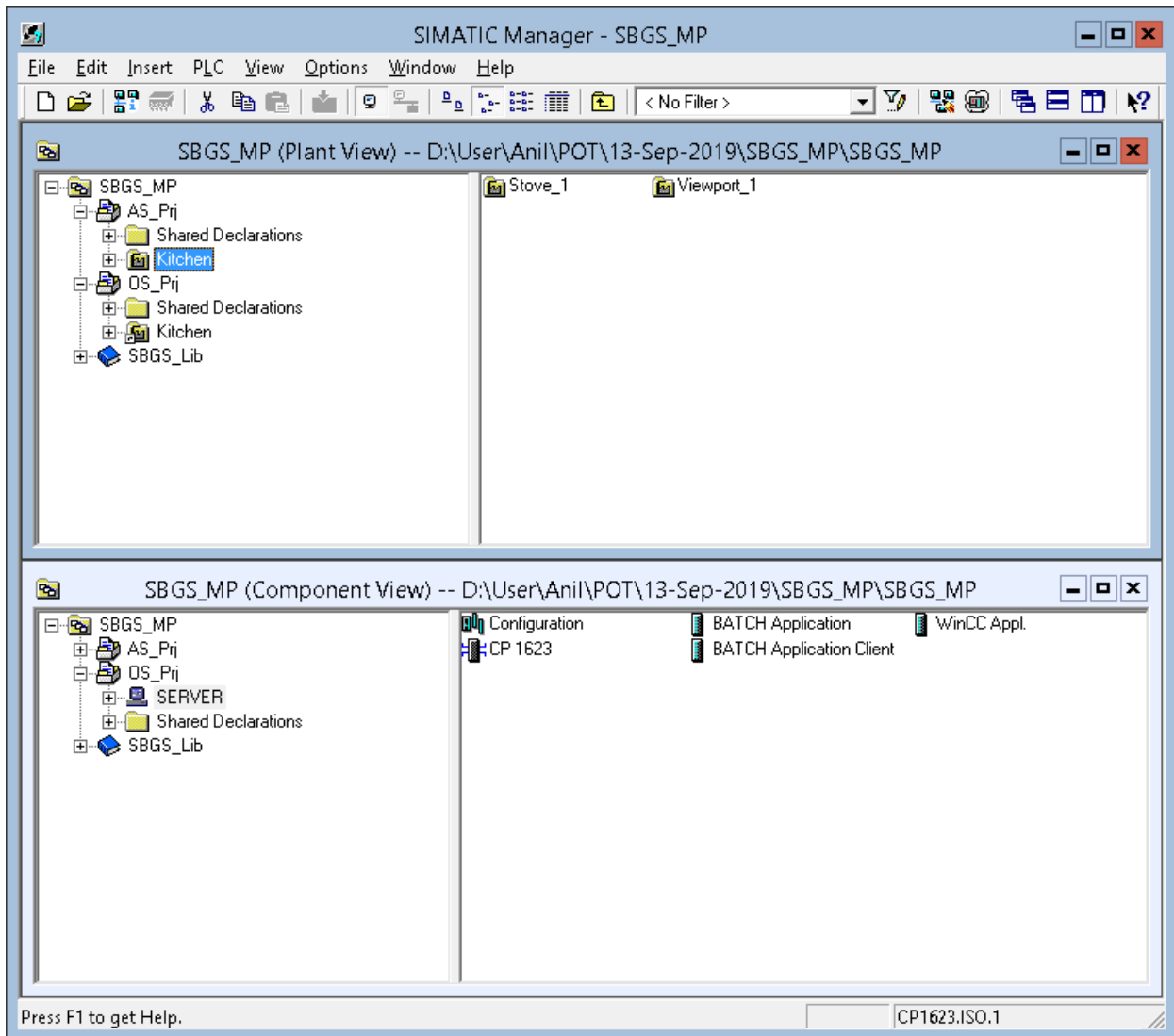
4. Save and compile the hardware configuration of the PC station with the newly added BATCH application.
5. Close HW Config.

4.2.3 Opening the Plant View

Procedure

To open and arrange plant view, component view horizontally:

1. Click **View>Plant View**.
2. Click **Window>Arrange>Horizontally**.



4.2.4 Creating the Batch Process Cell

Introduction

This section guides you the steps to assign the "process cell" ISA-88 type definition to the "Kitchen" hierarchy folder. The "Kitchen" folder then becomes green and has the "process cell" type according to ISA 88.

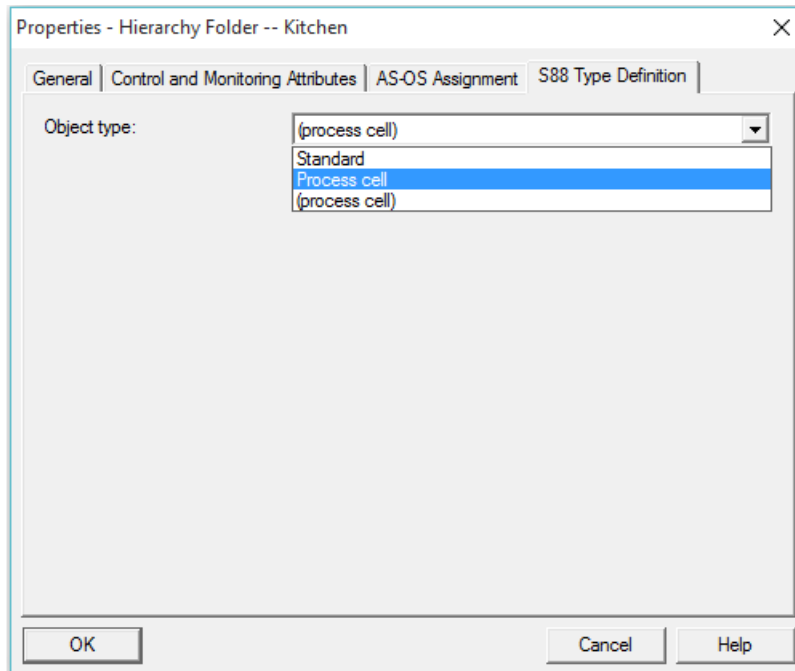
Prerequisites

- The **SBGS_MP** project is open in SIMATIC Manager.
- **Plant View** is activated.

Procedure

To create the batch process cell according to ISA 88 standard:

1. Select the "SBGS_MP\IAS_Prj\Kitchen" object in the tree view.
2. Right-click on the "Kitchen" project and select "Object Properties".
The "Properties - Hierarchy Folder -- Kitchen " dialog box opens with the "General" tab activated.
3. Select "ISA-88Type Definition" tab.
4. In the "Object type" drop-down list, select "Process cell", and click "OK".



5. The "Kitchen" folder now appears in green color according to the ISA S88.01 standard.

4.2.5 Type Definition of the Plant Hierarchy according to ISA -88

Introduction

This section will guide you to assign the ISA-88 type definitions "Unit" and "Equipment module (generic and recipe aware)" to the existing hierarchy folders in this section. The following images display the different hierarchies in the "Kitchen" object:

For more information on "generic" and "recipe aware" see: Task definition and implementation concept for "Cooling" (Page 193)

Object name	AS Assignment	OS Assignment	Picture name for OS
Stove_1	AS\CPU 410-5H\AS_Pro...	---	---
Viewport_1	AS\CPU 410-5H\AS_Pro...	---	---

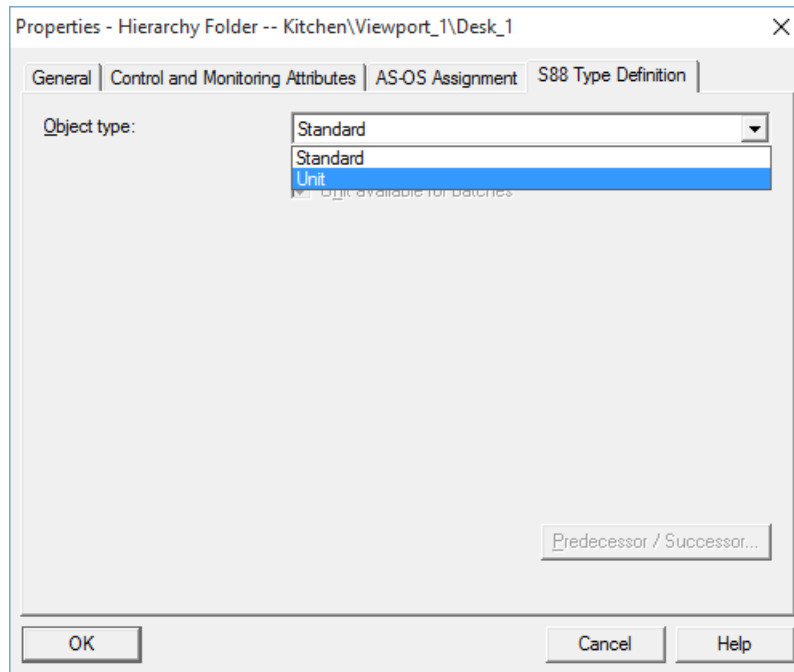
- (1) Process cell.
- (2) Unit.
- (3) Equipment modules.

Prerequisites

- The **SBGS_MP** project is open in SIMATIC Manager.
- **Plant View** is activated.

Procedure

1. Select the "SBGS_MPIAS_Prj\Kitchen\Viewport_1\Desk_1" object in the tree view.
2. Click **Edit > Object Properties**.
The "Properties - Hierarchy Folder" dialog box opens with the "General" tab activated.
3. Select "ISA-88 Type Definition" tab.
4. In the "Object type" drop-down list, select "Unit", and click "OK".



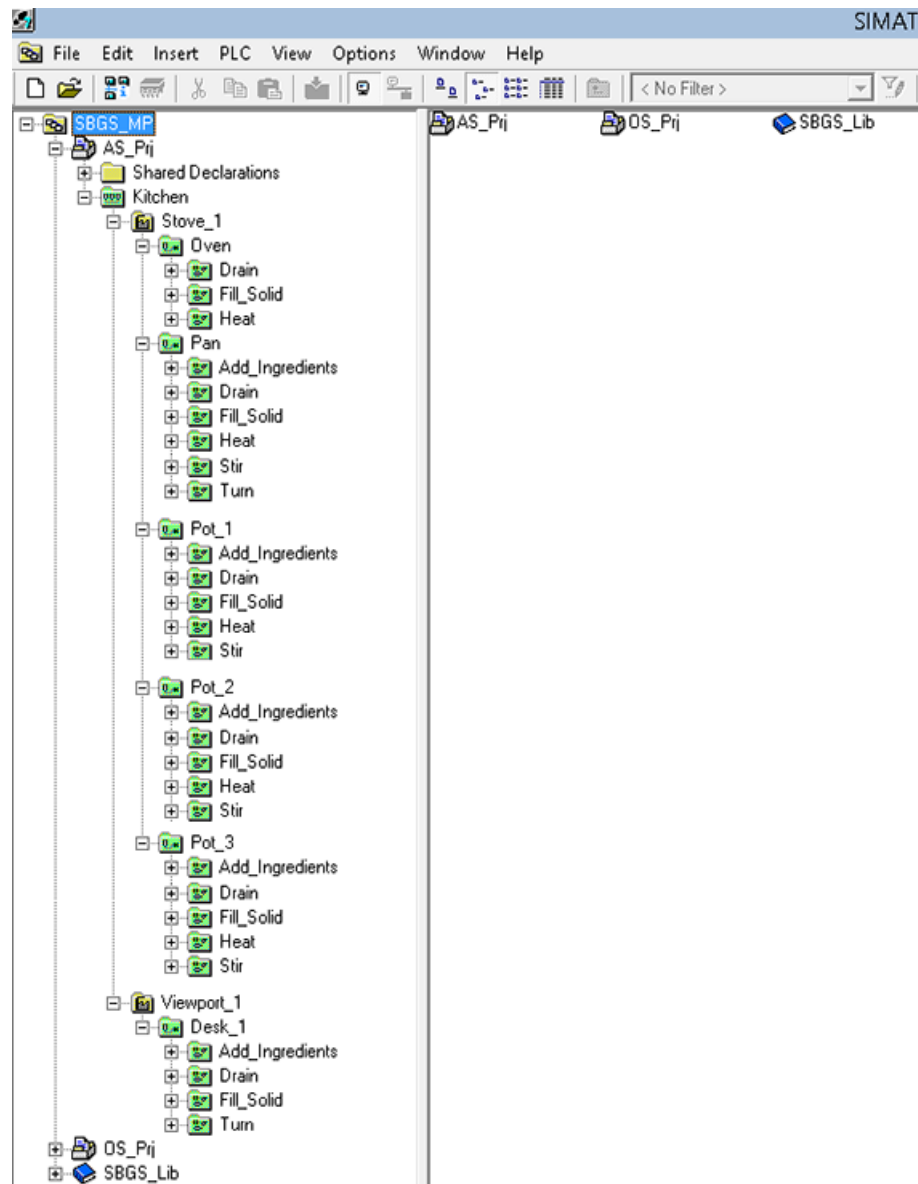
The "Desk_1" folder now appears in green, identifying it as a unit according to the ISA S88.01 standard

Note

Do not touch the Stove_1 and Viewport_1 hierarchy folders. The identifier remains neutral.

5. Follow steps 1-4 to assign the "Unit" object type to the "Oven", "Pan", "Pot_1", "Pot_2" and "Pot_3" hierarchy folders according to the ISA-88 type definition.

6. Follow steps 1-4 to assign the "EMOD" object type to the "Drain" hierarchy folder under Kitchen/Viewport_1/Desk_1. The "Drain" folder turns green and is labeled as an equipment module according to ISA standard S88.01.
The CFCs with the instances of the SFC types are located on the equipment module level. You can also use SFCs in combination with the CFCs and their Batch interface blocks (IEPH, IEPAR_XXX).
7. Assign the "EMOD" object type to the hierarchy folders identified at the beginning of this chapter as "Level 3: Equipment module" according to the ISA-88 type definition, as described in step 6.
The following image displays all the hierarchy folders in green after assigning their respective object types:



4.2.6 Assigning the Batch Category "EPH"

Introduction

This section guides you to assign the EPH batch category.

Prerequisites

- The **SBGS_MP** project is open in SIMATIC Manager.
- **Component View** is activated.

SFC types

SFC types contain equipment phases with and without selfcomplete functionality. This property is set by default at the following SFC types:

- Self-Completing: Drain, Fill_Solid, Turn and Add_Ingredient
- Non Self-Completing: Stir and Heat

The SFC types used can be used in runtime of the Getting Started BATCH project.

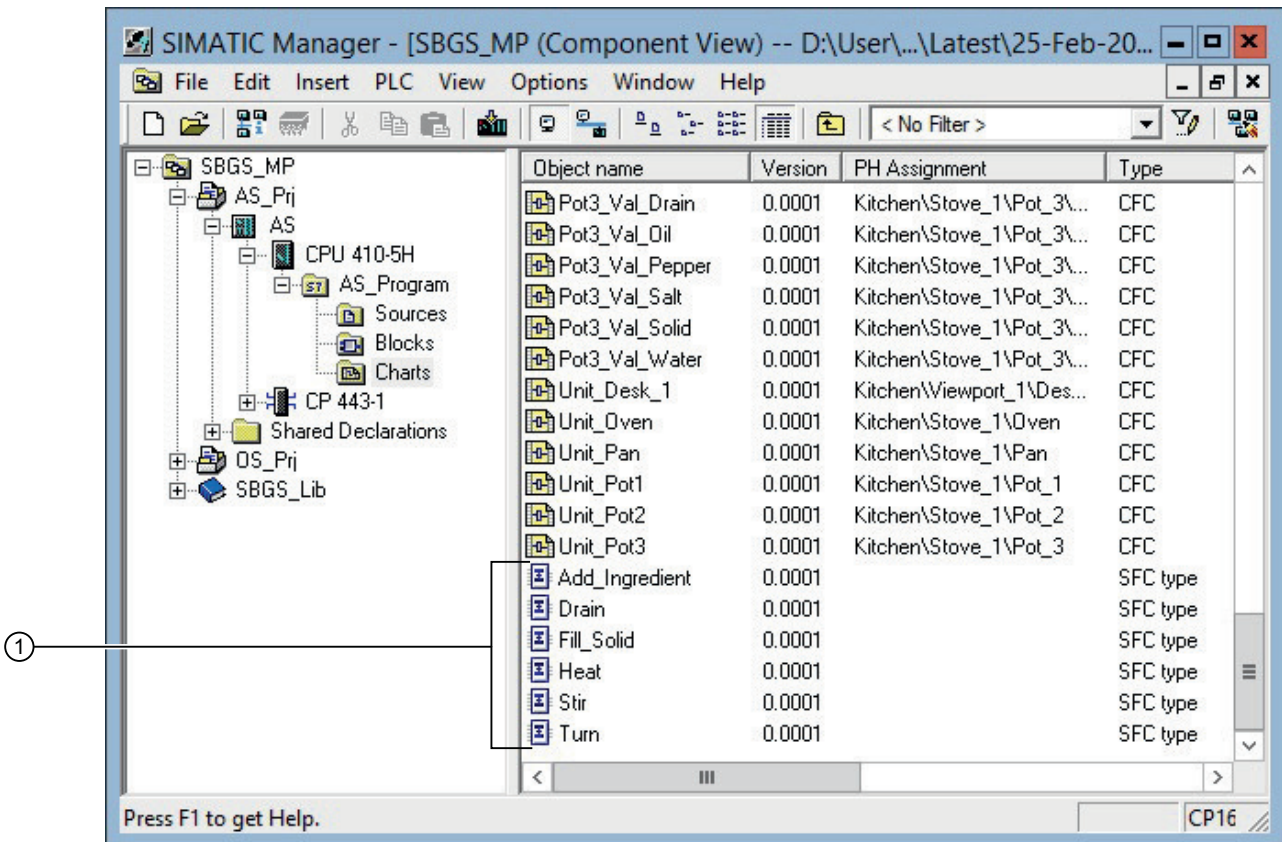
The block contact "Ready_TC" reports the end of the RUN sequence within non self-completing equipment phases. Such an equipment phase waits for an external command input either by an operator or by SIMATIC BATCH.

For detailed information on equipment phases, refer to the SIMATIC BATCH Online Help.

Assigning the "EPH" Batch Category to SFC Types

Assign the "EPH" Batch category to the existing SFC types. With the "EPH" category, the SFC type is classified as a phase type. As a result, the information relevant to S88.01 is created automatically during subsequent type generation.

You can find the existing SFC types in the Component view in the "charts" folder under AS:



(1) Existing SFC types

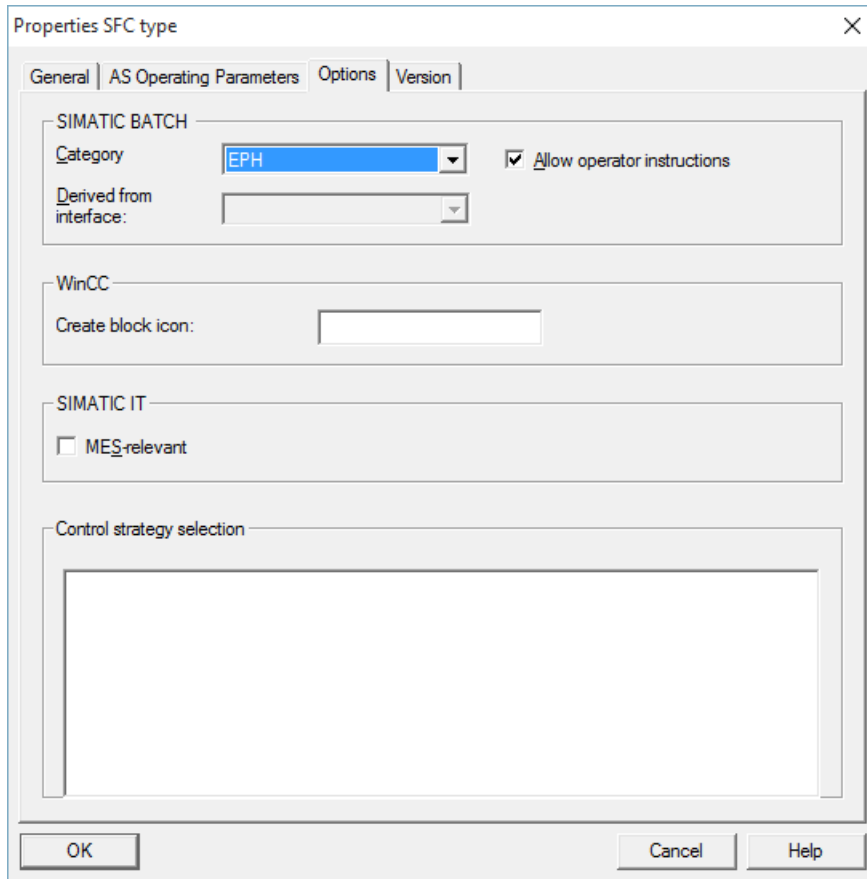
Procedure

To assign the EPH batch category:

1. Select the "SBGS_MP\AS_Prj\AS\CPU 410-5H\AS_Program\Charts" object in the tree view, and select "Heat".
2. Click **Edit > Object Properties**.
The "Properties SFC type" dialog box opens with the "General" tab activated.
3. Select "Options" tab.

4.2 Configuration

4. In the "Category" drop-down list, select "EPH".
5. Select the "Allow operator instructions" check box and click "OK"



In the same manner, assign the "EPH" batch category to the remaining "Stir", "Drain", "Fill_Solid", "Turn" and "Add_Ingredient" SFC types.

4.2.7 Generating the Type Definition in the Batch Types

Introduction

As the basis for creating recipes in SIMATIC BATCH, the type description of the process cell must be generated and synchronized with the block instances of the CFC charts.

Type	Editing Options and Results
Data types	The system specifies the standard data types such as floating point number, integer, string, input material, output material, material, and Boolean. You can also create custom data types and edit their properties.
Units of measure	You can create new units of measure and edit their properties.

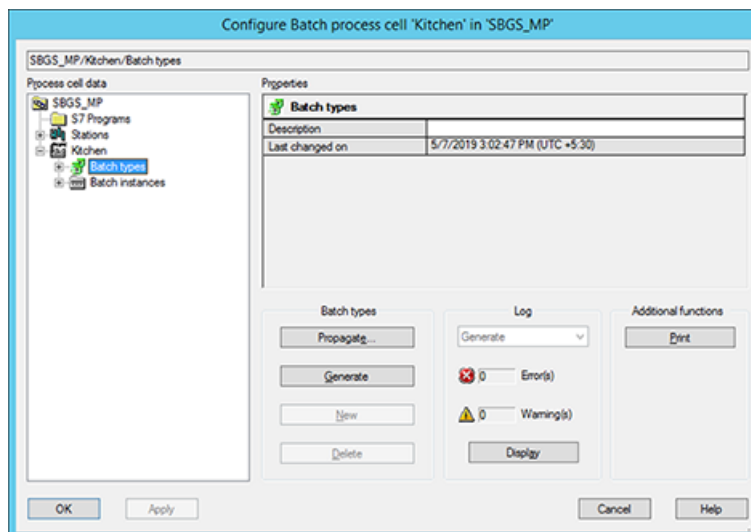
Type	Editing Options and Results
Operation types, phase types and process tag types	<p>To allow recipe creation purely on the basis of types, they must be specified without the block instances for them to exist</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Operations types: Type information for the equipment operations (EOP) 2. Phase types: Type information for the equipment phases (EPH) 3. Process tag types: Type information of the TAG_Coll blocks <p>Operation types, phase types and process tag types can be assigned to control strategy parameters.</p>
Equipment properties	<p>Create new equipment properties in the "Equipment properties" folder such as the size of the unit (capacity of a silo) or the material composition of the silo shell or dynamic properties like temperature and pressure. Equipment properties are assigned to units in the ES configuration and then requested as conditions when creating recipes.</p>

Prerequisites

- The **SBGS_MP** project is open in SIMATIC Manager.
- **Plant View** is activated.

Procedure

1. Select **SBGS_MP** object
2. Right click on the "SBGS_MP" object and select **SIMATIC BATCH > Open configuration dialog**.
The "Configure Batch process cell 'Kitchen' in SBGS_MP" dialog box appears



Note

A format conversion may be necessary for projects created with an older version of CFC/ SFC. You can only open the configuration dialog after you have completed the conversion.

4.2 Configuration


3. Select "Batch types" in the tree view and click "Generate & Propagate".
4. Select "Batch instances". In the "Batch instances" area, click "Merge".
5. Now, select "Kitchen". In the "Batch process cell" area, click "Transfer Messages" (Only One time).
6. The "transfer messages to OS" popup appears. Click "Yes".
7. Click "Apply" and "OK" to exit.

4.2.8 Compiling and Downloading the AS, OS and Batch Process Cell Data

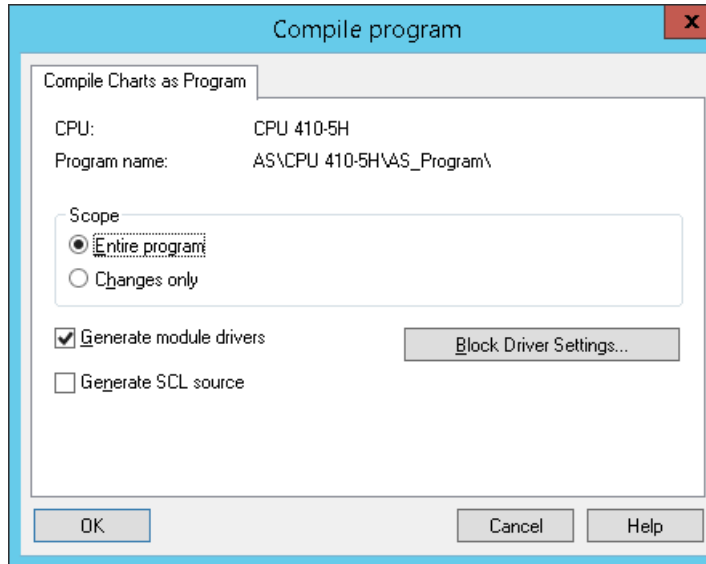
Prerequisites

- The **SBGS_MP** project is open in SIMATIC Manager.
- **Plant View** is activated.
- **Component view** is activated.

Procedure

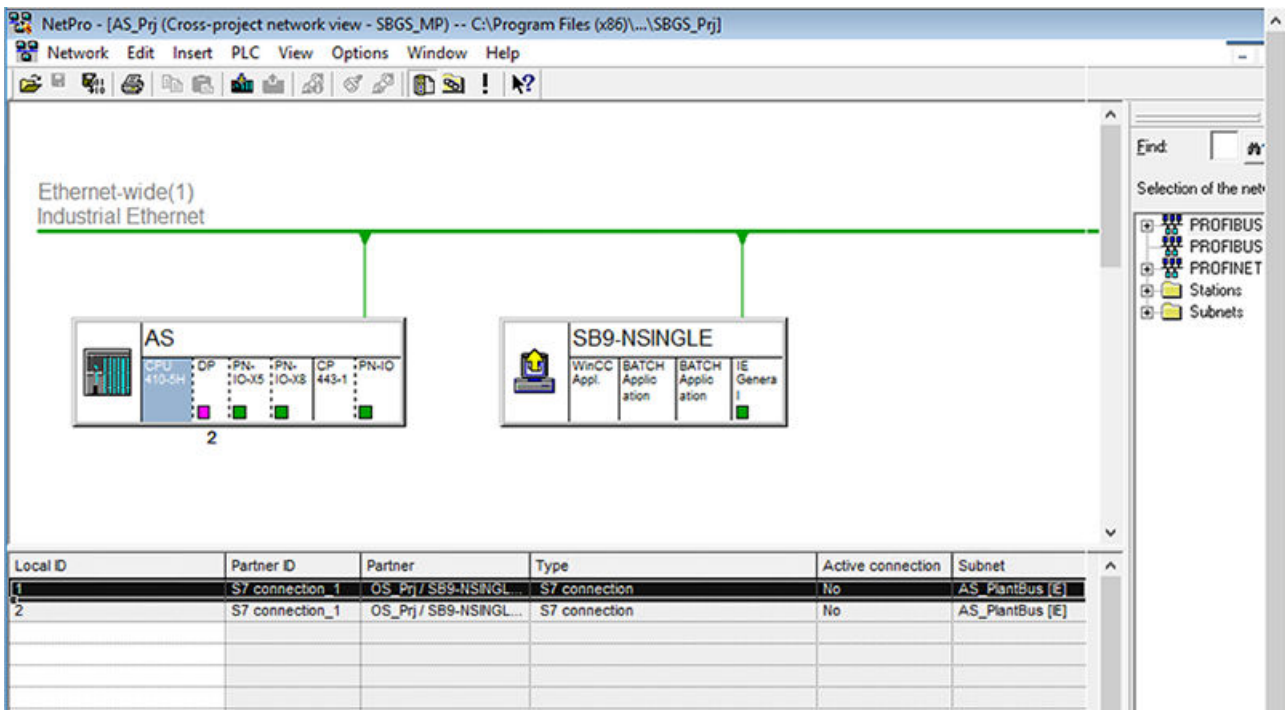
1. In "Component view", select the SBGS_MP multi project.
2. Right-click and select **SIMATIC BATCH > Open configuration dialog**.
3. In "Configuration Batch process cell "Kitchen" in 'SBGS_MP'" window, under 'Stations', click on "Update".
4. Select 'AS' and in the properties area, select the checkbox for 'Simulation (TCP/IP) on/off' and click OK.
5. Open any CFC chart.
6. Select **Options > CUSTOMIZE > Compile/Download** in the CFC Editor, and click "OK". Check or increase the number of "Installed blocks per runtime group or OB" to 100. This prevents warnings from occurring during compilation.
7. Click  icon in the toolbar. The "Compile program" window appears.

- Click "OK" to compile the complete AS program. After successful compilation, click **Chart > Exit** to close the CFC editor.



- In the "Component view", select "AS_Prj" project. Click "Options > Configure Network". The "Netpro.." window appears.

- In the "Netpro.." window, click "View" > "Cross-Project Network View" to view both AS and Server. Click "Network > Save and Compile". The "Save and Compile" window appears.

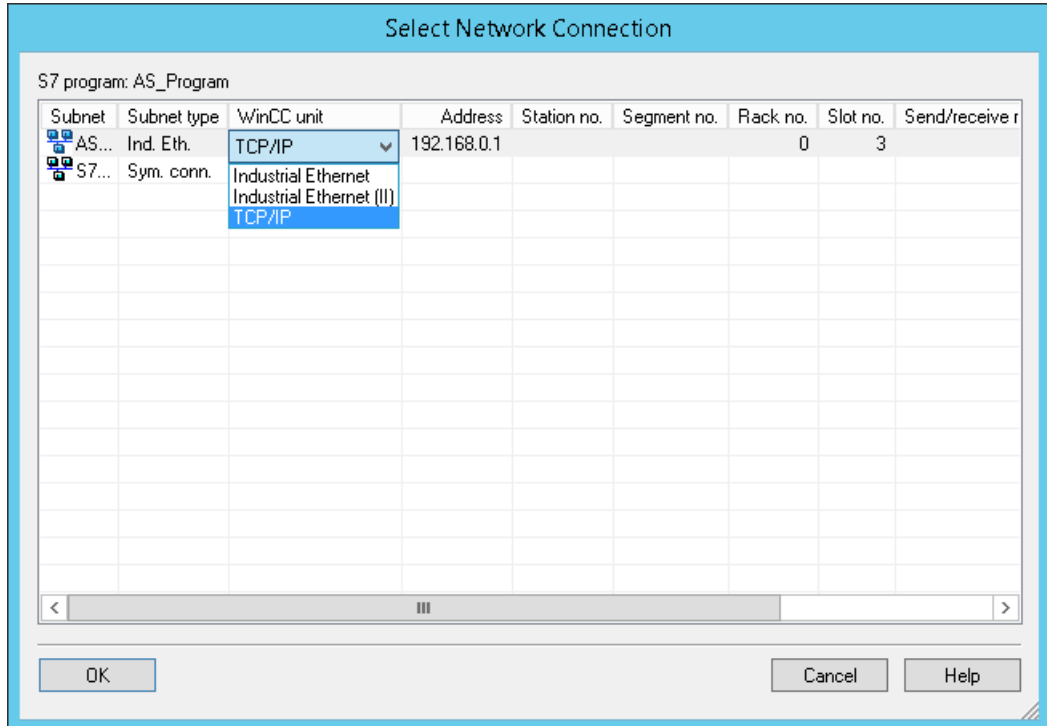


- Select "Compile and check everything" and click "OK". Close the "Netpro.." window.

- Select OS_Prj click on "Options > Compile Multiple OSs Wizard > Start".

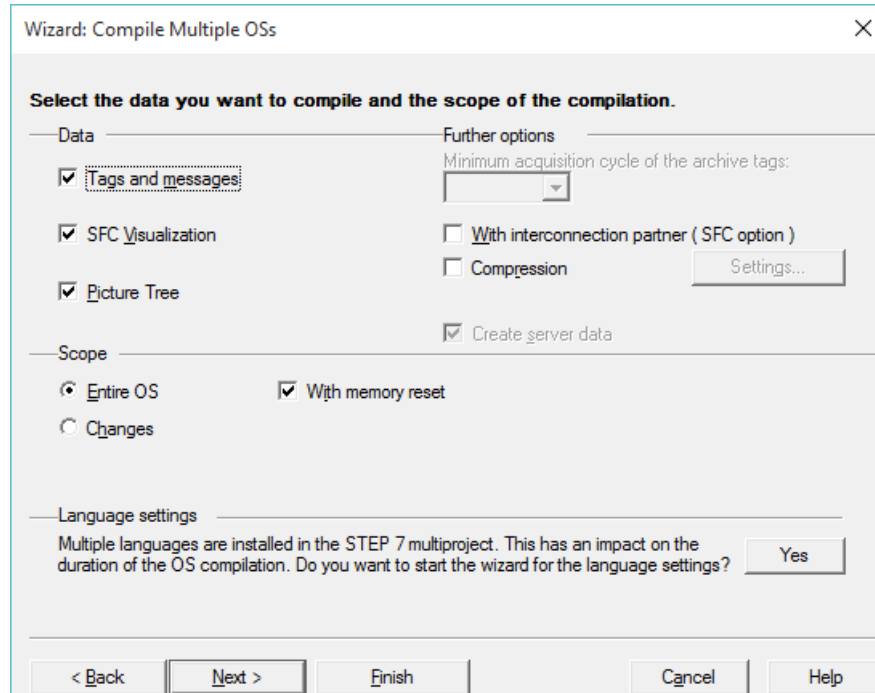
4.2 Configuration

- 13. The "Wizard: Compile Multiple OSs" window appears. Click "Next" and "Connection...". The "Select Network Connection" window appears.
- 14. In the "WinCC unit" column, click on the "Industrial Ethernet" drop-down list, and select "TCP/IP". Click "OK".

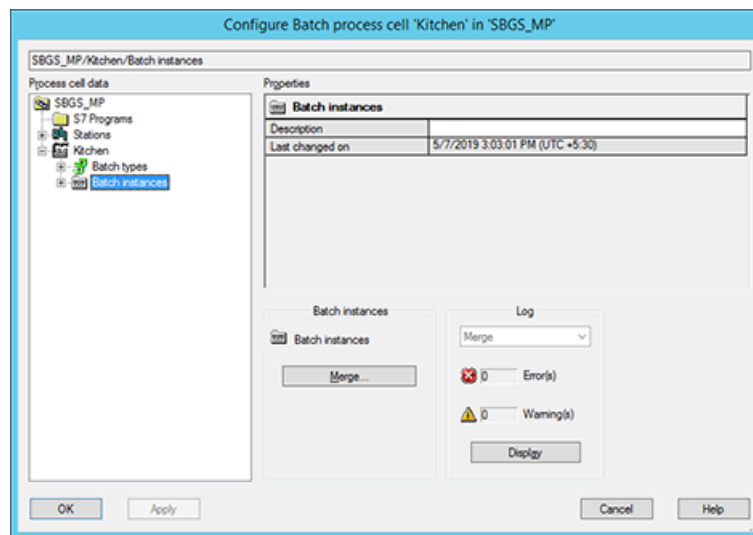


- 15. In the " Wizard: Compile Multiple OSs" window, click "Next".

16. Compile the entire OS with memory reset. Click **Next > Compile**. After compilation, click "OK" to close the " Wizard: Compile OS" window.



17. Right-click "SBGS_MP" project and select **SIMATIC BATCH > Open configuration dialog > Batch instances > Merge** to compile the batch process cell data.



18. Select the "SBGS_MP" project.
19. Select **Settings > OS Objects > Update** to update the plant status.
20. Click "OK" to close the view.
21. Click "Apply" and then click "OK" to close the "Configure Batch process cell" window.

4.2.9 Downloading the AS to PLCSIM


Introduction

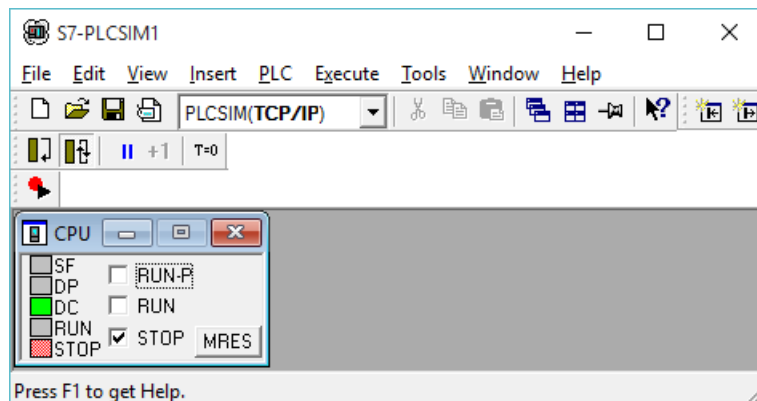
Open SIMATIC Manager to download the compiled AS data to the "PLCSIM" simulation program.


Prerequisites

- **Component view** is activated.

Procedure

1. Click "Options > Set PG/PC Interface". The "Set PG/PC Interface" dialog box appears.
2. In the "Access Path" tab, "Interface Parameter Assignment Used" area, select "PLCSIM.TCPIP.1" and click "OK".
3. Click "OK" on the "Warning" window.
4. To open PLCSIM in SIMATIC Manager, click  icon.



5. To download the HW configuration to PLCSIM, select your AS in the Component view.
6. Right click on "Hardware" and select "Open Object"
7. Click the  icon in the toolbar to download the hardware configuration to the AS.
8. The "Select Target Module" window appears. Click "OK".
9. The "Select Node Address" window appears. Click "OK".
10. Close HW Config.
11. Open any CFC chart from the chart folder of your project in the component view and download the entire program to PLCSIM.

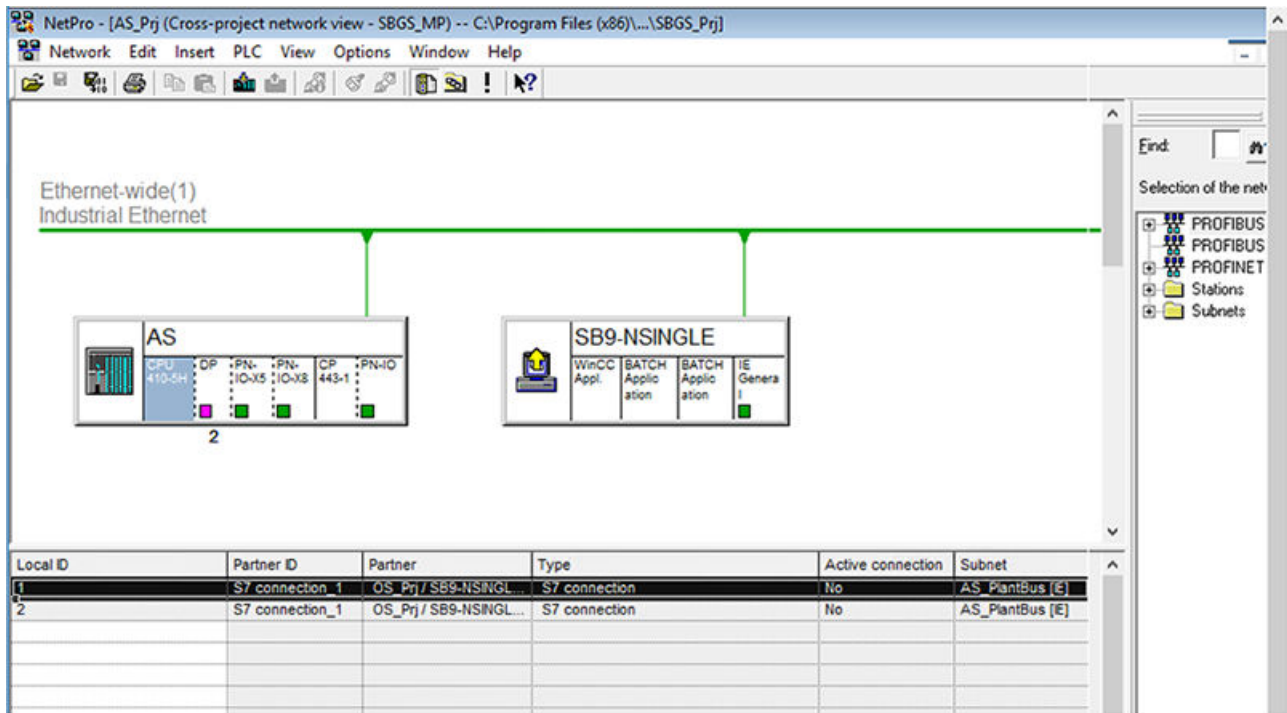
Note

If the dialog "Download S7 - Read Back" is displayed, click "No". This means that parameters from the AS will not be read back before loading.

12. Close the CFC Editor.

13. Click "Options > Configure Network". The "Netpro.." window appears.

14. Under "AS" select "CPU 410-5H" and click  icon. The "PLC Download to Current Project Selected Stations" dialog box is displayed. Click "Yes".



15. After the download activity, close the "NetPro" window.

16. Start simulation by setting the PLCSIM-CPU into "RUN-P".

17. Save the simulation data you downloaded in order to prevent its loss after you exit PLCSIM. Steps 1 to 12 must be repeated the next time you open a PLCSIM session after closing PLCSIM without saving the data. Saved simulations can be activated directly in "Run" mode by opening the corresponding file.

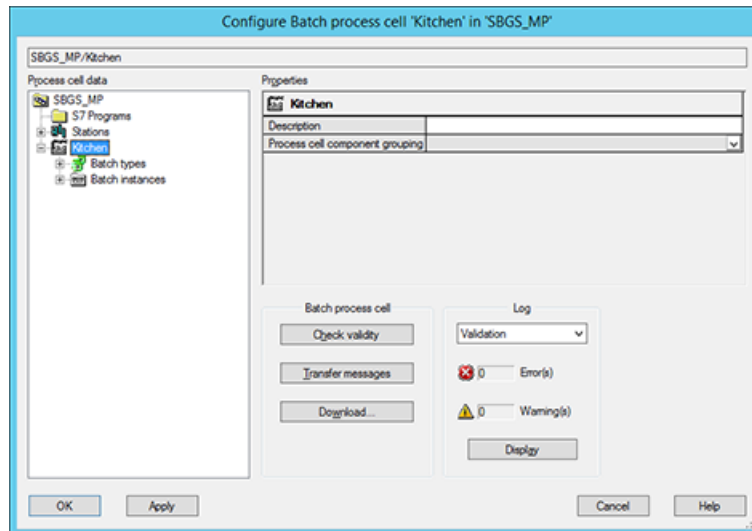
4.2.10 Downloading the Batch Process Cell Data

Prerequisites

- The **SBGS_MP** project is open in SIMATIC Manager.
- **Plant View** is activated.

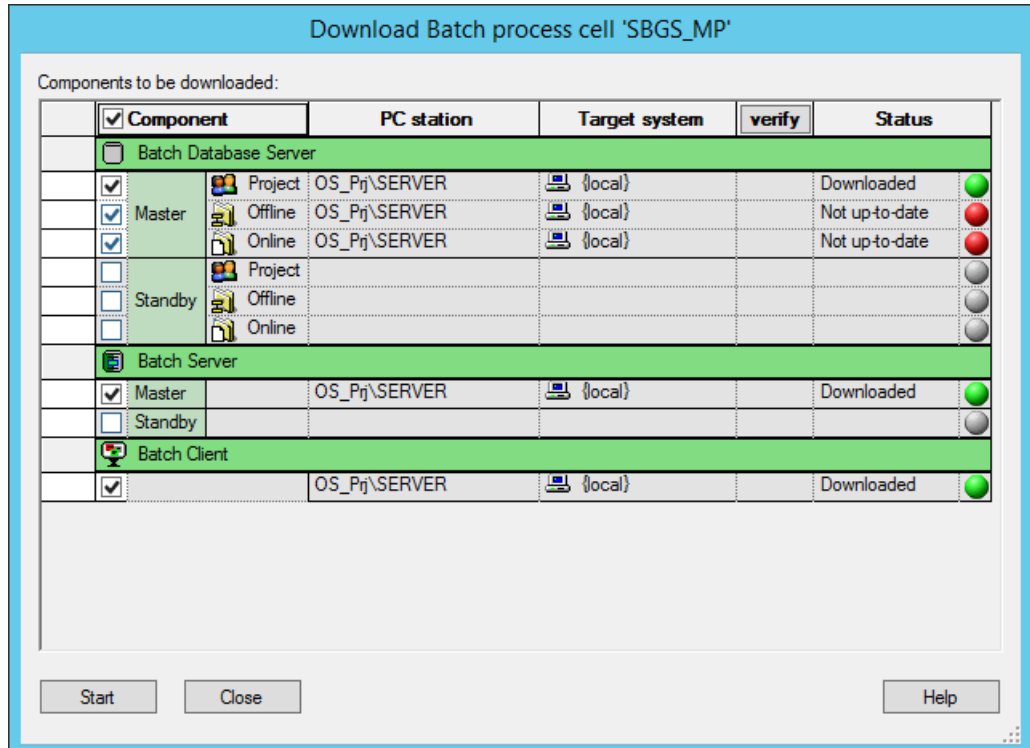
Procedure

1. Right click on the "SBGS_MP" project and select **SIMATIC BATCH>Open configuration dialog**.
2. The "Configure Batch process cell 'Kitchen' in 'SBGS_MP' " window appears.

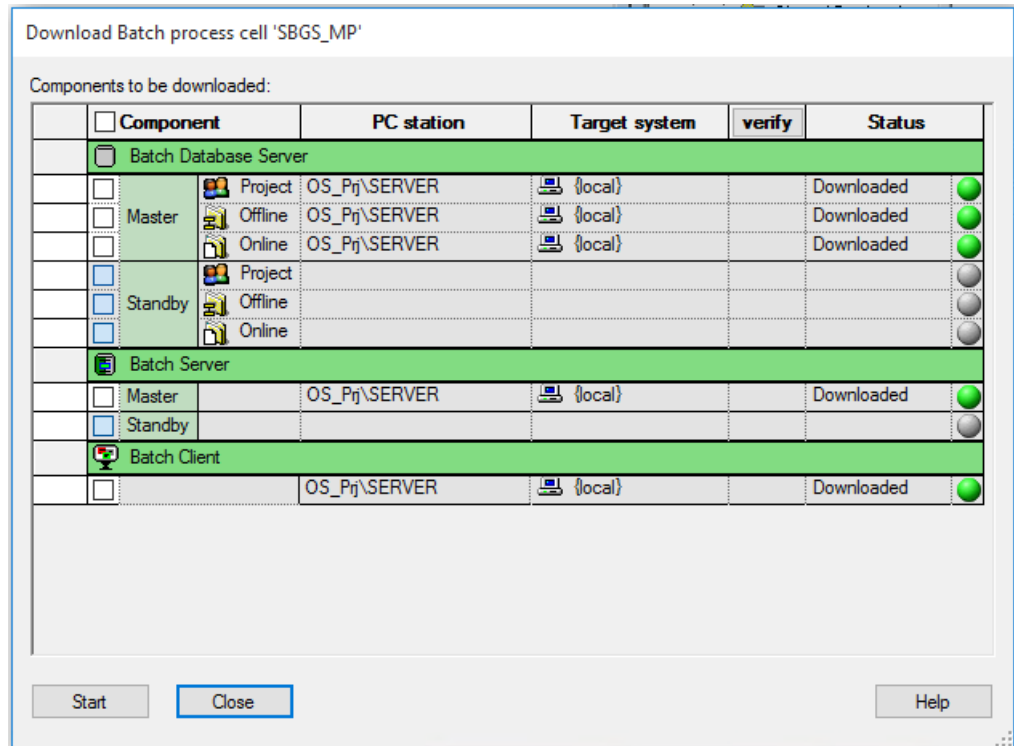


3. Click "Download..." to download the Batch process cell data generated on the ES to the BATCH Server and Client. The BATCH Server and Client in your configuration are operated on a single PC.
4. The "BATCH configuration" dialog box appears. Click "OK".

- The "Download Batch process cell 'SBGS_MP' " window appears. Click "Start" to start the download process.



- The "Status" column turns green after the download is complete. It is as shown in the figure below.



4.2 Configuration

7. Click "Close" to exit the "Download Batch process cell 'SBGS_MP' " window.
8. Click "OK" to exit the "Configure Batch process cell 'Kitchen' in 'SBGS_MP' " window.

Note

Messages in other languages

Message output in languages other than German / English is only available if project data was configured, compiled and downloaded in the corresponding regional language.

4.2.11 Starting the OS

Prerequisites

- **Component view** is activated.

Procedure

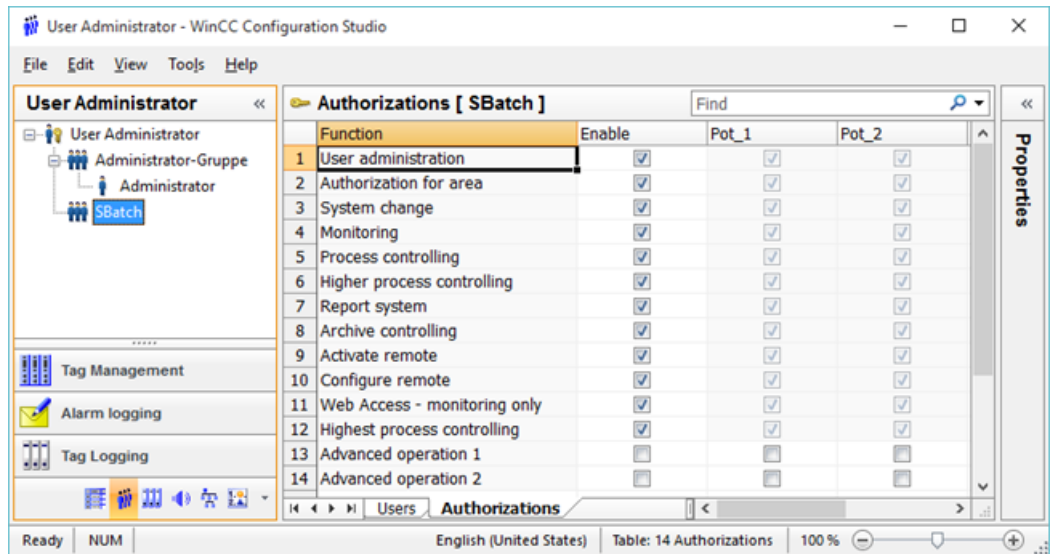
1. Click "Start", right-click "File Explorer", and then click "Manage". The " Computer Management" console is displayed.

Note

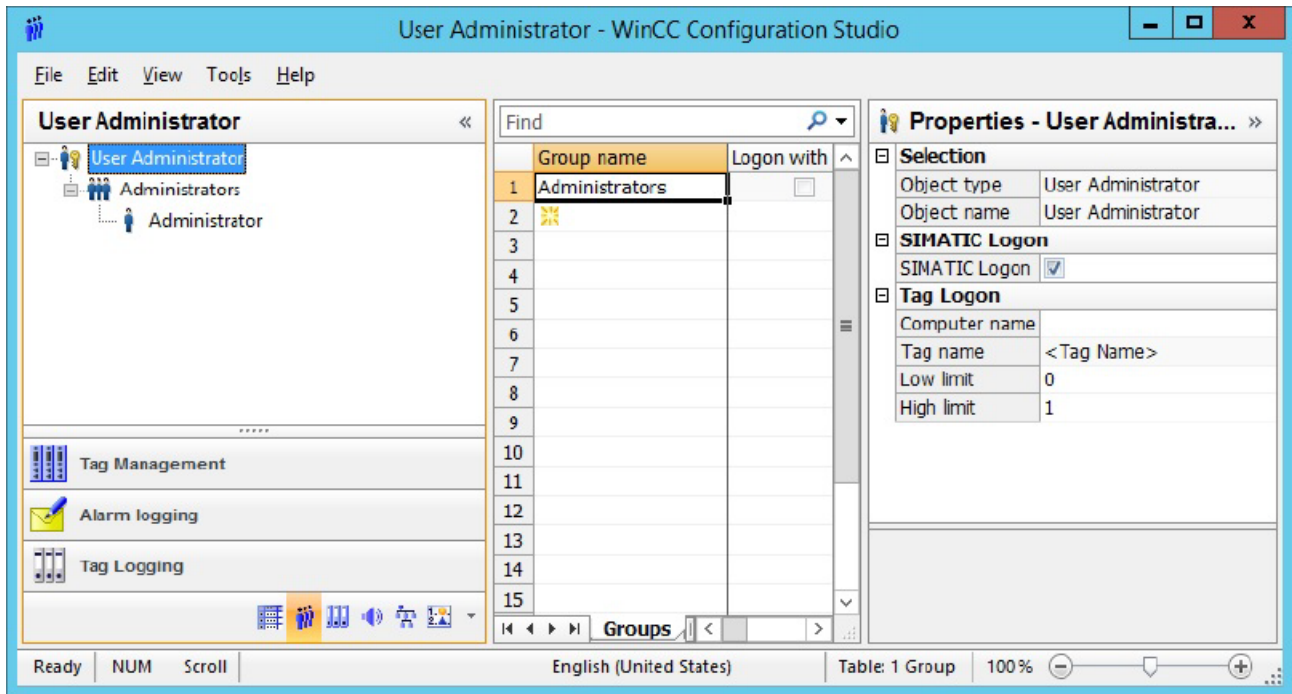
- If you are using Windows 7, click "Start", right-click "Computer", and then click "Manage".
 - If you are using Windows Server OS PC, select "Computer Management" from the "Administrative Tools" folder.
-

2. In the "Computer Management" console, create a new user with user name and password. In our example, the user is "SBGettingStarted".
3. Then, create a new Windows group. In our example, this is the "SBatch" group.
4. Add the new Windows user to the following groups:
 - SBatch
 - Administrators
 - Logon_Administrator
 - SIMATIC BATCH
 - SIMATIC HMI
 - SIMATIC HMI CS
 - SIMATIC NET
5. Close the "Windows Computer Management" console.
6. In the tree view, expand the "Server (your PC name)". Now, expand "WinCC Application"
7. Right click "OS(1) > Open Object". The "WinCC Explorer" window appears.

8. Right Click "User Administrator > Open". The "User Administrator - WinCC Configuration Studio" window appears.
9. In the "User Administrator" pane, create the "SBatch" Windows group with unrestricted rights.



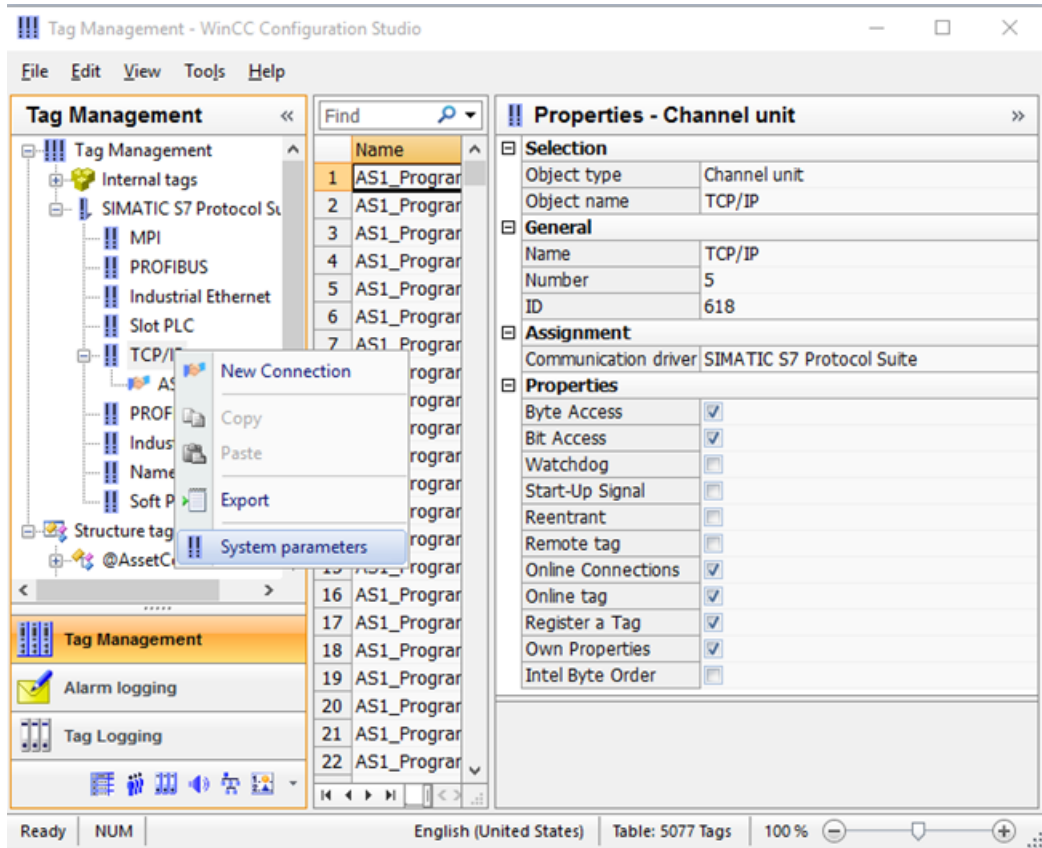
10. In the "Properties - User Administrator" pane, enable the "SIMATIC Logon" check box. Close the "User Administrator - WinCC Configuration Studio" window.



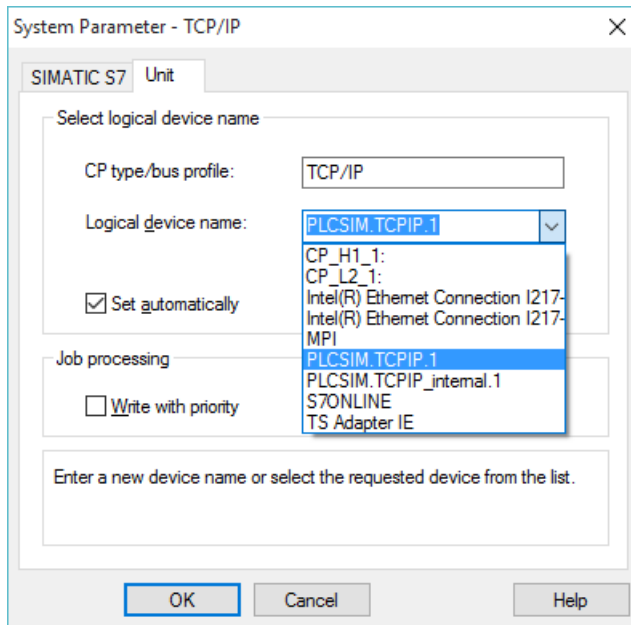
11. In the "WinCC Explorer" window, right click "Tag Management > Open". The "Tag Management - WinCC Configuration Studio" appears.

4.2 Configuration

- In the "Tag Management - WinCC Configuration Studio" window, right click "TCP/IP > System parameters".



- The "System Parameter - TCP/IP" dialog appears. Select the "Unit" tab. In the "Logical device name" area, click "PLCSIM(TCP/IP)" drop-down list, and select "PLCSIM.TCPIP.1" and click "OK".



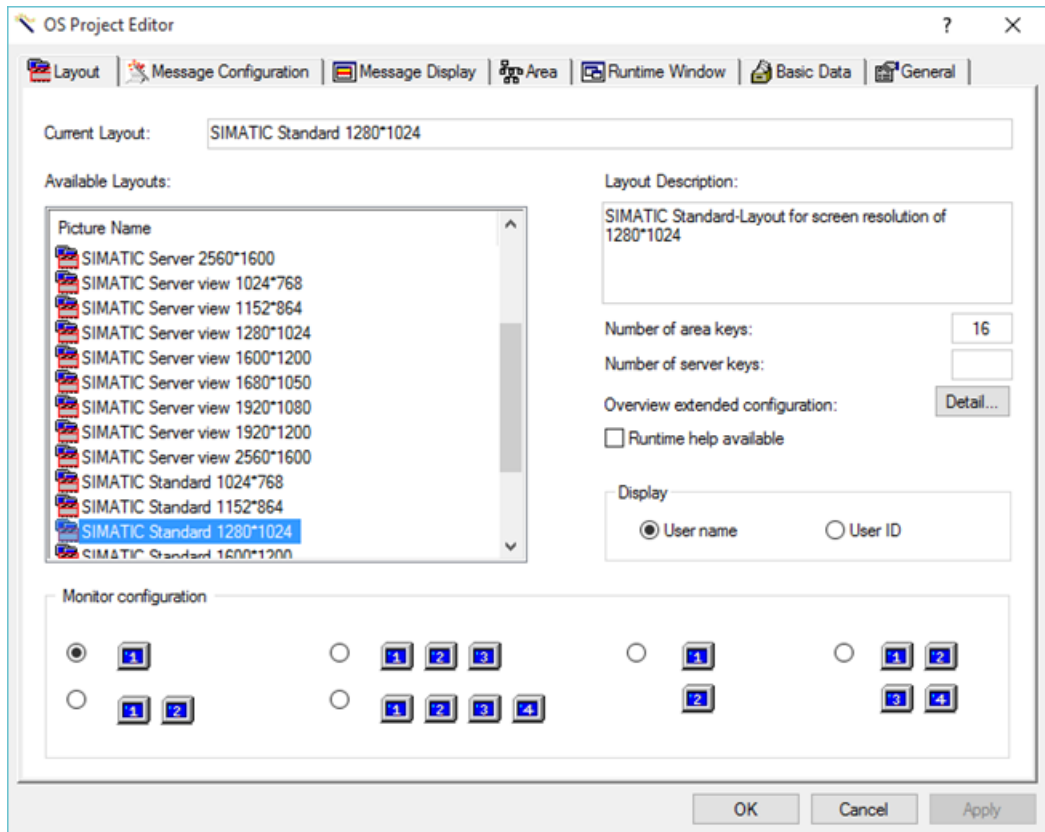
14. Close the "Tag Management - WinCC Configuration Studio" window.

4.2 Configuration

- 15. Open the OS Project Editor and navigate to all the available tabs, and then click "OK". This function is used to configure the WinCC Runtime user interface and the alarm system. This operation may take a few minutes.

Note

Adapt a screen resolution of 1280*1024 for a SIMATIC Standard-Layout as mentioned under Layout description in the figure. This resolution may vary according to the display resolution set on your PC.



- 16. Start Runtime on the OS. An initial startup may take a few minutes. Log on with the user logon data you have just created. Click "Pan" in the runtime window as shown below.



Note

To check if the connection between AS and OS is established:

1. In the "WinCC Explorer" click "Tools > Status of Driver Connections"
2. The "Status - Logical Connections" window appears.
3. Here, the "State" column must display as "OK". If not, please check the set PG/PC Interface and Tag Management system parameters.

4.2.12 Starting the BATCH Launch Coordinator

The BATCH Launch Coordinator is visible as a symbol in the taskbar at the bottom right on your desktop. You make operator input in a shortcut menu which you open by right-clicking on the symbol.

The start mode of the BATCH Launch Coordinator is set to "automatic" as standard. This means that the BATCH Launch coordinator starts the BATCH project and BATCH Runtime after successfully starting WinCC Runtime. You also need to change the security settings to read the batch data. You have two options to read the batch data namely:

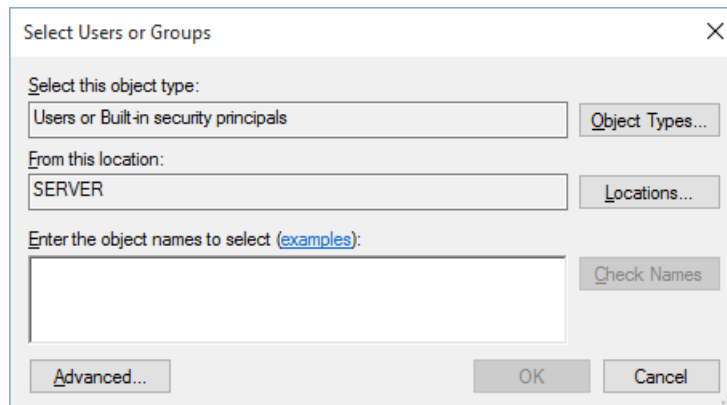
- NTLM Mode
- Compatible Mode

Note

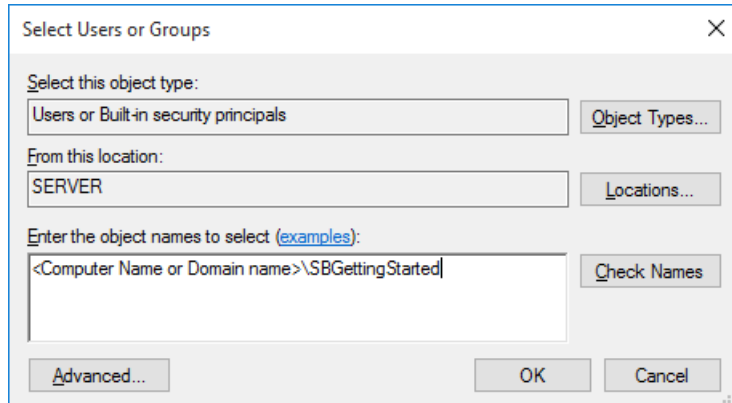
It is always recommended to use NTLM mode for reading Batch data.

Option 1: Reading Batch Data in NTLM Mode

1. Click "Start > Control Panel". The "All Control Panel Items" window appears.
2. Open "Administrative Tools". The "Administrative Tools" window appears.
3. In the "Name" column, double click "Local Security Policy". The "Local Security Policy" window appears.
4. Expand "Local Policies" and select "User Rights Assignment".
5. In the "Policy" column, select "Log on as a service" and right click "Properties". The "Log on as a service properties" window appears.
6. Click "Add Users or Groups".
7. The "Select Users, Computers, Service accounts, or Groups" dialog appears.



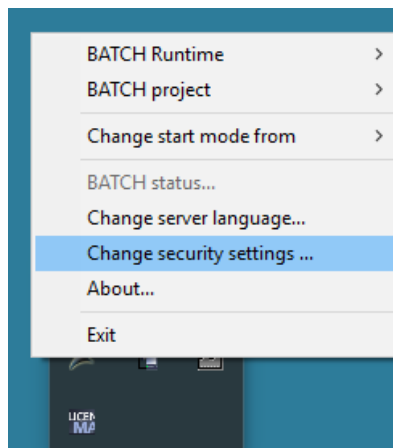
- In the "Enter the object names to select (examples)" area, enter the computer name or the domain name along with the user name "SBGettingStarted".



Note

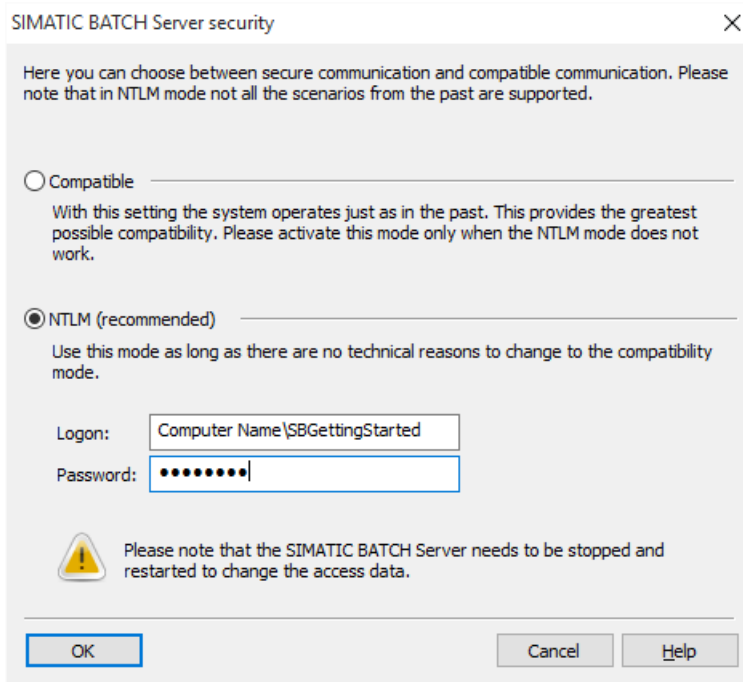
It is recommended to create separate user for this task (NTLM).

- Click "Check Names" and click "OK".
- In the "Log on as a service properties" window, click "Apply" and "OK".
- Click "Change security settings"

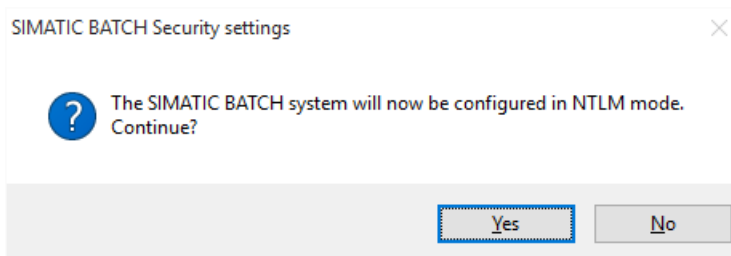


4.2 Configuration

- 12. The SIMATIC BATCH Server security window appears. Choose the "NTLM (recommended)" option, and enter Logon and Password as shown below. Please use your computer name here. The user name will be "SBGettingStarted".

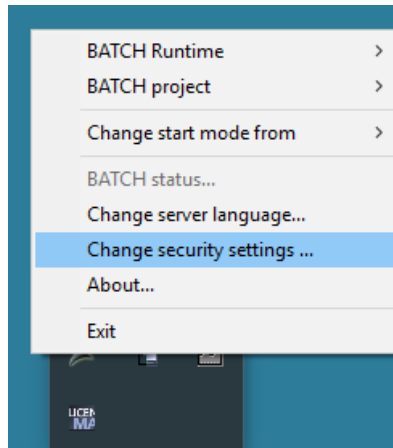


- 13. Click "OK". The "SIMATIC BATCH Security settings" dialog appears. Click "Yes" and "OK". You have thus configured to read batch data in NTLM mode.

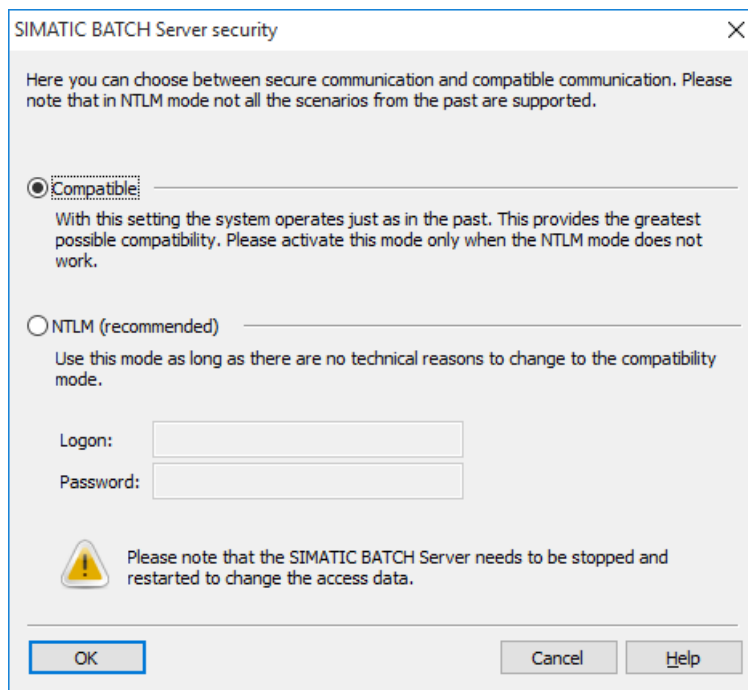


Option 2: Reading Batch Data in Compatible Mode


1. Click "Change security settings"



2. The SIMATIC BATCH Server security window appears. Choose the "Compatible" option here, and click "OK".



If the BATCH Launch Coordinator has ended, navigate to windows Start menu and click **BATCH > BATCH Launch Coordinator** to restart.

For Windows 10 and Windows server 2012, click the  icon + R to open the "Run" dialog. Enter "sblaunchcoordinatoricon32ux.exe". Click "OK" to restart.

If the start mode is set to "manual", you have to start both the BATCH project and BATCH Runtime in the shortcut menu of the Launch Coordinator. Please note that the start mode of the BATCH Launch Coordinator can only be set or changed by users who are logged on with administrator rights.

4.2.13 Loading the supplied recipes and materials

Introduction

This chapter will guide you to load the supplied Batch Control Center backup "sb_gs1_b.sbb" for the "Kitchen" process cell. Which contains recipes, materials, information on users, groups and role assignments is saved in the restore file.

Batch Control Center

The BATCH Control Center (BatchCC) is the central component for:

- Batch scheduling
- Batch control
- Management of all BATCH data
- Libraries, master recipes, formulas, materials and management of rights and roles

Prerequisites

To start BatchCC or the BATCH Recipe Editor, the BATCH Launch Coordinator must be started and the "Running" status must be displayed in the information bar displayed as



Procedure

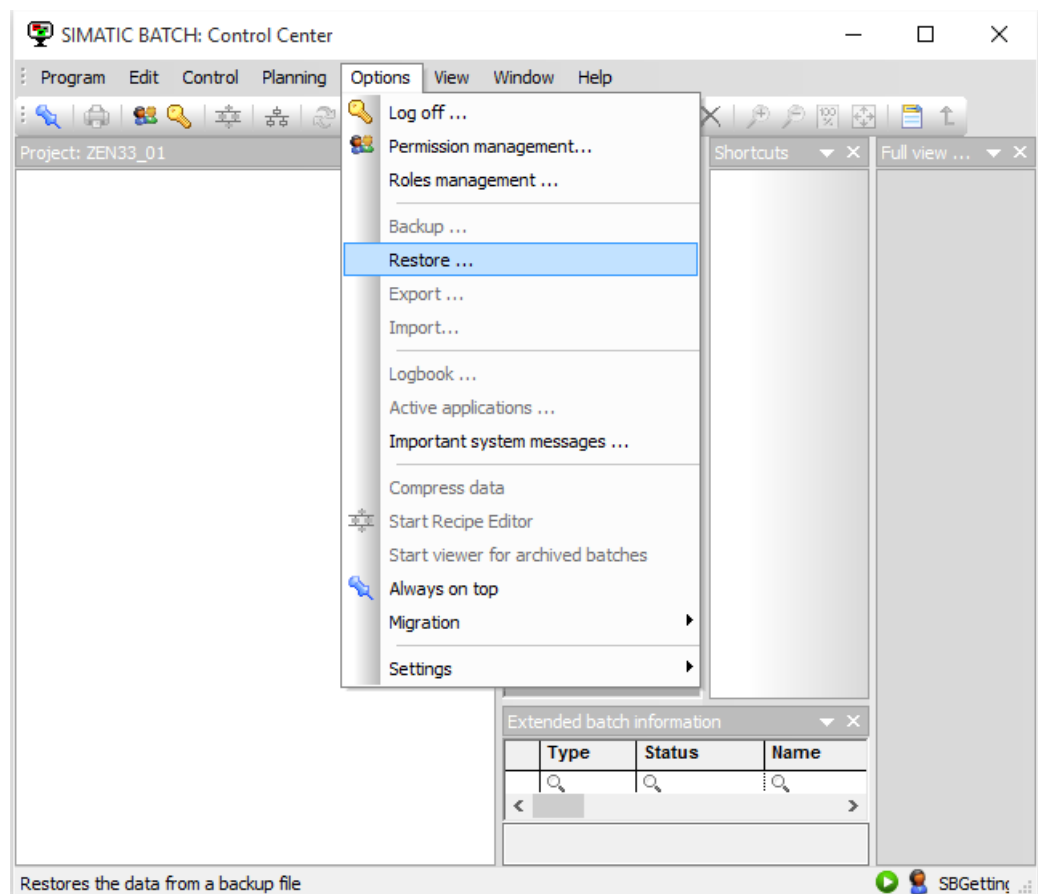
To restore the batch sbb file:

1. In the Windows Start menu, select **Start > All Programs > Siemens Automation > SIMATIC > SIMATIC Batch > Control Center**. In Windows 10 select **Start > Siemens Automation > Control Center**.

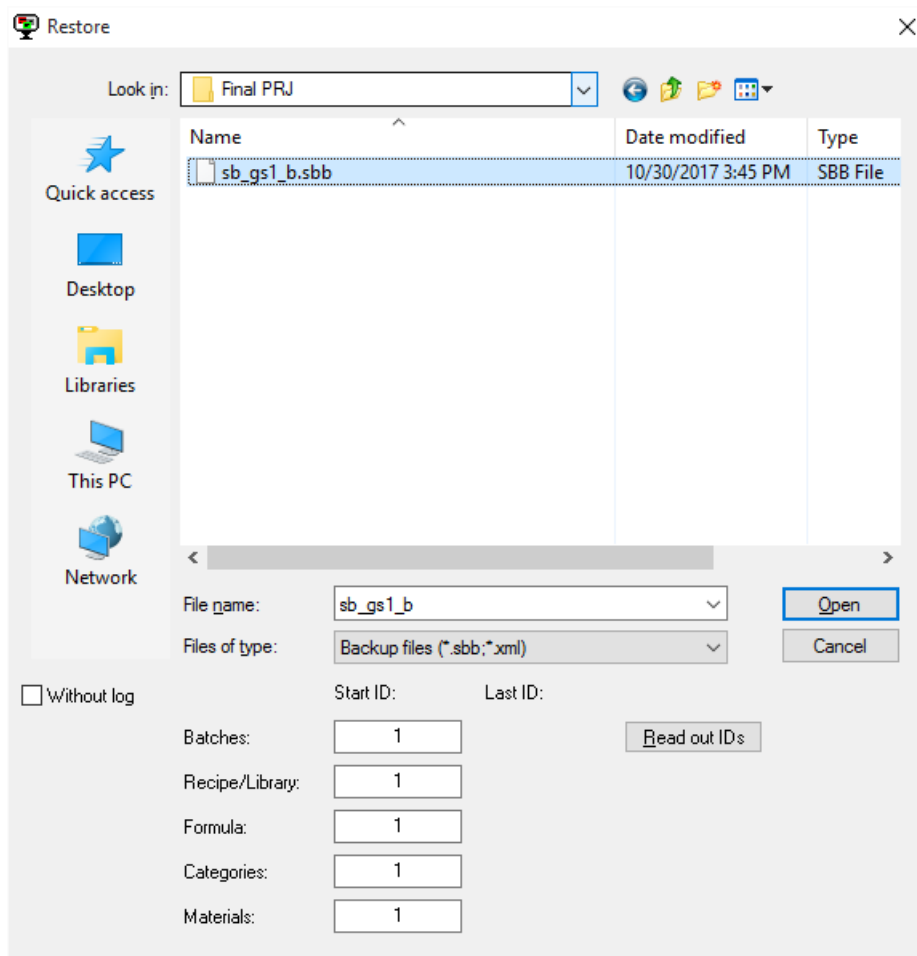
Note

If several projects are detected when you start BatchCC, or if the connection to the project cannot be established, a selection dialog appears.

2. In the "SIMATIC BATCH: Control Center" window, select "Options>Restore"



3. The "Restore" window opens for the selection of the batch .sbb file. This .sbb file is file is available as mentioned above inside the downloaded .zip file.
4. Select the sb_gs1_b.sbb file and click "Open"



Result

The sb_gs1_b.sbb file is successfully restored

Note

If the "Kitchen" process cell is already in the BATCH Control Center, you cannot use the "Restore" command. The associated Batch database has already been created and loaded. However, you can perform all other configuration tasks such as assigning new names to objects such as materials, recipes or batches.

4.2.14 Setting up Roles Management in SIMATIC Logon

Introduction

In order to obtain unrestricted access to BatchCC with the user logged into WinCC runtime, the logged on user is added to the "Superuser" role in the SIMATIC Logon roles management.

Note

Information on role assignment in the restore file is related to the PC on which the backup file was created. It is recommended that you always perform the role assignment again in the SIMATIC Logon roles management.

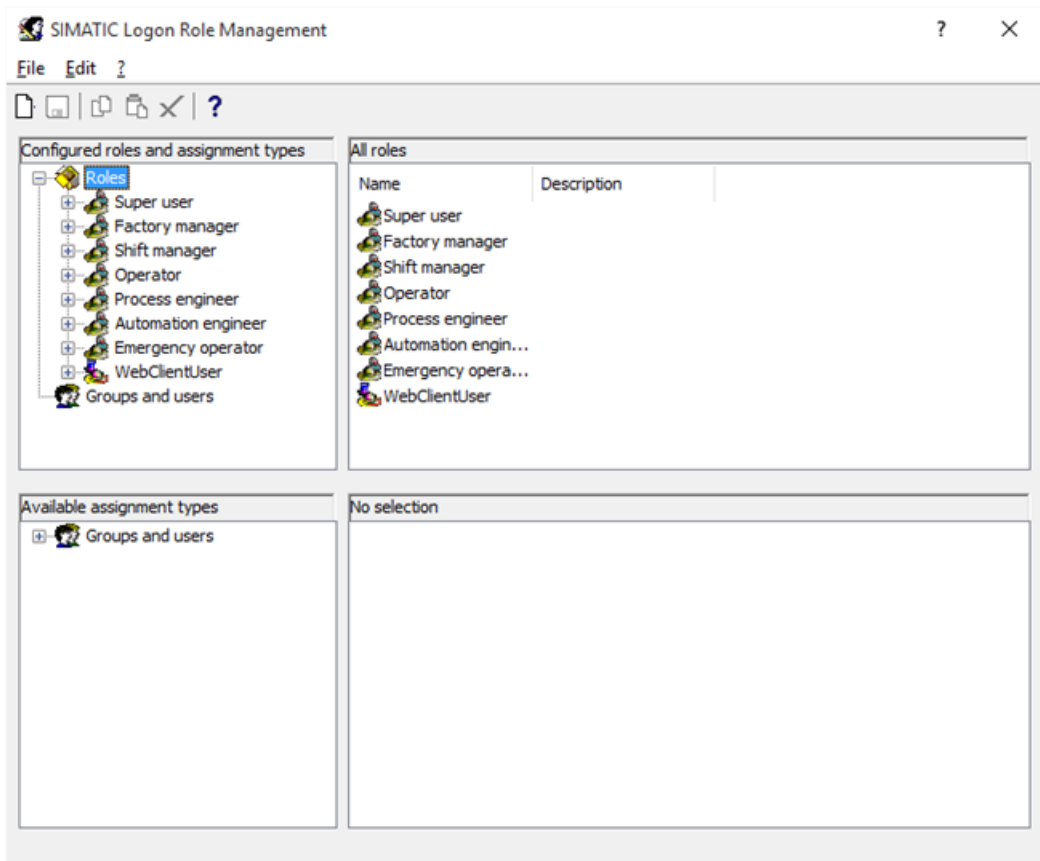
Prerequisites

- BatchCC is open.

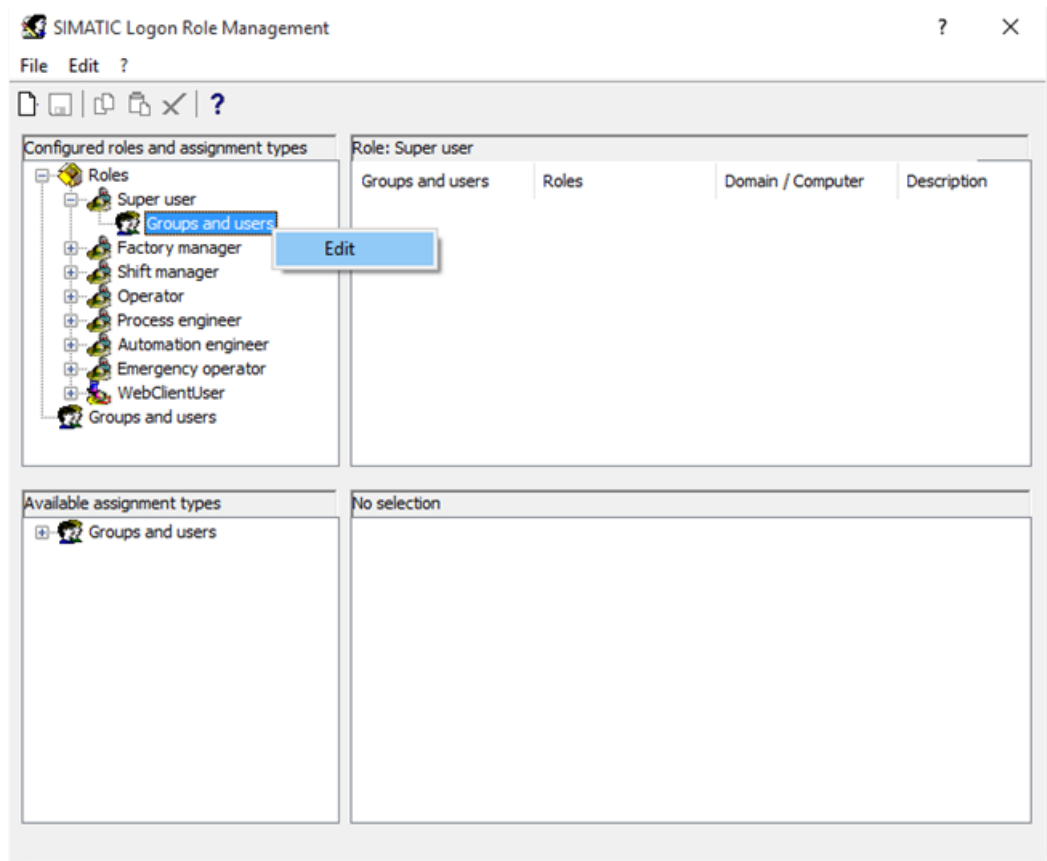
Procedure

To set up roles management in SIMATIC Logon:

1. Click **Options > Roles management** in Batch CC. The "SIMATIC Logon Role Management" window appears.



2. Select **Roles>Super User>Groups and users**, and right-click to "Edit".

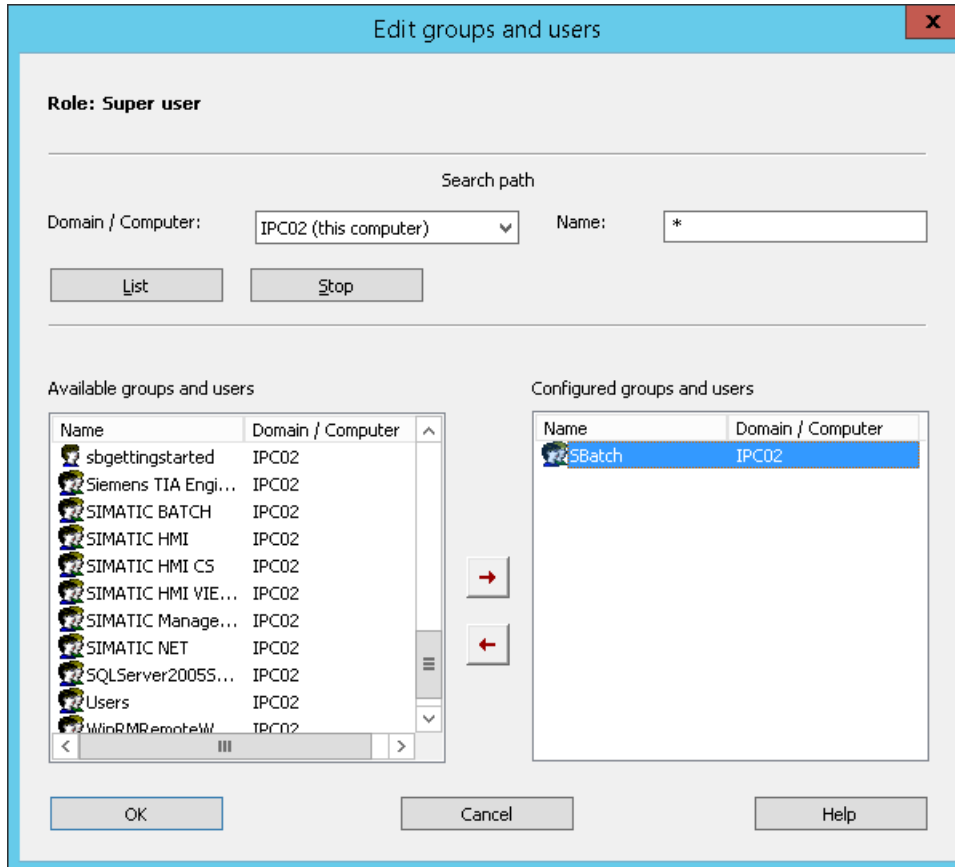


3. In the "Edit groups and users" window, select your Domain/Computer Name and click on "List". All the users & groups of particular domain or computer will be listed.

4. Search for the "SBatch" group. Select the group and click the



icon to add the user to the "Configured groups and users" area.



5. Click "OK" and then "File>Save".
6. Close the "SIMATIC Logon Role Management" window.

Note

The PC name and user credentials are always valid for your own PC's. Please use specific user names and passwords created for your PC while performing roles management steps.

4.2.15 Updating Downloaded Batch Process Cell Data

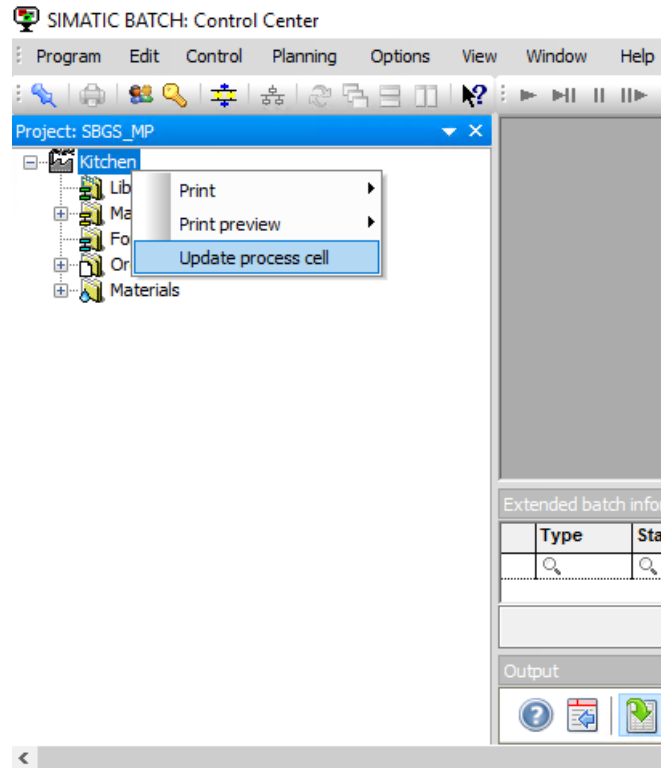
Prerequisites

- BatchCC is open.

Procedure

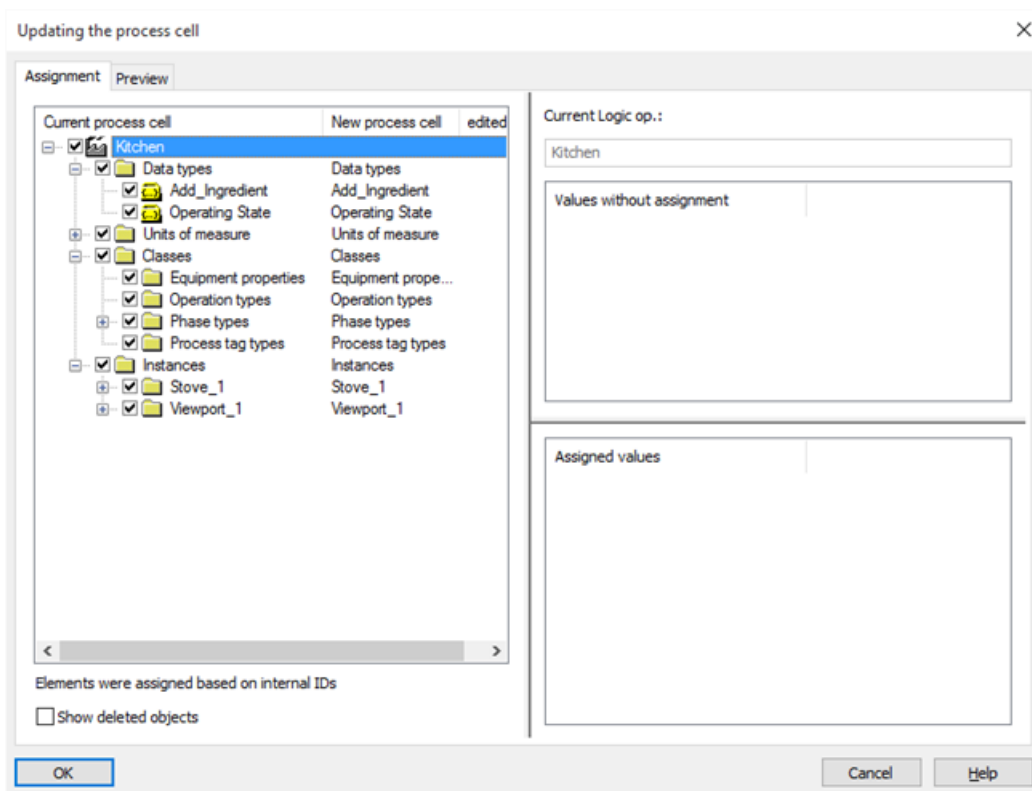
To update the downloaded batch process cell data:

1. Right-click on the "Kitchen" process cell and select "Update process cell"



2. Click "OK" in "Updating the process cell" window.

4.2 Configuration



4.2.16 The Recipe for Pasta Piccata Milanese

Recipe

Meal	Piccata Milanese
Quantity	2.9 kg (reference quantity)
Ingredients	100 ml oil 1.9 kg pasta 50 g salt 1 l tomato sauce

Instructions		Editing Options and Results
1	Prepare water	Fill a pot with 3 litres of water, add 100 ml of oil and a pinch of salt, heat to 100°C
2	Cook pasta	Put 1.9 kg of pasta in the boiling water and cook for 6 minutes.
3	Prepare sauce (while cooking pasta)	Pour 1 litre of tomato sauce in a pot. Heat for 5 minutes at 40 °C while stirring
...
4	Make complete	Add salt and/or pepper to flavor. Serve the pasta and sauce

4.2.17 Setting up the Output Material

Defining output materials

At the beginning, define the materials and optionally, the qualities for input materials/output material for SIMATIC BATCH.

You can define the materials in the list boxes displayed in subsequent dialogs for recipe creation and batch planning. Materials and qualities must also be assigned a unique code (for example, an internal company code). This code can be used to specify the setpoint and process value at the interface blocks or SFC types to identify the material or product. In order to write recipes, material information needs to be defined. Input and output materials with various qualities can be created. These are created in the BatchCC, in the Materials folder, under the process cell you have loaded.

Prerequisites for adding output material

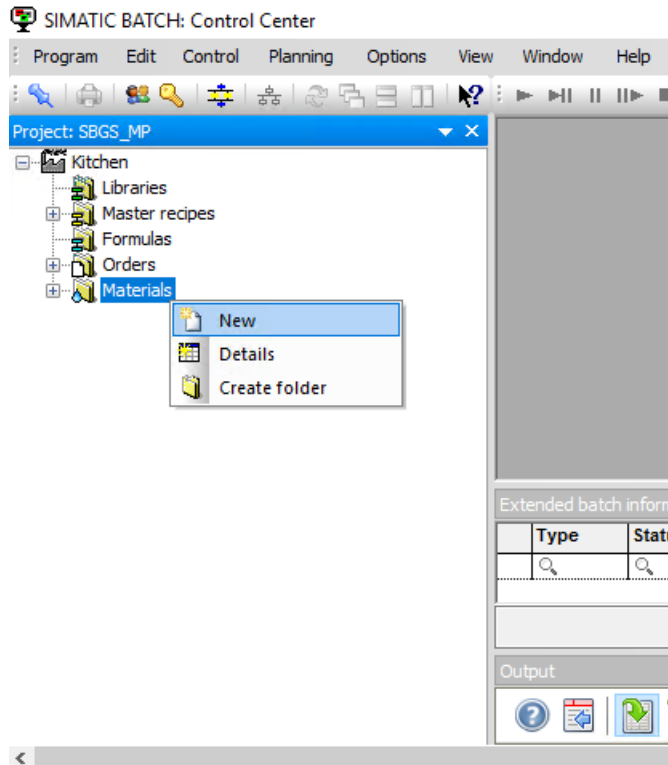
- BatchCC is open.

Adding an output material

In this section, we will explain the steps to add an output material (Piccata Milanese). Users can follow the same steps to add additional output materials.

To add an output material:

1. Right-click "Materials>New" in the "SIMATIC BATCH: Control Center" window.



2. The "New material" window appears. In the "General" tab, enter "Piccata Milanese" in the "Name:" text box. Enter a random code in the "Code:" text box. In the "Usage" area, select the "Output material" check box, and click "OK".

New material

General Quality Change Log

Name:
Piccata Milanese

Code:
123

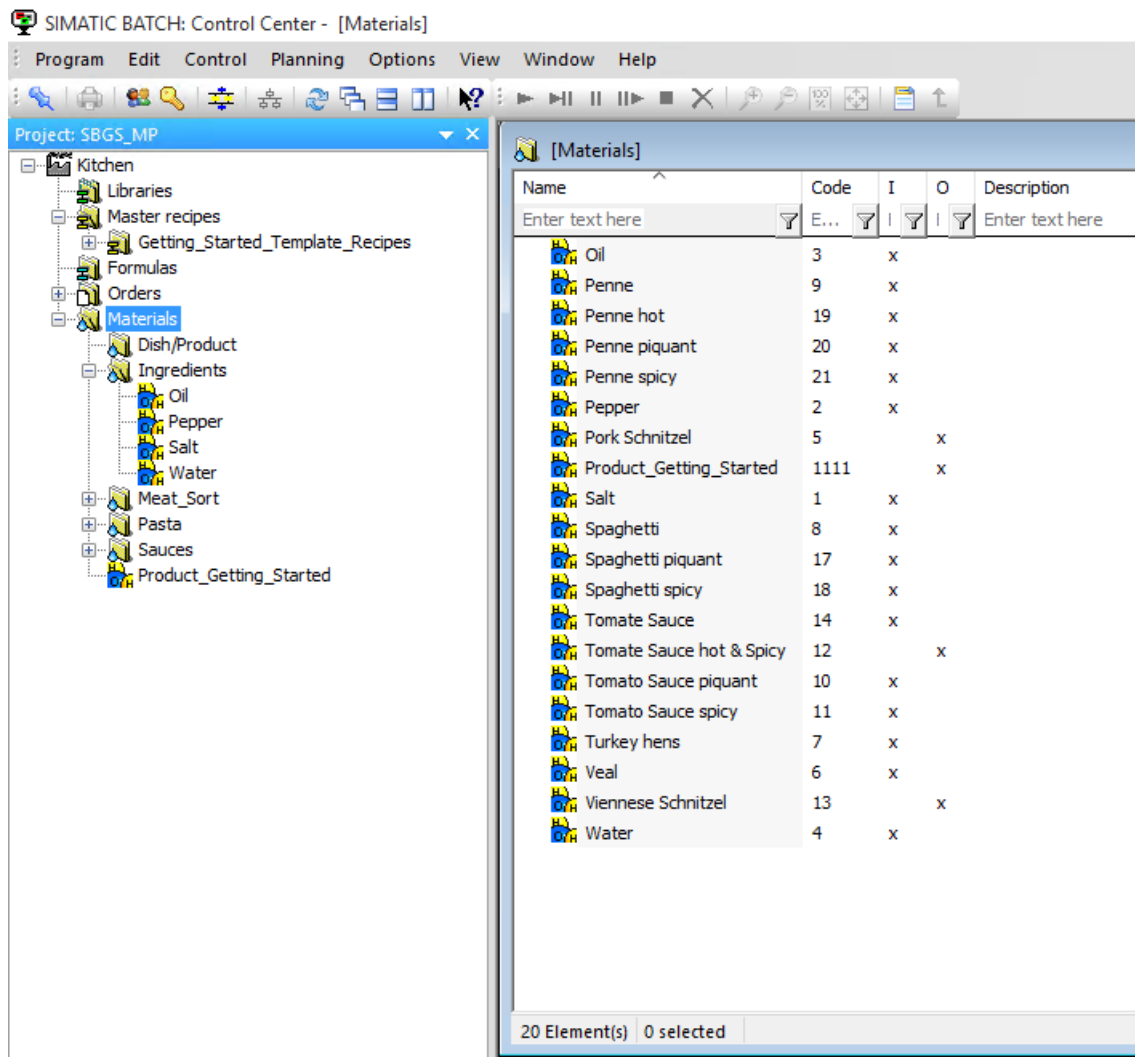
Description:

Usage
 Input material Output material

OK Print Cancel Help

3. Follow step 1 and in step 2, In the "Usage" area, select the "Input material" check box, and click "OK" to create the "Water" input material. The final display is as shown below.

4.2 Configuration



4.2.18 Creating a Master Recipe in BatchCC

Introduction

This section will guide you to create a master recipe in BatchCC.

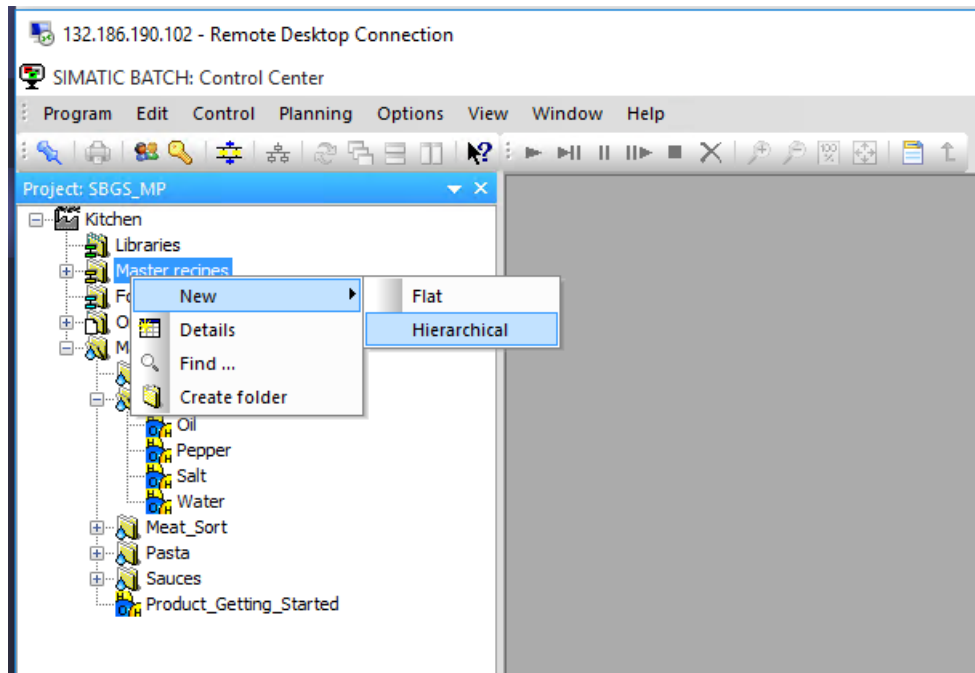
Prerequisites

- SIMATIC BatchCC is open

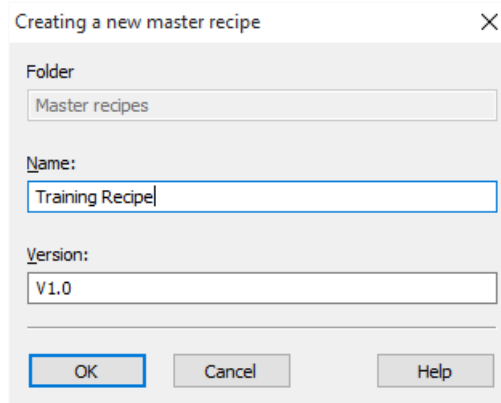
Procedure

To create a new master recipe in BatchCC:

1. In the "SIMATIC BATCH: Control Center" window, right click on **Master recipes>New>Hierarchical**. The "Creating a new master recipe" window appears.



2. In the "Name" input box, enter "Training Recipe". The "Version" input box is automatically populated as V1.0 since you are creating the master recipe for the first time. Click "OK". Now, "Training Recipe V1.0" is created under "Master recipes".



4.2 Configuration

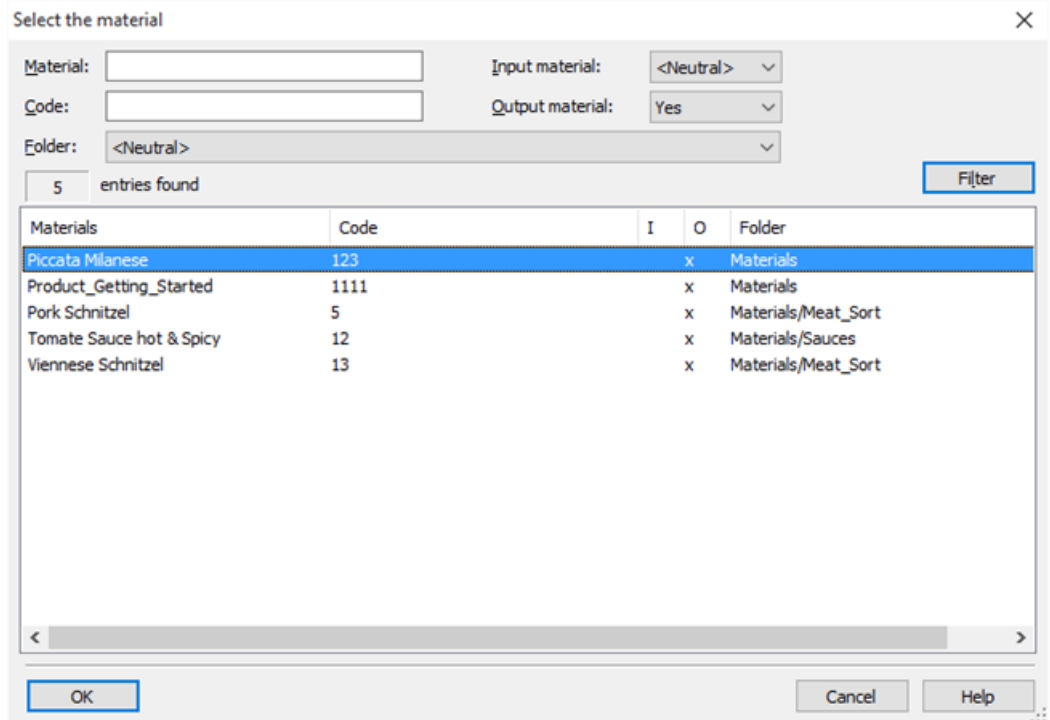
3. Right click on **Training Recipe V1.0>Properties**. The "Properties of 'Training Recipe_V1.0'" window appears. Select the "Product" tab and enter the details as shown below:

The screenshot shows the 'Properties of Training Recipe_V1.0' dialog box with the 'Product' tab selected. The dialog has a title bar with a close button (X) and a toolbar with icons for Output material, Parameters, Transfer parameters, Dependencies, Process tags, Change Log, and Input material. Below the toolbar are tabs for General, Allocations, Product, and Input material. The 'Product' tab contains the following fields:

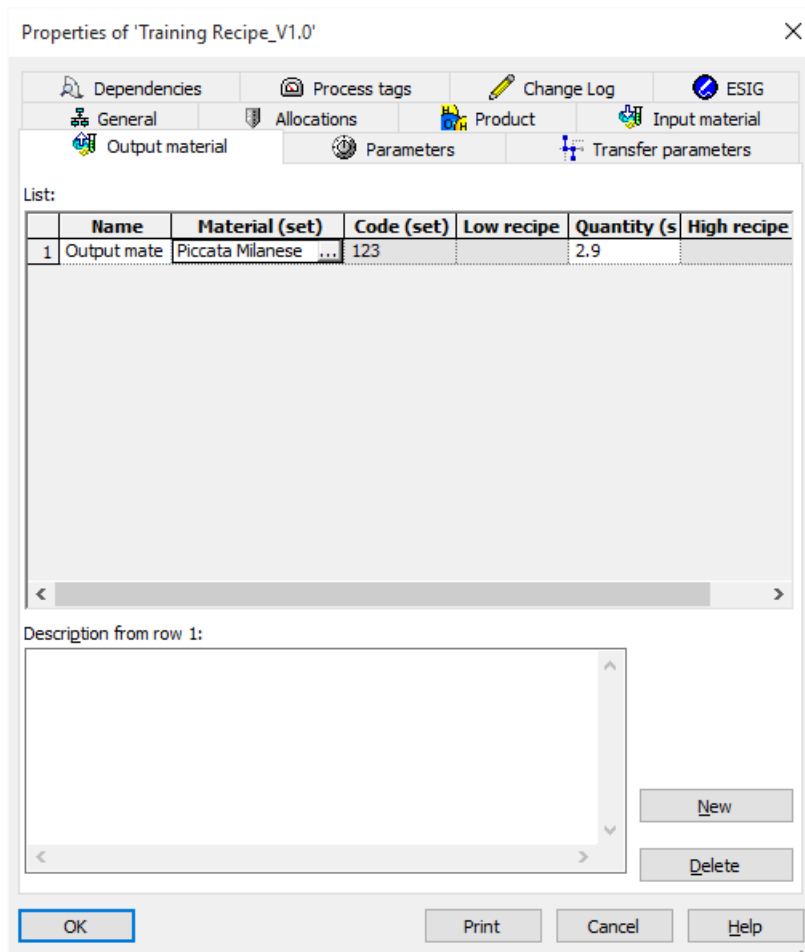
- Product:** A text box containing 'Piccata Milanese' with a selection box around it and a dropdown arrow to its right.
- Quality:** A dropdown menu with a downward arrow.
- Product code:** A text box containing '123'.
- Reference quantity for quantity scaling:** A text box containing '2.9'.
- Unit of measure:** A dropdown menu with 'kg' selected and a downward arrow.
- Minimum quantity of a batch:** A text box containing '1' followed by 'kg'.
- Maximum quantity of a batch:** A text box containing '10' followed by 'kg'.
- Description of the product:** A large empty text area with a scroll bar on the right.

At the bottom of the dialog are three buttons: 'Print', 'Close', and 'Help'.

4. Select the "Output material" tab and click "New". Now, click on the "Material" input box. The "Select the material" window appears. Select "Piccata Milanese" and click "OK".



5. In the "Properties of 'Training Recipe_V1.0'" window, select the "Output material" tab and enter 2.9 in the "Quantity" input box. Now, click "OK".



Result

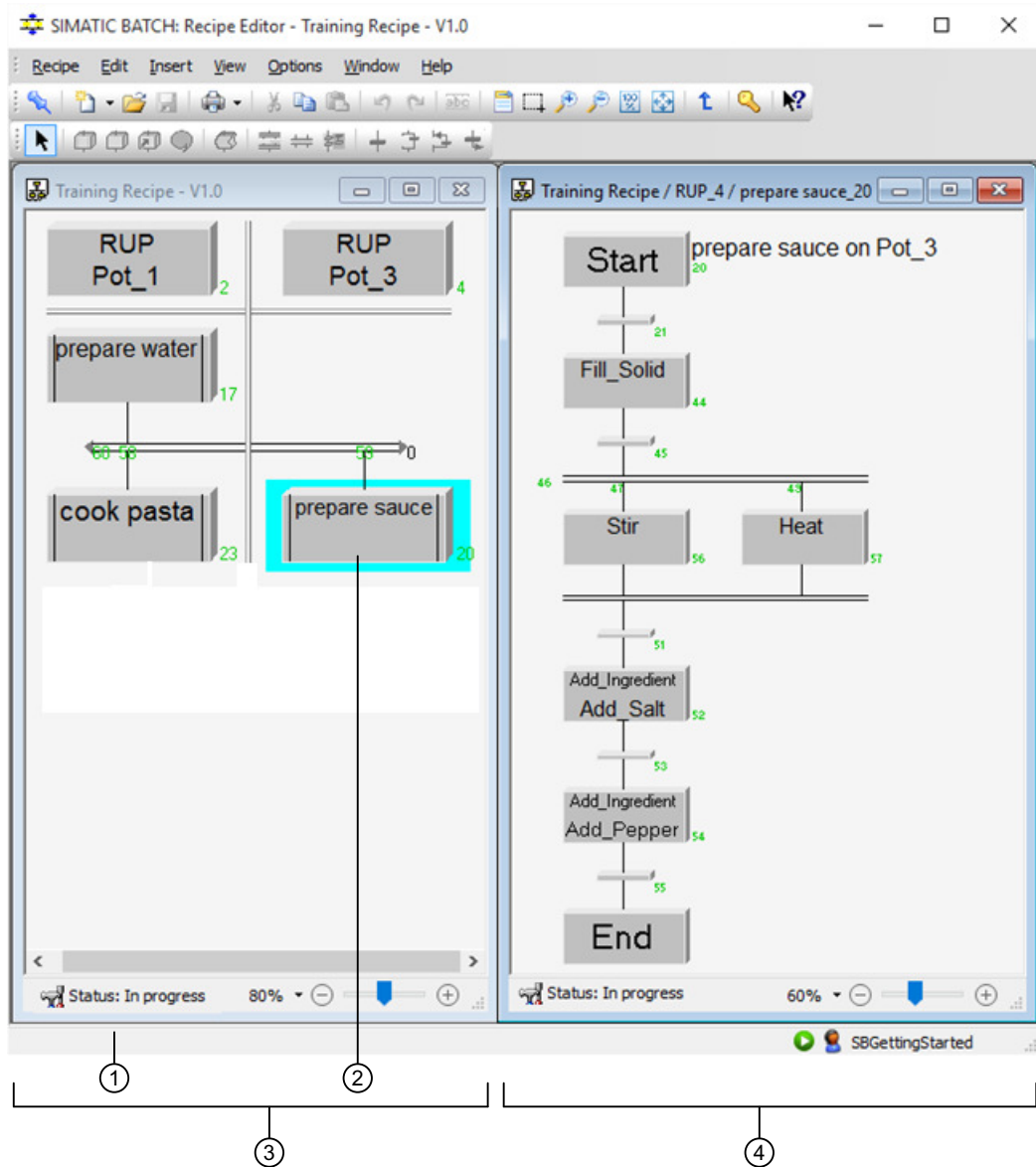
The master recipe has been successfully created.

4.2.19 Setting up a Recipe Structure in the Recipe Editor

4.2.19.1 Introduction of the Recipe Editor

Layout of the Main Window in the Recipe Editor

The basic layout of the user interface of the BATCH Recipe Editor is shown in the figure below, which illustrates an example of a hierarchical recipe. You can create or modify recipes in the editing windows using the structure elements of the "Insert" menu.



(1) Recipe editing window.

(2) Editing with an ROP sequence.

- (3) Editing level 1 (RUP is always shown in a column and ROPs are arranged vertically).
- (4) Editing level 2 (ROP sequence with the SFC structure elements, steps, branches, and so on).

Basic integration of the hierarchy in the BATCH Recipe Editor

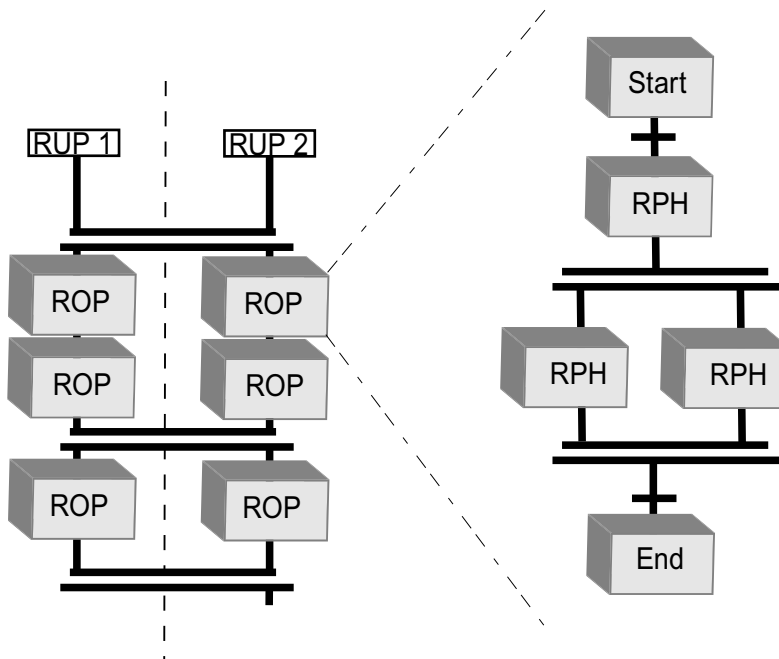
The diagram below shows the basic integration of the hierarchical structure for editing in the BATCH Recipe Editor. The structure of a hierarchical recipe is edited at two levels, that is, editing levels 1 and 2.

Editing level 1 (RUPs and ROPs)

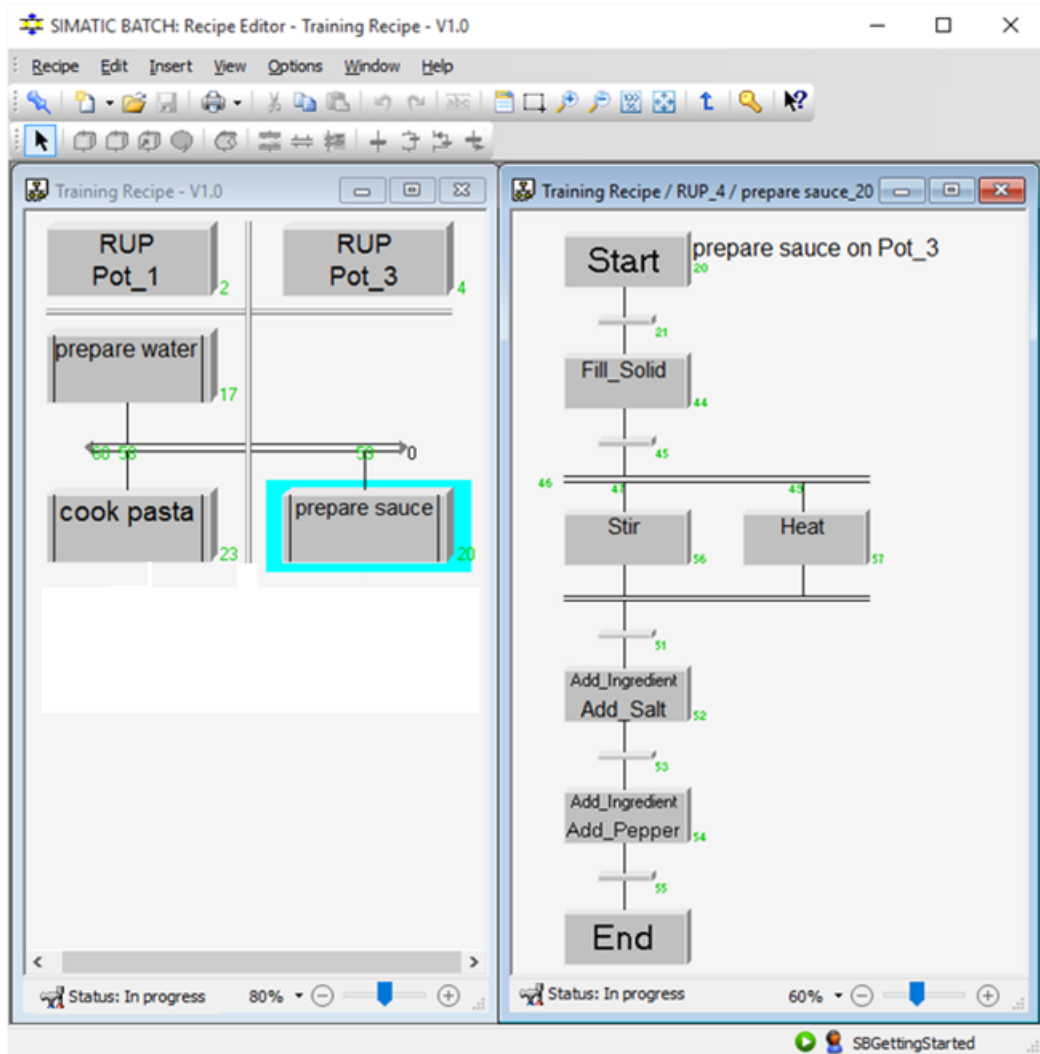
Editing level 1 is intended for the plant view in which the processes of several cells can be synchronized. A recipe unit procedure (RUP) is made up of recipe operations (ROPs). To structure the process, you can use double lines to synchronize. This allows you to synchronize the timing of ROPs in several recipe unit procedures.

Editing level 2 (RPHs)

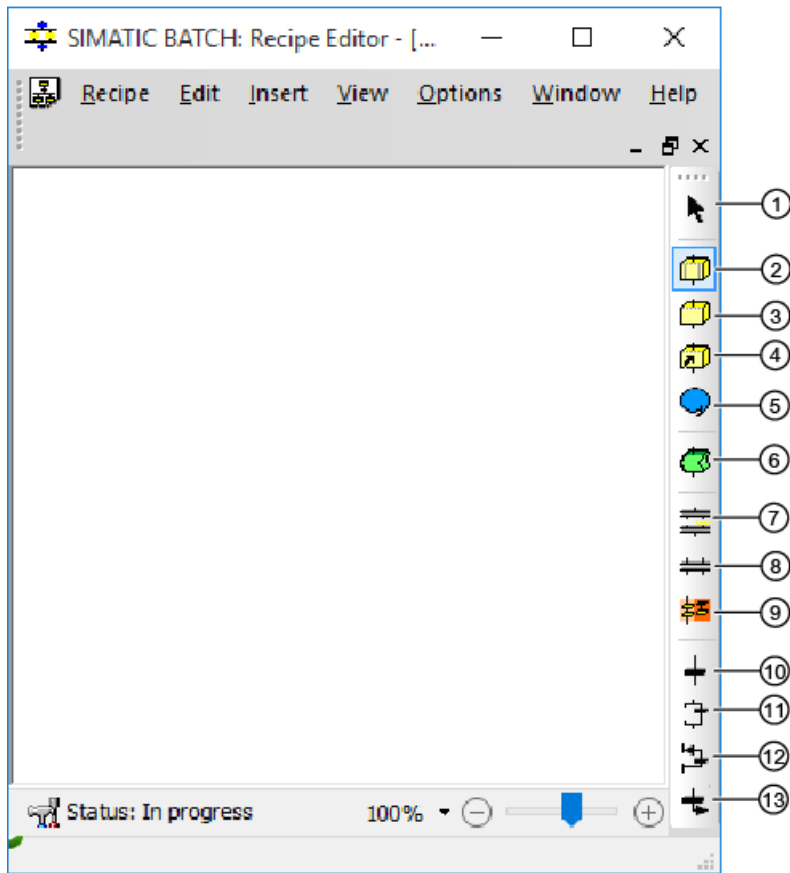
Editing level 2 is used to create ROP sequences. An ROP sequence begins with a Start step. The Start step is followed by a transition that defines the start conditions. Every ROP has a sequence of RPH and ends with an End step. A transition that defines the end condition precedes every end step.



Implementation in the BATCH Recipe Editor



Tools for Creating the Recipe Structure



- (1) Select
- (2) Insert recipe procedural element
- (3) Insert recipe phase/operation
- (4) Create library reference
- (5) Insert operator instruction
- (6) Insert a command step
- (7) Insert simultaneous branch
- (8) Insert synchronization
- (9) Insert monitoring area
- (10) Insert transition
- (11) Insert alternative branch
- (12) Insert loop
- (13) Insert jump

4.2.19.2 Working on Editing Level 1

Introduction

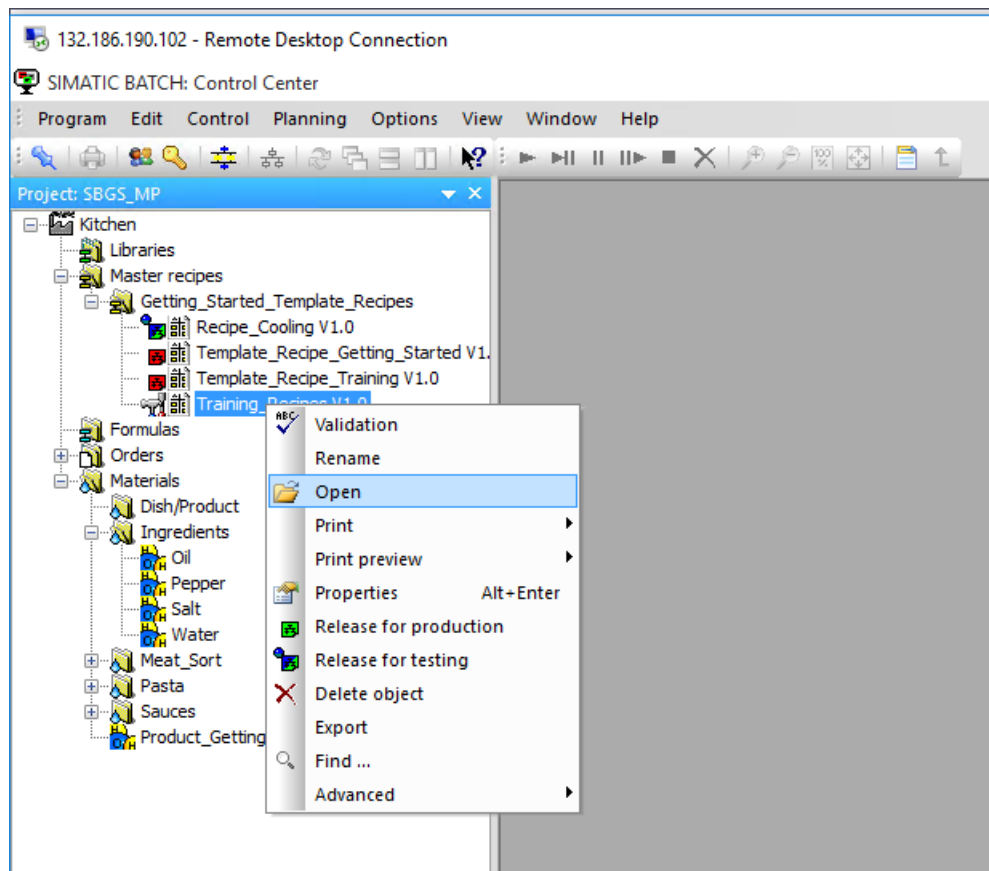
This section guides you to set up the recipe structure in the Recipe Editor in accordance with the description in the recipe.

Prerequisites

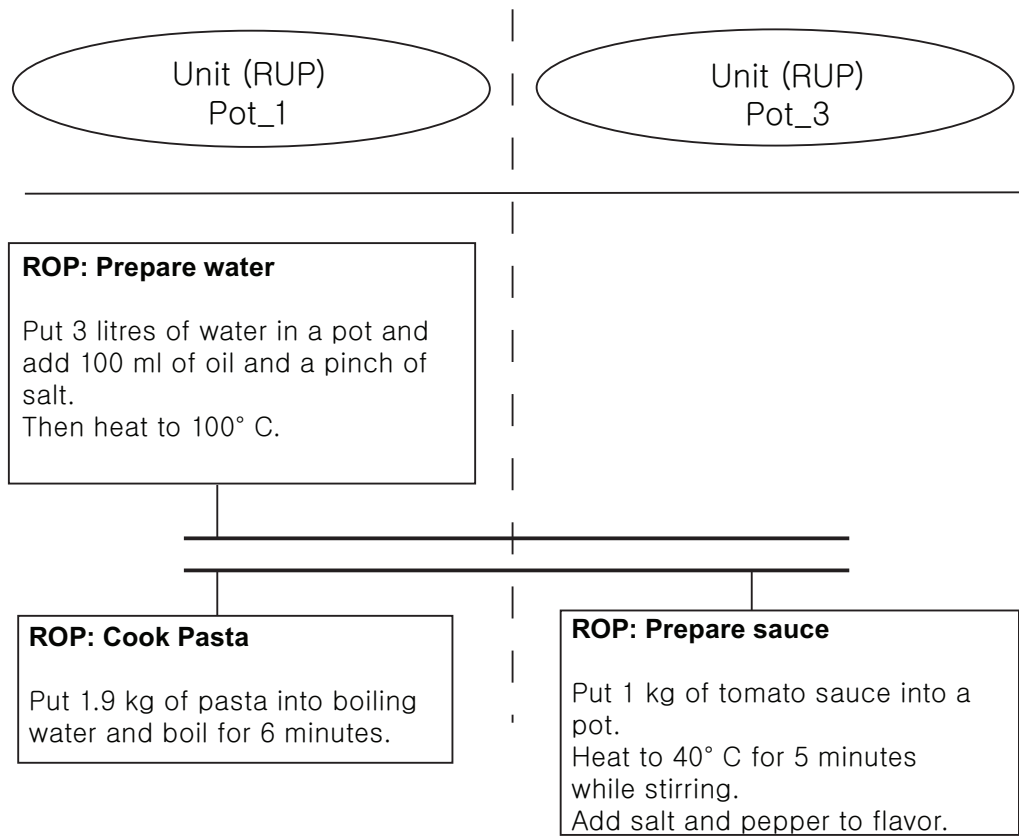
The SIMATIC BATCH Recipe editor is open.

Procedure at editing level 1


1. In the "SIMATIC BATCH: Control Center" window, right click **Training Recipe V1.0**>**Open**.

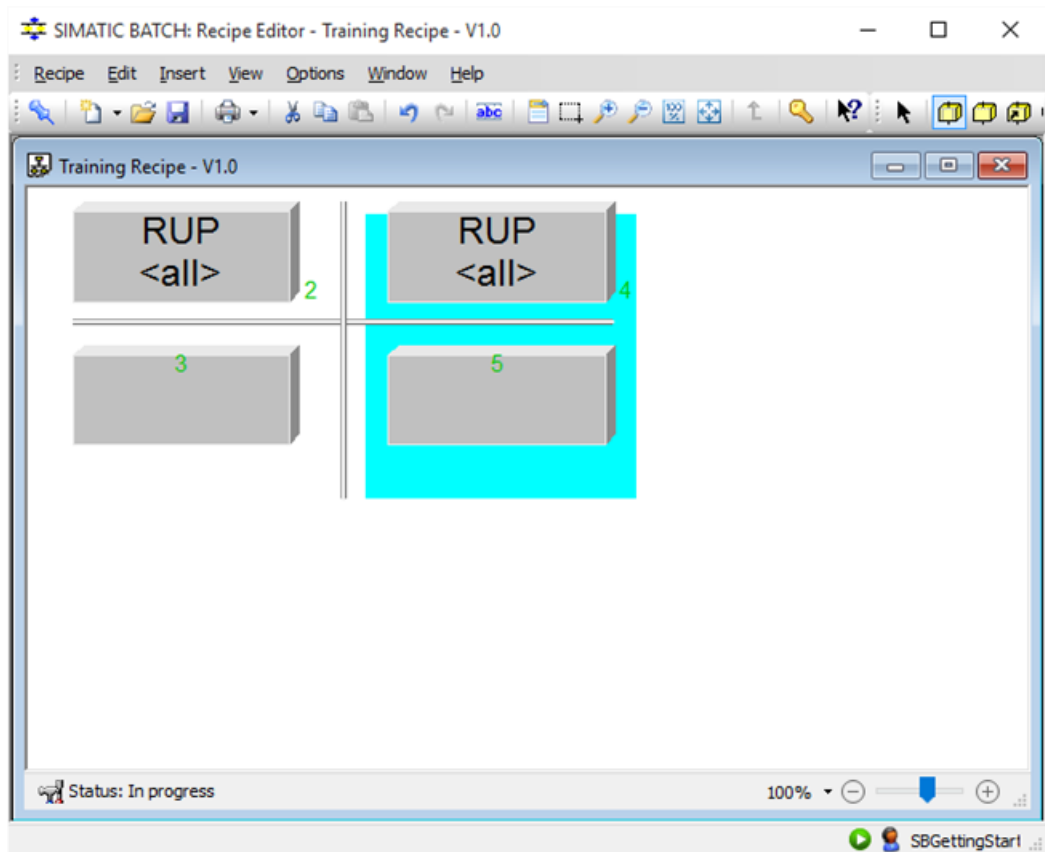


2. Create the "Piccata Milanese" dish using the corresponding tools and recipe description. Refer to the diagram on this page for help.

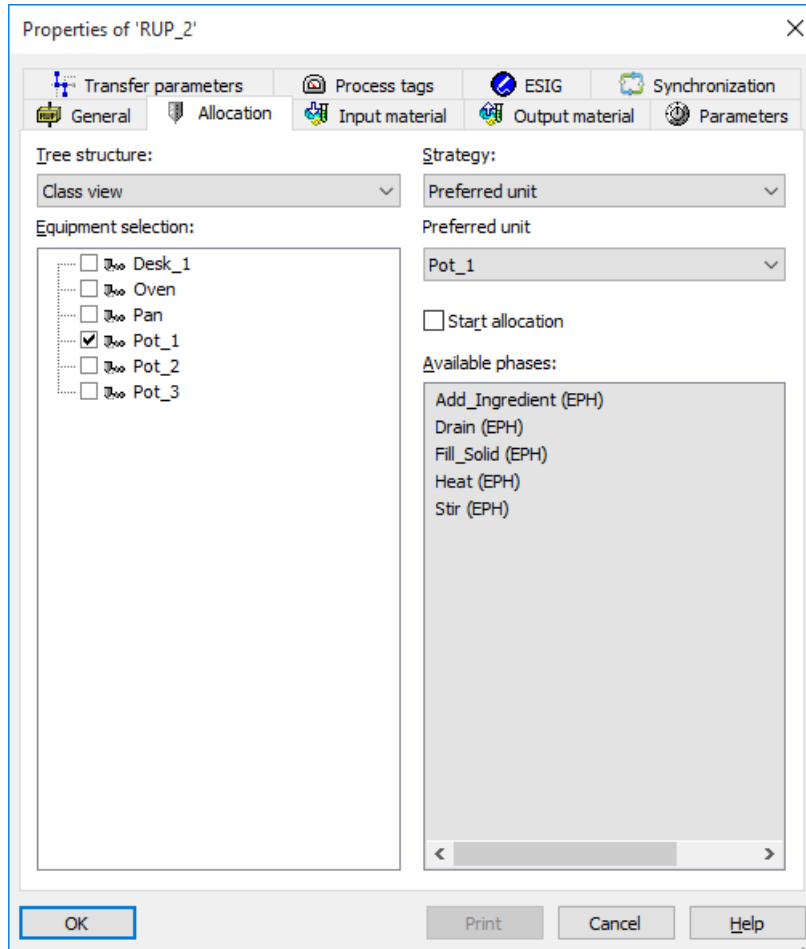


4.2 Configuration

3. In the "SIMATIC BATCH: Recipe Editor" window, click the  icon to create an RUP. Repeat the procedure to create two RUP's as shown below:



4. Select the left RUP and right-click for "Properties". The "Properties of 'RUP_2'" window appears. Select the "Allocation" tab. Now, click on the "Strategy" drop down list and select "Preferred unit". Later, click on the "Preferred unit" drop down list and select "Pot_1". Click "OK".

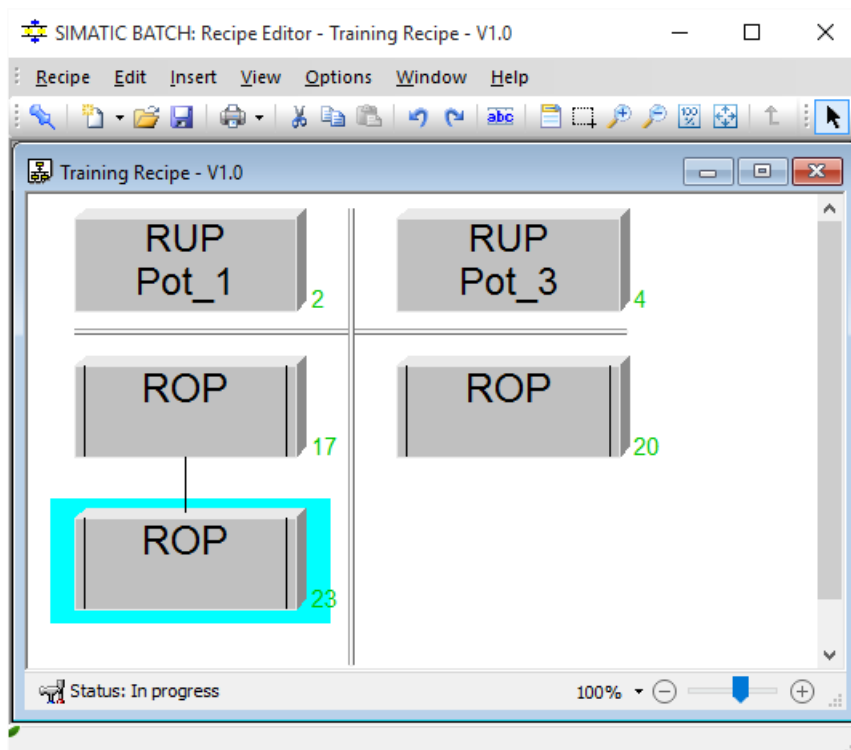


Note

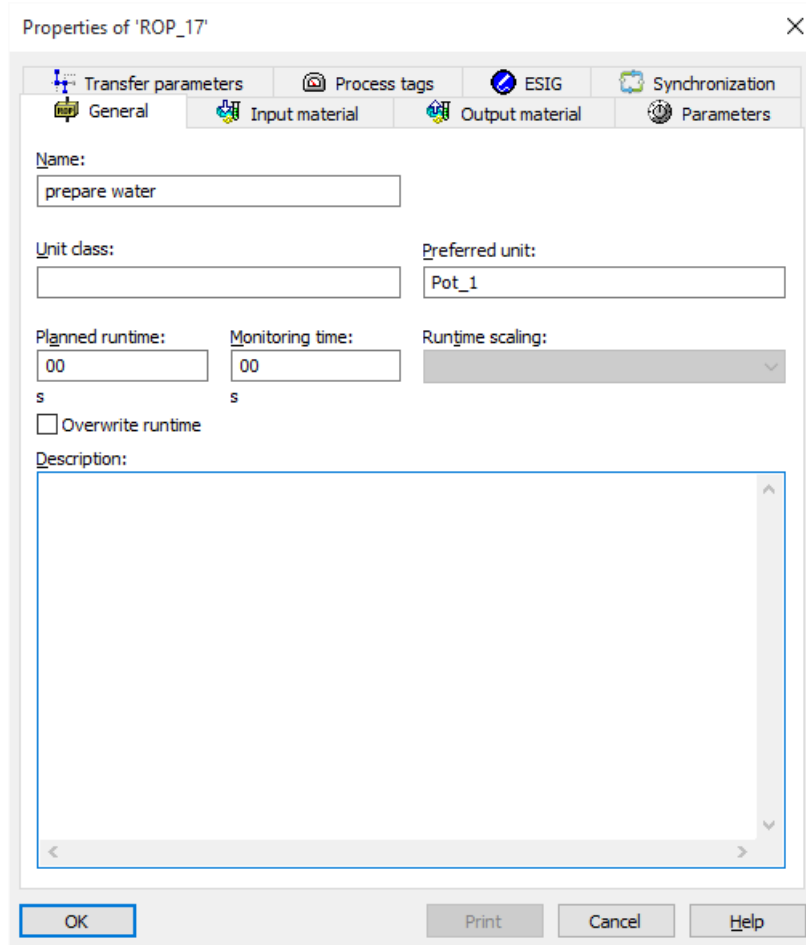
Follow these steps to select an individual unit in the "Equipment selection" area:

1. In the Recipe Editor, select **Recipe > Header parameters**. The properties dialog box is displayed.
 2. Click the "Allocation" tab and clear the "Condition" and "constrain" check box.
5. Assign the "Pot_3" unit as the preferred unit for the second (right hand) RUP as explained in step 4.

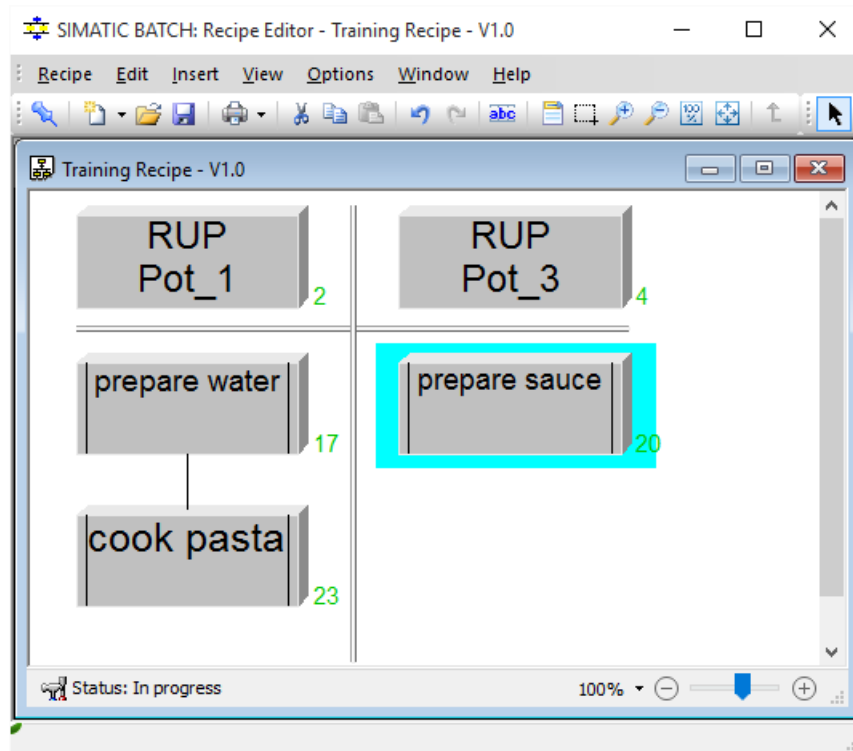
6. Insert the relevant ROPs (recipe operations) as shown below. Refer to step 3 for details.



7. Select the top left ROP and right-click for "Properties". The "Properties of ROP_17" window appears. Select the "General" tab and enter "prepare water" in the "Name" input box. Now, Click "OK".



8. Repeat steps 6 and 7 and assign the name **cook pasta** to the bottom left ROP, and **prepare sauce** to the right ROP. The final result after assigning the names for the ROP's are as shown below:




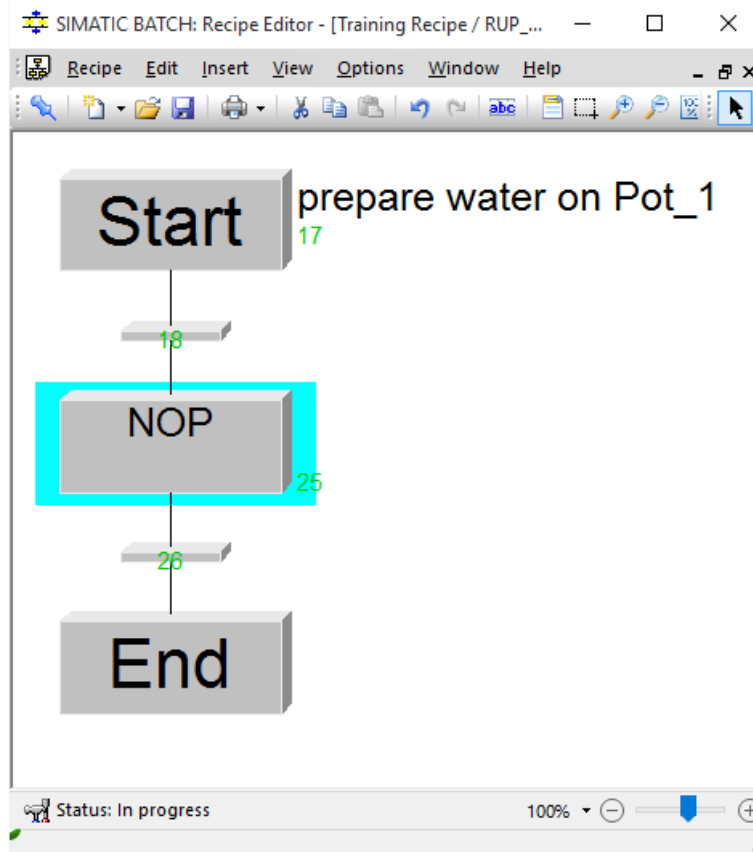
Note

The number in RUP_2 and RUP_4 is only a representational indication. The numbers may vary according to each user's PC.

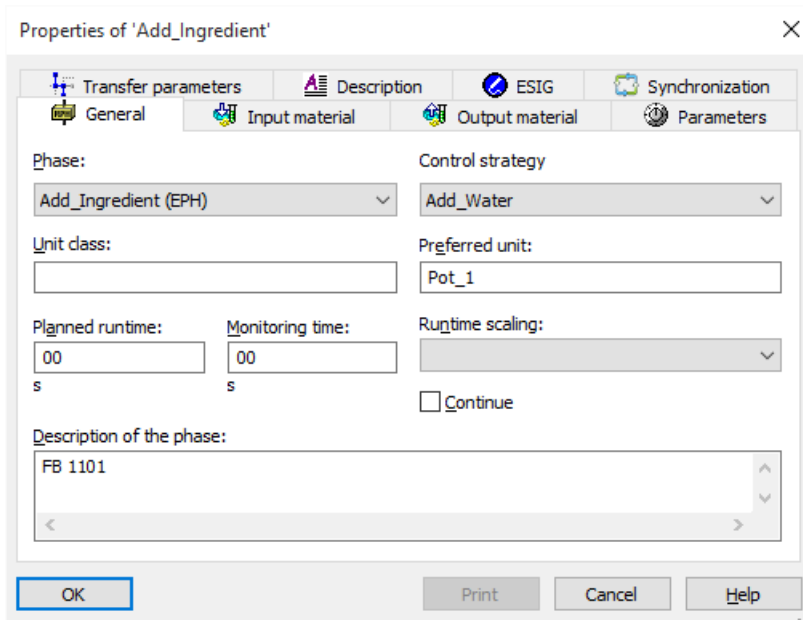
4.2.19.3 Working on Editing Level 2

Procedure at editing level 2

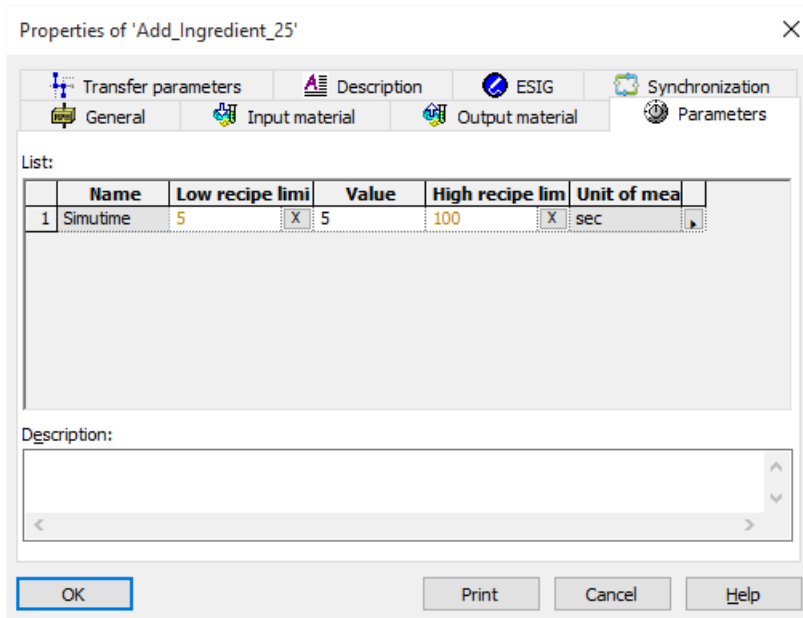
1. To insert a recipe phase (NOP), double click on the "Prepare Water" ROP and click the  icon and place them in between the "Start" and "End" blocks to create an NOP.



2. Select the "NOP" and right-click for "Properties". The "Properties of 'NOP_25'" dialog box appears. Click the "Phase" drop down list and select "Add_Ingredient (EPH)". Now, click the "Control Strategy" drop down list and select "Add_Water", and click "OK". The recipe phase takes the name of the equipment phase in this case.



3. In the "Properties of 'Add_Ingredient'" dialog box, click the "Parameters" tab, and enter "5" in the "Value" input box for the "Simutime" parameter.

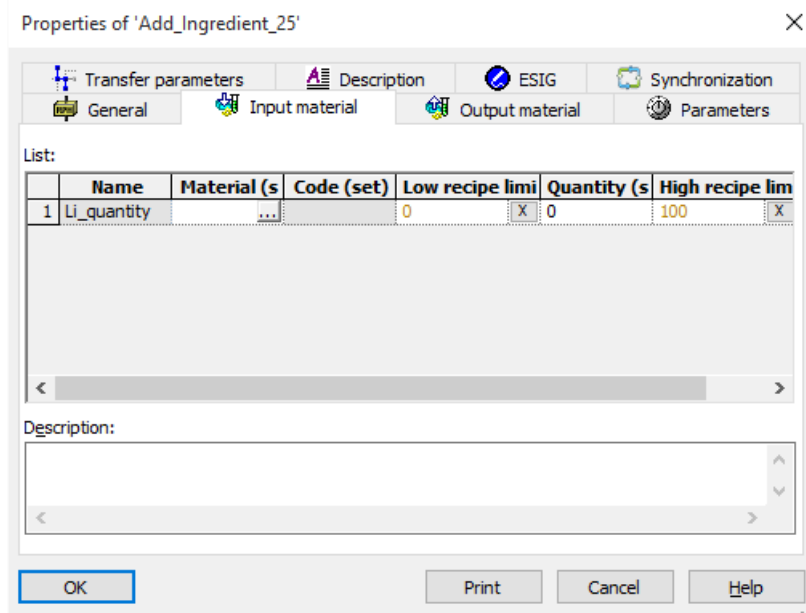


Note

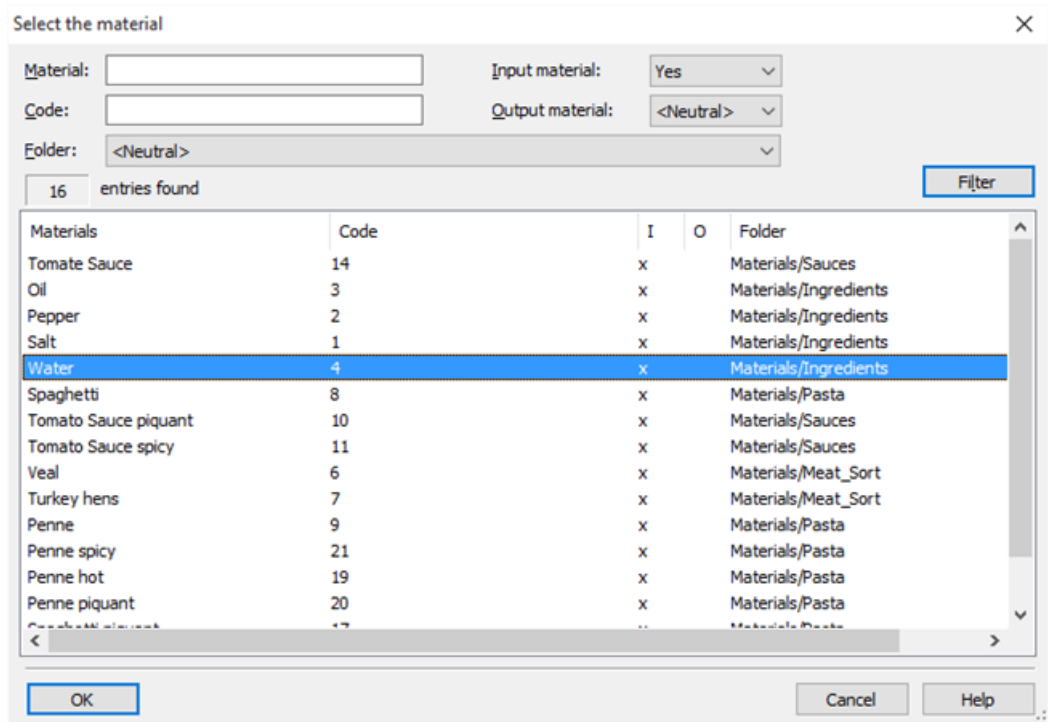
Runtime characteristics



Here, and in all the recipe phases, the "Simutime" parameter is used for simulation. The parameter has no influence on the runtime characteristics of equipment phases and recipe phases in a batch.

- Now, select the "Input material" tab and click "Material" input box. The "Select the material" dialog box appears



- In the "Select the material" dialog box, select "water" and click "OK".

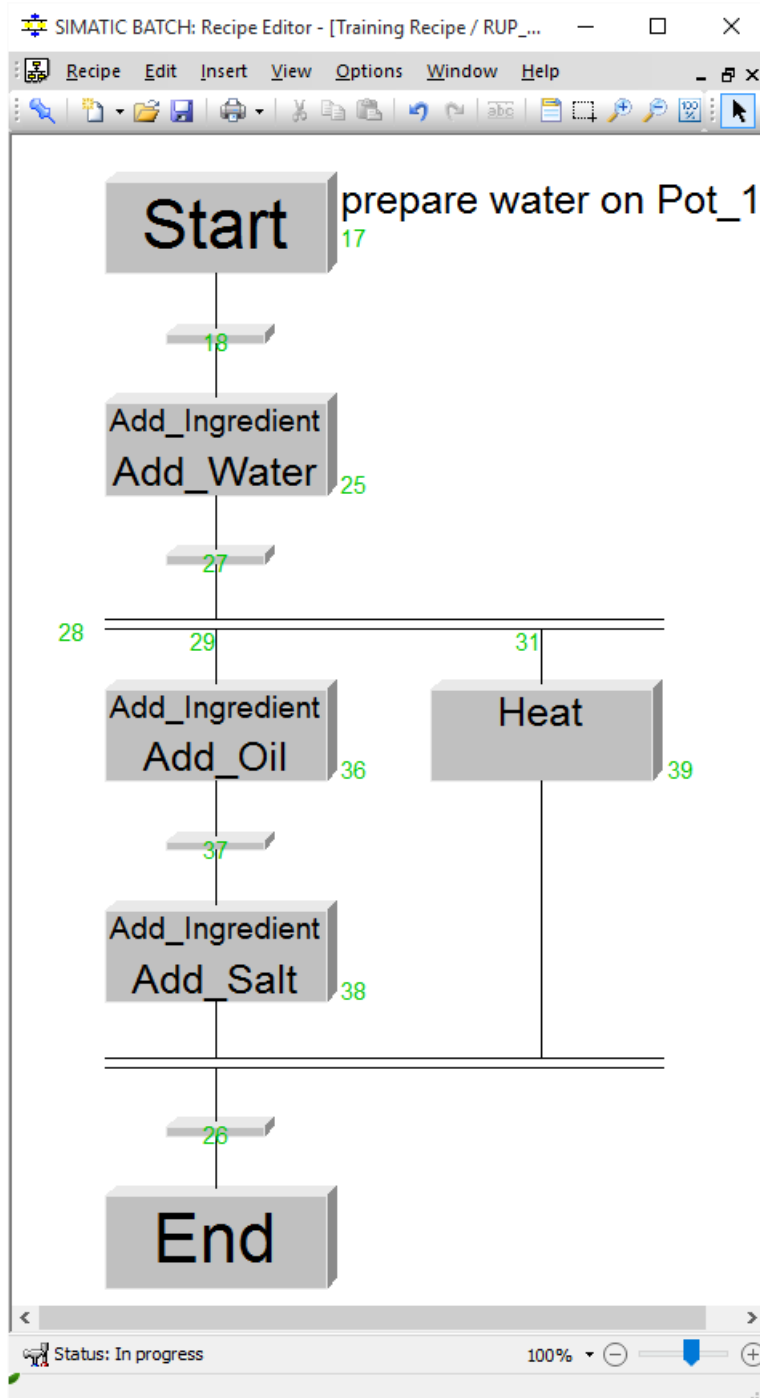


- Now, enter "3" in the "Quantity(set)" input box, and click "OK".
- To insert a parallel branch, click the  icon, and place them in the recipe . Click the  icon to add three NOPs, and place them in the recipe.

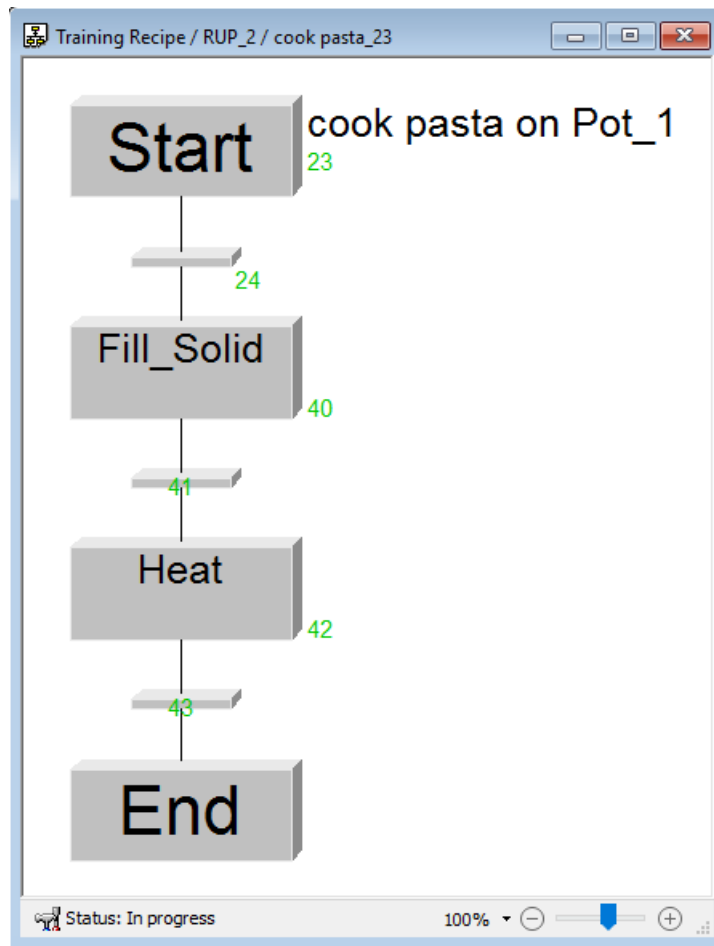
4.2 Configuration

8. Within the simultaneous branch, assign an "Add_Ingredient" equipment phase with the "Add_Oil" control strategy to a recipe phase. Then, pass the "Oil" material to the "Li_quantity" input material with a quantity of "0.1 l". Specify a value of "5 sec" for Parameter "Simutime".
9. Assign an "Add_Ingredient" recipe phase with the "Add_Salt" control strategy below the "Add_Ingredient" recipe phase. Assign the material "Salt" and the quantity "0.01 kg" to the "Kg_quantity" input material. Specify a value of "5 sec" for Parameter "Simutime".

- Assign the "Heat" equipment phase to a recipe phase and assign the value "100° C" to the "Temp" parameter. Set the "Simutime" to the value "300 sec".



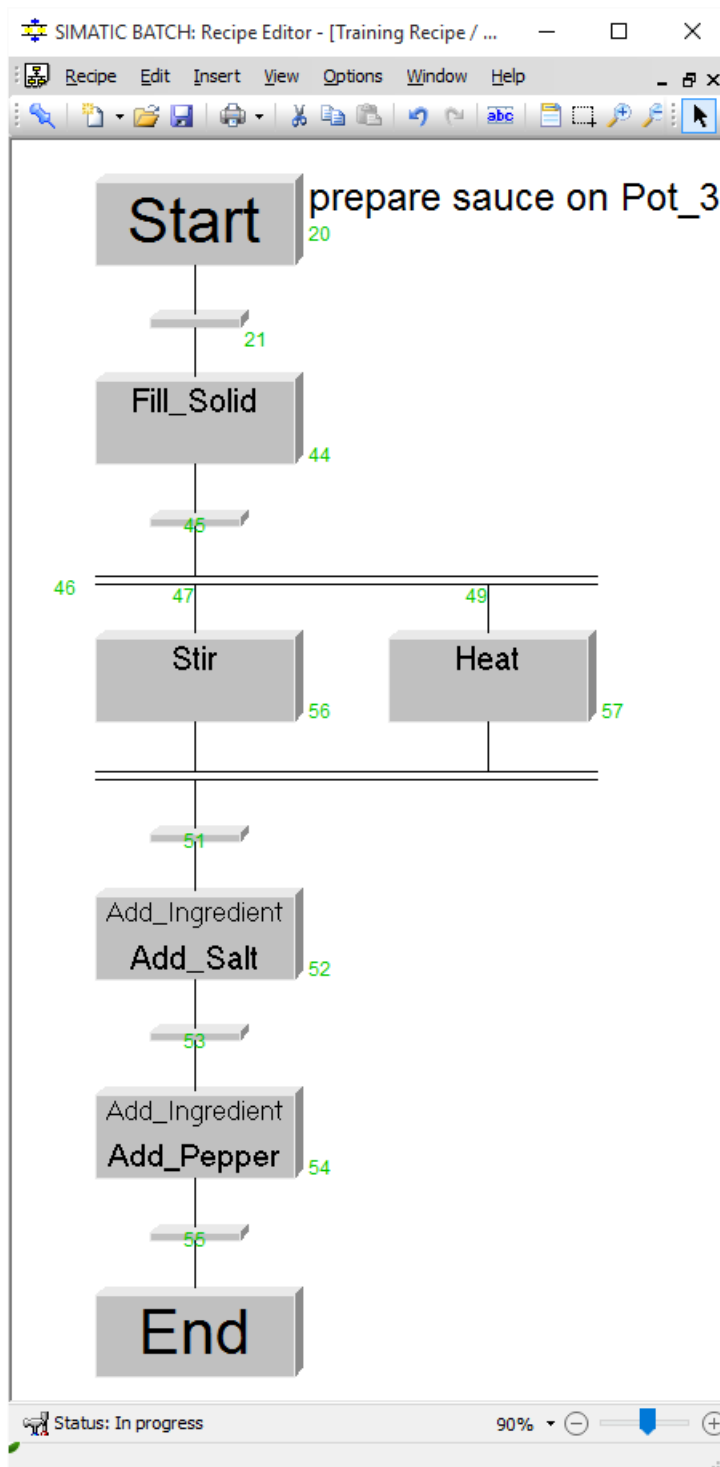
11. Complete the "Cook Pasta" ROP according to the recipe description for "Piccata Milanese". For example, select one of the pasta from the pasta list (For example: Penne). For more information refer to The Recipe for Pasta Piccata Milanese (Page 74)



12. Complete the "Prepare Sauce" ROP according to the recipe description for "Piccata Milanese" and select "Tomato Sauce" from the "Input material" list. For more information, refer to The Recipe for Pasta Piccata Milanese (Page 74)

Note

Please add salt and pepper according to your requirements while completing the "Prepare Sauce" ROP.

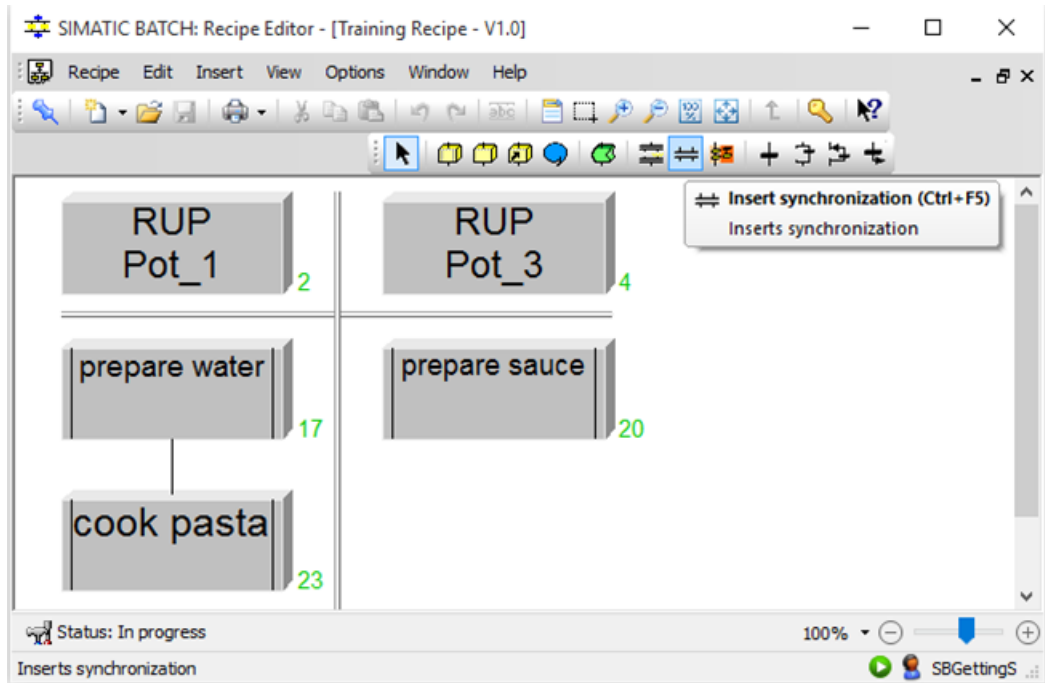


4.2.20 Completing the Training Recipe

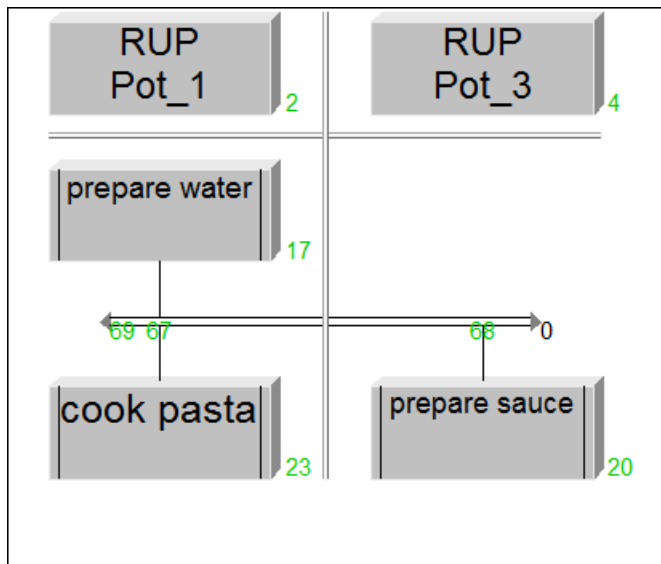
Completing recipes

To complete the training recipe:

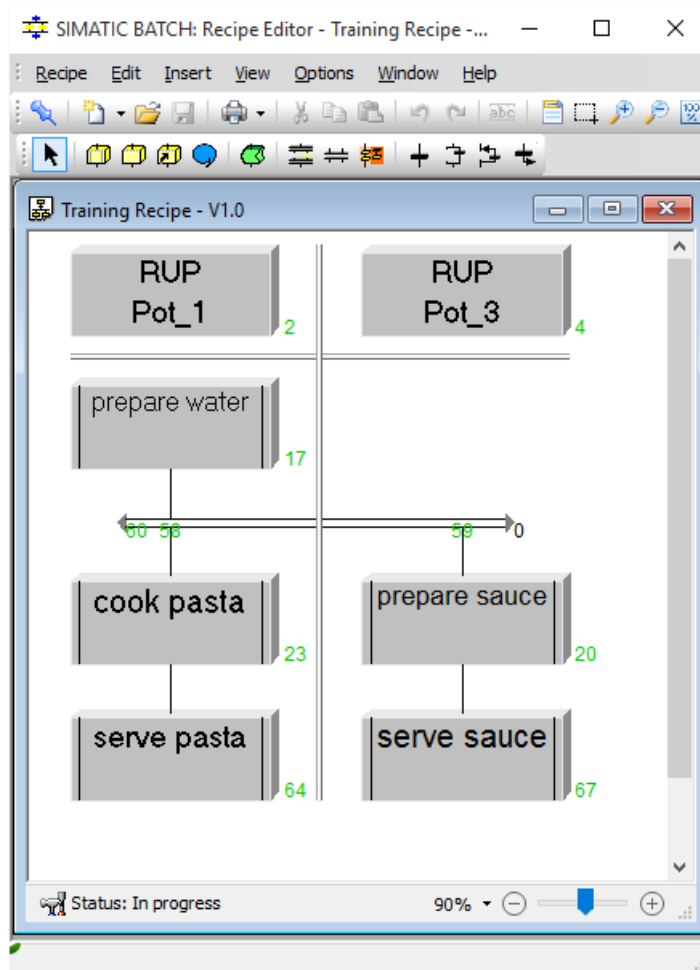
1. In the "SIMATIC BATCH: Recipe Editor" window, on the toolbar, select "Insert synchronization".



2. Draw a line between the left and right columns. This inserts a synchronization line between two recipe operations in the recipe.

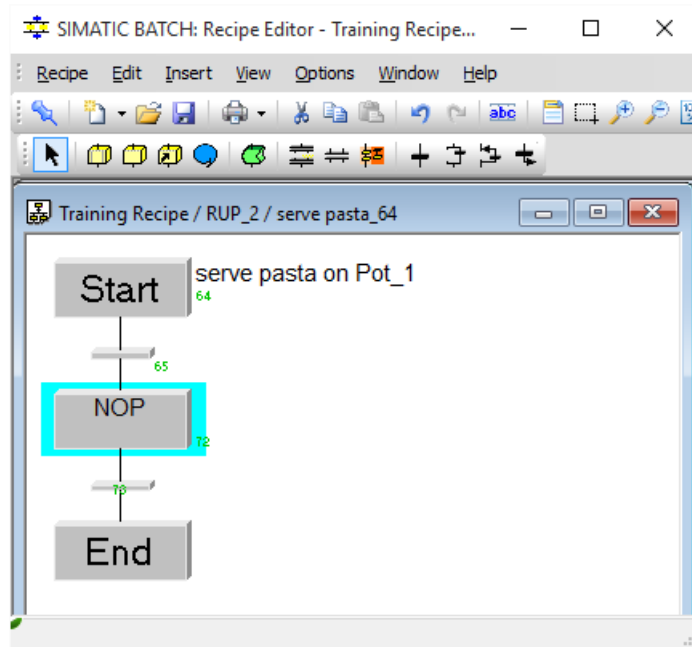


3. Insert two recipe operations (ROPs), and label them as "Serve Pasta" and "Serve Sauce".



4.2 Configuration

- Right-click the "Serve pasta" recipe operation and click "Open object". The "Training Recipe / RUP_2 / serve pasta_64" window appears. Drag and drop "NOP".

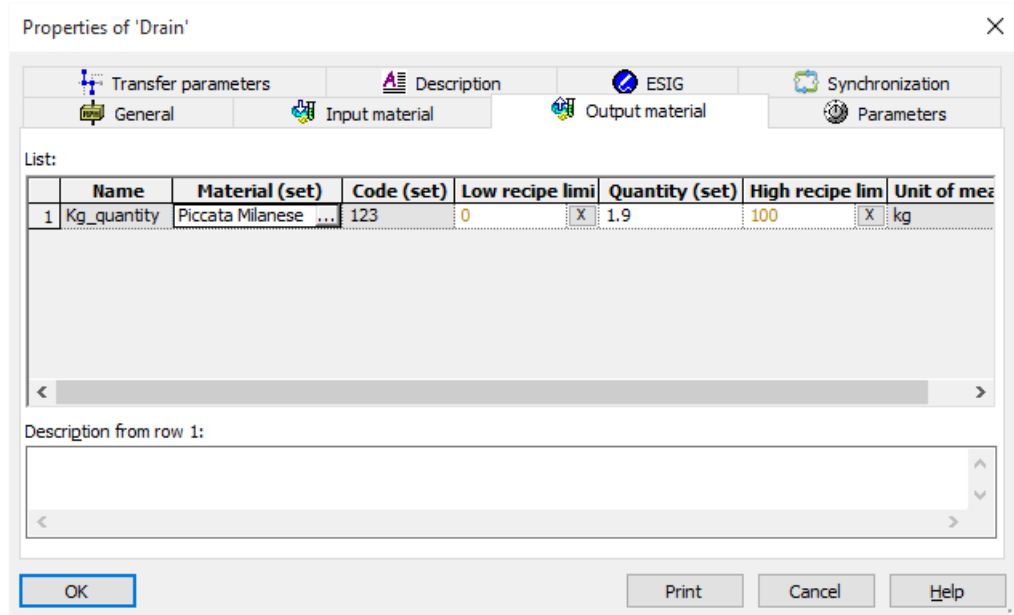


Note

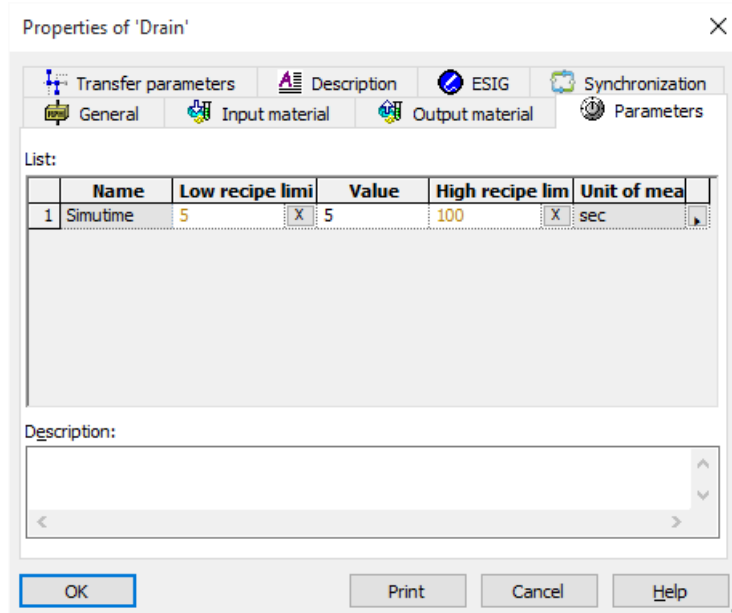
In the "Training Recipe / RUP_2 / serve pasta_64" window, the numbers 2 and 64 are allocated based on the configuration done in every individual PC. These numbers may vary according to every user's PC.

- Right-click the "NOP>Properties". The properties dialog box appears.
- In the "General" tab, from the "Phase" drop-down list, select "Drain (EPH)".

- In the "Output material" tab, in the "Material (set)" column, select "Piccata Milanese". In the "Quantity (set)" column, enter the value "1.9".



- In the "Parameters" tab, in the "Value" column, enter the value "5".



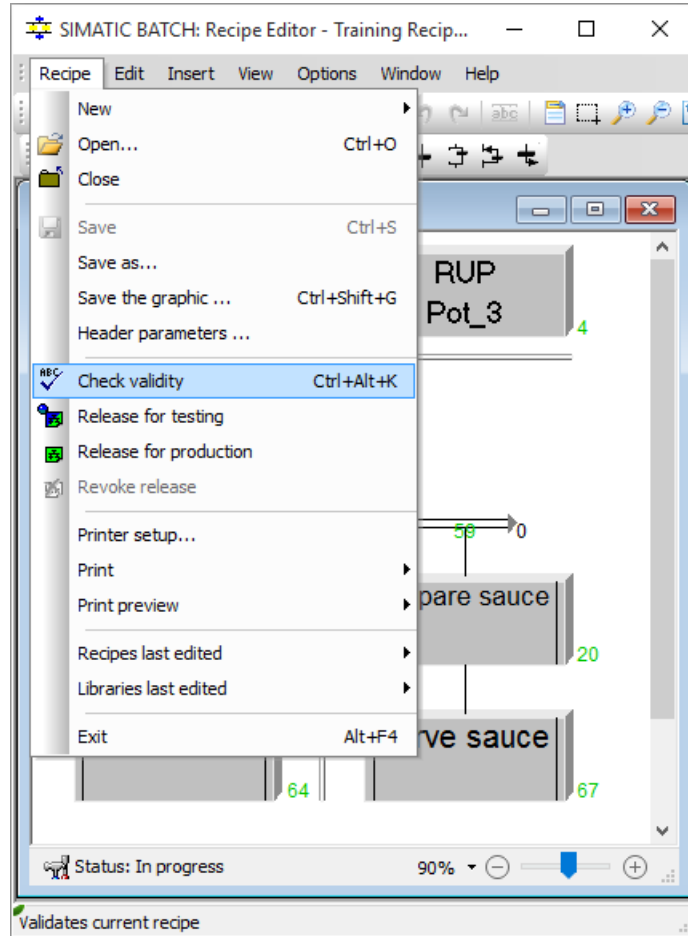
- Click on the "OK" button and then save the recipe

10. To Configure "Serve Sauce", repeat steps 4 to 8 with assignment of "Tomato sauce hot & spicy" Output material in step 7.

Note

Process events can be monitored as well as a defined area of a recipe (monitoring area). A command step transfers a command (S88 command) in the recipe operation to one or more target recipe elements (RPEs).

11. In the **Recipe** menu bar, click "Save". Now, click "Check validity" to validate the master recipe. Click "OK" in the Acknowledge window to complete validation.



12. Close the "Recipe Editor".

4.2.21 Releasing the Master Recipe for Production

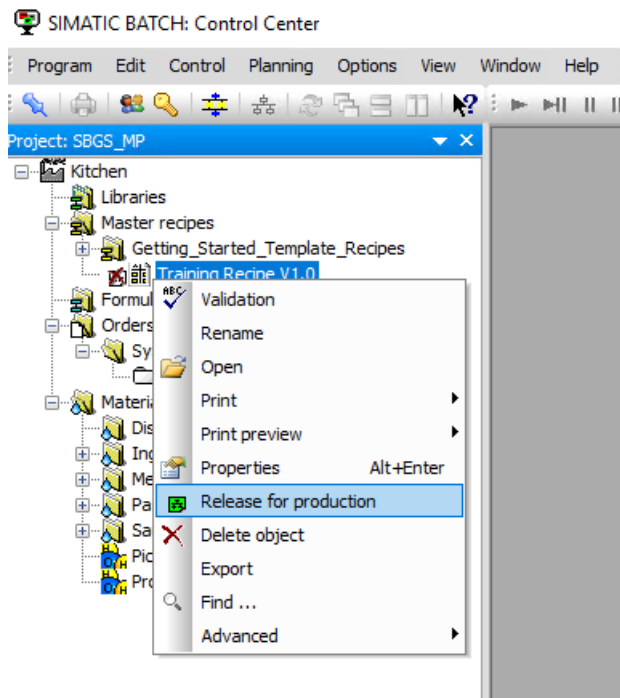
Introduction

Before you can use your master recipe "Training_Recipe V1.0" to create a batch, the recipe must be released for production or testing.

Procedure

To release the master recipe for production:

1. In the "SIMATIC BATCH: Control Center" window, right-click the "Training Recipe V1.0" master recipe, and then click "Release for production".

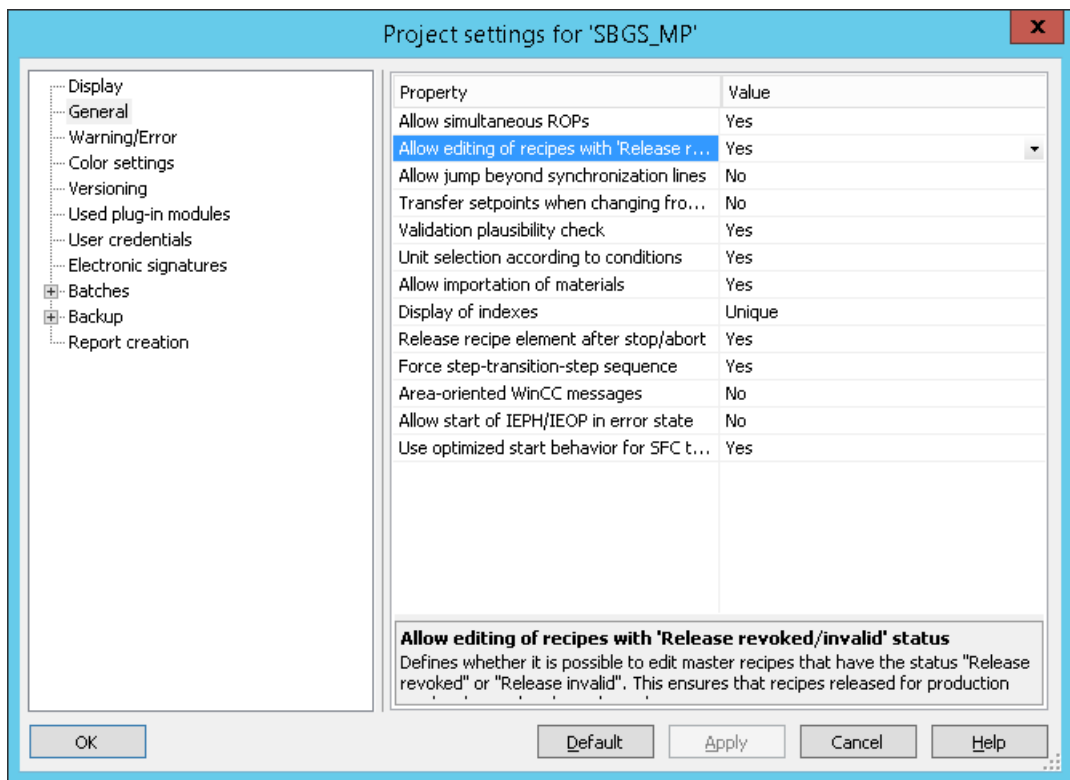


Note

If you cannot edit the recipe, activate the "Allow editing of recipes with "release revoked" status" in the Options - Project settings dialog box of Batch Control Center.

Online structure change is applicable for recipes which are released for testing.

2. Check your project settings.

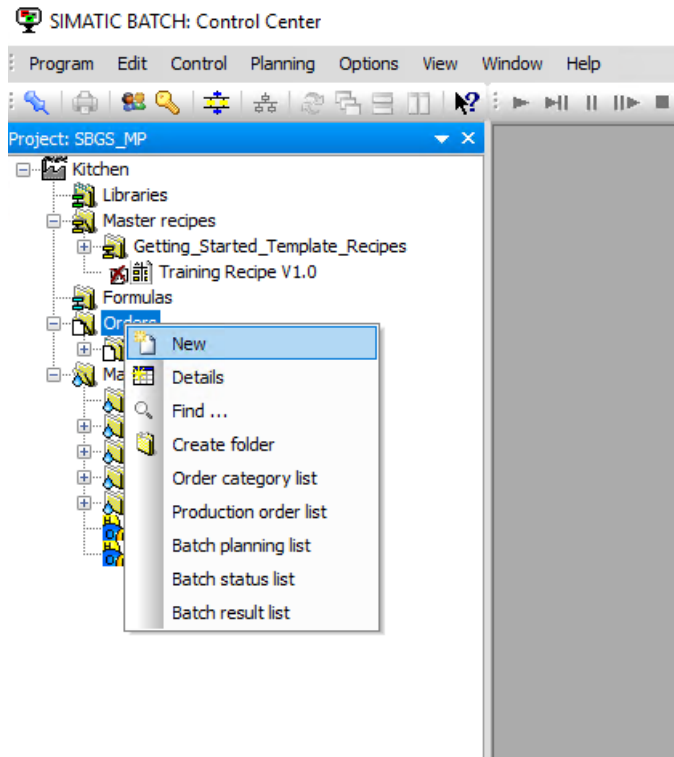


4.2.22 Creating an Order (Batch)

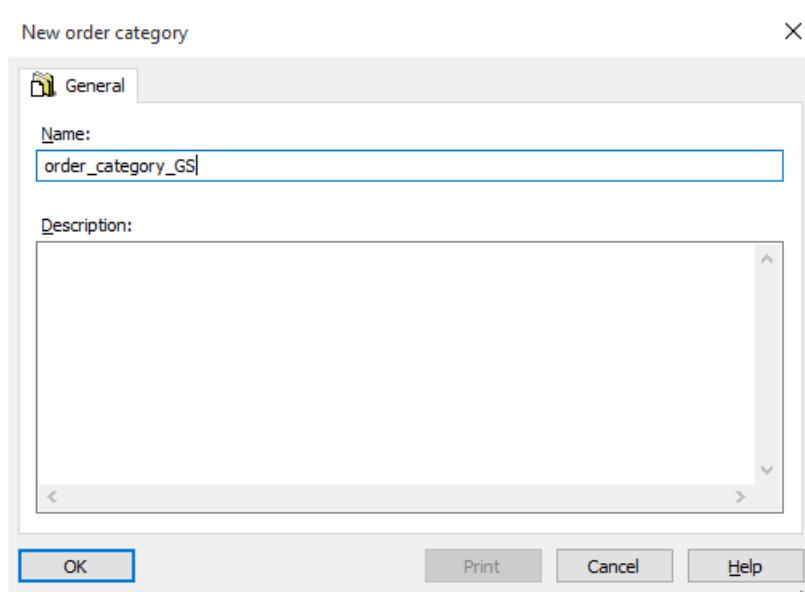
Procedure

To create an order:

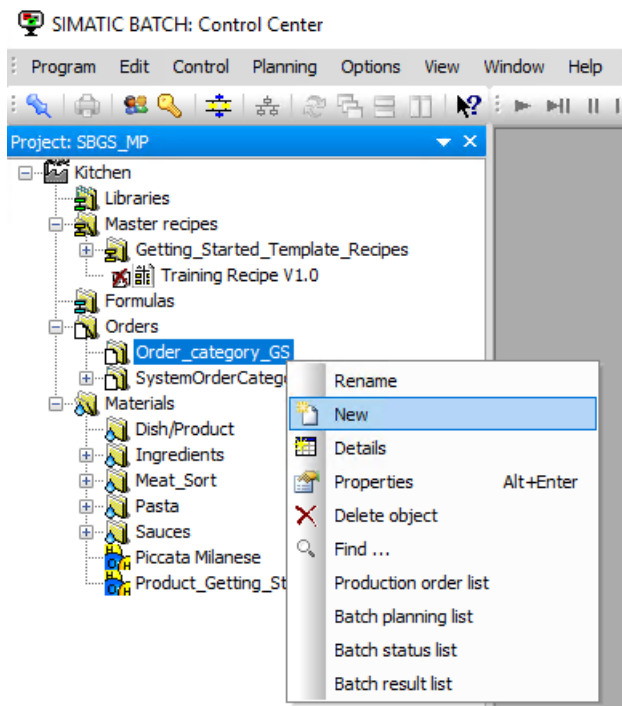
1. In the "SIMATIC BATCH: Control Center" window, right-click the "Orders" folder, and then right-click "New". The "New order category" dialog box appears.



2. In the "Name" input box, enter "order_category_GS", and then click "OK".



3. Right-click the "order_category_GS" folder and click "New". The "Create order" dialog box appears.



4. In the "Name" input box, enter "Order_GS", and then click "OK".

Create order

General Batches

Name: Order_GS Unit of measure:

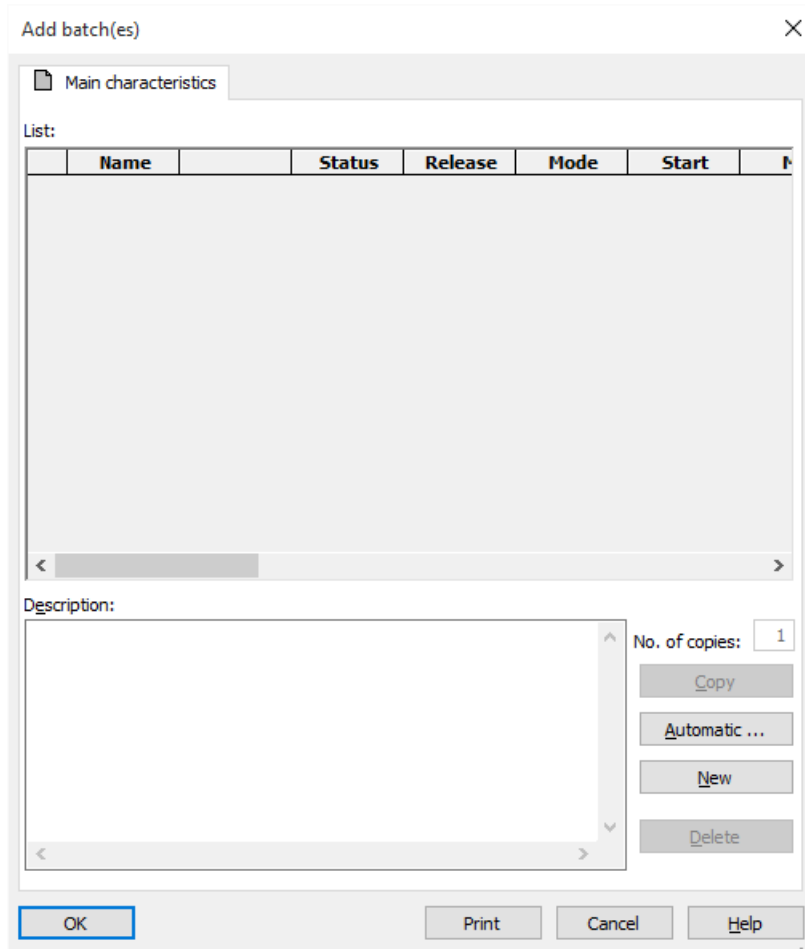
Planned quantity: 0 Currently planned: 0 Actual quantity: -

Earliest start for the batches: 12/1/2017 3:33:03 PM (UTC -8:00) Latest end for the batches: 12/2/2017 3:33:03 PM (UTC -8:00) Batches: 0

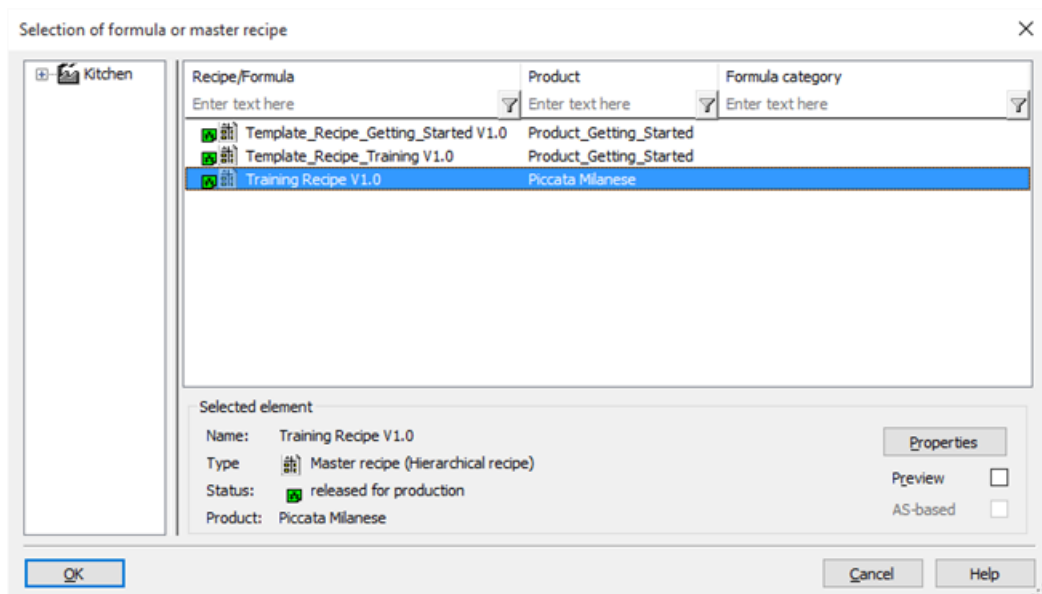
Description:

OK Print Cancel Help

- Right-click the "Order_GS" folder and click "New". The "Add batch(es)" dialog box appears.



- Click "New". The "Selection of formula or master recipe" dialog box appears.



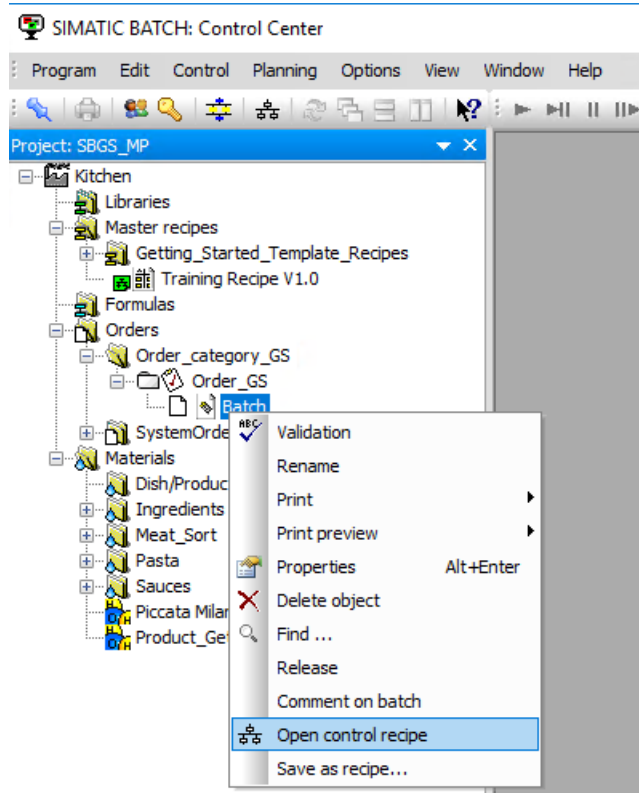
7. Select "Training Recipe V1.0" and click "OK". In the "Add batch(es)" dialog box. By default, the unique Batch name will be mentioned. This can be changed as per user's requirements.
8. Click "OK". The "Batch" object is created in the "Order_GS" folder.

4.2.23 Releasing and Starting a Batch (Control Recipe)

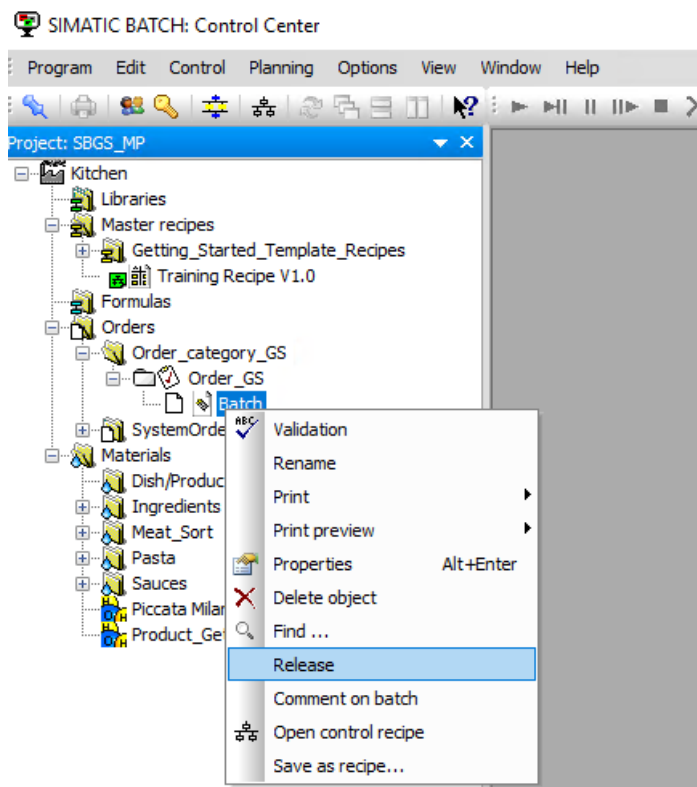
Procedure

To release and start a batch:

1. In the "SIMATIC BATCH: Control Center" window, right-click the "Batch" object, and then click "Open control recipe". The "Control recipe: Order_GS / Batch" window appears.



2. Right-click the "Batch" object, and then click "Release". The "SIMATIC BATCH: Control Center" dialog box appears.

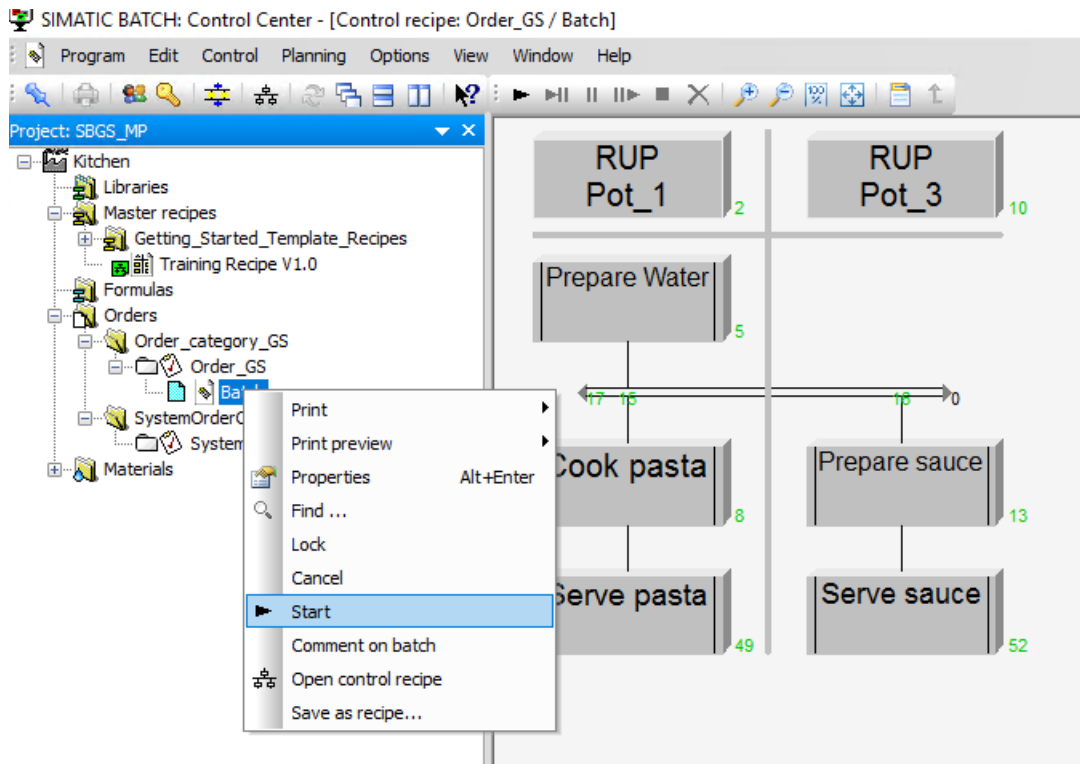


3. Click "Yes". The color of the control recipe icon changes as shown in the following image:

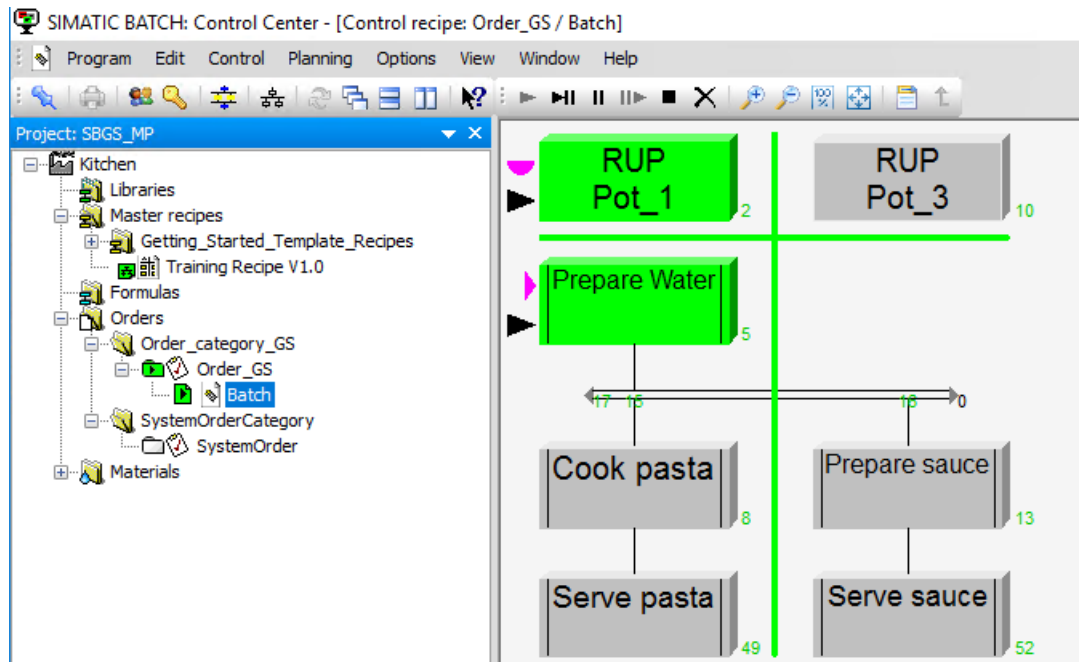


4.2 Configuration

- Right-click the "Batch" object, and then click "Start". The "SIMATIC BATCH: Control Center" dialog box appears. Note that you must activate WinCC Runtime to start the batch.



- Click "Yes".
The color of the control recipe icon changes as shown in the following image. The units are occupied and started according to the recipe structure.



- Close the "SIMATIC BATCH: Control Center" window and deactivate WinCC Runtime.

Creating an equipment phase using SFC and BATCH interface blocks

5

5.1 Task definition and implementation concept

Overview

An additional equipment phase is required for the "Pan" unit. This unit must be extended by adding the "Quench" equipment phase. A selectable quantity of a material, for example, red wine, will be added through a quench valve.

To simplify matters, the process of reaching the set quantity will be simulated by a selectable time. If the batch is held or aborted, the valve will close.

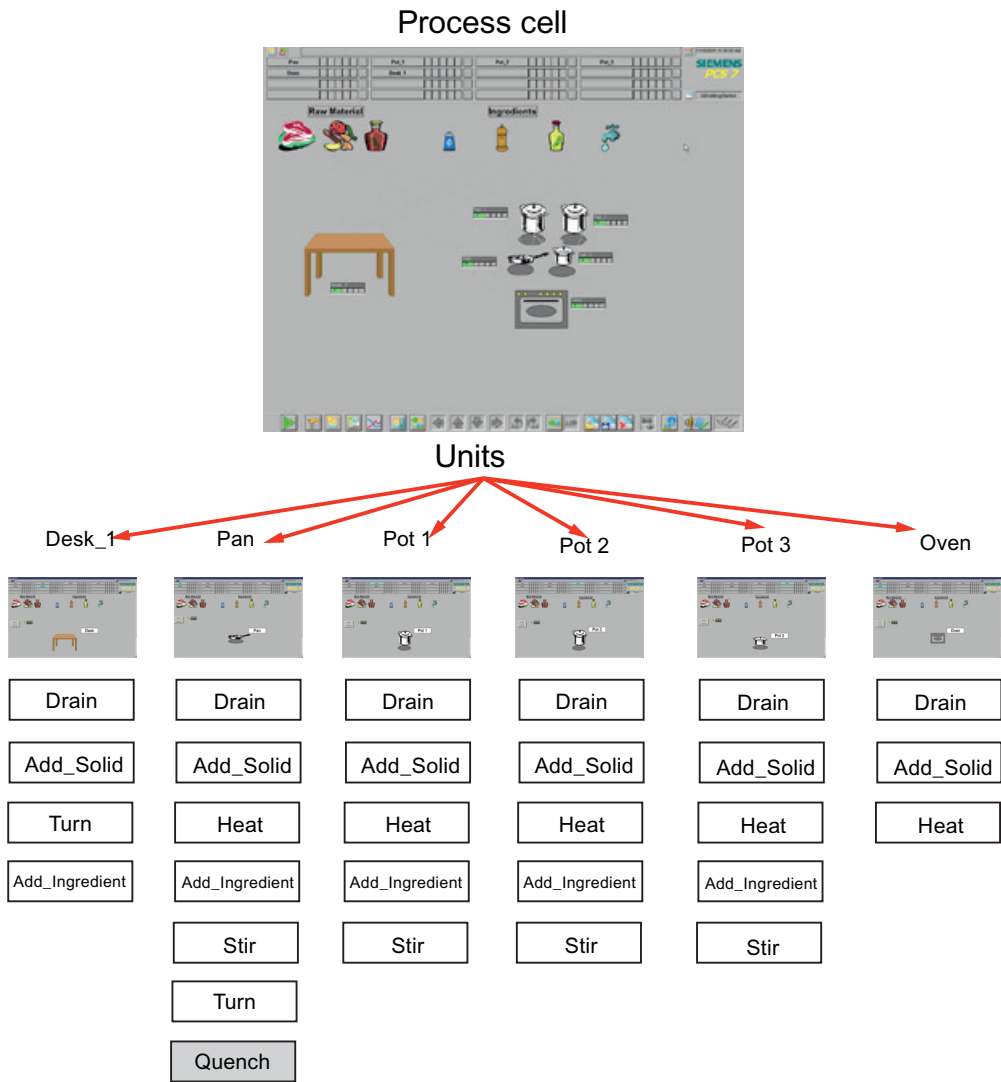
Select blocks from the SIMATIC BATCH block library to implement the equipment phase.

Note

This chapter shows you a formerly used way to create a phase for batch. In some of the old projects you will find these solutions.

This solution is included for completeness in the Getting Started and can be optionally implemented.

5.1 Task definition and implementation concept



The following table describes the process values:

Process value name	Block	Data type	Comment
Quantity	IEPAR_PI	REAL	
Duration	IEPAR_REAL	REAL	

The following table describes the block:

Block name	Block	Comment
P1_V1	IEPAR_PI	

5.2 Expanding the plant hierarchy

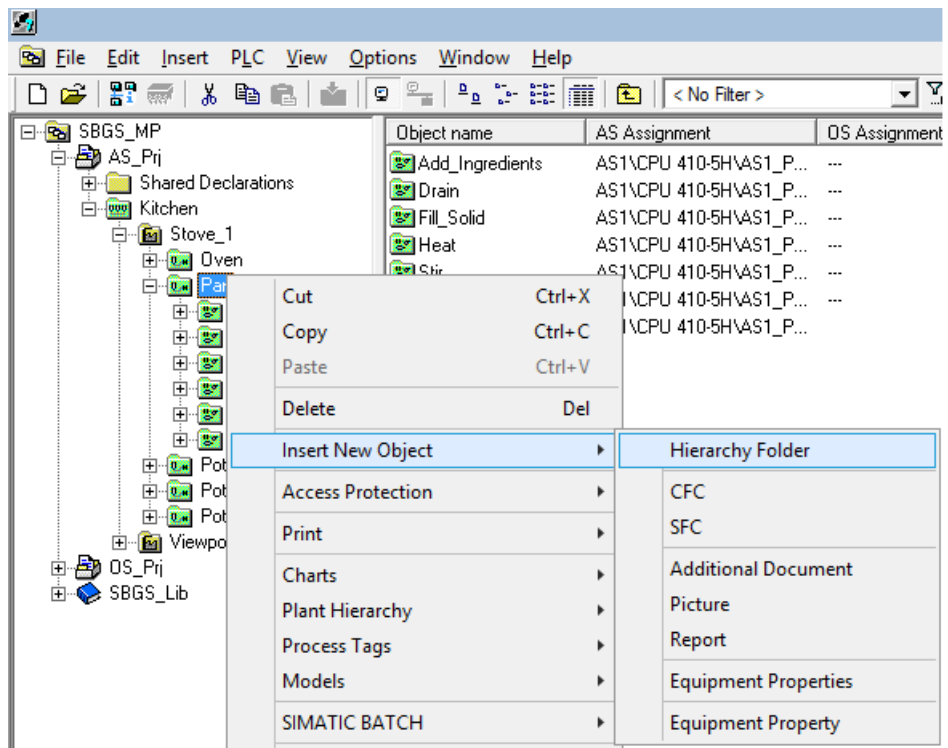
Prerequisite

- **Plant view** is activated

Procedure

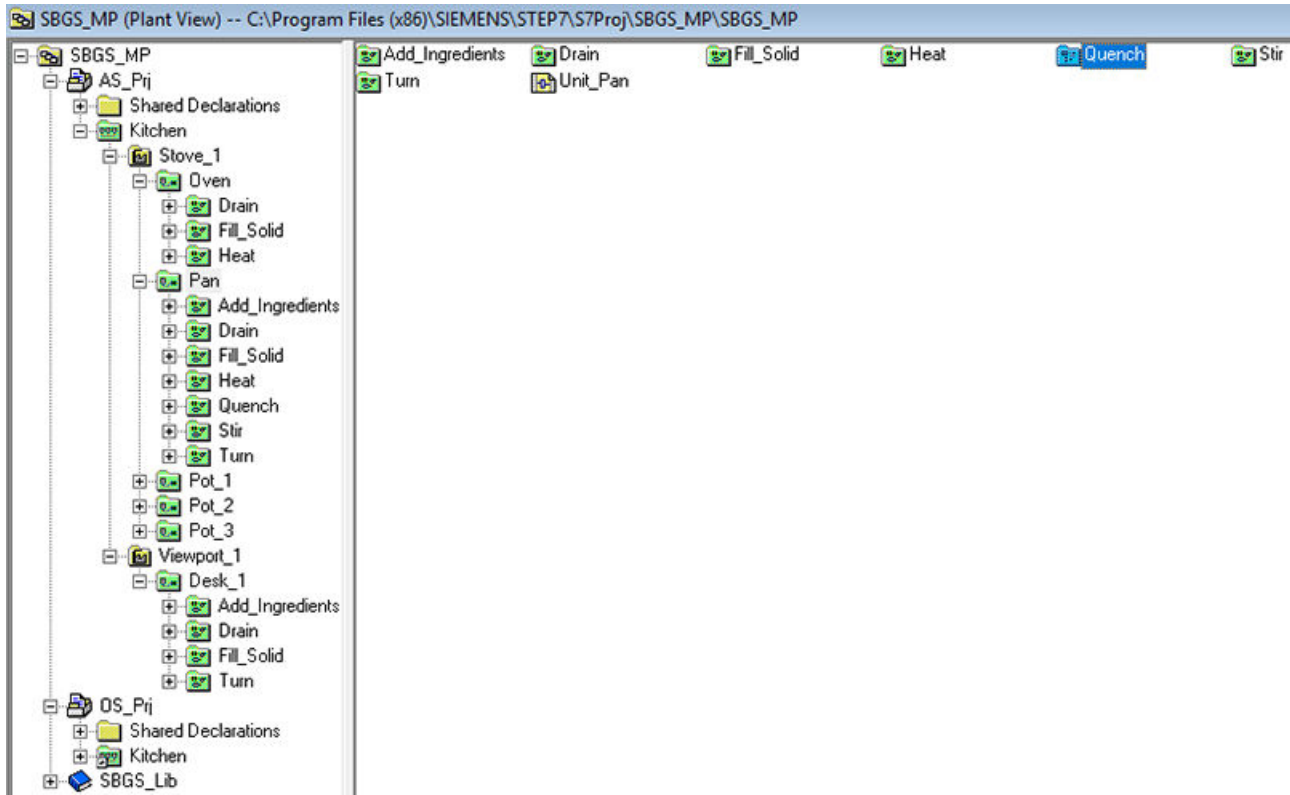
To expand the plant hierarchy:

1. Open your edited BATCH Getting Started project "SBGS_MP" in "SIMATIC Manager".
2. Right-click the "Pan" unit and select **Insert New Object > Hierarchy Folder**. The "Device(7)" folder is created.

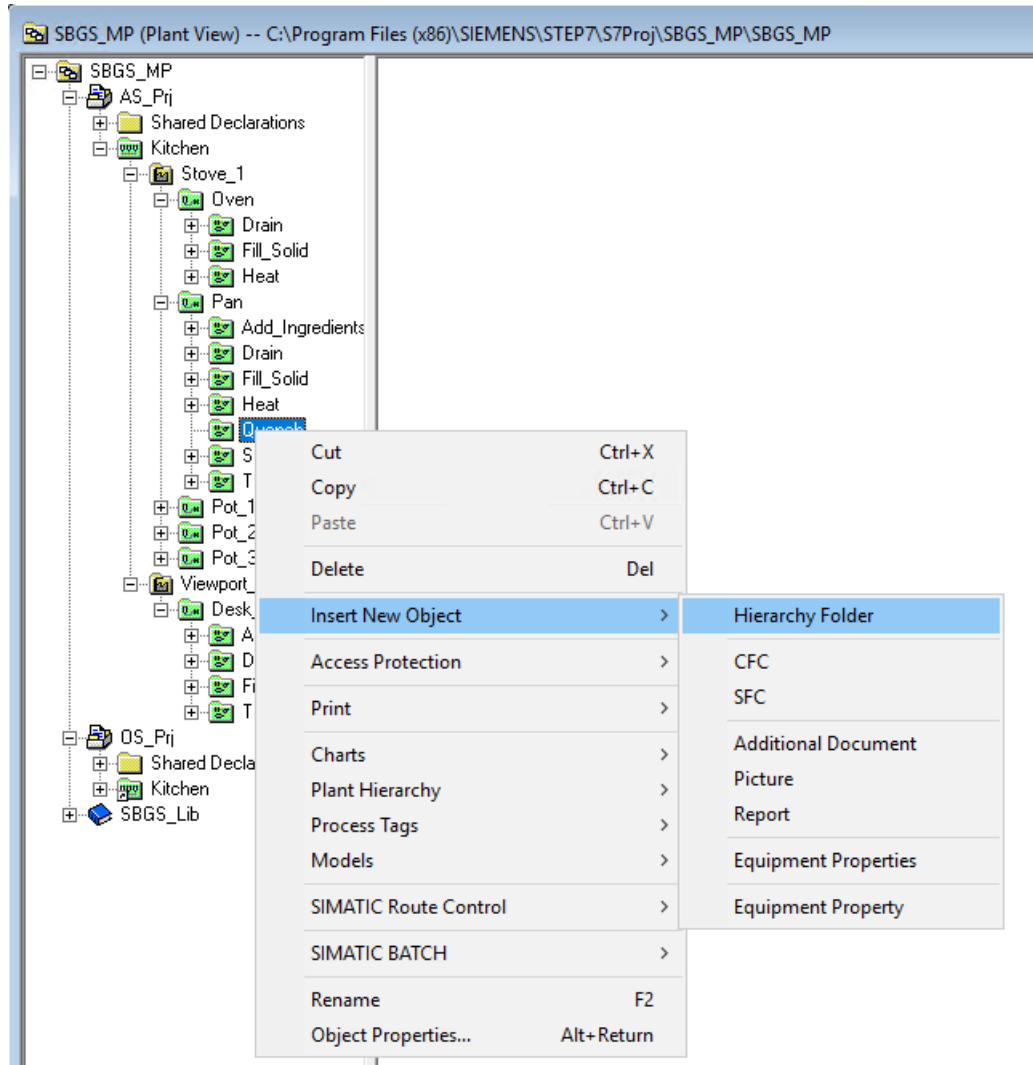


5.2 Expanding the plant hierarchy

3. Rename the "Device(7)" folder as "Quench". This folder is automatically displayed as an equipment module. It can be used for SIMATIC BATCH.

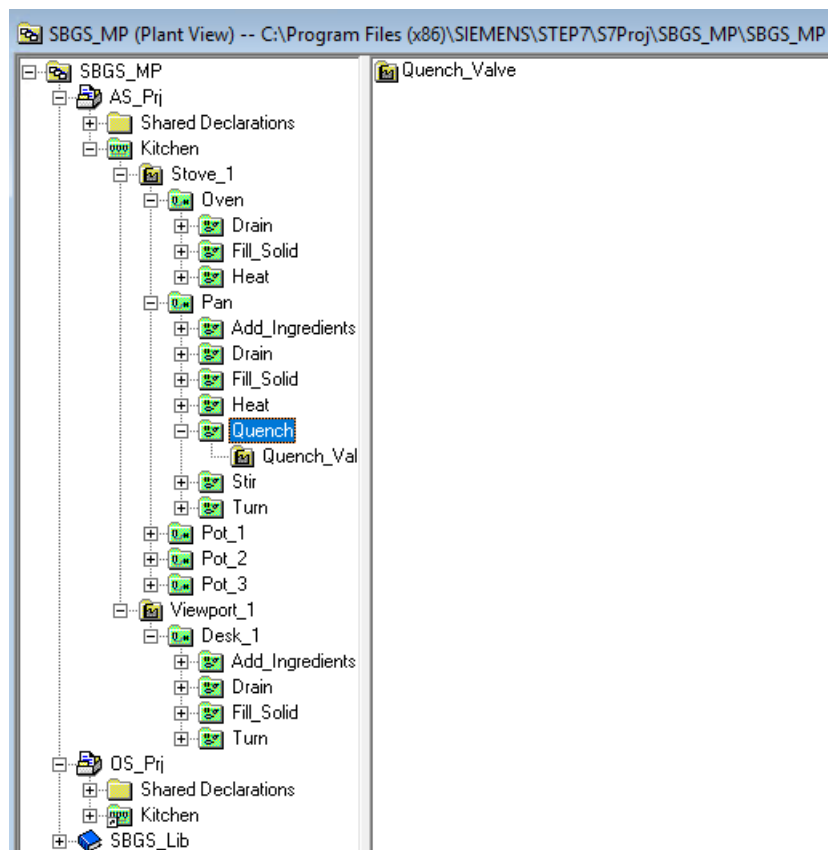


- Right-click the "Quench" folder and select **Insert New Object > Hierarchy Folder**. The "Element(1)" folder is created.



- Rename the "Element(1)" folder as "Quench_Valve". The control modules (associated valve, in this case), should be located at this level.

5.2 Expanding the plant hierarchy

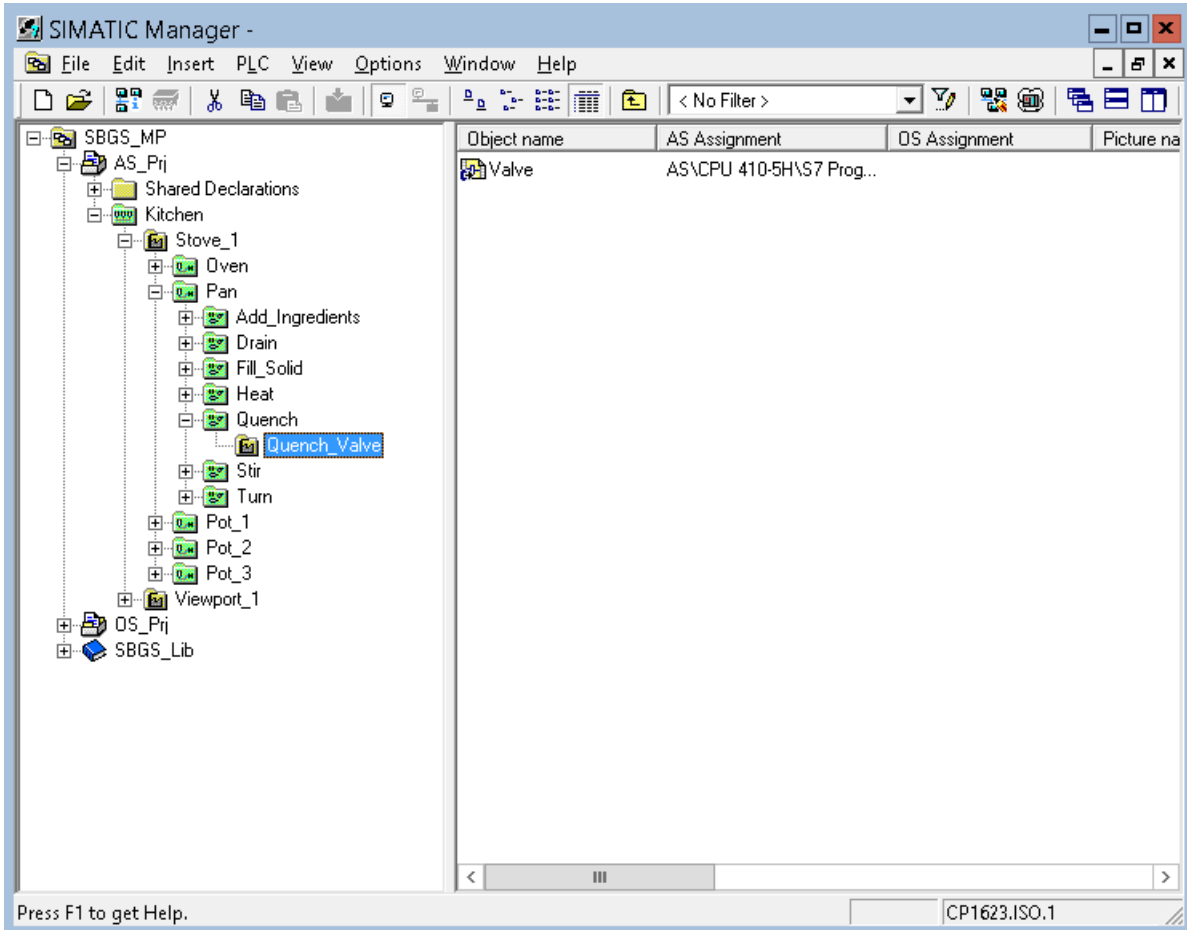


5.3 Configuring the control module level (Valve P1_V1)

Procedure

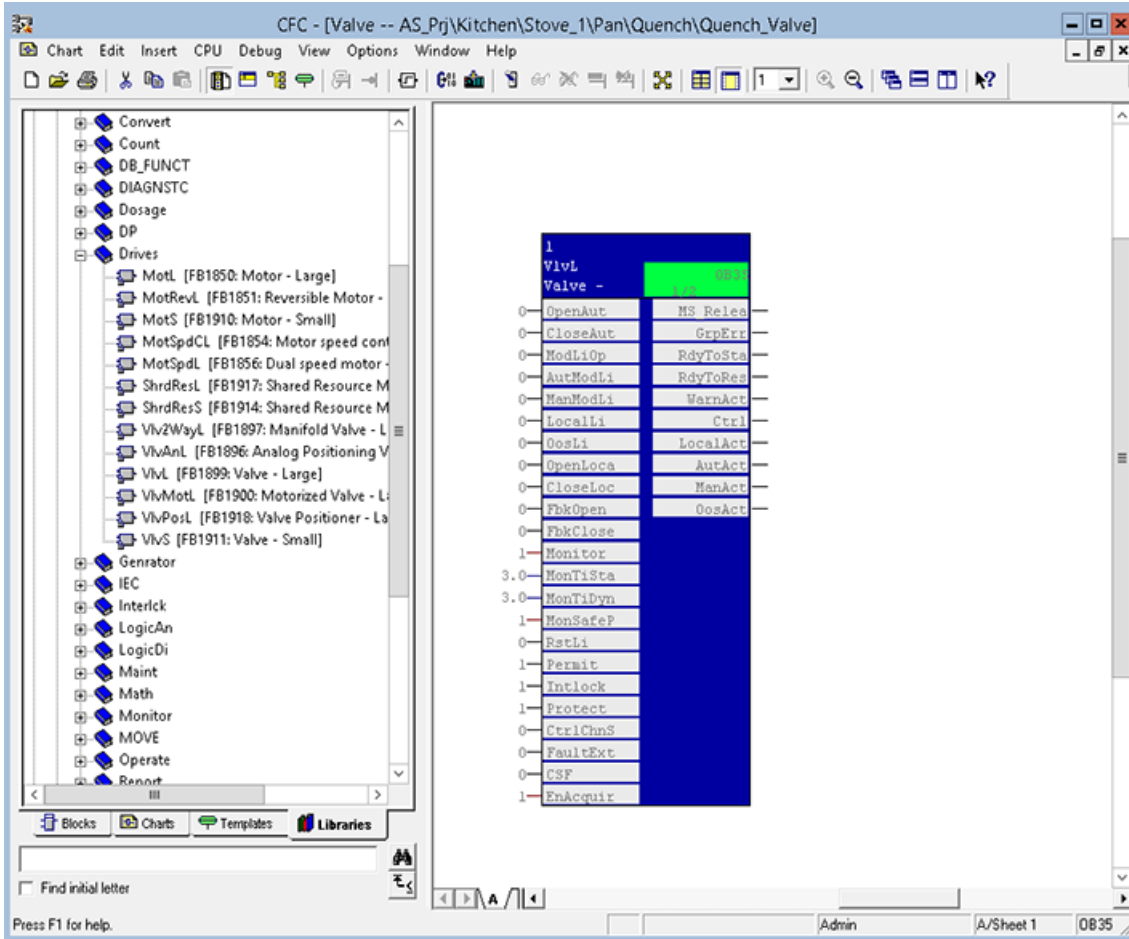
To configure the control module level (Valve P1_V1):

1. Right-click the "Quench_Valve" folder and select **Insert New Object > CFC**. The "CFC(1)" chart is created.
2. Rename the "CFC(1)" chart as "Valve".

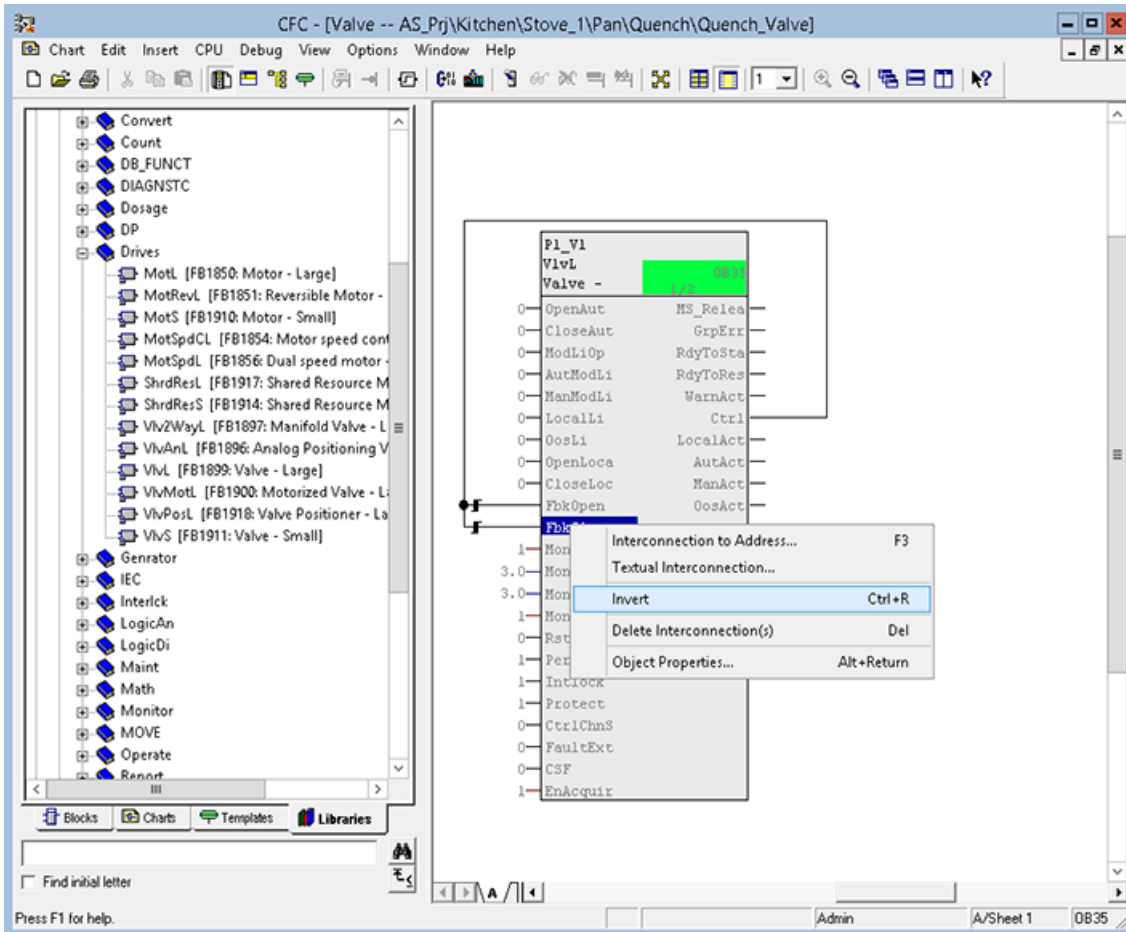


5.3 Configuring the control module level (Valve P1_V1)

- Open the "Valve" chart and click "Libraries" tab. As shown in the figure below, drag and drop the valve block "VlvL [FB1899: Valve - Large]". Assign the name "P1_V1" to the valve block.



- Interconnect output "Ctrl" with inputs "FbkOpen" and "FbkClose" and invert "FbkClose".



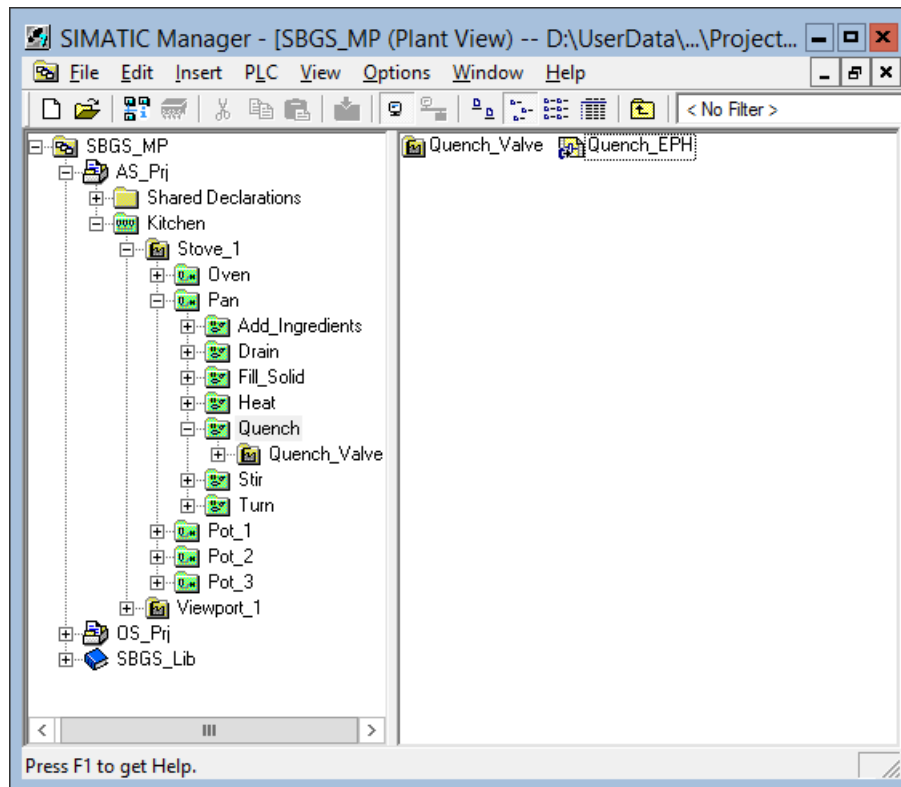
- Right click "P1_V1 > Object Properties". The "Properties - Block -- Valve\1" appears. Navigate to "I/Os" tab and clear the "Invisible" check box for "BatchEn", "BatchID", "BatchName", "Occupied" and "StepNo" inputs and outputs.

5.4 Configuring BATCH interface blocks

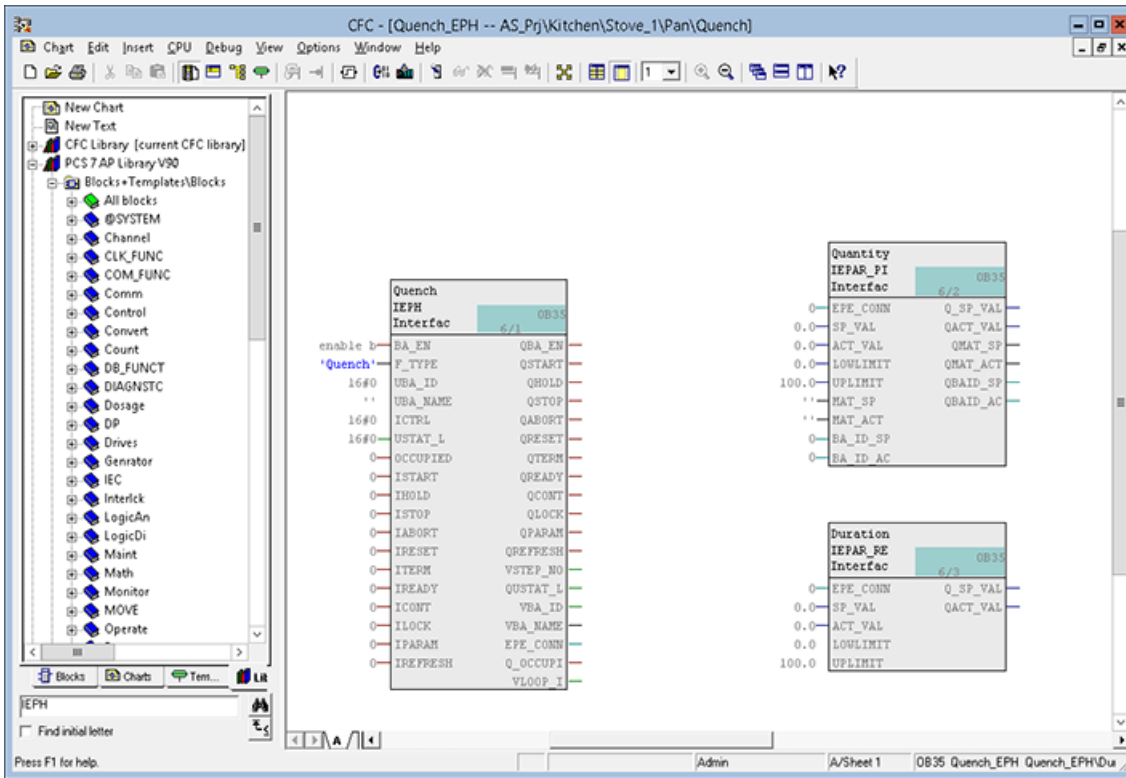
Procedure

To configure BATCH interface blocks:

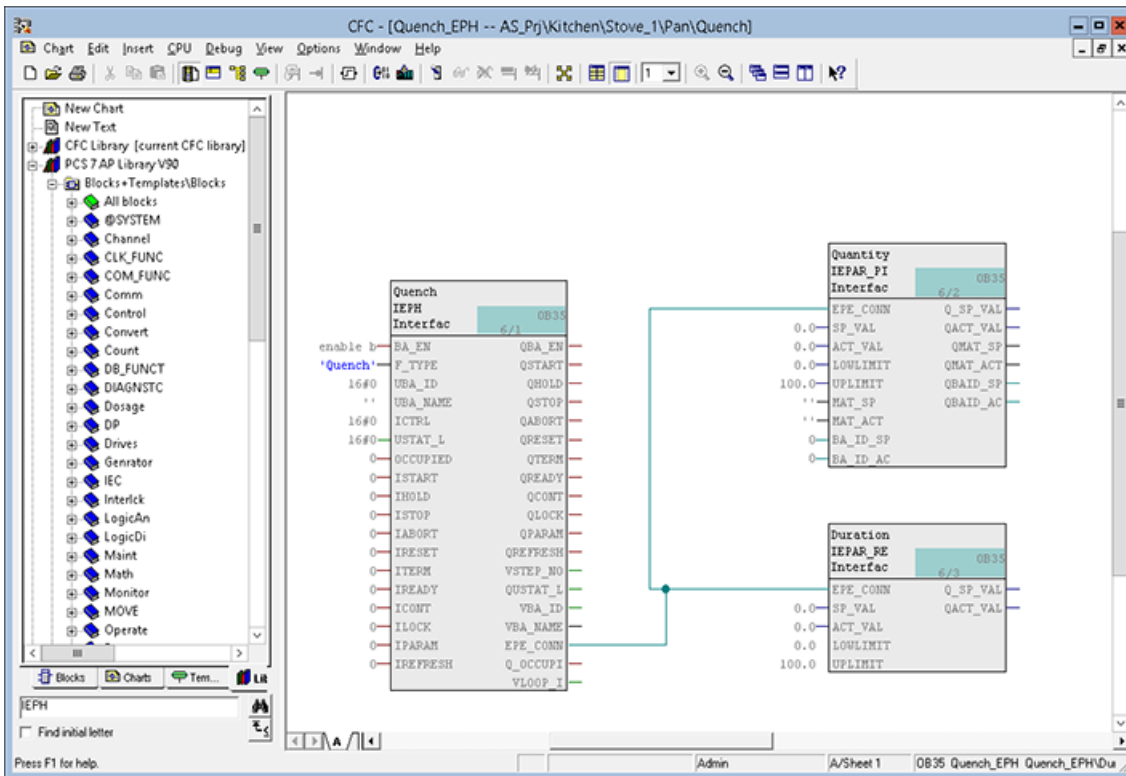
1. In the "Quench" folder, create a CFC chart named "Quench_EPH". Make sure that the "Quench" folder already contains the "Quench_Valve" subfolder.



2. Open the "Quench_EPH" CFC chart and add "IEPH", "IEPAR_PI", and "IEPAR_REAL" blocks from the "SIMATIC BATCH Blocks" library. Assign the name "Quench" to the "IEPH" block. Set "Quench" as input value to the "F_TYPE" input. Assign the name "Quantity" to the "IEPAR_PI" block and the name "Duration" to the "IEPAR_REAL" block.

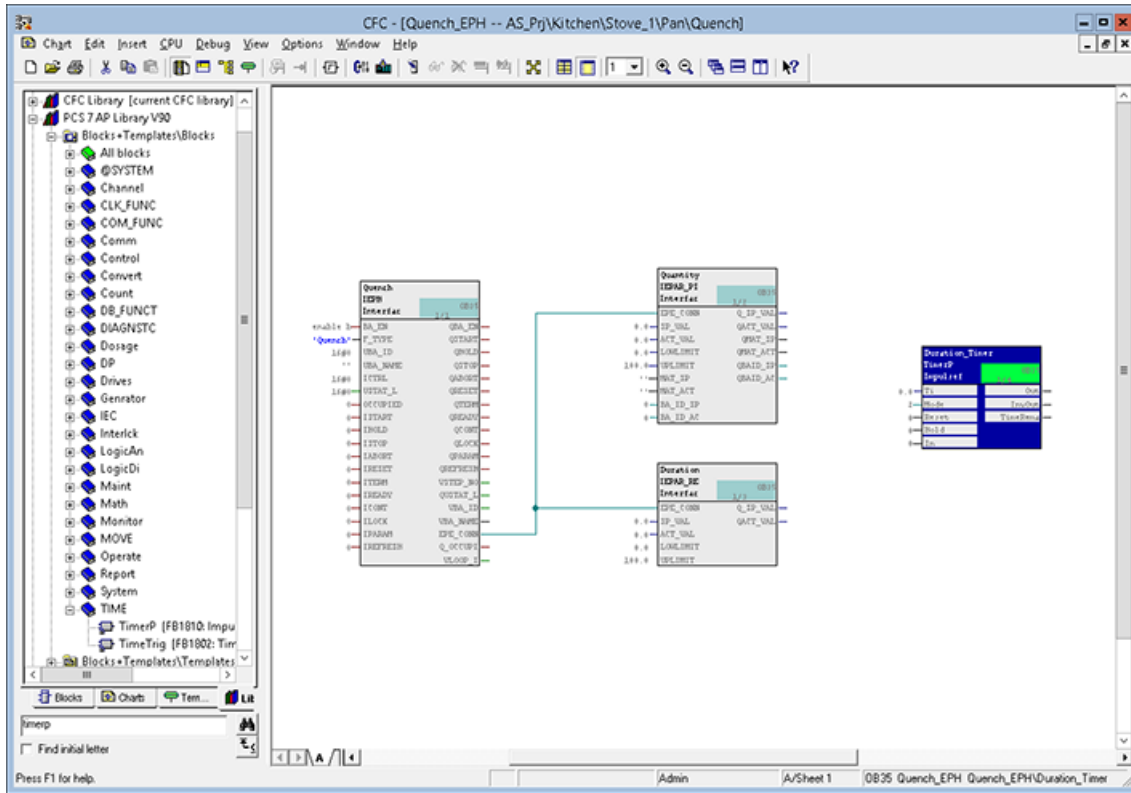


- Interconnect the "EPE_CONN" output of the "IEPH" block (Quench) with the "EPE_CONN" inputs of the "IEPAR" blocks (Quantity, Duration).

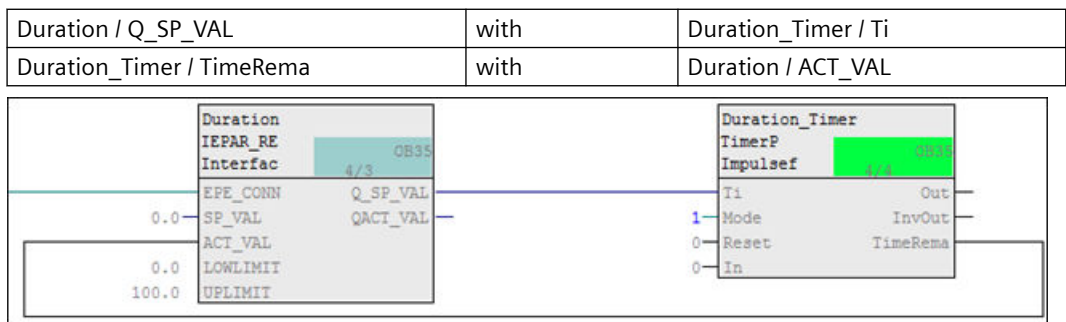


5.4 Configuring BATCH interface blocks

4. Add the "TimerP" block for the simulation of the "Duration" process value. Assign the name "Duration_Timer" to the "TimerP" block.

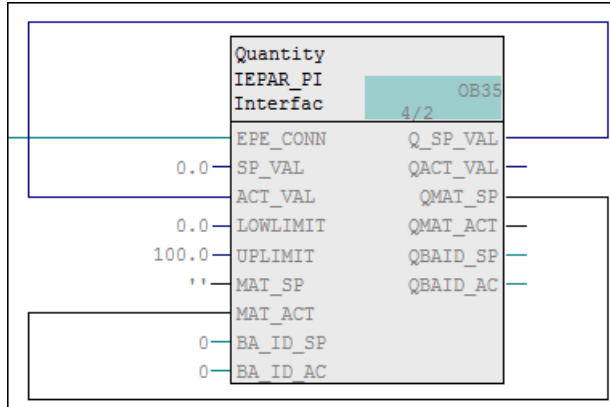


5. For the "TimerP" block, set the "Mode" input to "1". Interconnect the "Duration" block with the "Duration_Timer" block as follows:



6. Interconnect the "Quantity" block for the simulation as follows:

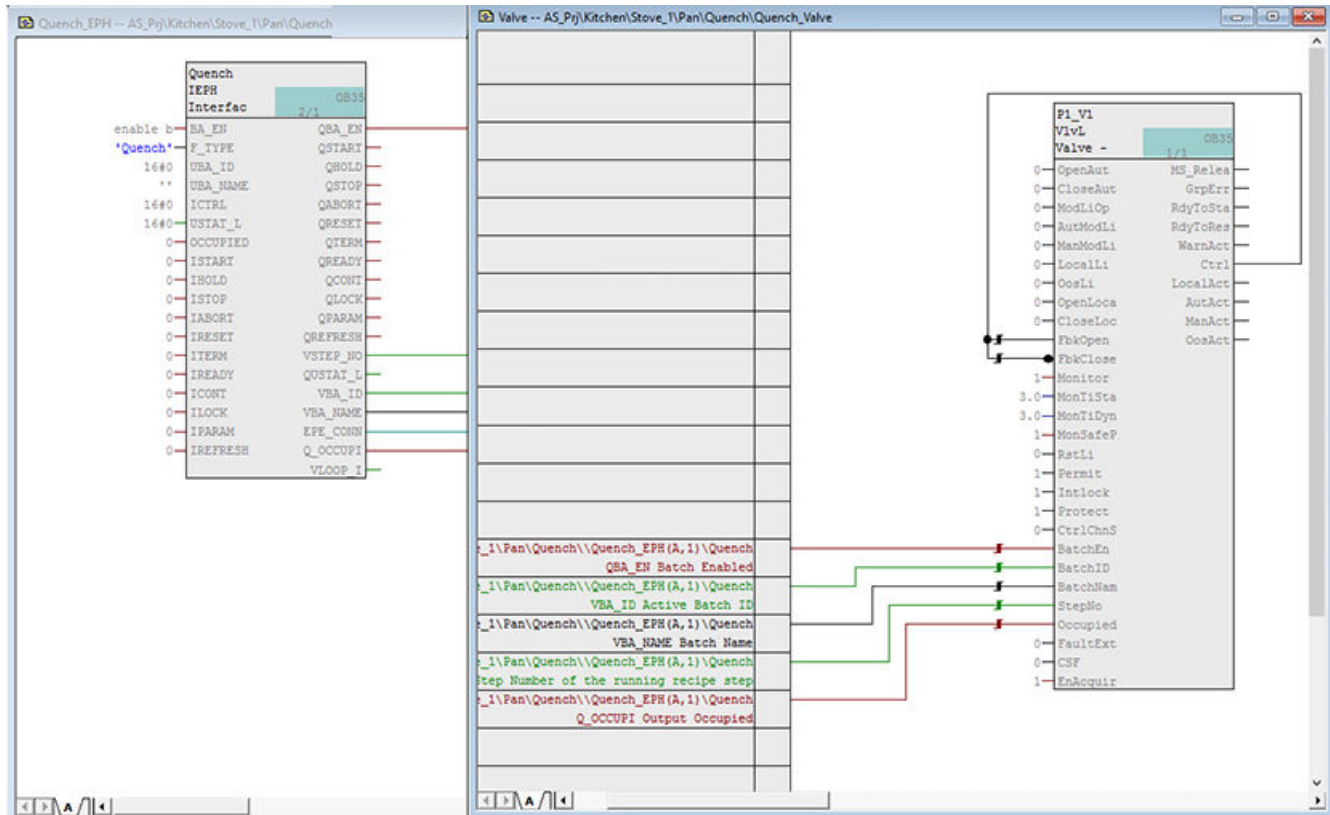
Quantity / Q_SP_VAL	with	Quantity / ACT_VAL
Quantity / QMAT_SP	with	Quantity / MAT_ACT



5.5 Creating an SFC

7. Make the interconnections between the Batch control block "Quench" and the valve block as shown in the table. Open the two blocks in the CFC Editor, arrange the opened windows next to each another:

Quench / QBA_EN	with	P1_V1 / BatchEn
Quench / VSTEP_NO	with	P1_V1 / StepNo
Quench / VBA_ID	with	P1_V1 / BatchID
Quench / VBA_NAME	with	P1_V1 / BatchName
Quench / Q_OCCUPI	with	P1_V1 / Occupied



8. Close the CFC Editor.

5.5 Creating an SFC

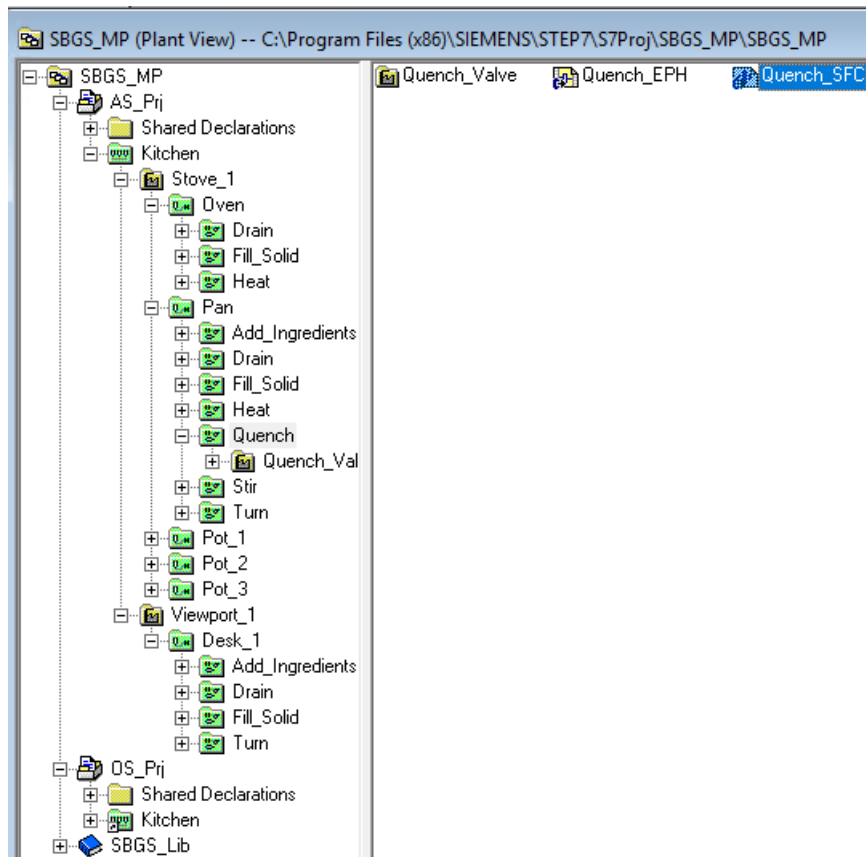
Introduction

The configuration of the SFC explained here is only an example. For more information about the configuration of SFCs, refer to *PCS 7 Getting Started Part 1* and *Part 2* and the help files on SFC.

Procedure

To create an SFC:

1. In the "Quench" folder, create an SFC with the name "Quench_SFC". Make sure that this folder already contains the "Quench_Valve" subfolder and the "Quench_EPH" CFC chart.



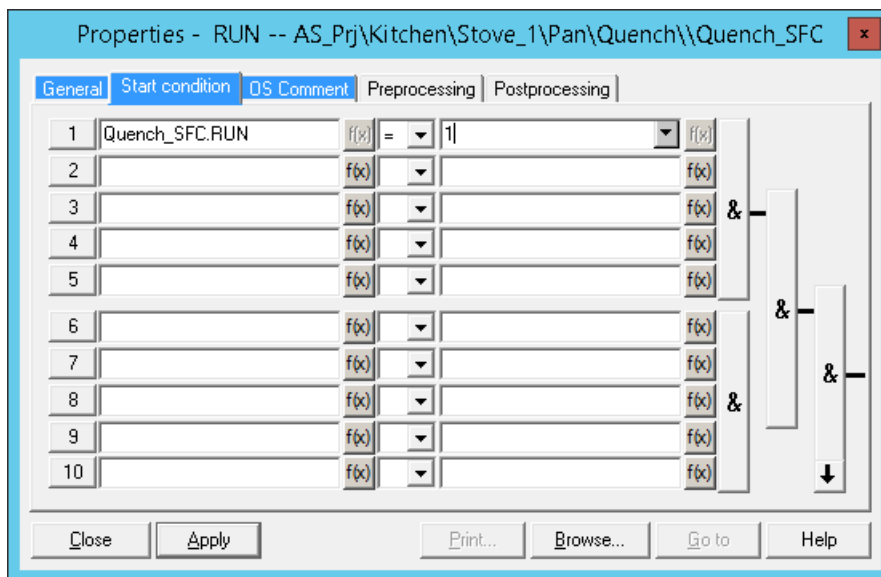
2. Open the SFC and configure the "RUN" sequencer. Base your configuration on the outline. The "Duration_Timer" block is available in the "Quench_EPH" chart, and the "P1_V1" block is available in the "Valve" chart.
3. Double-click the "RUN" sequencer tab to open the "Properties" dialog box. Click the "Start condition" tab and set the properties as shown in the following example.

Diagram of the "RUN" sequence (RUN=1)

Path for the Start condition:

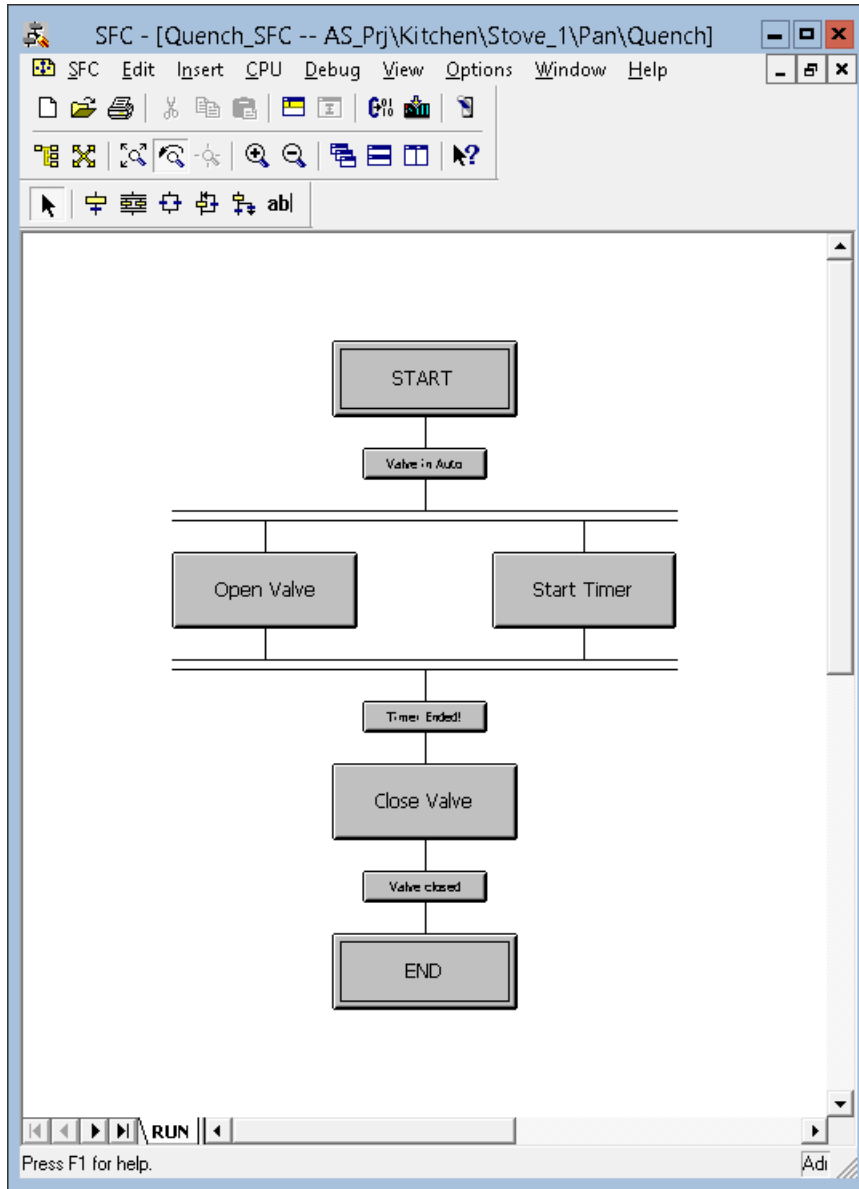
Kitchen\Stove_1\Pan\Quench\Quench_SFC.RUN

5.5 Creating an SFC



Result

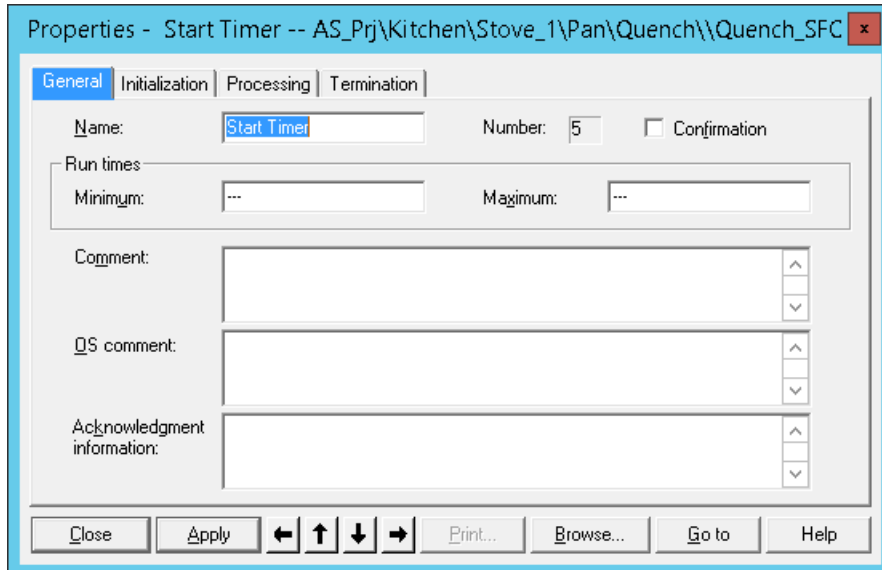
Rename and configure the sequencer as per the names shown in the figure below.



Example of a step and of a transition

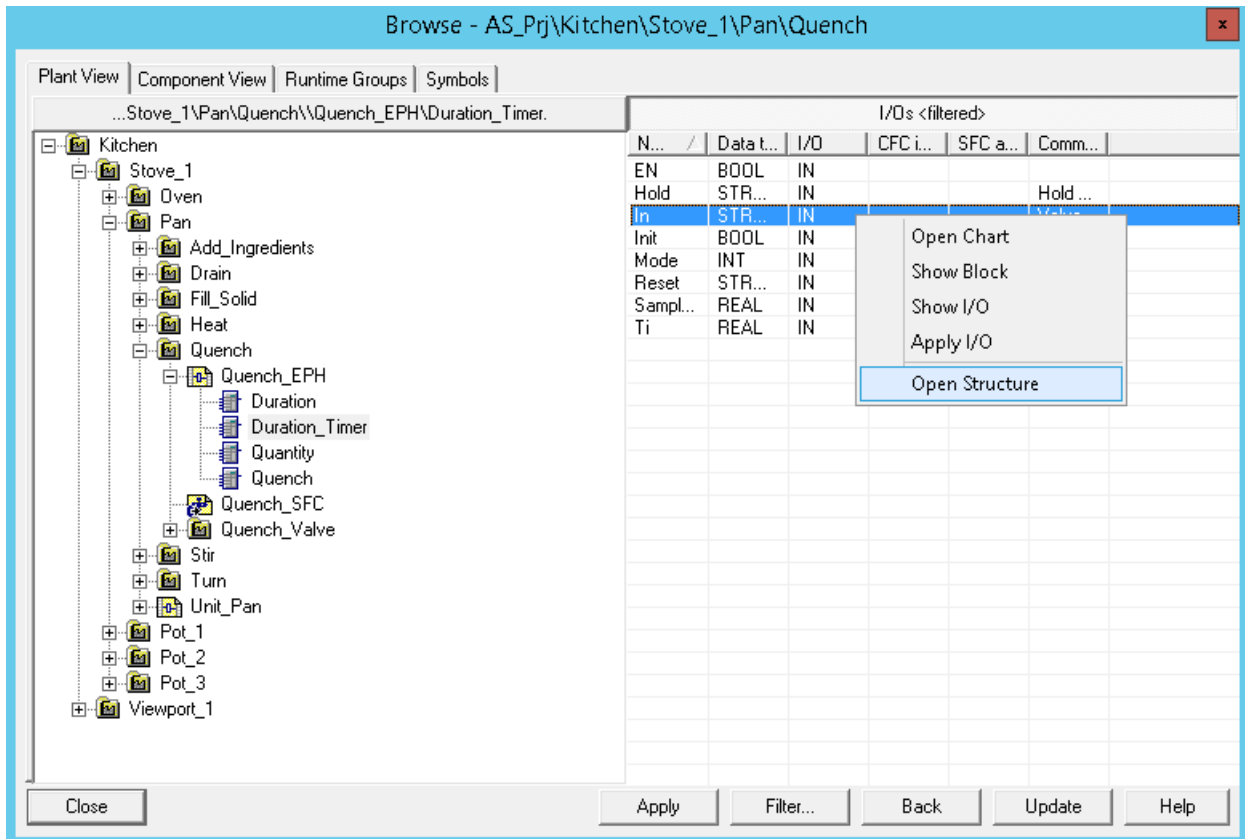
Step: Start Timer

1. Double-click the "Start Timer" step. The "Properties - Start Timer" dialog box appears.



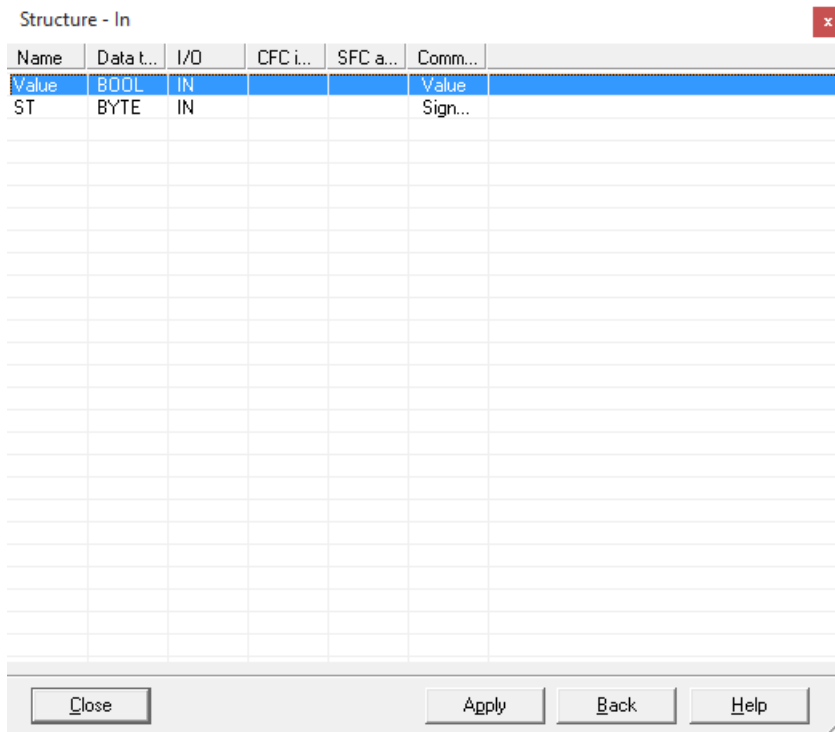
2. Click the "Processing" tab and click "Browse". The "Browse" dialog box appears with the "Plant View" tab activated.
3. Select the "Duration_Timer" block in the tree view. The section on the right side shows all corresponding block inputs and outputs.

4. Right-click the "In" input and click "Open Structure".

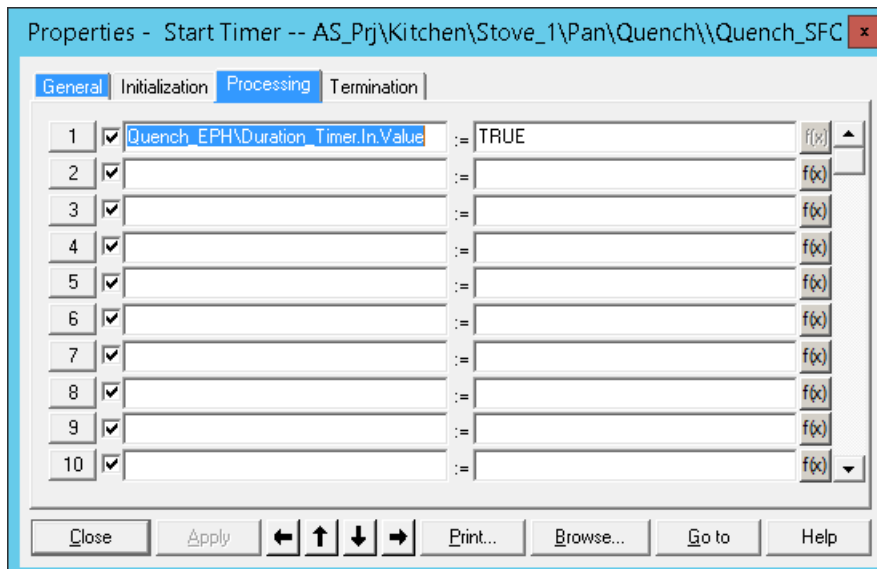


5.5 Creating an SFC

- 5. Select the "Value" row, click "Apply", and then click "Close".



- 6. In the right side input box, enter "1".



- 7. Click "Apply" and then click "Close".

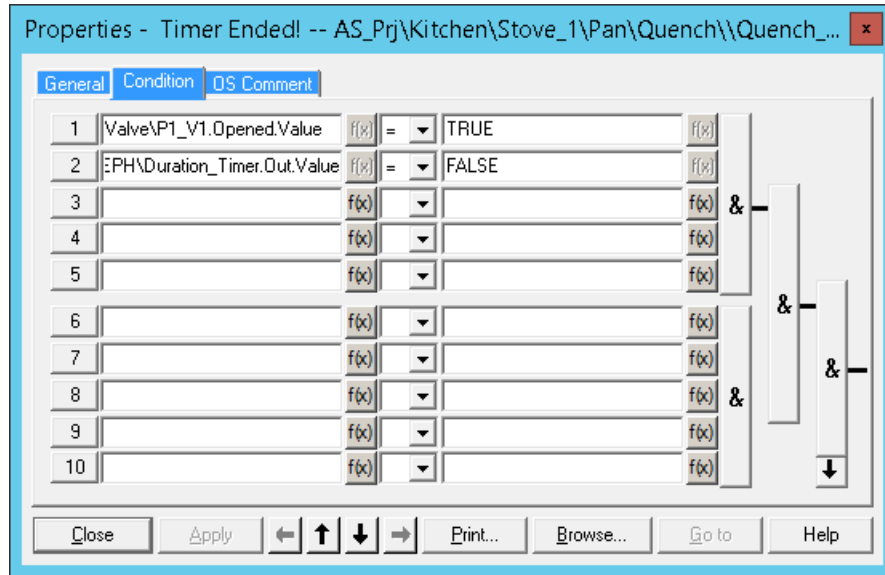
Transition: Timer ended

Follow the steps explained for the "Start Timer" block and set the following conditions for the "Timer ended" block.

Path for the Conditions:

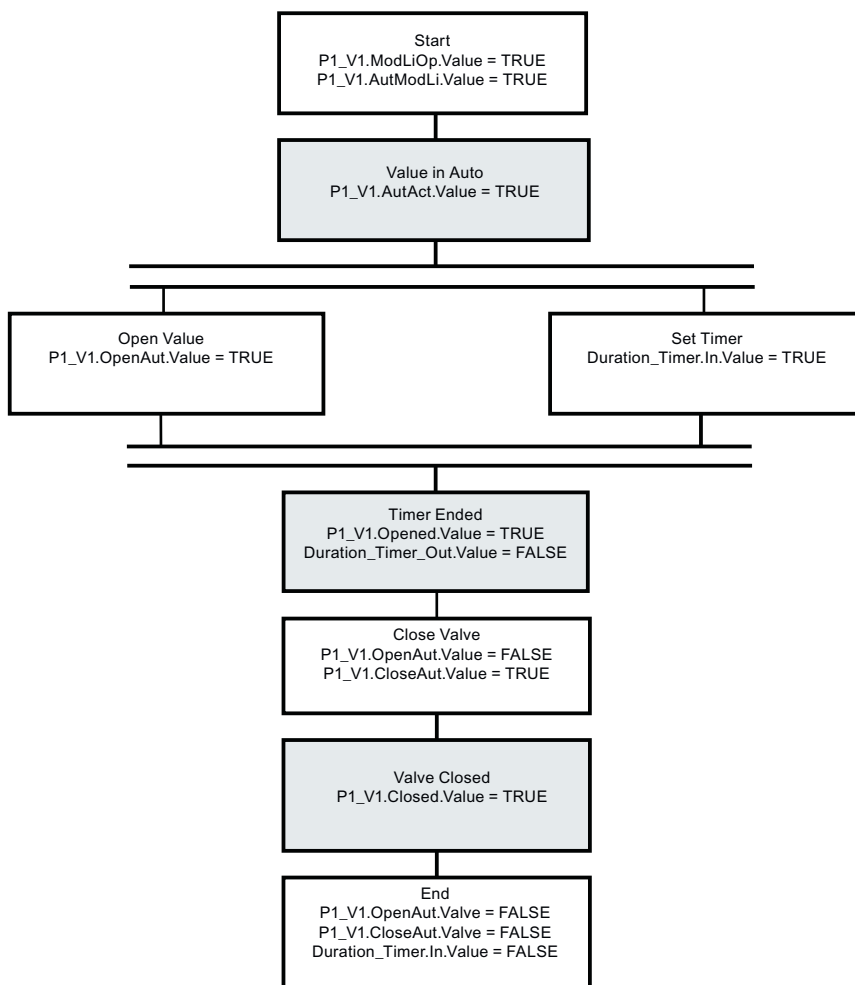
Quench\Quench_Valve\Valve\P1_V1.Opened.Value

Kitchen\Stove_1\Pan\Quench\Quench_EPH\Duration_Timer.Out.Value

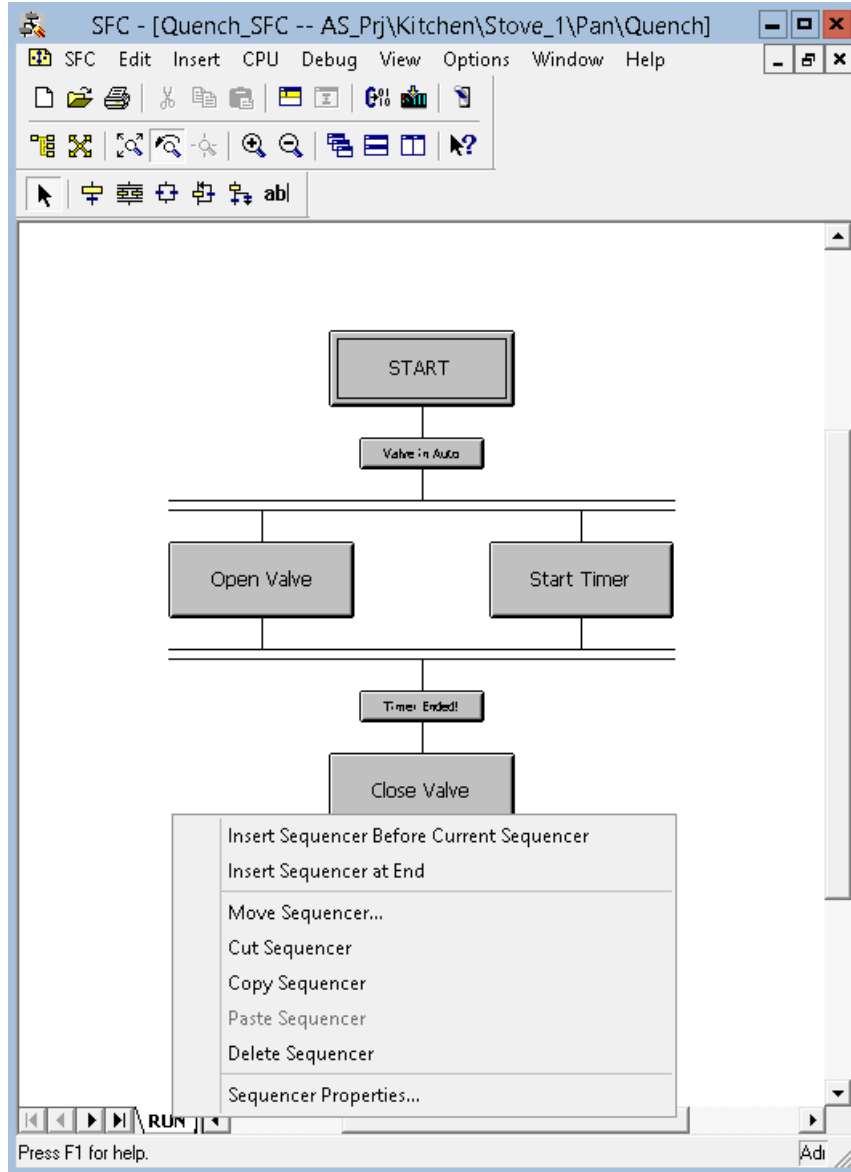


The following diagram guides you to configure the remaining parts of the sequencer. Please follow the same steps as per the given examples:

5.5 Creating an SFC

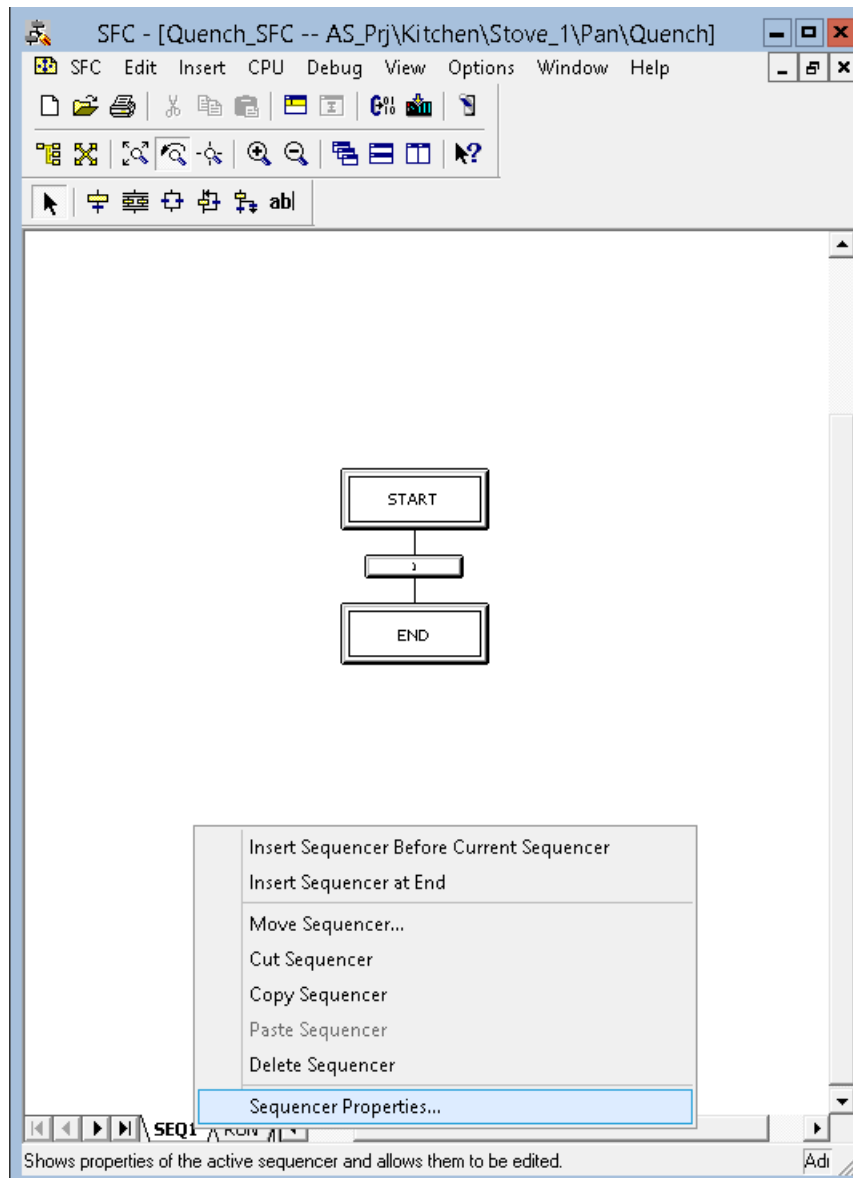


1. In the "Quench_SFC" chart, right-click the "RUN" tab, and then click "Insert Sequencer at End". A new sequencer "SEQ1" is added next to "RUN" sequencer.



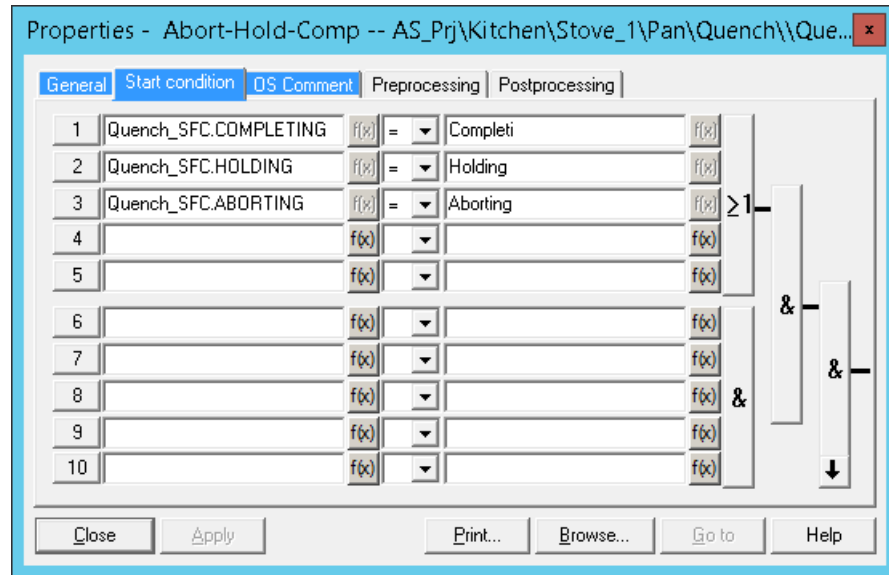
2. Right-click the "SEQ1" tab and click "Sequencer Properties...". The "Properties" dialog box appears.

5.5 Creating an SFC



3. In the "General" tab, in the "Name" input box, enter "Abort-Hold-Comp".

4. Click the "Start condition" tab and configure the start conditions for the sequence:
 - Activate the "I/Os" view via the menu bar of SFC.
 - Drag-and-drop the output parameters "HOLDING", "ABORTING" and "COMPLETING" parameters as start conditions.
 - Create a logical OR operation to logically connect the configured parameters of the "Start condition".

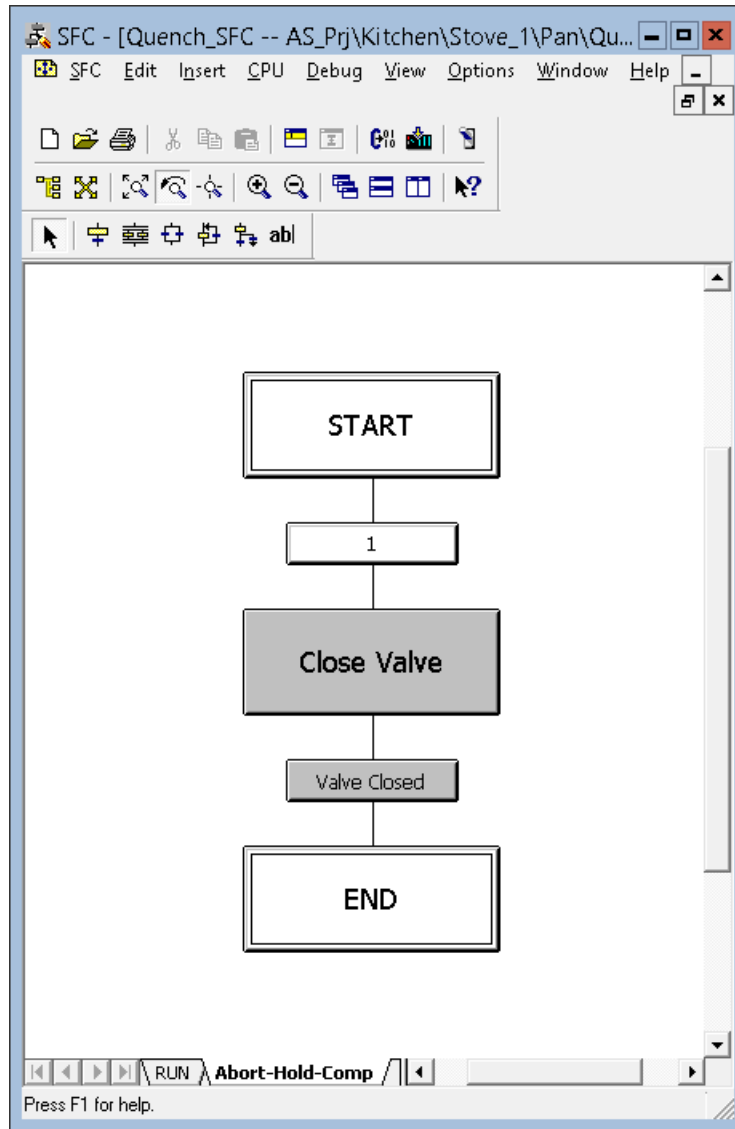


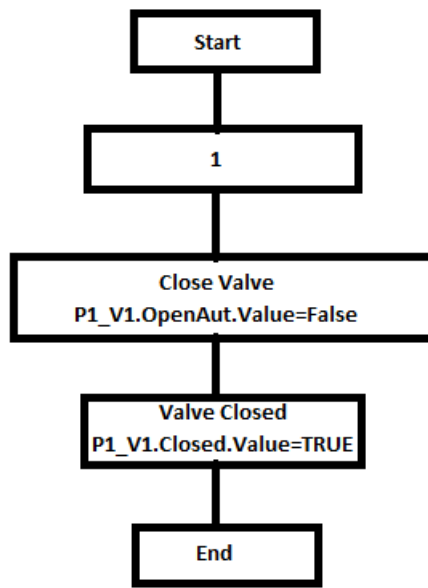
Note

The logical expressions has to be changed from "& - AND" to ">_1 -OR" in the figure above.

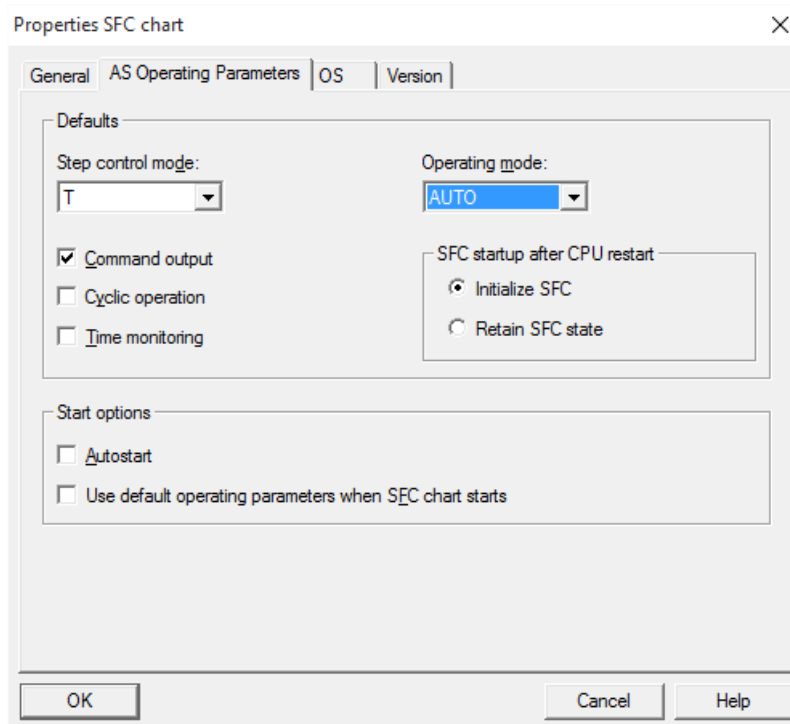
5.5 Creating an SFC

5. Click "Apply" and then click "Close".
6. Configure the "Abort-Hold-Comp" sequencer as shown below:
The following is a screen shot of the Hold/Abort/Complete sequence (Holding=1, or Aborting=1, or Completing=1). For configuring the rest of the sequence refer to *Example of a step and of a transition* in this chapter.





1. In the SFC chart window, on the "SFC" menu, click "Properties". The "Properties SFC chart" dialog box appears.
2. Click the "AS Operating Parameters" tab and from the "operating mode" drop-down list, select "AUTO".



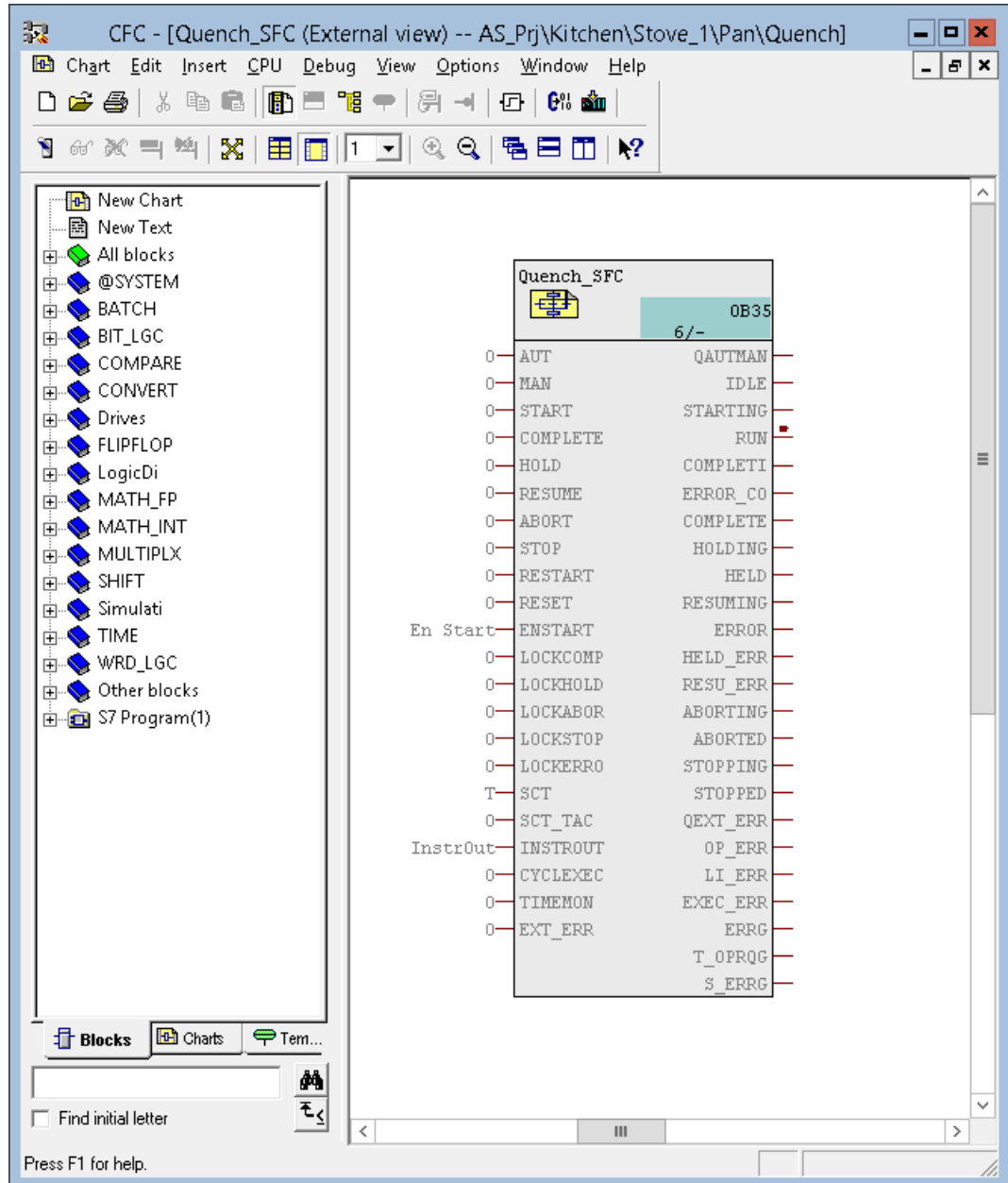
3. Click "OK".

5.6 Connecting the BATCH control commands with the SFC

Procedure

To connect the BATCH control commands with the SFC:

1. Right-click the "Quench_SFC" chart and click "Open External View". The "Quench_SFC (External View)" window appears.



2. Open the "Quench_EPH" chart with the "Quench" interface block.

3. Interconnect the "Quench" interface block with the external view of the "Quench_SFC" chart as shown below:

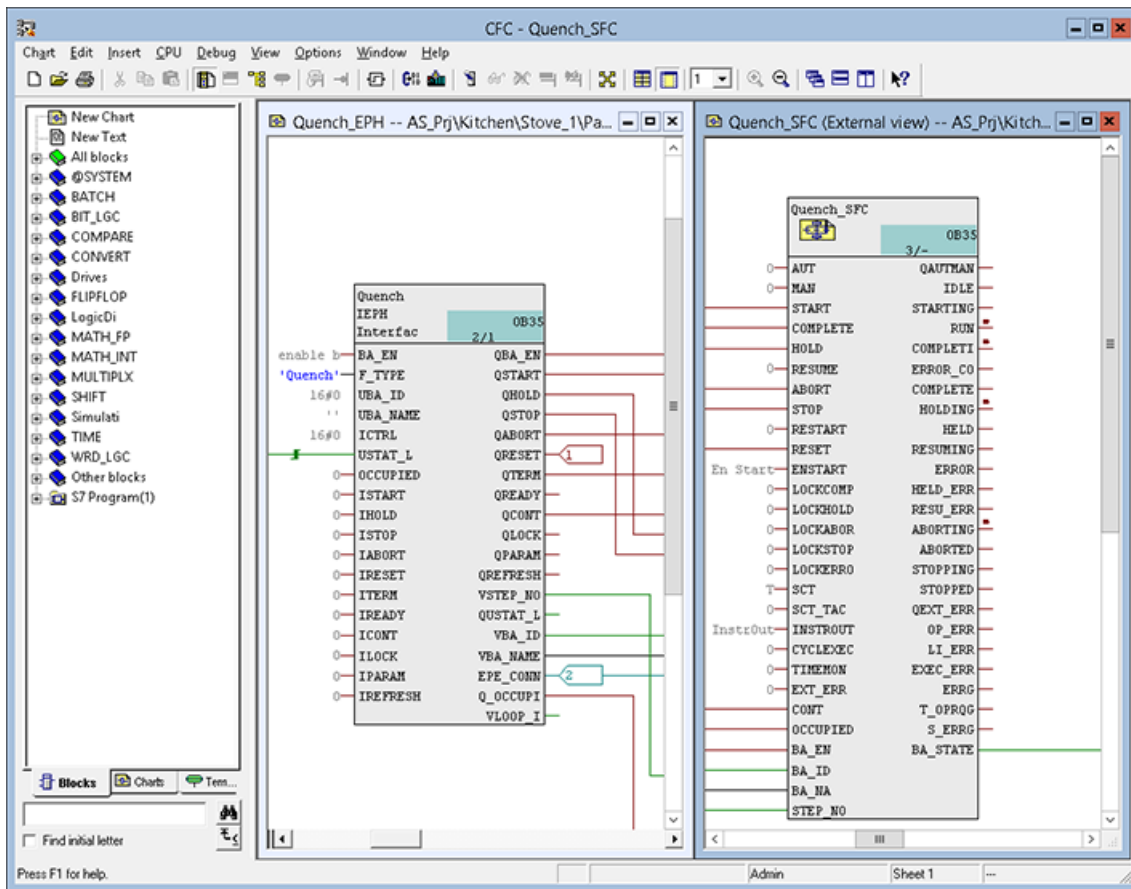
Note

Start by activating the visibility of all parameters listed below.

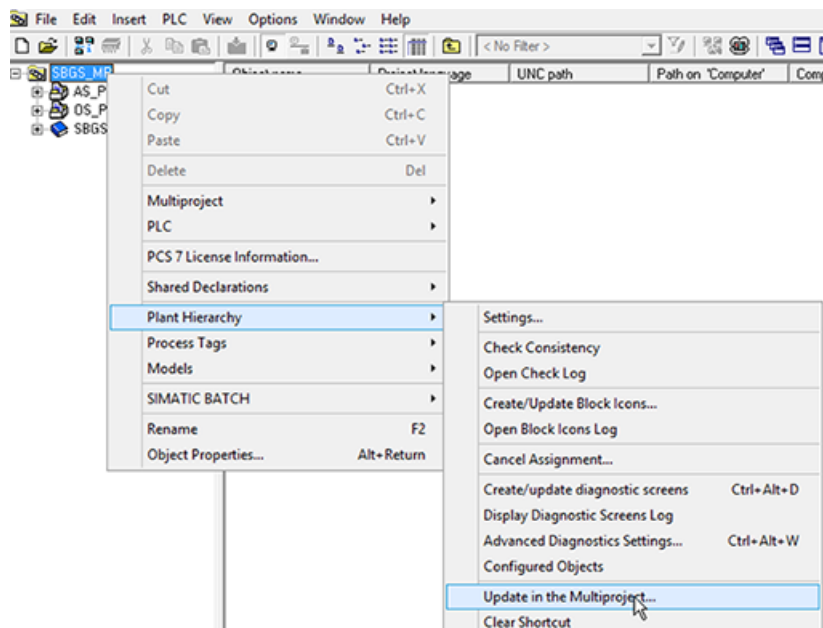
Quench / QSTART	with	Quench_SFC / START
Quench / QHOLD	with	Quench_SFC / HOLD
Quench / QSTOP	with	Quench_SFC / STOP
Quench / QABORT	with	Quench_SFC / ABORT
Quench / QRESET	with	Quench_SFC / RESET
Quench / QTERM	with	Quench_SFC / COMPLETE
Quench / QCONT	with	Quench_SFC / CONT
Quench / QBA_EN	with	Quench_SFC / BA_EN
Quench / VSTEP_NO	with	Quench_SFC / STEP_NO
Quench / VBA_ID	with	Quench_SFC / BA_ID
Quench / VBA_NAME	with	Quench_SFC / BA_NA
Quench / Q_OCCUPI	with	Quench_SFC / OCCUPIED
Quench / USTAT_L	with	Quench_SFC / BA_STATE

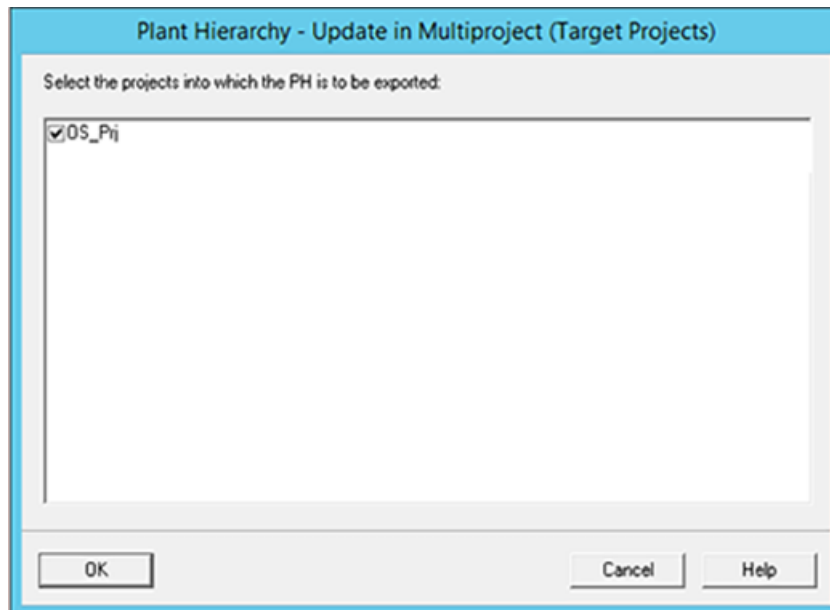
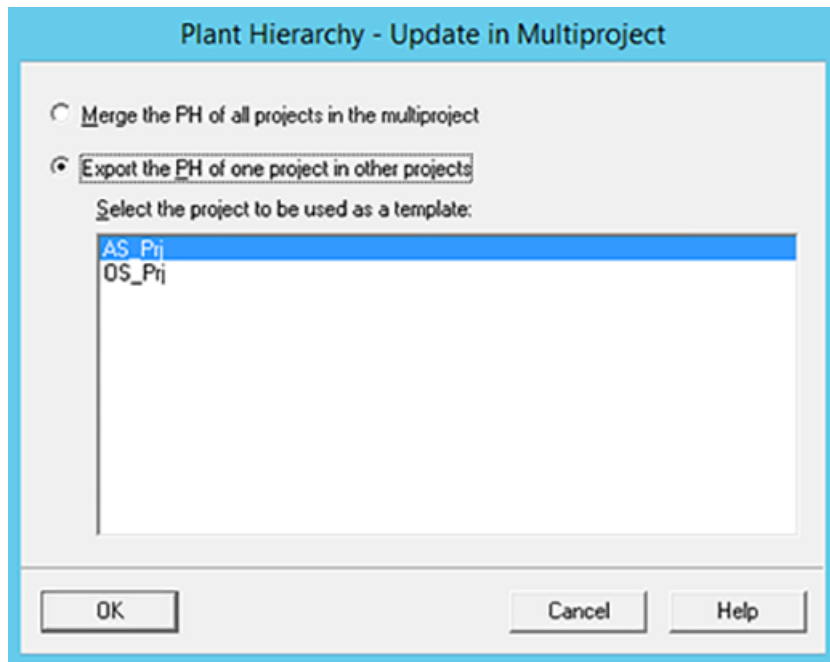
Creating an equipment phase using SFC and BATCH interface blocks

5.6 Connecting the BATCH control commands with the SFC



- Export the plant hierarchy from AS to OS so that required tags/pictures/faceplates are updated, to do the same, Right Click on Multiproject "SBGS_MP" > Plant Hierarchy > Update in the Multiproject, refer the following images:



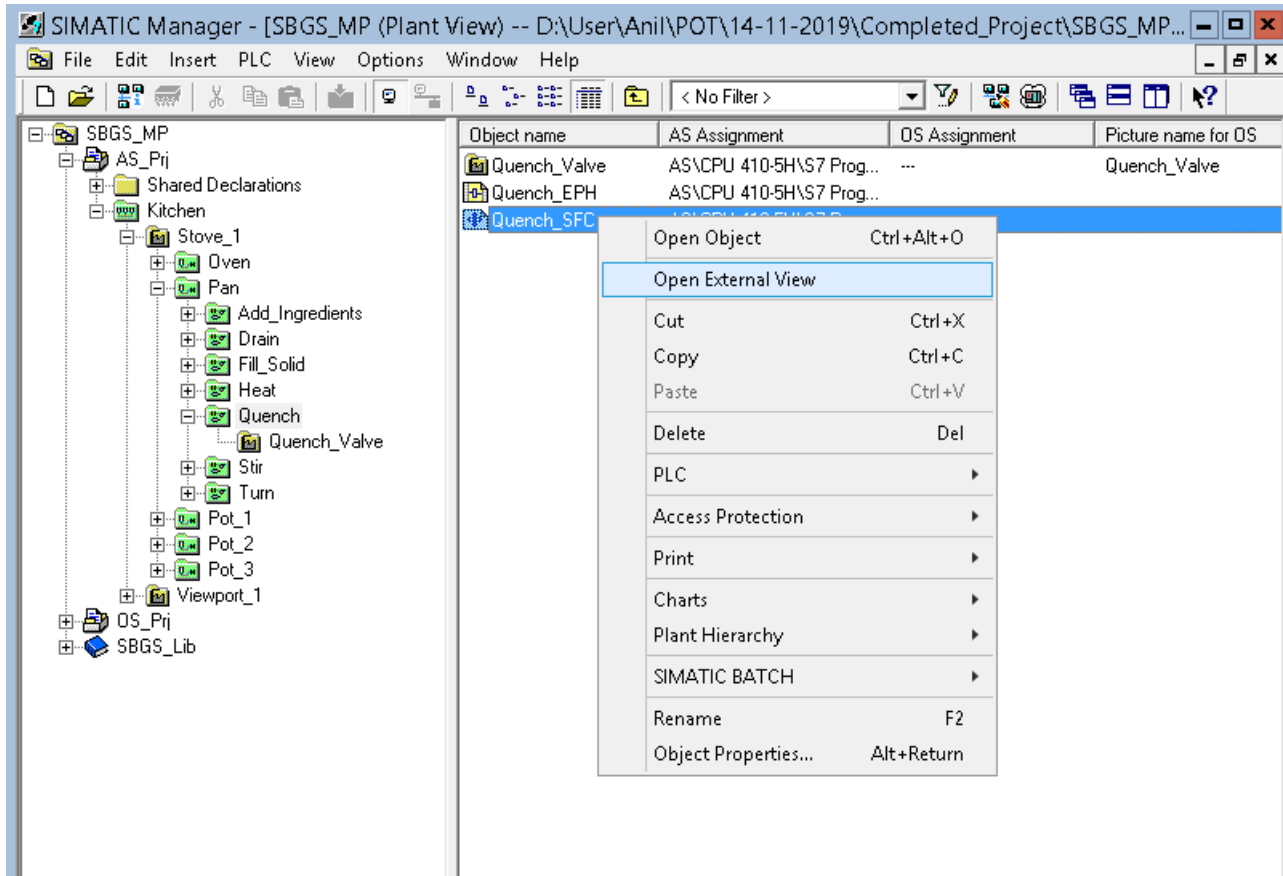


5.7 Compiling and downloading the AS and OS

Procedure

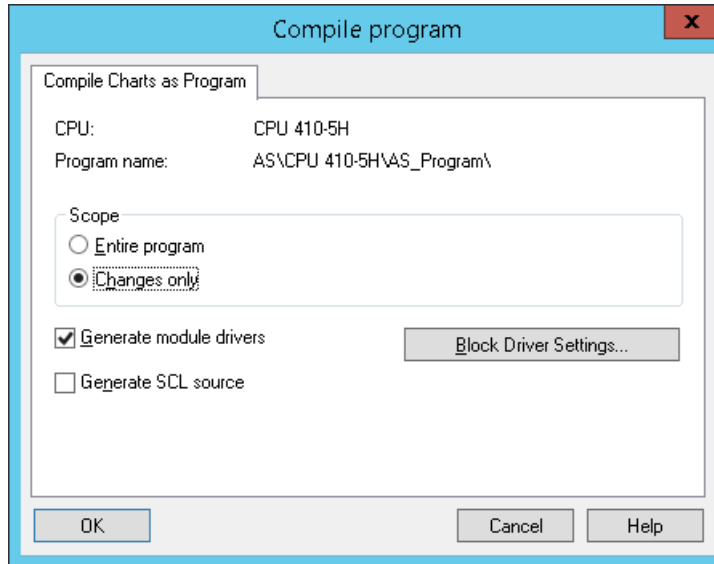
To compile and download the AS and OS:

1. Open the "Quench_SFC" chart in external view.



2. On the "Chart" menu, select **Compile > Charts as Program**. The "Compile program" dialog box appears.

3. In the "Scope" area, click "Changes only". If this option is disabled, then select "Entire program".



Note

If you select the "Entire program" option, the "Download S7 - Read back" pop up appears. Click 'No'. Now, the "Download" pop up appears, Click "Yes".

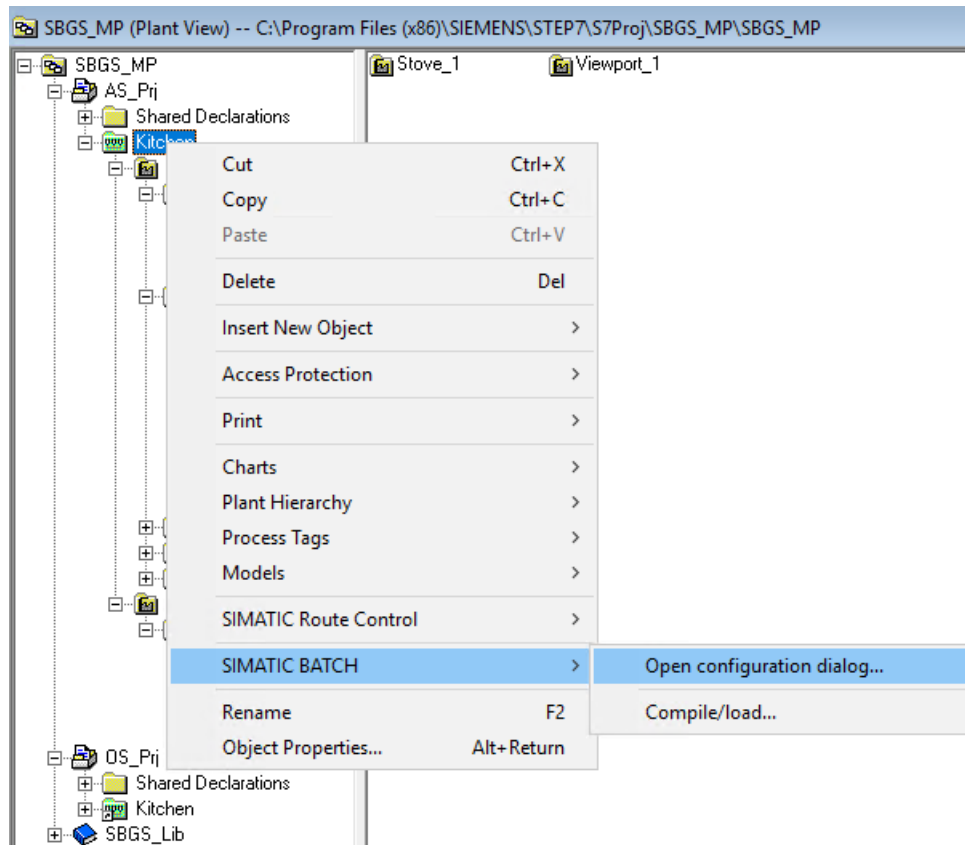
4. Click "OK". The "Logs" dialog box appears.
5. Click "Close".
6. On the "CPU" menu, click "Download". The "Download" dialog box appears.
7. Select "Changes only" and click "OK".
8. After the download, verify that the AS is in RUN_P state.
9. Compile the modified OS data. To do this, in the "SIMATIC Manager", select "OS_Prj", on the options menu select '**Compile Multiple OSs**' Wizard > **Start**. The "Wizard: Compile Multiple OSs" dialog box appears. Follow the wizard instructions to compile.

5.8 Generating BATCH types

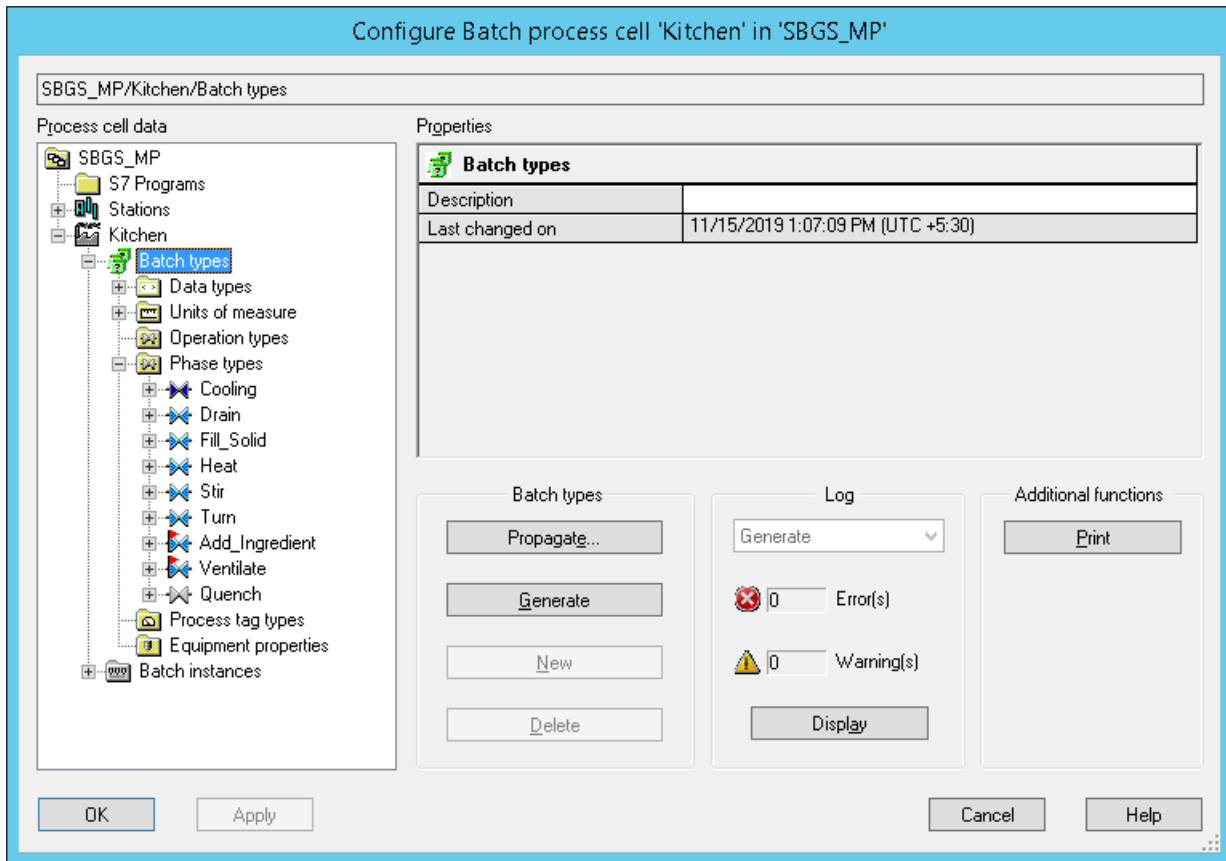
Procedure

To generate BATCH types:

1. Open the "SIMATIC Manager" in the plant view.
2. Right-click the "SBGS_MP" folder and select **SIMATIC BATCH > Open configuration dialog**. The "Configure Batch process cell 'Kitchen' in 'SBGS_MP'" dialog box appears.

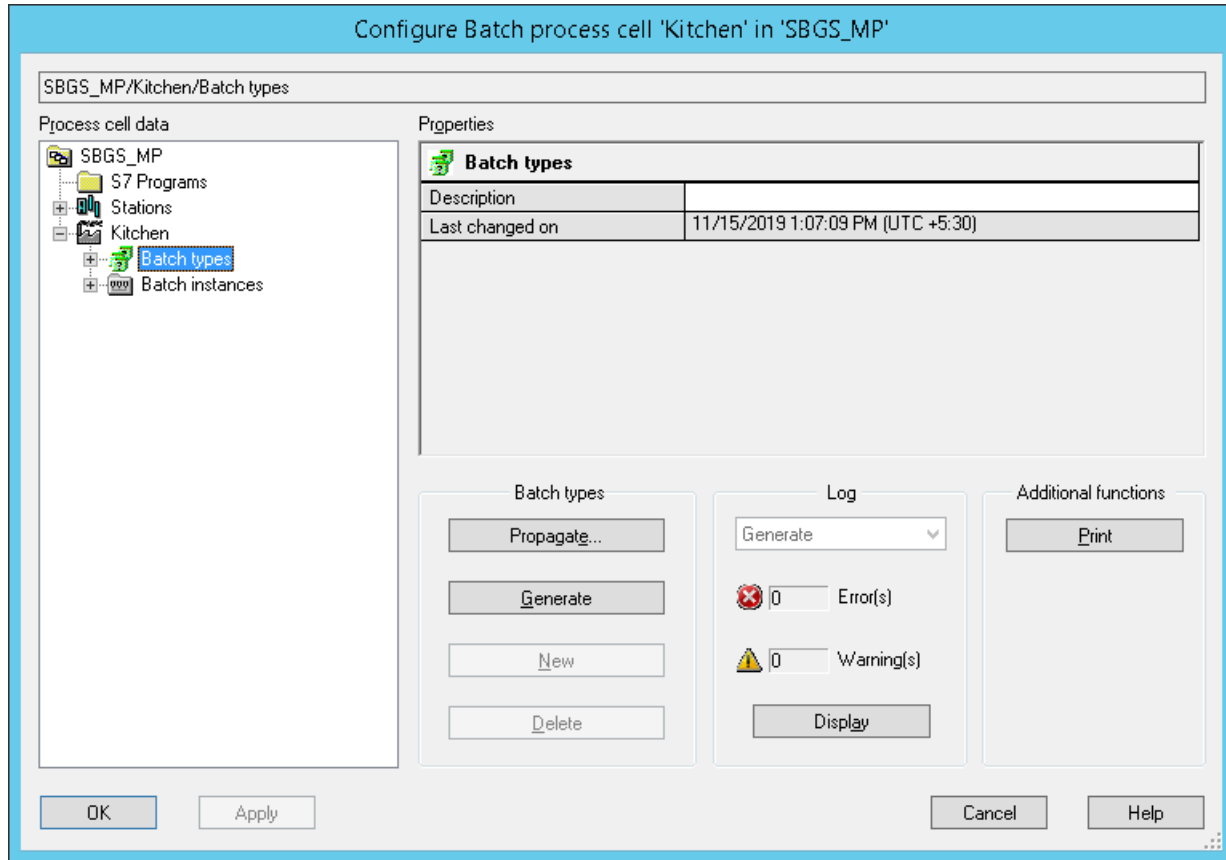


- Expand the "Batch types" node and then expand the "Phase types" node.



5.9 Compiling and downloading BATCH process cell data

- Click "Generate & Propagate". The new data you configured in the CFC chart "Quench_EPH" is now loaded. The "Quench" node is added under "Phase types".



- Click "OK" to close the "Configure Batch process cell 'Kitchen' in 'SBGS_MP'" dialog box.

5.9 Compiling and downloading BATCH process cell data

Procedure

To compile and download BATCH process cell data:

- Right-click the "SBGS_MP" folder and select **SIMATIC BATCH > Open configuration dialog**. The "Configure Batch process cell 'Kitchen' in 'SBGS_MP'" dialog box appears.
- Select the "Batch instances" folder and click "Merge".
- Select the "Kitchen" node and click "Download". The "Download Batch process cell" dialog box appears.
- Click "Start".
- After the completion of the download process, click "Close".
- Click "Apply" and then click "OK" to close the dialog.

Illustrations to the above described procedure items

For illustrations pertaining to the above described steps, refer to **Configuring test project "Kitchen" > Configuring > "Compiling the AS, OS and Batch Process Cell Data"**.

See also

Compiling and Downloading the AS, OS and Batch Process Cell Data (Page 48)

5.10 Expanding a Recipe

Introduction

This chapter guides you to expand a recipe and perform associated operations.

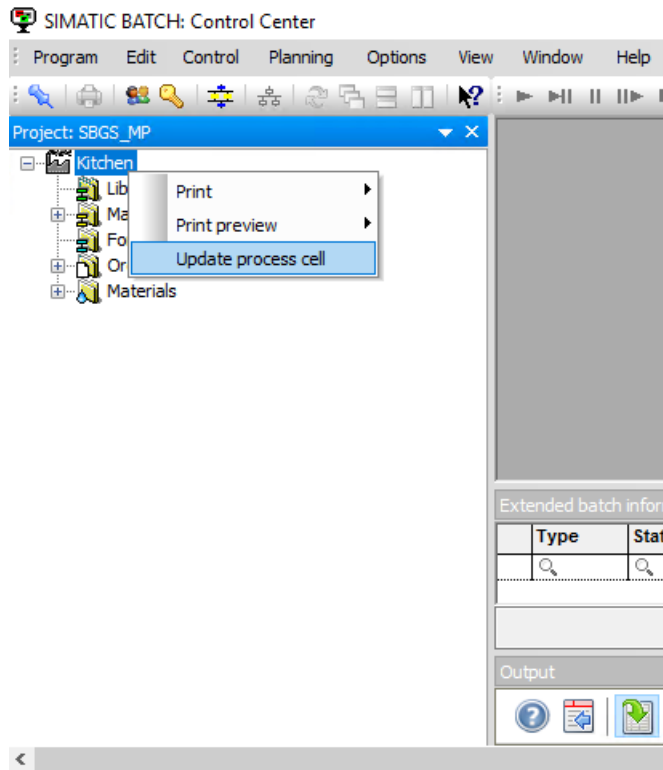
Prerequisites

- SIMATIC Manager is open.
- WinCC explorer is open.
- Batch Control Center is activated.

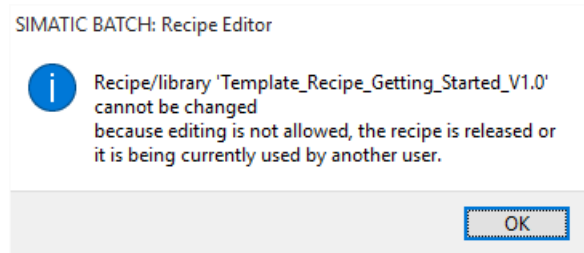
5.10 Expanding a Recipe

Procedure

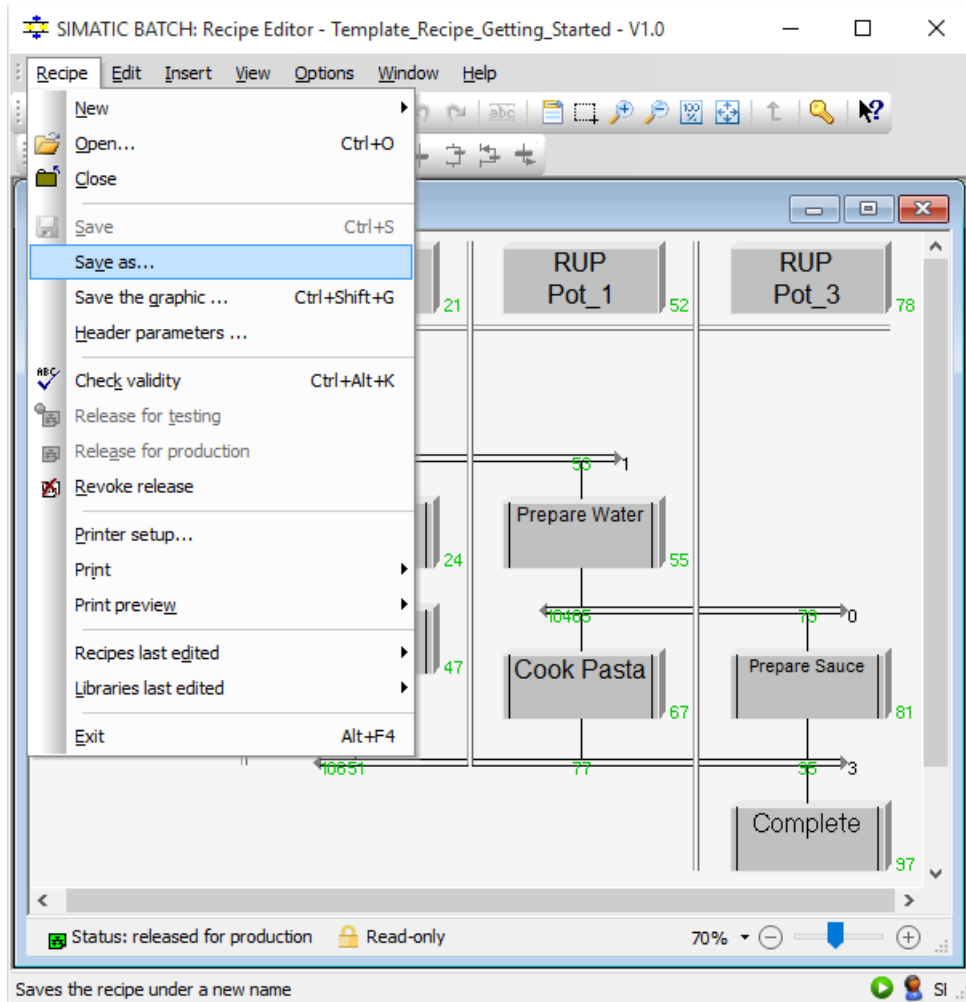
1. In the "WinCC Explorer" window, start the runtime.
2. Start the Batch Control Center. In the "SIMATIC BATCH: Control Center" window, click "Update process cell", and then click "OK".



3. In the "SIMATIC BATCH: Control Center" window, expand the "Master recipes>Getting_Started_Template_Recipes" folders and click "Template_Recipe_Getting_Started V1.0 > Open".
4. The "SIMATIC BATCH:Recipe Editor" window appears. Click "OK".

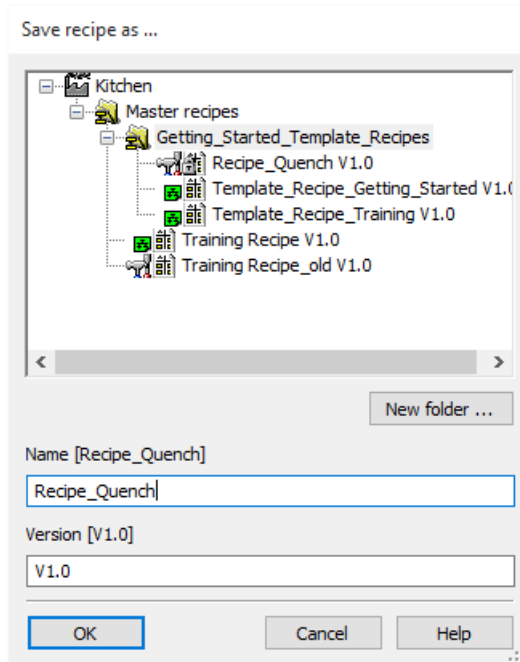


5. In the "SIMATIC BATCH:Recipe Editor" window, select **Recipe > Save as**.

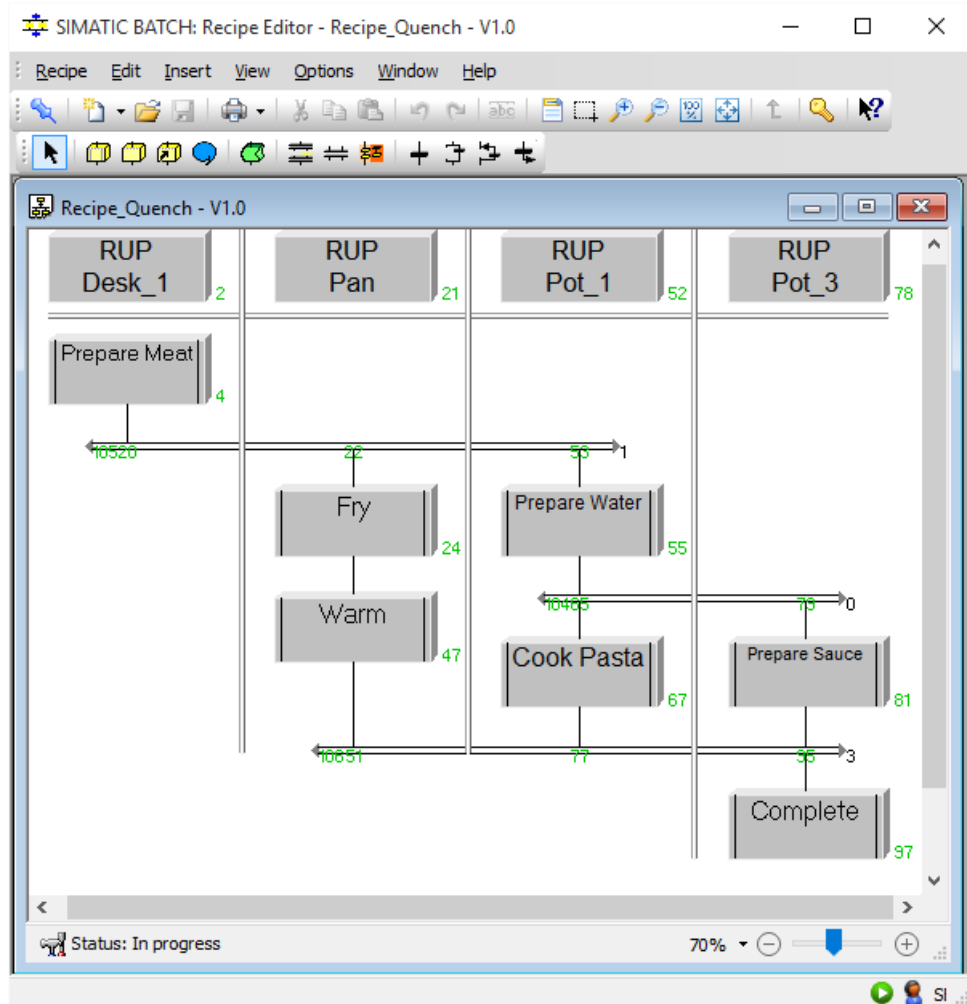


5.10 Expanding a Recipe

6. In the "Save recipe as ..." dialog box, rename the recipe as "Recipe_Quench" in the "Name [Recipe_Quench]" text box, and click "OK".



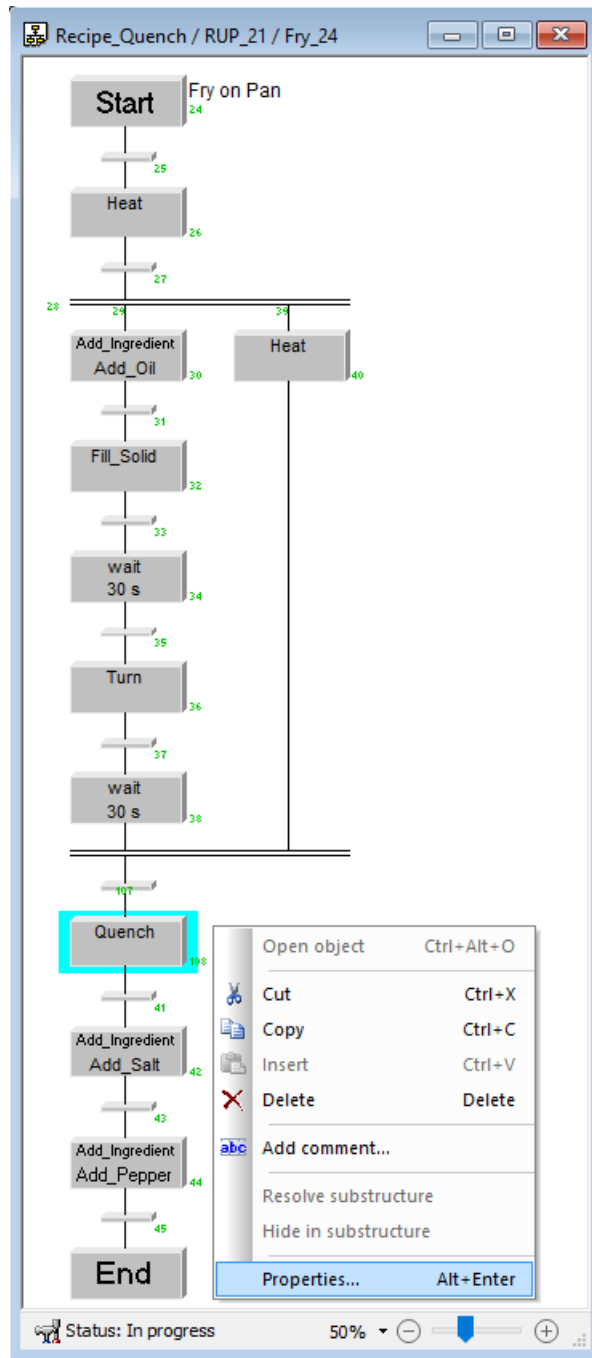
- In the "SIMATIC BATCH Recipe Editor" window, insert the newly configured "Quench" phase in the "Recipe_Quench" recipe inside the FRY - ROP.



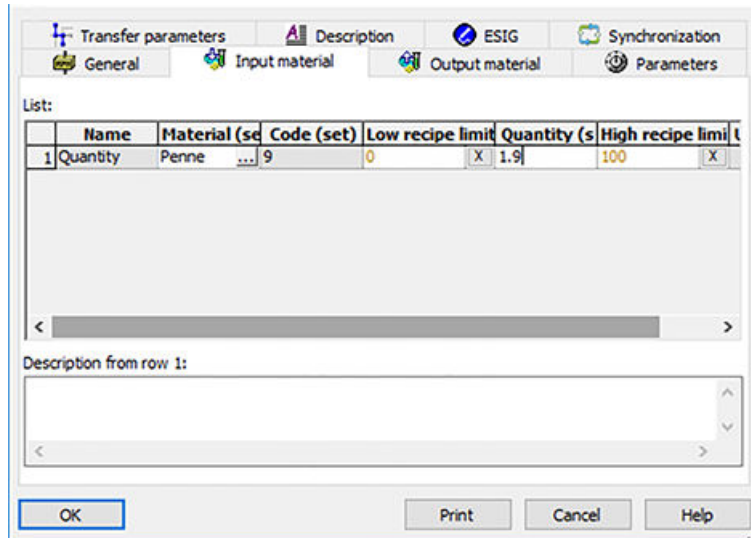
- Open "FRY ROP" by double clicking. Add recipe phase by clicking .

5.10 Expanding a Recipe

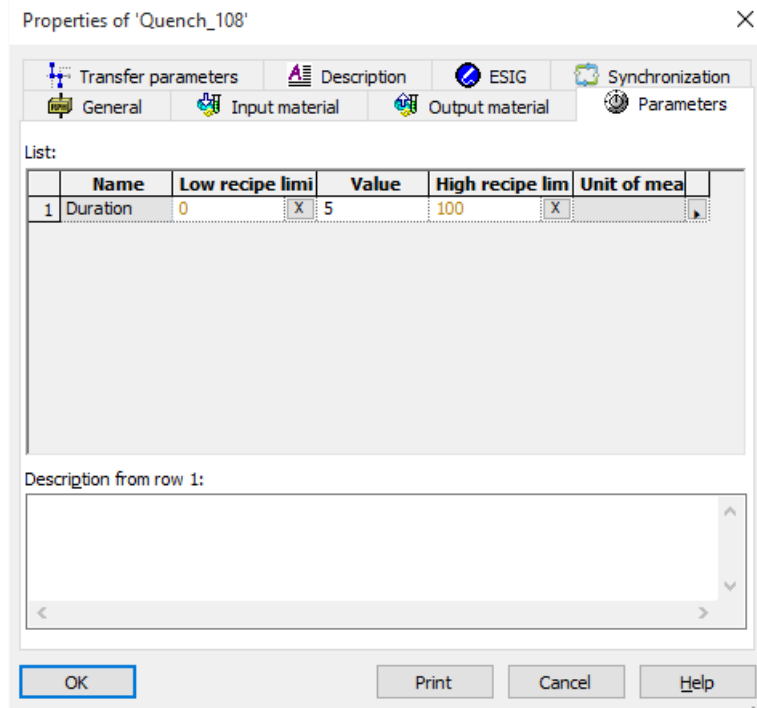
9. In the "SIMATIC BATCH Recipe Editor" window, configure the "Quench" phase. To configure the "Quench" phase, right click "Quench>Properties".



- The "Properties of "Quench_108" window appears. Click on "Input material" tab and select "Penne" from the "Material (set)" option.



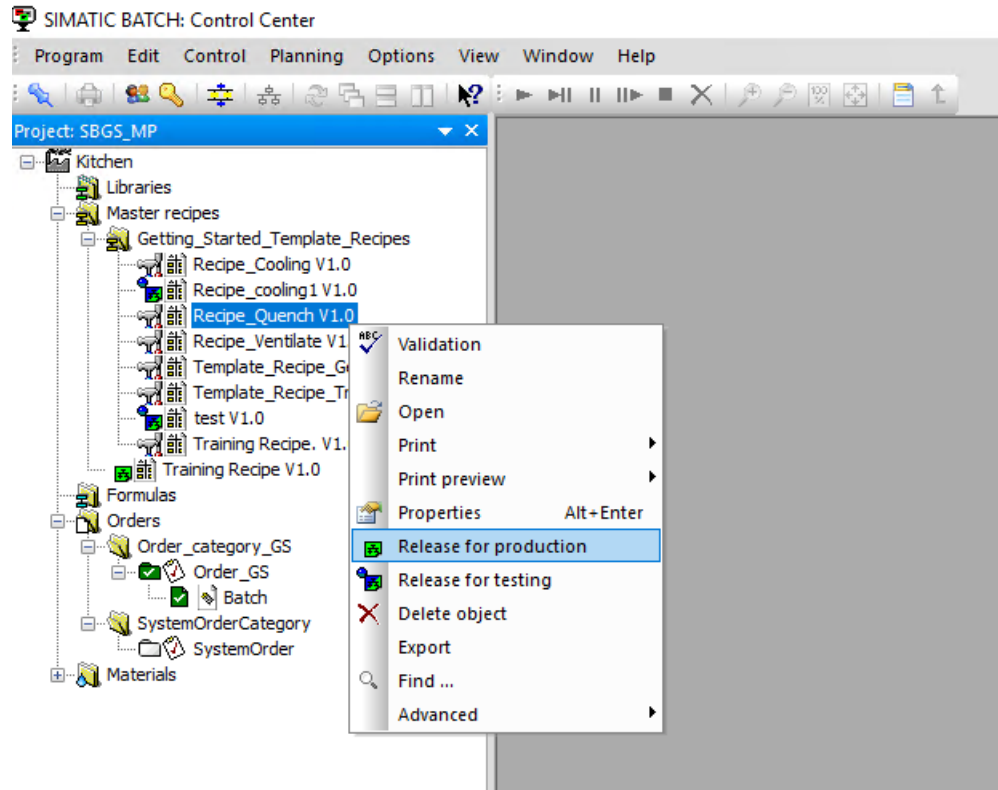
- Now, navigate to the "Parameters" tab, and enter the values as shown below, and click "OK".



- Save and Close the "Recipe Editor".

5.10 Expanding a Recipe

13. In the "SIMATIC BATCH Control Center" window, select **Recipe Quench V1.0 > Release for production**. Then create a new batch with the "Recipe_Quench" recipe, release and start it. For more information, refer to Creating an Order (Batch) (Page 109) and Releasing and Starting a Batch (Control Recipe) (Page 114)



14. Close the SIMATIC BATCH Control Center and exit WinCC Runtime.

Creating an Equipment Phase Using SFC Type

6.1 Task definition and implementation concept for "Ventilate"

Introduction

This section guides you to define and implement the tasks for the "Ventilate" phase.

Procedure

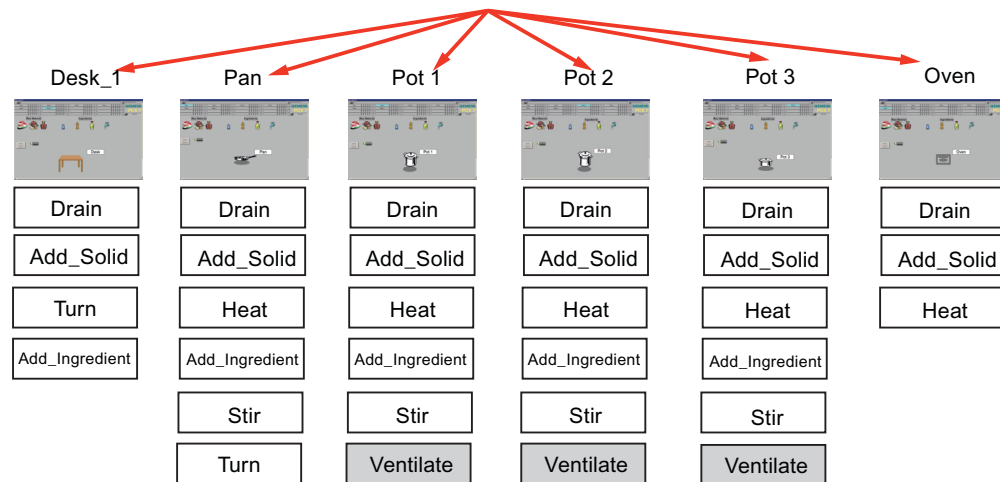
An additional equipment phase is required for the pots. You need to add the "Ventilate" phase. A ventilation valve must be opened for a selectable time. If the batch is held or aborted, the valve will close.

Since the same equipment phase is required for Pots 1-3, select the SFC type to implement it.

Process Cell



Units



Implementation Concept for SFC Type "Ventilate"

Table 6-1 Control strategies

Control strategy name	Comment
Ventilate	First control strategy, QCS=1

Table 6-2 Setpoints

Setpoint name	Data type	Comment
Duration	REAL	Unit of measure seconds

Table 6-3 Process values

Process value name	Data type	Comment
None		

Table 6-4 Timers

Block name	Block type	Comment
T_Duration	TimerP	Timer for setpoint "Duration", Mode=1

Table 6-5 Block contacts

Block name	Block type	Comment
V1	VlvL	Ventilation valve

6.2 Creating an SFC Type "Ventilate"

Introduction

This section guides you to create the "Ventilate" SFC type.

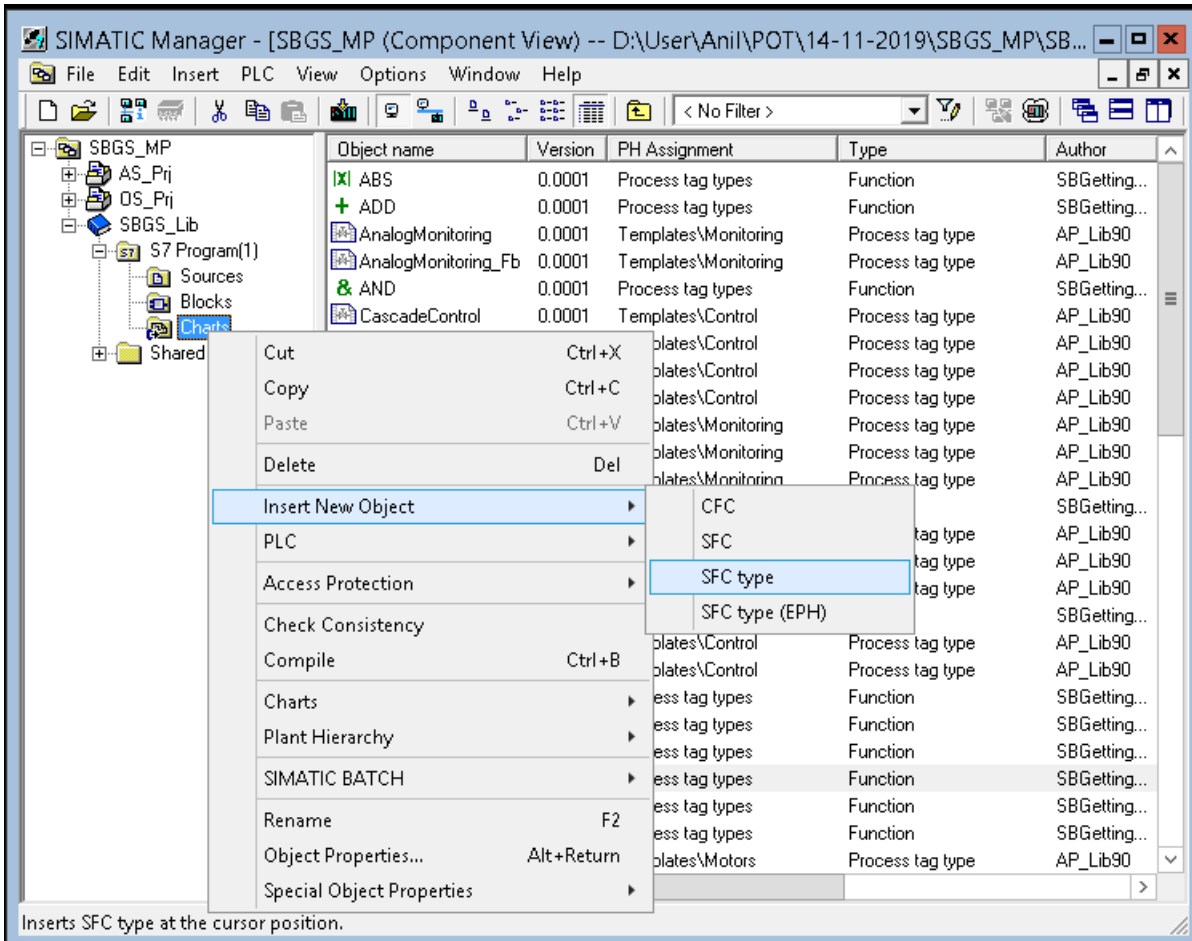
Prerequisites


- SIMATIC Manager is open.
- The **SBGS_MP** project is open in SIMATIC Manager.
- **Component view** is activated.

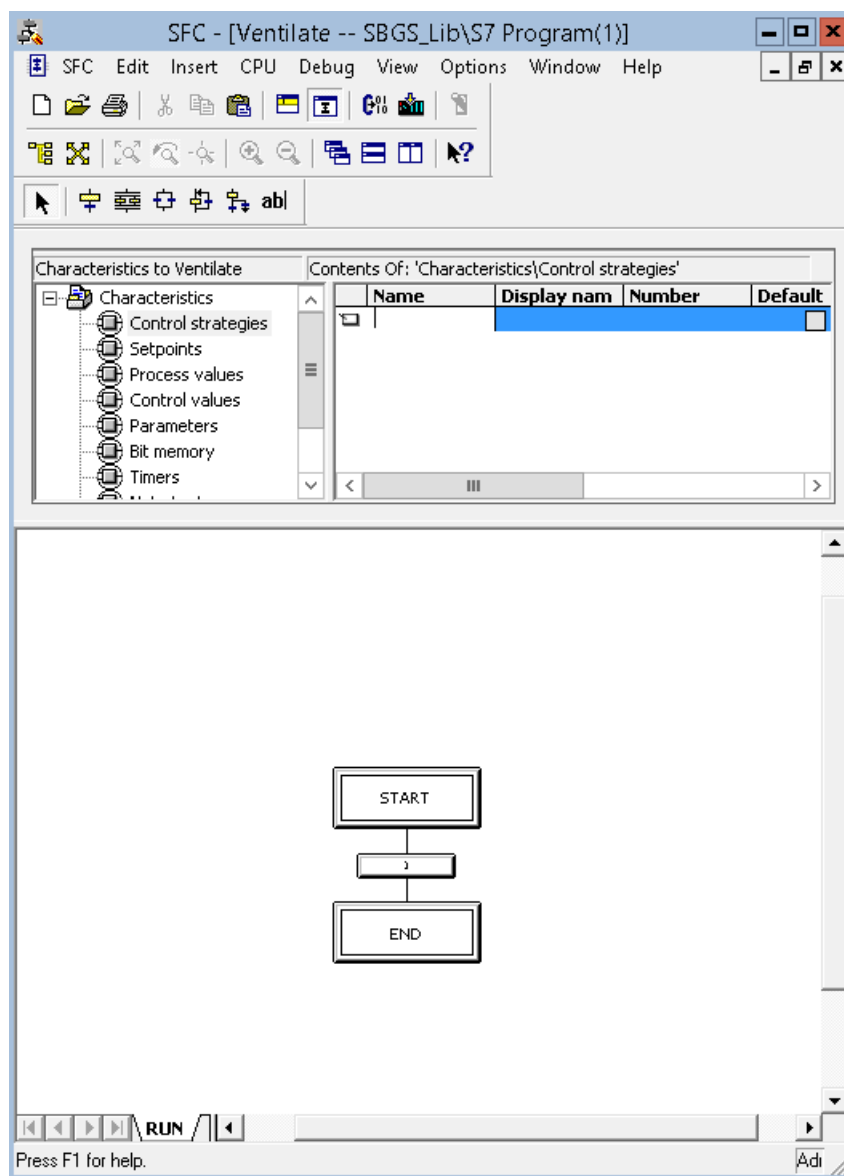
Procedure

To add a new SFC type "Ventilate":

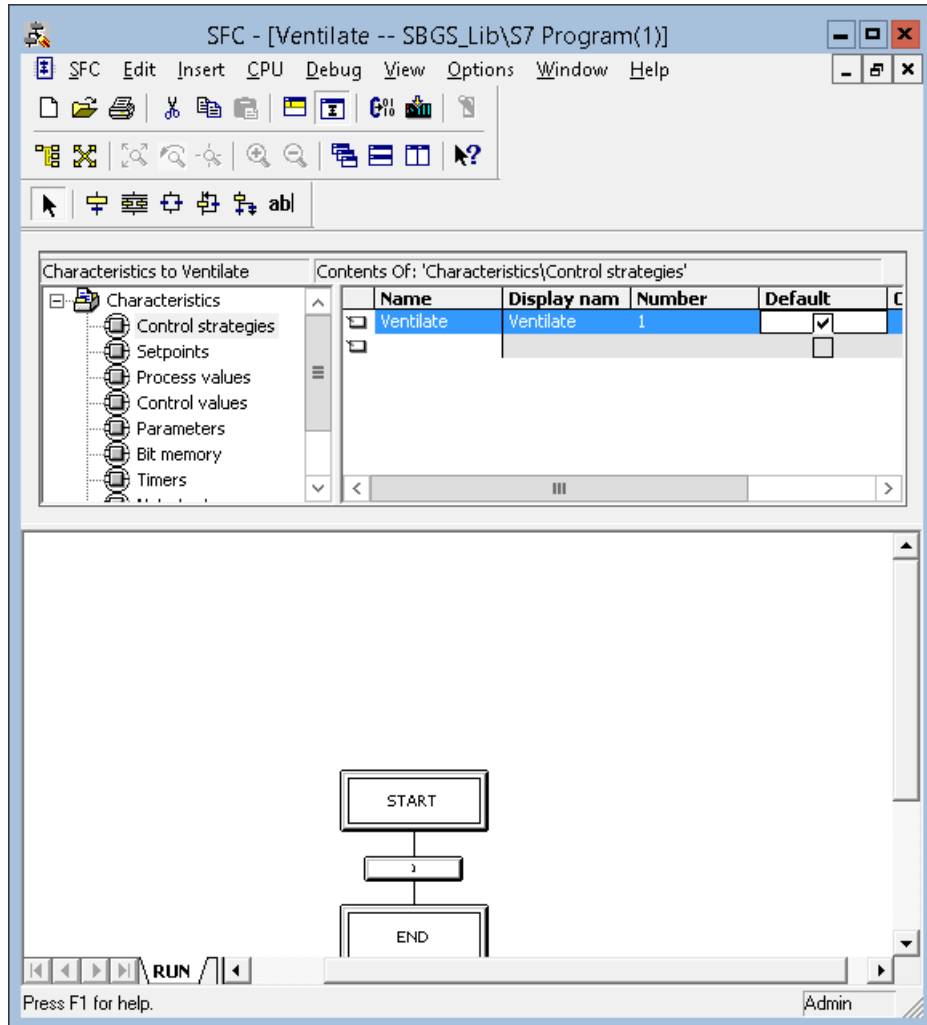
1. In the Component view, expand the library "SBGS_Lib", right-click "Charts" and select **Insert New Object>SFC type**. A "SFC type(1)" is created. Rename it as "Ventilate". Click on "Ventilate" to open it.



2. In the "SFC" window, click the  icon to open the characteristics dialog of the "Ventilate" SFC type.

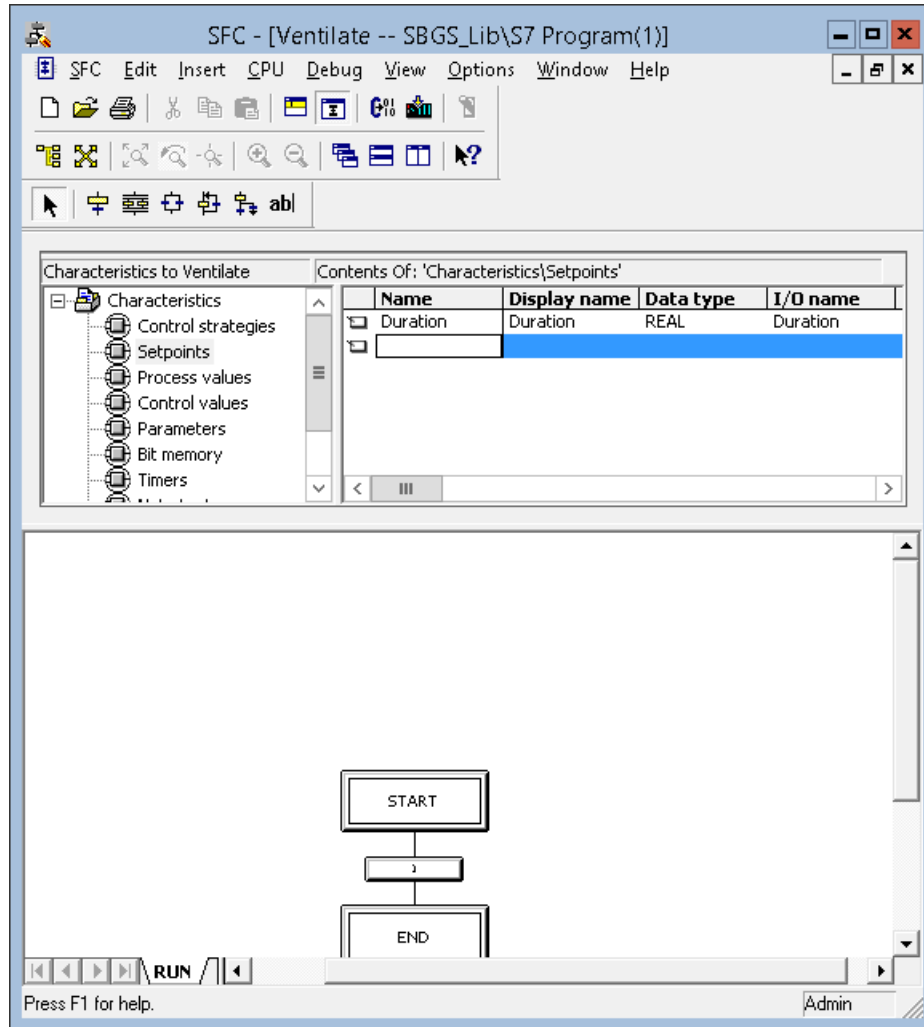


3. Select the "Control strategies" characteristic and enter "Ventilate" under the "Name" column. Select the checkbox under the "Default" column. This control strategy initiates the start of the SFC instance.

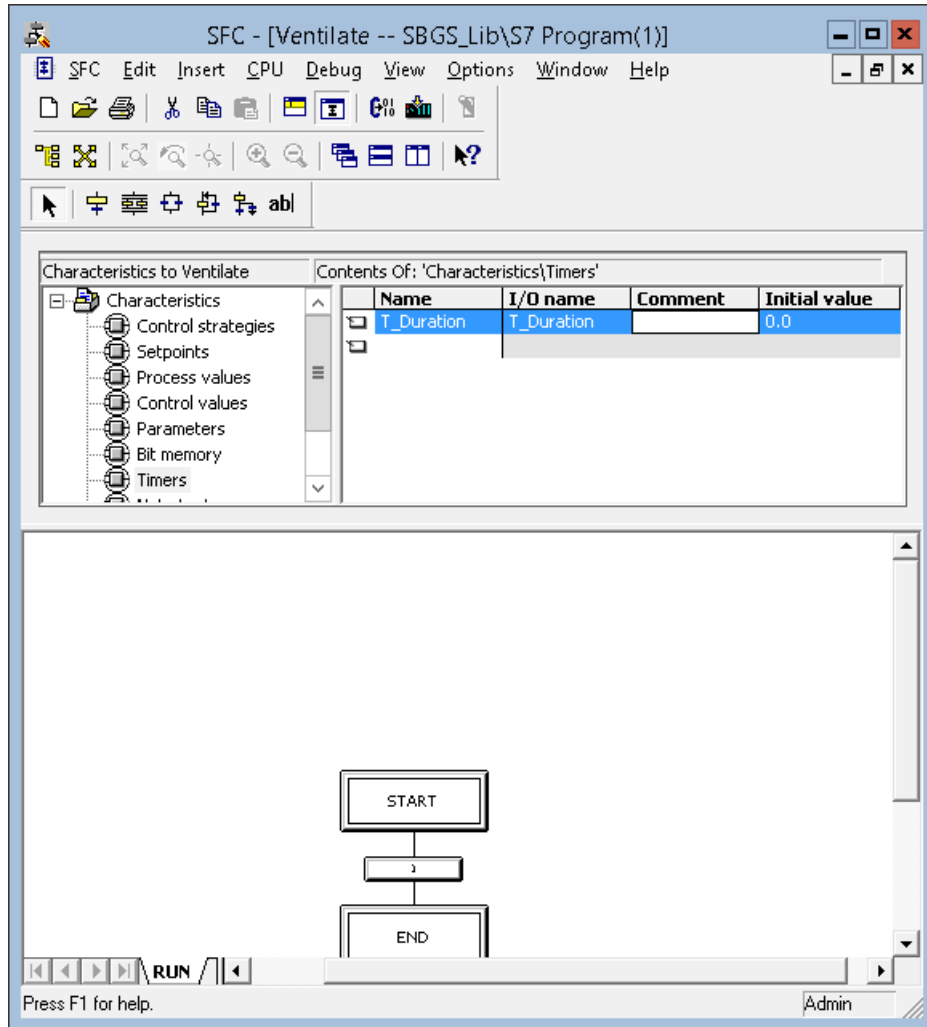


6.2 Creating an SFC Type "Ventilate"

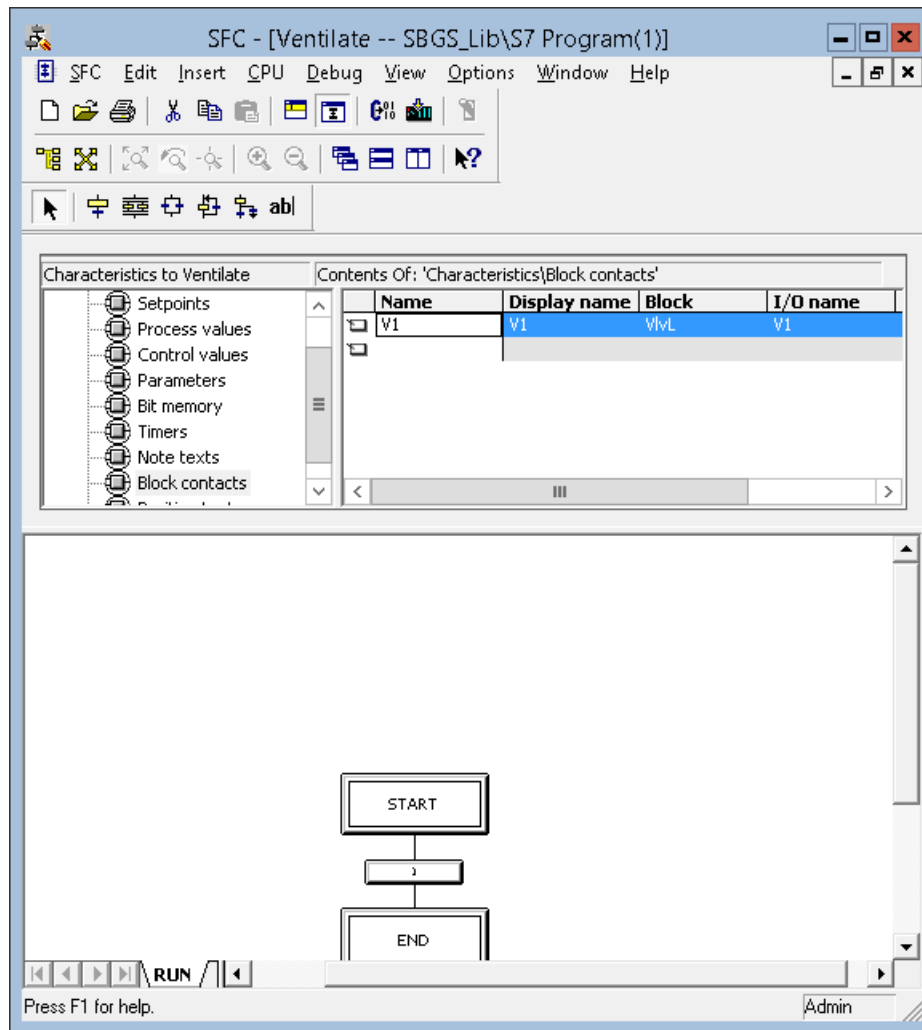
- Now select the "Setpoints" characteristic and enter "Duration" in the "Name" column. Select "REAL" data type under "Data type" column. Enter "sec" as the unit of measure under the "Unit" column.



- To define the timer, select the "Timers" characteristic. Enter "T_Duration" in the "Name" column. The timers that are used in this way within SFC types, have characteristics similar to the standard "Timer_P" block from the PCS 7 library.



- In the final step, you will create the valve. Select the "Block contacts" and enter the "V1" in the "Name" column. In the "Block" column, select the "VlvL" block type.



You have now specified all the characteristics required for the "Ventilate" example. The sequencers must now be created and configured.

6.3 Creating sequencers

Introduction

This section guides you on the process of creating sequencers. The Run sequencer that is processed in the "Run" status has already been created. The sequencer which is processed in the "Holding", "Aborting" and "Completing" states is still missing. You only need to create one sequencer and name it "Abort-Hold-Comp" as the content is the same in all three sequencers.

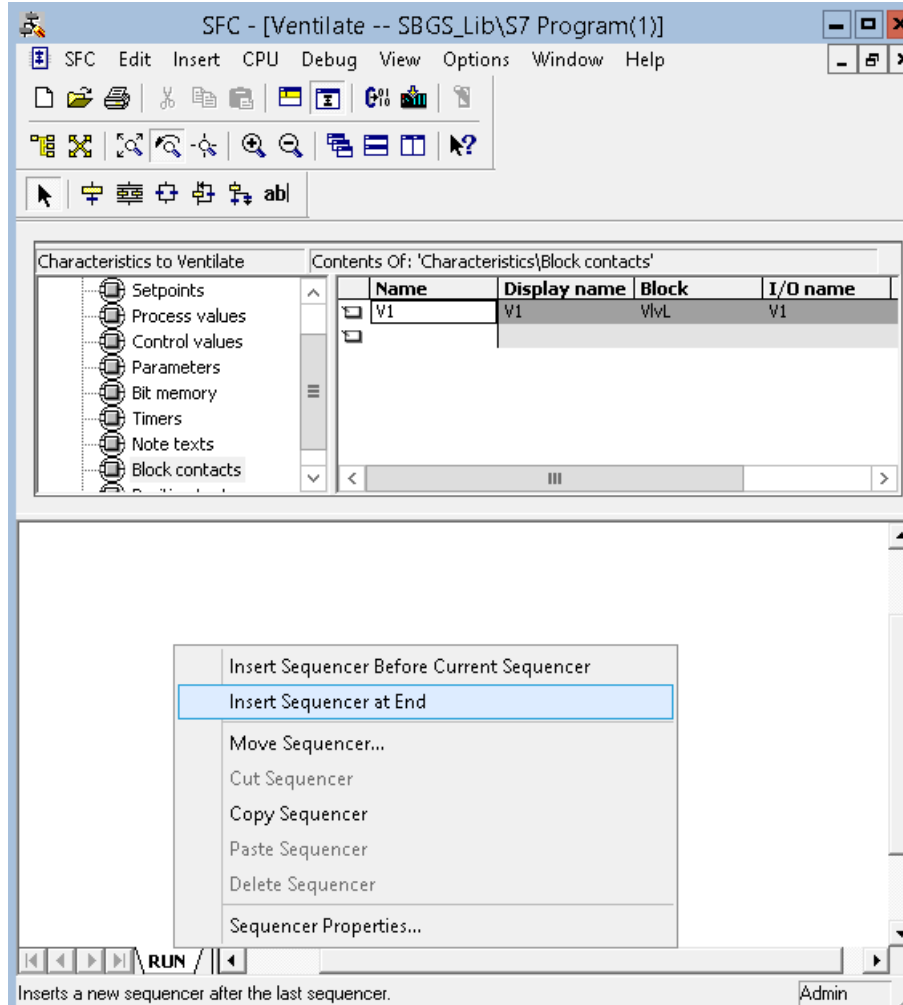
Prerequisites

- "SFC" editor is open

Procedure

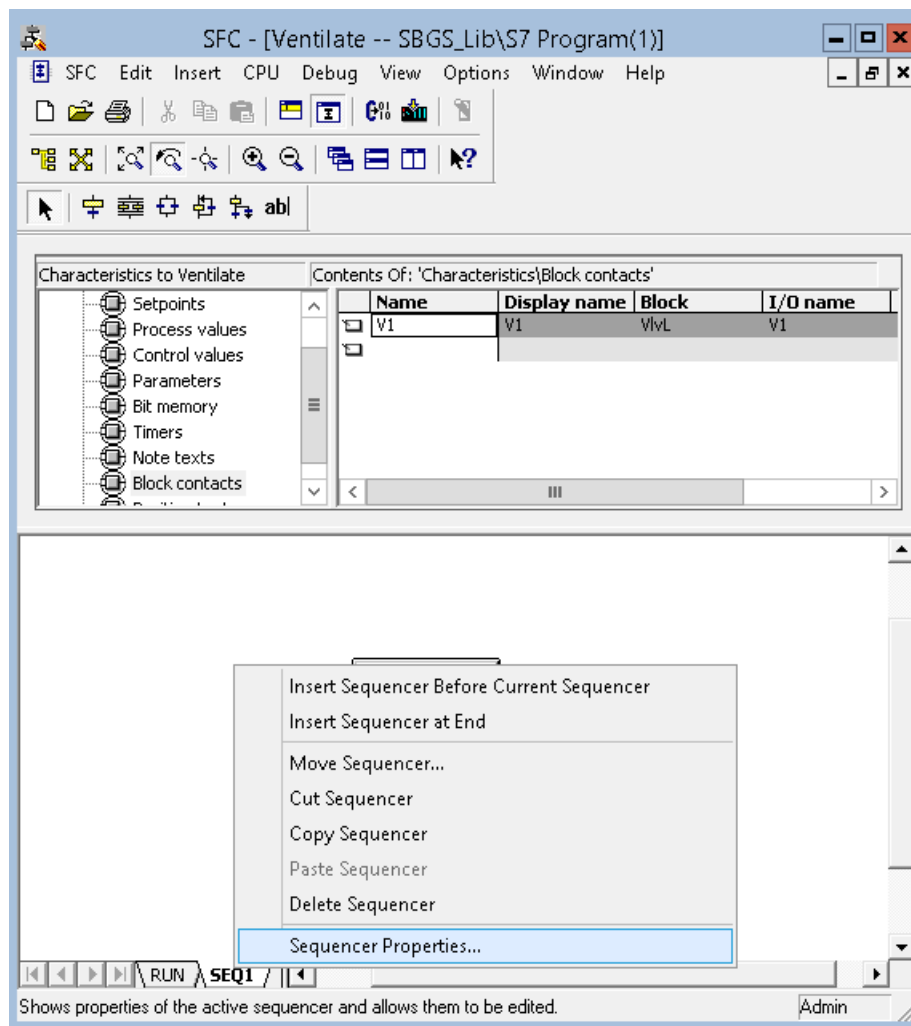
To insert a new sequencer:

1. Right-click on the "RUN" tab and select "Insert Sequencer at End". A new tab "SEQ1" is created.

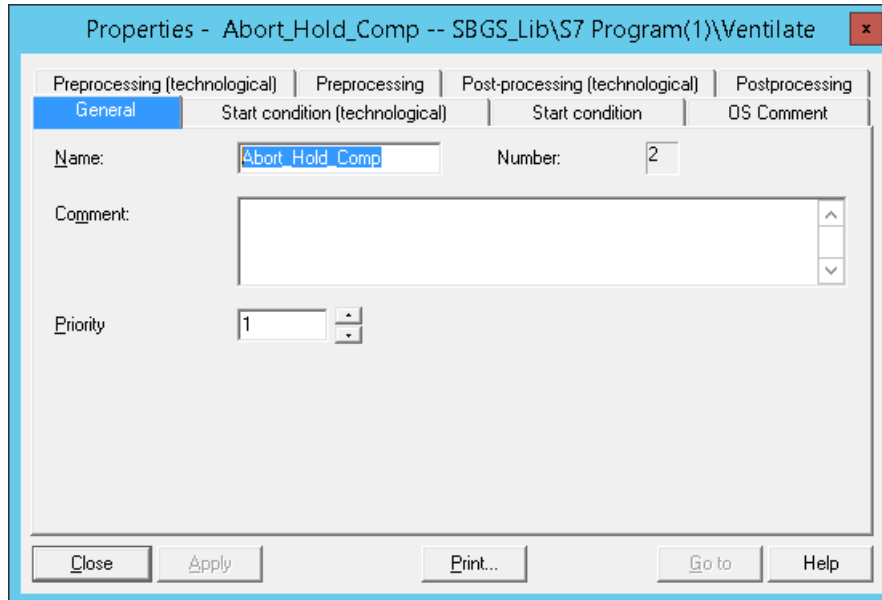



2. Right click on the "SEQ1" tab, and select "Sequencer Properties"

6.3 Creating sequencers



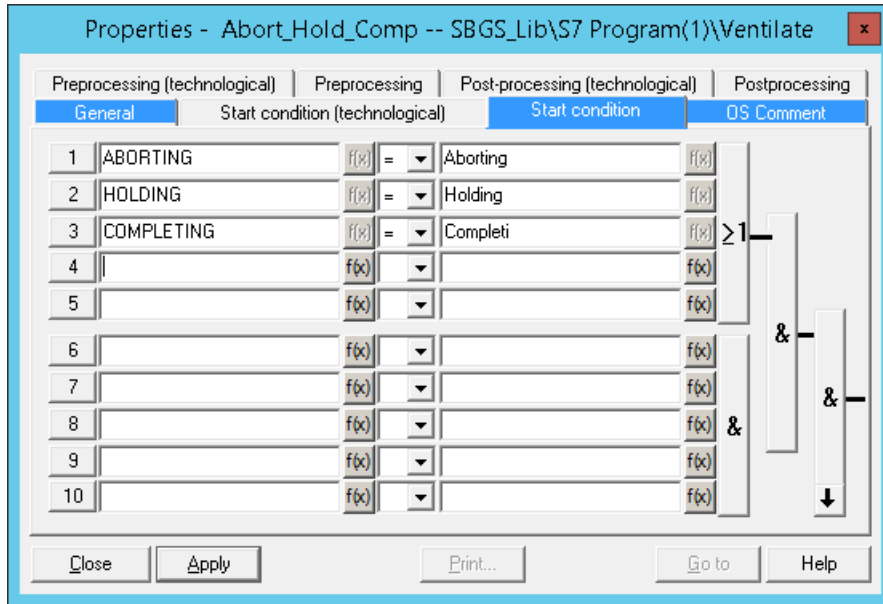
3. In the "Properties - SEQ1" dialog box, select the "General" tab and enter "Abort_Hold_Comp" in the "Name" input box.



4. In the "SFC" window, click  icon to open the I/Os dialog of the "Ventilate SFC type".

6.3 Creating sequencers

- Navigate to the "Start condition" tab, and add the respective outputs via drag and drop as shown below from the "OUT" node in the SFC editor. Later, close the "Properties" dialog box.



Note

The logical expressions has to be changed from "& - AND" to ">_1 -OR" in the figure above.

Add other sequences and steps as shown in the following figures:

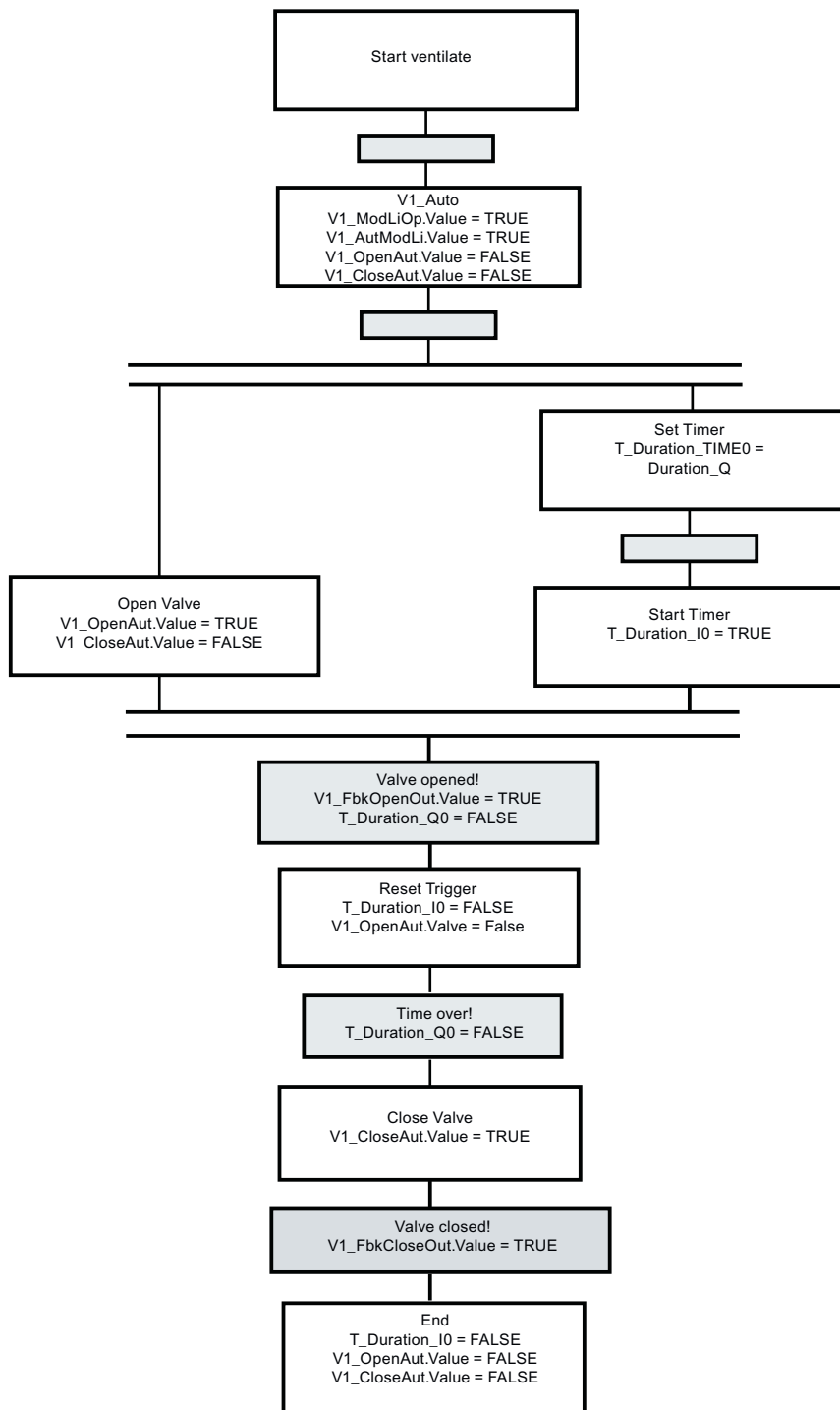


Figure 6-1 Diagram of the "RUN" sequence (RUN=1) for control strategy "Ventilate" (QCS=1)

6.3 Creating sequencers

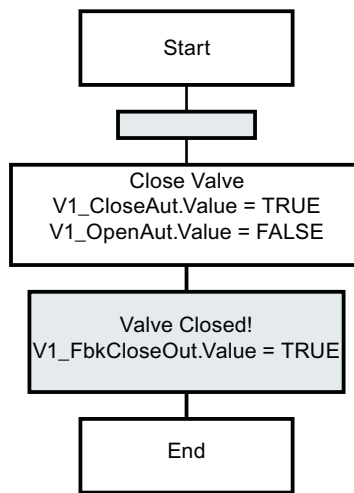

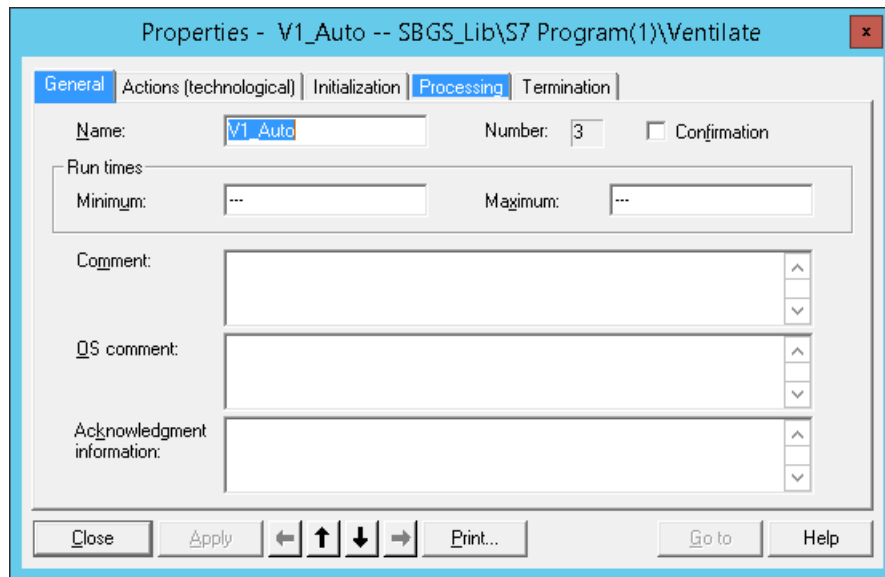
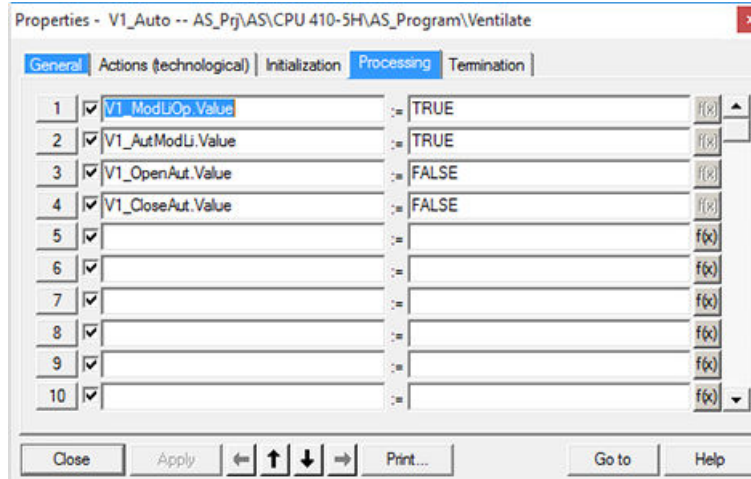


Figure 6-2 Diagram of the "Hold/Abort/Complete" sequence (Holding=1, or Aborting=1, or Completing=1)

- 6. Switch to the "RUN" sequencer tab and insert a step using  icon. Right-click on the newly added step and select "Object properties". In the "General" tab, enter "V1 Auto" in the "Name" input box.




- Switch to the "Processing" tab. Drag-and-drop the I/O from the "Block contacts" in the upper section to the dialog box for configuring the steps / transitions as shown below.

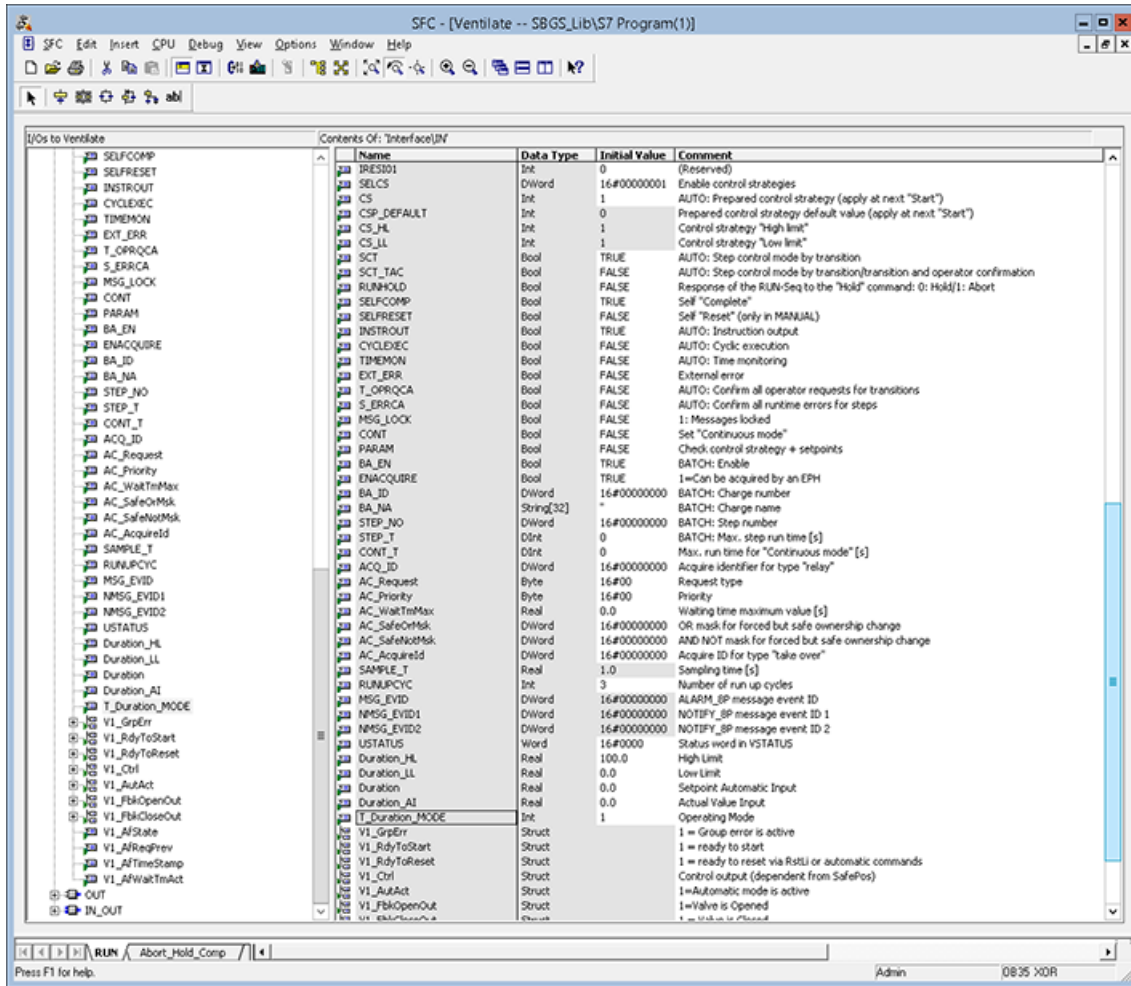


- Complete the engineering according to the diagrams shown above.

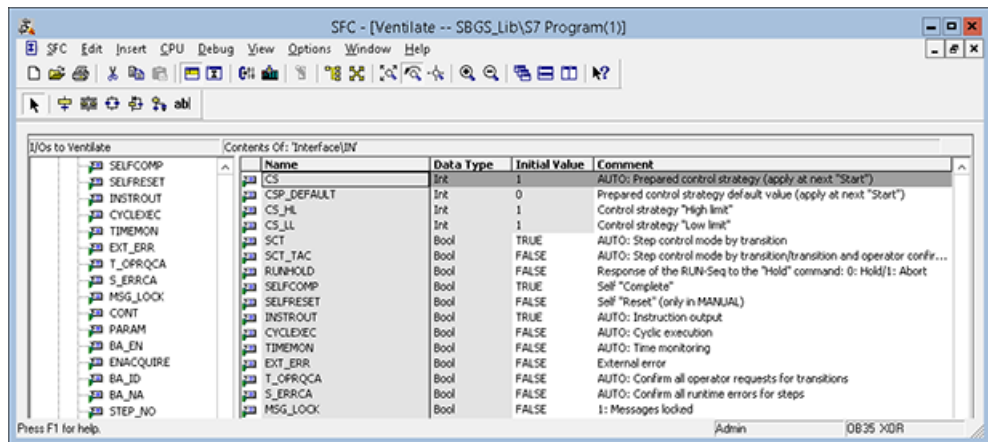
Setting parameters for SFC type Ventilate

In addition to the above mentioned configurations, perform the below mentioned steps in order to complete creating the sequencers:

1. In the SFC dialog box, click the  icon. In the "I/Os to Ventilate" area, expand the "Interface" list. Now, expand the "IN" list, and set the start value as "1" (extended pulse) for "T_duration_MODE" as shown below:



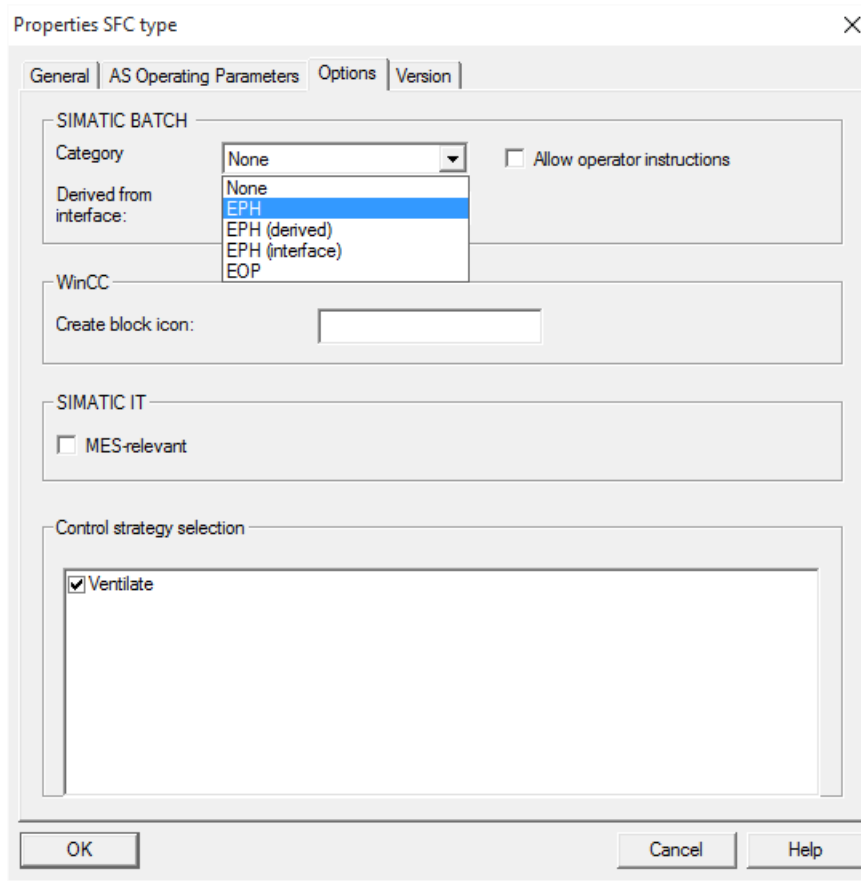
2. Set the start value "1" at parameter CS (control strategy).



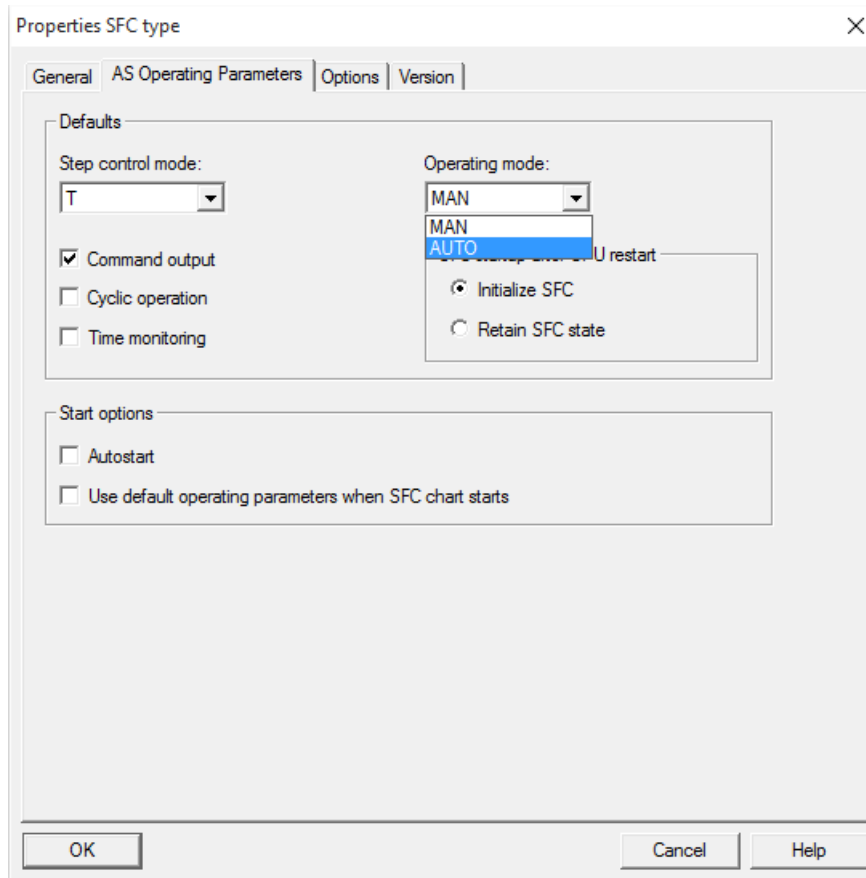
3. Select **SFC>Properties**. The "Properties SFC type" dialog box appears.

6.3 Creating sequencers

4. In the "Options" tab, under the "SIMATIC BATCH" area, click on the "category" drop-down list, and select "EPH".



5. Navigate to the "AS Operating Parameters" tab. Click on the "Operating mode:" drop-down list, and select "AUTO". Click "OK" to close the SFC editor.



Result

You have successfully created the "Ventilate" type with all the required configuration.

6.4 Expanding the Plant Hierarchy

Introduction

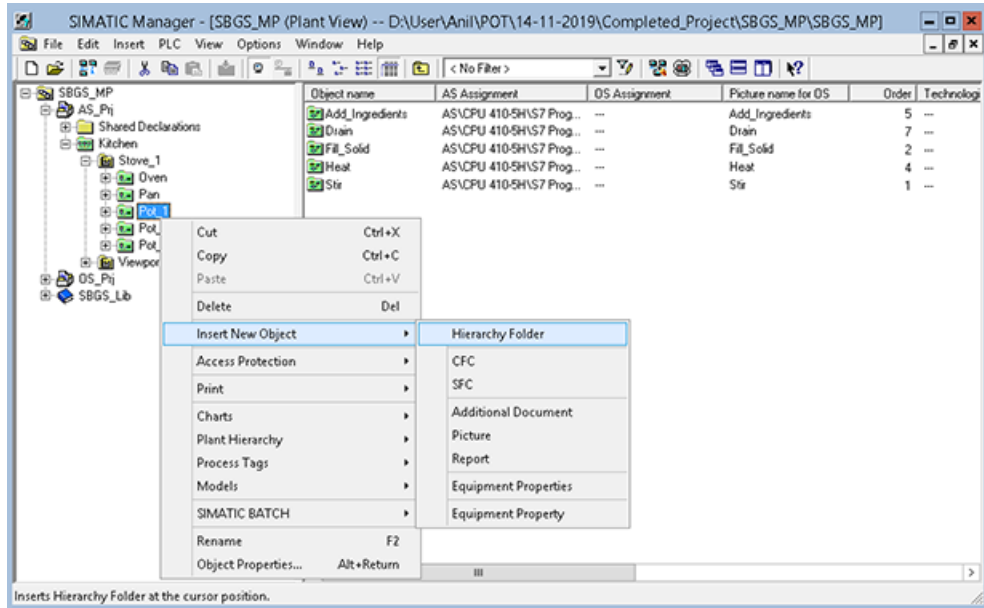
This chapter will guide you to expand the plant hierarchy.

Prerequisites

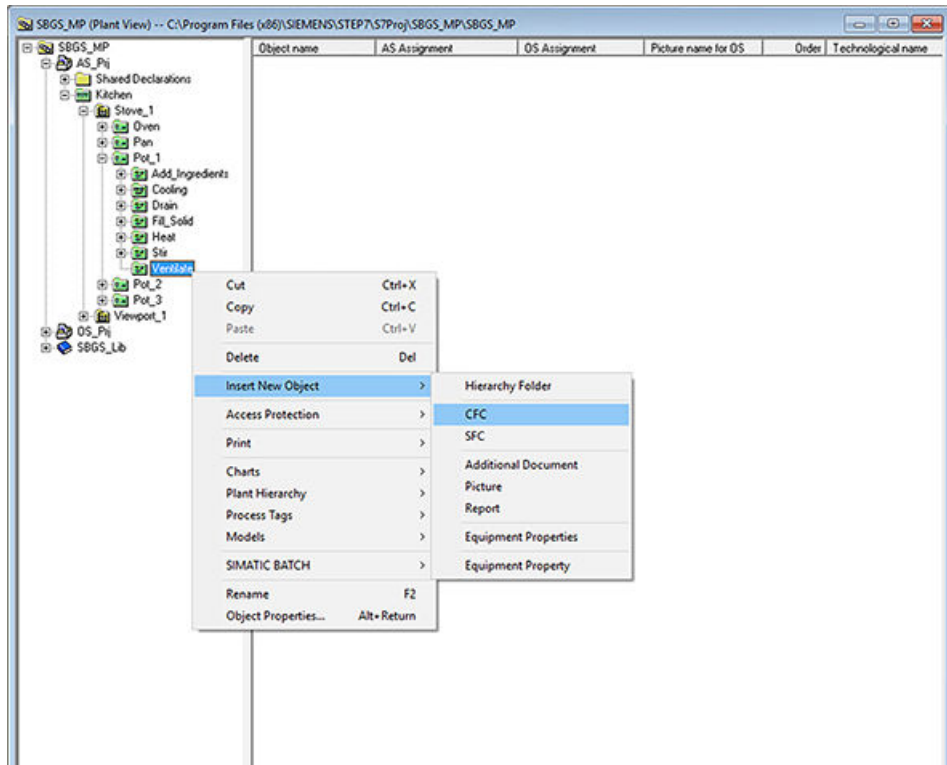
- The **SBGS_MP** project is open in SIMATIC Manager.
- **Plant View** is activated.

Procedure

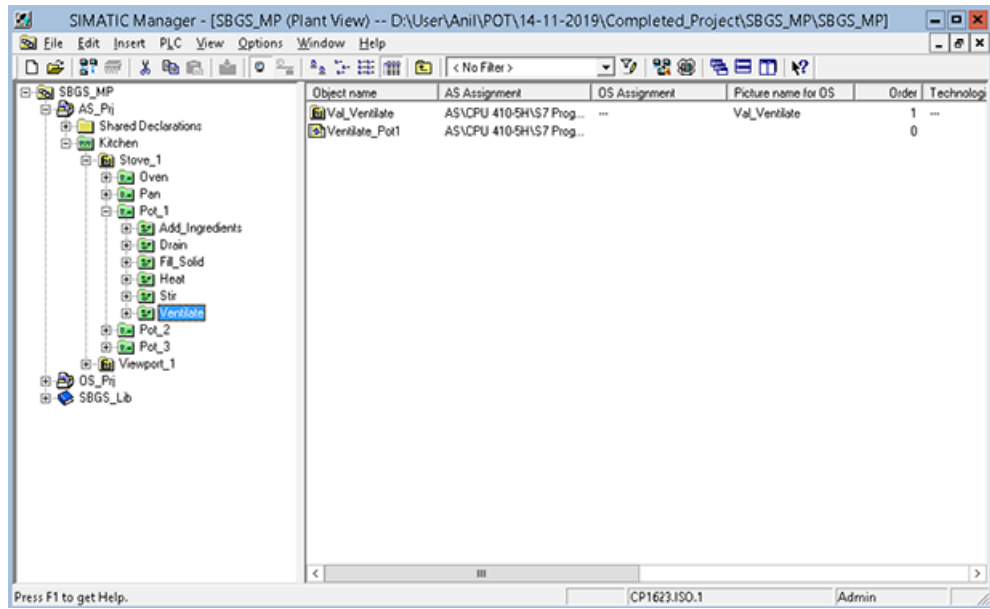
- 1. In the "SBGS_MP" window, right-click "Pot_1", and select Insert New Object>Hierarchy folder. A new hierarchy folder gets created. Rename it as "Ventilate".



- 2. Create a CFC chart in the "Ventilate" hierarchy folder. Rename it as "Ventilate_Pot1".

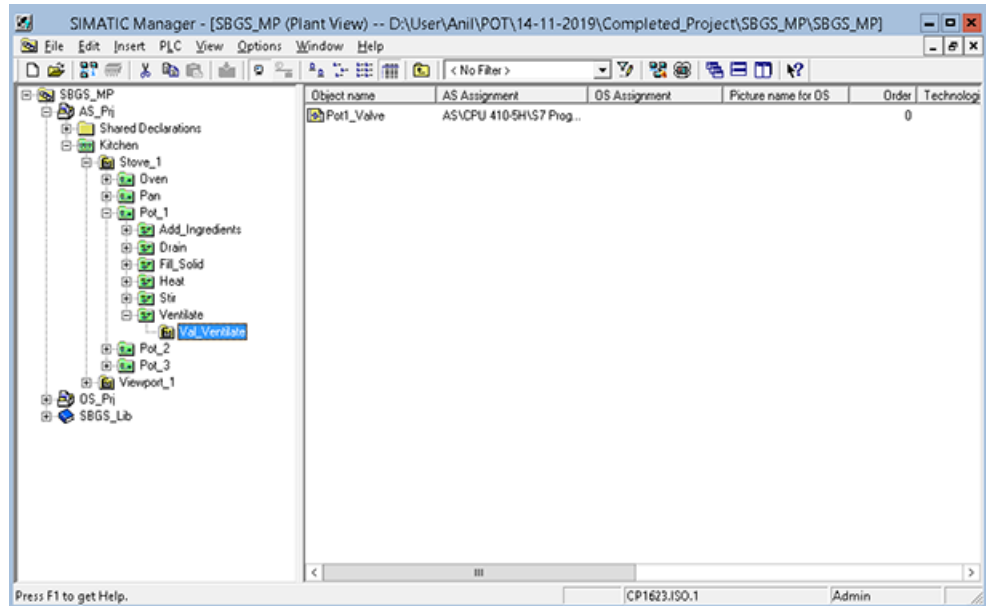


This "Ventilate_Pot1" chart is required for the instance of the SFC type. Now create a "Val_Ventilate" folder in the "Ventilate" folder as shown below.

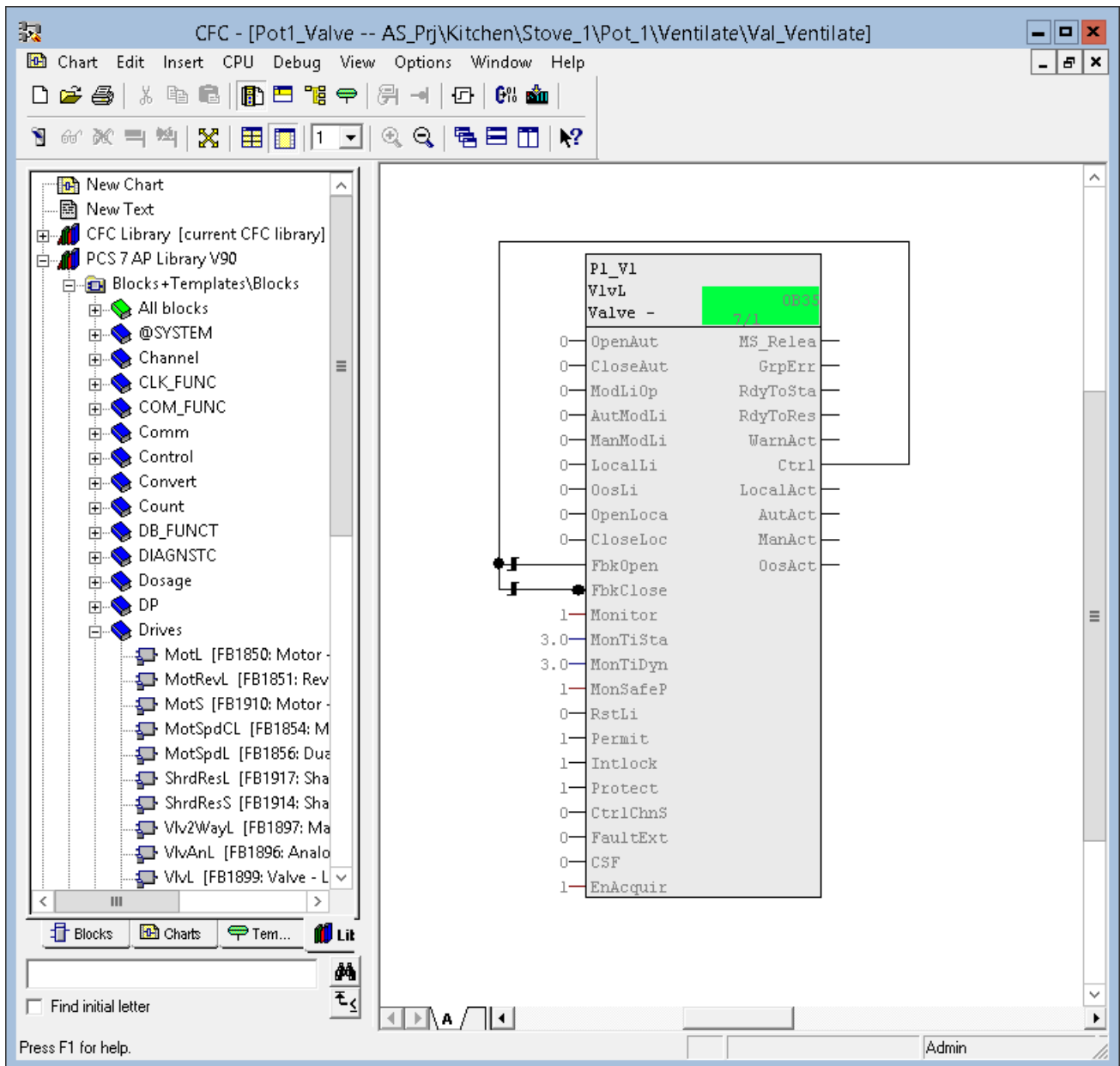


6.4 Expanding the Plant Hierarchy

- 3. Create the "Pot1_Valve" CFC chart in the "Val_Ventilate" subfolder. In this chart, you configure the valve required to ventilate Pot_1.



- 4. Open the "Pot1_Valve" chart. Place a Valve block (VlVL - FB 1899) with the name P1_V1. To simulate the feedback messages, interconnect the CTRL output with the FB_OPEN input and interconnect it inverted with the FB_CLOSE input (CTRL must first be made visible). The following screen is as shown below

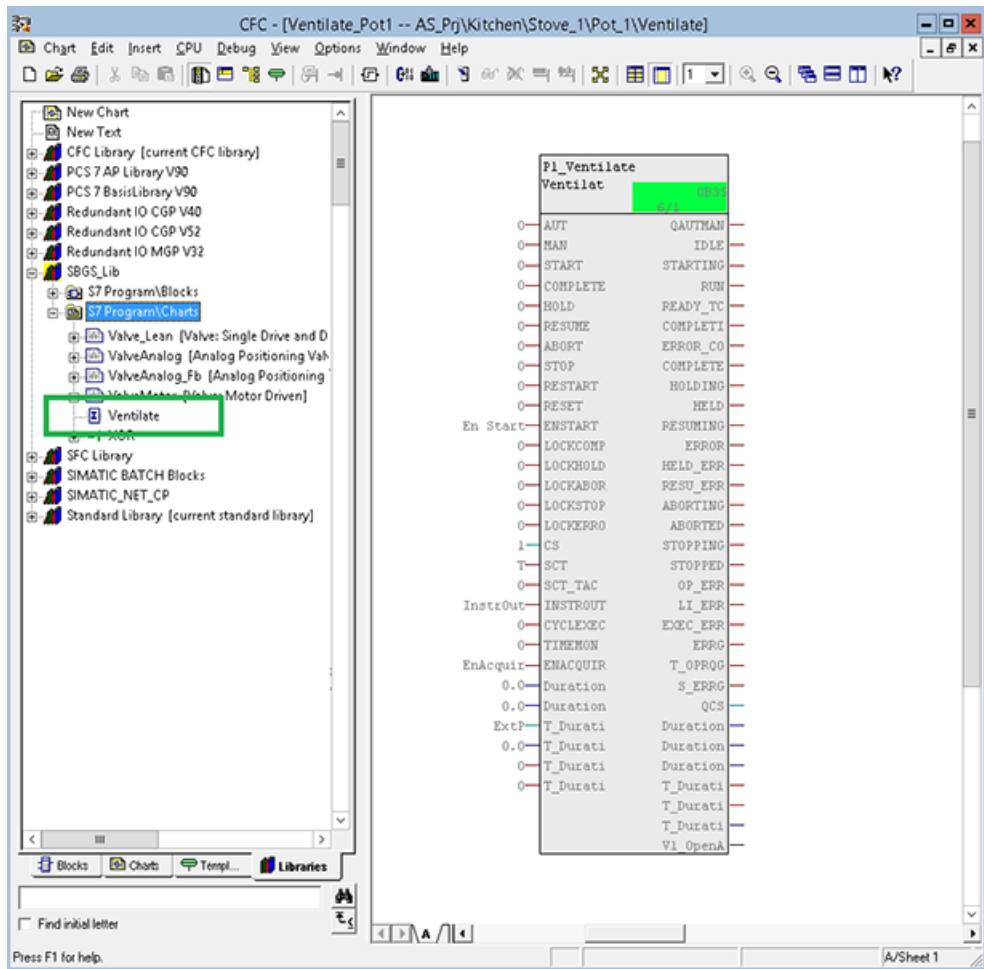



6.5 Instantiating the SFC Type "Ventilate" at Pot_1

Procedure

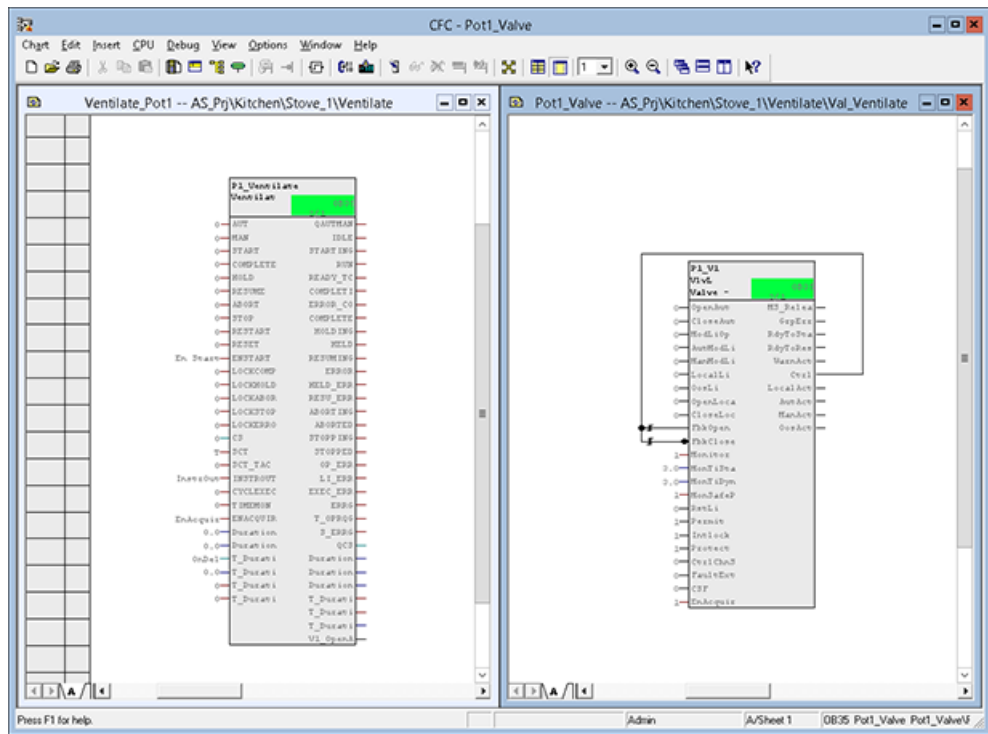
1. Open the chart "Ventilate_Pot1". You will find the previously created type "Ventilate" under "Libraries > SBGS_Lib > Charts > Ventilate". Place this block in a chart and name it as "P1_Ventilate".

You then have the following screen:



2. Now, open the "Pot1_Valve" chart as well and arrange the two windows side-by-side using the  icon as shown below.

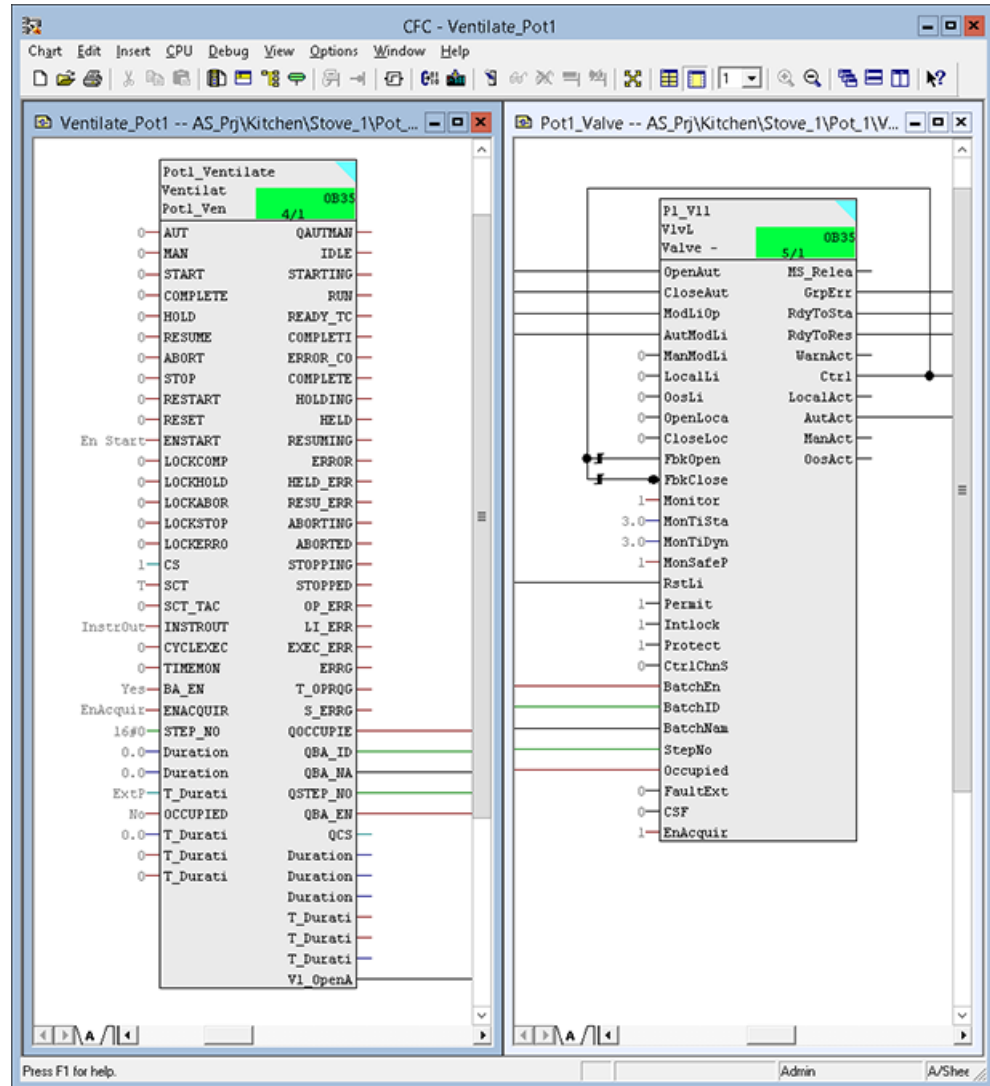
Creating an Equipment Phase Using SFC Type
6.5 Instantiating the SFC Type "Ventilate" at Pot_1



6.5 Instantiating the SFC Type "Ventilate" at Pot_1

3. The valve P1_V1 must now be interconnected to P1_Ventilate.
 - To do this, select the outputs V1_OpenAut and V1_CloseAut (must be set to visible) from P1_Ventilate and interconnect them with the associated valve inputs OpenAut and CloseAut of the P1_V1 valve. All the relevant interconnections to the valve are now created automatically (eight in total).
 - In order for all the batch-relevant information that SIMATIC BATCH writes to the block instance of "Ventilate" to actually arrive at the corresponding valve, the (five) batch-relevant outputs must be interconnected with the valve. First, the following parameters must be set to visible:
 - On the valve P1_V1: BatchEn, BatchID, BatchName, StepNo, OCCUPIED
 - On the "Ventilate" P1_Ventilate phase: QBA_EN, QBA_ID, QBA_NA, QSTEP_NO, QOCCUPIED
 - Interconnect the five outputs of P1_Ventilate (QBA_EN, QBA_ID, QBA_NA, QSTEP_NO, QOCCUPIED) to the inputs of the P1_V1 valve (BatchEn, BatchID, BatchName, STEP_NO, OCCUPIED).
 - Within the "P1_Ventilate" block, Interconnect the "T_Duration_PTIME" output with the "Duration_AI" input. This is important for display in the OS faceplate and for reading the process values by SIMATIC BATCH. The process value input on "P1_Ventilate" is called "Duration_AI" (Actual Value Input).

- Check the interconnection based on the following picture.

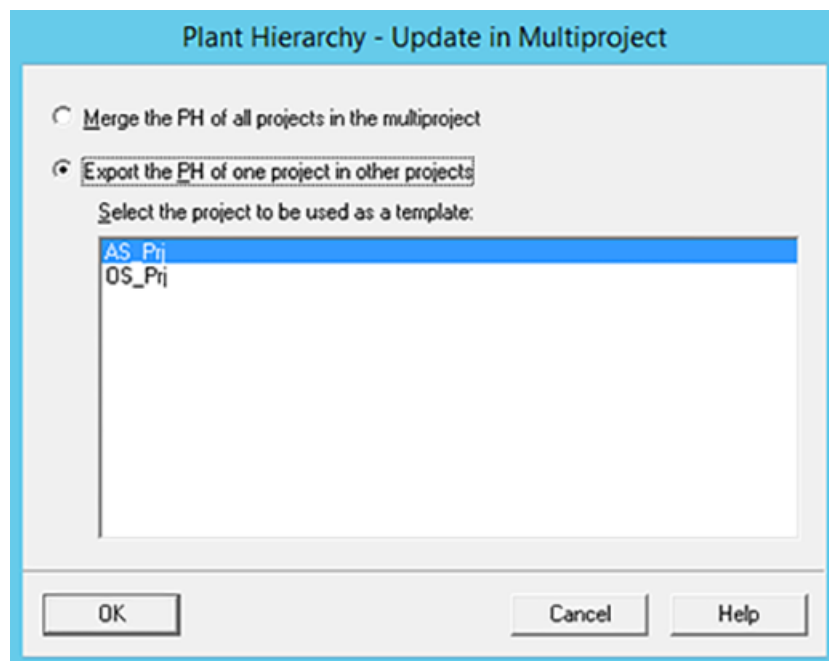
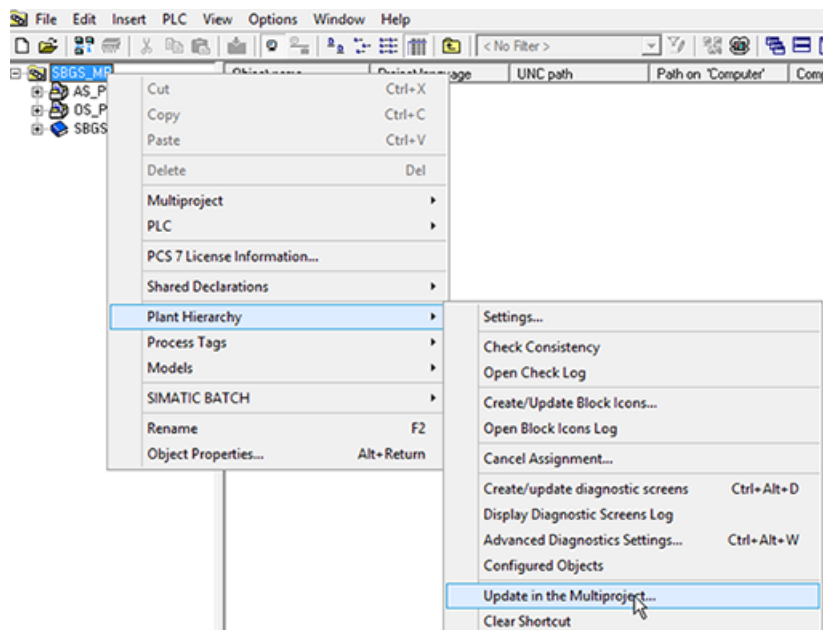


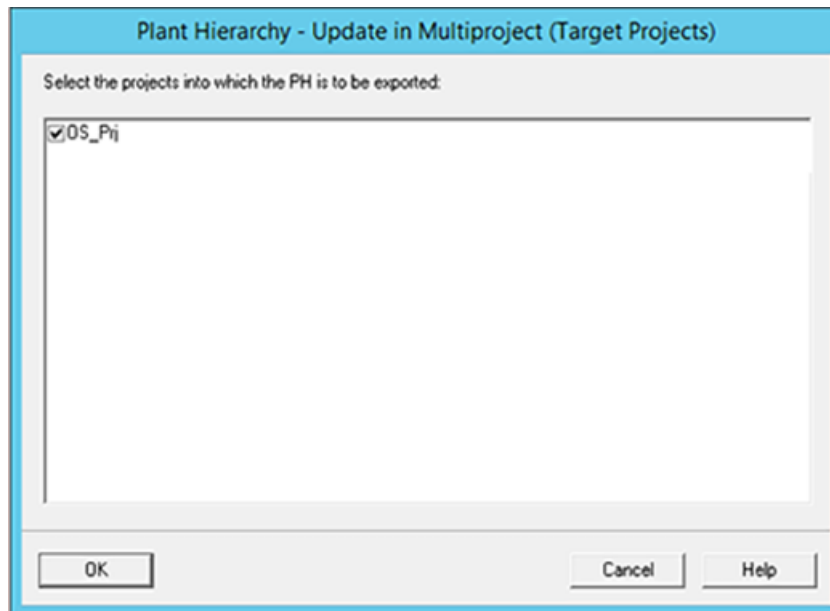
Note

Creating instances of the "Ventilate" SFC type at Pot_2 and 3:

The "Ventilate" equipment phase is also inserted at Pots 2 and 3. The procedure is the same as that for Pot 1. Start again with Chapter 6. Create a new "Ventilate" hierarchy folder under the Pot_X hierarchy folder. Insert the same equipment phase at Pots 2 and 3. Note that the "Ventilate" type is configured only once.

4. Export the plant hierarchy from AS to OS so that required tags/pictures/faceplates are updated, to do the same,
 In Plant view right click SBGS_MP > Plant Hierarchy > Update in the Multiproject, refer the following images:





6.6 Compiling and Downloading AS, OS, and Batch

Procedure

1. Compile the changes made to AS data in the CFC Editor and then download this data to PLCSIM using a "delta download".

Note

The Runtime OS must be deactivated.

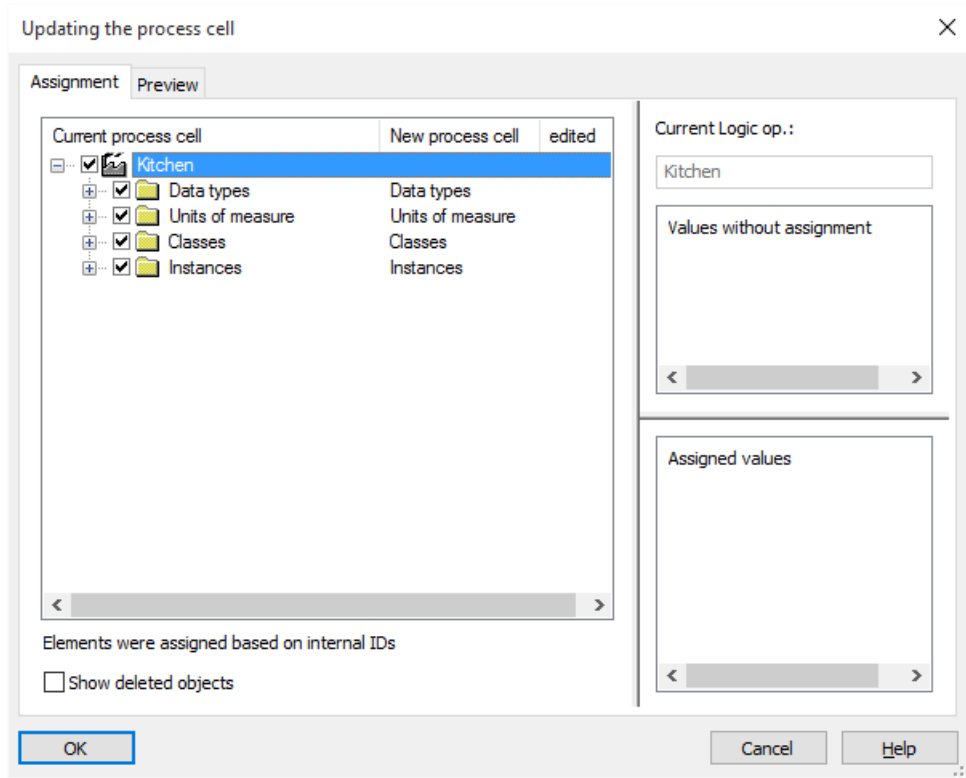
2. Then compile changes of the OS.
3. Open the Batch configuration dialog in the plant view in your project.
4. Select "Batch types". Generate, Propagate the Batch types, merge the Batch instances and download the process cell.

6.7 Expanding a Recipe

Procedure

To expand a recipe:


1. Start Runtime on the OS.
2. Start the Batch Control Center and right click "Kitchen > Update process cell". The "Updating the process cell" window appears. Now, click "OK"



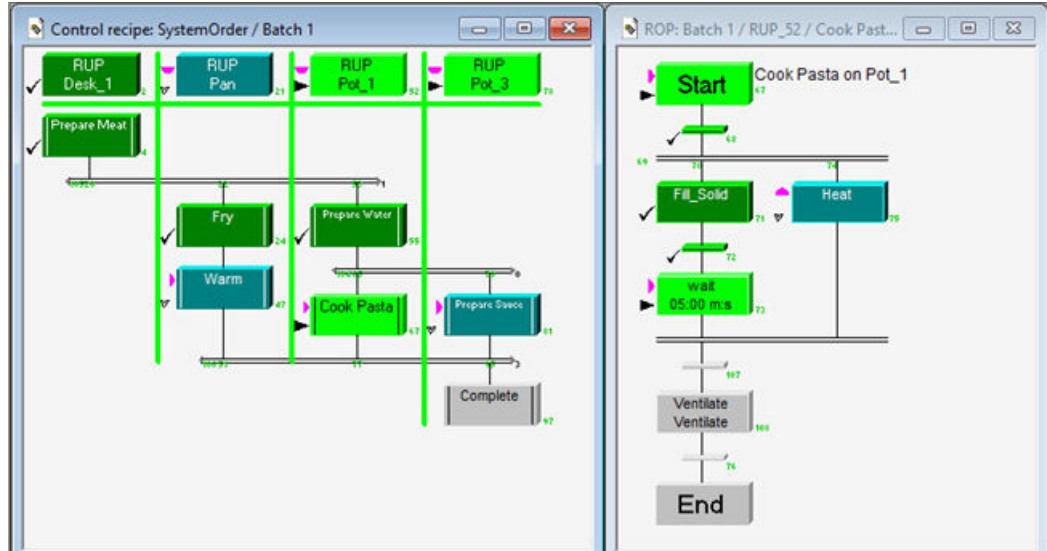
3. After you complete the update of Batch process cell data, the new "Ventilate" equipment phase you configured is available in the "Pot1" unit as a recipe function.
4. Open the "Template_Recipe_Getting_Started" master recipe and save it with the name "Recipe_Ventilate".

Note

If you cannot edit the recipe, activate the "Allow editing of recipes with "release revoked" status" in the Options - Project settings dialog box of Batch Control Center.

5. Open the recipe "Recipe_Ventilate".
6. Under "RUP Pot_1", open ROP "Cook Pasta".
7. Click "  " icon to add a new recipe phase after the simultaneous branch.
8. Double click on the "NOP".
9. "Properties of NOP.." appears.

10. In the "General" tab, click on the "Phase" drop-down list and select "Ventilate (EPH)".
11. Switch to "Parameters" tab, and enter "20" in the "Value" column. Click "OK".
12. Save and validate the recipe. Close the Recipe Editor.
13. Release the recipe for production. Create, release, and then run a basic batch with the "Recipe_Ventilate" recipe.



Creating an Equipment Phase using CMT, EMT & EPHT

7

7.1 Task definition and implementation concept for "Cooling"

Introduction

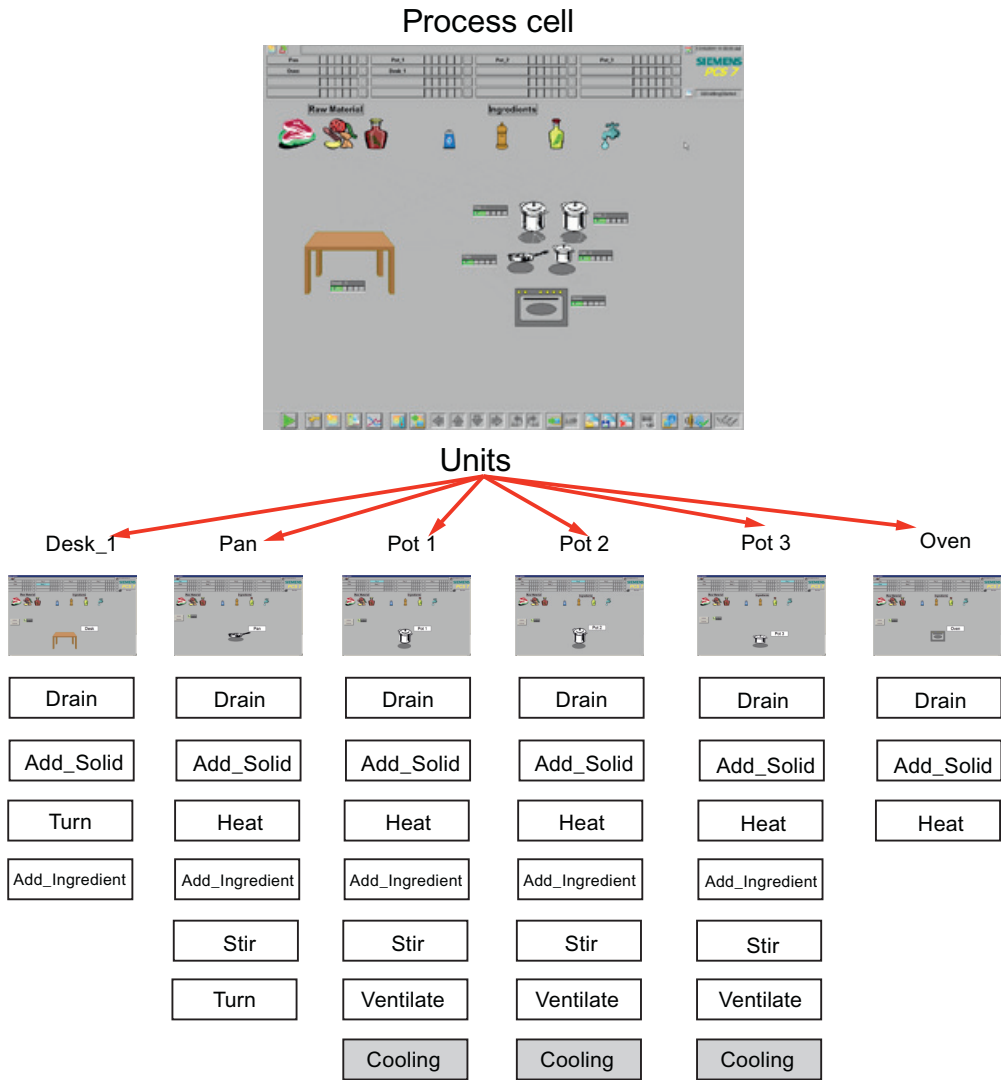
This section guides you to define and implement the tasks for the "Cooling" phase. In this application example, the technological engineering shall be used.

Procedure

An additional equipment phase is required for the existing three pots, so you need to add a "Cooling" equipment phase. Two cooling valves (Cooling Water Supply and Return valve) must be opened for a selectable time.

The same equipment phase "Cooling" shall be used for Pot 1-3.

7.1 Task definition and implementation concept for "Cooling"

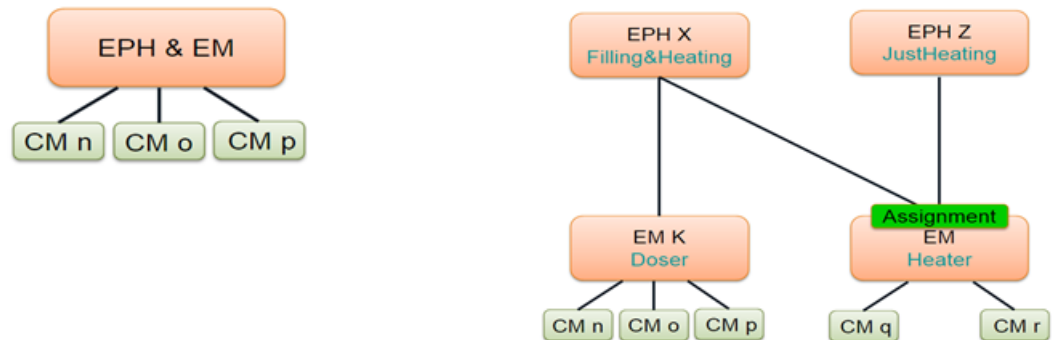


Overview of EPHT, EMT & CMT

Before PCS 7 Version 9.0, phase and equipment module logic was usually combined in one SFC Type.

The equipment phase (EPH) that is examined here in more detail forms the counterpart to a recipe phase. It is controlled directly by the recipe system and must therefore provide a compatible command/status model. This is ensured by the operating state logic of the SFC. The equipment phase controls the EM assigned to it in a coordinated manner. If you integrate one or more phases in an equipment module, this is designated in ISA-88 as "recipe aware". The

control strategies of an equipment module then correspond to the phases. This has been the approach implemented in SIMATIC BATCH for years.



Things possible from Beginning of PCS 7 Version 9.0:

- Separation of Equipment Phase (EPH) and Equipment Module (EM) logic
- Control of several EMs by one EPH
- Use of one EM through multiple EPHs
- Integrated EM allocation logic (Assignment)

In this use case, the Type-Instance-Concept shall be used, starting with the Control Module Type (CMT) in the master data library, followed by the Equipment Module Type (EMT) and Equipment Phase Type (EPHT).

7.2 Creating Control Module Type in Master Data Library

Overview

Two valves are needed for the “Cooling” phase, which shall be instances of the same valve CMT, so the creation of a Valve CMT will be explained in this Chapter.

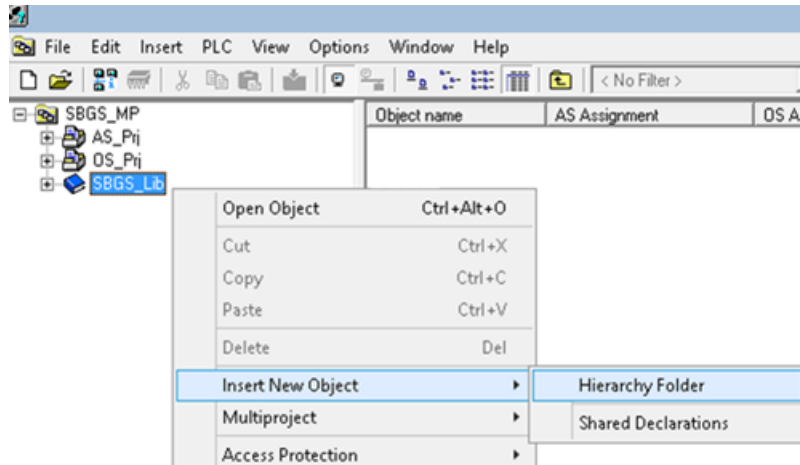
Prerequisite

- Plant view is activated.

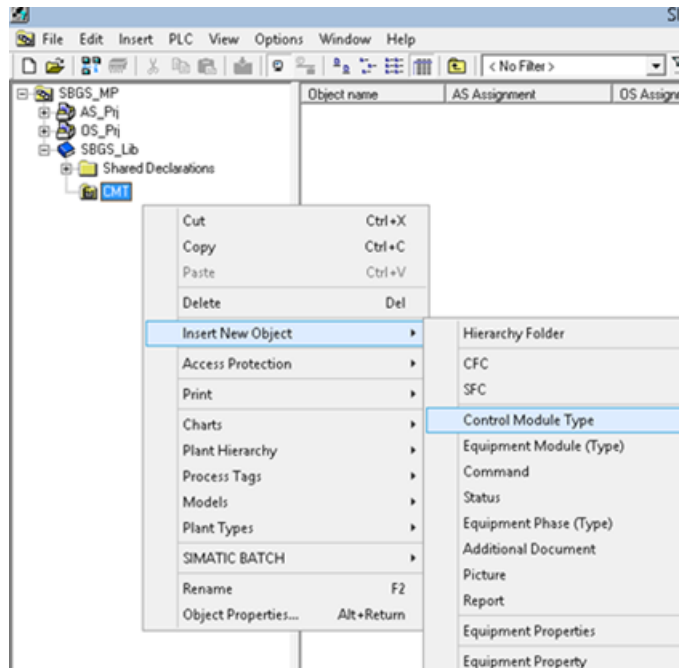
Procedure

Creation of a new Control Module Type (CMT):

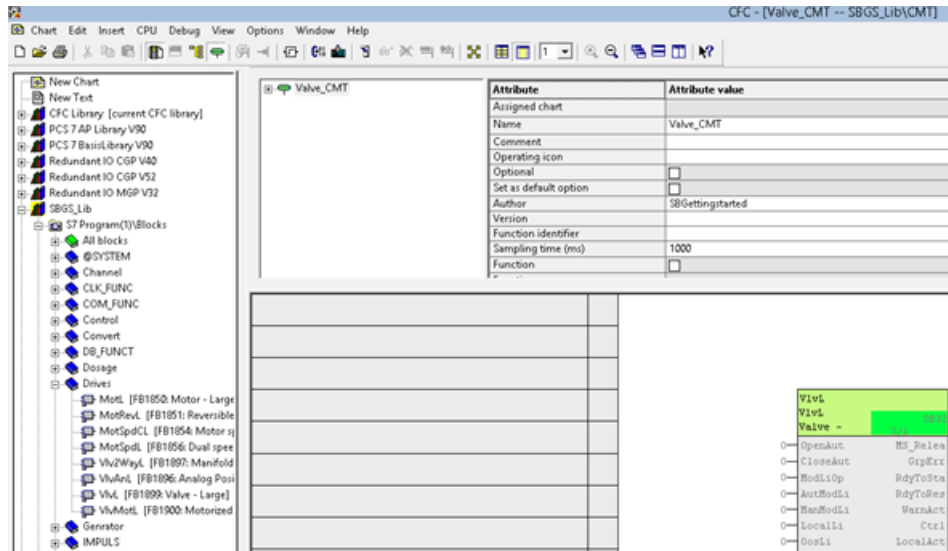
1. Open your edited BATCH Getting Started project "SBGS_MP" in "SIMATIC Manager".
2. Right-click the "SBGS_Lib" Master Data Library and select **Insert New Object > Hierarchy Folder**. A new folder "Process cell (...)" is created.



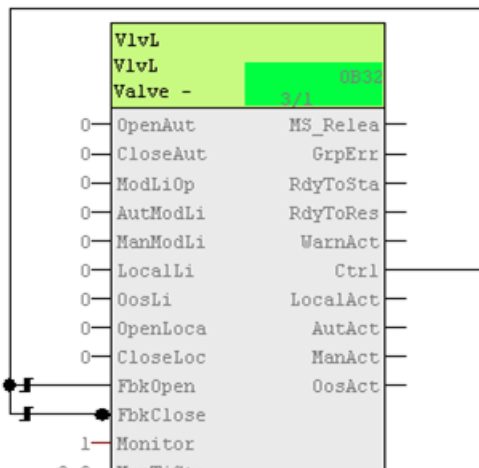
3. Rename the "Process cell (...)" folder to "CMT".
4. Right-click the "CMT" in Master Data Library and select **Insert New Object > Control Module Type**. The "CM" CMT is created; rename the "CM" to "Valve_CMT".



- Open the CMT "Valve_CMT", insert the "VlvL" block from the "SBGS_Lib" library and rename it to "VlvL".



- Interconnect output "Ctrl" with inputs "FbkOpen" and "FbkClose", then invert "FbkClose".



Note

To simplify the configuration, we do not use driver blocks in this example.

7. Drag & drop the valve block "VlvL" on top of Valve_CMT.

Attribute	Attribute value	Assignment
Assigned chart		Valve_CMT
Name	Valve_CMT	Valve_CMT
Comment		
Operating icon		
Optional	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Set as default option	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Author	SBGettingstarted	
Version		
Function identifier		
Sampling time (ms)	1000	
Function	<input type="checkbox"/>	

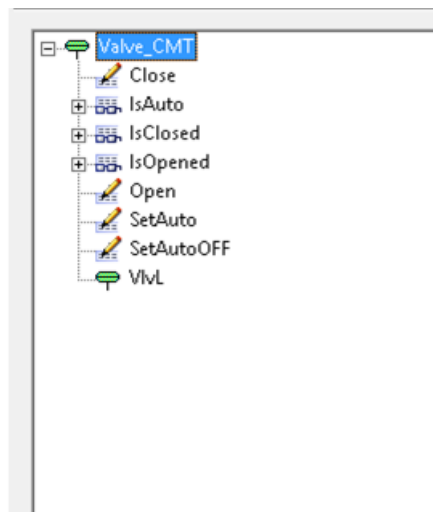
Valve Block	Function
VlvL	HS_Peies
VlvL	GrpErr
Value -	RdyToSta
	RdyToRea
	WarnAct
	Ctrl
	LocalAct
	AutAct
	ManAct
	OpsAct
	FbkOpen
	FbkClose

8. Right Click on CMT "Valve_CMT" and insert commands and status, rename the same in the name field according to the following table (we need four commands and three status).
 Command:

Command Name	Description
SetAuto	Set Valve to Auto Mode
SetAutoOFF	Switch Off Auto Mode
Open	Open the Valve
Close	Close the Valve

Status:

Status Name	Description
Is Auto	Is Valve in Auto mode?
Is Opened	Is Valve Opened?
Is Closed	Is Valve Closed?



- 9. This example will show how to write the logic to set the valve to Auto mode:
 - Select the Command "SetAuto", select "Properties" from the context menu.
 - Select 1st row in Processing tab, click on Browse and select "ModLiOp.Value", then press Apply and Close and enter "1".
 - Select 2nd row and Click on Browse and select "AutModLi.Value", then press Apply and Close and enter "1".

	Initialization	Processing	Termination
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AutModLi.Value	:= TRUE
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ModLiOp.Value	:= TRUE
3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
6	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=

Close Apply Browse... Help

10. Add the remaining commands in Processing tab according to the following table:

Command	Command Logic
SetAutoOFF	AutModLi.Value=0 ModLiOp.Value=0
Open	OpenAut.Value=1 CloseAut.Value=0
Close	OpenAut.Value=0 CloseAut.Value=1

Implement the remaining commands "SetAutoOFF", "Open" and "Close" according to the following image:

SetAutoOFF:

	Initialization	Processing	Termination
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AutModLi.Value	:= FALSE
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ModLiOp.Value	:= FALSE
3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
6	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=

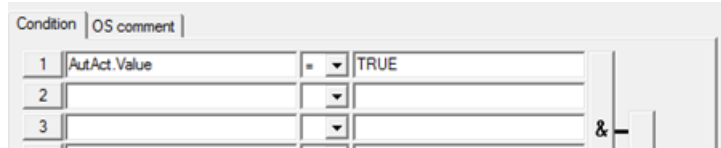
Open:

	Initialization	Processing	Termination
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	OpenAut.Value	:= TRUE
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CloseAut.Value	:= FALSE
3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=

Close:

	Initialization	Processing	Termination
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	OpenAut.Value	:= FALSE
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CloseAut.Value	:= TRUE
3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=
5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		:=

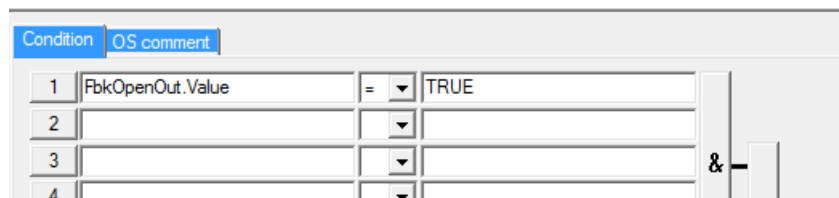
11. Write the logics to get the status of the valve block. This example will show how to get the auto mode status of the valve (Is Valve in Auto Mode?).
 - Select status "IsAuto", select "Properties" from the context menu
 - Select 1st row in "Condition" tab
 - Click on Browse and select "AutAct.Value", then press Apply and Close and enter "1"



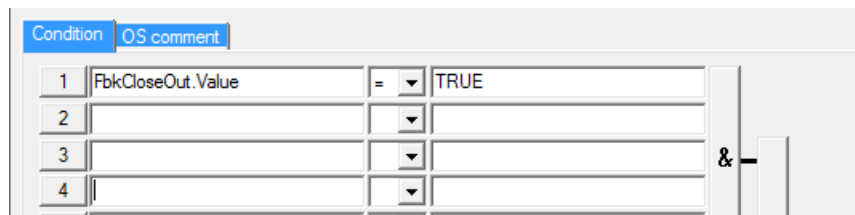
12. Add the remaining statuses in the "Condition" tab according to the following table:

Status Name	Status Logic
Is Opened	FbkOpenOut.Value = 1
Is Closed	FbkCloseOut.Value = 1

Is Opened:



Is Closed:



13. Click Valve_CMT and then change the Sampling time to 1000 ms:

Attribute	Attribute value
Assigned chart	
Name	Valve_CMT
Comment	
Operating icon	
Optional	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set as default option	<input type="checkbox"/>
Author	SBGettingstarted
Version	
Function identifier	
Sampling time (ms)	1000
Function	<input type="checkbox"/>
Function name	
Basic requirement	<input type="checkbox"/>
Type	Valve_CMT

Configuration of CMT is completed.

7.3 Creating Equipment Module Type in Master Data Library

Overview

For implementation of the Cooler equipment, we will create an Equipment Module Type (EMT) "Cooler_EMT" in this chapter.

Prerequisite

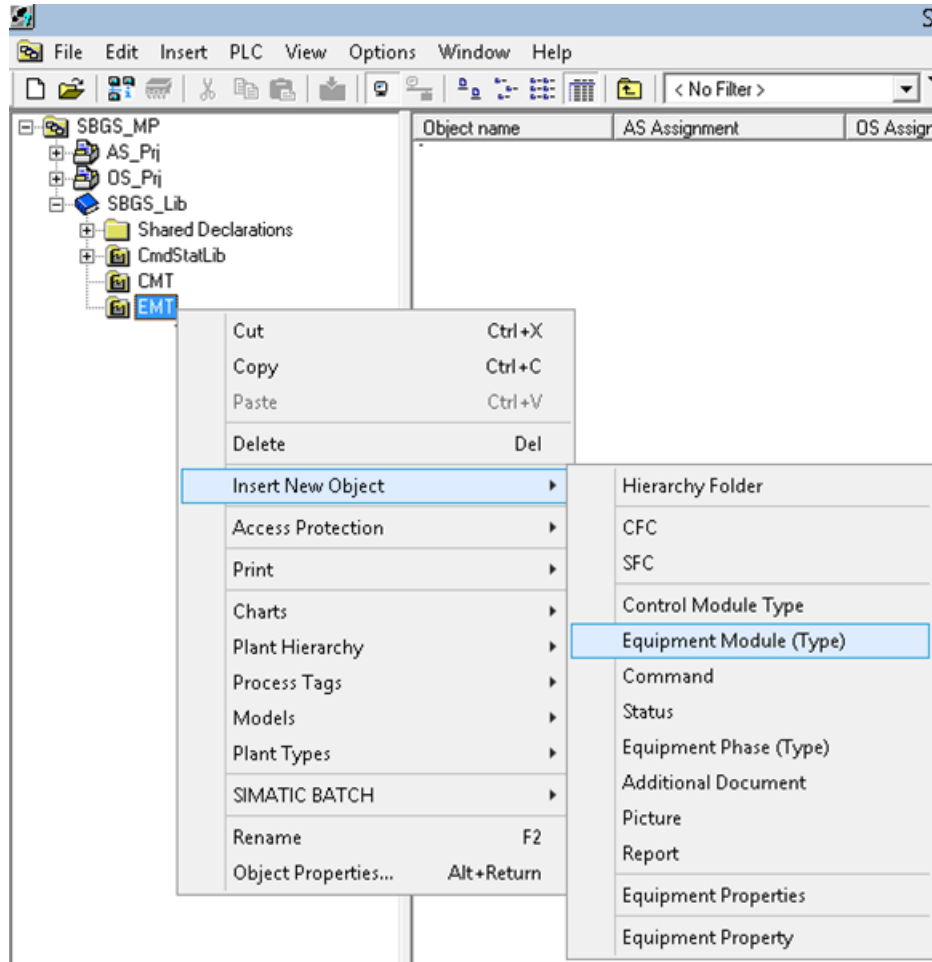
- Plant view is activated.

Procedure

To create a new Equipment Module Type (EMT):

1. Open your edited BATCH Getting Started project "SBGS_MP" in "SIMATIC Manager".
2. Right-click the "SBGS_Lib" Master Data Library and select **Insert New Object > Hierarchy Folder**. The "Process cell(...)" folder is created.
3. Rename the "Process cell(...)" to EMT.

- Right-click the "EMT" in Master Data Library and select **Insert New Object >Equipment Module (Type)**. The "EM" EMT is created; rename the "EM" to "Cooler_EMT".

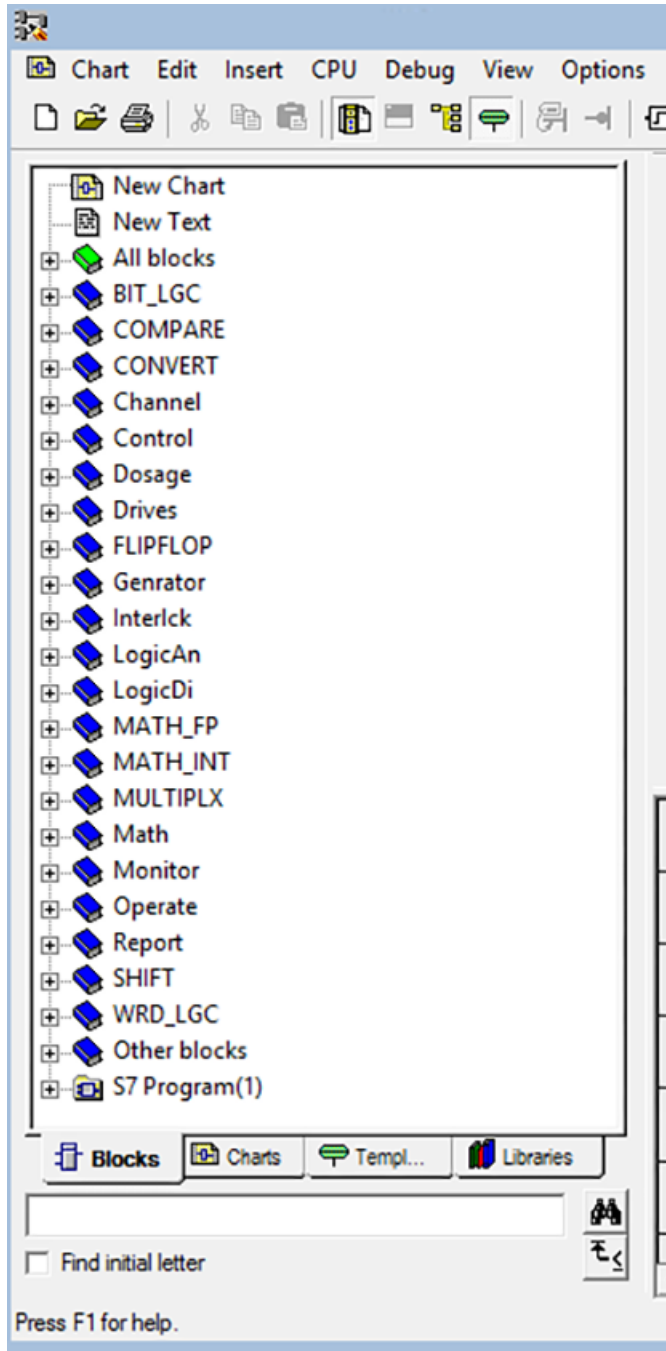


- Open the EMT "Cooler_EMT", Rename the EMT Block to "Cooler_EMT". This name will be visible on your OS.
To change the EMT Block name, select the block right click select Object properties; enter "Cooler_EMT" into the name field.

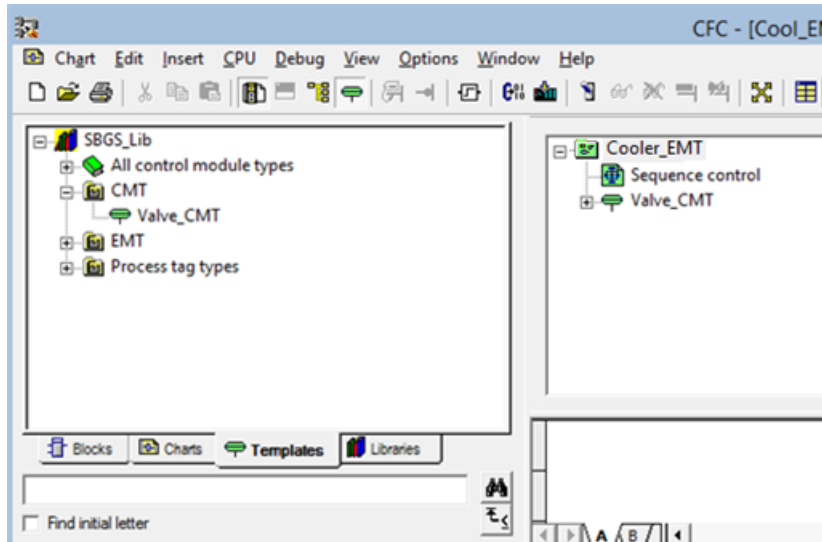
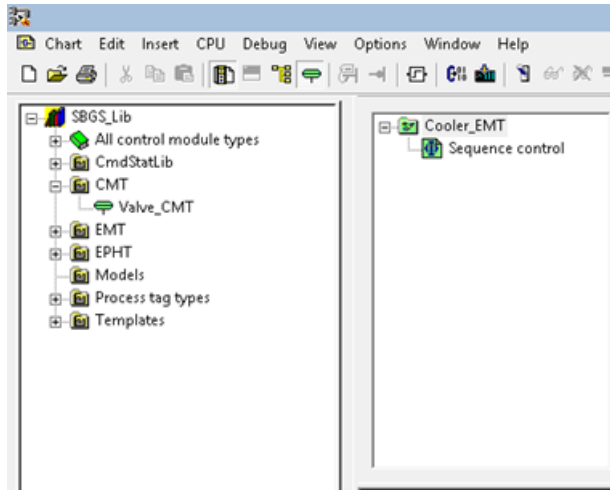
6. Set Sampling time to 1000 ms.

Attribute	Attribute value	Assignment
Assigned chart		Cooler_EMT
Name	Cooler_EMT	Cooler_EMT
Comment		
Author	SBGettingstarted	
Version		
Function identifier		
Sampling time (ms)	1000	
Type	Cooler_EMT	

- 7. To add configured CMTs into an EMT, there is a new tab named "Templates" under catalogue as shown below:



8. Drag & drop "Valve_CMT" from catalogue "Templates" tab on top of "Cooler_EMT":



7.3 Creating Equipment Module Type in Master Data Library

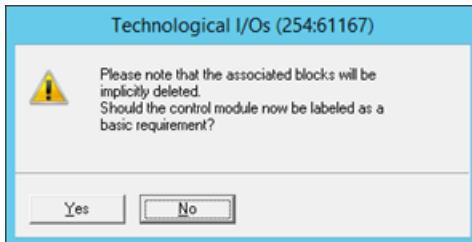
- 9. When CMT is moved into the EMT, a copy of the CMT Blocks is stored within the chart of the EMT.

Because this is not desired, the CMT must be declared as a "Basic requirement". To do this, you set the "Basic requirement" property of the CMT.

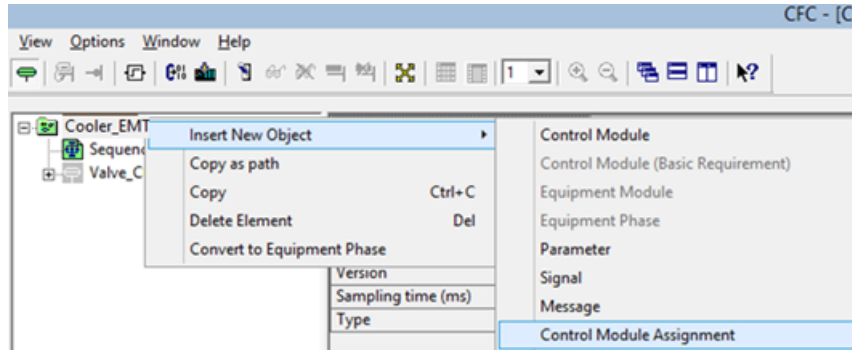
The screenshot shows the SIMATIC Manager interface. On the left, a tree view displays the hierarchy: 'Cooler_EMT' containing 'Sequence control' and 'Valve_CMT'. On the right, the 'Valve_CMT' block properties are displayed in a table:

Attribute	Attribute value	A:
Assigned block		
Name	Valve_CMT	
Comment		
Role(s)	EMT\\Cooler_EMT\CWSupVlv EMT\\Cooler_EMT\CWRetVlv	
Operating icon		
Optional	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Set as default option	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Author	SBGettingstarted	
Version		
Function identifier		
Function	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Function name		
Basic requirement	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Type	Valve_CMT	
Support type instance behavior	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Then following prompt appears click Yes & refresh the Sheet (Press F5):

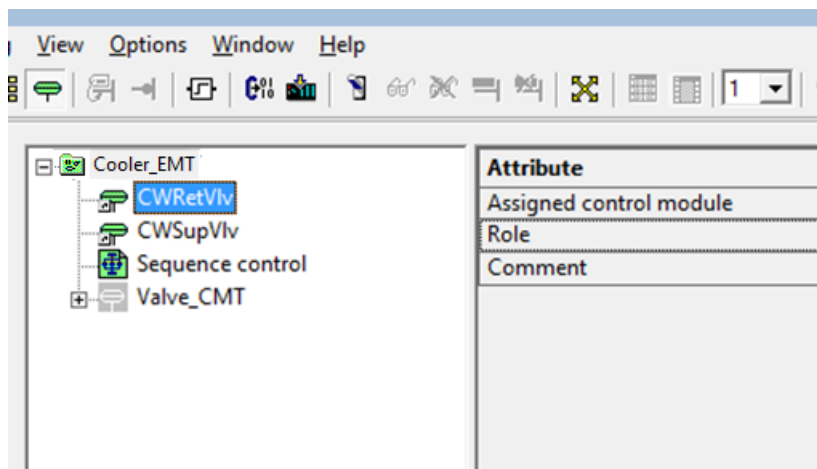


10. Insert two "Control Module Assignment"-roles to the EMT since we need two valves for our equipment module type:
 Select "Insert New Object > Control Module Assignment" from the context menu of EMT "Cooler_EMT".

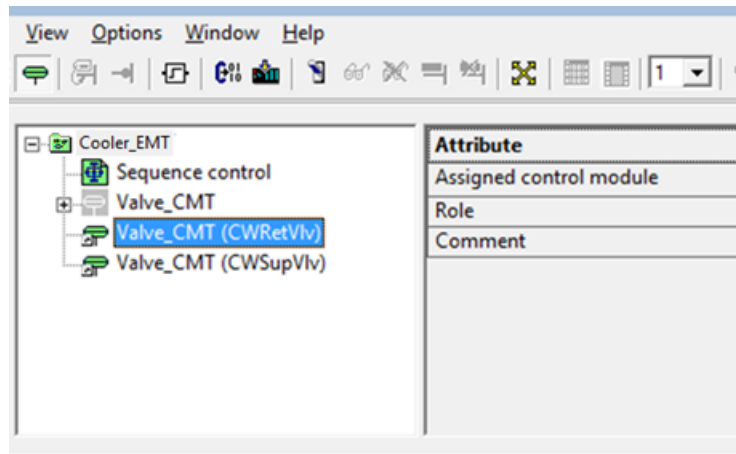


Rename the Control Module Assignment "Role" according to following table:

Role	Description
CWSupVlv	Cooling Water Supply Valve
CWRetVlv	Cooling Water Return Valve

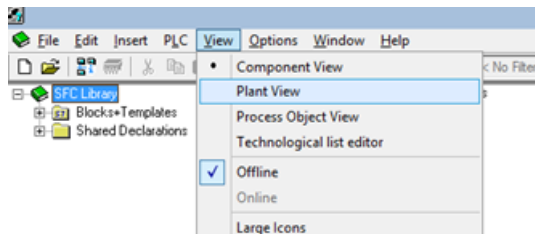
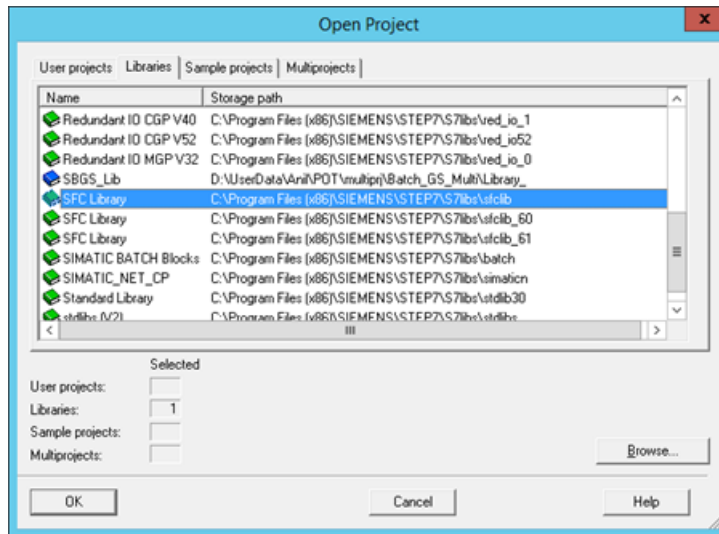


11. Assign the Valve_CMT to the role "CWSupVlv ", "CWRetVlv ": Select Roles "CWSupVlv" and "CWRetVlv" and Drag and drop it to "Valve_CMT".



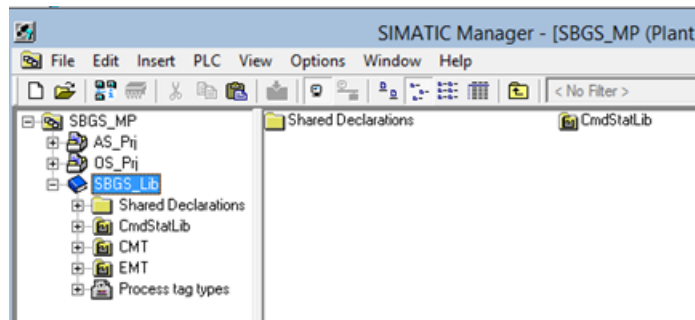
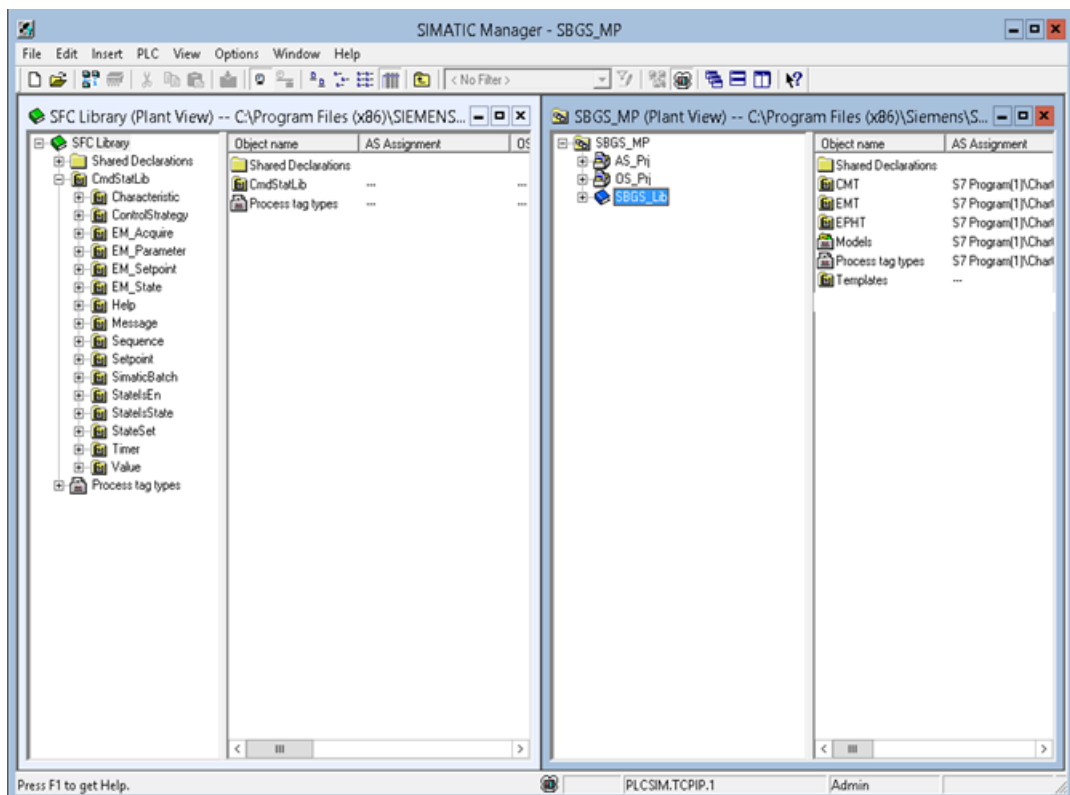
12. Internal commands for controlling the SFC are not permanently coded in the program package but instead they are implemented as part of the SFC library. In this way, Commands can be modified, and new commands can be created.

In order to add the prepared commands to the Master Data Library (MDL), open SFC library and change the view to plant view and copy the complete "CmdStatlib" folder to MDL folder.



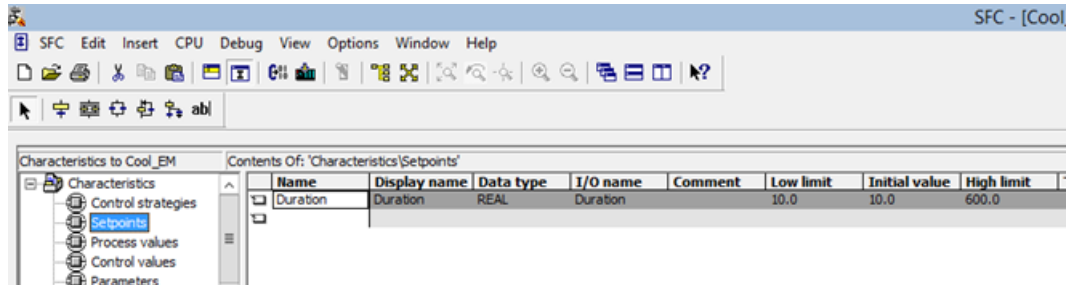
Creating an Equipment Phase using CMT, EMT & EPHT

7.3 Creating Equipment Module Type in Master Data Library

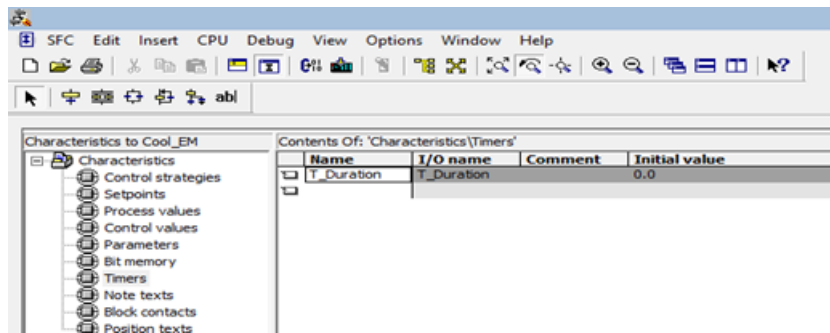


13. Open the EMT "Cooler_EMT" from MDL, right click on the EMT block and select "Open SFC Type" to add a Set point and a Timer.
In order to add Set point, click on View > Characteristics > Setpoints, enter the name and other parameters according to the following table:

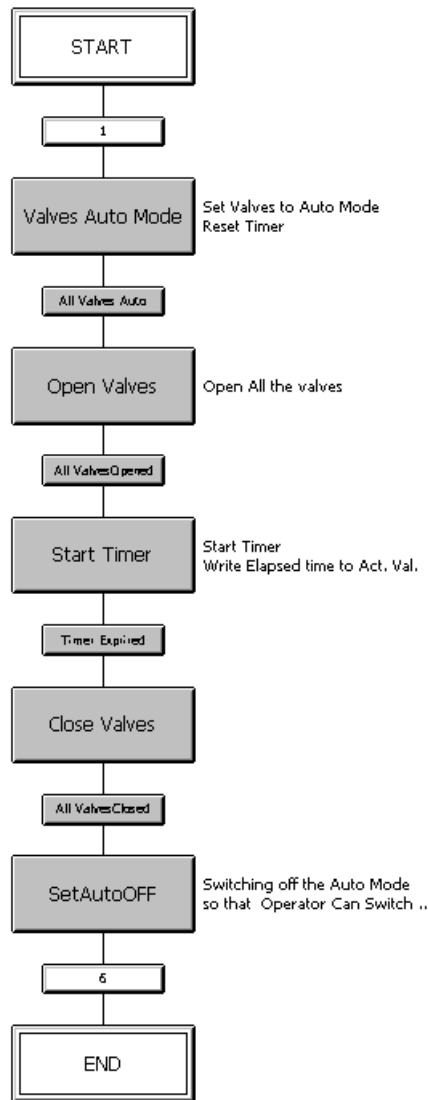
Name	Data Type	Initial Value	Low Limit	High limit
Duration	Real	10.0	10.0	600.0



In order to add Timer in Characteristics view, click on Timers and enter the name "T_Duration"



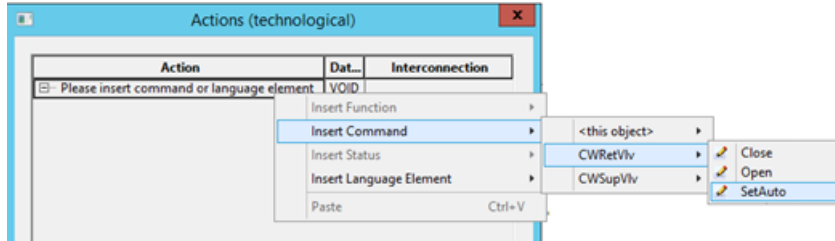
14. Insert the Steps in SFC Type and rename the steps and transitions according to the following Image:



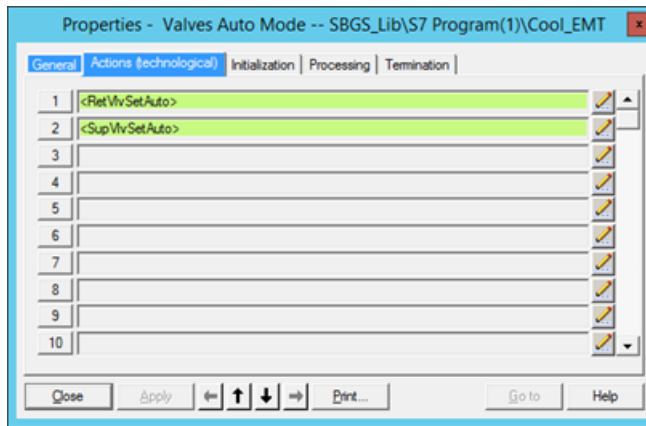
15. Now Insert the commands which have been created in CMT "Valve_CMT" into Action Table of Steps. Example:

7.3 Creating Equipment Module Type in Master Data Library

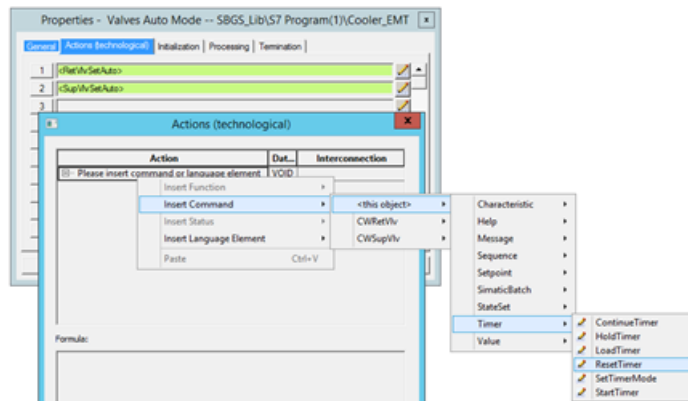
- Step 1: "Valves Auto Mode"
To set valves into Auto mode, double click on step "Valves Auto Mode"; change to "Actions (technological)" tab, then click on the pencil symbol of the 1st row. Right Click on Actions > Insert Commands > CWRetVlv > "SetAuto".

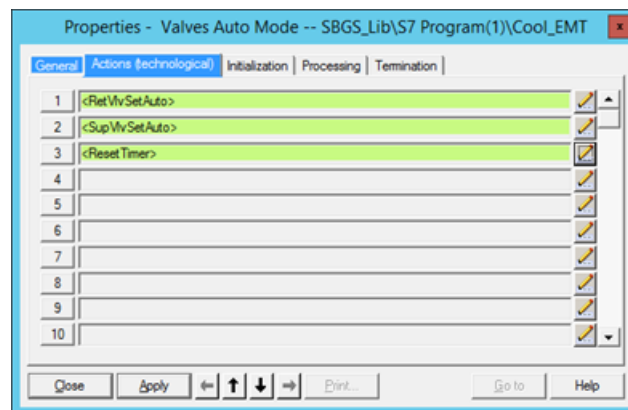
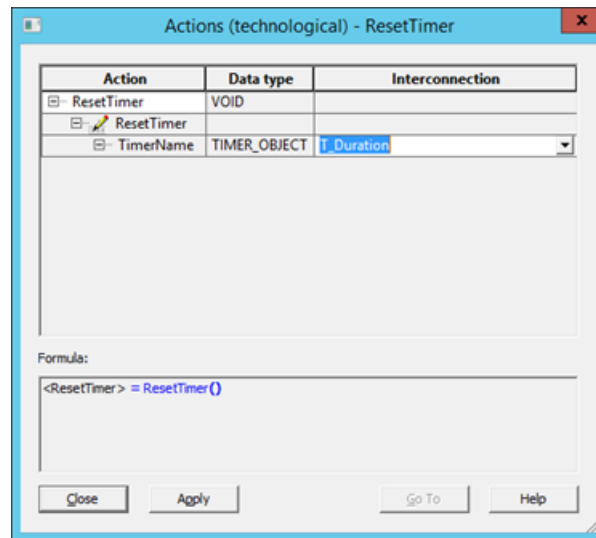


Similarly, set the 2nd valve into Auto mode: Click on pencil symbol on row number 2 > right click on Actions > Insert Commands > CWSupVlv > "Set Auto". Then click Apply > Close.:



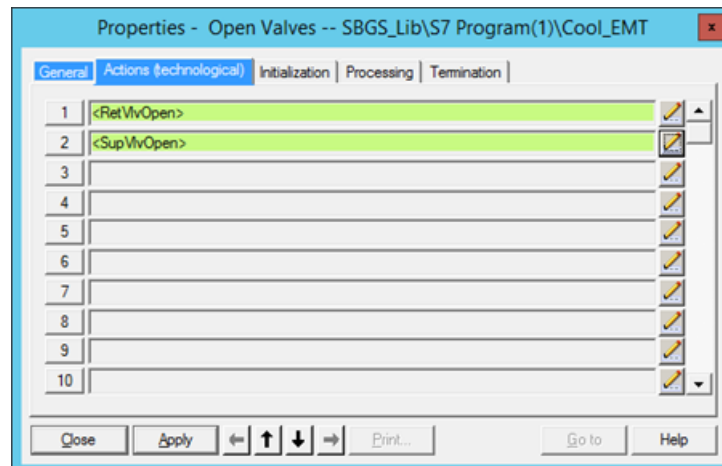
Similarly reset the Timer:
Click on pencil symbol on row number 3 > right click on Actions > Insert Commands > <this object> > Timer > ResetTimer, select Timer object "T_Duration" from dropdown list > Click Apply > Close.





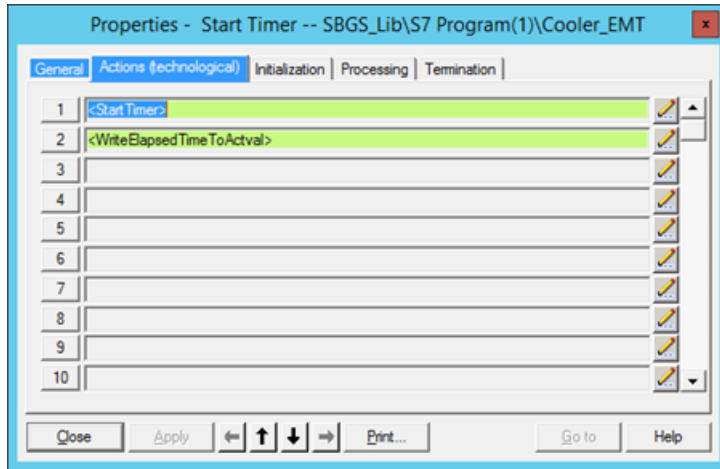
Complete all the steps as shown in the following pictures

- Step 2: "Open Valves".



7.3 Creating Equipment Module Type in Master Data Library

- Step 3: "Start Timer": In this step Timer needs to be started. While timer is running, write the actual time to EMT output (later referenced by the calling EPHT).



Characteristics to Cooler_EMT Contents Of: 'Characteristics/Setpoints'

Name	Display name	Data type	I/O name	Comment	Low limit	Initial value	High limit	Text length	Precision
Duration	Duration	REAL	Duration		10.0	10.0	600.0		2

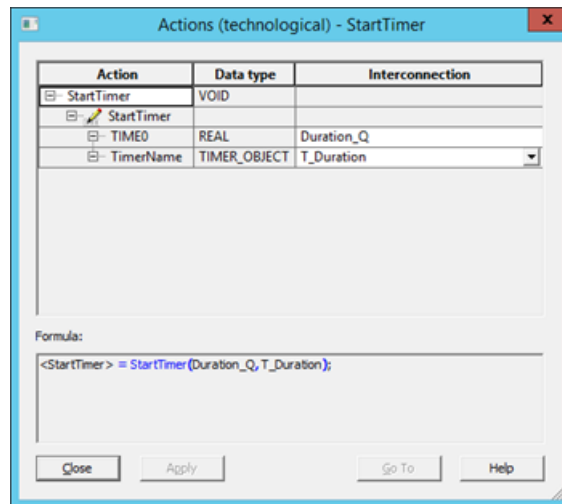
Properties - Start Timer -- SBGS_Lib\S7 Program(1)\Cooler_EMT

Actions (technological) - StartTimer

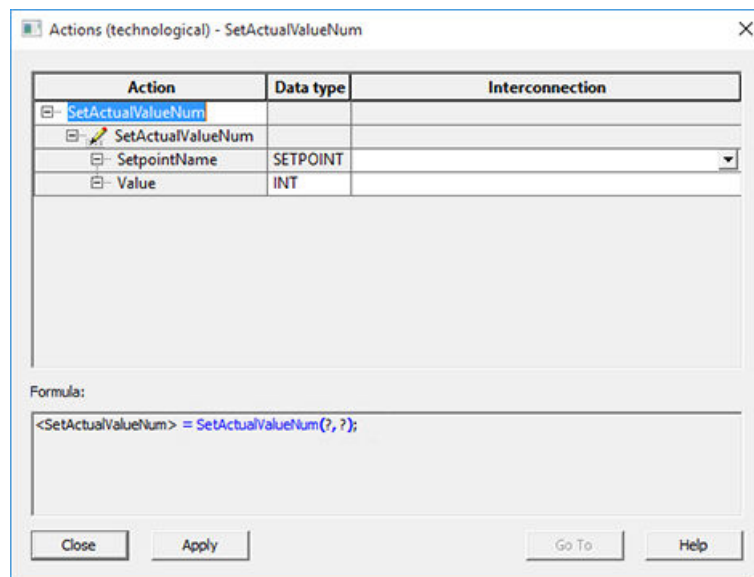
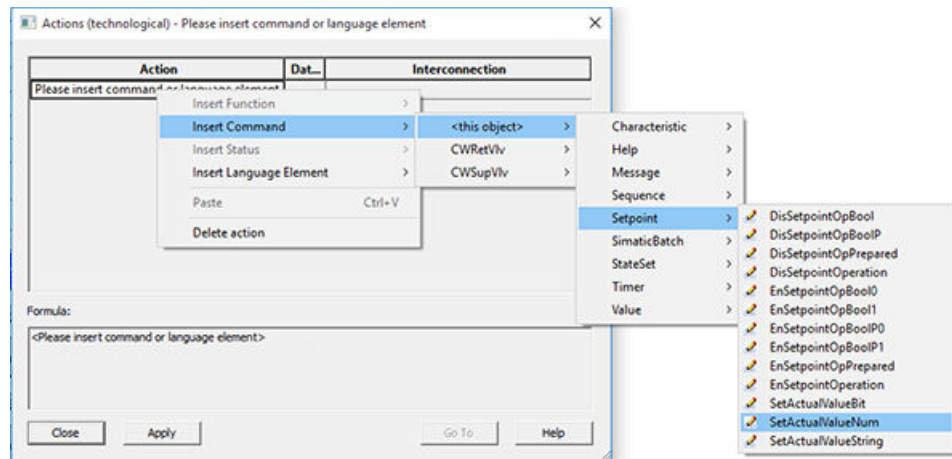
Action	Data type	Interconnection
StartTimer	VOID	
StartTimer	REAL	
TIME0	REAL	
TimerName	TIMER_OBJECT	T_Duration

Select Connection

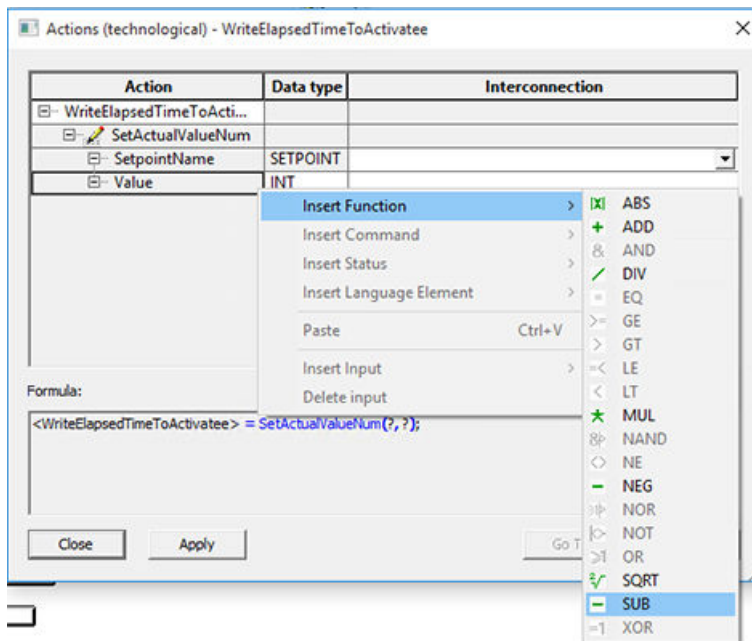
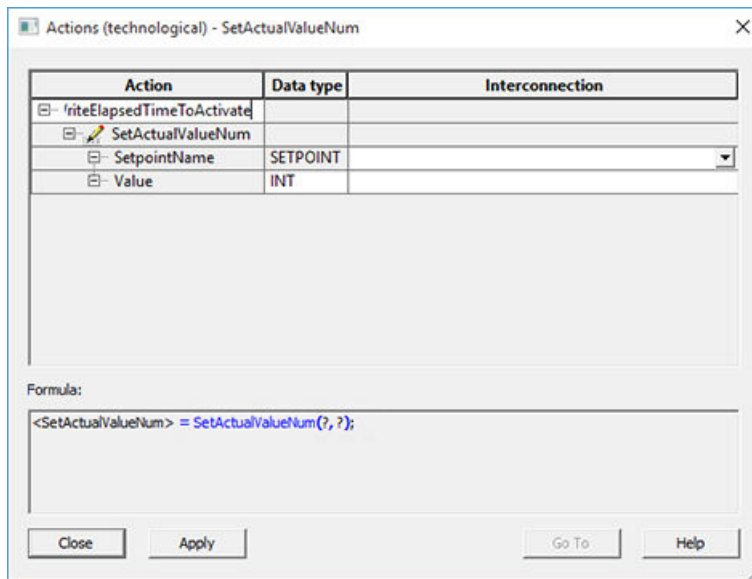
Name	Data type	I/O	Comment
Duration_HL	REAL	IN	High Limit
Duration_LL	REAL	IN	Low Limit
Duration	REAL	IN	Setpoint Automatic Input
Duration_AI	REAL	IN	Actual Value Input
Duration_CS	DWORD	IN_OUT	Enable Control Strategies
Duration_ENOP	BOOL	IN_OUT	Enable Setpoint Operator Input
Duration_ENOPP	BOOL	IN_OUT	Enable Setpoint Operator Input Prepare
Duration_OP	REAL	IN_OUT	Setpoint Operator Input
Duration_OPP	REAL	IN_OUT	Setpoint Operator Input Prepare
Duration_AO	REAL	OUT	Actual Value Output
Duration_Q	REAL	OUT	Active Setpoint
Duration_QP	REAL	OUT	Valid Setpoint Prepare
Duration_ERR	BOOL	OUT	Setpoint Input Error



WriteElapsedTimeToActual



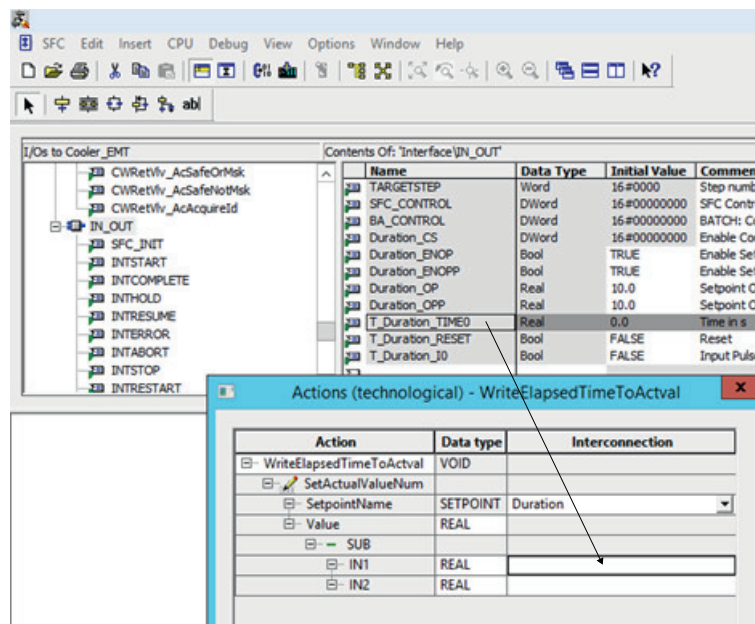
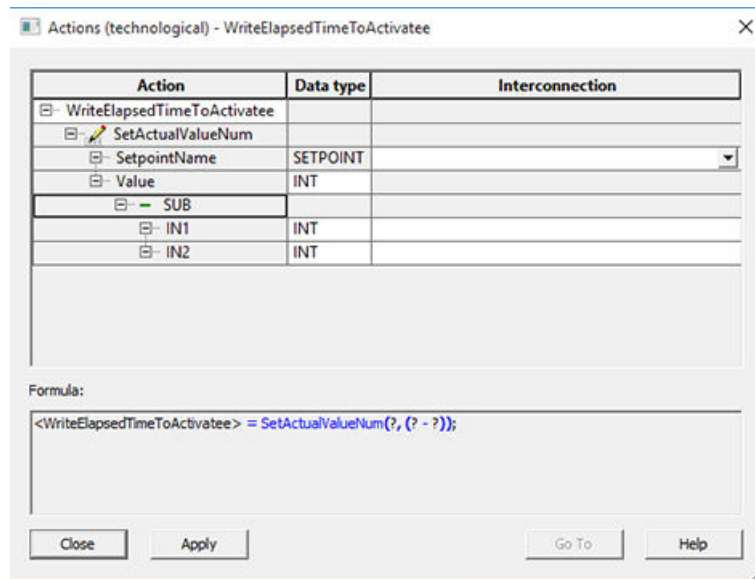
7.3 Creating Equipment Module Type in Master Data Library



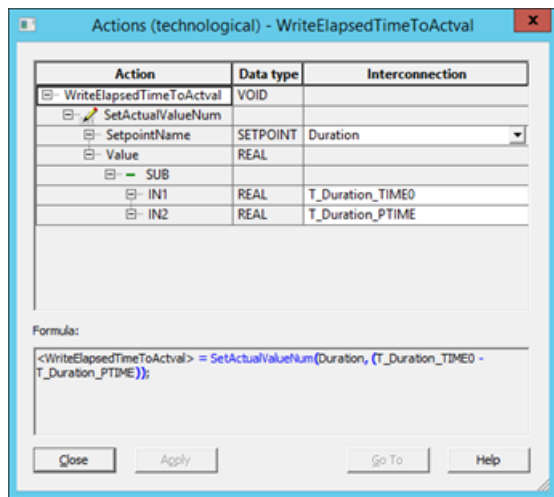
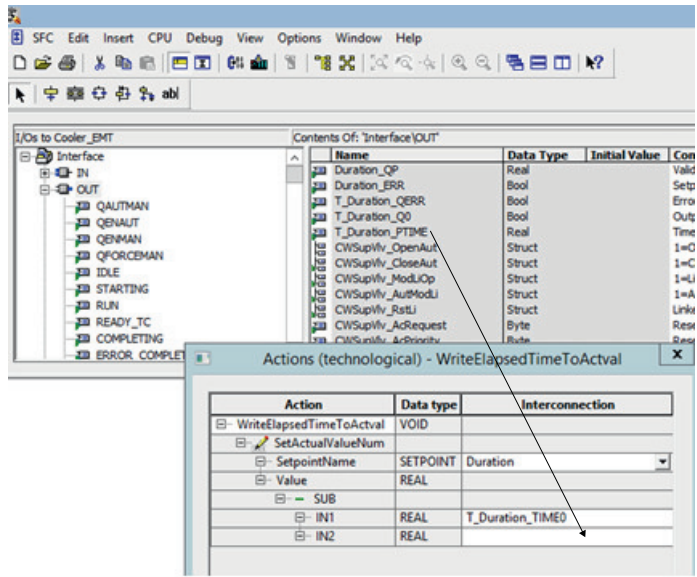
Note

SUB Function has to be inserted in Value field.

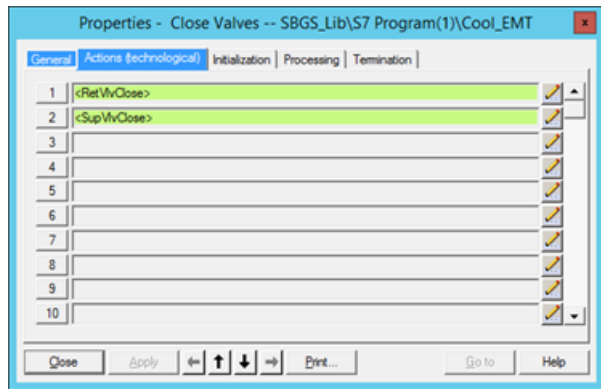
Creating an Equipment Phase using CMT, EMT & EPHT
 7.3 Creating Equipment Module Type in Master Data Library



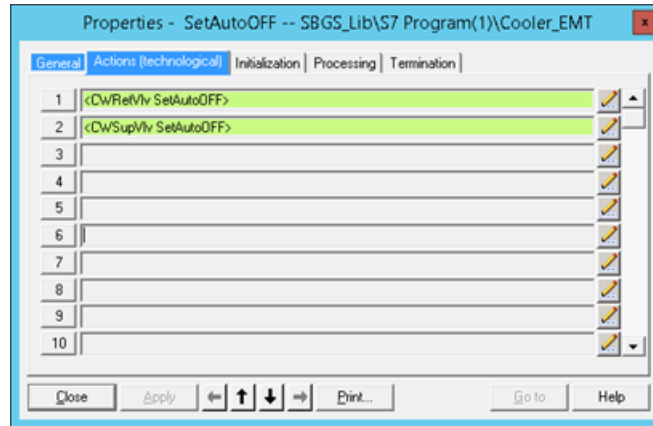
7.3 Creating Equipment Module Type in Master Data Library



– Step 4: “Close Valves”: In this step Close both valves:



- Step 5: "SetAutoOFF": In this step, deactivate the Auto mode so that operator can switch the valves to Manual mode and operate manually.

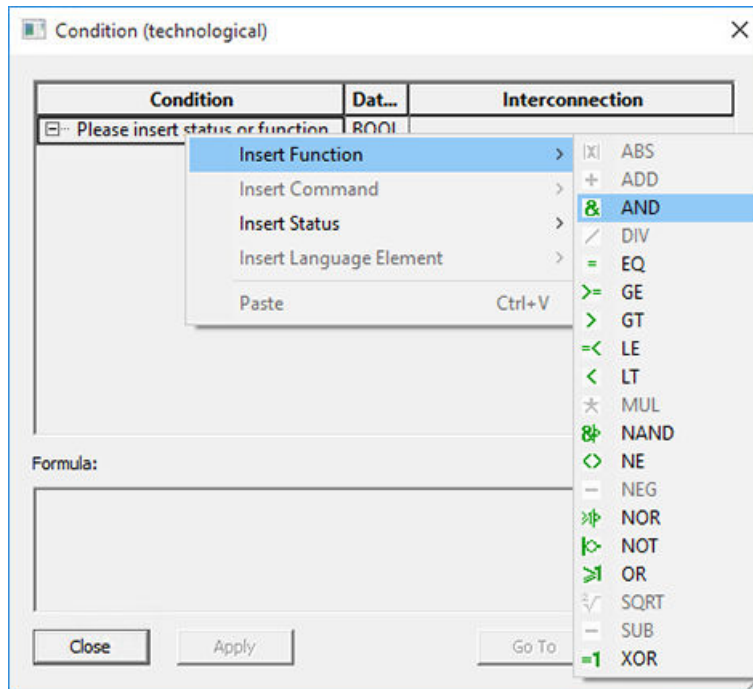


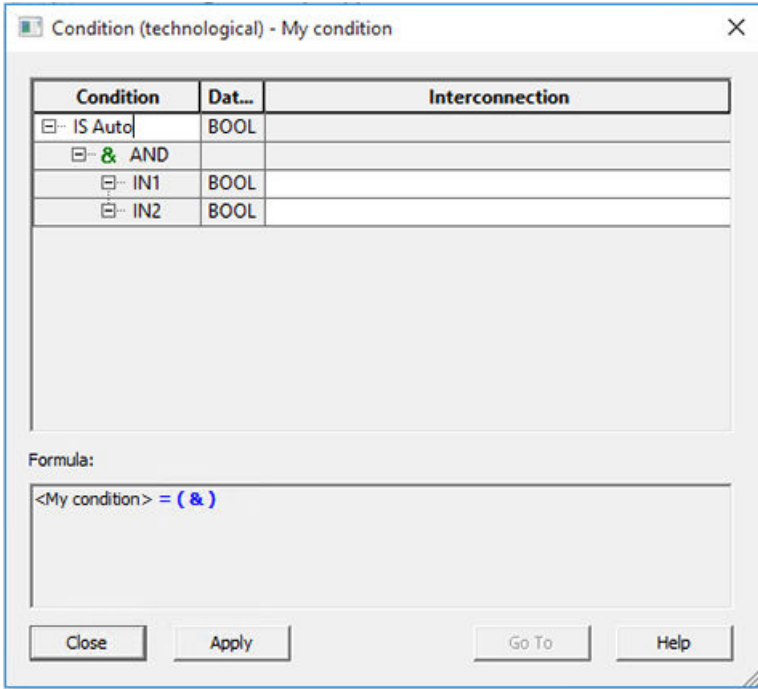
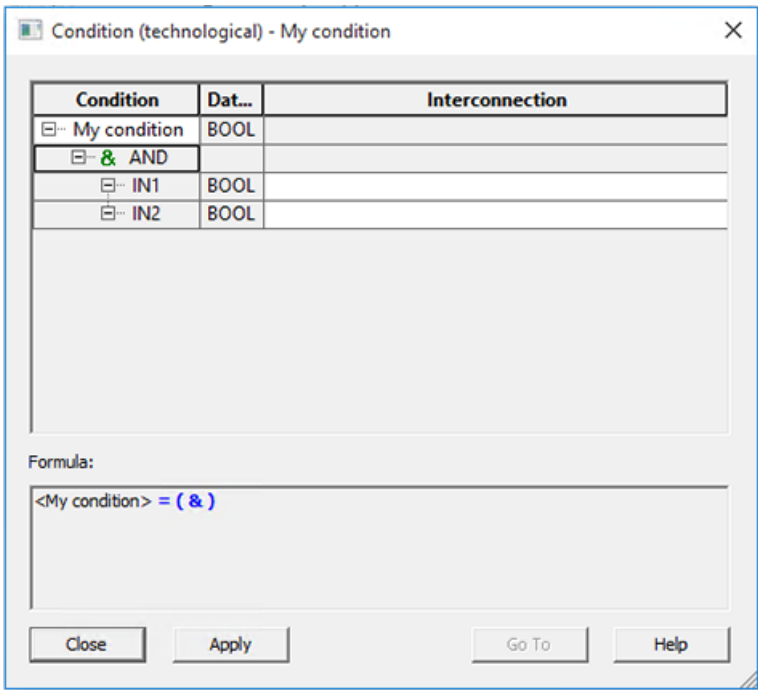
16. Now insert the status conditions, which have been created in CMT, into the "Condition (Technological)" tab of the transitions.

Example: Transition "All Valves Auto":

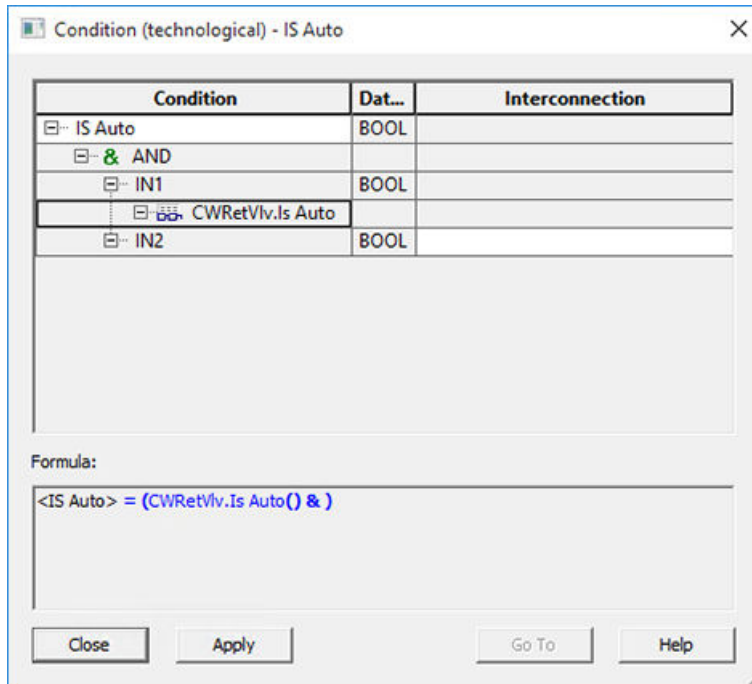
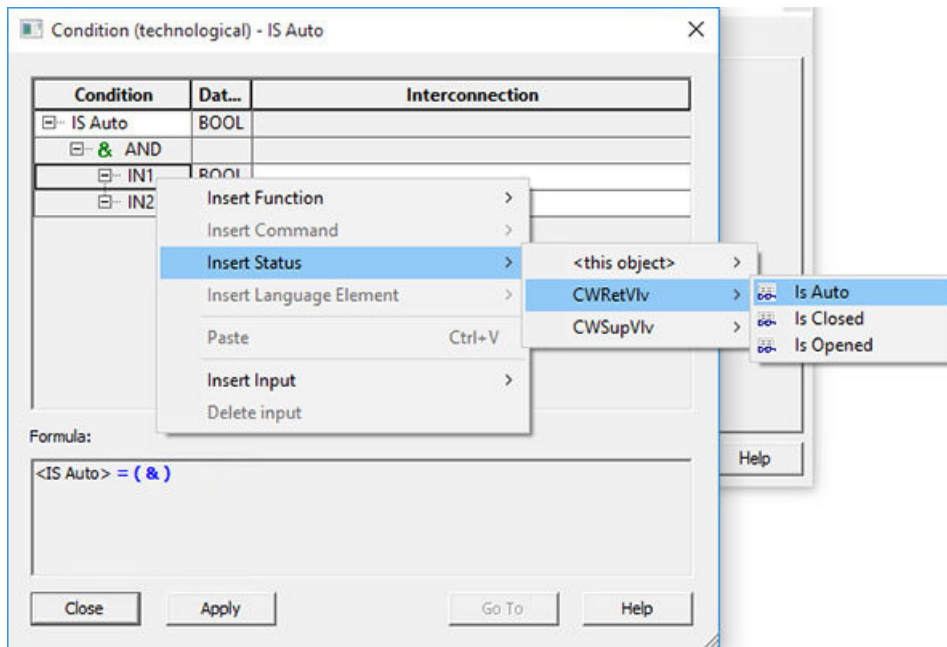
7.3 Creating Equipment Module Type in Master Data Library

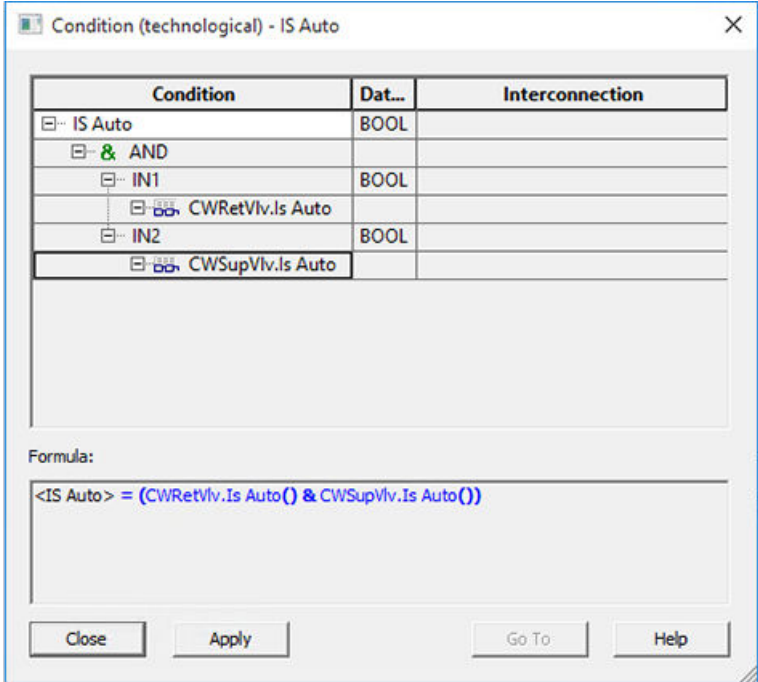
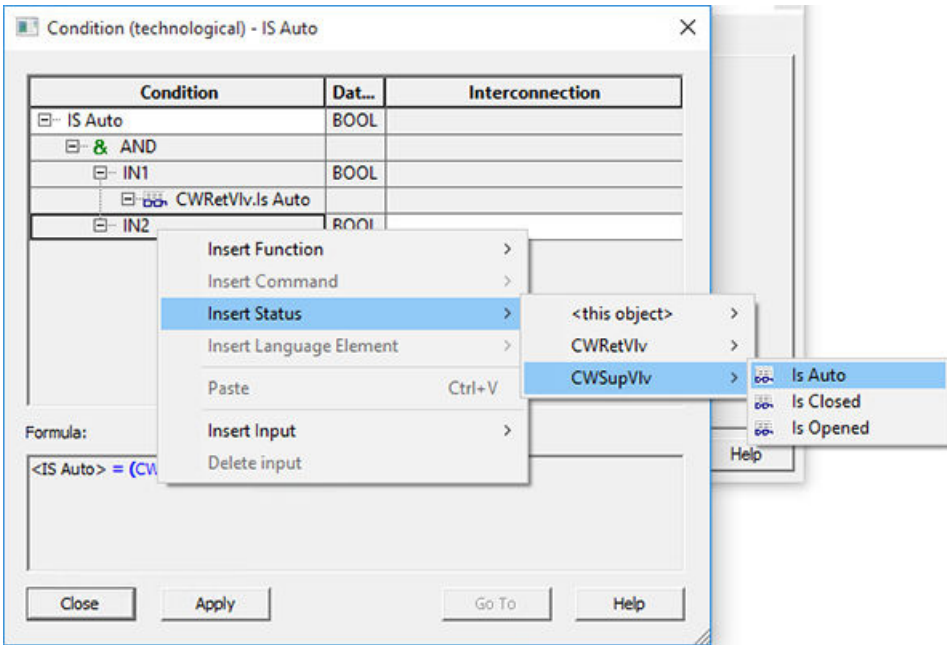
- Condition 1: Check if both valves are in Auto mode:
 Click on "Condition (Technological)" tab then click on spectacle symbol. Right click on "Please insert status of function", then "Insert Function > "& AND".
 Rename the Condition name as "IsAuto"
 Right Click on IN1 > "Insert Status" > CWRetVlv > IsAuto,
 Right Click on IN2 > "Insert Status" > CWSupVlv > IsAuto
 Apply and Close
 Enter "1" in condition, Apply and Close.

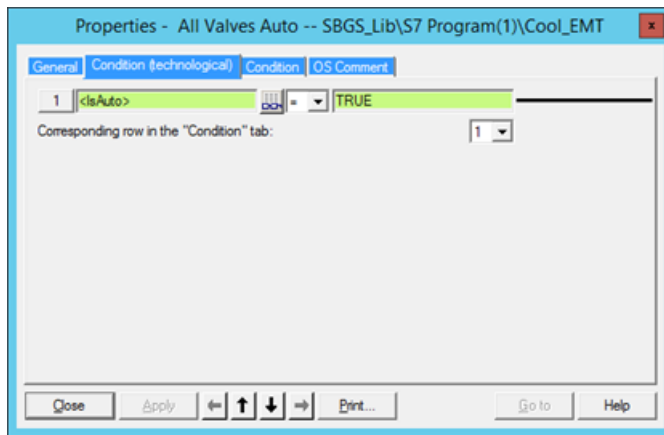




7.3 Creating Equipment Module Type in Master Data Library

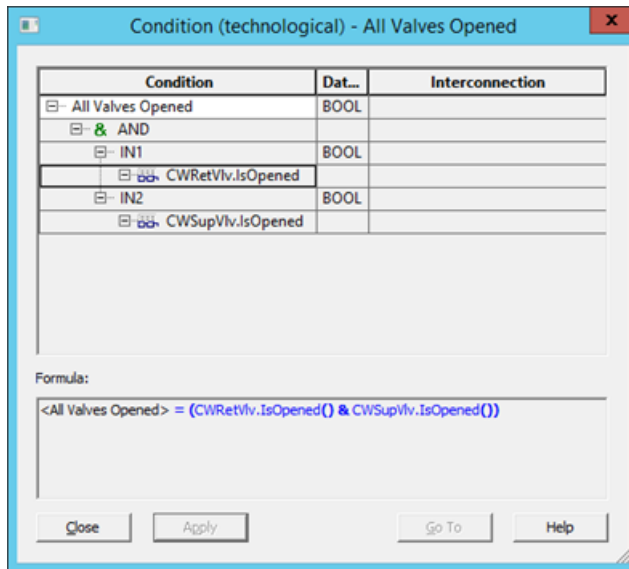




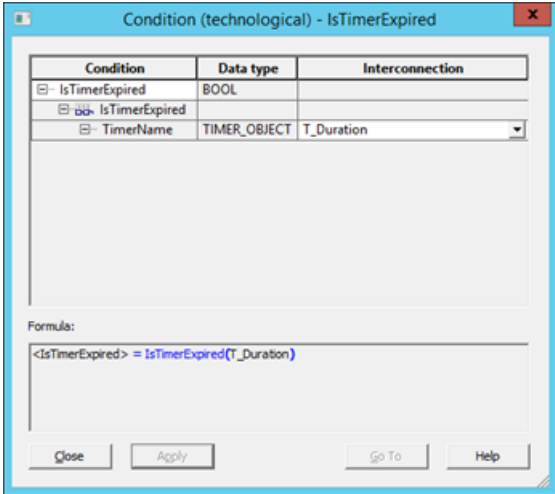
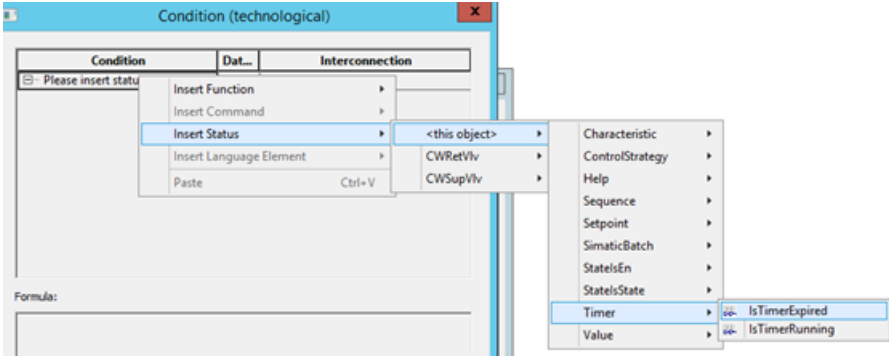


Complete rest of the conditions as shown in the figures below.

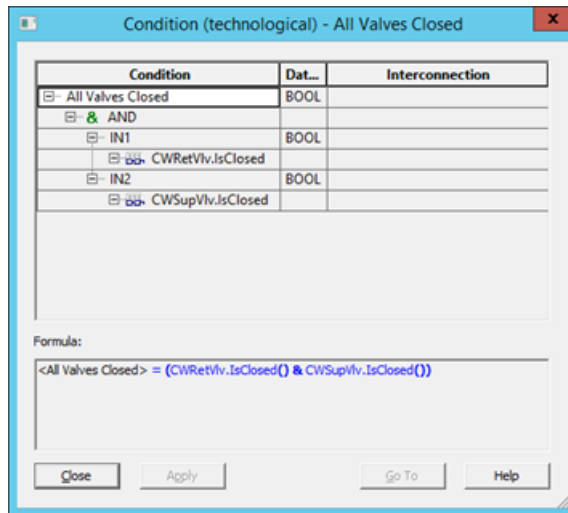
- Condition: 2: "All Valves Open"



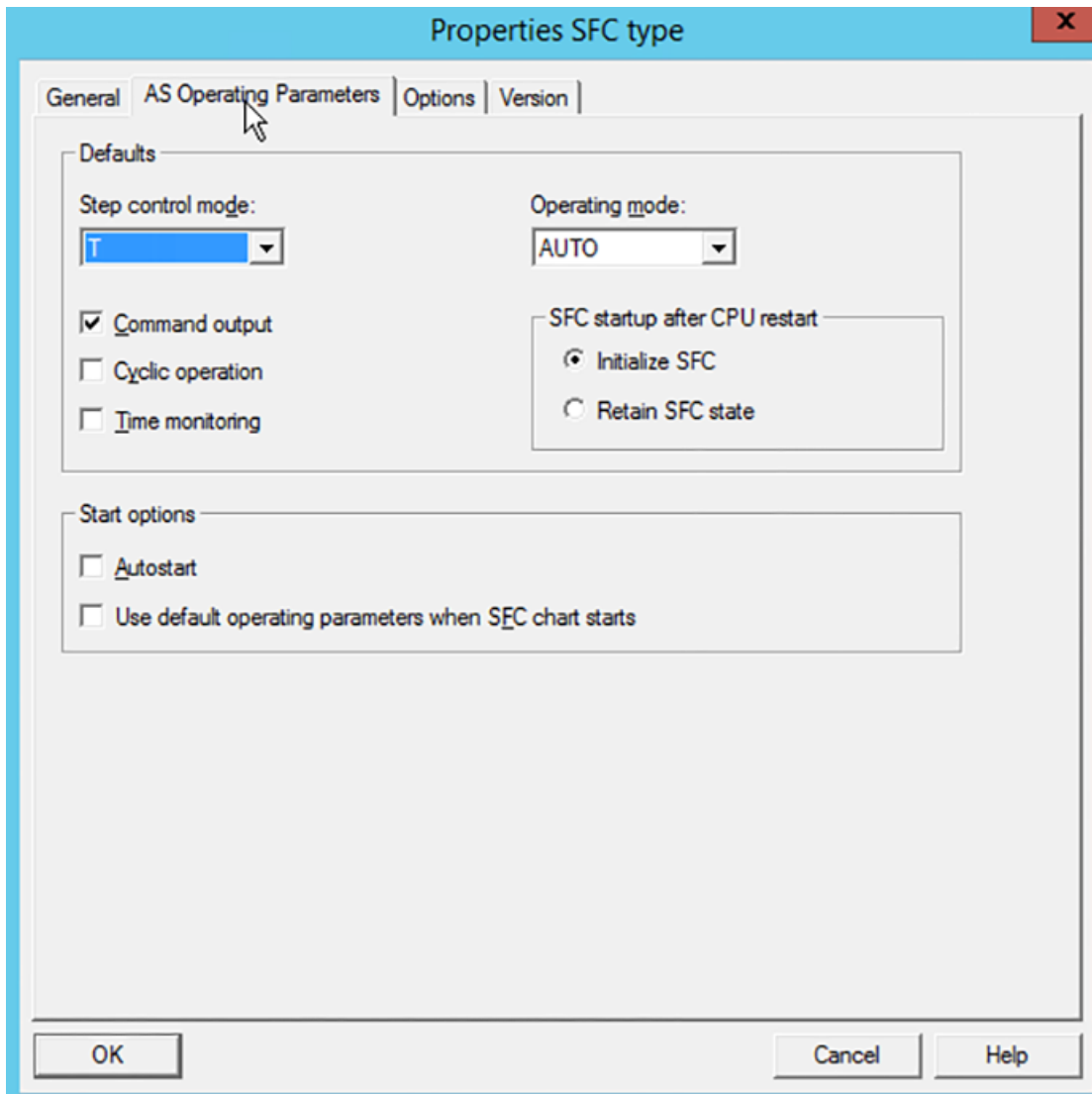
– Condition 3: “Timer Expired”



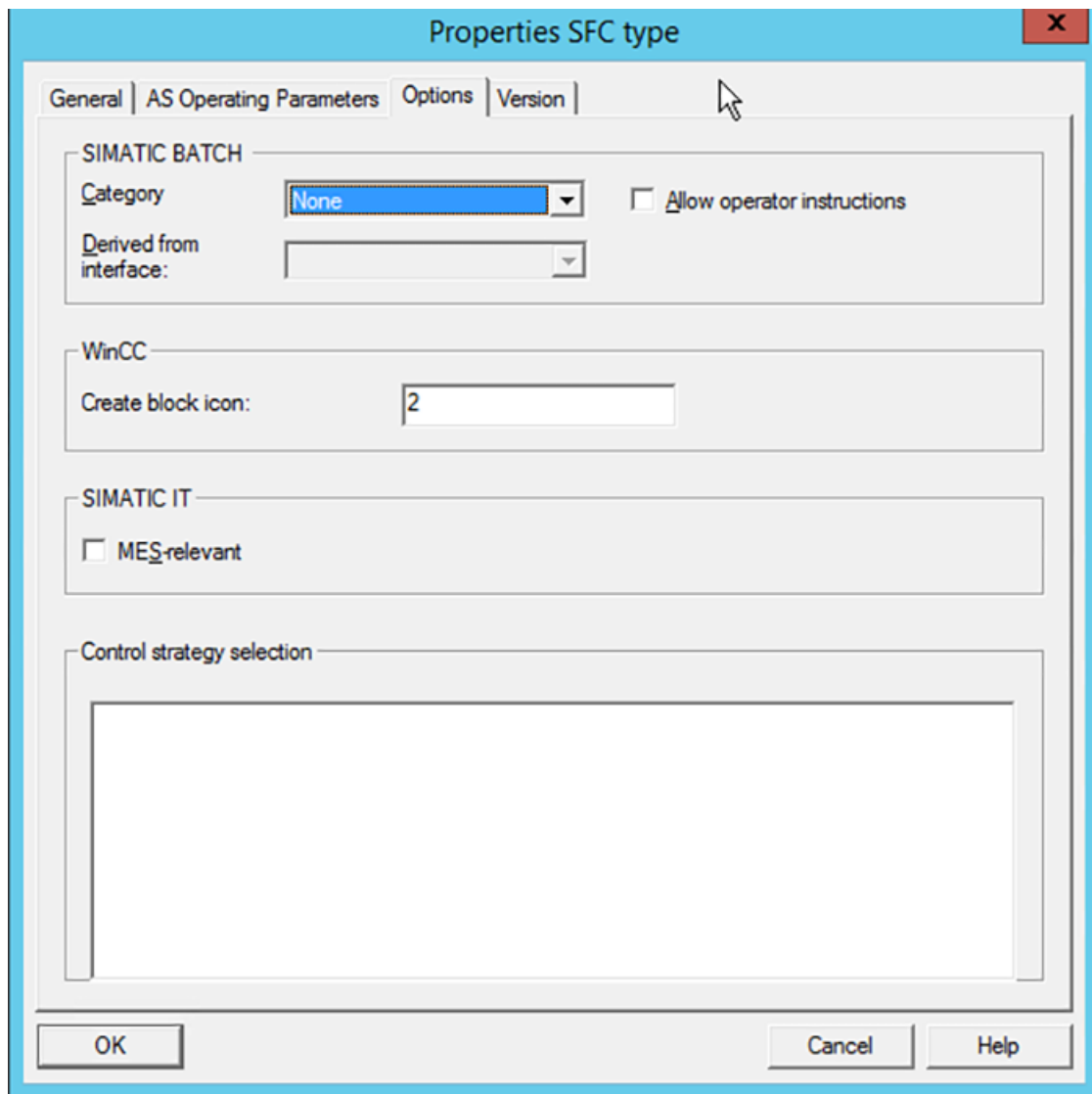
- Condition 4: "All Valves Closed"



Open properties SFC type and select AS operating parameter tab.



In SFC Type Properties, in "AS Operating Parameters" tab set Operating Mode to Auto, in Options tab set WinCC block icon to value 2:



7.4 Creating Equipment Phase Type in Master Data Library

Overview

EPHT is responsible for acquiring and controlling of the generic equipment modules used by this recipe phase and for transfer of the parameters from SIMATIC BATCH to EMT and vice versa.

For more information on "generic equipment modules" refer: Task definition and implementation concept for "Cooling" (Page 193)

Prerequisite

- Plant view is activated

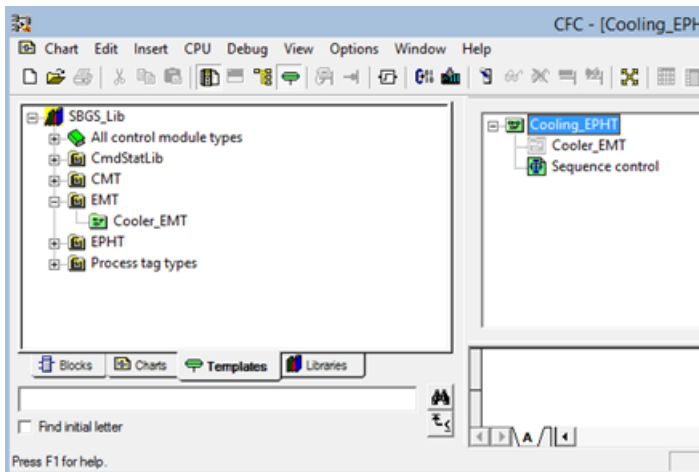
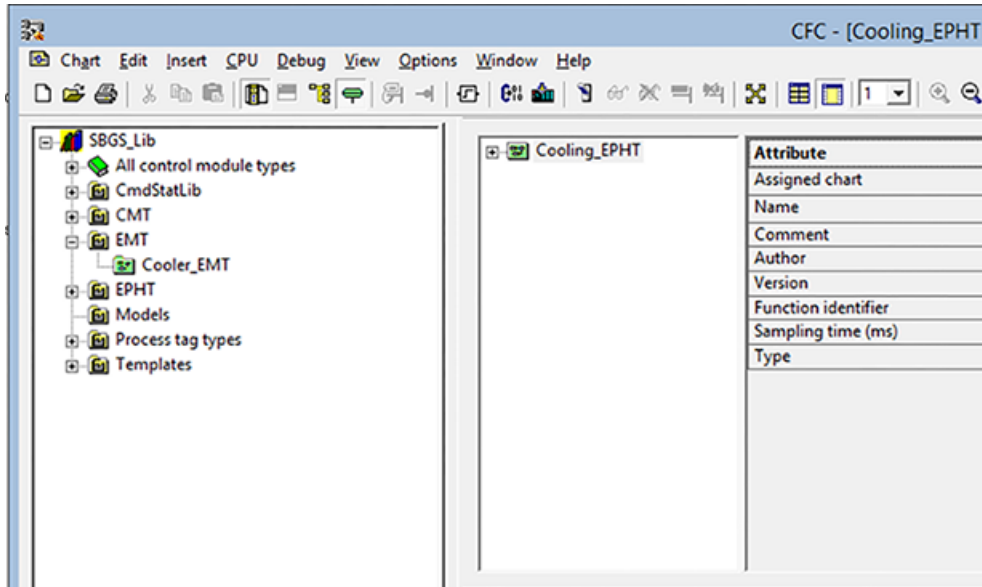
Procedure

To create a new Equipment Phase Type (EPHT)

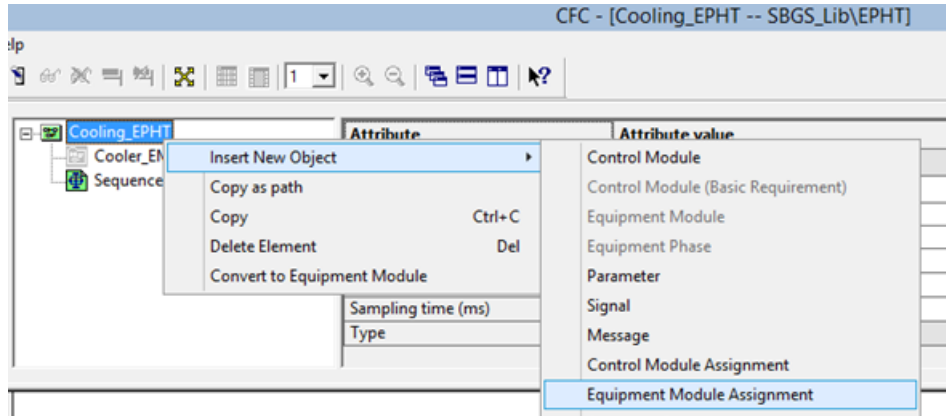
1. Open your edited BATCH Getting Started project "SBGS_MP" in "SIMATIC Manager".
2. Right-click the "SBGS_Lib" Master Data Library and select **Insert New Object > Hierarchy Folder**. The "Process cell(...)" folder is created.
3. Rename the "Process cell(...)" folder to "EPHT".
4. Right-click the "EPHT" in Master Data Library and select **Insert New Object > Equipment Phase (Type)**. The EPHT is created, rename the default name EPH to "Cooling_EPHT".
5. Open the Cooling_EPHT; Rename the EPHT Block to "Cooling_EPHT". This name will be visible later on your OS. To change the EPHT Block name, double click on the block header; enter "Cooling_EPHT" into the name field. To change the SFC type name, select "Open SFC Type" from context menu of the "Cooling_EPHT" block; in "SFC" menu, select "Properties" and you can find "Cooling_EPHT" in the name field.
6. Change the Sampling time to 1000 ms.

7.4 Creating Equipment Phase Type in Master Data Library

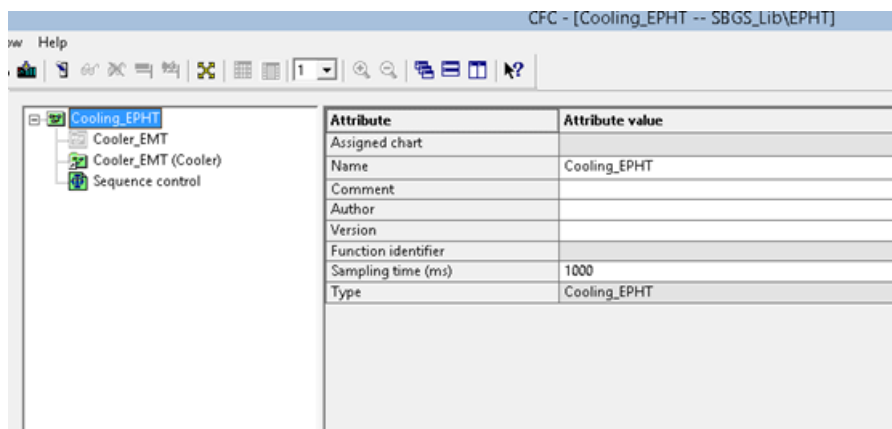
7. From the "Template" tab of the catalogue, drag & drop the EMT "Cooler_EMT" to "Cooling_EPHT":



8. Insert Equipment Module Assignment: Right click on Cooling_EPHT, from context menu select **"Insert New Object > Equipment Module Assignment"**:



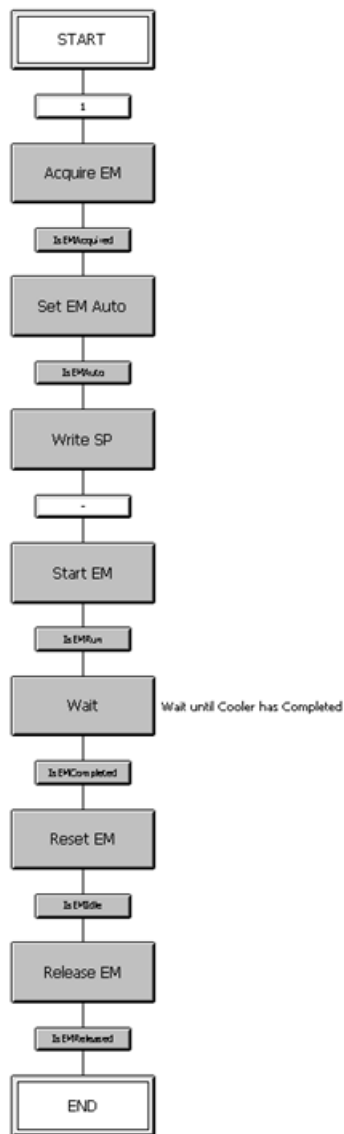
9. Rename the Equipment Module Assignment "Role" to "Cooler" and assign the role by drag and drop of "Cooler_EMT" onto the role "Cooler", or alternatively select role "Cooler" and from dropdown list of Attribute "Assigned equipment module" select Attribute value "Cooler_EMT":



10. Open the SFC type "Cooling_EPHT"
11. Create a set point "Duration" and set the values according to the following table.

Set point	Initial value	Low limit	High limit	Data type
Duration	10.0	10.0	600.0	Real

12. Design the EPHT according to the following image: EPHT is used to control EMT, transfer the SP to the EMT and to receive the actual value from the EMT.

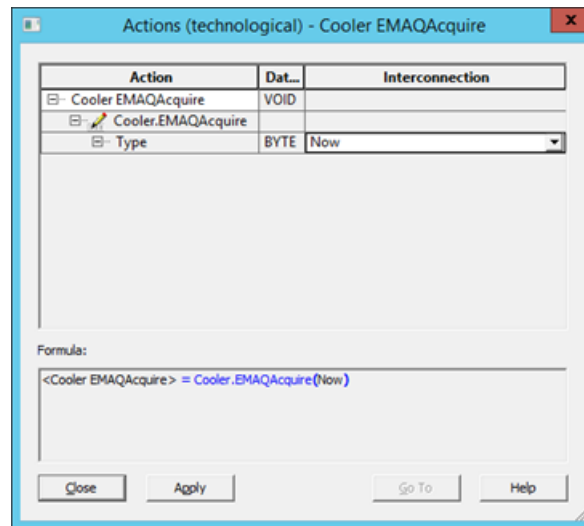
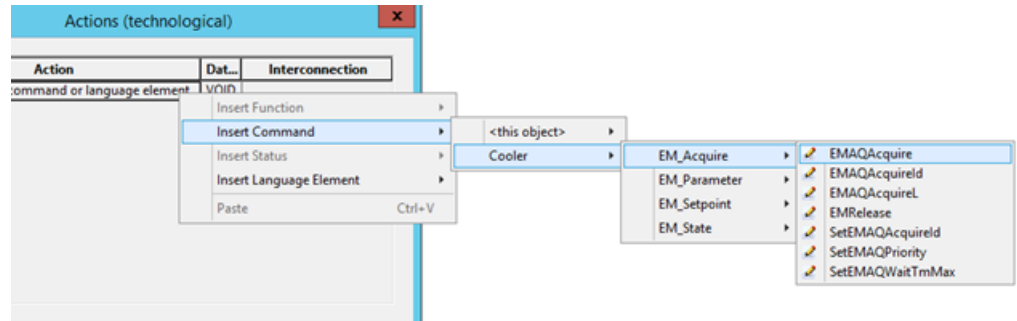


13. To control EMs or perform actions on EMs, suitable commands need to be passed and actual values and set points need to be exchanged between EPHT and EMT

– Acquire EM

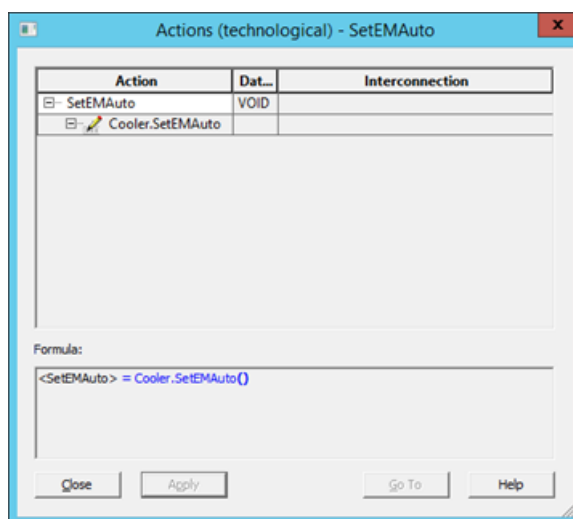
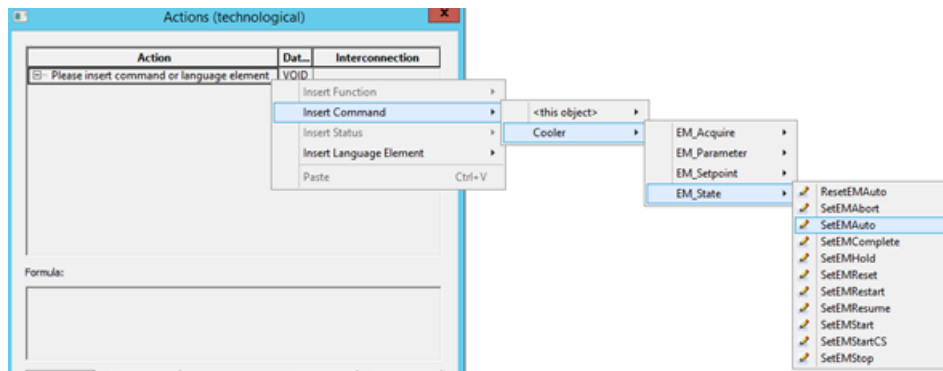
To add an action to the step “Acquire EM”, open this step, switch to the “Actions (technological)” tab click on the pencil symbol

From the context menu select “Insert Command > Cooler > EM_Acquire > EMAQAcquire” and select Type “Now” from drop down list:

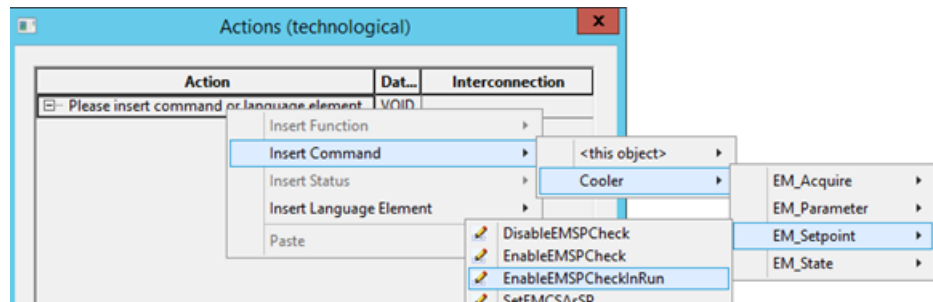
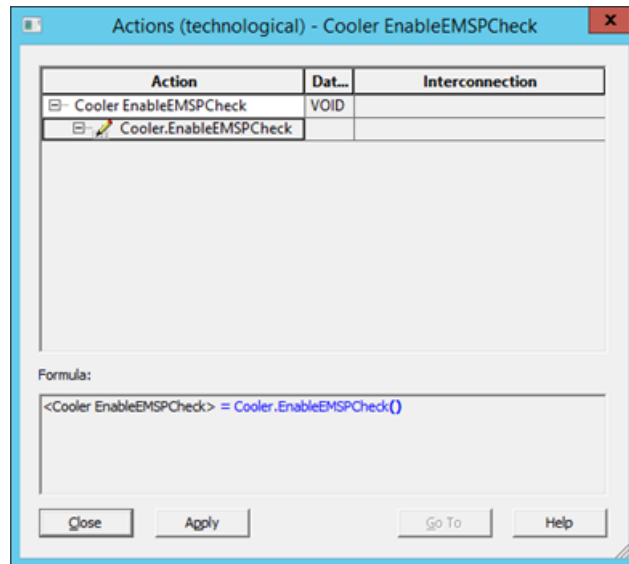
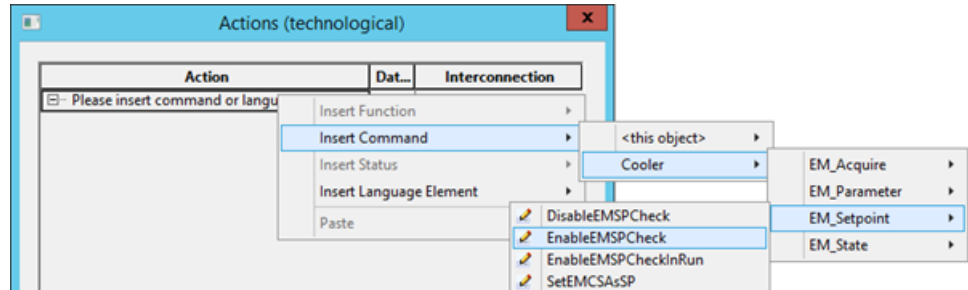


Complete the remaining steps according to the figures below:

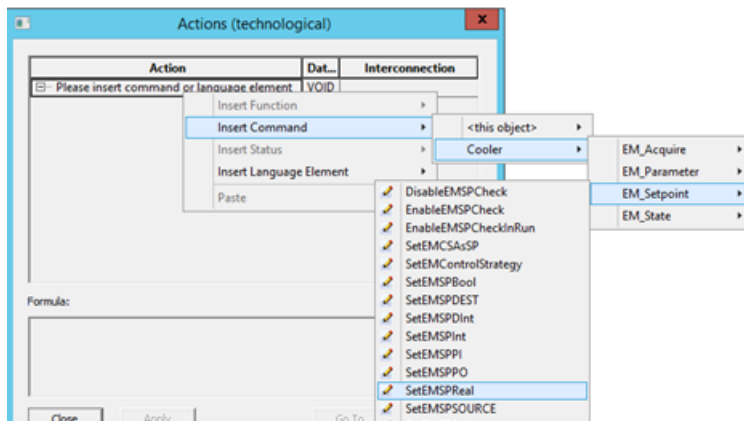
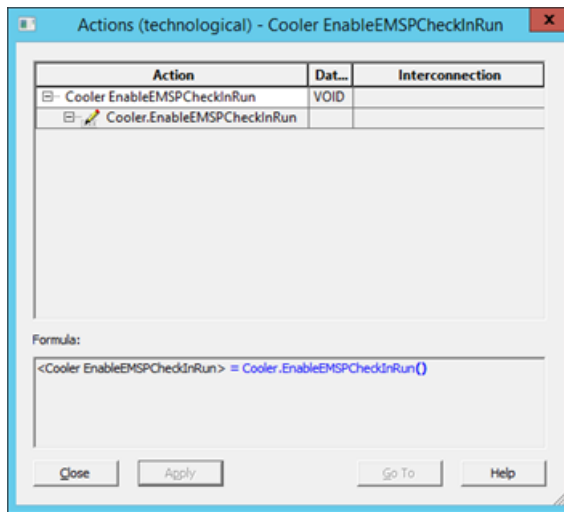
- "Set EM Auto".



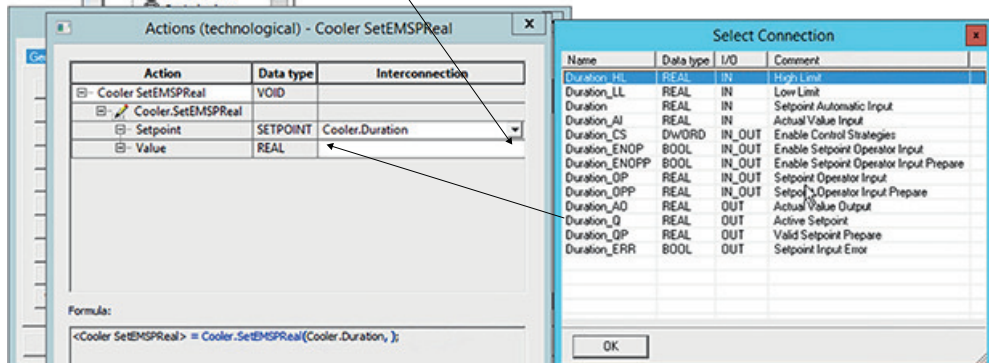
- "Write SP": In this set point step we need to perform multiple actions. The following actions are performed.

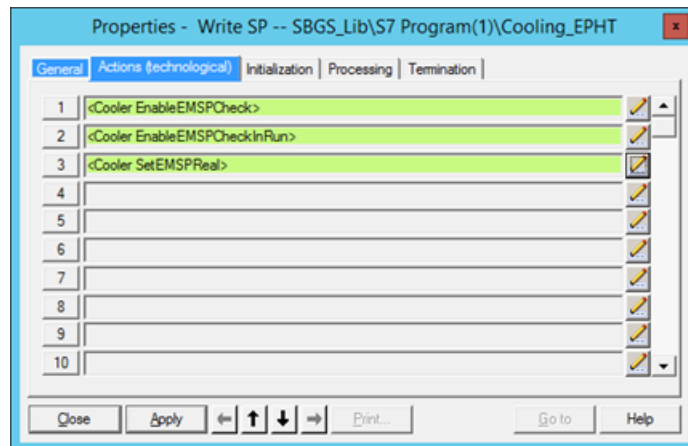
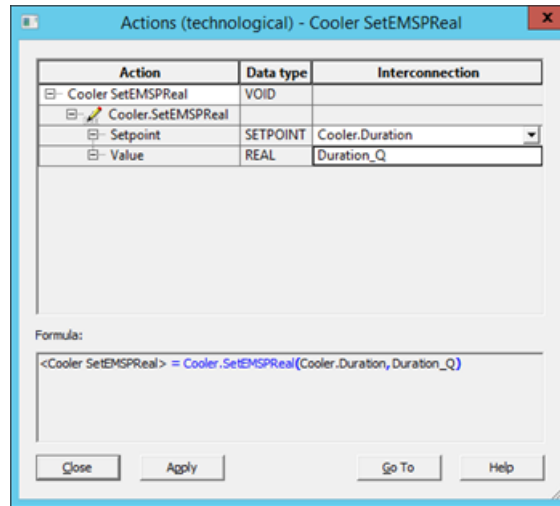


7.4 Creating Equipment Phase Type in Master Data Library

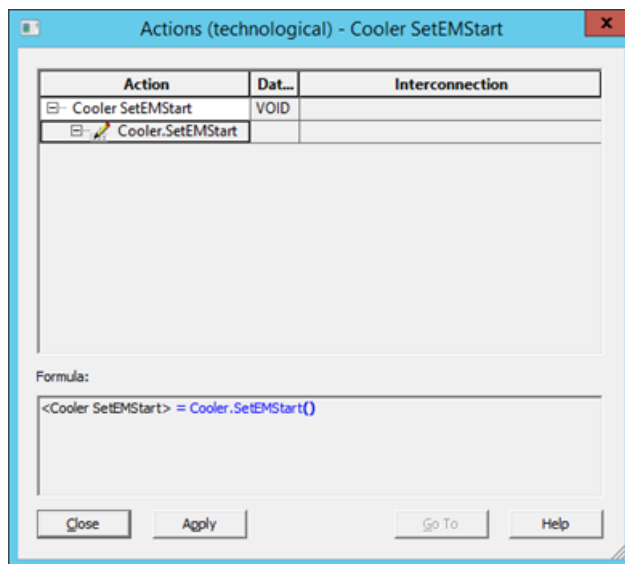
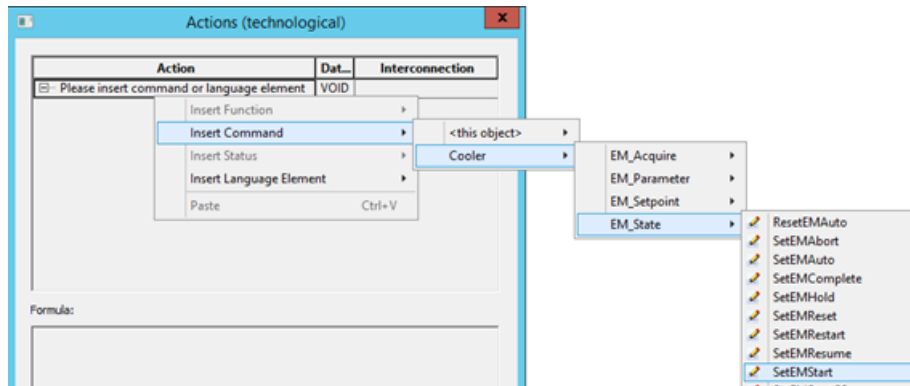


Name	Display name	Data type	I/O name	Comment	Low limit	Initial value	High limit
Duration	Duration	REAL	Duration		10.0	20.0	600.0

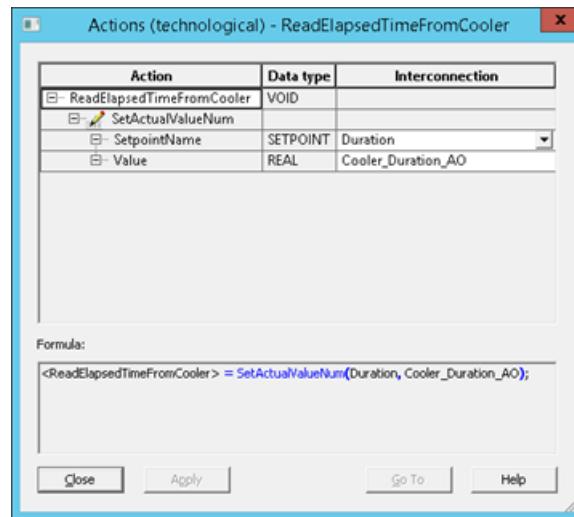
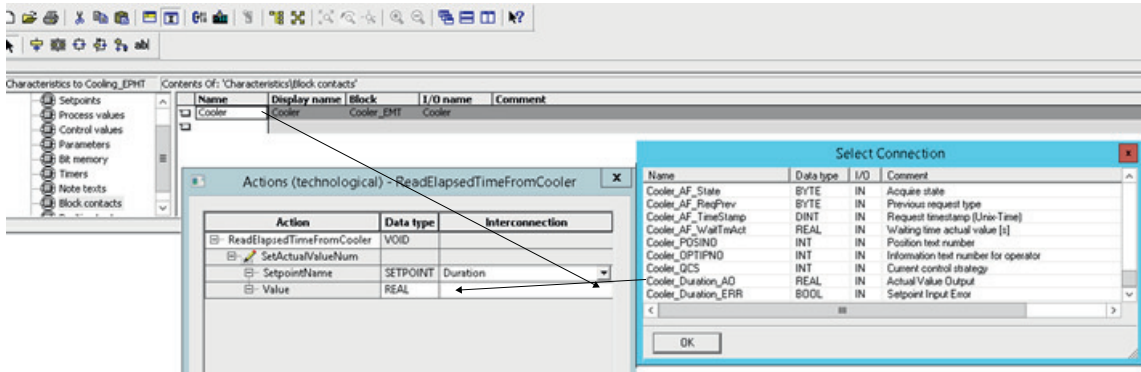




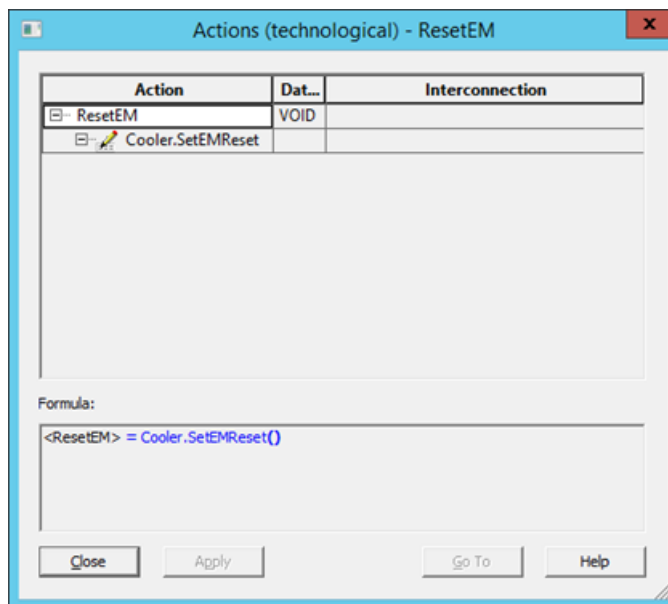
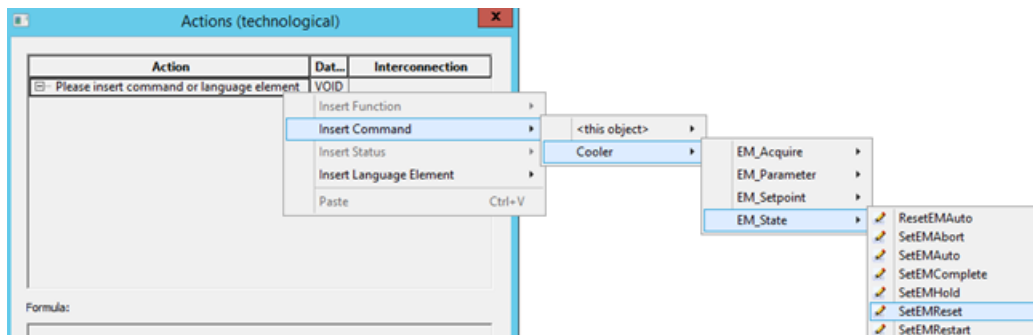
– “Start EM”



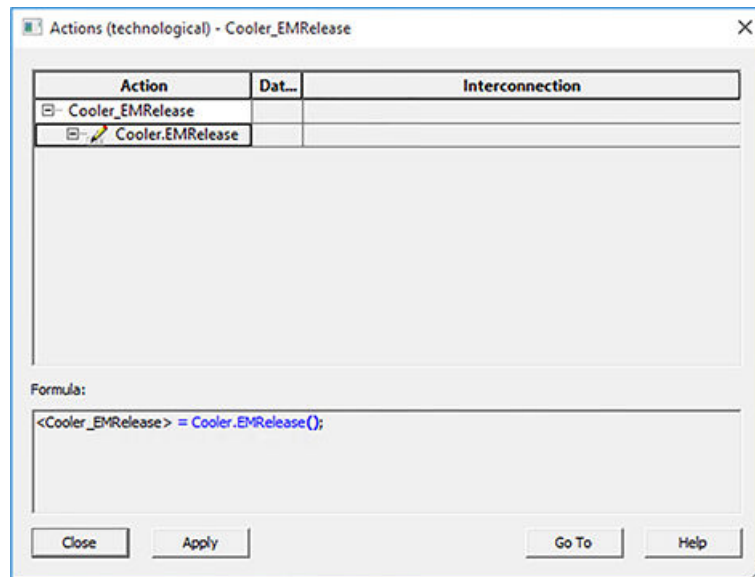
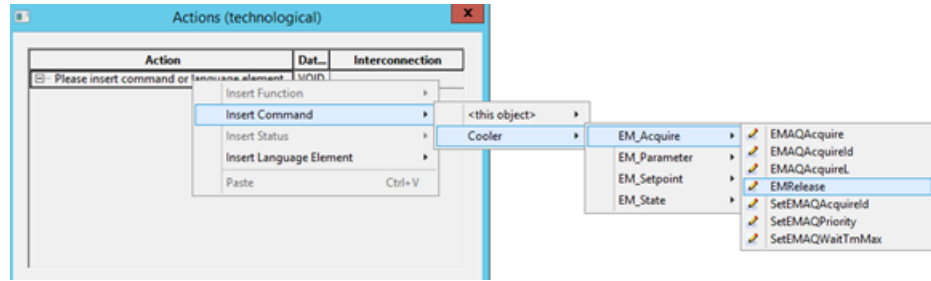
- "Wait": In order to get the elapsed time: Drag and drop "Cooler" from "Block contacts" on top of Value field, then the "Select Connection" window appears; select "Cooler_Duration_AO" and press OK.
Rename the action with a suitable name denoting the operation you want to perform. For example ReadElapsedTimeFromCooler.



– “Reset EM”



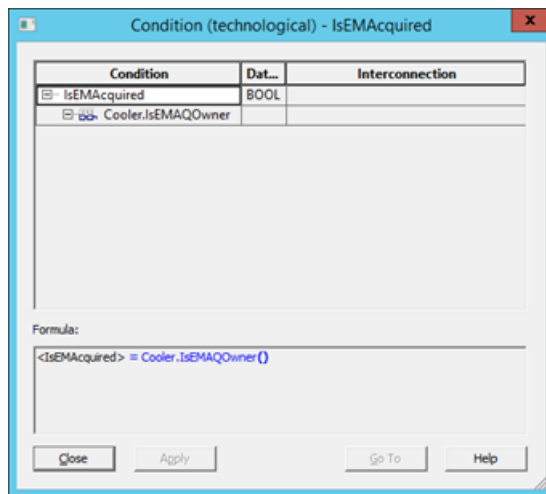
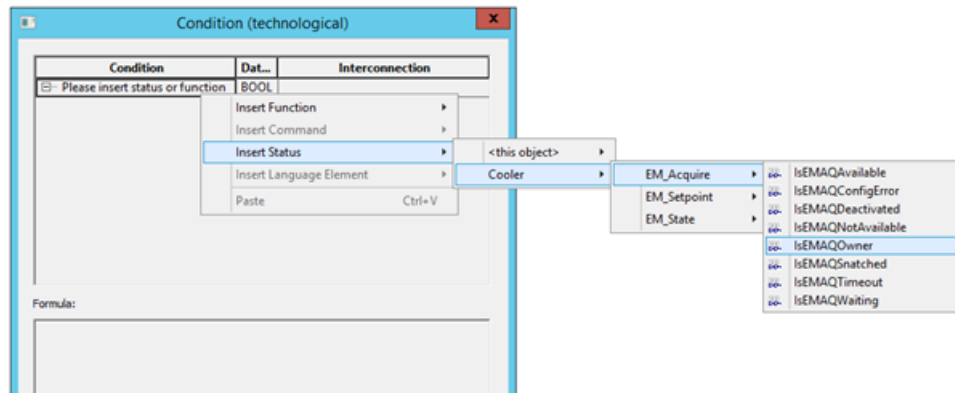
– “Release EM”



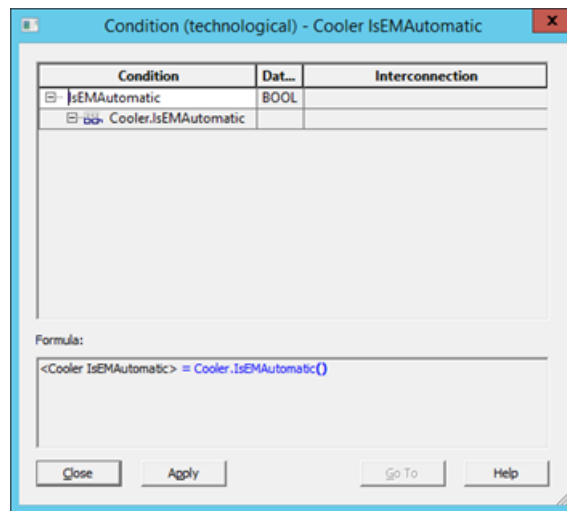
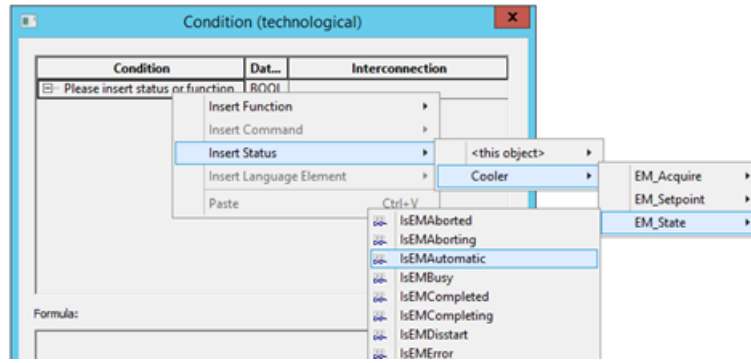
Now we have completed the steps, status or condition needs to be configured as follows:
 Example: Check whether EM is acquired > transition “IsEMAcquired”:

7.4 Creating Equipment Phase Type in Master Data Library

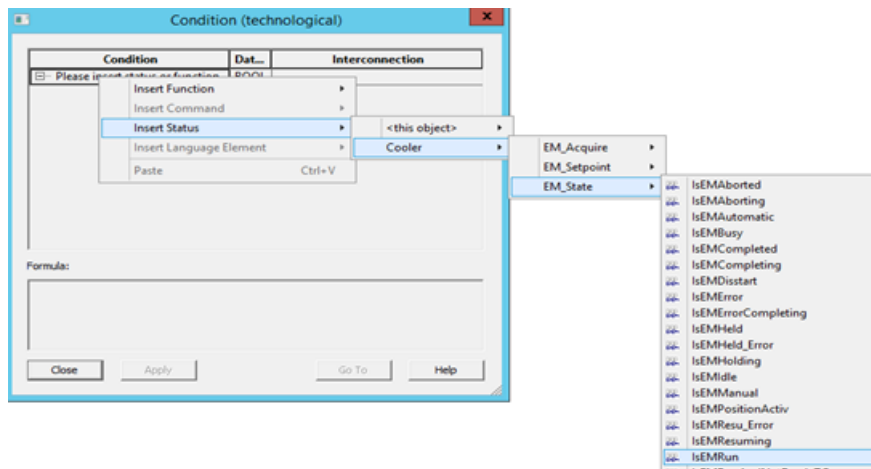
- Open transition, switch to “Condition (technological)” tab, click on spectacle symbol, from context menu select “Insert Status > Cooler > EM_Acquire > IsEMAQOwner”:



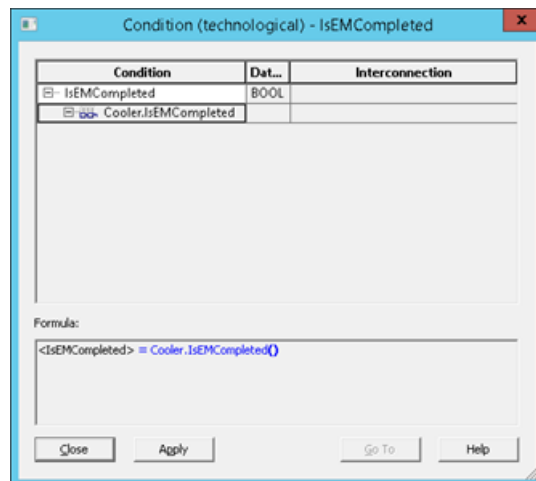
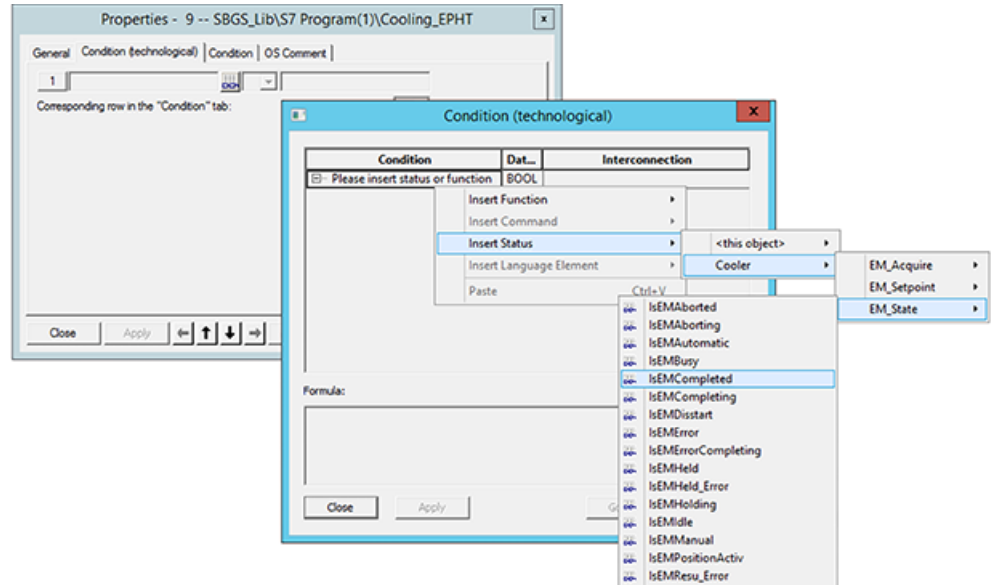
– “IsEMAuto”



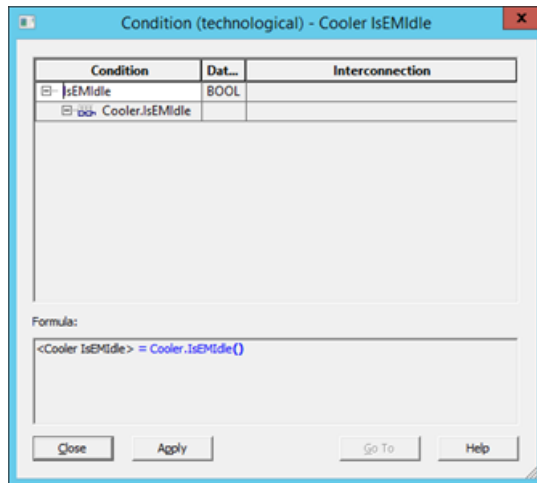
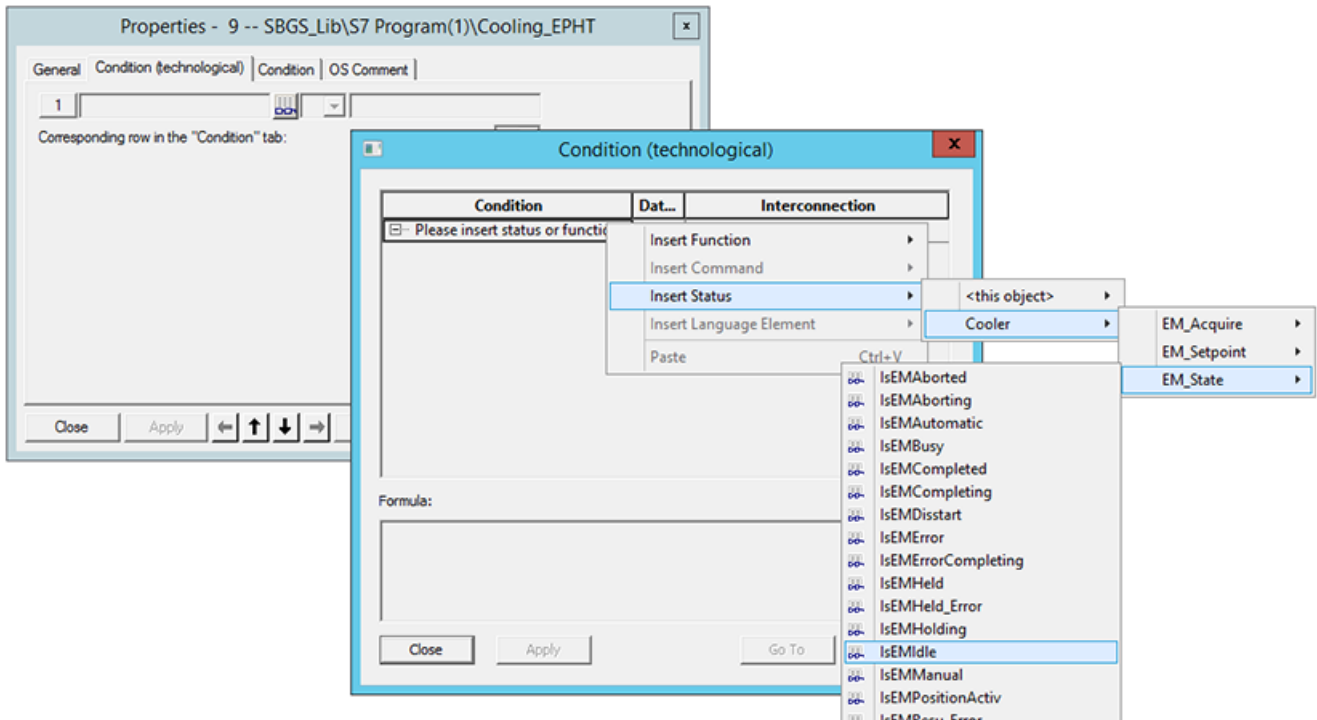
– “IsEMRun”



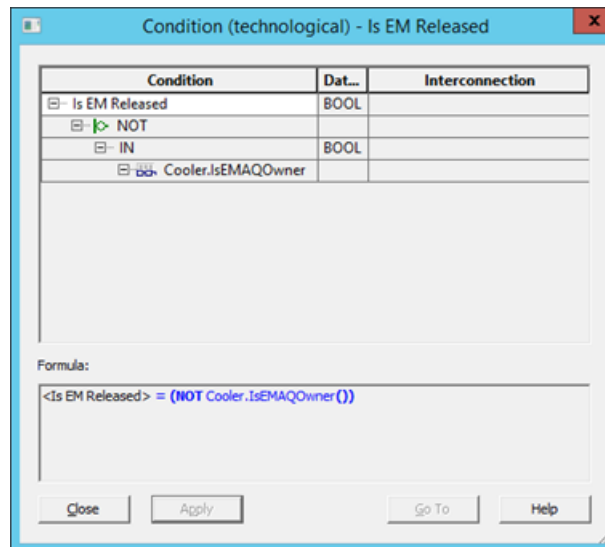
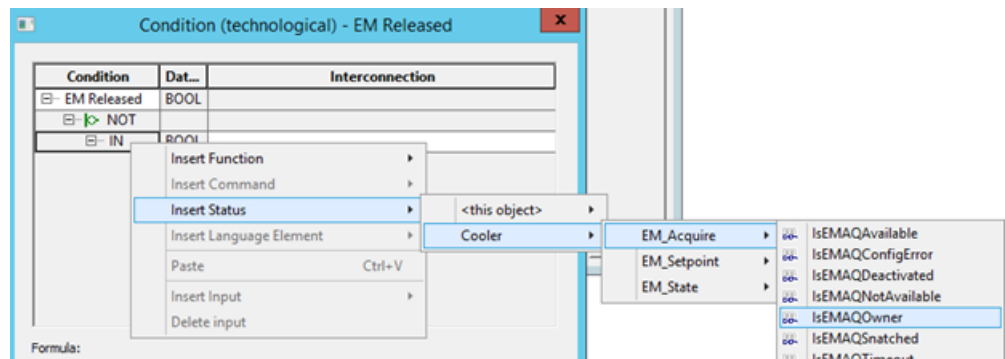
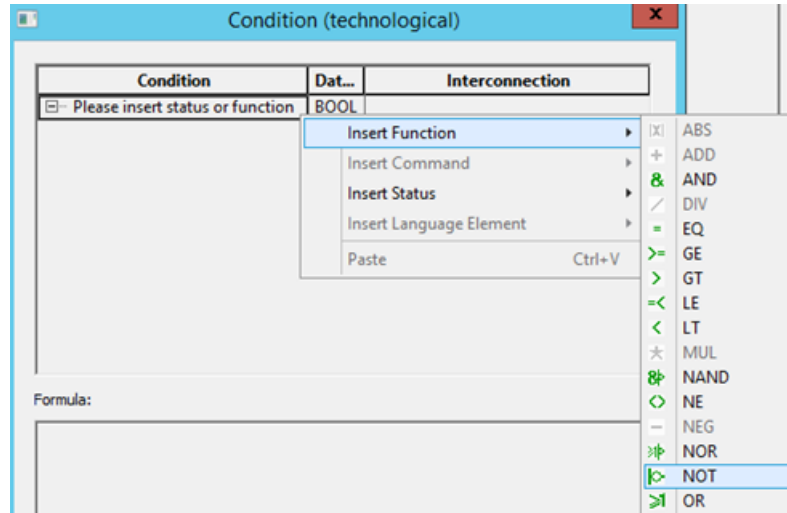
– “IsEMCompleted”



– “IsEMIdle”



- "IsEMReleased": In this Status we need to check whether "Cooling_EPHT" is not owner of this EM anymore:

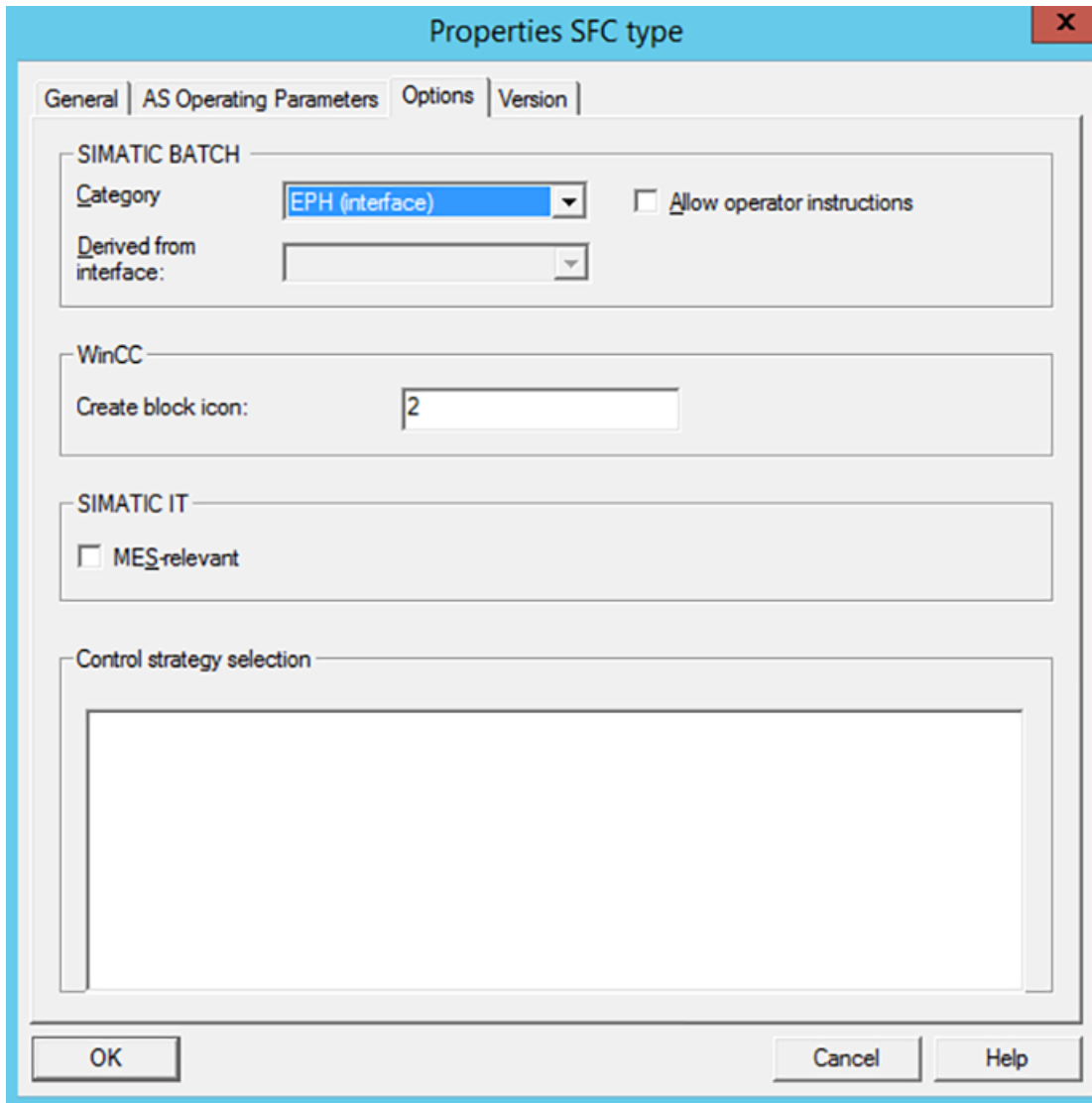


7.4 Creating Equipment Phase Type in Master Data Library

14. For usage of the "Cooling_EPHT" within SIMATIC BATCH recipes, a separate Interface SFC type can be created in the MDL, just providing the characteristics (control strategies, set points etc.), but no sequence logic. This SFC with type "EPH (interface)" calls the EPH with type "EPH (derived)", providing the sequence logic.

To do so, create a new SFC Type (EPH) in the chart folder (Component view) of the MDL and rename it to "Cooling" (this name will be listed in the SIMATIC BATCH recipe). Under properties of SFC type (EPH) options tab, set Category to "EPH (interface)", for "Create block icon" select value 2:

From "AS Operating Parameters" tab set "Operating mode" to "Auto".



15. In SFC type "Cooling", create a new Set point "Duration" with Data type as real, Initial value and Low limit = 10 and High limit = 600.
16. Open the Properties of your previously created EPHT "Cooling_EPHT" in the MDL
 In the "AS Operating Parameters" tab, set Operating mode to "AUTO".
 In the "Options" tab set Category to "EPH (derived)" and in "Derived from interface" select "Cooling"; for "WinCC Create block icon" enter value '2' in order to create a block icon in OS.

The screenshot shows the 'Properties SFC type' dialog box with the 'Options' tab selected. The 'SIMATIC BATCH' section contains a 'Category' dropdown menu set to 'EPH (derived)' and a 'Derived from interface' dropdown menu set to 'Cooling'. There is an unchecked checkbox for 'Allow operator instructions'. The 'WinCC' section has a 'Create block icon' text box containing the number '2'. The 'SIMATIC IT' section has an unchecked checkbox for 'MES-relevant'. The 'Control strategy selection' section is empty. At the bottom, there are 'OK', 'Cancel', and 'Help' buttons.

Note

In real projects, sequences for Abort, Hold and Stop are to be implemented normally, e.g. Abort/ Hold/Stop will NOT be propagated automatically from EPHT to EMT, so EMT doesn't care about any Abort/ Hold/Stop command to the calling recipe phase. Programming can be quite extensive! Same is not shown in this example.

7.5 Instantiating the CMT, EMT & EPHT in the Project

Overview

After creation of the required CMT, EMT and EPHT, these need to be instantiated in the Hierarchy folder of the Multiproject. In this section we will learn how to instantiate and configure these objects for control from SIMATIC BATCH.

Prerequisite

- Plant view is activated

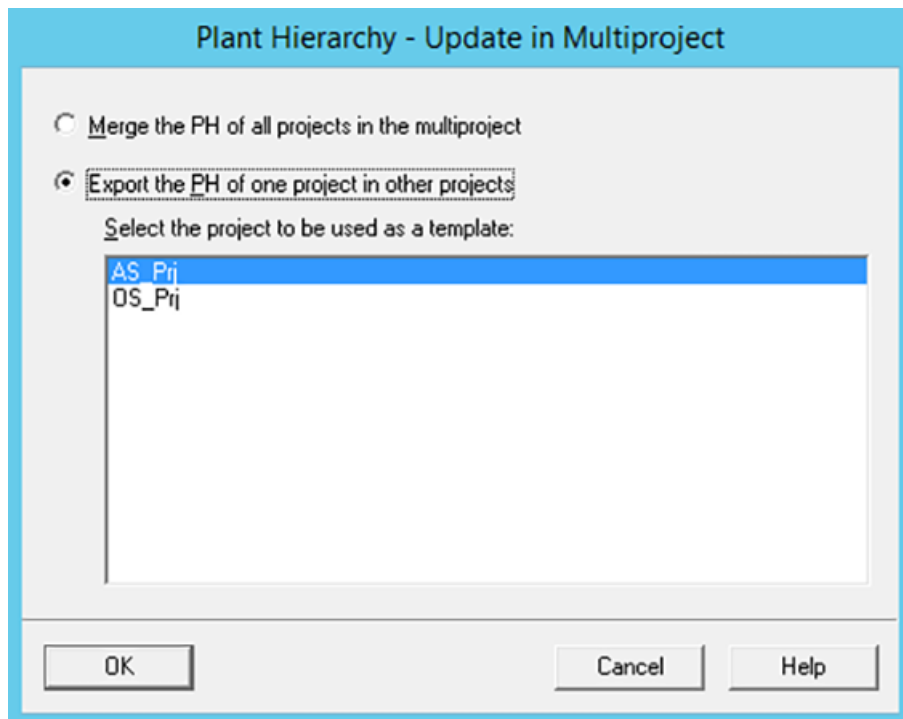
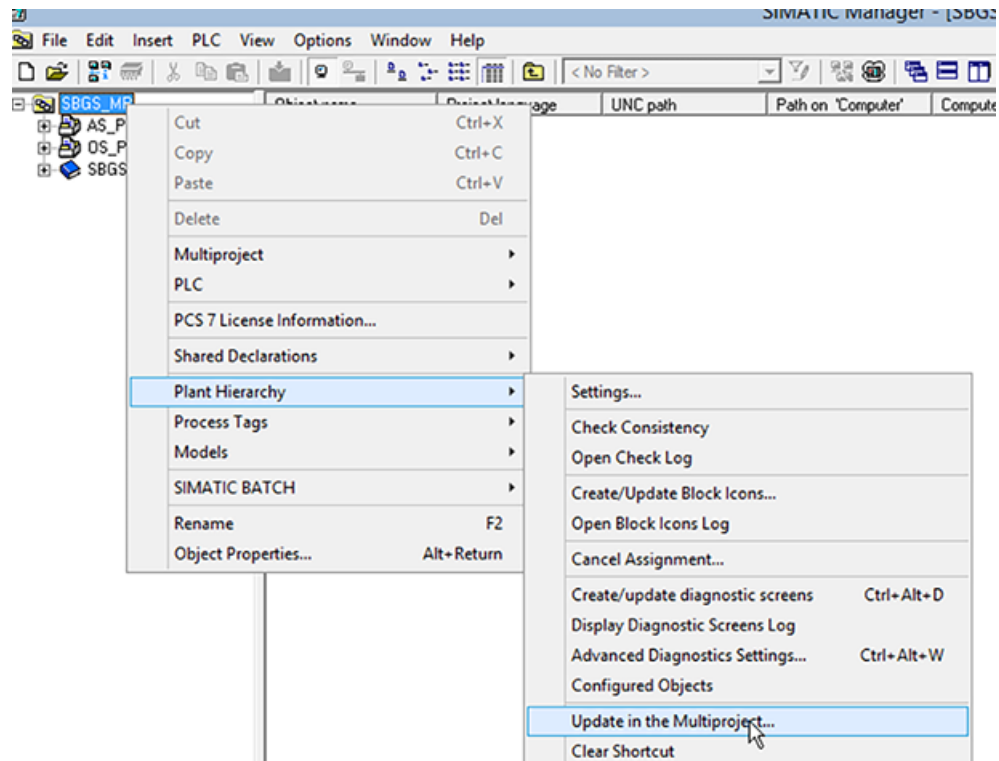
Procedure

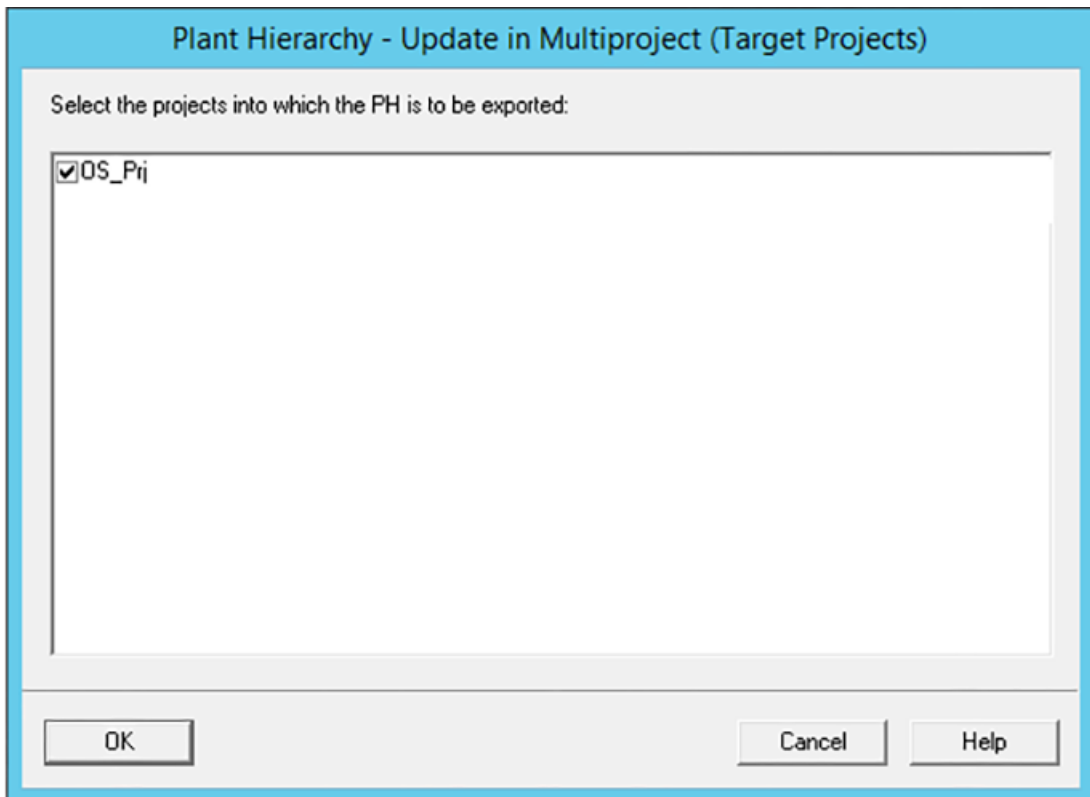
To instantiate the CMT/EMT/EPHT, just copy & paste the object or drag & drop from Master Data Library into Hierarchy folder of unit and rename the instances.

To Instantiate follow these steps:

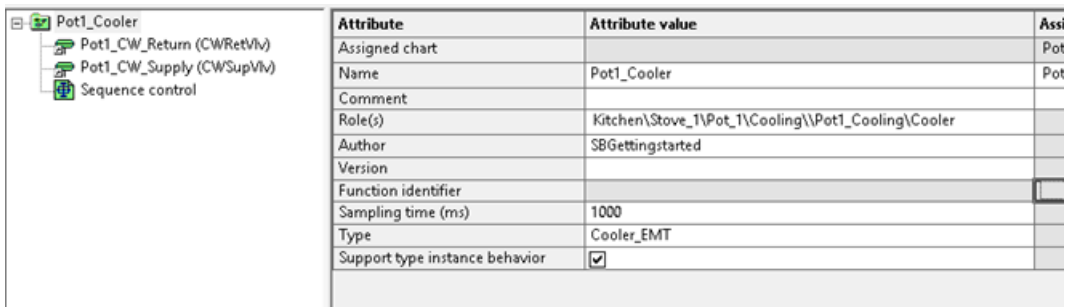
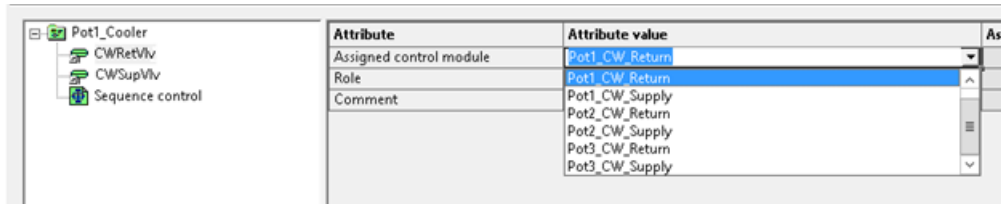
1. In the Plant View open your edited BATCH Getting Started project "SBGS_MP" in "SIMATIC Manager".
2. Expand the Process Cell Kitchen which is in the AS_Prj.
3. Right-click on "Pot_1"; select "Insert New Object > Hierarchy Folder" from context menu and rename the same as "Cooling". In the folder Properties, select "Equipment phase" in the "ISA-88 Type Definition" tab. Repeat this step for Pot_2 and Pot_3.
4. Copy two instances of "Valve_CMT" from Master Data Library into the Cooling Hierarchy folder of Pot_1, Pot_2 and Pot_3 and rename the same as "Potx_CW_Supply" & "Potx_CW_Return" (replace x with pot number).
5. Now copy "Cooler_EMT" from Master Data Library into the Cooling Hierarchy folder of Pot_1, Pot_2 and Pot_3 and rename the same to "Pot1_Cooler", "Pot2_Cooler" and "Pot3_Cooler".
6. Finally copy "Cooling_EPHT" from Master Data Library into the Cooling Hierarchy folder of Pot_1, Pot_2 and Pot_3 and rename the same to "Pot1_Cooling", "Pot2_Cooling" and "Pot3_Cooling".

- Export the plant hierarchy from AS to OS so that required tags/pictures/faceplates are updated, to do the same
Right Click on Multiproject "SBGS_MP" > Plant Hierarchy > Update in the Multiproject, refer following image:



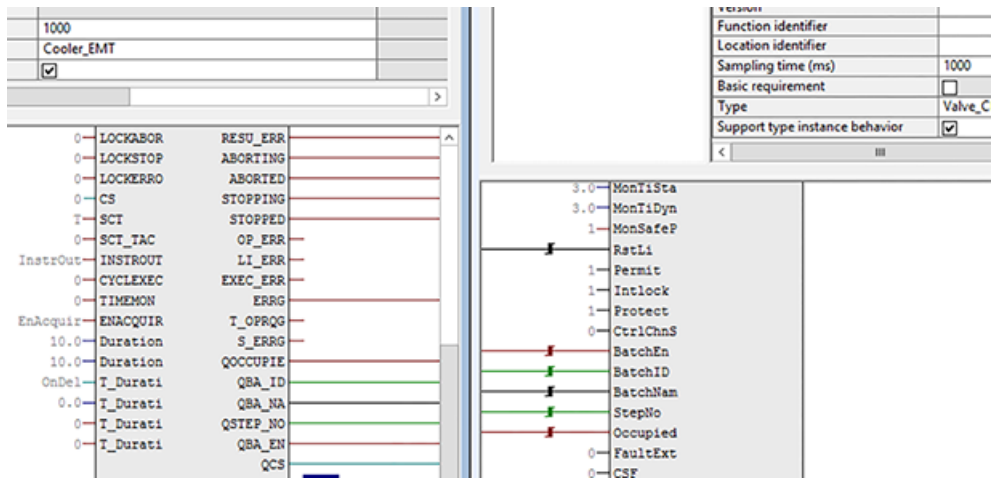


- Open the EM from Project hierarchy folder
In our example open "Pot1_Cooler" and assign control modules for both valves of Pot_1; refresh the window by pressing F5 to see the connections:



- To have the Batch information to CMs, we need to wire the following connections. Set following pins to visible in both EM and CMs (Valve block)* and connect the pins according to the following table; repeat the steps for all CMs and all EMs.

EMT	CMT(VALUE)
QOCCUPIED	Occupied
QBA_ID	BatchID
QBA_NA	BatchNam
QSTEP_NO	StepNo
QBA_EN	BatchEN

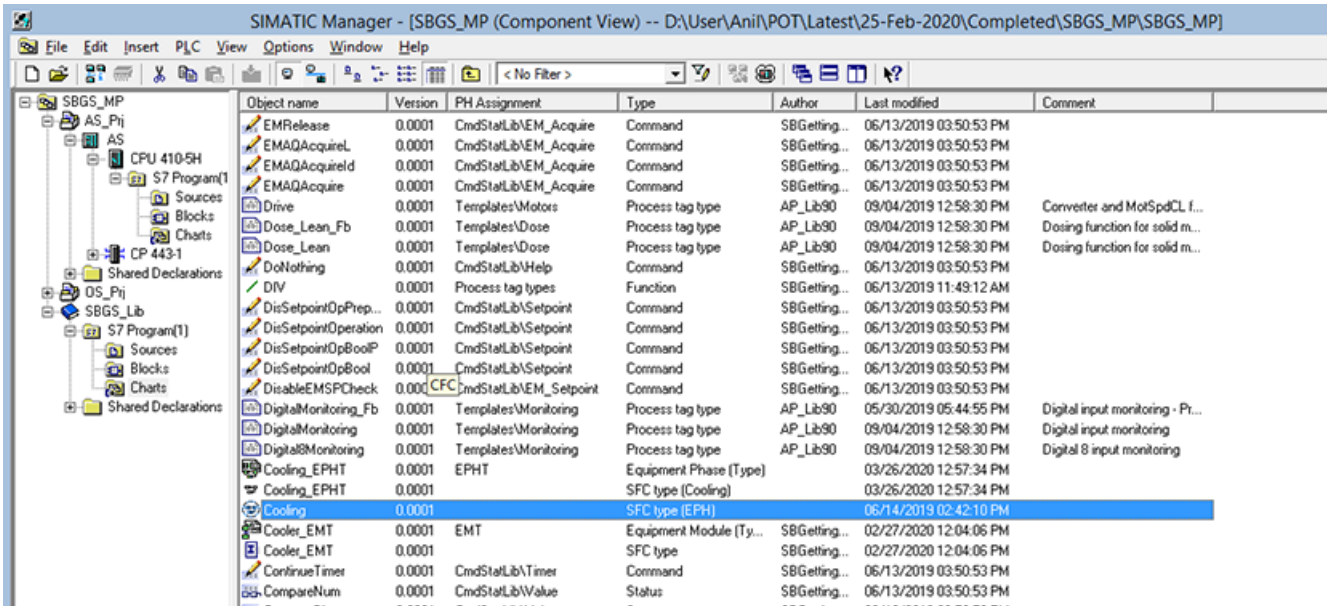


Note

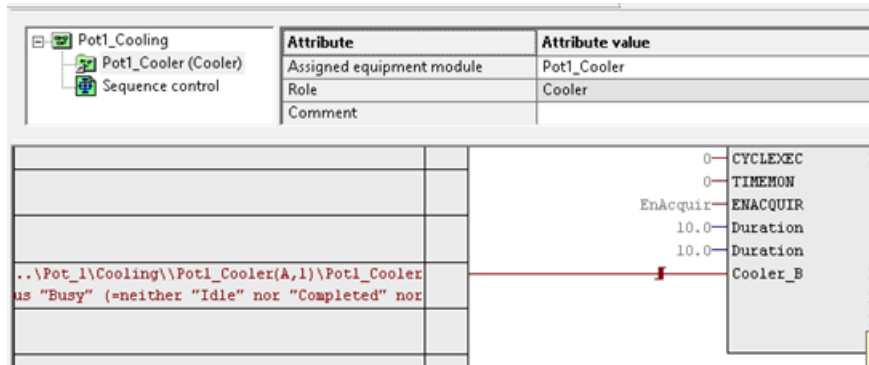
This could also be done in the MDL and synchronized to the complete Multiproject (see PCS 7 Compendium Part C for details).

- Repeat the steps number 8 and 9 for Pot_2 and Pot_3

11. Instantiate (Copy) Interface SFC-type from Library Chart folder to Project chart folder.

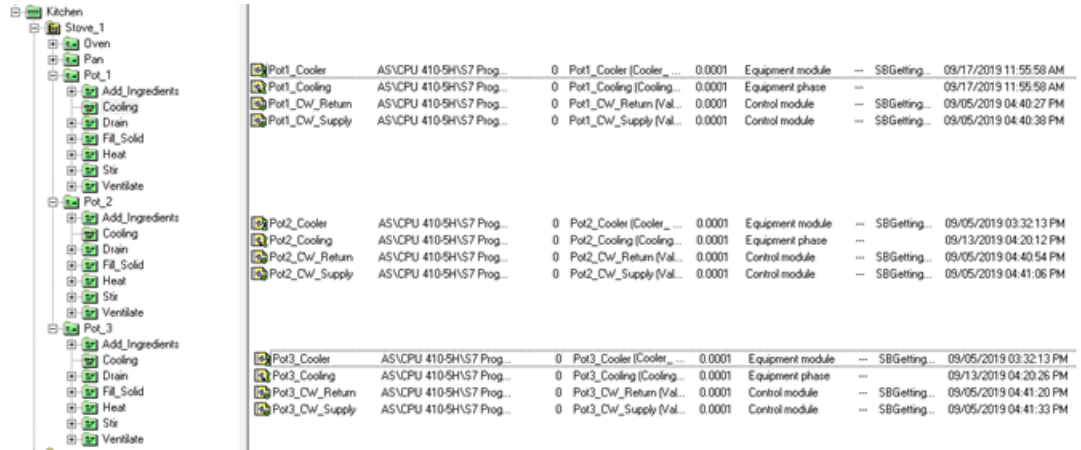


12. Open the EPHT "Pot1_Cooling" from Project hierarchy of Pot_1. Assign the Equipment Module Type Pot1_Cooler. Refresh the window, then connections between the EPH & EM are visible.



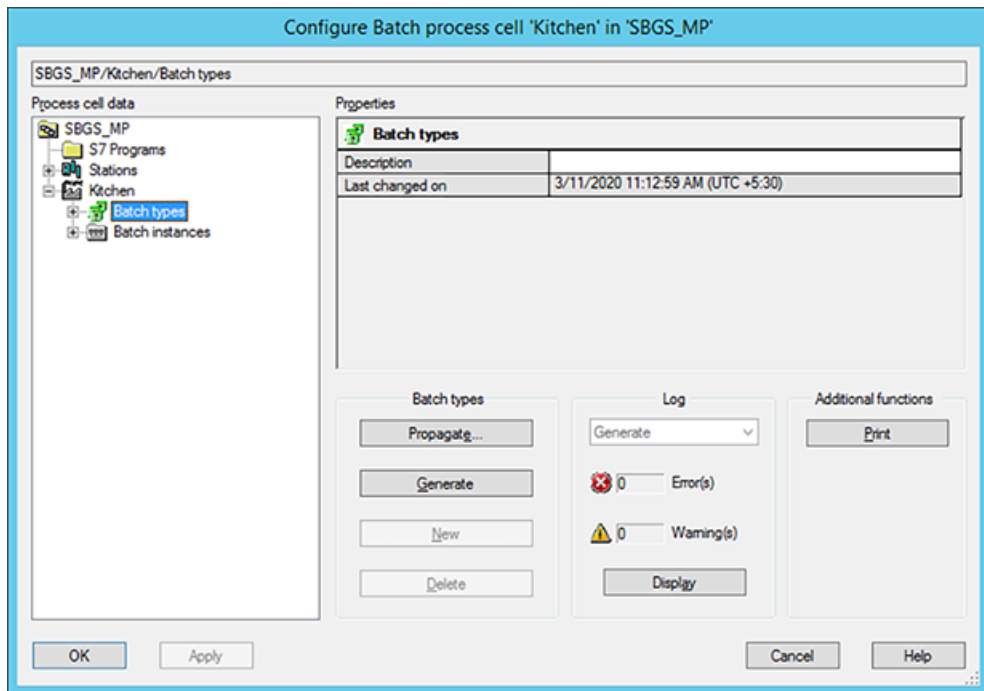
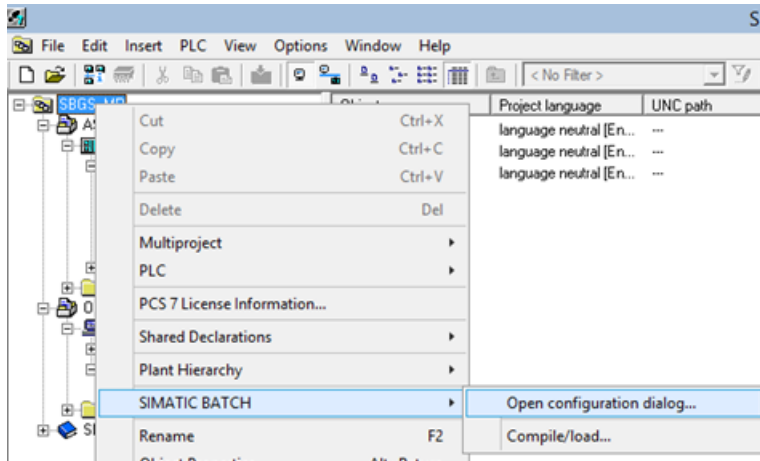
13. Repeat step 12 for Pot_2 and Pot_3

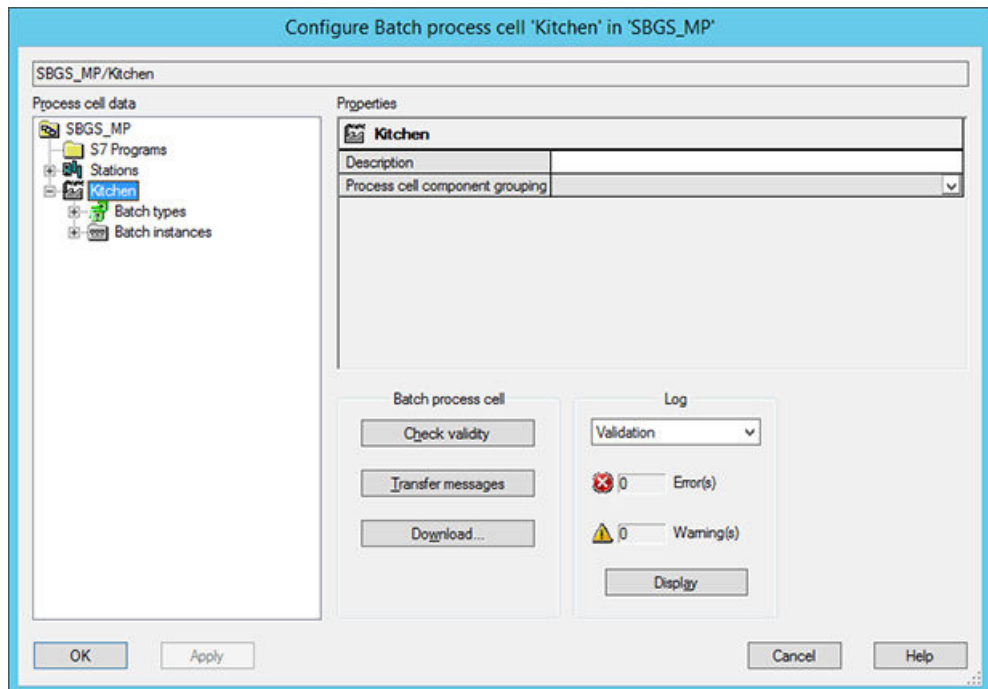
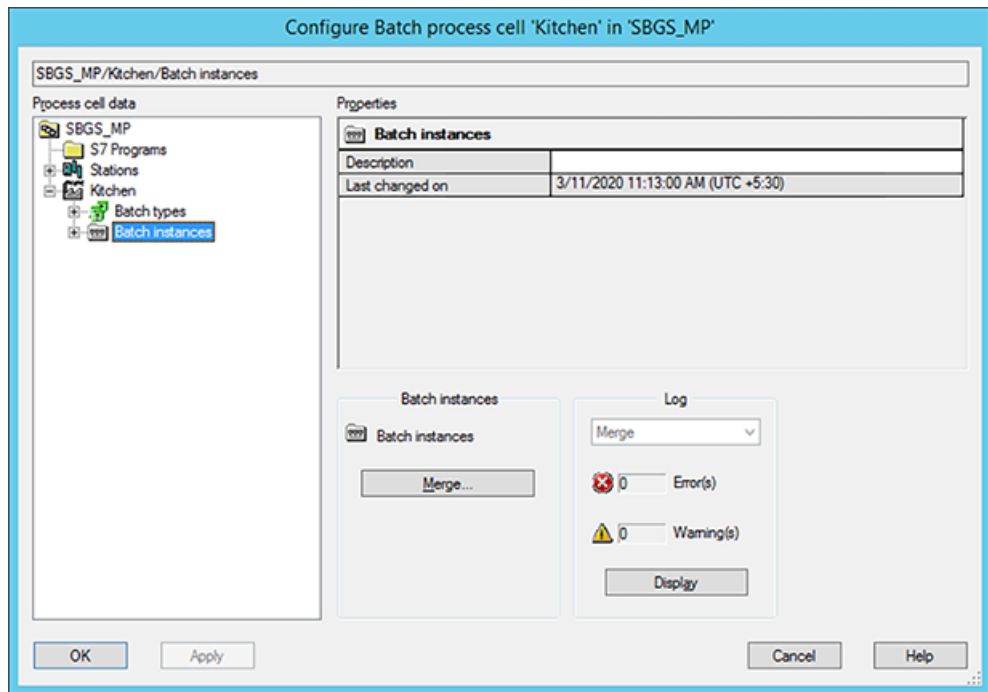
14. Completed project looks like the following image



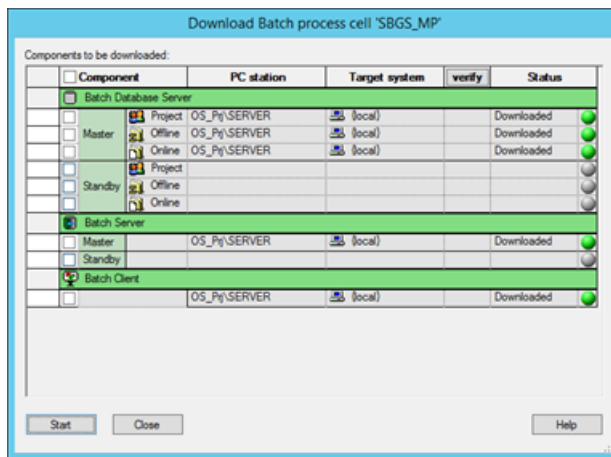
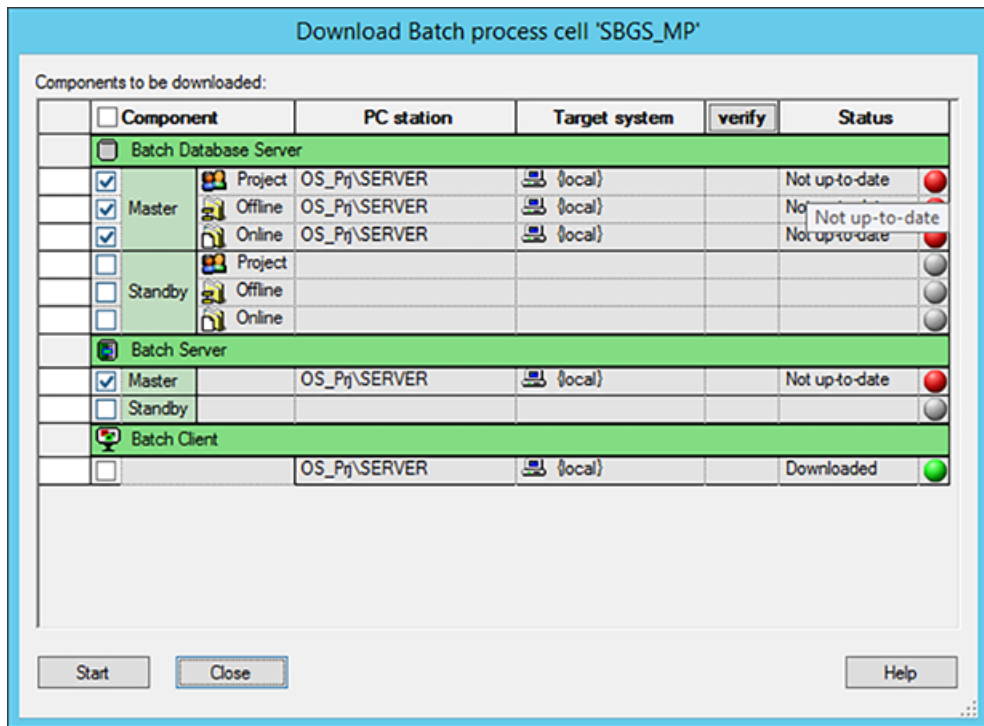
15. After engineering of CMs, EMs & EPHTs, we need to compile and download AS charts and compile the OS to reflect the same in the AS and OS.

16. Compile and Download the Batch data

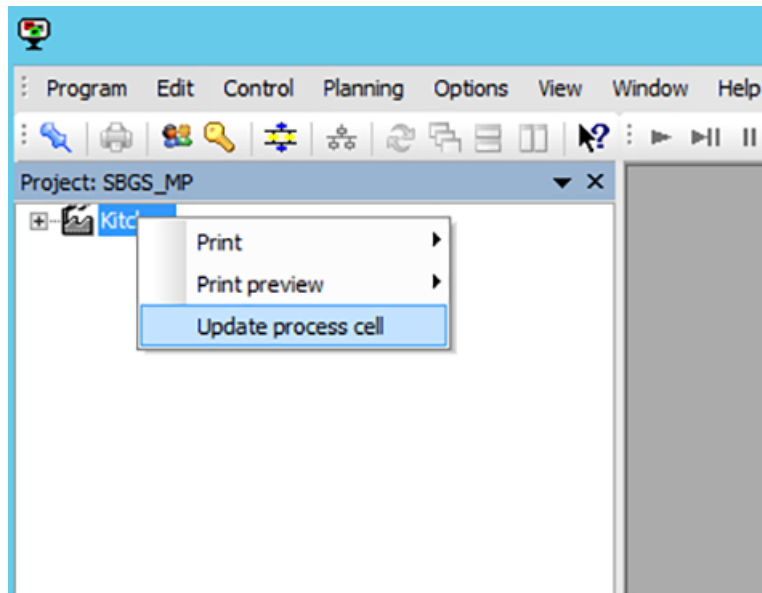




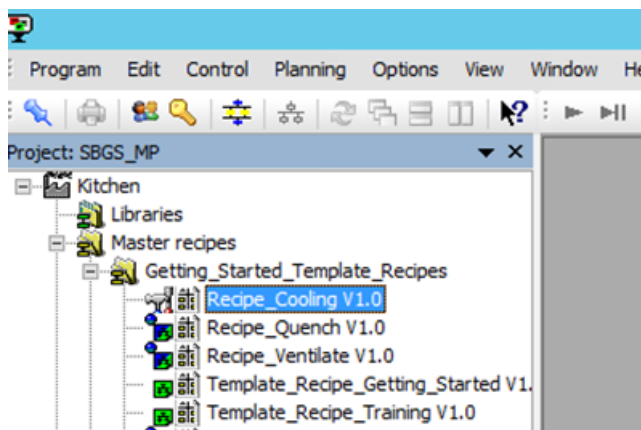
7.5 Instantiating the CMT, EMT & EPHT in the Project



17. Open the BATCH Control Center and update the process Cell:

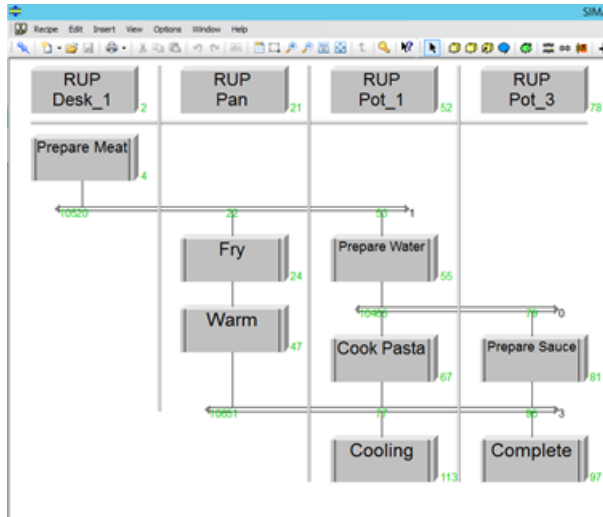


18. Open previously created "Recipe_Quench" and save as "Recipe_cooling"

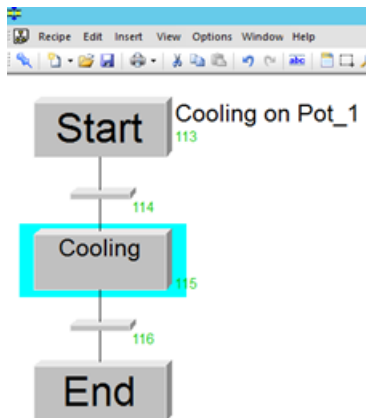


7.5 Instantiating the CMT, EMT & EPHT in the Project

19. Open the recipe "Recipe_cooling" and add new ROP under Pot_1, rename the same as "Cooling" and open it:



20. Within the ROP Cooling, add a Cooling phase and set the parameter "Duration" to 120 sec:



Properties of 'Cooling_115'

Transfer parameters | Description | ESIG | Synchronization

General | Input material | Output material | Parameters

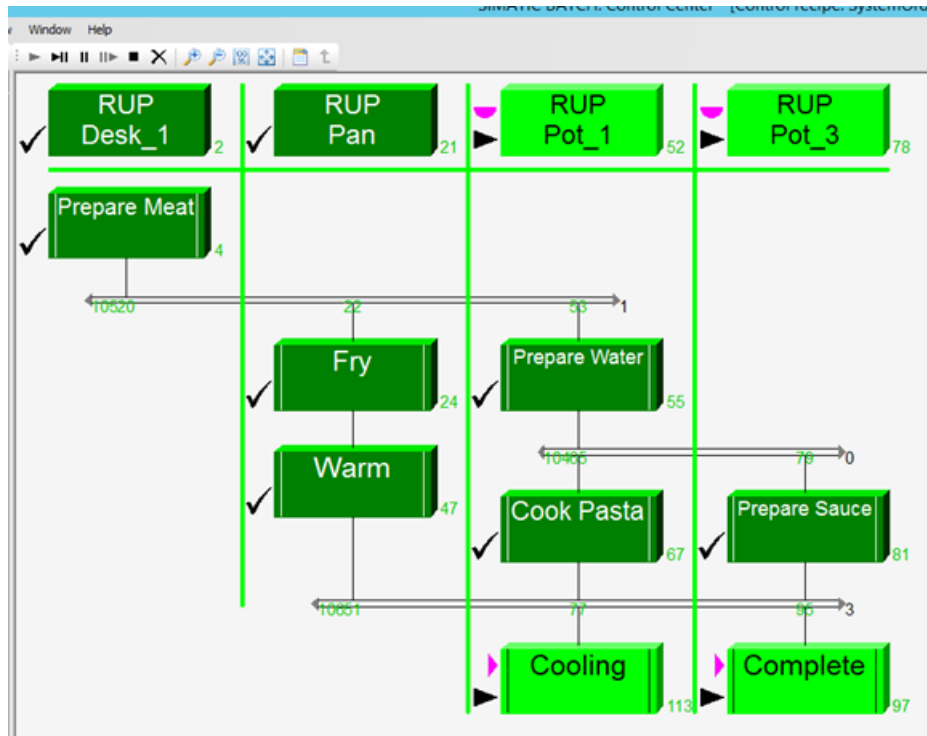
List:

	Name	Low recipe limi	Value	High recipe lim	Unit of mea
1	Duration	10	120	500	

Description from row 1:

OK | Print | Cancel | Help

21. Release the recipe for testing and create a new Batch, release and start it.
22. In WinCC and BATCH Control Center (BCC) the visualization of the running batch will look like this:



Pot1_Cooler/Cooler_EMT

is controlled by	SFC state	Strategy	Priority	Time	Waiting time max	Waiting time curr.	Status
Pot1_Cooling/Cooling_EPHT	Running	Now	0	---	00:00:00	00:00:00	Owner

Pot1_Cooling/Cooling_EPHT

controls	SFC state	Strategy	Priority	Time	Waiting time max	Waiting time curr.	Status
Pot1_Cooler/Cooler_EMT	Running	Now	0	---	00:00:00	00:00:00	Owner

Index

A

Assigning the EPH Batch Category, 44
Automation Concept, 21, 22

B

Batch, 19
BATCH Launch Coordinators, 61
BATCH process cell model, 23
Batch Terminology, 19
Business sectors in which Batch processes are deployed, 15

C

Change computer name, 36
Classification of Batch Process Cells, 29
Classification of technical processes, 11
Comparison of continuous and batch processes, 12
Compiling and Downloading AS, OS, and Batch, 189
Compiling and Downloading Batch Process Cell Data, 152
Compiling and Downloading the AS and OS, 148
Compiling and Downloading the AS, OS and Batch Process Cell Data, 48
Completing recipes, 102
Configuring BATCH Interface Blocks for the Control Commands and Process Value Transfer, 126
Configuring interface blocks, 126
Configuring SIMATIC Logon roles management, 69
Configuring the BATCH Server and BATCH Client, 36
Configuring the Control Module Level (Valve V1), 123
Connecting the Batch Control Commands With the SFC, 144
Continuous process, 12
Control recipe, 19
Creating a batch, 109
Creating a Master Recipe in the BatchCC, 79
Creating an Order (Batch), 109
Creating an SFC, 130
Creating SFC Type Ventilate, 163
Creating the Batch Process Cell, 40
Customer Benefits, 31

D

Defining output materials, 75
Defining procedures, 25
Description of the model, 33
Discontinuous process, 12
Downloading the AS to PLCSim, 52
Downloading the Batch Process Cell Data, 54

E

Equipment phases
 Autostop, 44
Expanding a Recipe, 154, 190
Expanding the plant hierarchy, 119, 180

F

Factory automation, 11
Find out computer name, 36

G

Generating Batch Types, 150

H

Hardware requirements, 35

I

ISA S88, 24
ISA S88 models, 27

L

Layout of the Recipe Editor, 83

M

Master recipe, 19, 20
Messages in other languages, 56
Multiple product process cells, 29

O

Opening the Plant View, 39
OS project editor, 56
Overview of the process cell model, 33

P

Physical model, 24, 26
Plant view, 34
Procedural Control Model, 25
Procedural model, 26
Procedure at editing level, 88
Process, 19
Process automation, 11
Process cell model, 24
Production plant, 16
Production sequences, 14
Programs, 35

R

Recipe header, 20
Recipe operations, 20
Recipe procedure, 20
Releasing and Starting a Batch (Control Recipe), 114
Requirements for BATCH processes, 21
Retrieve project, 35

S

Separation of Automation and Recipe, 22
SFC Type Ventilate to Pot_1, 184
SIMATIC BATCH, 26
 Customer Benefits, 31
SIMATIC Logon, 56
SIMATIC PCS 7, 26
Software requirements, 35
Start mode, 61
Starting the OS, 56
Structural design, 23

T

Task Definition and Implementation Concept, 117
Task Definition and Implementation Concept for
Ventilate, 161
Type Definition of the Plant Hierarchy According to ISA
S88.01, 41

Type Description of a Process Cell, 46

U

Unit recipe, 20
Updating Batch Process Cell Data, 72

W

Windows User Management, 56
Working environment, 17
Working procedure, 17, 28